TEST REPORT

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C 15.247

Test report
On Behalf of
Everex Electronics Ltd
For
0.9 inch Alarm Clock Digital PLL FM Radio with Wireless

Model No.: MCR41808, MCR41808A, MCR41808B, MCR41808C, MCR41808D, MCR41808E, MCR41808F, MCR41808G

FCC ID: 2ABWOMCR418NX

Prepared for :	**Everex Electronics Ltd** **Unit01, 19/F.,Block A, Kailey Industrial Centre, 12 Fung Yip Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong**
Prepared By :	**Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.** **1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, China**
Date of Test:	**Nov. 22, 2019 ~ Dec. 13, 2019**
Date of Report:	**Dec. 14, 2019**
Report Number:	**HK1912063126-E**

TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name	:	Everex Electronics Ltd
Address	:	Unit01, 19/F., Block A, Kailey Industrial Centre, 12 Fung Yip Street, Chai Wan, Hong Kong
Manufacture's Name	:	Shenzhen Feidiya good audio-visual Co. Ltd
Address	:	Building 2, Feidiya Industrial Park, Tangjia Community, Guangming Street, Guangming New District, Shenzhen, China

Product description

Trade Mark	:	MAGNAVOX
Product name	:	0.9 inch Alarm Clock Digital PLL FM Radio with Wireless
Model and/or type reference	:	MCR41808, MCR41808A, MCR41808B, MCR41808C, MCR41808D, MCR41808E, MCR41808F, MCR41808G
Standards	:	**47 CFR FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247**

Date of Test	:	
Date (s) of performance of tests	:	Nov. 22, 2019 ~ Dec. 13, 2019
Date of Issue	:	Dec. 14, 2019
Test Result	:	**Pass**

Prepared by: Gary Qian
Project Engineer

Reviewed by: Edan Hu
Project Supervisor

Approved by: Jason Zhou
Technical Director

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1. SUMMARY

1.1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 15.247: Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

ANSI C63.10: 2013 : American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

ANSI C63.4: 2014: –American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40GHz

1.2. Test Description

FCC PART 15.247		
FCC Part 15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i)	20dB Bandwidth& 99% Bandwidth	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Spurious RF Conducted Emission	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)	Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequency& Time of Occupancy	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Separation	PASS
FCC Part 15.205/15.209	Radiated Emissions	PASS
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission	PASS

1.3. Test Facility

1.3.1 Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Add.:1F, B2 Building, Junfeng Zhongcheng Zhizao Innovation Park,Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

There is one 3m semi-anechoic chamber and two line conducted labs for final test. The Test Sites meet the requirements in documents ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 32/EN 55032 requirements.

1.3.2 Laboratory accreditation

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

IC Registration No.: 21210

The 3m alternate test site of Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineer Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of with Registration No.: 21210 on May 24, 2016.

1.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements“ and is documented in the Shenzhen HUAK Testing Technology Co., Ltd. quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for HUAK laboratory is reported:

Test	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter power conducted	±0.57 dB	(1)
Transmitter power Radiated	±2.20 dB	(1)
Conducted spurious emission 9KHz-40 GHz	±2.20 dB	(1)
Occupied Bandwidth	±0.01ppm	(1)
Radiated Emission 30~1000MHz	±4.10dB	(1)
Radiated Emission Above 1GHz	±4.32dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance0.15~30MHz	±3.20dB	(1)

(1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Normal Temperature:	25°C
Relative Humidity:	55 %
Air Pressure:	101 kPa

2.2. General Description of EUT

Product Name:	0.9 inch Alarm Clock Digital PLL FM Radio with Wireless
Model/Type reference:	MCR41808
Serial Model:	MCR41808A, MCR41808B, MCR41808C, MCR41808D, MCR41808E, MCR41808F, MCR41808G
Model Difference:	All model's the function, software and electric circuit are the same, only with a product outward and model named different. Test sample model: MCR41808
Trade Mark	MAGNAVOX
FCC ID	2ABWOMCR418NX
Hardware Version:	KS-049BT_V1.0
Software Version:	V4.2.30
Version:	Supported EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79CH
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna gain:	0 dBi
Power supply:	DC 5V from Adapter/DC 3.0V from AA*2 battery

Note: For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

2.3. Description of Test Modes and Test Frequency

The Applicant provides communication tools software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode for testing.
There are 79 channels provided to the EUT and Channel 00/39/78 was selected for testing.

Operation Frequency :

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402
01	2403
⋮	⋮
38	2440
39	2441
40	2442
⋮	⋮
77	2479
78	2480

Note: The line display in grey were the channel selected for testing

Preliminary tests were performed in each mode and packet length of BT, and found worst case as bellow, finally test were conducted at those mode and recorded in this report.

Test Items	Worst case
Conducted Emissions	DH5 Low channel
Radiated Emissions and Band Edge	DH5
Maximum Conducted Output Power	DH5/2DH5
20dB Bandwidth&99% Bandwidth	DH5/2DH5
Frequency Separation	DH5/2DH5 Low channel
Number of hopping frequency	DH5/2DH5
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	DH1/DH3/DH5 Middle channel 2DH1/2DH3/2DH5 Middle channel
Out-of-band Emissions	DH5/2DH5

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
1.	L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	R&S	ENV216	HKE-002	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
2.	Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
3.	RF automatic control unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	HKE-060	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
4.	Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSP40	HKE-025	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
5.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
6.	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	HKE-006	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
7.	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	HKE-010	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
8.	Bilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	HKE-012	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
9.	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519 B	HKE-014	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
10.	Horn Antenna	Schewarzbeck	9120D	HKE-013	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
11.	Pre-amplifier	EMCI	EMC051845 SE	HKE-015	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
12.	Pre-amplifier	Agilent	83051A	HKE-016	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
13.	EMI Test Software EZ-EMC	Tonscend	JS1120-B Version	HKE-083	Dec. 27, 2018	N/A
14.	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	HKE-086	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
15.	Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	HKE-048	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
16.	Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	HKE-029	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
17.	Signal Generator	Agilent	83630A	HKE-028	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
18.	Shielded room	Shiel Hong	4*3*3	HKE-039	Dec. 27, 2017	3 Year
19.	Power Meter	R&S	NRVD	SEL0069	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year
20	High Gain Antenna	Schewarzbeck	LB-180400K F	HKE-054	Dec. 27, 2018	1 Year

The calibration interval was one year

2.5. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules ,RSS Gen and RSS 247 Rules.

2.6. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

2.7. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

Operation of EUT during conducted testing:

Operation of EUT during Radiation and Above1GHz Radiation testing:

2.8. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Description	Information	Manufacturer	Remark	Certificate
Adapter	Model: KH0501500UW Input: 100-240V~,50/60Hz, 0.35A Output: 5V 1.5A	Shenzhen KHadapter technology Co.,Ltd	Provided by Applicant	SDOC
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3. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

3.1. Conducted Emissions Test

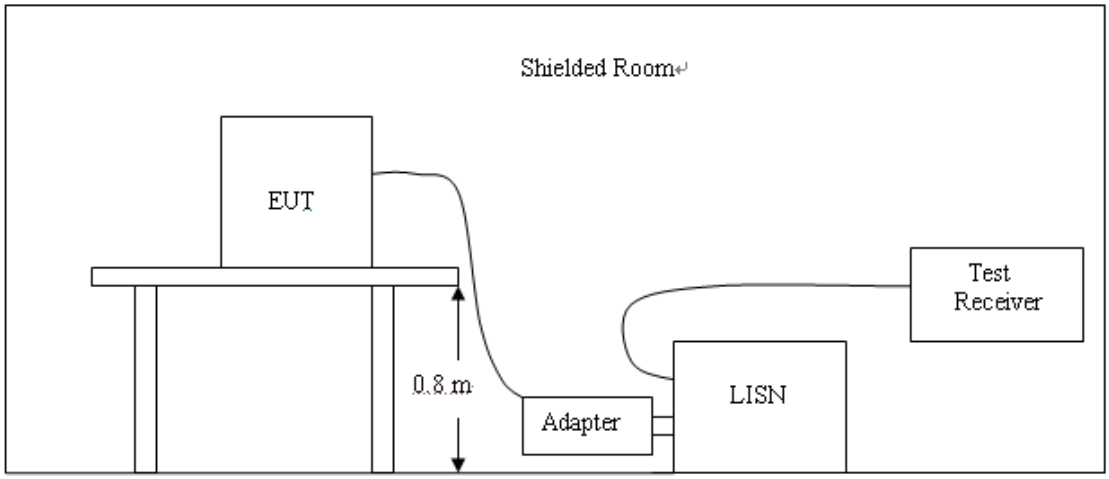
LIMIT

According to FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207 and RSS Gen 8.8, AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Limits for Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus as below:

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST CONFIGURATION



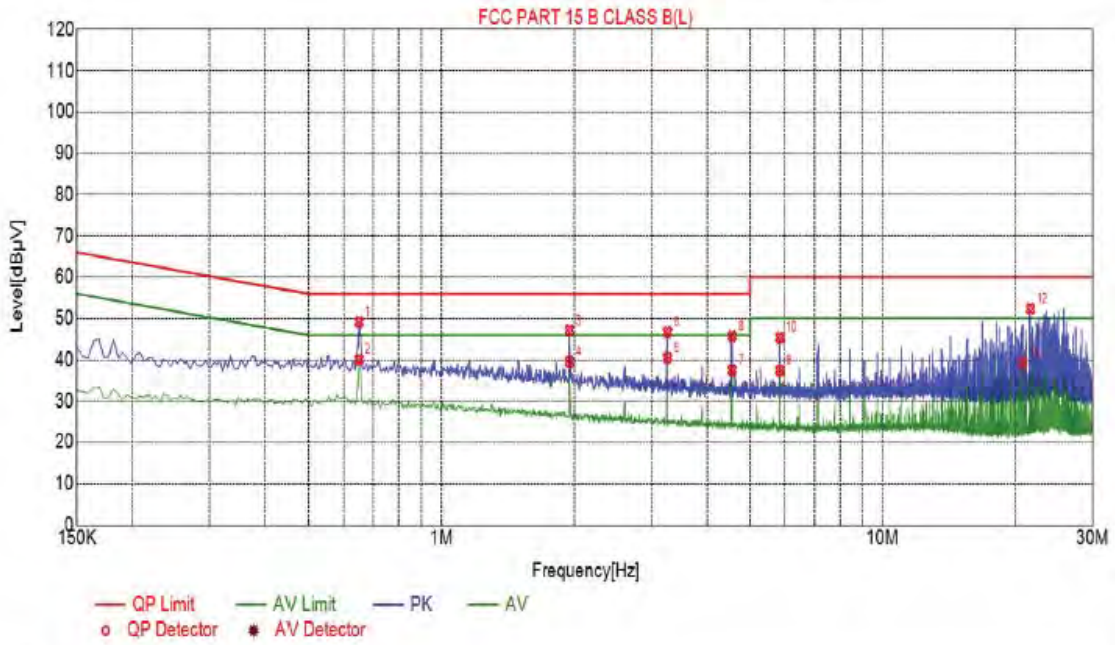
TEST PROCEDURE

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10:2013
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10:2013.
4. The adapter received AC120V/60Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

TEST RESULTS

Remark: All modes of GFSK and Pi/4 DQPSK were test at Low, Middle, and High channel; only the worst result of GFSK Low channel was reported as below:

Test Specification: Line

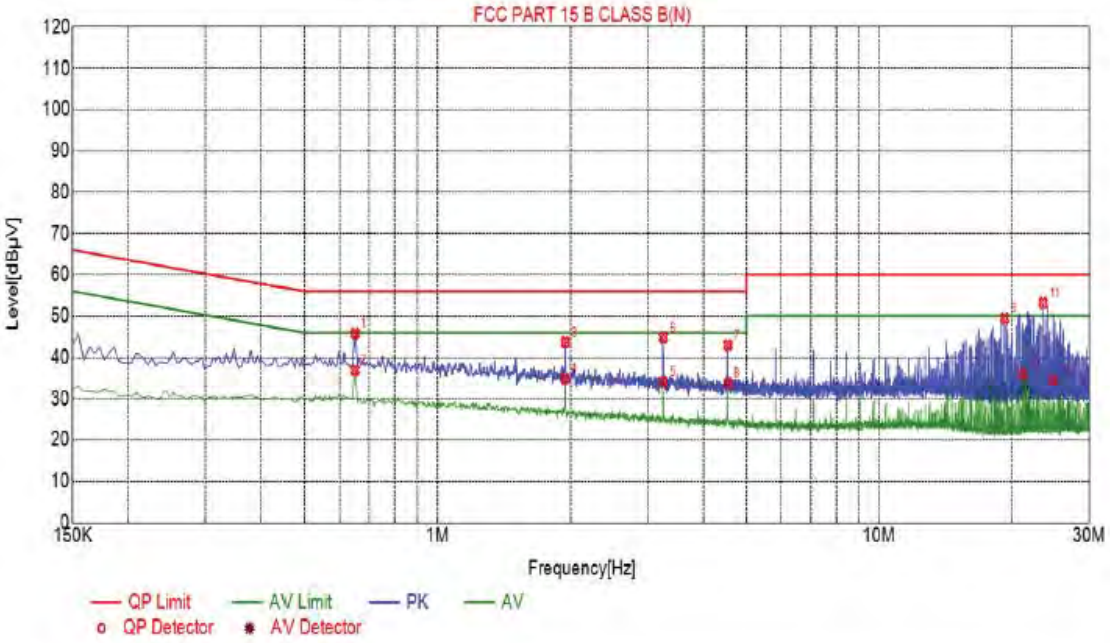


Suspected List

NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.6495	49.20	10.05	56.00	6.80	PK
2	0.6495	40.11	10.05	46.00	5.89	AV
3	1.9500	47.19	10.14	56.00	8.81	PK
4	1.9500	39.59	10.14	46.00	6.41	AV
5	3.2505	40.53	10.23	46.00	5.47	AV
6	3.2505	46.75	10.23	56.00	9.25	PK
7	4.5510	37.57	10.25	46.00	8.43	AV
8	4.5510	45.77	10.25	56.00	10.23	PK
9	5.8515	37.47	10.24	50.00	12.53	AV
10	5.8515	45.41	10.24	60.00	14.59	PK
11	20.8005	39.29	10.13	50.00	10.71	AV
12	21.6645	52.37	10.15	60.00	7.63	PK

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level
Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss
Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

Test Specification: Neutral



Suspected List						
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]	Detector
1	0.6495	45.82	10.05	56.00	10.18	PK
2	0.6495	36.94	10.05	46.00	9.06	AV
3	1.9455	43.71	10.14	56.00	12.29	PK
4	1.9455	34.90	10.14	46.00	11.10	AV
5	3.2460	34.03	10.23	46.00	11.97	AV
6	3.2460	44.86	10.23	56.00	11.14	PK
7	4.5420	43.02	10.25	56.00	12.98	PK
8	4.5465	33.77	10.25	46.00	12.23	AV
9	19.2750	49.46	10.08	60.00	10.54	PK
10	21.2100	35.94	10.14	50.00	14.06	AV
11	23.5590	53.20	10.21	60.00	6.80	PK
12	24.8505	34.54	10.24	50.00	15.46	AV

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level
Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss
Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

3.2. Radiated Emissions and Band Edge

Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.209(a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission out of authorized band shall not exceed the following table at a 3 meters measurement distance.

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a)

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission

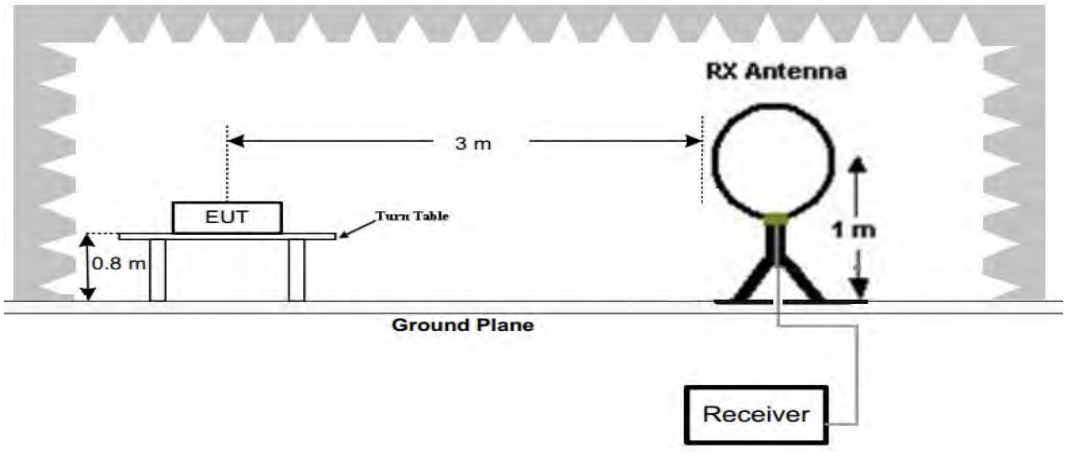
Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen; and Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

Radiated emission limits

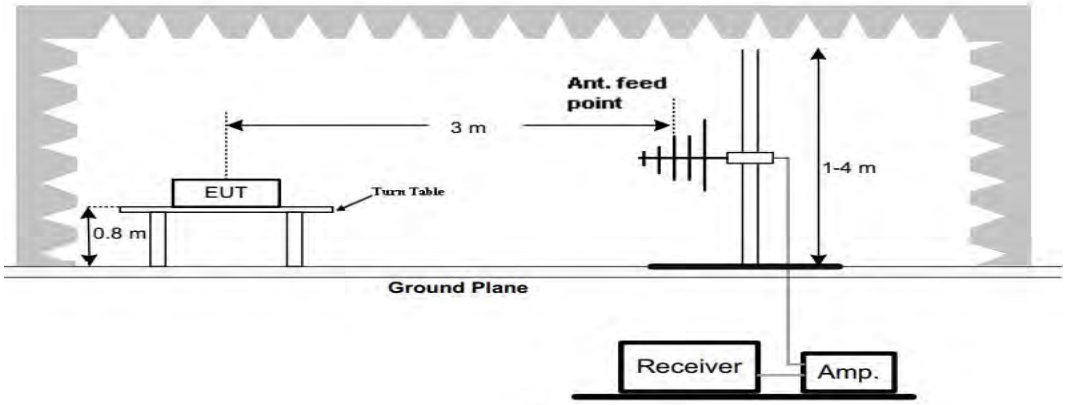
Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBμV/m)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	20log(2400/F(KHz))+40log(300/3)	2400/F(KHz)
0.49-1.705	3	20log(24000/F(KHz))+ 40log(30/3)	24000/F(KHz)
1.705-30	3	20log(30)+ 40log(30/3)	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

TEST CONFIGURATION

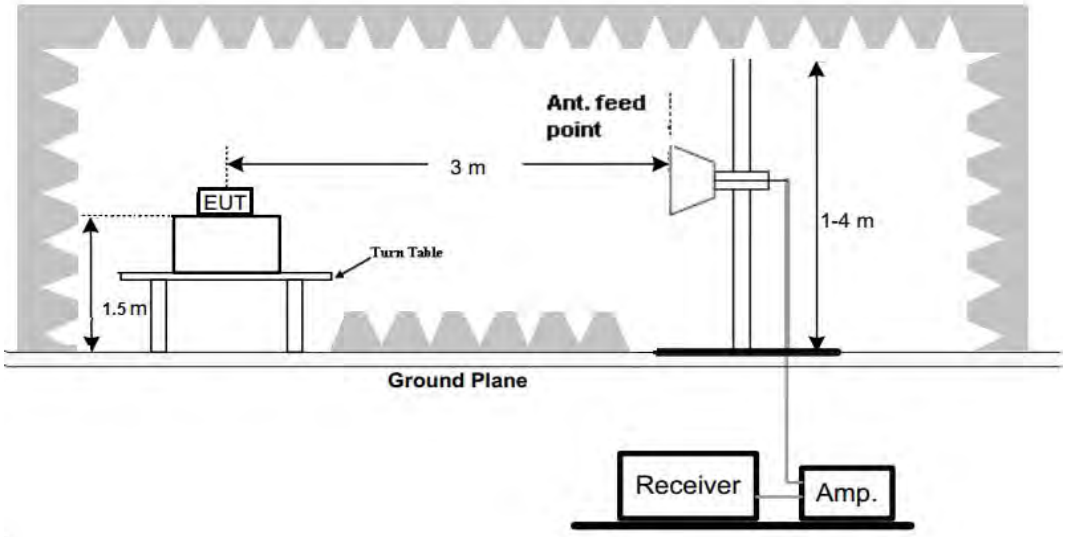
(A) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency below 1000MHz



(C) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



Test Procedure

1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.

The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

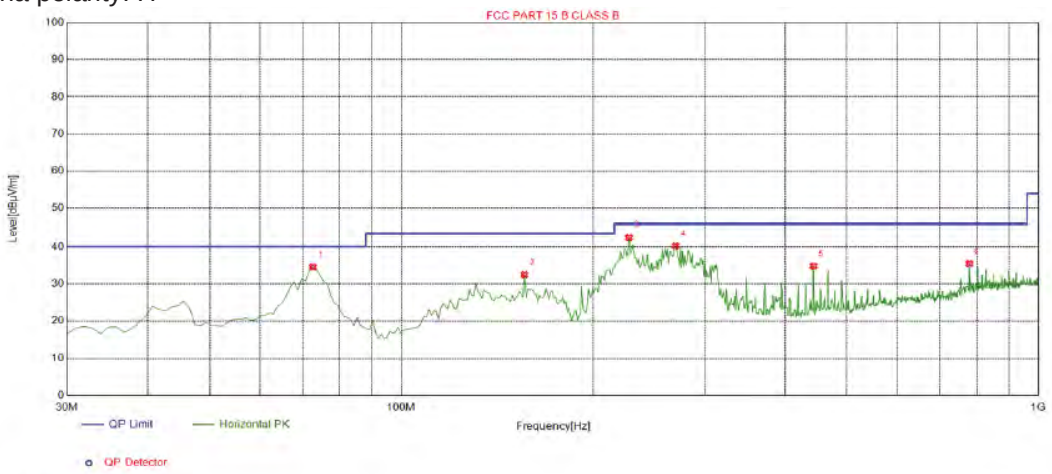
Test the EUT in the lowest channel,the middle channel,the Highest channel
The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

TEST RESULTS

Remark:

1. Radiated Emission measured at GFSK, π/4 DQPSK mode from 9 KHz to 10th harmonic of fundamental and recorded worst case at GFSK DH5 mode.
2. There is no emission found except system noise floor in 9 KHz to 30MHz and not recorded in this report (Radiated emission in 9kHz to 30MHz is more than 20dB below the limit).
3. For above 1GHz testing recorded worst at GFSK.

Below 1GHz Test Results:
Antenna polarity: H

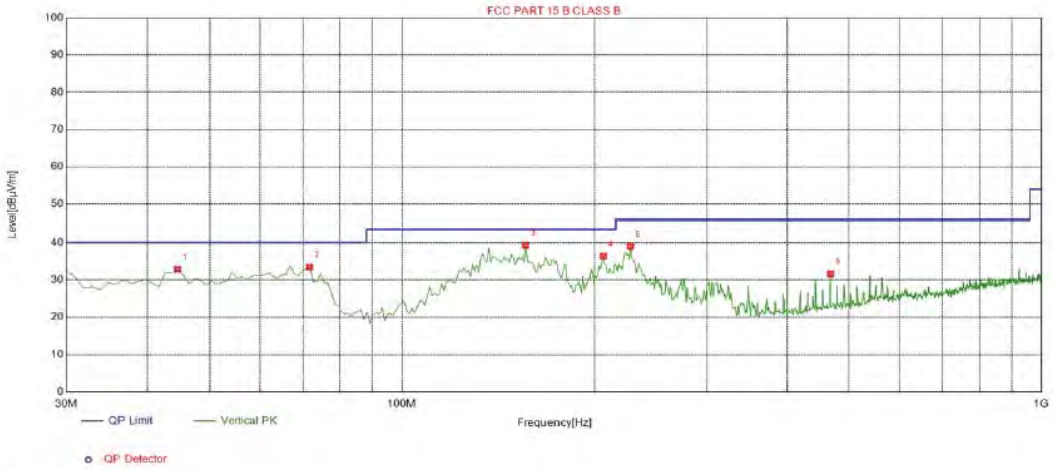


Suspected List

Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	72.6800	34.49	-18.15	40.00	5.51	100	32	Horizontal
2	156.100	32.44	-18.50	43.50	11.06	100	296	Horizontal
3	227.880	42.46	-14.37	46.00	3.54	100	126	Horizontal
4	269.590	40.25	-13.65	46.00	5.75	100	97	Horizontal
5	444.190	34.81	-9.24	46.00	11.19	100	241	Horizontal
6	779.810	35.46	-3.26	46.00	10.54	100	35	Horizontal

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level
Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss
Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

Antenna polarity: V



Suspected List

Suspected List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBµV/m]	Factor [dB]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	44.5500	32.81	-13.73	40.00	7.19	100	299	Vertical
2	71.7100	33.45	-17.98	40.00	6.55	100	98	Vertical
3	156.100	39.30	-18.50	43.50	4.20	100	25	Vertical
4	206.540	36.43	-14.89	43.50	7.07	100	138	Vertical
5	227.880	39.00	-14.37	46.00	7.00	100	319	Vertical
6	468.440	31.64	-8.39	46.00	14.36	100	245	Vertical

Remark: Margin = Limit – Level
Correction factor = Cable lose + LISN insertion loss
Level=Test receiver reading + correction factor

For 1GHz to 25GHz

DH5--CH Low (2402MHz)
Horizontal:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804.00	62.24	-3.65	58.59	74.00	-15.41	Peak
4804.00	52.69	-3.65	49.04	54.00	-4.96	AVG
7206.00	64.98	-0.95	64.03	74.00	-9.97	Peak
7206.00	51.97	-0.95	51.02	54.00	-2.98	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
4804.00	65.43	-3.65	61.78	74.00	-12.22	Peak
4804.00	52.91	-3.65	49.26	54.00	-4.74	AVG
7206.00	64.90	-0.95	63.95	74.00	-10.05	Peak
7206.00	50.99	-0.95	50.04	54.00	-3.96	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

DH5--CH Middle (2441MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4882.00	65.86	-3.54	62.32	74.00	-11.68	Peak
4882.00	54.10	-3.54	50.56	54.00	-3.44	AVG
7323.00	61.05	-0.81	60.24	74.00	-13.76	Peak
7323.00	51.50	-0.81	50.69	54.00	-3.31	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4882.00	65.05	-3.54	61.51	74.00	-12.49	Peak
4882.00	53.19	-3.54	49.65	54.00	-4.35	AVG
7323.00	66.00	-0.81	65.19	74.00	-8.81	Peak
7323.00	51.05	-0.81	50.24	54.00	-3.76	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

DH5--CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	65.68	-3.43	62.25	74.00	-11.75	Peak
4960.00	50.71	-3.43	47.28	54.00	-6.72	AVG
7440.00	61.64	-0.77	60.87	74.00	-13.13	Peak
7440.00	51.46	-0.77	50.69	54.00	-3.31	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBμV)	Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type
4960.00	64.35	-3.43	60.92	74.00	-13.08	Peak
4960.00	50.43	-3.43	47.00	54.00	-7.00	AVG
7440.00	63.89	-0.77	63.12	74.00	-10.88	Peak
7440.00	51.46	-0.77	50.69	54.00	-3.31	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Remark :
(1) Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 25 GHz。
(2) “F” denotes fundamental frequency; “H” denotes spurious frequency. “E” denotes band edge frequency.
(3) * denotes emission frequency which appearing within the Restricted Bands specified in provision of 15.205, then the general radiated emission limits in 15.209 apply.
(4) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “--- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
(5) The IF bandwidth of EMI Test Receiver between 30MHz to 1GHz was 120KHz, 1 MHz for measuring above 1 GHz, below 30MHz was 10KHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak measurement with peak detector at frequency above 1GHz. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 10Hz for Average measurement with peak detection at frequency above 1GHz.
(6) When the test results of Peak Detected below the limits of Average Detected, the Average Detected is not need completed. For example: Top Channel at Fundamental 73.16dBuV/m(PK Value) <93.98(AV Limit), at harmonic 53.20 dBuV/m(PK Value) <54 dBuV/m(AV Limit), the Average Detected not need to completed.
(7)All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported.

Radiated Band Edge Test:

Hopping

Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2310	66.96	-5.81	61.15	74	-12.85	Peak
2310	53.43	-5.81	47.62	54	-6.38	AVG
2390	65.69	-5.84	59.85	74	-14.15	Peak
2390	51.15	-5.84	45.31	54	-8.69	AVG
2400	64.65	-5.84	58.81	74	-15.19	Peak
2400	51.28	-5.84	45.44	54	-8.56	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)	(dBμV/m)	(dB)	
2310	64.98	-5.81	59.17	74	-14.83	Peak
2310	52.00	-5.81	46.19	54	-7.81	AVG
2390	65.19	-5.84	59.35	74	-14.65	Peak
2390	51.60	-5.84	45.76	54	-8.24	AVG
2400	64.09	-5.84	58.25	74	-15.75	Peak
2400	52.80	-5.84	46.96	54	-7.04	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	
2483.50	67.01	-6.04	60.97	74.00	-13.03	Peak
2483.50	56.87	-6.04	50.83	54.00	-3.17	AVG
2500.00	66.85	-6.06	60.79	74.00	-13.21	Peak
2500.00	54.31	-6.06	48.25	54.00	-5.75	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	
2483.50	65.68	-6.04	59.64	74.00	-14.36	Peak
2483.50	54.79	-6.04	48.75	54.00	-5.25	AVG
2500.00	66.13	-6.06	60.07	74.00	-13.93	Peak
2500.00	51.88	-6.06	45.82	54.00	-8.18	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

NO hopping

Operation Mode: TX CH Low (2402MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	
2310.00	66.91	-5.81	61.10	74.00	-12.90	Peak
2310.00	54.44	-5.81	48.63	54.00	-5.37	AVG
2390.00	67.25	-5.84	61.41	74.00	-12.59	Peak
2390.00	53.60	-5.84	47.76	54.00	-6.24	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	
2310.00	67.91	-5.81	62.10	74.00	-11.90	Peak
2310.00	55.24	-5.81	49.43	54.00	-4.57	AVG
2390.00	57.25	-5.84	51.41	74.00	-22.59	Peak
2390.00	54.60	-5.84	48.76	54.00	-5.24	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Operation Mode: TX CH High (2480MHz)

Horizontal (Worst case)

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	
2483.50	67.29	-6.04	61.25	74.00	-12.75	Peak
2483.50	51.42	-6.04	45.38	54.00	-8.62	AVG
2500.00	66.47	-6.06	60.41	74.00	-13.59	Peak
2500.00	52.66	-6.06	46.60	54.00	-7.40	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

Vertical:

Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	
2483.50	65.37	-6.04	59.33	74.00	-14.67	Peak
2483.50	53.89	-6.04	47.85	54.00	-6.15	AVG
2500.00	67.94	-6.06	61.88	74.00	-12.12	Peak
2500.00	53.10	-6.06	47.04	54.00	-6.96	AVG
Remark :Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Pre-amplifier						

3.3. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

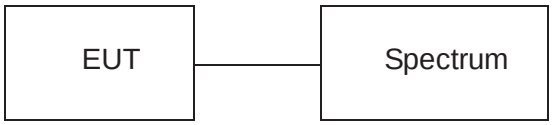
Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt.
For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Test Procedure

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the power sensor.

Test Configuration



Test Results

Type	Channel	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
GFSK	00	0.701	21	Pass
	39	1.101		
	78	1.258		
π/4DQPSK	00	1.410	21	Pass
	39	1.791		
	78	1.946		

Note: 1.The test results including the cable lose.

Refer to the figure below:

GFSK Modulation

2402

2441

2480

π/4DQPSK *Modulation*

2402

2441

2480

3.4. 20dB Bandwidth

Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100 KHz RBW and 300 KHz VBW.

The 20dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 20dB.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

RBW=1% to 5% of the OBW
VBW=approximately 3 X RBW
Detector=Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold

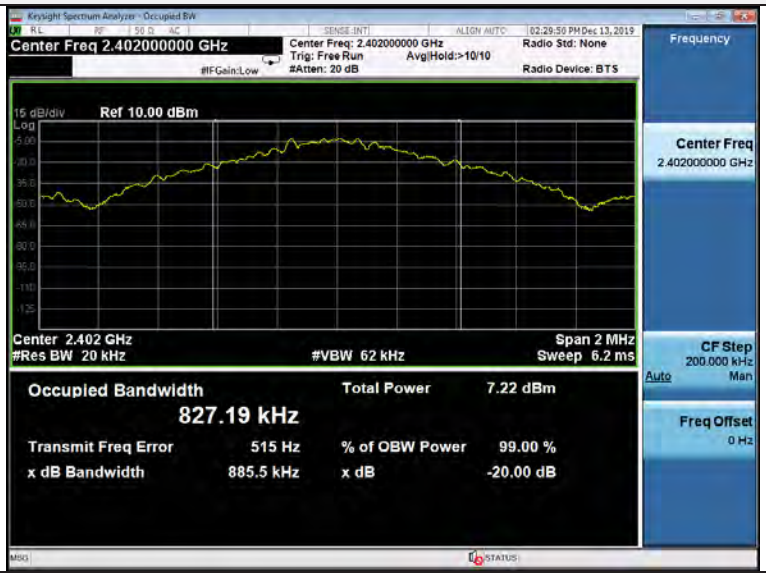
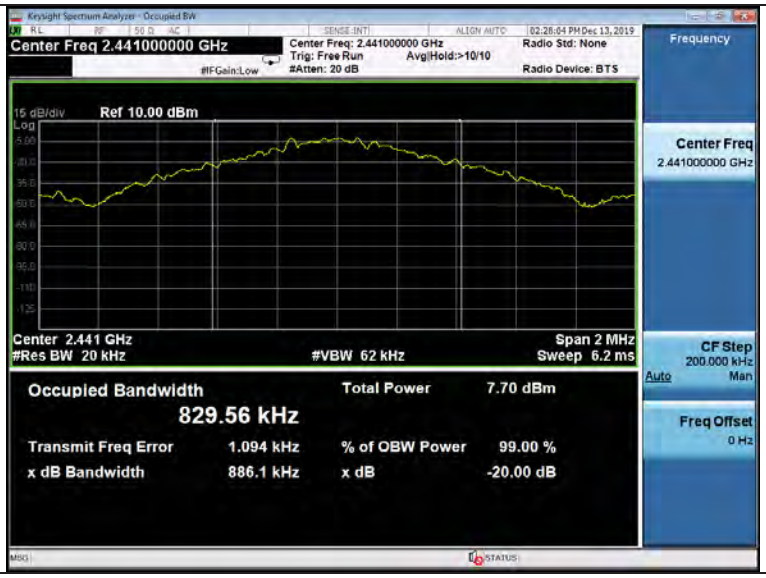
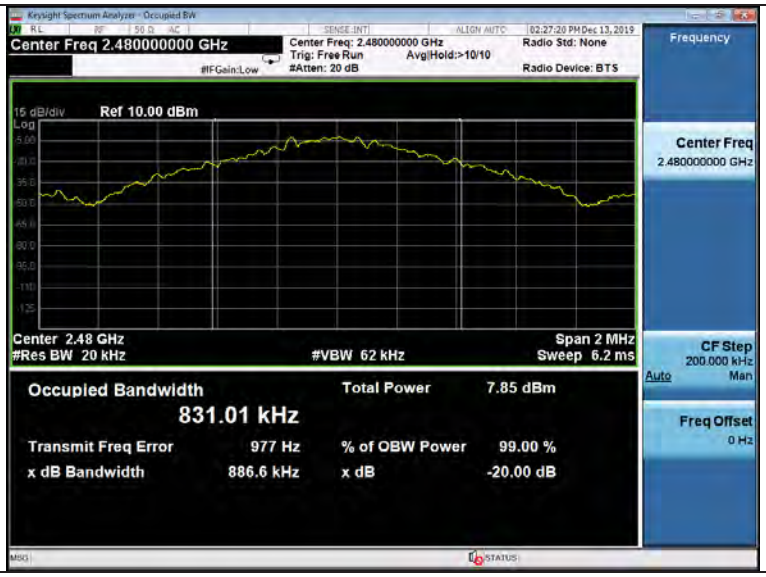
Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument to measure the Occupied Bandwidth and recoded.

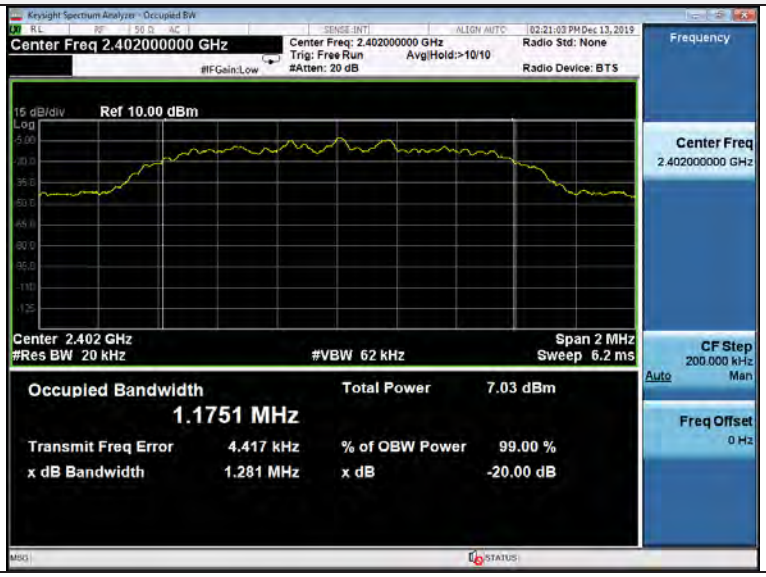
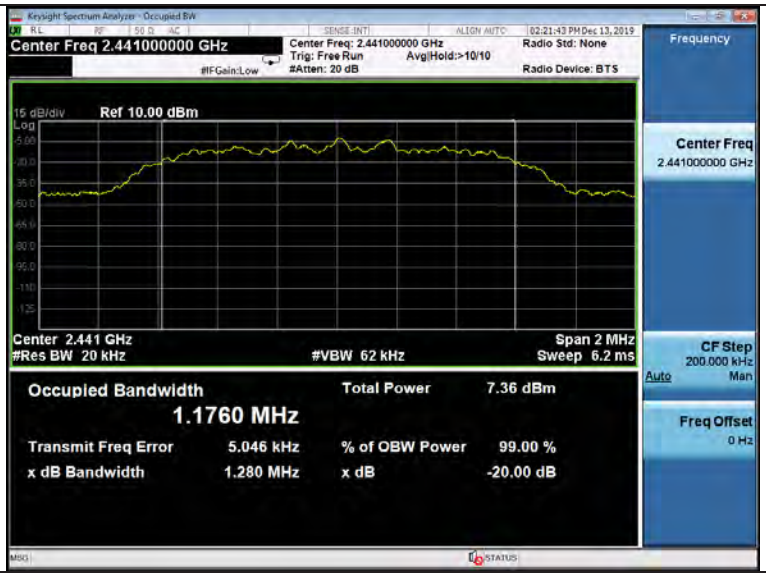
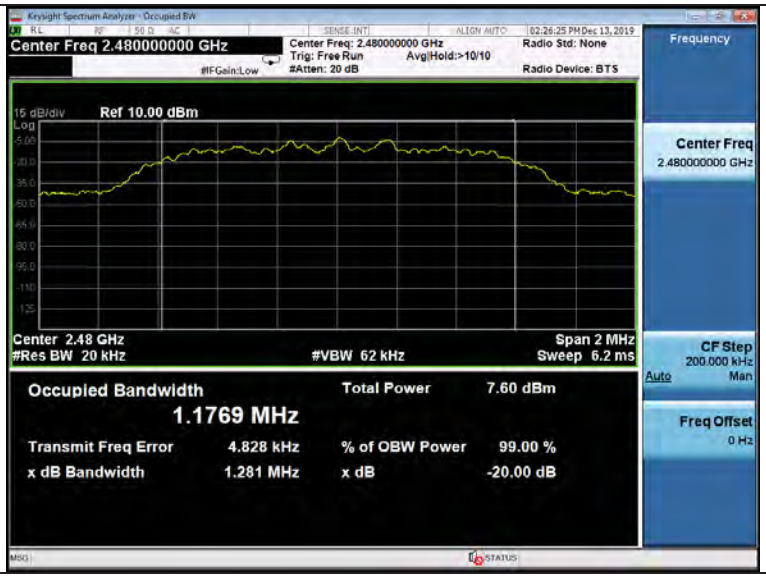
Test Configuration

Test Results

Modulation	Channel	20dB bandwidth (MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH00	0.8855	Pass
	CH39	0.8861	
	CH78	0.8866	
π/4DQPSK	CH00	1.281	
	CH39	1.280	
	CH78	1.281	

Test plot as follows:

GFSK Modulation

CH00

CH39

CH78

π/4DQPSK Modulation

CH00

CH39

CH78

3.5. Frequency Separation

LIMIT

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by minimum of 25KHz or the 2/3*20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 30 KHz RBW and 100 KHz VBW.

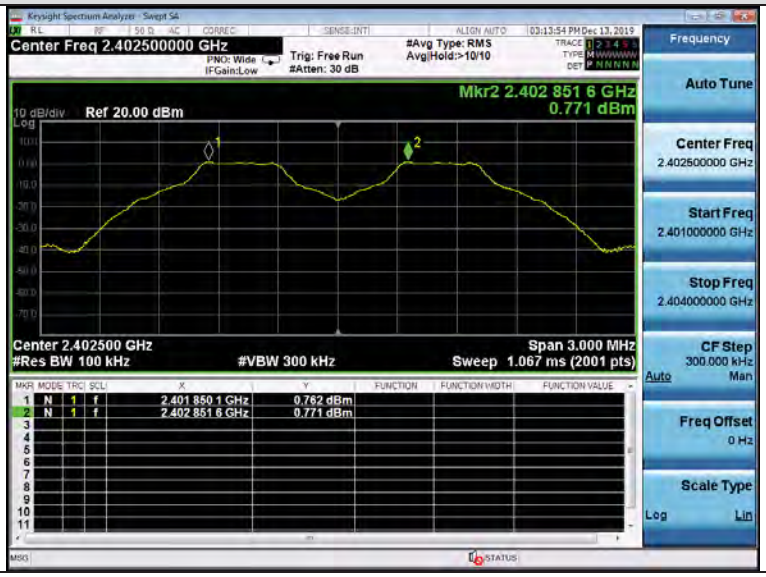
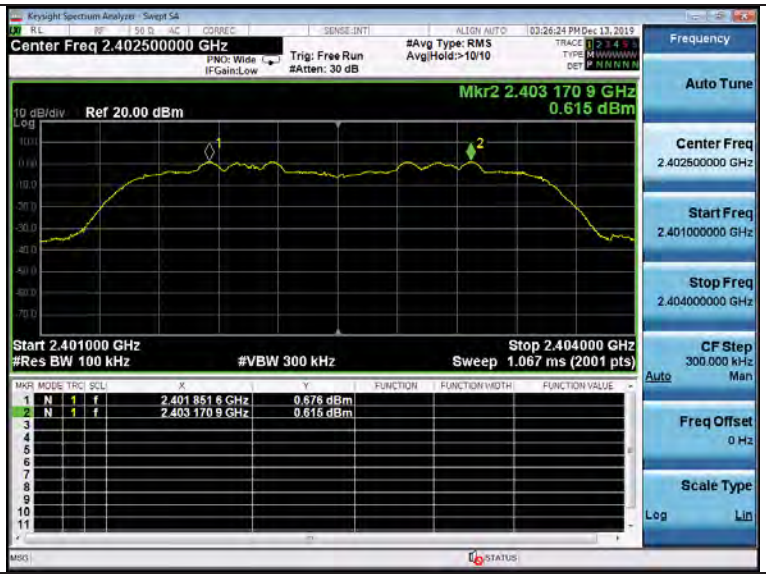
TEST CONFIGURATION

TEST RESULTS

Modulation	Channel	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
GFSK	CH00	1.002	2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
	CH01			
π/4DQPSK	CH00	1.319	2/3*20dB bandwidth	Pass
	CH01			

Note: We have tested all mode at high, middle and low channel, and recorded worst case at middle

Test plot as follows:

Frequency Separation

GFSK

π/4DQPSK

3.6. Number of hopping frequency

Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Test Procedure

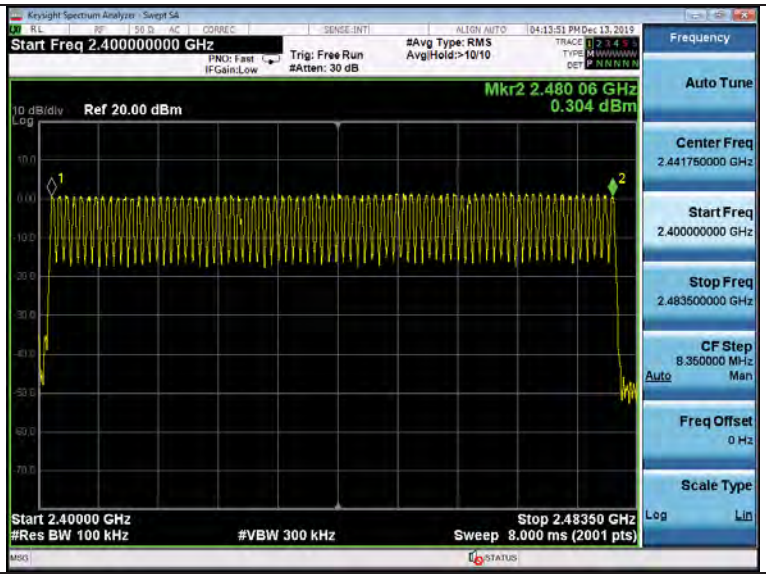
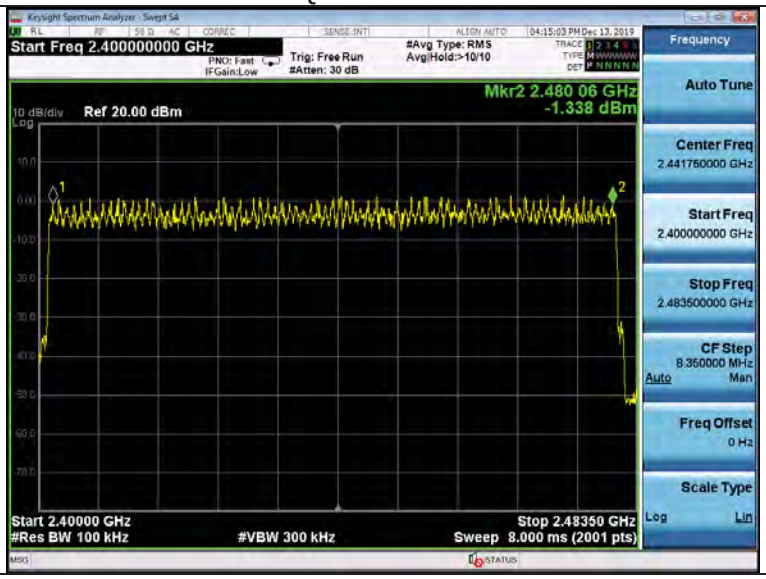
The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set spectrum analyzer start 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.

Test Configuration

Test Results

Modulation	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Result
GFSK	79	≥15	Pass
π/4DQPSK	79		

Test plot as follows:

GFSK Modulation

π/4DQPSK Modulation


3.7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer=operating frequency with 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW, Span 0Hz.

Test Configuration

Test Results

Modulation	Packet	Pulse time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	0.380	0.122	0.40	Pass
	DH3	1.638	0.262		
	DH5	2.888	0.308		
π/4DQPSK	2-DH1	0.389	0.124	0.40	Pass
	2-DH3	1.644	0.263		
	2-DH5	2.889	0.308		

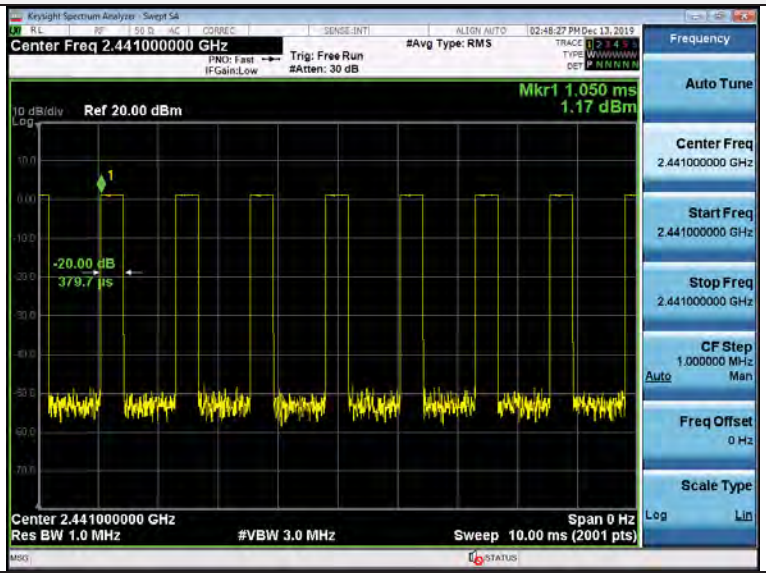
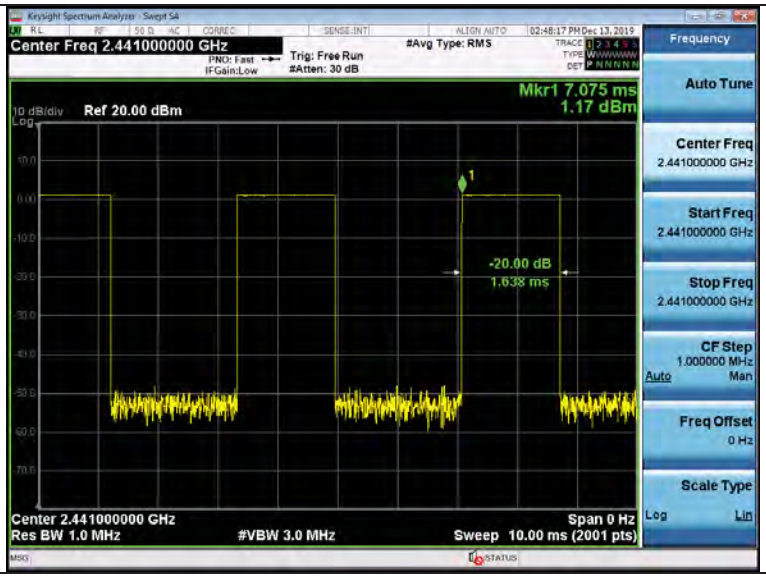
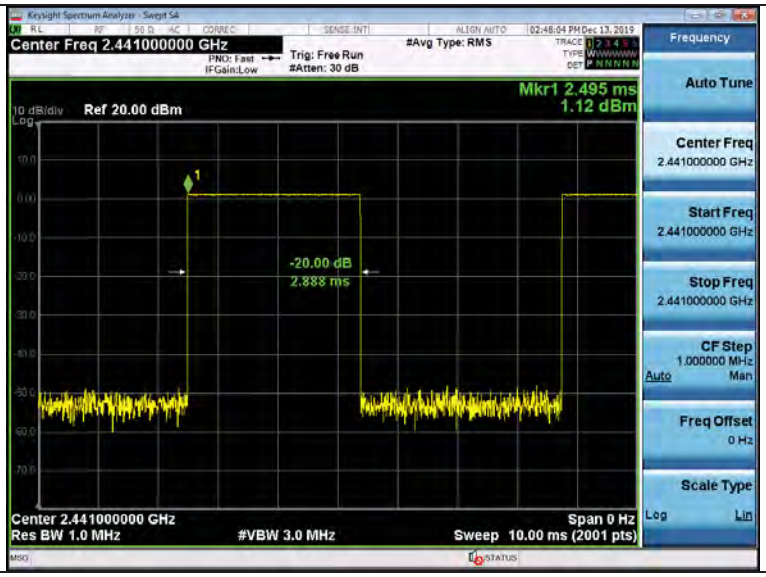
Note:

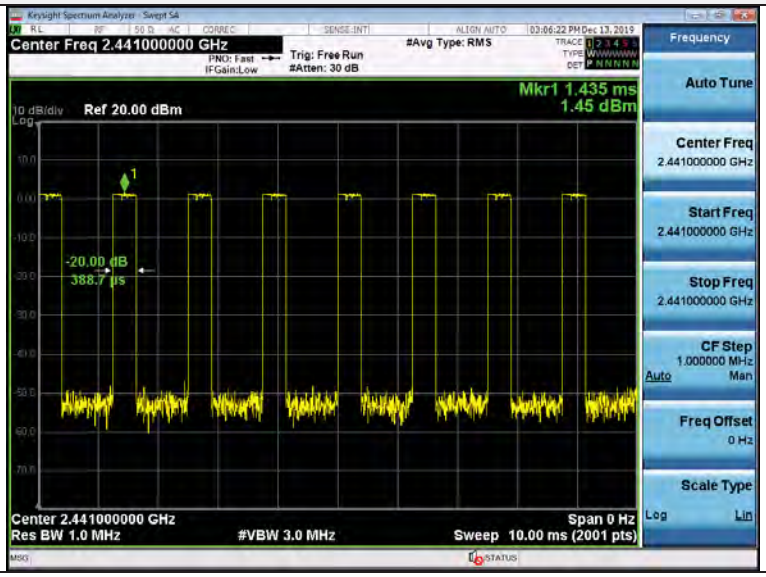
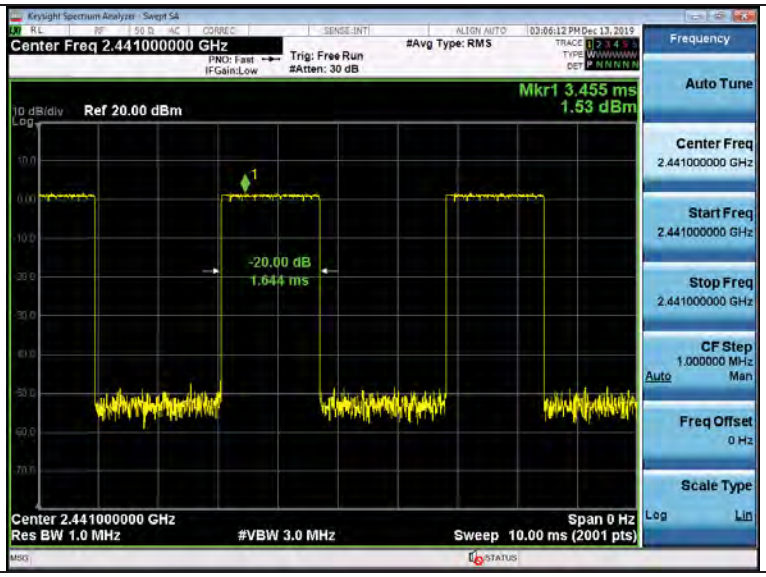
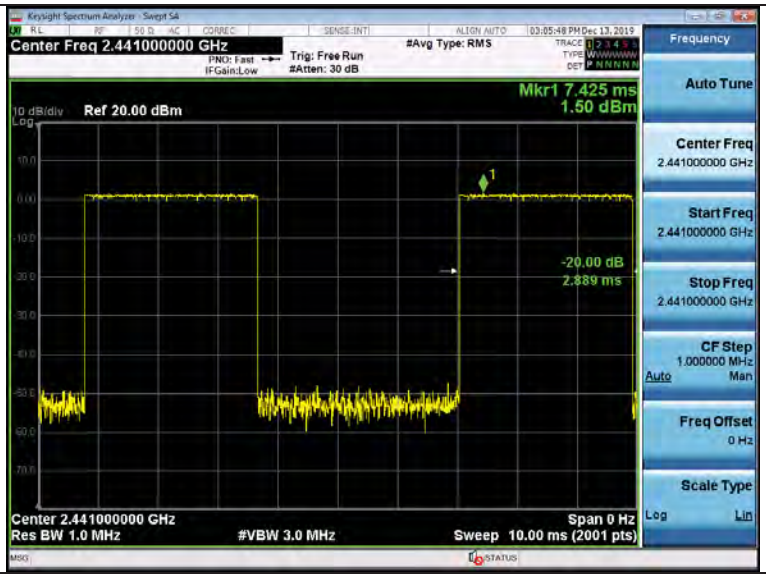
1. We have tested all mode at high,middle and low channel,and recoreded worst case at middle channel.
2. Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 2 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH1, 2-DH1

   Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 4 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH3, 2-DH3

   Dwell time=Pulse time (ms) × (1600 ÷ 6 ÷ 79) ×31.6 Second for DH5, 2-DH5

Test plot as follows:

GFSK Modulation

DH1

DH3

DH5

π/4DQPSK Modulation

2-DH1

2-DH3

2-DH5

3.8. Out-of-band Emissions

Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF con-ducted or a radiated measurement, pro-vided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter com-plies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

Test Procedure

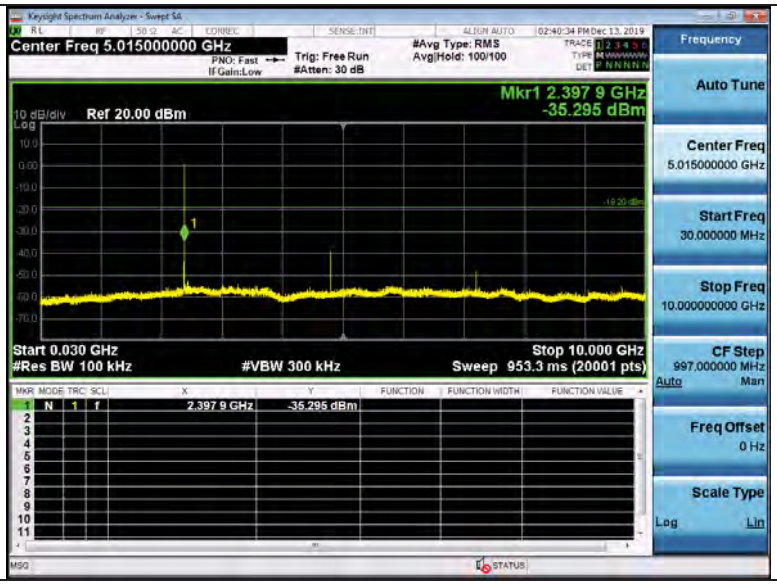
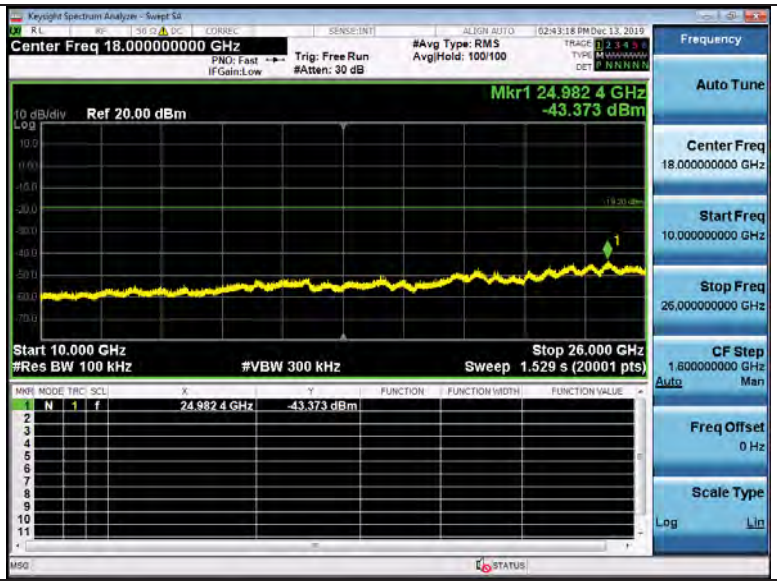
Connect the transmitter output to spectrum analyzer using a low loss RF cable, and set the spectrum analyzer to RBW=100 kHz, VBW= 300 kHz, peak detector , and max hold. Measurements utilizing these setting are made of the in-band reference level, bandedge and out-of-band emissions.

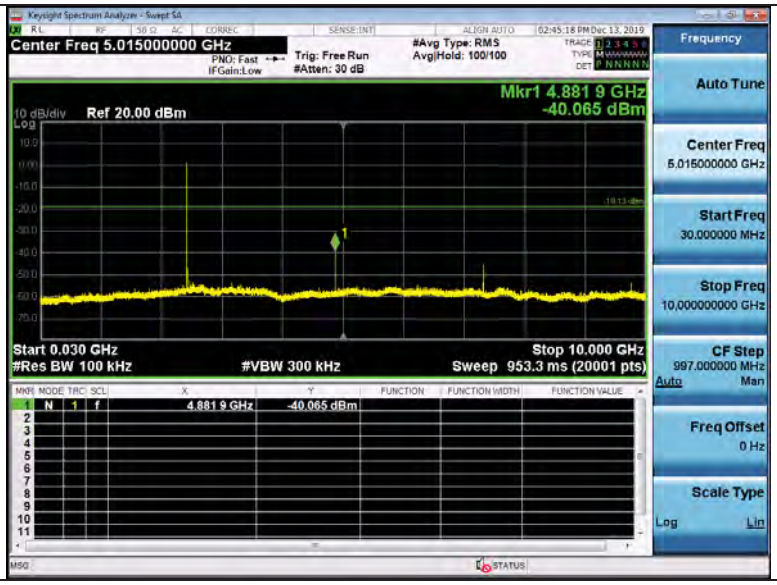
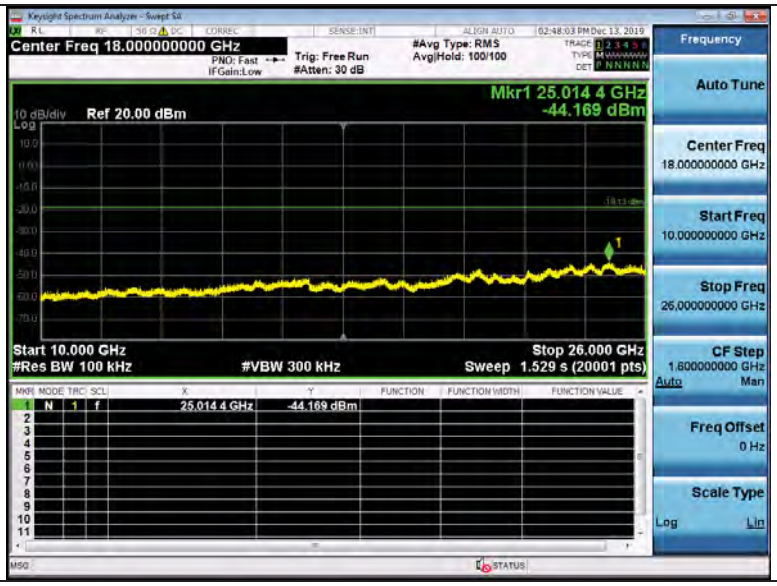
Test Configuration

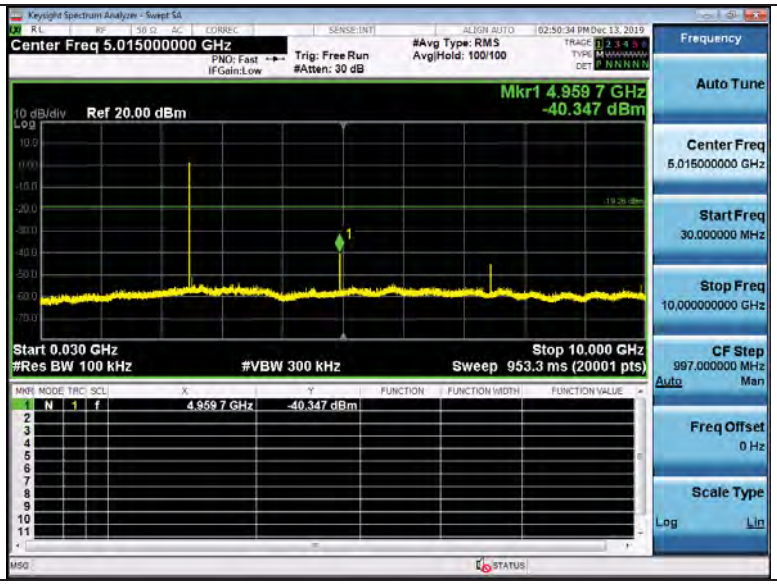
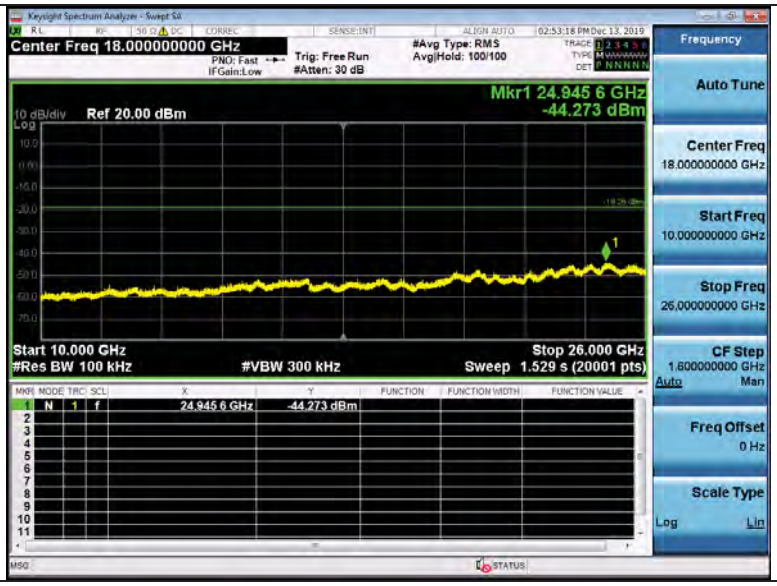
Test Results

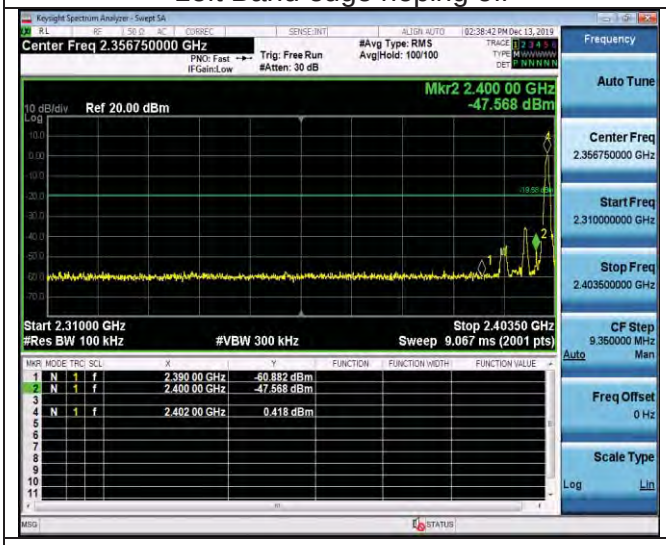
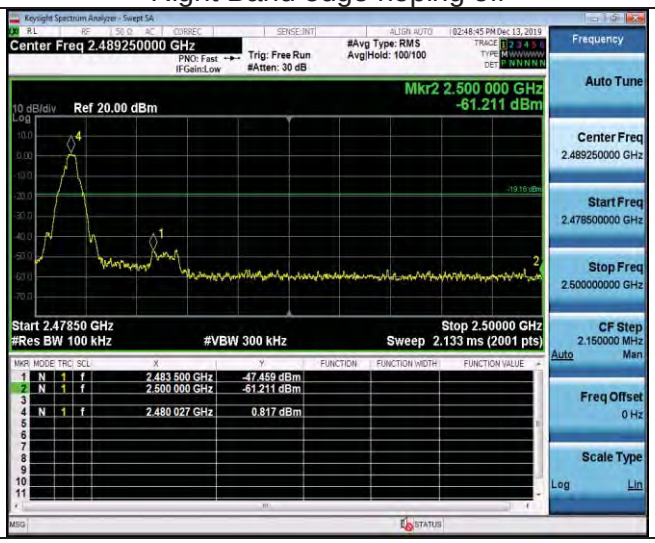
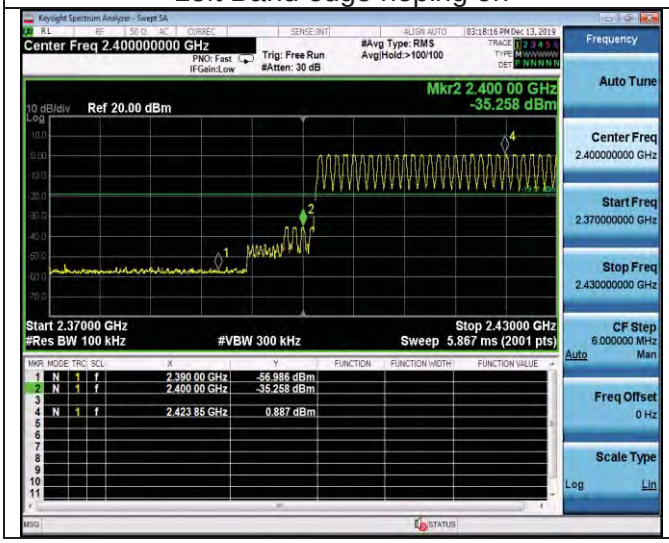
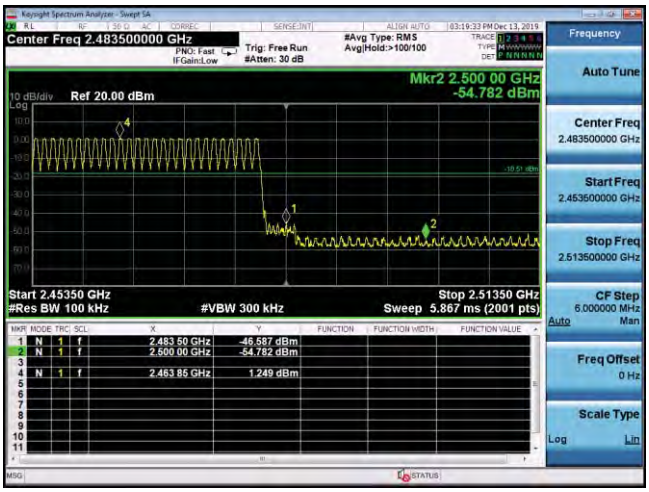
Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandage measurement data.

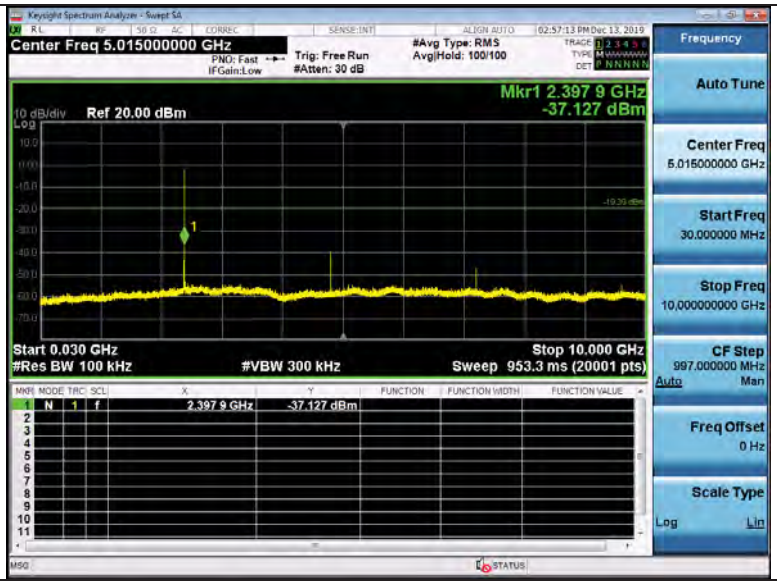
Test plot as follows:

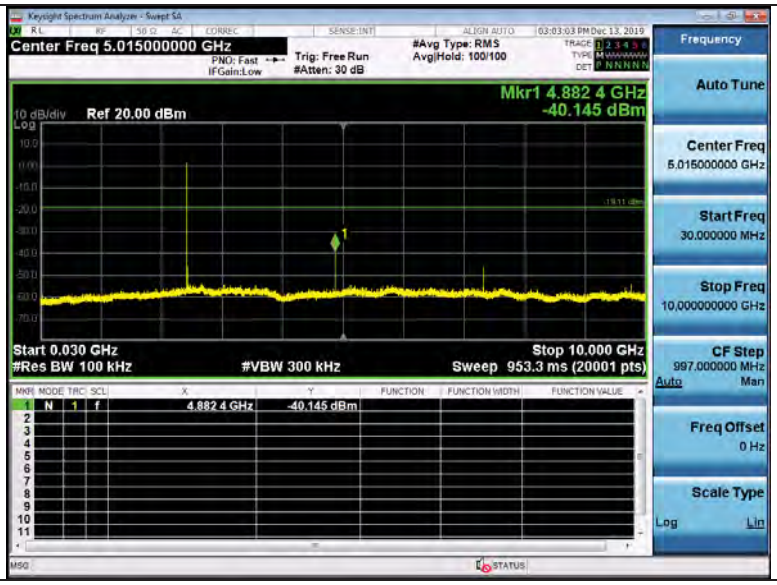
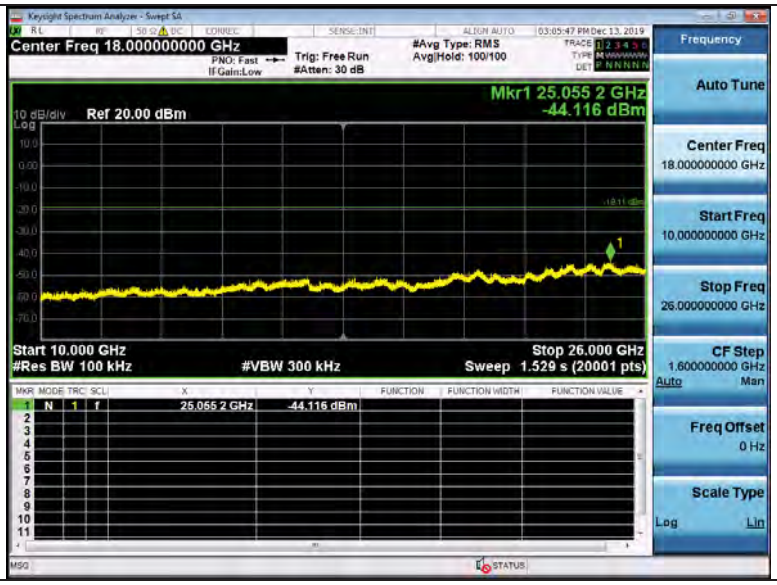
GFSK- CH00	Reference
	
	30MHz-10GHz
	
	10GHz-26GHz
	

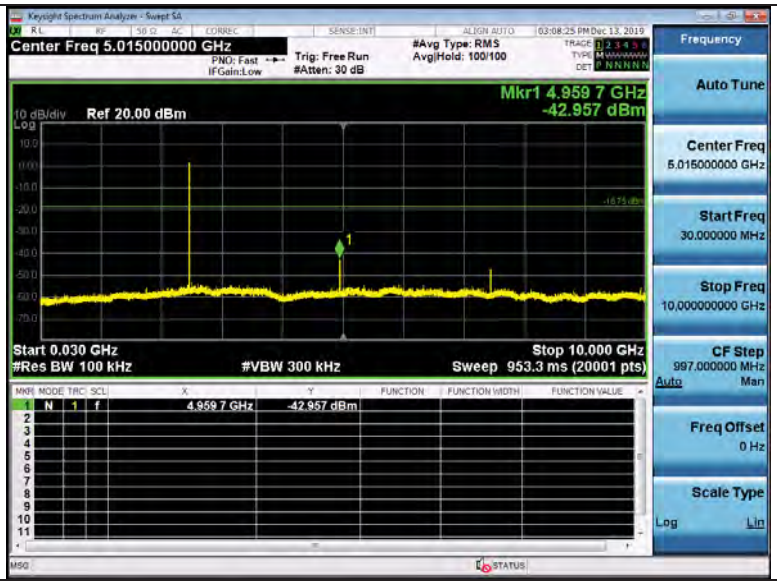
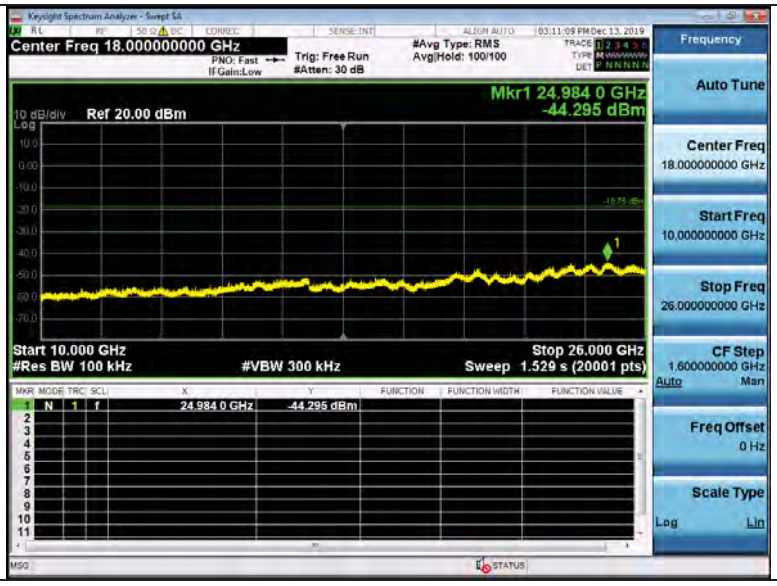
	Reference
	
	30MHz-10GHz
GFSK- CH39	
	10GHz-26.5GHz
	

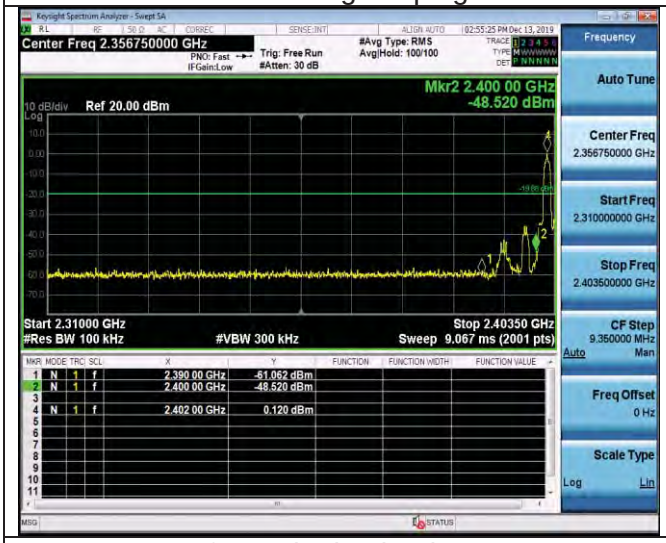
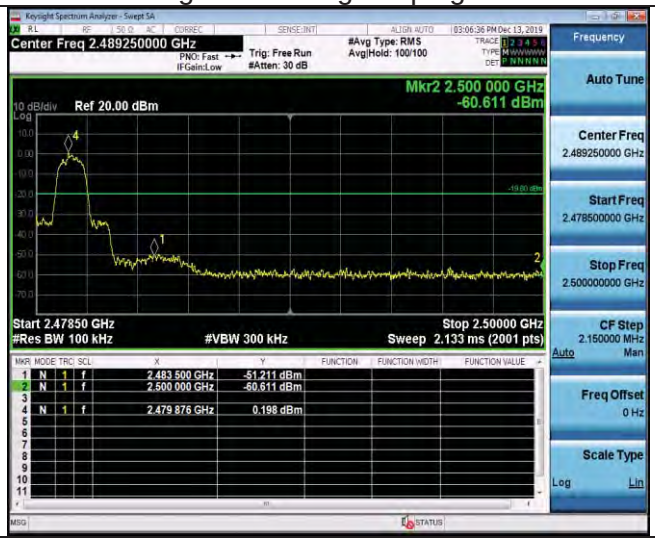
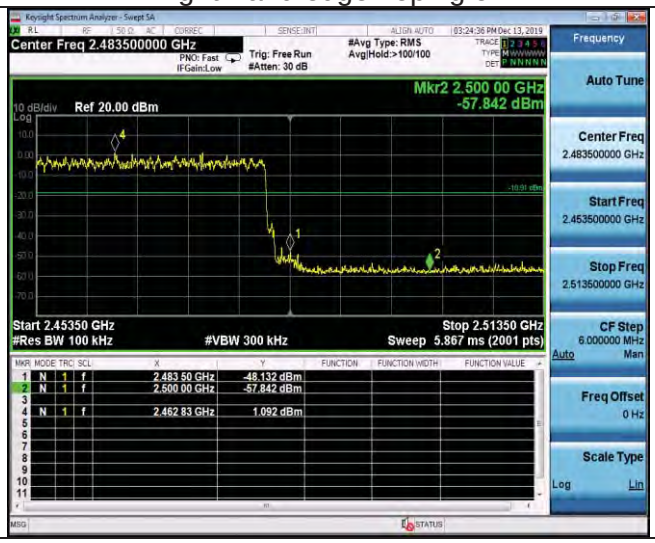
	Reference
	
	30MHz-10GHz
GFSK- CH78	
	10GHz-26GHz
	

Left Band edge hoping off	Right Band edge hoping off
	
Left Band edge hoping on	**Right Band edge hoping on**
	

	Reference
	
	30MHz-10GHz
π /4DQPSK - CH00	
	10GHz-26GHz
	

	Reference
	
	30MHz-10GHz
π /4DQPSK – CH39	
	10GHz-26GHz
	

	Reference
	
	30MHz-10GHz
π /4DQPSK – CH78	
	10GHz-26GHz
	

Left Band edge hoping off	Right Band edge hoping off
	
Left Band edge hoping on	Right Band edge hoping on
	

3.9. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

TEST APPLICABLE

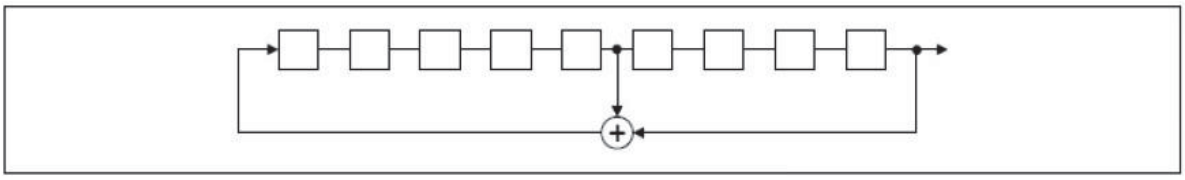
For 47 CFR Part 15C section 15.247 (a) (1):

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hop-ping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hop-ping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Requirement

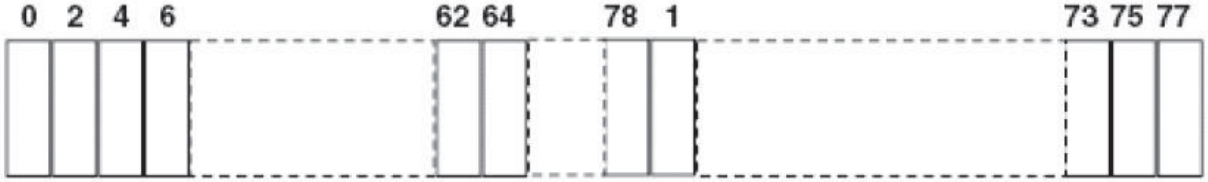
The pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence may be generated in a nice-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones, for example: the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages:9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence:29-1=511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros:8(non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of pseudorandom frequency hopping sequence as follows:



Each frequency used equally one the average by each transmitter.

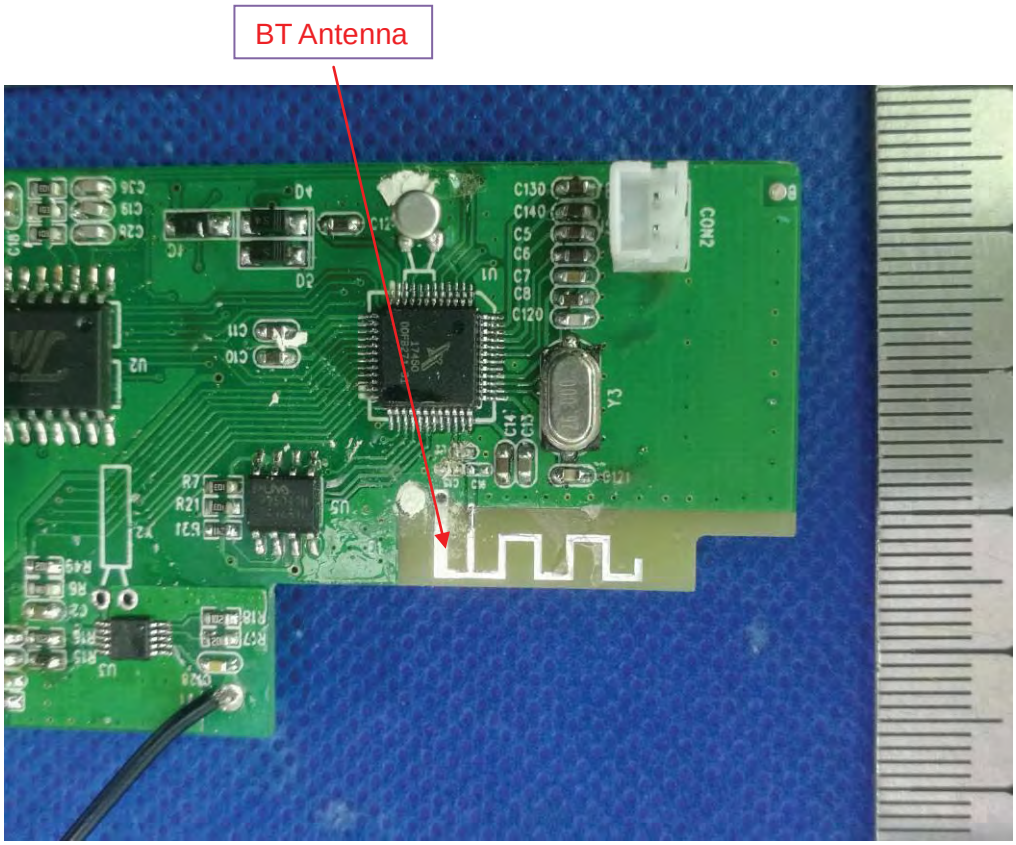
The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitter and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

3.10. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Standard Applicable
For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

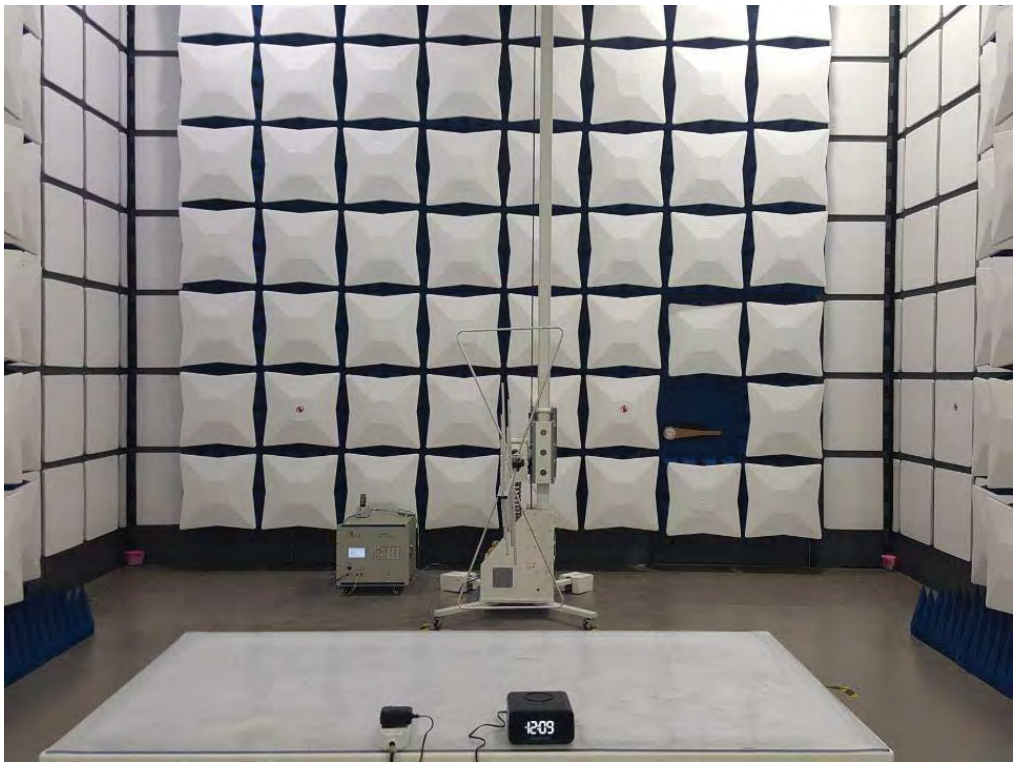
Refer to statement below for compliance.
The manufacturer may design the unit so that the user can replace a broken antenna, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed.

Antenna Connected Construction
The antenna used in this product is a PCB Antenna, The directional gains of antenna used for transmitting is 0dBi.

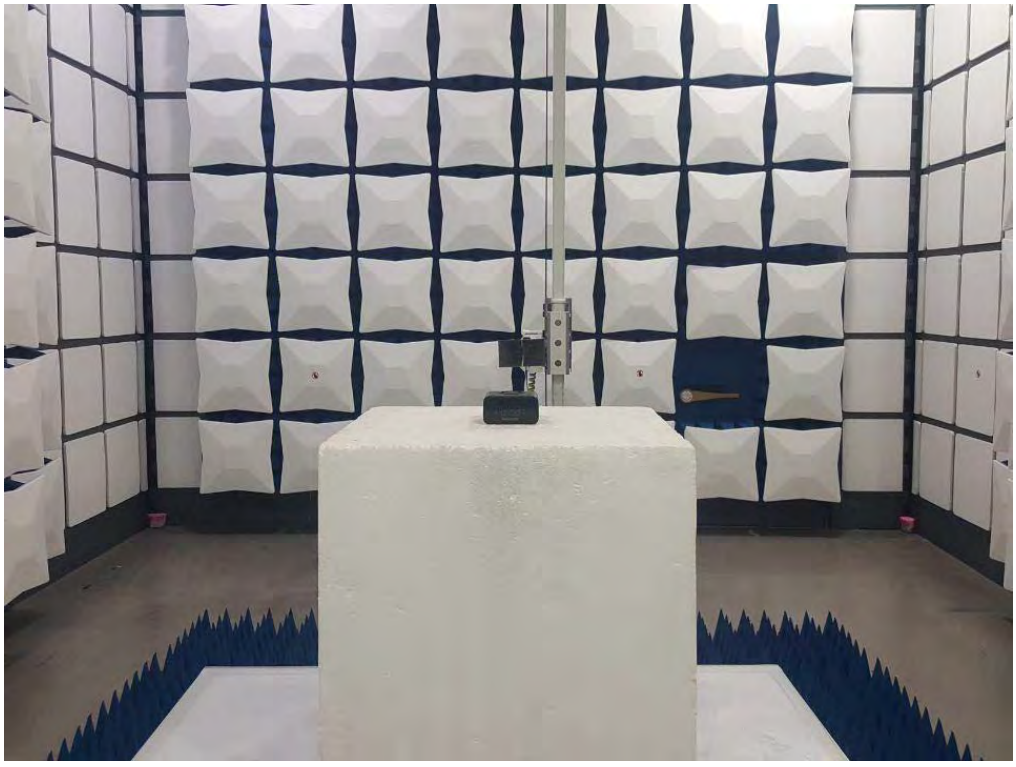


4. Test Setup Photos of the EUT

30MHz-1000MHz



Above 1000MHz



Conducted Emission

5. PHOTOS OF THE EUT

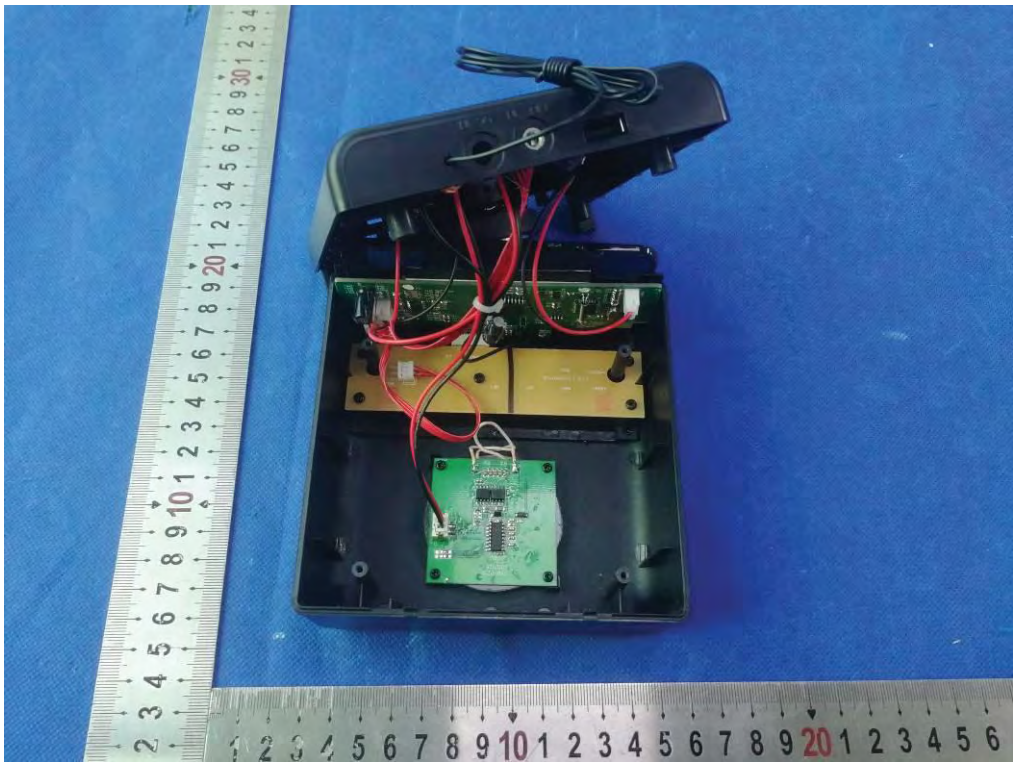
External photos

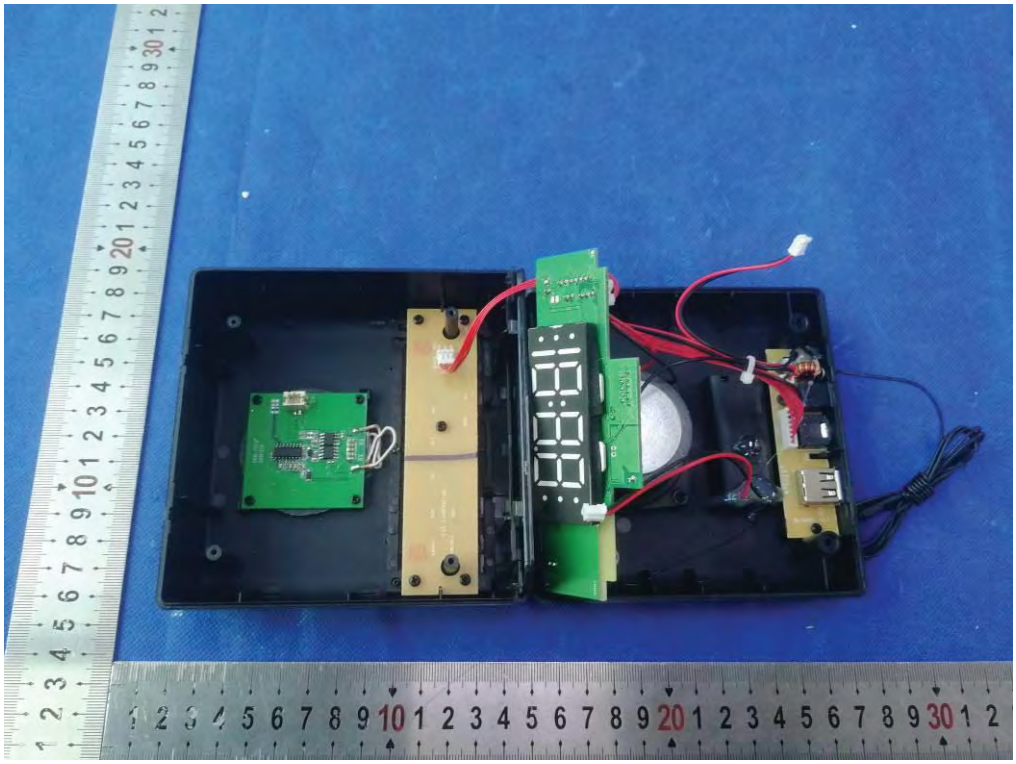

FM
BT
USB
AUX
PM
MAGNAVOX

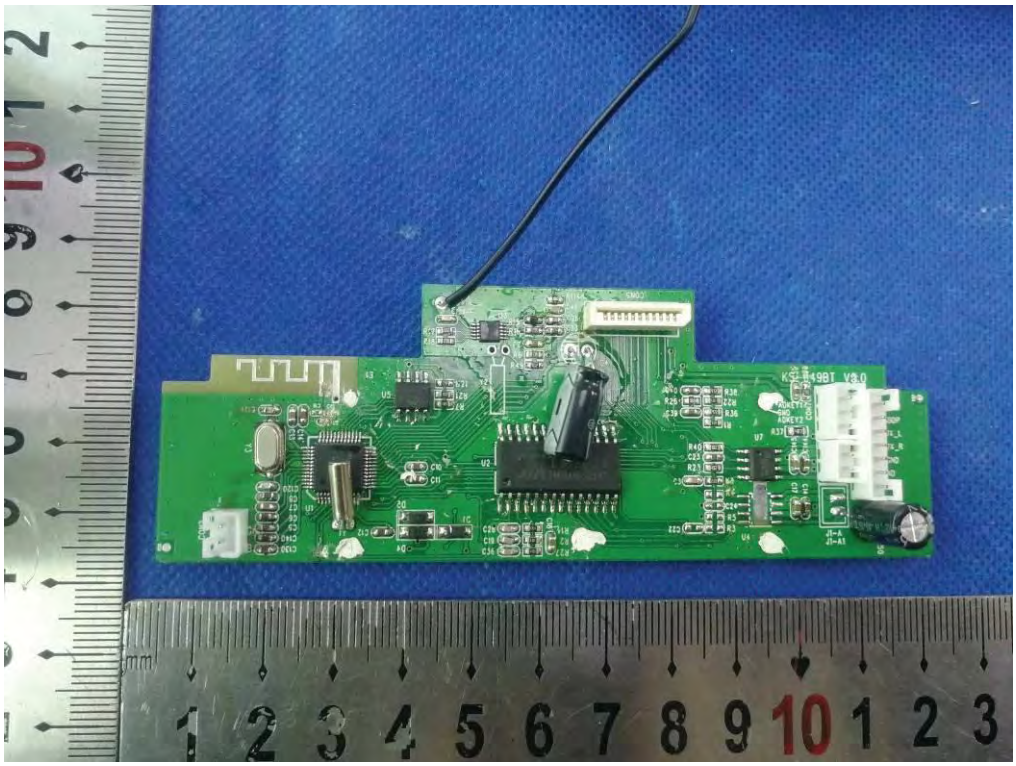

USB
LINE IN
DC IN

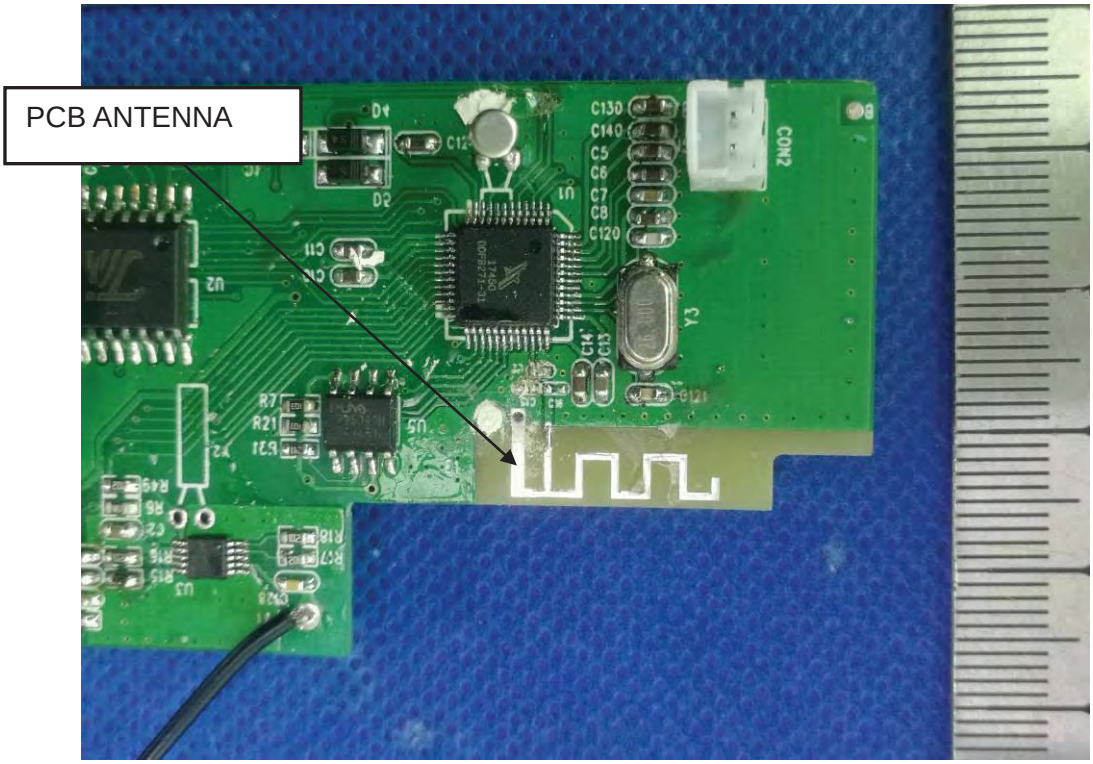

USB
LINE IN
DC IN

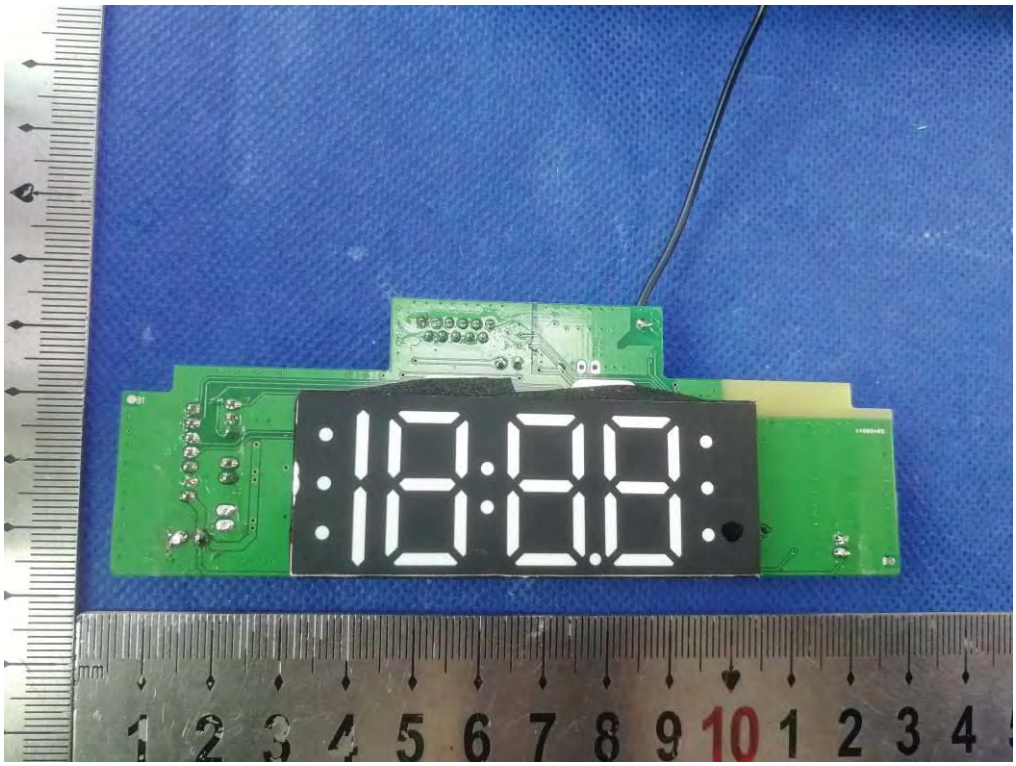
Internal photos

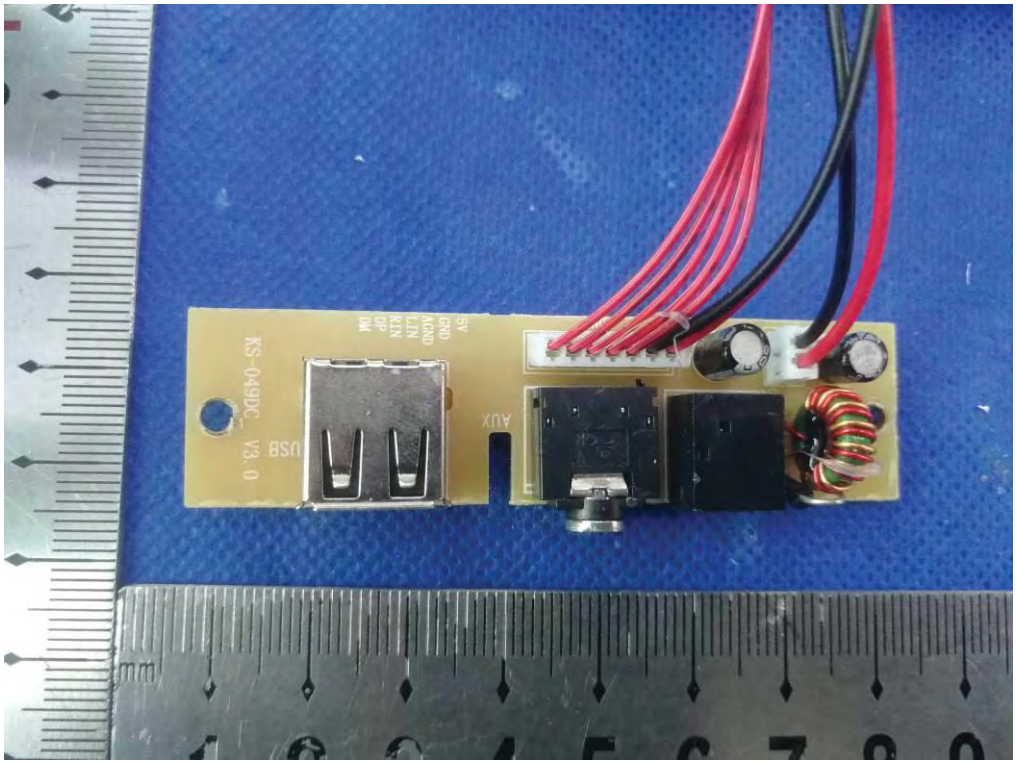


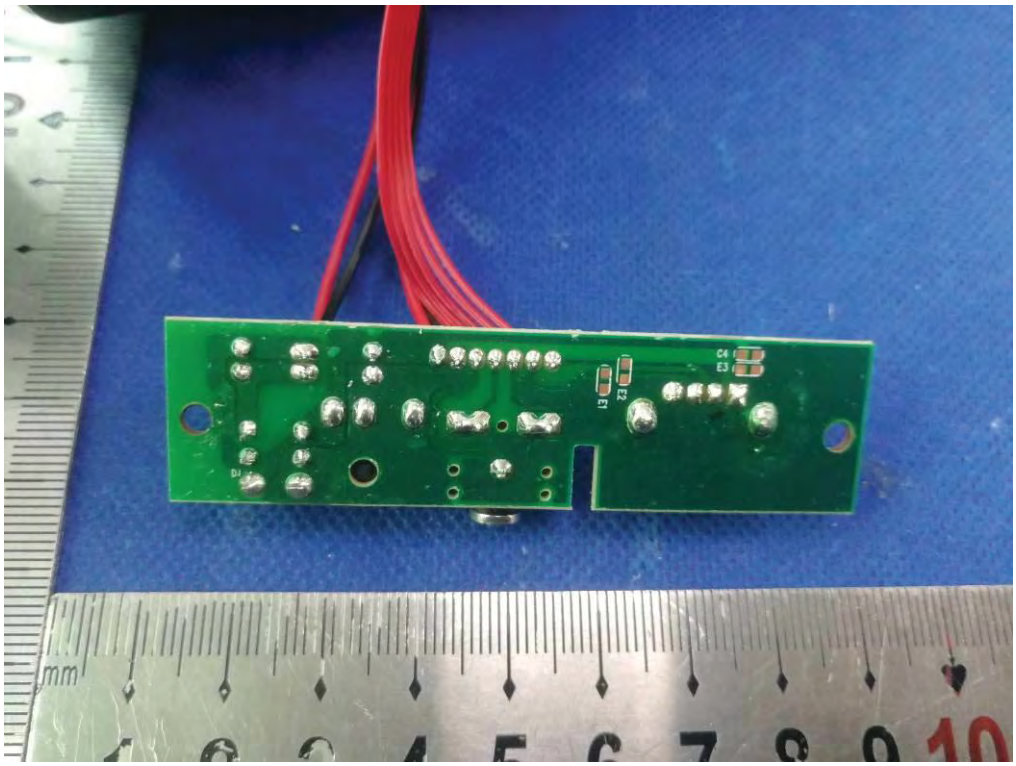


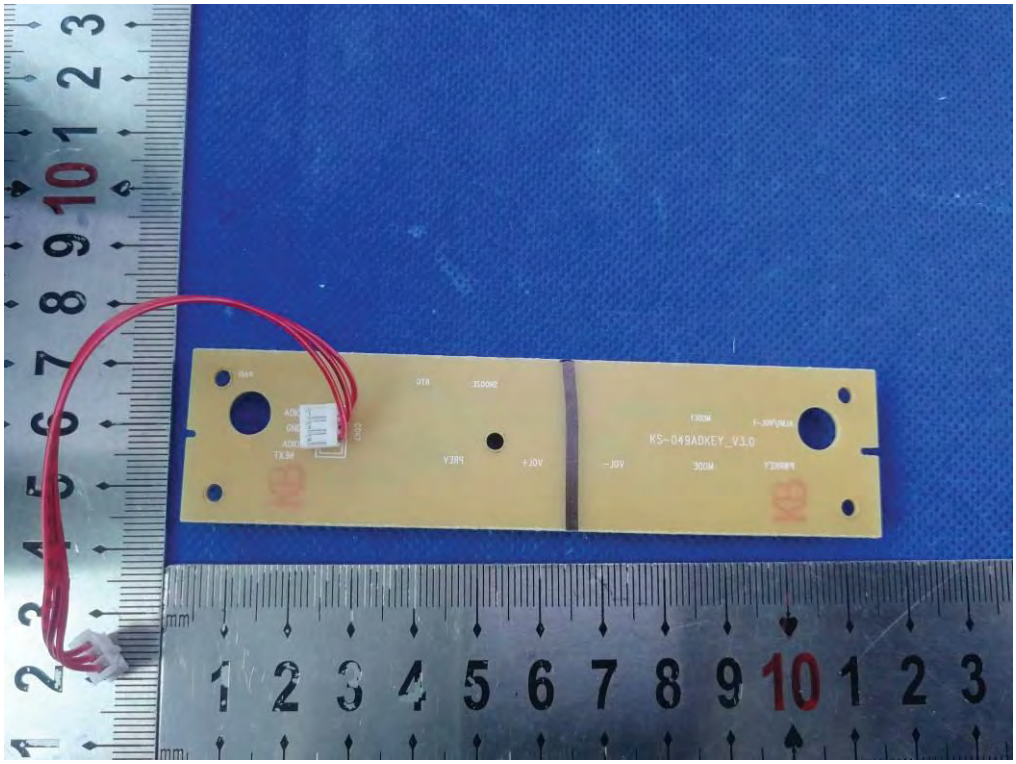

KSI-8498T V3.0

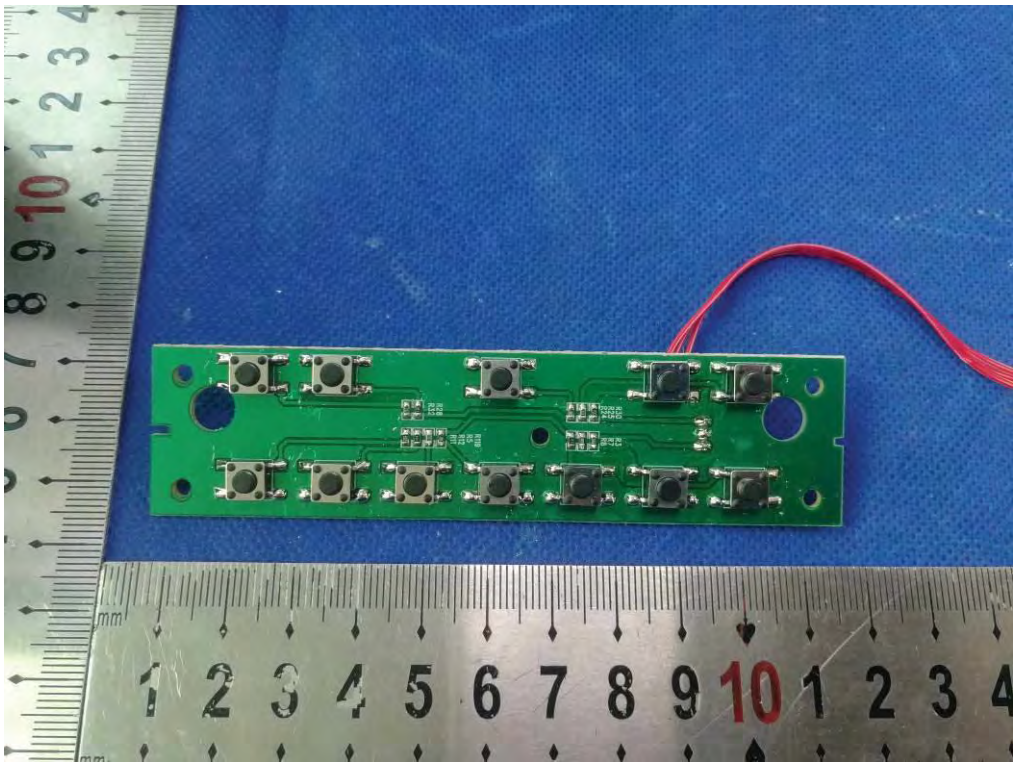

PCB ANTENNA

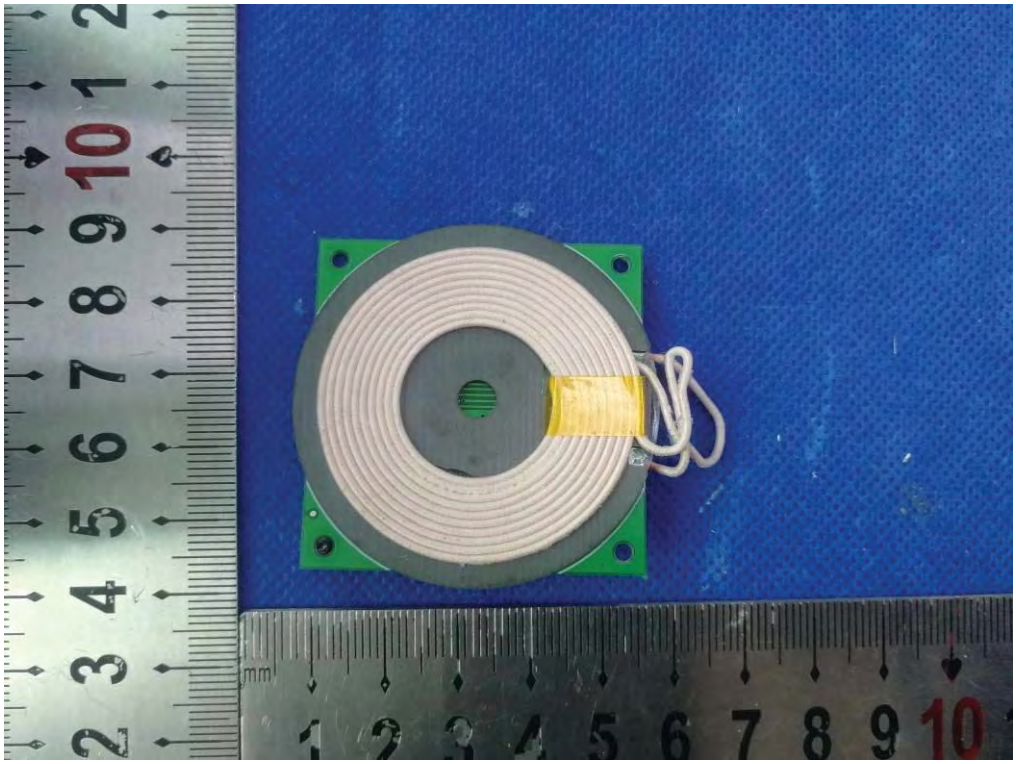


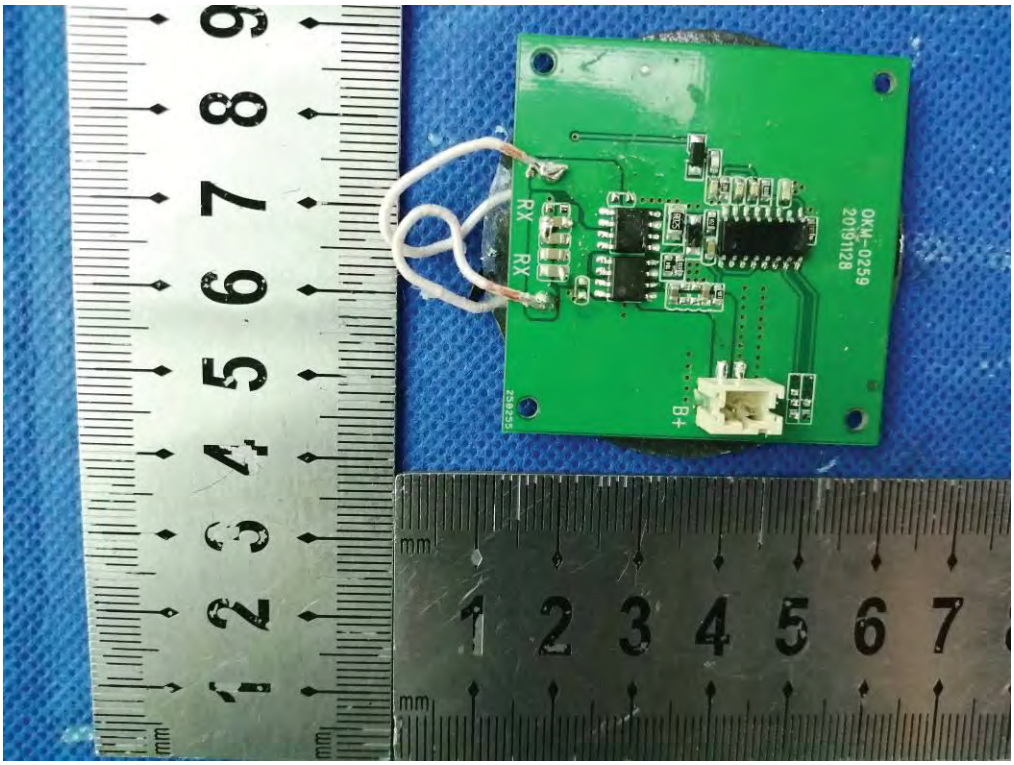

KS-0490C V3.0
USB
AUX
5V
GND
AGND
LIN
RIN
GP
MIC


mm
10


KS-049ADKEY_V3.0






RX
RX
B+
OKM-0259
20191128


POWER ADAPTER
MODEL:-KH05015000W
INPUT:100-240V~50/60Hz 0.35A Max
OUTPUT:5.0V⎓ 1.5A
CAUTION
1911
MADE IN CHINA
Shenzhen KHadapter Technology Co.,Ltd.

END