FCC SAR TEST REPORT

APPLICANT	:	**Honeywell International Inc.** **Honeywell Safety and Productivity Solutions**
EQUIPMENT	:	**RT10A**
BRAND NAME	:	**Honeywell**
Model Name	:	**RT10AL0N**
FCC ID	:	**HD5-RT10AL0N**
STANDARD	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)** **ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992** **IEEE 1528-2013**

The product was received on May 23, 2020 and testing was started from Aug. 05, 2020 and completed on Aug. 11, 2020. We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Reviewed by: Rose Wang / Supervisor

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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA052309	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Aug. 26, 2020

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Honeywell International Inc. Honeywell Safety and Productivity Solutions, RT10A, RT10AL0N,** are as follows.

Highest Standalone 1g SAR Summary				Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Body 1g SAR (W/kg)	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.11	1.16
NII		5GHz WLAN	**1.18**	1.50
DSS	Bluetooth	Bluetooth	<0.10	-
Date of Testing:		2020/8/5~2020/8/11		

Declaration of Conformity:
The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.
Comments and Explanations:
The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

Testing Laboratory		
Test Firm	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.	
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL : +86-512-57900158 FAX : +86-512-57900958	
Test Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	CN1257	314309

Applicant	
Company Name	Honeywell International Inc. Honeywell Safety and Productivity Solutions
Address	9680 Old Bailes Rd. Fort Mill, SC 29707 United States

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Honeywell International Inc. Honeywell Safety and Productivity Solutions
Address	9680 Old Bailes Rd. Fort Mill, SC 29707 United States

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	RT10A
Brand Name	Honeywell
Model Name	RT10AL0N
FCC ID	HD5-RT10AL0N
SN Code	20115R0005
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	V1.0
SW Version	WLAN.HL.1.0.1.c2.3
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark:

1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
2. The EUT has no voice function means data only.
3. There are two types of batteries, with the same brand name and model name. We only chose higher battery capacity to do full SAR testing.

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

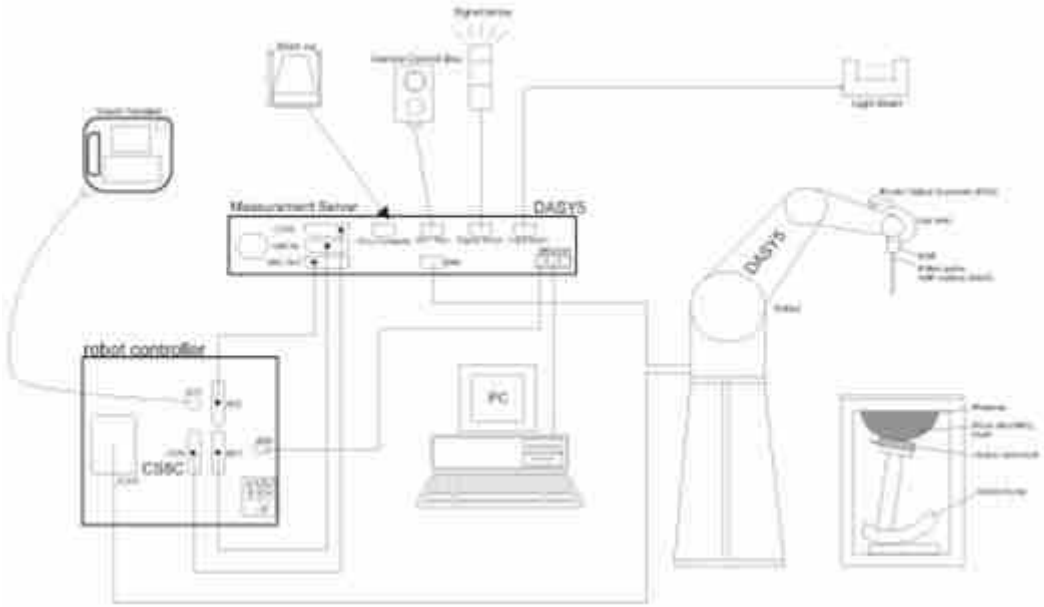
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^{\mathbf{2}}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2019/3/25	2022/3/24
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	2019/9/24	2020/9/23
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	690	2020/3/26	2021/3/25
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3843	2019/9/26	2020/9/25
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	TP-1201	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2020/4/16	2021/4/15
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2020/4/16	2021/4/15
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1071	2019/10/28	2020/10/27
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2019/8/15	2020/8/14
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2019/8/14	2020/8/13
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2019/8/14	2020/8/13
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101641	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
Testo	Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332088	2020/1/8	2021/1/7
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2019/8/15	2020/8/14
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	Note 1	
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	Note 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	Note 1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	Note 1	

Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
2. Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1.

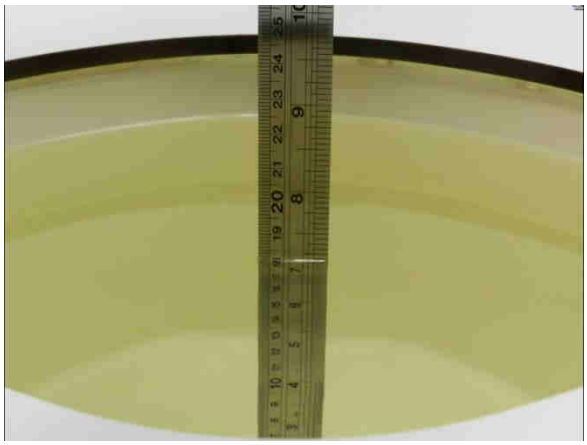


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	Head	22.6	1.784	40.625	1.80	39.20	-0.89	3.64	±5	2020/8/5
5250	Head	22.7	4.667	35.173	4.71	35.90	-0.91	-2.03	±5	2020/8/7
5600	Head	22.6	5.012	34.639	5.07	35.50	-1.14	-2.43	±5	2020/8/9
5750	Head	22.8	5.174	34.396	5.22	35.40	-0.88	-2.84	±5	2020/8/11

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/8/5	2450	Head	250	908	3843	690	12.00	52.80	48	-9.09
2020/8/7	5250	Head	100	1113	3843	690	8.62	80.50	86.2	7.08
2020/8/9	5600	Head	100	1113	3843	690	7.63	83.40	76.3	-8.51
2020/8/11	5750	Head	100	1113	3843	690	7.36	80.00	73.6	-8.00

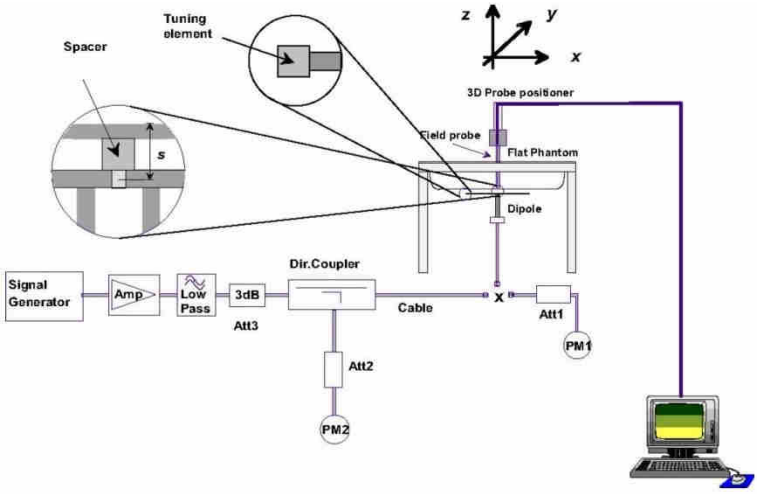


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

13. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

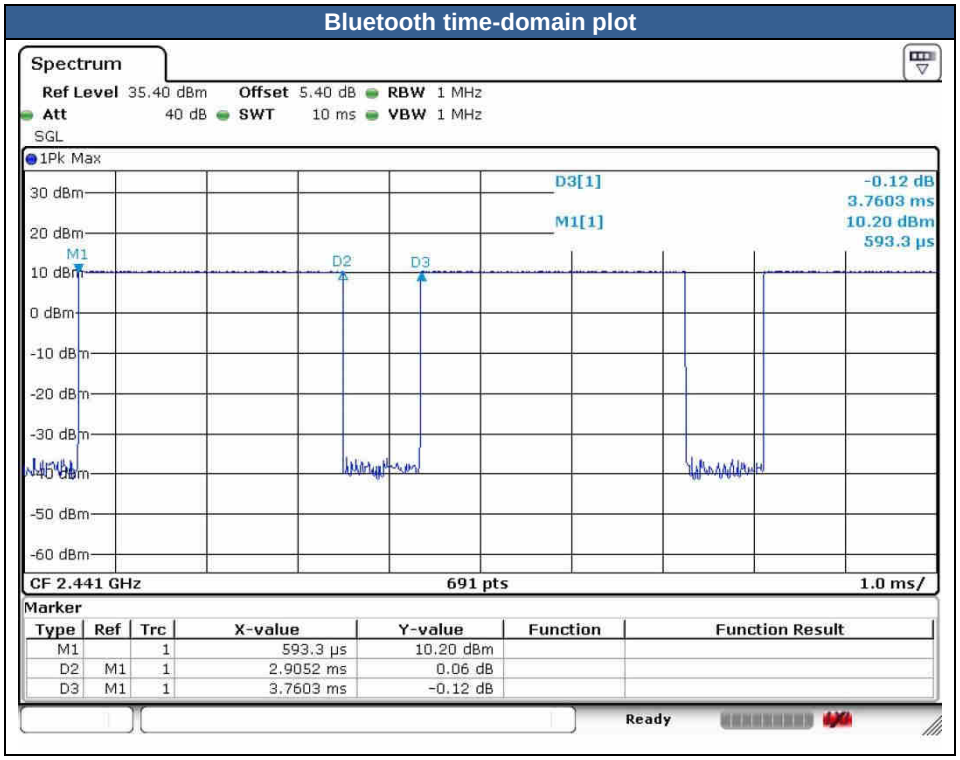
1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
   a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
   b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
   c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

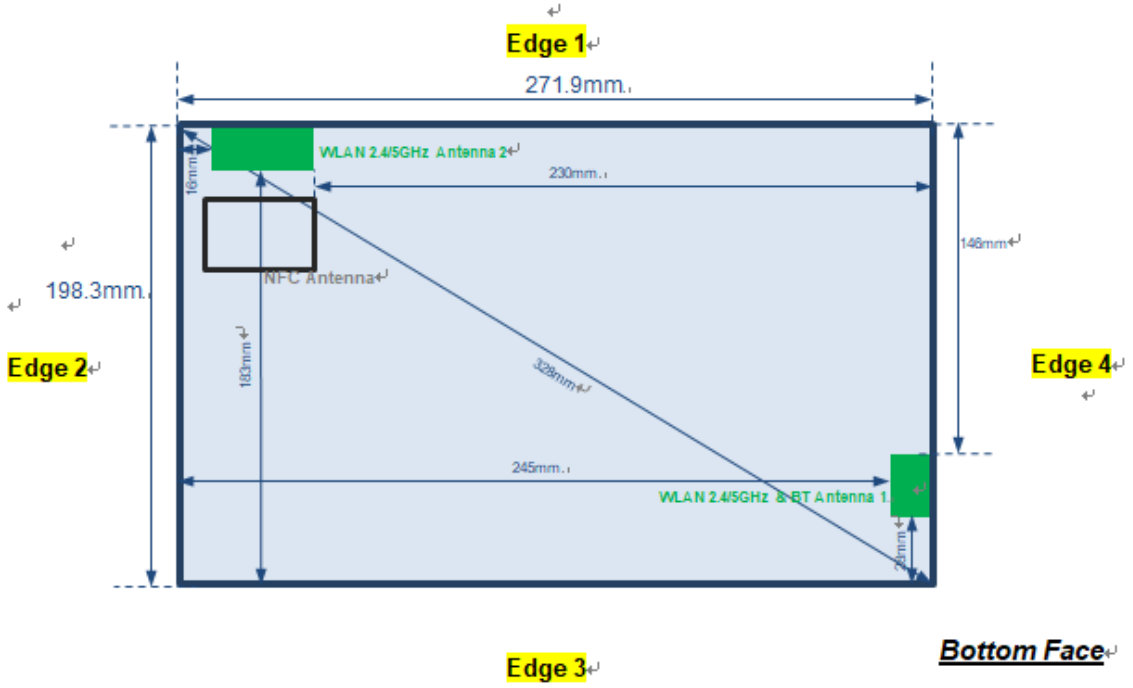
General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 77.26 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation

Bluetooth time-domain plot



14. Antenna Location



<SAR test exclusion table>

General Note:

1. The below table, when the distance is < 50 mm exclusion threshold is "Ratio", when the distance is > 50 mm exclusion threshold is "mW"
2. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
4. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the test separation distance is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold.
5. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
   a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
   b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm)·10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Exposure Position	Wireless Interface	BT ANT 1	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 2	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1	2.4GHz WLAN ANT 1+2	5GHz WLAN ANT 2	5GHz WLAN ANT 1	5GHz WLAN ANT 1+2
	Calculated Frequency	2480MHz	2462MHz	2462MHz	2462MHz	5825MHz	5825MHz	5825MHz
	Maximum power (dBm)	7	15.5	15.5	18.5	13.0	13.0	16.0
	Maximum rated power(mW)	5.0	35.0	35.0	71.0	20.0	20.0	40.0
Bottom Face	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	1.6	11.0	11.0	22.3	9.7	9.7	19.3
	Testing required?	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Edge 1	Separation distance(mm)	146.0	5.0	146.0	5.0	5.0	146.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	1055.0	11.0	1056.0	22.3	9.7	1022.0	19.3
	Testing required?	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Edge 2	Separation distance(mm)	245.0	16.0	245.0	16.0	16.0	245.0	16.0
	exclusion threshold	2045.0	3.4	2046.0	7.0	3.0	2012.0	6.0
	Testing required?	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Edge 3	Separation distance(mm)	28.0	183.0	28.0	28.0	183.0	28.0	28.0
	exclusion threshold	0.3	1426.0	2.0	4.0	1392.0	1.7	3.5
	Testing required?	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Edge 4	Separation distance(mm)	5.0	230.0	5.0	5.0	230.0	5.0	5.0
	exclusion threshold	1.6	1896.0	11.0	22.3	1862.0	9.7	19.3
	Testing required?	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
4. There are two types of batteries, with the same brand name and model name. We only chose higher battery capacity to do full SAR testing.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

15.1 Body SAR

<WLAN 2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	6	2437	15.33	15.50	1.040	100	1.000	-0.05	1.020	1.061
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	6	2437	15.33	15.50	1.040	100	1.000	0.06	0.171	0.178
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	6	2437	15.33	15.50	1.040	100	1.000	0.07	0.016	0.017
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	6	2437	15.33	15.50	1.040	100	1.000	-0.01	0.170	0.177
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	6	2437	15.33	15.50	1.040	100	1.000	0.02	0.687	0.714
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	1	2412	15.26	15.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.01	1.050	**1.110**
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	11	2462	15.08	15.50	1.102	100	1.000	0.08	0.985	1.085
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1	2412	15.36	15.50	1.033	100	1.000	-0.05	0.050	0.052
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1	2412	15.36	15.50	1.033	100	1.000	0.06	0.001	0.002
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1	2412	15.36	15.50	1.033	100	1.000	0.05	0.054	0.055
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1	2412	15.36	15.50	1.033	100	1.000	0.06	0.251	0.259
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	1	2412	15.36	15.50	1.033	100	1.000	0.03	0.244	0.252
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	6	2437	15.25	15.50	1.059	100	1.000	0.03	0.235	0.249
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	11	2462	14.94	15.50	1.138	100	1.000	0.01	0.214	0.243

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	78	2480	5.75	7.00	1.334	77.26	1.078	0.01	0.015	0.021
02	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	78	2480	5.75	7.00	1.334	77.26	1.078	-0.03	0.018	**0.025**
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	0	2402	4.60	6.00	1.380	77.26	1.078	0.06	0.016	0.024
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	39	2441	3.76	5.00	1.330	77.26	1.078	0.05	0.017	0.025

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	54	5270	12.55	13.00	1.109	91.61	1.092	0.02	0.652	0.790
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	54	5270	12.55	13.00	1.109	91.61	1.092	-0.04	0.072	0.087
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	54	5270	12.55	13.00	1.109	91.61	1.092	0.02	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	54	5270	12.55	13.00	1.109	91.61	1.092	0.01	0.003	0.003
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	54	5270	12.55	13.00	1.109	91.61	1.092	0.07	0.325	0.394
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	62	5310	5.86	6.00	1.033	91.61	1.092	0.03	0.102	0.115
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	54	5270	12.68	13.00	1.076	92.91	1.076	0.07	0.013	0.015
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	54	5270	12.68	13.00	1.076	92.91	1.076	0.05	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	54	5270	12.68	13.00	1.076	92.91	1.076	0.01	0.030	0.034
03	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	54	5270	12.68	13.00	1.076	92.91	1.076	0.02	0.971	**1.125**
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	54	5270	12.68	13.00	1.076	92.91	1.076	0.05	0.402	0.466
	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	62	5310	5.80	6.00	1.047	92.91	1.076	0.05	0.244	0.275
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	110	5550	10.10	11.50	1.380	91.61	1.092	0.01	0.461	0.695
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	110	5550	10.10	11.50	1.380	91.61	1.092	0.03	0.407	0.614
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	110	5550	10.10	11.50	1.380	91.61	1.092	0.08	0.013	0.020
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	110	5550	10.10	11.50	1.380	91.61	1.092	0.03	0.011	0.016
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	110	5550	10.10	11.50	1.380	91.61	1.092	0.06	0.194	0.292
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	142	5710	9.89	11.50	1.449	91.61	1.092	0.03	0.409	0.647
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	102	5510	9.57	10.00	1.104	91.61	1.092	0.04	0.411	0.496
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	126	5630	10.35	11.50	1.303	92.91	1.076	0.01	0.018	0.026
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	126	5630	10.35	11.50	1.303	92.91	1.076	0.05	0.013	0.018
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	126	5630	10.35	11.50	1.303	92.91	1.076	0.03	0.024	0.034
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	126	5630	10.35	11.50	1.303	92.91	1.076	0.02	0.792	1.111
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	126	5630	10.35	11.50	1.303	92.91	1.076	-0.05	0.791	1.109
04	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	110	5550	10.30	11.50	1.318	92.91	1.076	0.1	0.830	**1.177**
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	134	5670	10.31	11.50	1.315	92.91	1.076	0.02	0.822	1.163
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	102	5510	8.83	10.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	0.01	0.751	1.058
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	142	5710	10.34	11.50	1.306	92.91	1.076	0.03	0.741	1.041
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	102	5510	8.83	10.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	0.04	0.725	1.021
	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	142	5710	10.34	11.50	1.306	92.91	1.076	0.05	0.772	1.085
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	159	5795	12.76	13.00	1.057	91.61	1.092	0.01	0.636	0.734
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	159	5795	12.76	13.00	1.057	91.61	1.092	0.04	0.057	0.066
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	159	5795	12.76	13.00	1.057	91.61	1.092	0.02	0.013	0.015
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	159	5795	12.76	13.00	1.057	91.61	1.092	-0.07	0.012	0.014
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	159	5795	12.76	13.00	1.057	91.61	1.092	0.06	0.332	0.383
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	151	5755	12.64	13.00	1.086	91.61	1.092	0.04	0.561	0.666
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	159	5795	11.83	13.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	-0.02	0.020	0.028
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 2	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	159	5795	11.83	13.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	0.04	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 3	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	159	5795	11.83	13.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	0.01	0.045	0.064
05	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	159	5795	11.83	13.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	0.02	0.829	**1.168**
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Bottom Face	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	159	5795	11.83	13.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	-0.05	0.253	0.356
	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	151	5755	11.81	13.00	1.315	92.91	1.076	0.09	0.705	0.998

15.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	1	2412	15.26	15.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.01	1.050	1	1.110
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	Ant 2	Full Power	1	2412	15.26	15.50	1.057	100	1.000	0.04	0.992	1.058	1.048
1st	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	54	5270	12.68	13.00	1.076	92.91	1.076	0.02	0.971	1	1.125
2nd	WLAN5.3GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	54	5270	12.68	13.00	1.076	92.91	1.076	0.04	0.951	1.021	1.102
1st	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	110	5550	10.30	11.50	1.318	92.91	1.076	0.1	0.830	1	1.177
2nd	WLAN5.5GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	110	5550	10.30	11.50	1.318	92.91	1.076	0.05	0.800	1.038	1.135
1st	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	159	5795	11.83	13.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	0.02	0.829	1	1.168
2nd	WLAN5.8GHz	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Edge 4	0mm	Ant 1	Full Power	159	5795	11.83	13.00	1.309	92.91	1.076	0.03	0.811	1.022	1.142

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1 + 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2	Yes
2.	5GHz WLAN Ant 1 + 5GHz WLAN Ant 2	Yes

General Note:

1. The EUT has no voice function means data only.
2. According to the EUT character, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can't transmit simultaneously
3. EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment though they have independent antenna.
4. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

16.1 Body Exposure Conditions

Exposure Position	1 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN Ant 1 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 5GHz WLAN Ant 2 1g SAR (W/kg)	4 5GHz WLAN Ant 1 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
Bottom Face at 0mm	0.714	0.252	0.394	1.109	0.97	**1.50**
Edge 1 at 0mm	1.110	0.052	0.790	0.028	**1.16**	0.82
Edge 2 at 0mm	0.178	0.002	0.614	0.018	0.18	0.63
Edge 3 at 0mm	0.017	0.055	0.020	0.064	0.07	0.08
Edge 4 at 0mm	0.177	0.259	0.016	1.177	0.44	1.19

Test Engineer : Nick Hu, Tony Zhang, Hank Chang, Yuankai Kong

17. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ≤ 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.

[6] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.

[7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015

[8] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Oct 2015.

[9] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers”, Oct 2015

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2020.8.5

System Check_Head_2450MHz

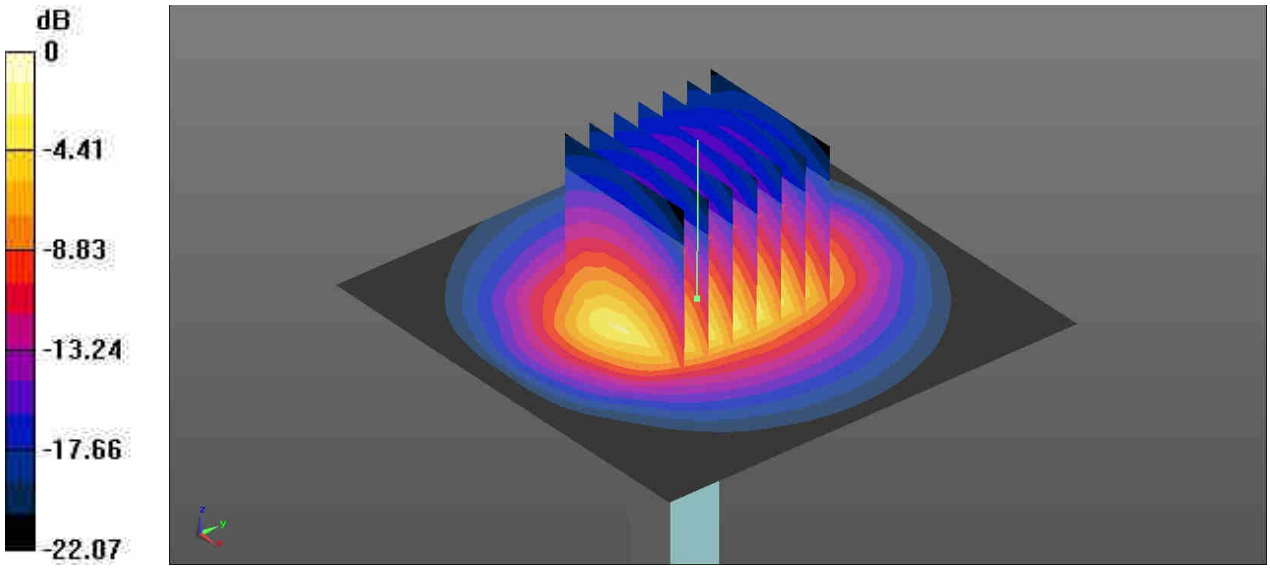
DUT: D2450V2 - SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.784 S/m; ε_r = 40.625; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.06, 7.06, 7.06); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.53 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2020.8.7

System Check_Head_5250MHz

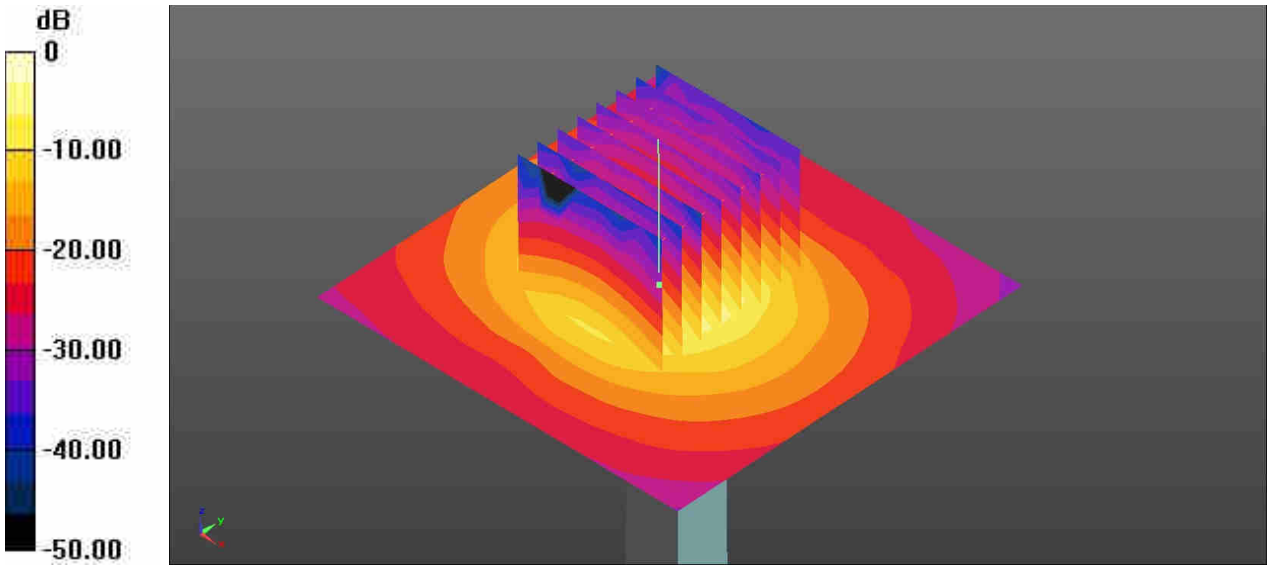
DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.667 S/m; ε_r = 35.173; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.5 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 46.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.52 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg = 12.81 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2020.8.9

System Check_Head_5600MHz

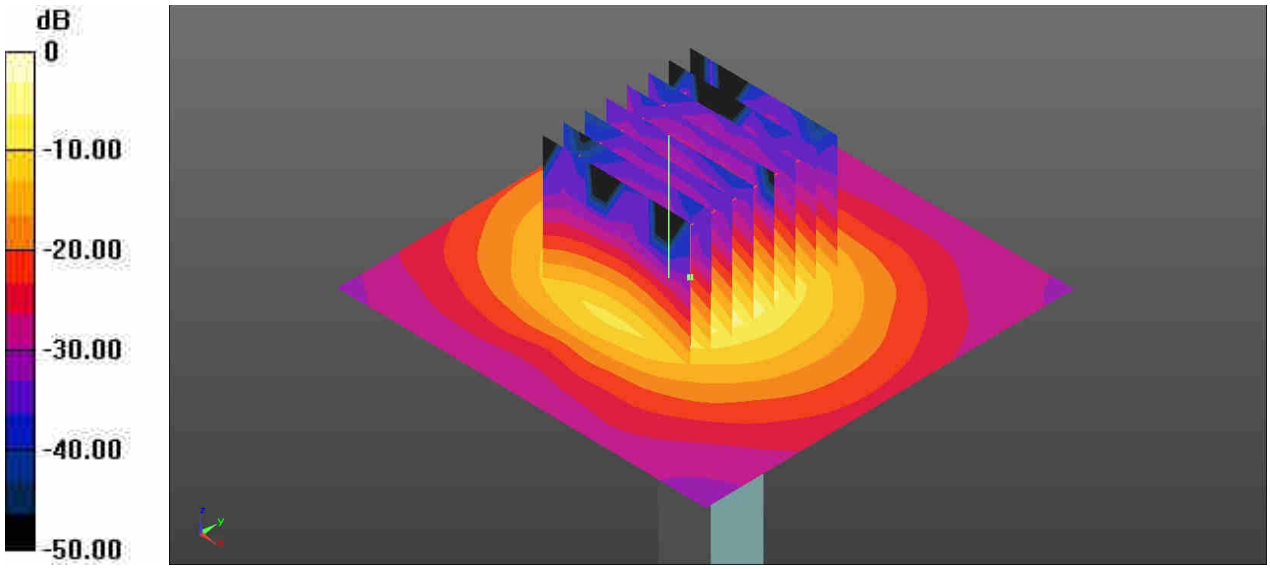
DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.012 S/m; ε_r = 34.639; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.4 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 39.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2020.8.11

System Check_Head_5750MHz

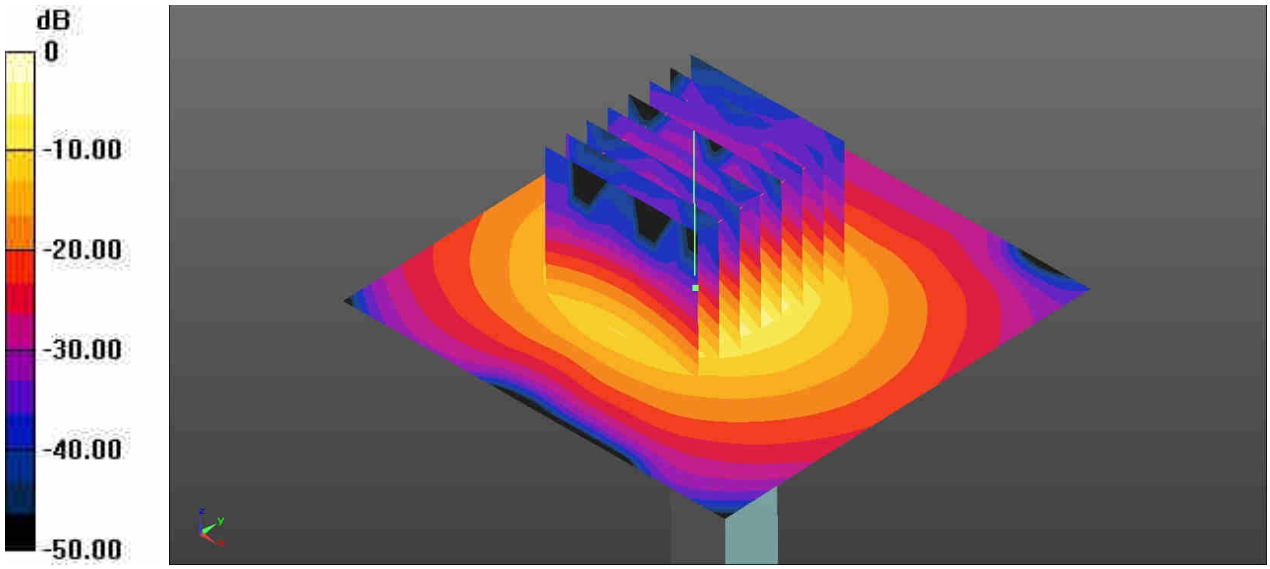
DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.174 S/m; ε_r = 34.396; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 37.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2020.8.5

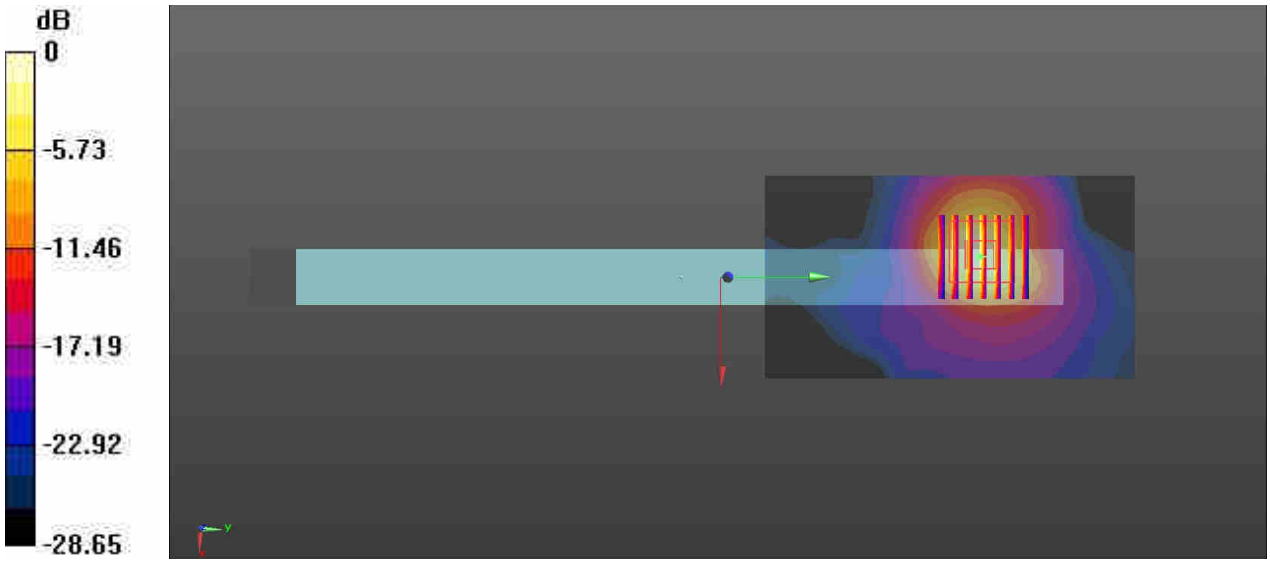
01_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Edge 1_0mm_Ant2_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.738 S/m; ε_r = 40.776; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.06, 7.06, 7.06); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.81 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.813 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.41 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.88 W/kg



0 dB = 1.88 W/kg = 2.74 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2020.8.5

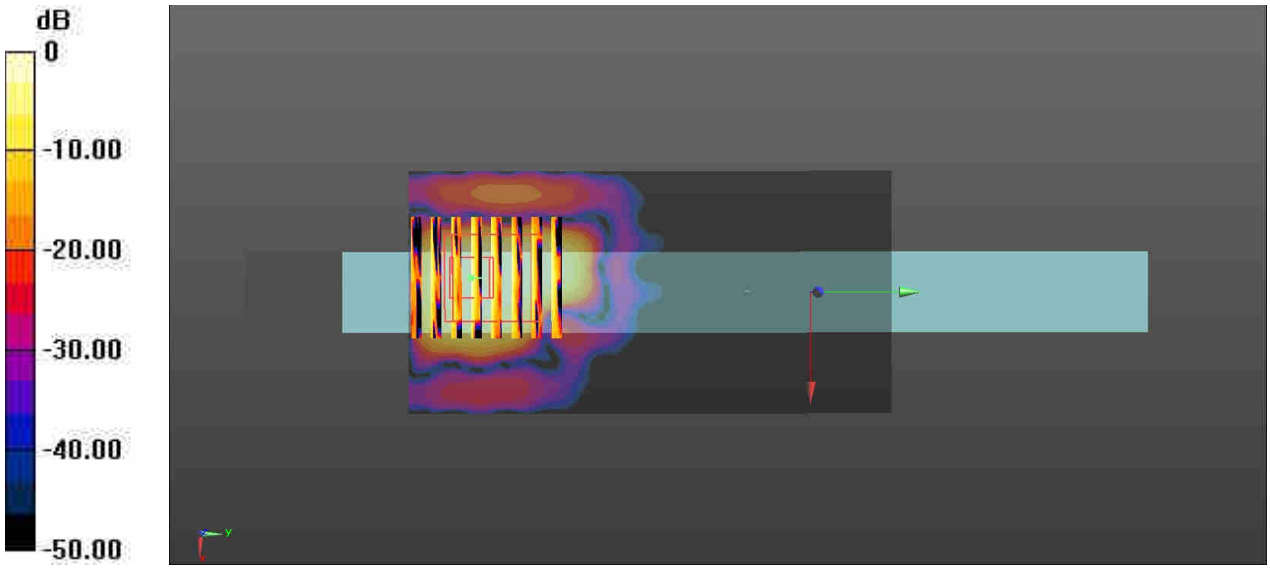
02_Buletooh_1Mbps_Edge 4_0mm_Ch78

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.294
Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.817 S/m; ε_r = 40.531; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(7.06, 7.06, 7.06); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0329 W/kg

Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.251 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0620 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.018 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.006 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0311 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0311 W/kg = -15.07 dBW/kg

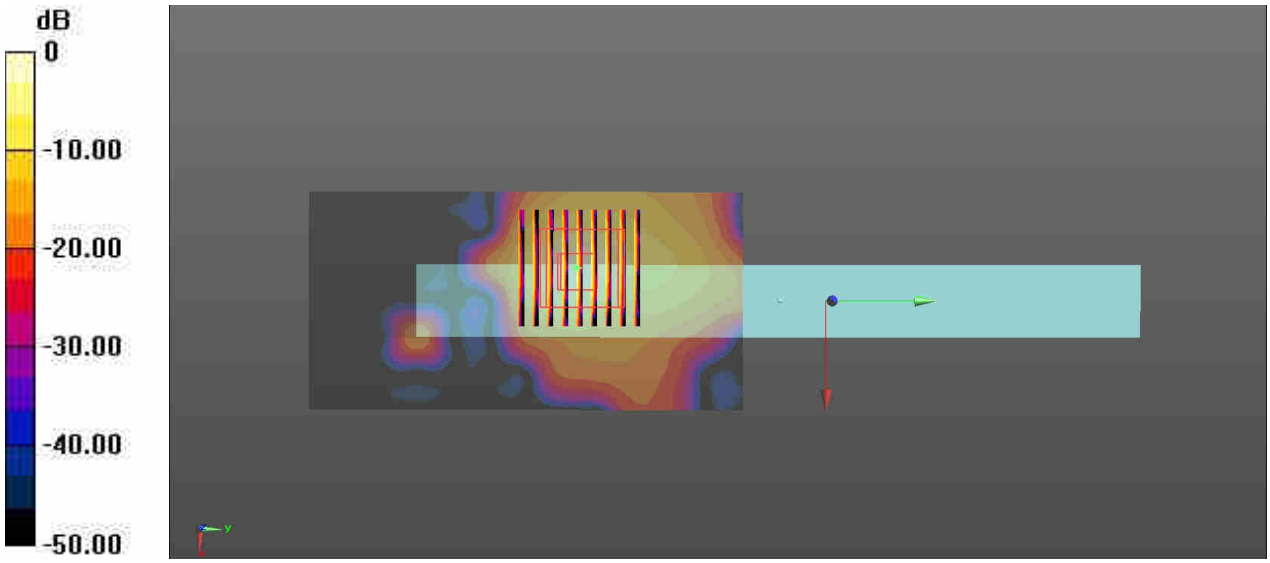
03_WLAN5GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Edge 4_0mm_Ant 1_Ch54

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5270 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.076
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5270 MHz; σ = 4.686 S/m; ε_r = 35.148; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.20 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 1.821 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.971 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.43 W/kg



0 dB = 2.43 W/kg = 3.86 dBW/kg

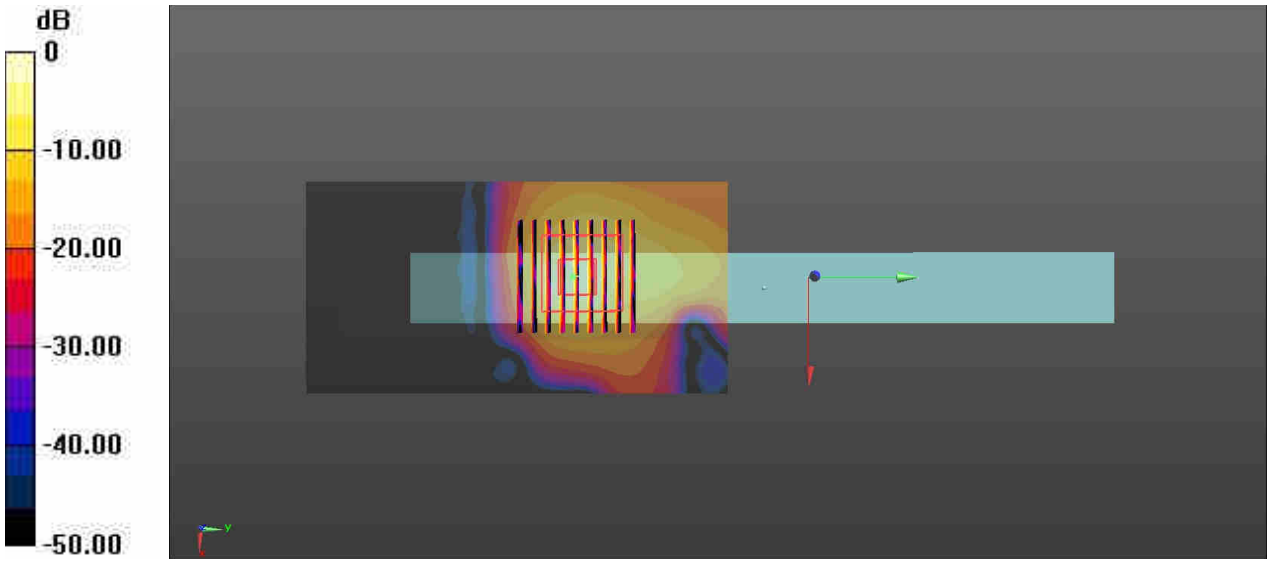
04_WLAN5GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Edge 4_0mm_Ant 1_Ch110

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5550 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.076
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5550 MHz; σ = 4.966 S/m; ε_r = 34.711; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.38 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 3.448 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.36 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.830 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.241 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.50 W/kg



0 dB = 2.50 W/kg = 3.98 dBW/kg

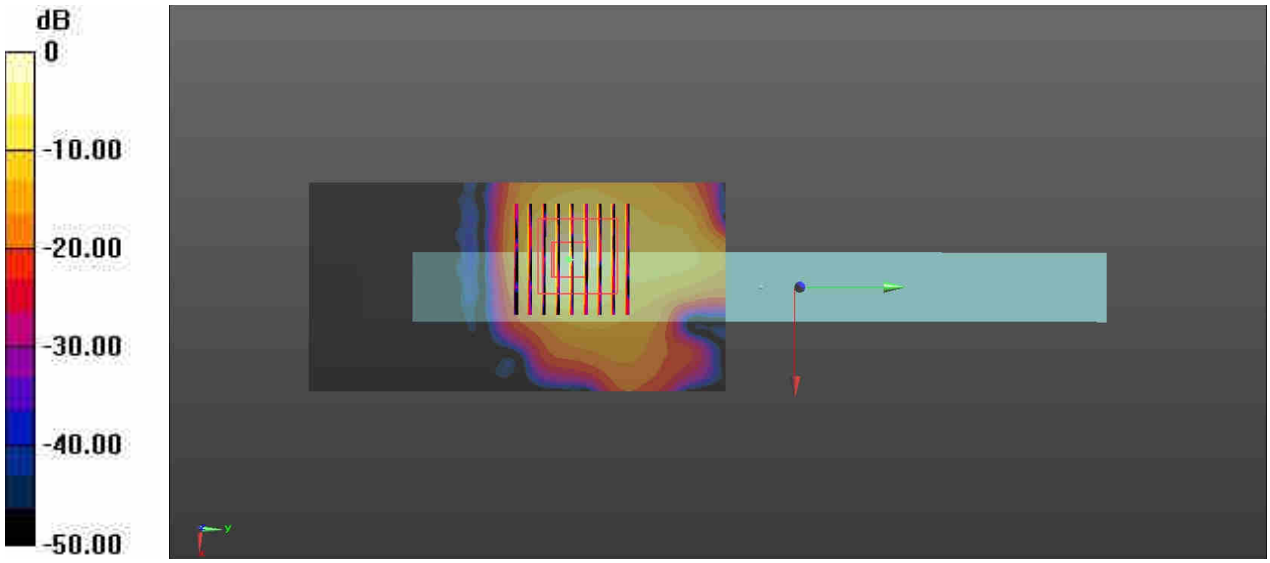
05_WLAN5GHz_802.11n-HT40 MCS0_Edge 4_0mm_Ant 1_Ch159

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n (0); Frequency: 5795 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.076
Medium: HSL_5000 Medium parameters used: f = 5795 MHz; σ = 5.22 S/m; ε_r = 34.35; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3843; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2019.9.26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2020.3.26
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1201
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.95 W/kg

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 3.228 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.14 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.829 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.27 W/kg



0 dB = 2.27 W/kg = 3.56 dBW/kg

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

In Collaboration with
s p e a g
CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

中国认可
国际互认
校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

Client **Sporton** **Certificate No: Z19-60087**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 908
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	March 25, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)**	**Scheduled Calibration**
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: March 28, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

In Collaboration with
speag
CALIBRATION LABORATORY
Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.6 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**52.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.2 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.8 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**50.8 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)**
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.91 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.6 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)**

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.3Ω+ 5.18 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.6dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6Ω+ 5.81 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.1dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.020 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 03.25.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.841 S/m; ε_r = 39.63; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

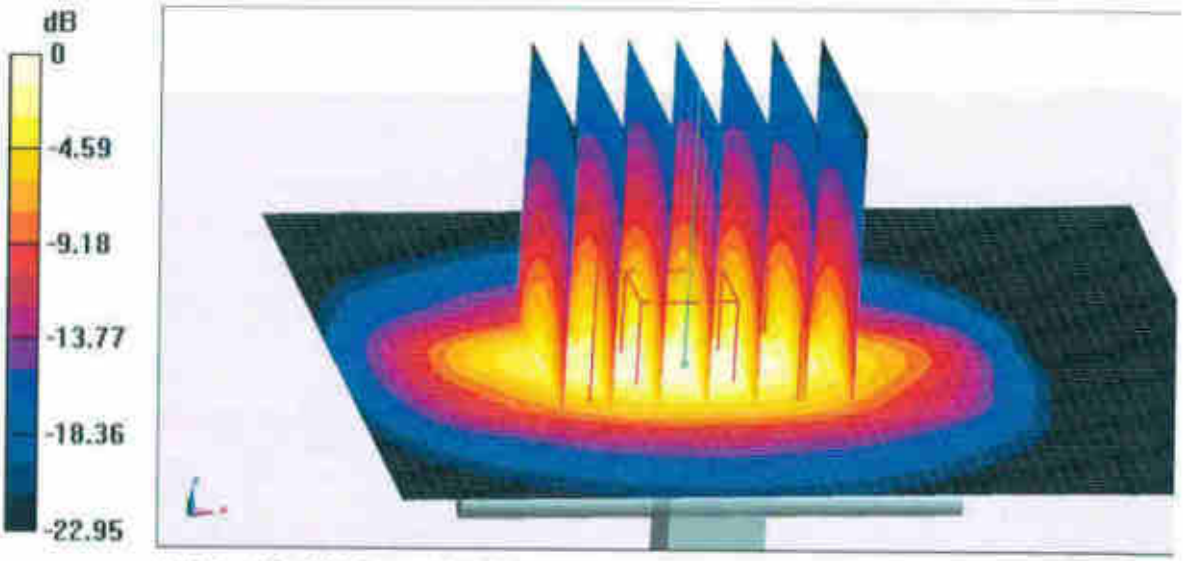
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.4 W/kg



0 dB = 22.4 W/kg = 13.50 dBW/kg

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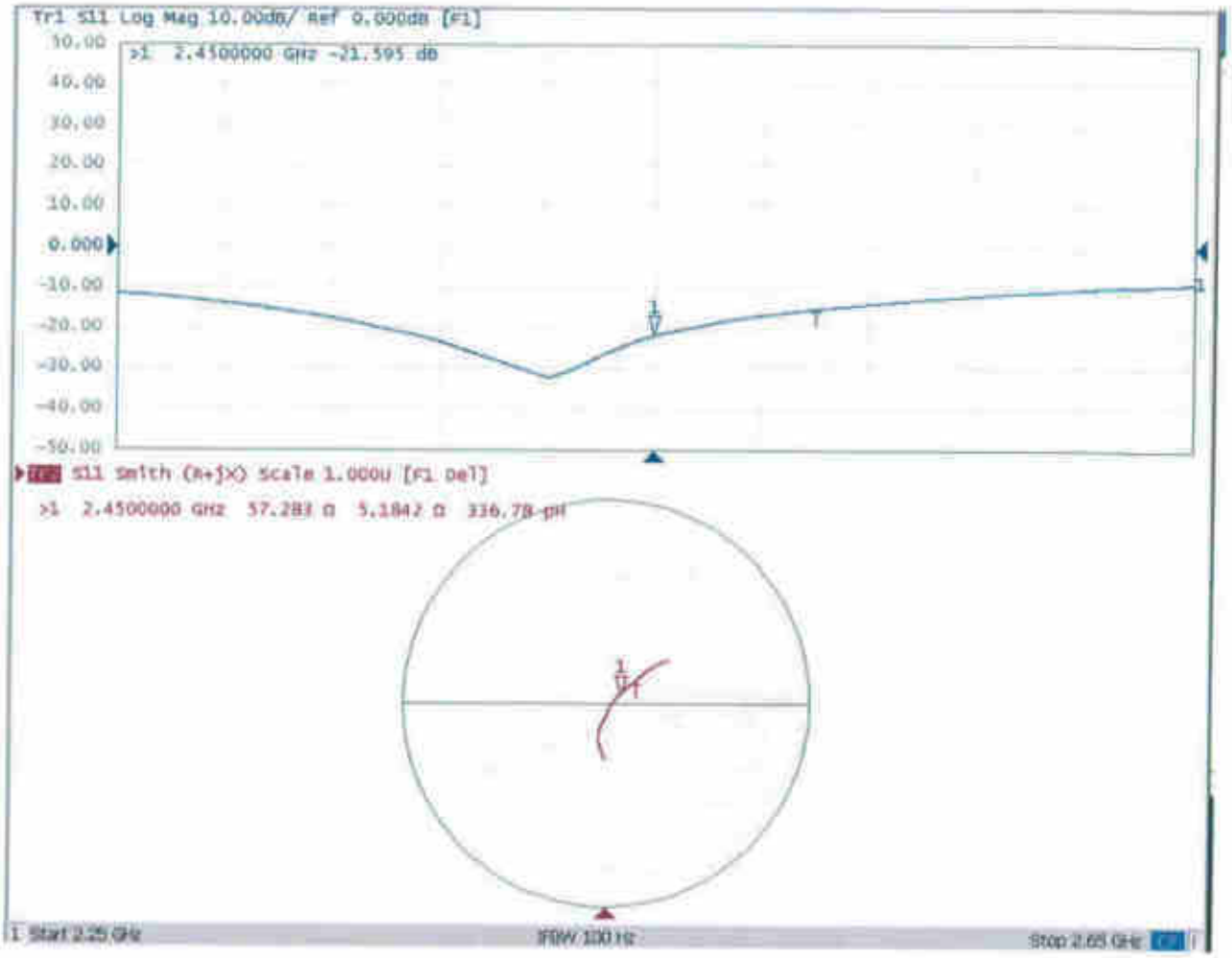
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Date: 03.25.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.003 S/m; ε_r = 53.78; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

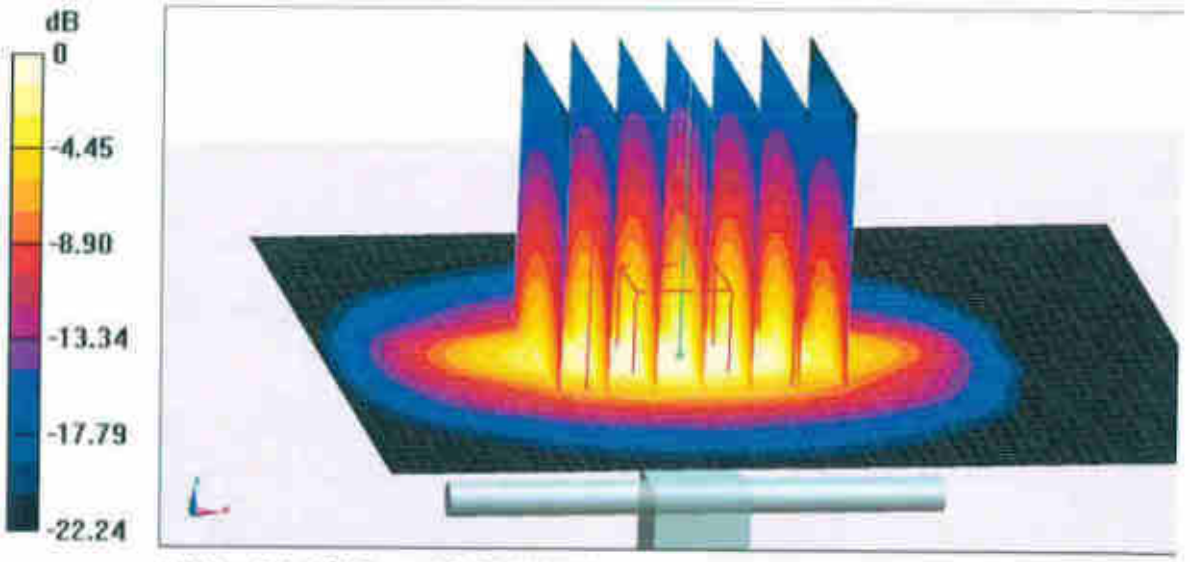
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.91 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



0 dB = 21.4 W/kg = 13.30 dBW/kg

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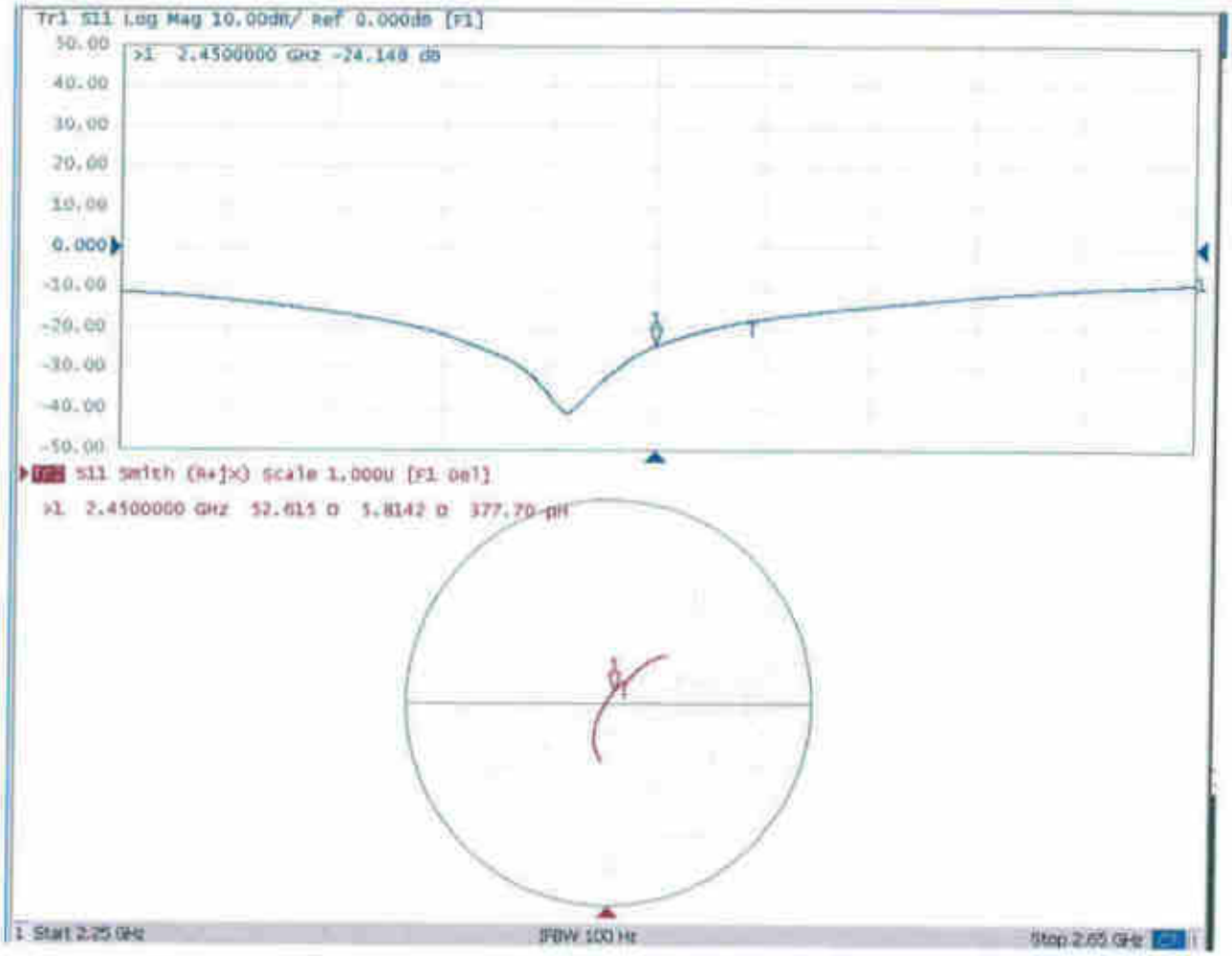
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



D2450V2, Serial No. 908 Extended Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664 D01 v01r02, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended.

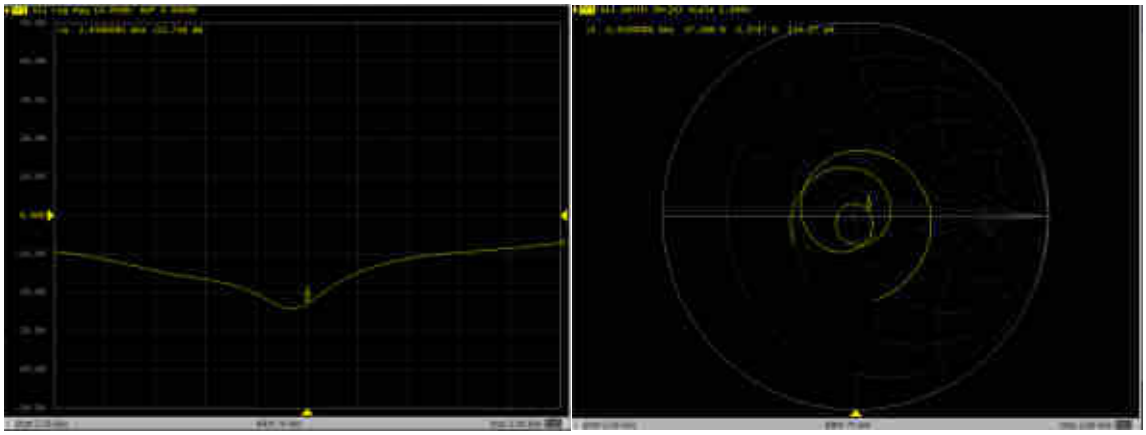
2450V2 – serial no. 908												
	2450 Head						2450 Body					
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2019.3.25	-21.6		57.3		5.2		-24.1		52.6		5.8	
2020.3.24	-22.7	-0.05	57.5	-0.18	2.4	2.81	-26.1	-0.08	55.01	-2.40	1.493	4.32

<Justification of the extended calibration>

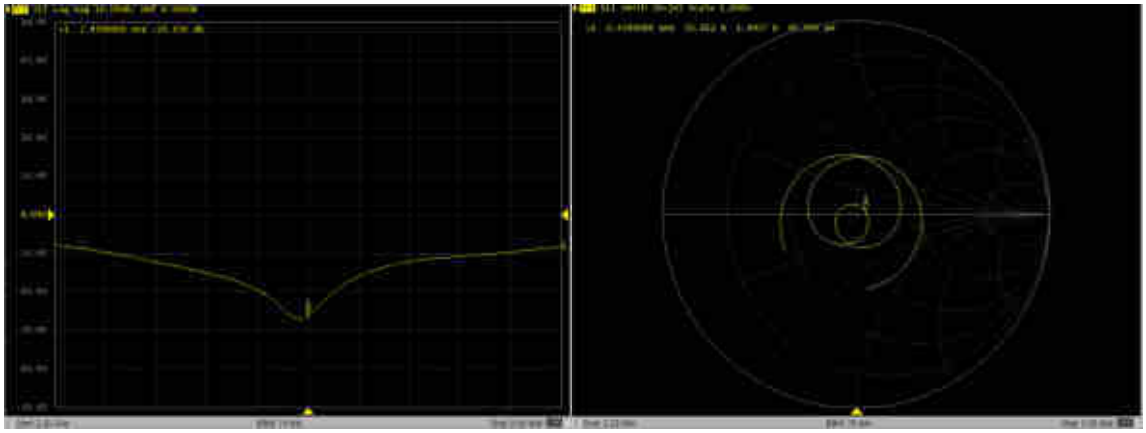
The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.

Dipole Verification Data> D2450V2, serial no. 908

2450MHz – Head



2450MHz – Body



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client Sporton

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1113_Sep19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D5GHzV2 - SN:1113
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v4 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GHz
Calibration date:	September 24, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	25-Mar-19 (No. EX3-3503_Mar19)	Mar-20
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 25, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	4.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**80.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**83.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	5.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**80.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**22.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω - 6.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.0 Ω - 2.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.7 Ω - 1.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.195 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Date: 24.09.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.53 S/m; ε_r = 35.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3 ,
Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 4.88 S/m; ε_r = 34.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3 ,
Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.03 S/m; ε_r = 34.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4) @ 5250 MHz, ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 25.03.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

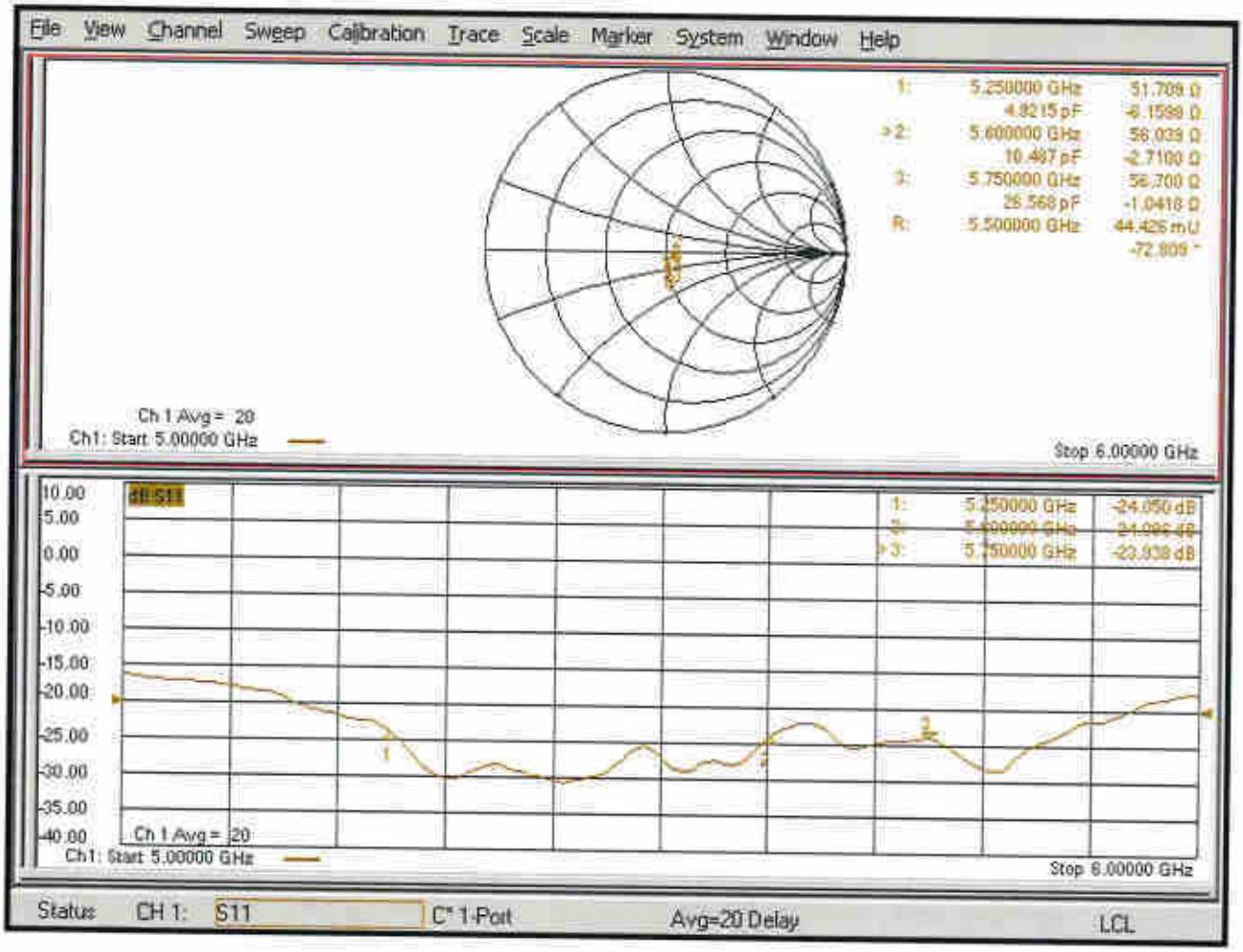
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 78.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 78.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.40 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.40 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 75.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.30 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

0 dB = 18.1 W/kg = 12.58 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client Sporton

Certificate No: DAE4-690_Mar20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 690
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v30 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	March 26, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Sven Kühn	Deputy Manager	

Issued: March 26, 2020

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Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.708 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.320 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.284 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98091 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99691 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.93809 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	34.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200033.46	0.84	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20008.04	2.81	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20004.44	1.63	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200033.01	0.28	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20004.74	-0.31	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20006.65	-0.48	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200032.64	-2.81	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20006.13	1.16	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20004.98	1.17	-0.01

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.43	-0.43	-0.02
Channel X	+ Input	200.02	-0.96	-0.48
Channel X	- Input	-198.74	0.19	-0.09
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.49	0.62	0.03
Channel Y	+ Input	200.61	-0.27	-0.13
Channel Y	- Input	-200.64	-1.61	0.81
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.03	0.27	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.69	-0.18	-0.09
Channel Z	- Input	-199.00	0.18	-0.09

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	14.15	12.87
	- 200	-12.83	-14.22
Channel Y	200	2.88	2.89
	- 200	-4.30	-4.61
Channel Z	200	0.04	0.39
	- 200	-0.98	-1.01

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-2.69	-2.68
Channel Y	200	7.95	-	-0.72
Channel Z	200	6.90	5.66	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16115	16314
Channel Y	16039	16490
Channel Z	16004	15469

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.25	-1.26	1.64	0.55
Channel Y	-0.70	-1.97	1.10	0.51
Channel Z	1.51	-0.80	2.84	0.58

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

7Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton**

Certificate No: **EX3-3843_Sep19**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3843

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: September 26, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 1, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3843

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.34	0.35	0.25	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	110.9	96.1	101.1	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	134.1	±3.8 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		146.5		
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.2		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3843

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-34.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3843

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

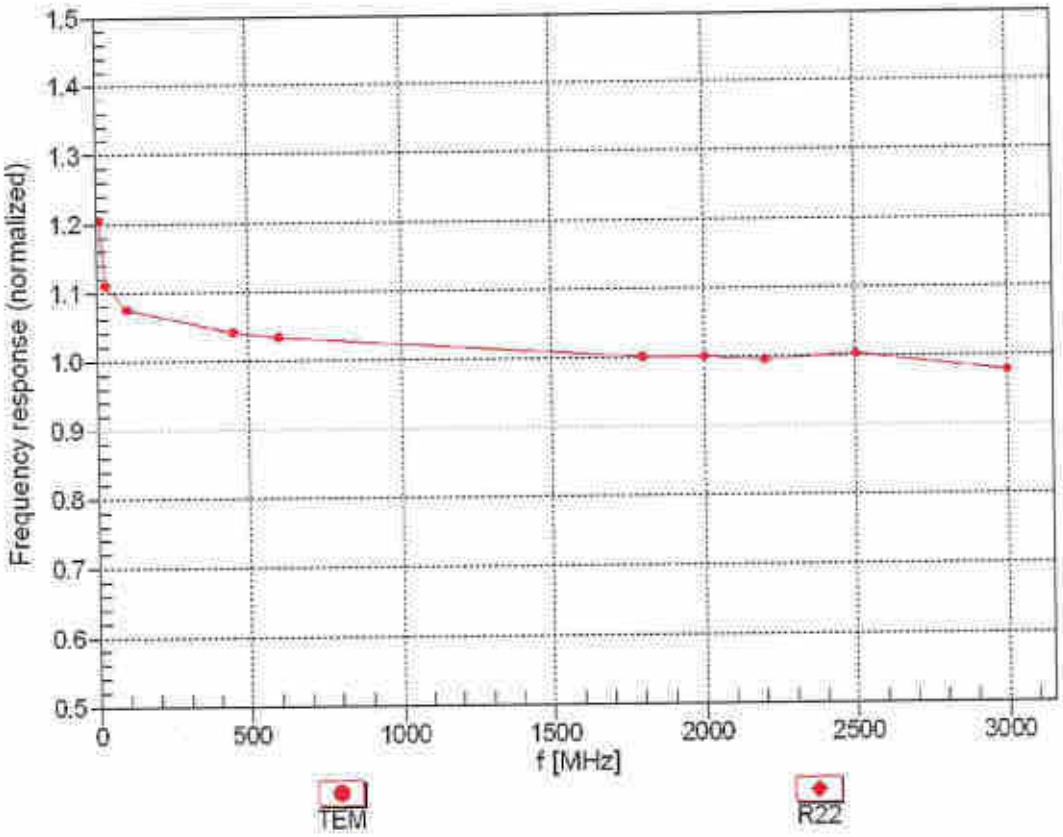
f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.37	9.37	9.37	0.50	0.87	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.07	9.07	9.07	0.43	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.92	8.92	8.92	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.95	7.95	7.95	0.34	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.67	7.67	7.67	0.32	0.87	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.34	0.87	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.30	7.30	7.30	0.26	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.35	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.43	0.80	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.74	4.74	4.74	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.47	4.47	4.47	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.40	1.80	± 14.0 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

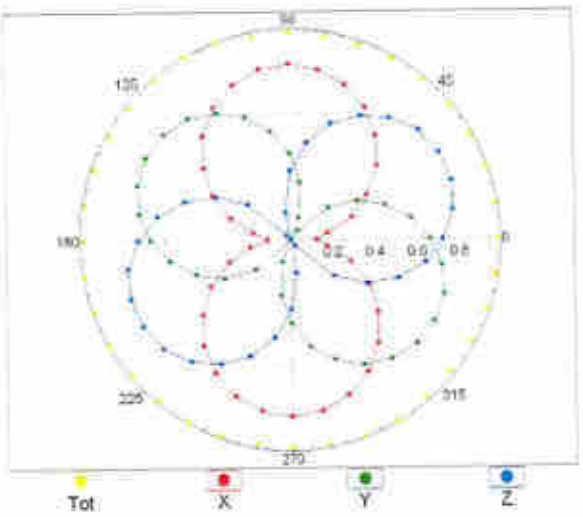
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



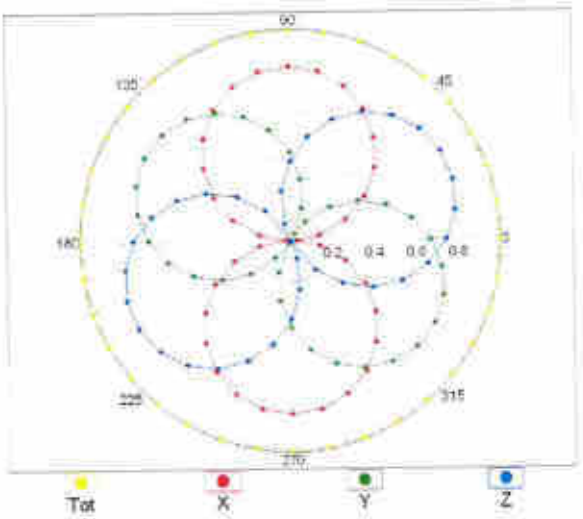
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

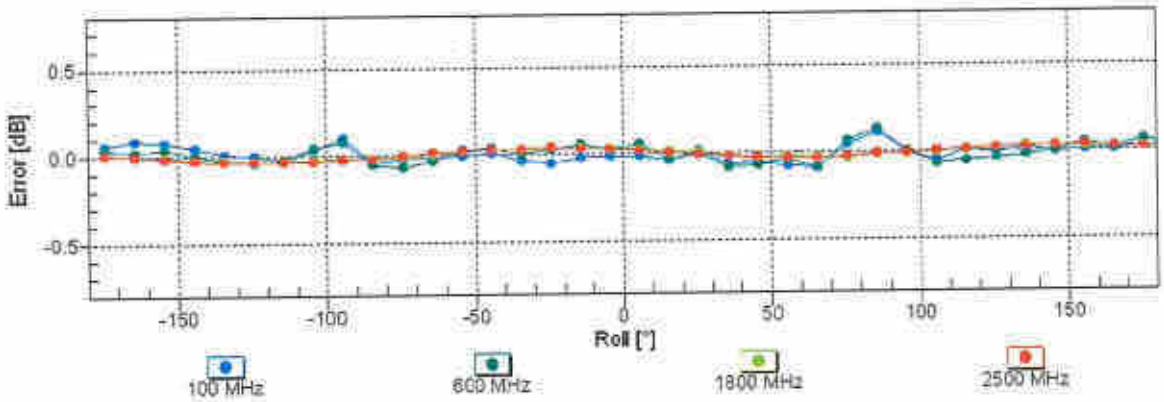
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



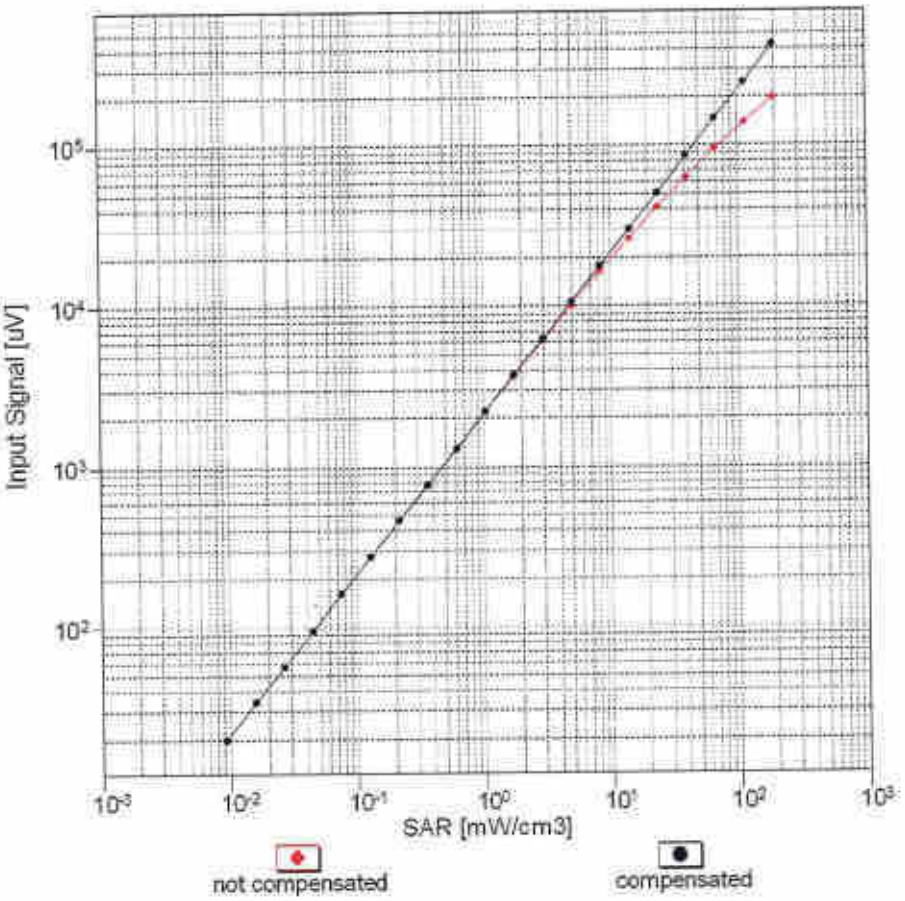
f=1800 MHz,R22

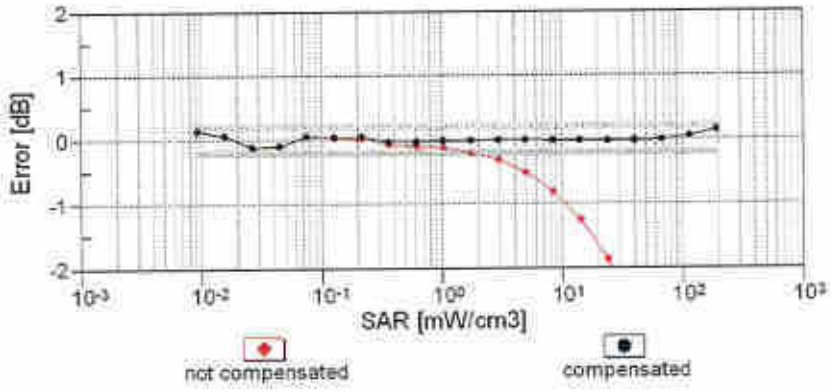




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

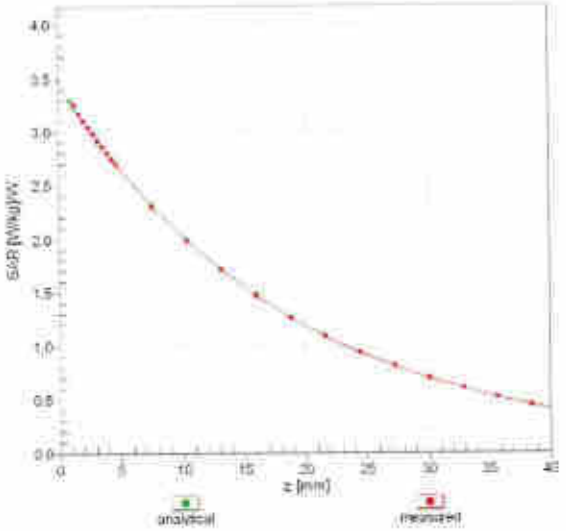




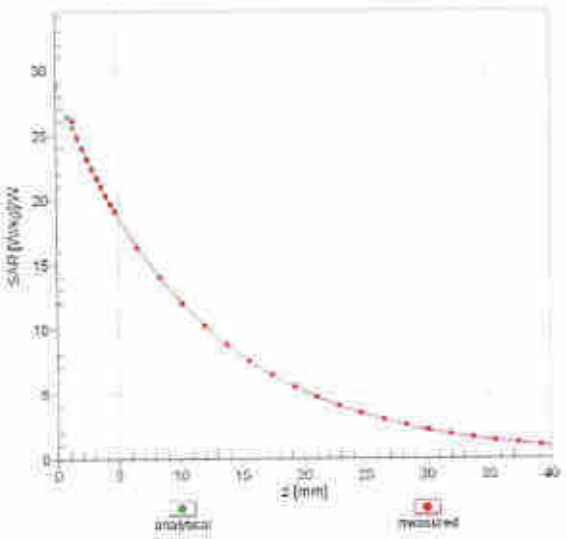
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

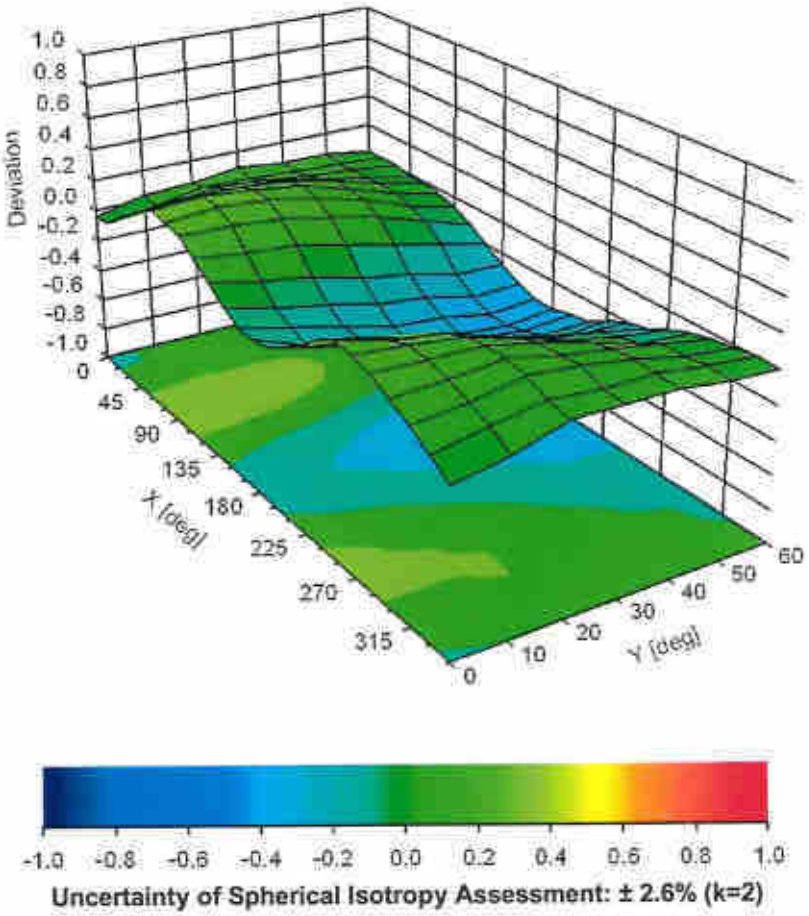


f = 1900 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Appendix E. Conducted RF Output Power Table

The detailed power tables are shown as follows.

2.4GHz WLAN	Ant 1					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	15.36	15.50	100.00
		6	2437	15.25	15.50	
		11	2462	14.94	15.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	14.45	15.00	95.64
		6	2437	14.67	15.00	
		11	2462	13.44	13.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	12.51	13.00	95.34
		6	2437	14.57	15.00	
		11	2462	10.84	11.00	

2.4GHz WLAN	Ant 2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	15.26	15.50	100.00
		6	2437	15.33	15.50	
		11	2462	15.08	15.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	13.90	15.00	95.64
		6	2437	14.71	15.00	
		11	2462	12.85	13.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	12.02	13.00	95.32
		6	2437	14.69	15.00	
		11	2462	10.43	11.00	

2.4GHz WLAN	Ant 1+2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	18.32	18.50	100.00
		6	2437	18.30	18.50	
		11	2462	18.02	18.50	
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	17.20	18.00	95.64
		6	2437	17.70	18.00	
		11	2462	16.17	16.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412	15.28	16.00	95.34
		6	2437	17.64	18.00	
		11	2462	10.43	14.00	

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	11.89	13.00	96.62
		40	5200	11.90	13.00	
		44	5220	12.00	13.00	
		48	5240	12.07	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.86	13.00	95.68
		40	5200	11.77	13.00	
		44	5220	11.91	13.00	
		48	5240	11.97	13.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	10.13	10.50	92.91
		46	5230	12.96	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.91	13.00	95.36
		40	5200	11.89	13.00	
		44	5220	11.97	13.00	
		48	5240	12.06	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	10.13	10.50	92.31
		46	5230	13.00	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	3.48	3.50	85.79

5GHz WLAN	Ant 2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	11.81	13.00	95.98
		40	5200	11.89	13.00	
		44	5220	12.01	13.00	
		48	5240	11.90	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.80	13.00	95.00
		40	5200	11.84	13.00	
		44	5220	11.85	13.00	
		48	5240	11.80	13.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	9.90	10.50	91.61
		46	5230	12.64	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	11.81	13.00	95.36
		40	5200	11.86	13.00	
		44	5220	11.94	13.00	
		48	5240	11.91	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	9.92	10.50	91.61
		46	5230	12.90	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	2.66	3.50	86.25

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1+2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	14.86	16.00	95.98
		40	5200	14.90	16.00	
		44	5220	15.01	16.00	
		48	5240	14.99	16.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180	14.84	16.00	95.00
		40	5200	14.82	16.00	
		44	5220	14.89	16.00	
		48	5240	14.90	16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	13.03	13.50	91.61
		46	5230	15.81	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180	14.87	16.00	95.36
		40	5200	14.88	16.00	
		44	5220	14.96	16.00	
		48	5240	14.99	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190	13.04	13.50	91.61
		46	5230	15.96	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	6.10	6.50	86.25

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	11.93	13.00	96.62
		56	5280	11.67	13.00	
		60	5300	11.63	13.00	
		64	5320	11.47	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.77	13.00	95.68
		56	5280	11.55	13.00	
		60	5300	11.44	13.00	
		64	5320	11.41	13.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	12.68	13.00	92.91
		62	5310	5.80	6.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.82	13.00	95.36
		56	5280	11.69	13.00	
		60	5300	11.56	13.00	
		64	5320	11.43	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	12.70	13.00	92.31
		62	5310	5.83	6.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	3.45	3.50	85.79

5GHz WLAN	Ant 2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	11.82	13.00	95.98
		56	5280	11.87	13.00	
		60	5300	12.00	13.00	
		64	5320	11.86	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.73	13.00	95.00
		56	5280	11.78	13.00	
		60	5300	11.83	13.00	
		64	5320	11.75	13.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	12.55	13.00	91.61
		62	5310	5.86	6.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	11.79	13.00	95.36
		56	5280	11.86	13.00	
		60	5300	11.83	13.00	
		64	5320	11.75	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	12.63	13.00	91.61
		62	5310	5.94	6.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	2.68	3.50	86.25

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1+2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.3GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	14.88	16.00	95.98
		56	5280	14.78	16.00	
		60	5300	14.83	16.00	
		64	5320	14.68	16.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.76	16.00	95.00
		56	5280	14.68	16.00	
		60	5300	14.65	16.00	
		64	5320	14.60	16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	15.63	16.00	91.61
		62	5310	8.84	9.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	14.81	16.00	95.36
		56	5280	14.78	16.00	
		60	5300	14.70	16.00	
		64	5320	14.60	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	15.67	16.00	91.61
		62	5310	8.89	9.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	6.09	6.50	86.25

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	10.88	11.50	96.62
		116	5580	10.75	11.50	
		124	5620	10.97	11.50	
		132	5660	10.70	11.50	
		140	5700	10.75	11.50	
		144	5720	10.91	11.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	10.61	11.50	95.68
		116	5580	10.70	11.50	
		124	5620	10.80	11.50	
		132	5660	10.60	11.50	
		140	5700	10.57	11.50	
		144	5720	10.78	11.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	8.83	10.00	92.91
		110	5550	9.96	11.50	
		126	5630	10.35	11.50	
		134	5670	10.31	11.50	
		142	5710	10.34	11.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	10.69	11.50	95.36
		116	5580	10.79	11.50	
		124	5620	10.97	11.50	
		132	5660	10.73	11.50	
		140	5700	10.80	11.50	
		144	5720	10.92	11.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	8.74	10.00	92.31
		110	5550	10.47	11.50	
		126	5630	10.50	11.50	
		134	5670	10.43	11.50	
		142	5710	10.44	11.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	6.49	8.00	85.79
		122	5610	10.74	11.00	
		138	5690	10.54	11.00	

5GHz WLAN	Ant 2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	10.73	11.50	95.98
		116	5580	10.76	11.50	
		124	5620	10.75	11.50	
		132	5660	10.70	11.50	
		140	5700	11.10	11.50	
		144	5720	11.20	11.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	10.66	11.50	95.00
		116	5580	10.64	11.50	
		124	5620	10.60	11.50	
		132	5660	10.53	11.50	
		140	5700	10.94	11.50	
		144	5720	10.84	11.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	9.57	10.00	91.61
		110	5550	10.19	11.50	
		126	5630	10.00	11.50	
		134	5670	9.96	11.50	
		142	5710	9.89	11.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	10.69	11.50	95.36
		116	5580	10.67	11.50	
		124	5620	10.66	11.50	
		132	5660	10.64	11.50	
		140	5700	11.02	11.50	
		144	5720	11.05	11.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	9.54	10.00	91.61
		110	5550	10.13	11.50	
		126	5630	10.20	11.50	
		134	5670	9.98	11.50	
		142	5710	10.00	11.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	7.25	8.00	86.25
		122	5610	10.12	11.00	
		138	5690	9.98	11.00	

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1+2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	13.81	14.50	95.98
		116	5580	13.76	14.50	
		124	5620	13.87	14.50	
		132	5660	13.71	14.50	
		140	5700	13.94	14.50	
		144	5720	14.07	14.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500	13.65	14.50	95.00
		116	5580	13.68	14.50	
		124	5620	13.71	14.50	
		132	5660	13.58	14.50	
		140	5700	13.77	14.50	
		144	5720	13.82	14.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	12.23	13.00	91.61
		110	5550	13.21	14.50	
		126	5630	13.19	14.50	
		134	5670	13.15	14.50	
		142	5710	13.13	14.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500	13.70	14.50	95.36
		116	5580	13.74	14.50	
		124	5620	13.82	14.50	
		132	5660	13.69	14.50	
		140	5700	13.92	14.50	
		144	5720	13.94	14.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510	12.17	13.00	91.61
		110	5550	13.31	14.50	
		126	5630	13.36	14.50	
		134	5670	13.22	14.50	
		142	5710	13.23	14.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	9.90	11.00	86.25
		122	5610	13.45	14.00	
		138	5690	13.28	14.00	

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	11.93	13.00	96.62
		157	5785	12.14	13.00	
		165	5825	11.74	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	11.87	13.00	95.68
		157	5785	11.98	13.00	
		165	5825	11.63	13.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	11.81	13.00	92.91
		159	5795	11.83	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	11.93	13.00	95.36
		157	5785	12.10	13.00	
		165	5825	11.74	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	11.86	13.00	92.31
		159	5795	11.83	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	11.20	12.00	85.79

5GHz WLAN	Ant 2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	12.63	13.00	95.98
		157	5785	12.59	13.00	
		165	5825	12.66	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	12.56	13.00	95.00
		157	5785	12.54	13.00	
		165	5825	12.32	13.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	12.64	13.00	91.61
		159	5795	12.76	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	12.64	13.00	95.36
		157	5785	12.59	13.00	
		165	5825	12.33	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	12.04	13.00	91.61
		159	5795	12.17	13.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	10.84	12.00	86.25

5GHz WLAN	Ant 1+2					
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	15.30	16.00	95.98
		157	5785	15.38	16.00	
		165	5825	15.23	16.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	15.24	16.00	95.00
		157	5785	15.26	16.00	
		165	5825	15.00	16.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	15.26	16.00	91.61
		159	5795	15.33	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	15.31	16.00	95.36
		157	5785	15.36	16.00	
		165	5825	15.05	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	14.96	16.00	91.61
		159	5795	15.01	16.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	14.03	15.00	86.25

BT BR/EDR

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	
			1Mbps	Tune-up Limit
BR / EDR	CH00	2402	4.60	6.00
	CH39	2441	3.76	5.00
	CH79	2480	5.75	7.00

BT BR/EDR

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			2Mbps	3Mbps	Tune-up Limit
BR / EDR	CH00	2402	1.28	1.49	2.00
	CH39	2441	0.25	0.36	2.00
	CH79	2480	2.53	2.61	3.00

BT LE 4.0

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
LE	CH00	2402	0.69
	CH19	2440	-0.59
	CH39	2480	0.85
Tune-up Limit			1.50

BT LE 5.0

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			1Mbps
LE	CH00	2402	0.87
	CH19	2440	-0.42
	CH39	2480	1.08
Tune-up Limit			1.50