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Rev.01

Page : 1 of 79

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

SZEM1709009959RG **Application No:**

Hisense International Co., Ltd. Applicant: Manufacturer: Hisense Communications Co., Ltd. Hisense Communications Co., Ltd. **Factory:**

Product Name: Mobile Phone Model No.(EUT): Hisense F24 Trade Mark: Hisense

FCC ID: 2ADOBF24

ee.shenzhen@sgs.com

Standards: FCC 47CFR §2.1093

Date of Receipt: 2017-10-11

Date of Test: 2017-11-02 to 2017-11-09

Date of Issue: 2017-11-10 Test Result: PASS *

In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:

Derole yang

Derek Yang

Wireless Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 2 of 79

REVISION HISTORY

Revision Record				
Version	Chapter	Date	Modifier	Remark
01		2017-11-10		Original



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 3 of 79

TEST SUMMARY

Frequency Band	Maximum Reported SAR(W/kg)			
	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
GSM850	<0.10	0.10	0.25	
GSM1900	0.18	0.26	0.76	
WCDMA Band II	0.28	0.37	0.78	
WCDMA Band IV	0.18	0.24	0.61	
WCDMA Band V	<0.10	0.13	0.19	
LTE Band 2	0.32	0.38	0.97	
LTE Band 4	0.15	0.18	0.43	
LTE Band 5	0.10	0.13	0.18	
LTE Band 7	<0.10	0.40	1.15	
LTE Band 12	<0.10	0.11	0.14	
WI-FI (2.4GHz)	0.92	<0.10	0.21	
SAR Limited(W/kg)		1.6		
М	Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)			
Scenario	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
Sum SAR	1.24	0.47	1.36	
SPLSR	N/A	N/A	N/A	
SPLSR Limited	0.04			

Approved & Released by

Simon Ling

SAR Manager

Tested by

Evan Mi

SAR Engineer

Evan Mi



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 4 of 79

CONTENTS

1	GEN	ERAL INFORMATION	7	
	1.1	DETAILS OF CLIENT	7	
	1.2	TEST LOCATION		
	1.3	TEST FACILITY	8	
	1.4	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT	9	
	1.5	TEST SPECIFICATION	11	
	1.6	RF EXPOSURE LIMITS	11	
2	SAR	MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION	12	
	2.1	THE SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	12	
	2.2	ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE EX3DV4		
	2.3	DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS (DAE)		
	2.4	SAM TWIN PHANTOM		
	2.5	ELI PHANTOM		
	2.6	DEVICE HOLDER FOR TRANSMITTERS	_	
	2.7	MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE		
	2.7.1			
	2.7.2	· ·		
	2.7.3	•		
3	DES	CRIPTION OF TEST POSITION		
Ŭ				
	3.1	THE HEAD TEST POSITION		
	3.1.1			
	3.1.2			
	3.1.3	Provide the control of the control o		
	3.1.4			
	3.2	THE BODY TEST POSITION		
	3.2.1 3.2.2	, ,		
	3.2.2	Wireless Router exposure conditions	23	
4	SAR	SYSTEM VERIFICATION PROCEDURE	26	
	4.1	TISSUE SIMULATE LIQUID	26	
	4.1.1	Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid	26	
	4.1.2	Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid	27	
	4.2	SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION	28	
	4.2.1	Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations	29	
Th:-	4.2.2	Summary System Validation Result(s)	30	



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 5 of 79

	4.2.3	Detailed System validation Results	30
5	TEST	RESULTS AND MEASUREMENT DATA	31
	5.1 3	G SAR Test Reduction Procedure	31
	5.2	PERATION CONFIGURATIONS	31
	5.2.1	GSM Test Configuration	31
	5.2.2	WCDMA Test Configuration	32
	5.2.3	WiFi Test Configuration	38
	5.2.4	LTE Test Configuration	41
	5.2.5	DUT Antenna Locations	42
	5.2.6	EUT side for SAR Testing	42
	5.2.7	Stand-alone SAR test evaluation	43
	5.3 N	MEASUREMENT OF RF CONDUCTED POWER	44
	5.3.1	Conducted Power of GSM	44
	5.3.2	Conducted Power of WCDMA	45
	5.3.3	Conducted Power of LTE	47
	5.3.4	Conducted Power of WIFI and BT	57
	5.4 N	MEASUREMENT OF SAR DATA	58
	5.4.1	SAR Result of GSM850	58
	5.4.2	SAR Result of GSM1900	59
	<i>5.4.</i> 3	SAR Result of WCDMA II	60
	5.4.4	SAR Result of WCDMA IV	61
	5.4.5	SAR Result of WCDMA V	62
	5.4.6	SAR Result of LTE Band 2	63
	5.4.7	SAR Result of LTE Band 4	65
	5.4.8	SAR Result of LTE Band 5	66
	5.4.9	SAR Result of LTE Band 7	67
	<i>5.4.</i> 10	SAR Result of LTE Band 12	69
	5.4.11	SAR Result of WIFI	70
	5.5 N	MULTIPLE TRANSMITTER EVALUATION	71
	5.5.1	Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation	71
6	EQUIF	PMENT LIST	76
7	MEAS	UREMENT UNCERTAINTY	77
8	CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE78		
9	PHOTOGRAPHS78		
ΑF	PPENDIX	A: DETAILED SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS	79



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 6 of 79

APPENDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS	79
APPENDIX C: CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	79
APPENDIX D: PHOTOGRAPHS	79



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 7 of 79

1 General Information

1.1 Details of Client

Applicant:	Hisense International Co., Ltd.		
Address:	Floor 22, Hisense Tower, 17 Donghai Xi Road, Qingdao, 266071, China		
Manufacturer:	Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.		
Address:	218 Qianwangang Road, Economic & Technological Development Zone, Qingdao, Shandong Province, P.R. China		
Factory:	Hisense Communications Co., Ltd.		
Address:	218 Qianwangang Road, Economic & Technological Development Zone, Qingdao, Shandong Province, P.R. China		

1.2 Test Location

Company: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch

Address: No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Post code: 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594 E-mail: ee.shenzhen@sgs.com



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 8 of 79

1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

• A2LA (Certificate No. 3816.01)

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA). Certificate No. 3816.01.

VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

FCC –Designation Number: CN1178

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been recognized as an accredited testing laboratory.

Designation Number: CN1178. Test Firm Registration Number: 406779.

• Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers and the 10m Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1, 4620C-2, 4620C-3.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 9 of 79

1.4 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Mobile Phone				
Model No.(EUT):	Hisense F24				
Trade Mark:	Hisense				
Product Phase:	production unit				
Device Type :	portable device				
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environr	ment / general population			
FCC ID:	2ADOBF24				
Serial number:		GEMRMRIN9PRWSCJN/79NFEELN5DQG6HZT/FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB /9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB/4575D6PFPZFM5H75			
Hardware Version:	V1.00				
Software Version:	L1447.4.01.01.MX05				
Antenna Type:	Inner Antenna				
Device Operating Configu	urations :				
Modulation Mode:		WCDMA: QPSK; LTE:QPSk BT: GFSK, π/4DQPSK,8DP			
Device Class:	В				
GPRS Multi-slots Class:	12	EGPRS Multi-slots Class:	12		
HSDPA UE Category:	14	HSUPA UE Category	6		
DC-HSDPA UE Category:	24				
	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)		
	GSM850	824-849	869-894		
	GSM1900	1850-1910	1930-1990		
	WCDMA V	824-849	869-894		
	WCDMA IV	1710-1755	2110- 2155		
	WCDMA II	1850-1910	1930-1990		
Frequency Bands:	LTE Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990		
	LTE Band 4	1710-1755	2110- 2155		
	LTE Band 5	824-849	869-894		
	LTE Band 7	2500-2570	2620- 2690		
	LTE Band 12	699-716	729-746		
	WIFI	2412-2462	2412-2462		
	BT	2402-2480	2402-2480		
	Model: LPN385340				
	Normal Voltage: 3.85V				
Battery Information:	Rated capacity: 3400mAh				
	Battery Type: INTERNA Rechargeable Li-polymer Battery				
	Manufacturer: NingBo VeKen Battery Co.,LTD.				

Remark:

According to the declaration from the applicant. Two kinds of configuration are different on the supplier of Memory and LCD. Therefore Main Supply is full tested. Considering the difference, we are tested the worst case on Secondary Supply. Main Supply and Secondary Supply difference is as below:



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 10 of 79

Main Supply			Secondary Supply		
Part Name	Model Name	supplier	Part Name	Model Name	supplier
MEMORY	6EMCP16- EL3DT527-A01	Kingston	MEMORY	KMQE60013M-B318	SAMSUNG
LCD	TD-TCHP6016-1	China Display	LCD	TXDY600SAKPAB-14V3	TXD



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 11 of 79

1.5 Test Specification

Identity	Document Title		
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices		
IEEE Std C95.1 – 1991	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.		
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01	3G SAR Measurement Procedures		
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05	SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES		
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02	SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS		
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01	SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities		
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets		
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06	Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies		
KDB447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01	OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C Cross-Reference		
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz		
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02	RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations		

1.6 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Notes:

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)

^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

^{**} The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

^{***} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 12 of 79

2 SAR Measurements System Configuration

2.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

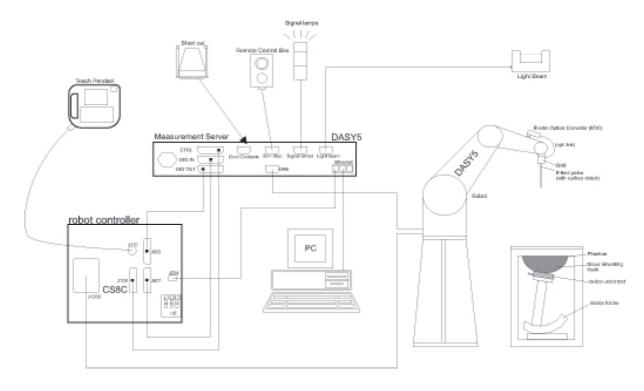
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 13 of 79

- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

2.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 <u>calibration service</u> available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



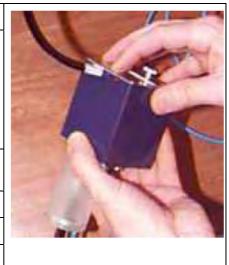
Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 14 of 79

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3,DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



2.4 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 15 of 79

2.5 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)		
Liquid	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue		
Compatibility simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)			
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)		
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm		
Dilliensions	Minor axis: 400 mm		
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters		
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table		



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 16 of 79

2.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 17 of 79

2.7 Measurement procedure

2.7.1 Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm*30mm*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (≤2GHz)and 7x7x7 points (≥2GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 18 of 79

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1°	20°±1°
			≤2 GHz; ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz; ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan sp	atial resol	ution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above must be ≤ the corresponding device with at least one
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	olution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤2 GHz: ≤8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zeom} (n)	≤5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 19 of 79

2.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE3". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

2.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factorDiode compression pointDcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf Media parameters: - Conductivity

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

3

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V\iota = U\iota + U\iota^2 \cdot c f / d c p_I$$

With Vi =compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E\iota = (V\iota / Norm\iota \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 20 of 79

 $Ht = (Vt)^{1/2} \cdot (at0 + at1 f + at2 f^2) / f$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I (i = x, y)

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ε= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 \frac{1}{3770} \,_{Of} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 21 of 79

3 Description of Test Position

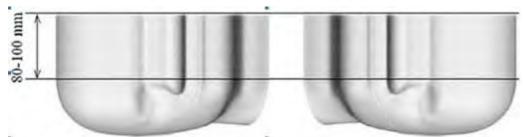
3.1 The Head Test Position

3.1.1 SAM Phantom Shape

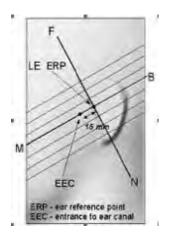


F-3. Front, back, and side views of SAM (model for the phantom shell). Full-head model is for illustration purposes only-procedures in this recommended practice are intended primarily for the phantom setup.

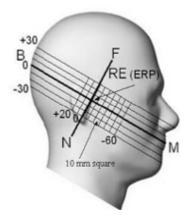
Note: The centre strip including the nose region has a different thickness tolerance.



F-4. Sagittally bisected phantom with extended perimeter (shown placed on its side as used for SAR measurements)



F-5. Close-up side view of phantom, showing the ear region, N-F and B-M lines, and seven cross-sectional plane locations



F-6. Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

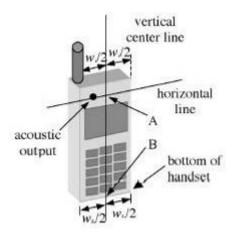


Report No.: SZEM170900995905

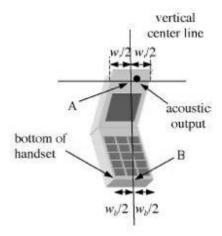
Rev.01

Page: 22 of 79

3.1.2 EUT constructions



F-7. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"fixed case"



F-8. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

3.1.3 Definition of the "cheek" position

- a) Position the device with the vertical centre line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom ("initial position"). While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical centre line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the centre of the ear piece with the line RE-LE. b) Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until telephone touches the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone
- telephone touches the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

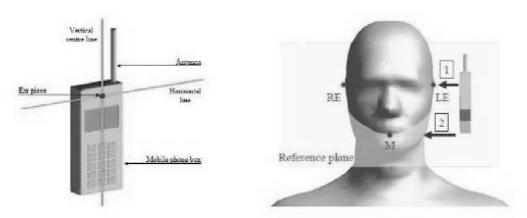
Rev.01

Page: 23 of 79

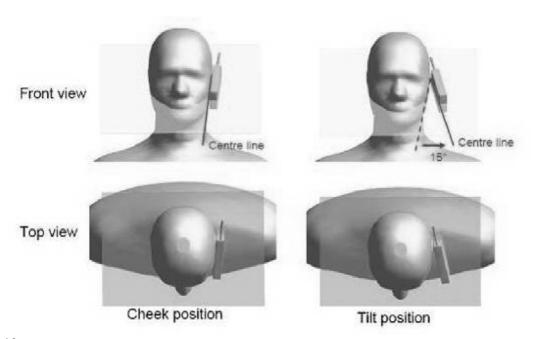
3.1.4 Definition of the "tilted" position

a) Position the device in the "cheek" position described above;

b) While maintaining the device in the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.



F-9. Definition of the reference lines and points, on the phone and on the phantom and initial position



F-10. "Cheek" and "tilt" positions of the mobile phone on the left side



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 24 of 79

3.2 The Body Test Position

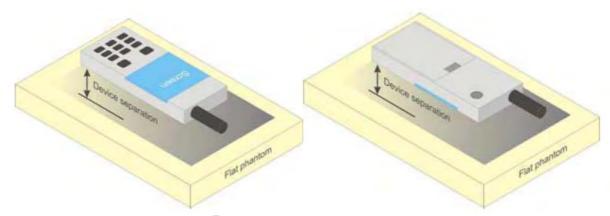
3.2.1 Body-worn accessory exposure conditions

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



F-11. Test positions for body-worn devices



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 25 of 79

3.2.2 Wireless Router exposure conditions

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. For devices with form factors smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm is required.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 26 of 79

4 SAR System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

4.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)										
(% by weight)	450		835		1800-2000		2300-2700				
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body			
Water	38.56	51.16	40.30	50.75	55.24	70.17	55.00	68.53			
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.38	0.94	0.31	0.39	0.2	0.1			
Sucrose	56.32	46.78	57.90	48.21	0	0	0	0			
HEC	0.98	0.52	0.24	0	0	0	0	0			
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.18	0.10	0	0	0	0			
Tween	0	0	0	0	44.45	29.44	44.80	31.37			

Salt: $99^{+}\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: $98^{+}\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16\ M\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

Table 1: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 27 of 79

4.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in Table 2. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

Tissue	Measured Frequency	Target Tiss	sue (±5%)	Measure	d Tissue	Liquid Temp.	Measured
Type	(MHz)	٤r	σ(S/m)	ε _r	σ(S/m)	(℃)	Date
750 Head	750	41.9 (39.81~44)	0.89 (0.85~0.94)	43.089	0.878	22.1	2017/11/7
750 Body	750	55.5 (52.73~58.28)	0.96 (0.91~1.00)	56.833	0.96	22.1	2017/11/8
835 Head	835	41.5 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	42.422	0.898	22.1	2017/11/4
835 Body	835	55.2 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	53.853	0.986	22.1	2017/11/2
1750 Head	1750	40.1 (38.10~42.11)	1.37 (1.30~1.44)	40.342	1.323	22.2	2017/11/8
1750 Body	1750	53.4 (50.73~56.07)	1.49 (1.42~1.56)	53.127	1.547	22.2	2017/11/7
1900 Head	1900	40.0 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	41.171	1.437	22.3	2017/11/6
1900 Body	1900	53.3 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.237	1.51	22.3	2017/11/6
2450 Head	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	38.232	1.806	22	2017/11/9
2450 Body	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	50.79	1.938	22	2017/11/5
2600 Head	2600	39.0 (37.05~40.95)	1.96 (1.86~2.06)	39.385	2	22.1	2017/11/9
2600 Body	2600	52.50 (49.88~55.13)	2.16 (2.05~2.27)	50.335	2.127	22.1	2017/11/9

Table 2: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters



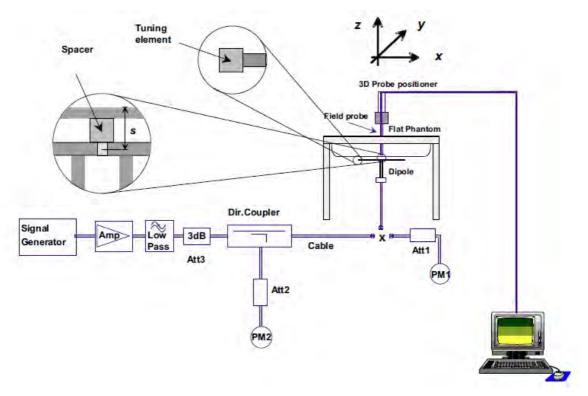
Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 28 of 79

4.2 SAR System Validation

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in F-12. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 3 (A power level of 250mw was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22±2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-12. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 29 of 79

4.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 30 of 79

4.2.2 Summary System Validation Result(s)

Validation Kit		Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR 250mW	Measured SAR (normalized to 1w)	Measured SAR (normalized to 1w)	Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1w) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)	, ,	
D750V2	Head	2.05	1.35	8.2	5.4	8.17 (7.35~8.99)	5.36 (4.82~5.9)	22.1	2017/11/7
D/50V2	Body	2.13	1.42	8.52	5.68	8.57 (7.71~9.43)	5.66 (5.09~6.23)	22.1	2017/11/8
D835V2	Head	2.46	1.61	9.84	6.44	9.59 (8.63~10.55)	6.29 (5.66~6.92)	22.1	2017/11/4
D033V2	Body	2.61	1.72	10.44	6.88	9.65 (8.69~10.62)	6.46 (5.81~7.11)	22.1	2017/11/2
D1750V2	Head	8.79	4.73	35.16	18.92	36.7 (33.03~40.37)	19.5 (17.55~21.45)	22.2	2017/11/8
D1750V2	Body	9.61	5.09	38.44	20.36	37 (33.30~40.70)	19.7 (17.73~21.67)	22.2	2017/11/7
D1900V2	Head	10.7	5.54	42.8	22.16	40.7 (36.63~44.77)	21.1 (18.99~23.21)	22.3	2017/11/6
D1900V2	Body	10.3	5.43	41.2	21.72	41.6 (37.44~45.76)	21.4 (19.26~23.54)	22.3	2017/11/6
D2450V2	Head	13.4	6.16	53.6	24.64	53.1 (47.79~58.41)	24.9 (22.41~27.39)	22	2017/11/9
D2430 V 2	Body	12.5	5.87	50	23.48	51.0 (45.9~56.1)	23.5 (21.15~25.85)	22	2017/11/5
D2600V2	Head	14.7	6.48	58.8	25.92	56.6 (50.94~62.26)	25.4 (22.86~27.94)	22.1	2017/11/9
D2000 V2	Body	13.1	5.93	52.4	23.72	54.2 (48.78~59.62)	24.3 (21.87~26.73)	22.1	2017/11/9

Table 3: SAR System Validation Result

4.2.3 Detailed System Validation Results

Please see the Appendix A



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 31 of 79

5 Test results and Measurement Data

5.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

According to KDB 941225D01 v03R01, in the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

5.2 Operation Configurations

5.2.1 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM 850 and GSM 1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 32 of 79

5.2.2 WCDMA Test Configuration

1) . Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2) . Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure

3). Body SAR

SAR for body configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

4) . HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

According to KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is \leq ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA

a) HSDPA

HSDPA is configured according to the applicable UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms and a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) are set according to values indicated in the following table The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 33 of 79

Sub-test	βc	Bd	βd(SF)	βc/βd	βhs	CM(dB)	MPR (dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0
2	12/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	12/15(3)	24/15	1.0	0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI= 8 Ahs = β hs/ β c=30/15 β hs=30/15* β c

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C,5.7A,and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A,and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK= 8 (Ahs=30/15) with β hs=30/15* β c,and \triangle CQI=

7 (Ahs=24/15) with β hs= $24/15*\beta$ c.

Note3: CM=1 for β c/ β d =12/15, β hs/ β c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

	,
Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI"s
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

Table 4: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 34 of 79

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter- TTI Interval	MaximumH S-DSCH Transport BlockBits/HS- DSCH TTI	Total Soft Channel Bits
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

Table 5: HSDPA UE category

b) HSUPA

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSUPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSUPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the "WCDMA Handset" and "Release 5 HSUPA Data Device" sections of 3G device.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 35 of 79

Sub -test₽	βee	β₄↔	β _d (SF) _e	β₀∕β⋳↔	β _{hs} (1	β _{ec} φ	β _{ed} ₽	β _e _e (SF)+2	βed↔ (code)↔	CM(2)+1 (dB)+2	MP R↓ (dB)↓	AG ⁽⁴)↔ Inde x↔	E- TFC I
1₽	11/15(3)+2	15/15(3)	64₽	11/15(3)+3	22/15	209/22 543	1039/225₽	4€	1₽	1.04	0.0	20₽	75₽
2₽	6/15₽	15/15∉	64₽	6/15₽	12/15₽	12/15₽	94/75₽	4₽	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	12 ₀	67₽
3₽	15/150	9/15	64₽	15/9₽	30/15₽	30/15	β _{ad1} :47/1 5 ₄ β _{ed2:47/1} 5 ₄	4.	2₽	2.0₽	1.0₽	15.0	92₽
4₽	2/15₽	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₄	4/15₽	2/15₽	56/75₽	4€	1₽	3.0₽	2.0₽	17₽	71₽
5₽	15/15(4)47	15/15(4)(3	64₽	15/15(4)43	30/15₽	24/15₽	134/15₽	4€	1€	1.0∉	0.0₽	21	81₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_{e} = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{ed}$

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d = 12/15, β_{hs}/β_c = 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3 : For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g₊¹

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Φ

Table 6: Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI(ms)	Minimum Speading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)	
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296	
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1 4502	
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592	
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185	
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00	
6	4	8	10	2SF2&2SF	11484	5.76	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	2	4	20000	2.00	
7	4	8	2	2SF2&2SF	22996	?	
(No DPDCH)	4	4	10	4	20000	?	

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM.(TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 7: HSUPA UE category

SGS

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch

Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 36 of 79

c) <u>DC-HSDPA</u>

SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable

A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:

- i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
- ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
- iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
- iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
- v. Set Gain Factors (β c and β d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
- a). Subtest 1: βc/βd=2/15
- b). Subtest 2: βc/βd=12/15
- c). Subtest 3: βc/βd=15/8
- d). Subtest 4: βc/βd=15/4
- vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
- viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
- ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

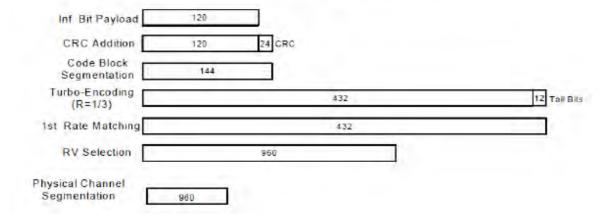
Page: 37 of 79

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

n	Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TT	I Distance	TTI's	1
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Informat	tion Bit Payload (N _{INF})	Bits	120
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1_
Binary C	Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Av	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding	Rate		0.15
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulat	ion		QPSK
Note 1: Note 2:	The RMC is intended to be use mode and both cells shall tran- parameters as listed in the tab Maximum number of transmiss retransmission is not allowed. constellation version 0 shall be	smit with identi le. sion is limited t The redundan	cal o 1, i.e.,





Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 38 of 79

5.2.3 WiFi Test Configuration

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more

The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.



5.2.3.1 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- 2) . When the reported SAR of the initial test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- 3) . For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested. a) Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 39 of 79

5.2.3.2 Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration.

When the *reported* SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

5.2.3.3 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- 1) . When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 3) . The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.
 - a)SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.
 - b) SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the *reported* SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested. i) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.
- 4) . SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximum output) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by recursively applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
 - a)replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
 - b) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations"



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 40 of 79

5.2.3.4 2.4 GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in following.

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) . When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) . When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) . When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) . When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 41 of 79

5.2.4 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})									
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20					
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz					
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1				
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2				

C) A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel b

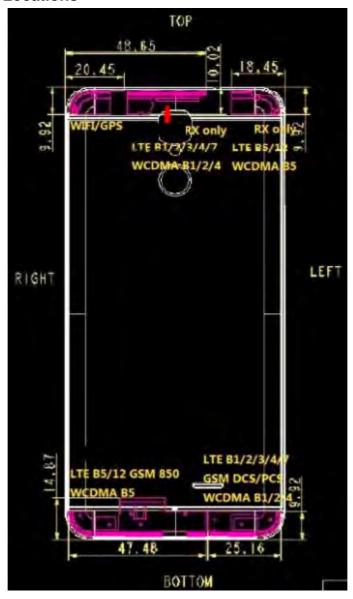


Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 42 of 79

5.2.5 DUT Antenna Locations



5.2.6 EUT side for SAR Testing

According to the distance between GSM/WCDMA/LTE/WIFI antennas and the sides of the EUT we can draw the conclusion that:

EUT Sides for SAR Testing									
Mode	Front Back Left Right Top								
GSM	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
WCDMA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
LTE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes			
Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No			

Table 8: EUT Sides for SAR Testing

Note: When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 43 of 79

5.2.7 Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Position	Average		Test Separation (mm)	Calculate Value	Exclusion Threshold	Exclusion (Y/N)
	2.45	Head	17.5	56.2	0	17.6	3	N
Wi-Fi		Body-worn	17.5	56.2	15	5.9	3	N
		hotspot	17.5	56.2	10	8.8	3	N
	2.48	Head	4.5	2.8	0	0.9	3	Υ
Bluetooth		Body-worn	4.5	2.8	15	0.3	3	Υ
		hotspot	4.5	2.8	10	0.4	3	Υ

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 44 of 79

5.3 Measurement of RF conducted Power

5.3.1 Conducted Power of GSM

				GS	M 850					
	Burst Outpu	t Power(d	Bm)		Tune	Division	Frame-Average Output Power(dBm)			Tune
Chann	nel	128	190	251	up	Factors	128	190	251	up
GSM(GMSK)	GSM	32.16	32.39	32.31	32.5	-9.19	22.97	23.2	23.12	23.31
	1 TX Slot	32.12	32.3	32.26	32.5	-9.19	22.93	23.11	23.07	23.31
GPRS/EGPRS	2 TX Slots	31.47	31.56	31.58	32	-6.18	25.29	25.38	25.4	25.82
(GMSK)	3 TX Slots	29.85	29.85	29.83	30	-4.42	25.43	25.43	25.41	25.58
	4 TX Slots	28.88	28.87	28.76	29	-3.17	25.71	25.7	25.59	25.83
	1 TX Slot	26.45	26.43	26.48	26.5	-9.19	17.26	17.24	17.29	17.31
EGPRS(8PSK)	2 TX Slots	25.43	25.41	25.44	25.5	-6.18	19.25	19.23	19.26	19.32
EGPRS(oPSR)	3 TX Slots	23.42	23.46	23.48	23.5	-4.42	19	19.04	19.06	19.08
-	4 TX Slots	22.24	22.19	22.31	22.5	-3.17	19.07	19.02	19.14	19.33
				GSI	M 1900					
	Burst Outpu	t Power(d	Bm)		Tune	Division	Frame-Average Output Power(dBm)			Tune
Chann	nel	512	661	810	up	Factors	512	661	810	up
GSM(GMSK)	GSM	29.84	29.87	29.91	30.5	-9.19	20.65	20.68	20.72	21.31
	1 TX Slot	29.83	29.86	29.92	30.5	-9.19	20.64	20.67	20.73	21.31
GPRS/EGPRS	2 TX Slots	29.13	29.19	29.22	29.5	-6.18	22.95	23.01	23.04	23.32
(GMSK)	3 TX Slots	27.38	27.37	27.39	27.5	-4.42	22.96	22.95	22.97	23.08
	4 TX Slots	26.29	26.4	26.45	26.5	-3.17	23.12	23.23	23.28	23.33
	1 TX Slot	26.12	26.24	26.29	26.5	-9.19	16.93	17.05	17.1	17.31
EGPRS(8PSK)	2 TX Slots	25.04	25.14	25.18	25.5	-6.18	18.86	18.96	19	19.32
EGPKS(OPSK)	3 TX Slots	22.89	22.98	23.12	23.5	-4.42	18.47	18.56	18.7	19.08
	4 TX Slots	21.42	21.49	21.63	22.5	-3.17	18.25	18.32	18.46	19.33

Table 9: Conducted Power of GSM Note:

1) . CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For SAR the time based average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal:

No. of timeslots	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.075
Time based avg. power compared to slotted avg. power	-9.19	-6.18	-4.42	-3.17

- 2) . The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:
- 3) Frame-averaged power = 10 x log (Burst-averaged power mW x Slot used / 8
- 4) . When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used
- 5) . SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 45 of 79

5.3.2 Conducted Power of WCDMA

	WCDMA Band II										
	Average Conduc	ted Power(dE	3m)								
Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune up						
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.39	23.23	23.47	23.5						
WCDIVIA	12.2kbps AMR	23.36	23.21	23.43	23.5						
	Subtest 1	22.43	22.16	22.46	22.5						
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.27	21.95	22.26	22.5						
HODPA	Subtest 3	21.67	21.39	21.7	22						
	Subtest 4	21.53	21.3	21.62	22						
	Subtest 1	21.4	21.08	21.46	22.5						
	Subtest 2	21.37	21.08	21.48	22.5						
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.36	21.08	21.49	22.5						
	Subtest 4	21.41	21.07	21.49	22.5						
	Subtest 5	21.39	21.07	21.47	22.5						
	Subtest 1	22.37	22.09	22.42	22.5						
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.23	21.89	22.2	22.5						
DC-HODPA	Subtest 3	21.58	21.35	21.62	22						
	Subtest 4	21.46	21.26	21.58	22						

	WCDMA	Band IV			
	Average Conduc	ted Power(de	3m)		
Channel		1312	1412	1513	Tune up
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.36	23.03	22.91	23.5
VVCDIVIA	12.2kbps AMR	23.34	23.01	22.88	23.5
	Subtest 1	22.48	22.47	22.29	22.5
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.47	22.21	22.07	22.5
ПЗДРА	Subtest 3	21.96	21.65	21.46	22
	Subtest 4	21.88	21.57	21.45	22
	Subtest 1	21.75	21.46	21.32	22.5
	Subtest 2	21.76	21.49	21.29	22.5
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.76	21.48	21.32	22.5
	Subtest 4	21.77	21.46	21.29	22.5
	Subtest 5	21.78	21.48	21.33	22.5
	Subtest 1	22.43	22.42	22.2	22.5
DC HSDBY	Subtest 2	22.38	22.15	21.98	22.5
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.89	21.59	21.37	22
	Subtest 4	21.82	21.52	21.38	22



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 46 of 79

	WCDMA	Band V								
Average Conducted Power(dBm)										
	Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune up					
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	23.11	23.4	23.22	23.5					
WCDIVIA	12.2kbps AMR	23.08	23.35	23.19	23.5					
	Subtest 1	22.39	22.34	22.44	22.5					
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.17	22.15	22.24	22.5					
HSDPA	Subtest 3	21.56	21.52	21.59	22					
	Subtest 4	21.56	21.49	21.57	22					
	Subtest 1	21.51	21.42	21.5	22.5					
	Subtest 2	21.45	21.41	21.56	22.5					
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.47	21.38	21.53	22.5					
	Subtest 4	21.46	21.37	21.54	22.5					
	Subtest 5	21.47	21.4	21.5	22.5					
	Subtest 1	22.32	22.28	22.4	22.5					
DC-HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.11	22.11	22.19	22.5					
DC-HODPA	Subtest 3	21.51	21.44	21.53	22					
	Subtest 4	21.5	21.43	21.52	22					

Table 10: Conducted Power of WCDMA

1) When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 47 of 79

5.3.3 Conducted Power of LTE

	LTE E	Band 2			Conducted	l Power(dBn	1)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 18607	Channel 18900	Channel 19193	Tune up
		1	0	22.9	23.05	23.04	23.5
		1	2	22.99	23.11	23.23	23.5
		1	5	22.9	23.05	22.94	23.5
	QPSK	3	0	23.01	23.16	23.18	23.5
		3	2	22.95	23.13	23.13	23.5
		3	3	22.99	23.28	23.16	23.5
1.4MHz		6	0	22.02	22.17	22.18	22.5
1.411172		1	0	22.19	22.3	22.32	22.5
		1	2	22.27	22.4	22.38	22.5
		1	5	22.17	22.28	22.32	22.5
	16QAM	3	0	22.03	22.15	22.18	22.5
		3	2	21.97	22.12	22.15	22.5
		3	3	22	22.12	22.27	22.5
		6	0	21.11	21.23	21.25	21.5
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Ballawiatii	Modulation	IND SIZE	IVD Ollset	18615	18900	19185	·
		1	0	22.88	23.04	23.05	23.5
		1	7	22.9	23.08	23.07	23.5
		1	14	22.86	23	23.01	23.5
	QPSK	8	0	22.04	22.2	22.2	22.5
		8	4	22.03	22.17	22.5	22.5
		8	7	22.01	22.18	22.08	22.5
3MHz		15	0	22	22.18	22.44	22.5
OWNIE		1	0	22.21	22.32	22.36	22.5
			1	7	22.22	22.36	22.46
		1	14	22.19	22.3	22.43	22.5
	16QAM	8	0	21.1	21.27	21.4	21.5
		8	4	21.09	21.23	21.26	21.5
		8	7	21.08	21.25	21.27	21.5
		15	0	21.04	21.2	21.2	21.5
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 18625	Channel 18900	Channel 19175	Tune up
		1	0	22.99	23.16	23.14	23.5
		1	13	22.97	23.14	23.04	23.5
		1	24	22.9	23.06	23.02	23.5
	QPSK	12	0	22.1	22.26	22.29	22.5
		12	6	22.09	22.25	22.27	22.5
		12	13	22.08	22.22	22.27	22.5
5MHz		25	0	22.05	22.22	22.24	22.5
31411 12		1	0	22.3	22.34	22.43	22.5
		1	13	22.26	22.36	22.42	22.5
	16QAM	1	24	22.2	22.27	22.36	22.5
		12	0	21.08	21.25	21.27	21.5
		12	6	21.07	21.22	21.26	21.5
		12	13	21.06	21.2	21.27	21.5
		25	0	21.04	21.19	21.23	21.5

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 48 of 79

Donalusialth	Modulation	DD oi=o	DD offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	18650	18900	19150	Tune up
		1	0	23.03	23.17	23.15	23.5
		1	25	22.97	23.13	23.32	23.5
		1	49	22.99	23.12	23.05	23.5
	QPSK	25	0	22.07	22.26	22.29	22.5
		25	13	22.06	22.21	22.26	22.5
		25	25	22.06	22.19	22.24	22.5
10MHz		50	0	22.09	22.27	22.25	22.5
1011112		1	0	22.36	22.46	22.46	22.5
		1	25	22.28	22.38	22.41	22.5
		1	49	22.29	22.38	22.44	22.5
	16QAM	25	0	21.09	21.24	21.26	21.5
		25	13	21.06	21.23	21.25	21.5
		25	25	21.08	21.2	21.24	21.5
		50	0	21.1	21.25	21.26	21.5
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danawidin	Modulation	ND 3120	TO Oliset	18675	18900	19125	rune up
		1	0	23.12	23.23	23.16	23.5
		1	38	23.05	23.14	23.12	23.5
		1	74	23.08	23.13	23.15	23.5
	QPSK	36	0	22.17	22.28	22.44	22.5
		36	18	22.13	22.26	22.45	22.5
		36	39	22.18	22.21	22.46	22.5
15MHz		75	0	22.16	22.25	22.41	22.5
1311112		1	0	22.4	22.43	22.45	22.5
		1	38	22.37	22.36	22.39	22.5
		1	74	22.36	22.41	22.47	22.5
	16QAM	36	0	21.19	21.29	21.27	21.5
		36	18	21.15	21.26	21.28	21.5
		36	39	21.2	21.22	21.26	21.5
		75	0	21.17	21.25	21.26	21.5
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
				18700	18900	19100	·
		1	0	23.32	23.21	23.26	23.5
		1	50	23.12	23.18	23.16	23.5
	0.7017	1	99	23.14	23.18	23.2	23.5
	QPSK	50	0	22.34	22.3	22.28	22.5
		50	25	22.22	22.25	22.26	22.5
		50	50	22.25	22.27	22.28	22.5
20MHz		100	0	22.28	22.23	22.27	22.5
		1	0	22.48	22.49	22.44	22.5
		1	50	22.42	22.42	22.43	22.5
	400 4 4	1 50	99	22.47	22.45	22.48	22.5
	16QAM	50	0	21.24	21.35	21.31	21.5
		50	25	21.22	21.32	21.28	21.5
		50	50	21.26	21.27	21.3	21.5
		100	0	21.24	21.29	21.29	21.5



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 49 of 79

	LTE B	and 4			Conducted P	Power(dBm)		
D	NA - de de di e e	DD -:	DD -#+	Channel	Channel	Channel	T	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	19957	20175	20393	Tune up	
		1	0	22.21	22.44	22.43	23.5	
		1	2	22.34	22.24	22.14	23.5	
		1	5	22.28	22.18	21.67	23.5	
	QPSK	3	0	22.36	22.02	21.92	23.5	
		3	2	22.33	22.2	21.84	23.5	
		3	3	22.37	22.37	21.98	23.5	
1.4MHz		6	0	21.38	21.19	20.96	22.5	
1.4111172		1	0	22.04	22.03	21.75	22.5	
		1	2	22.13	22.06	21.78	22.5	
		1	5	22.04	22.03	21.71	22.5	
	16QAM	3	0	21.88	21.91	21.59	22.5	
		3	2	21.86	21.84	21.59	22.5	
		3	3	21.87	21.88	21.7	22.5	
		6	0	20.87	20.89	20.57	21.5	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tuno un	
Bandwidth	Modulation	KD SIZE	KB oliset	19965	20175	20385	Tune up	
		1	0	22.84	22.78	22.86	23.5	
		1	7	22.58	22.83	22.64	23.5	
		1	14	22.11	22.75	22.18	23.5	
	QPSK	8	0	21.94	22.05	21.52	22.5	
		8	4	21.99	21.95	21.47	22.5	
		8	7	21.57	21.98	21.44	22.5	
3MHz		15	0	21.11	22.2	21.03	22.5	
JIVII IZ			1	0	21.68	22.01	21.79	22.5
		1	7	21.72	22.24	21.88	22.5	
		1	14	21.57	22.05	21.15	22.5	
	16QAM	8	0	20.33	21.2	20.69	21.5	
		8	4	20.39	21.03	20.2	21.5	
		8	7	20.5	20.65	19.67	21.5	
		15	0	20.08	20.63	19.86	21.5	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up	
Danawiatii	Woodiation	NB 3i20	TAB Olloct	19975	20175	20375	Tane up	
		1	0	22.35	22.02	22.32	23.5	
		1	13	22.35	22.26	21.97	23.5	
		1	24	22.31	22.27	21.93	23.5	
	QPSK	12	0	21.42	21.3	21	22.5	
		12	6	21.46	21.32	21.01	22.5	
		12	13	21.45	21.33	20.95	22.5	
5MHz		25	0	21.33	21.24	21.02	22.5	
		1	0	22.14	22.07	21.88	22.5	
		1	13	22.21	22.1	21.84	22.5	
		1	24	22.28	21.98	21.72	22.5	
	16QAM	12	0	20.89	20.89	20.65	21.5	
		12	6	20.89	20.89	20.61	21.5	
		12	13	20.89	20.84	20.56	21.5	
		25	0	20.84	20.83	20.66	21.5	

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 50 of 79

D 1 1 1 1 1 1	N 1 1 2	DD '	DD " '	Channel	Channel	Channel	_	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	20000	20175	20350	Tune up	
		1	0	22.45	22.2	22.27	23.5	
		1	25	22.43	22.33	22.09	23.5	
		1	49	22.4	22.2	21.95	23.5	
	QPSK	25	0	21.45	21.3	21.01	22.5	
		25	13	21.44	21.24	20.73	22.5	
		25	25	21.42	21.06	21.03	22.5	
400411		50	0	21.53	21.49	20.87	22.5	
10MHz		1	0	22.19	22.15	21.96	22.5	
		1	25	22.49	22.11	22.25	22.5	
		1	49	21.58	21.79	21.1	22.5	
	16QAM	25	0	20.48	21.17	20.88	21.5	
		25	13	21.05	20.93	20.81	21.5	
		25	25	20.74	21.24	20.59	21.5	
		50	0	20.43	20.8	20.39	21.5	
Dond: :: alti-	Modulation	RB size	DD offoot	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tuna	
Bandwidth	Modulation	KD SIZE	RB offset	20025	20175	20325	Tune up	
		1	0	23	23.06	22.84	23.5	
		1	38	22.57	22.9	22.72	23.5	
		1	74	22.39	22.43	21.8	23.5	
	QPSK	36	0	21.84	22.03	22.03	22.5	
		36	18	21.41	22.24	21.87	22.5	
		36	39	21.63	21.97	21.66	22.5	
15MHz		75	0	21.71	21.98	21.89	22.5	
13141112		1	0	22.28	22.24	22	22.5	
			1	38	22.19	22.19	21.89	22.5
			1	74	21.9	22.15	21.43	22.5
	16QAM	36	0	21.32	20.9	20.77	21.5	
		36	18	20.64	21.02	21	21.5	
		36	39	21.17	20.93	20.74	21.5	
		75	0	20.91	21.02	20.74	21.5	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up	
24.14.114.11	modulation	112 0.20	TAB GHOOK	20050	20175	20300	rano ap	
		1	0	22.98	22.96	22.97	23.5	
		1	50	22.94	22.93	22.71	23.5	
		1	99	22.89	22.76	22.6	23.5	
	QPSK	50	0	22.11	22.08	21.95	22.5	
		50	25	22.03	22.03	21.85	22.5	
		50	50	22.04	21.96	21.82	22.5	
20MHz		100	0	22.05	22.02	21.88	22.5	
		1	0	22.35	22.34	22.22	22.5	
		1	50	22.19	22.16	21.98	22.5	
		1	99	22.15	22.01	21.88	22.5	
	16QAM	50	0	21.01	20.96	20.83	21.5	
		50	25	20.95	20.93	20.73	21.5	
		50	50	20.92	20.82	20.71	21.5	
		100	0	20.93	20.89	20.73	21.5	



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 51 of 79

	LTE E	Band 5			Conducted	d Power(dBm	1)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Banawiatii	Modulation	110 3120	TED ONSOCE	20407	20525	20643	Turio up
		1	0	22.69	22.7	22.54	23
		1	2	22.76	22.78	22.6	23
		1	5	22.71	22.8	22.78	23
	QPSK	3	0	22.77	23.28	22.79	23
		3	2	22.76	22.85	22.78	23
		3	3	22.8	22.9	22.85	23
1.4MHz		6	0	21.82	21.8	21.66	22
1.411172		1	0	21.89	21.87	21.79	22
	16QAM	1	2	21.91	21.95	21.87	22
		1	5	21.84	21.88	21.82	22
		3	0	21.83	21.87	21.64	22
		3	2	21.81	21.84	21.63	22
		3	3	21.84	21.85	21.64	22
		6	0	20.81	20.83	20.64	21
Bandwidth	Modulation			Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Dandwidth	Modulation	110 3126	RB offset	20415	20525	20635	rune up
		1	0	22.67	22.7	22.49	23
		1	7	22.73	22.71	22.54	23
		1	14	22.69	22.62	22.51	23
	QPSK	8	0	21.85	21.84	21.67	22
		8	4	21.87	21.83	21.66	22
		8	7	21.85	21.81	21.7	22
3MHz		15	0	21.83	21.79	21.66	22
OIIII IZ		1	0	21.8	21.92	21.76	22
		1	7	21.86	21.91	21.8	22
		1	14	21.99	21.79	21.81	22
	16QAM	8	0	20.85	20.86	20.65	21
		8	4	20.84	20.86	20.63	21
		8	7	20.85	20.84	20.66	21
		15	0	20.79	20.76	20.58	21



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 52 of 79

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Danawiath	Modulation	RD SIZE	KD Ollset	20425	20525	20625	Tune up
		1	0	22.78	22.8	22.54	23
		1	13	22.8	22.75	22.69	23
		1	24	22.84	22.85	22.87	23
	QPSK	12	0	21.91	21.93	21.7	22
		12	6	21.91	21.88	21.69	22
		12	13	21.9	21.94	21.71	22
5MHz		25	0	21.84	21.79	21.67	22
SIVITZ		1	0	21.78	21.8	21.84	22
		1	13	21.88	21.84	21.85	22
		1	24	21.9	21.77	21.85	22
	16QAM	12	0	20.81	20.86	20.6	21
		12	6	20.83	20.83	20.59	21
		12	13	20.82	20.79	20.59	21
		25	0	20.76	20.75	20.56	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danuwium	Modulation	ND SIZE	IVD Ollset	20450	20525	20600	Turie up
		1	0	22.86	22.8	22.67	23
		1	25	22.81	22.8	22.53	23
		1	49	22.82	22.62	22.57	23
	QPSK	25	0	21.91	21.9	21.7	22
		25	13	21.88	21.83	21.64	22
		25	25	21.9	21.76	21.66	22
10MHz		50	0	21.9	21.87	21.7	22
TOWINZ		1	0	22.11	22.22	22.06	22
		1	25	22.12	22.18	21.8	22
		1	49	22.18	21.98	21.83	22
	16QAM	25	0	20.84	20.86	20.63	21
		25	13	20.8	20.79	20.54	21
		25	25	20.83	20.72	20.56	21
		50	0	20.83	20.82	20.61	21



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 53 of 79

	LTE B	and 7			Conducted P	ower(dBm)	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel 20775	Channel 21100	Channel 21425	Tune up
		1	0	20.22	20.29	20.44	21
		1	13	20.31	20.3	20.54	21
		1	24	20.3	20.25	20.56	21
	QPSK	12	0	19.28	19.31	19.53	20
		12	6	19.29	19.32	19.56	20
		12	13	19.33	19.3	19.61	20
ENALL-		25	0	19.25	19.26	19.51	20
5MHz		1	0	19.4	19.54	19.69	20
		1	13	19.52	19.55	19.77	20
		1	24	19.54	19.51	19.84	20
	16QAM	12	0	18.34	18.36	18.58	19
		12	6	18.36	18.36	18.62	19
		12	13	18.39	18.35	18.67	19
		25	0	18.31	18.3	18.56	19
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
bandwidth	Modulation	RD SIZE	RD Ollset	20800	21100	21400	Tune up
		1	0	20.23	20.3	20.41	21
		1	25	20.34	20.28	20.46	21
		1	49	20.53	20.32	20.61	21
	QPSK	25	0	19.26	19.25	19.38	20
		25	13	19.34	19.27	19.44	20
		25	25	19.4	19.26	19.52	20
10MHz		50	0	19.35	19.27	19.48	20
IUWINZ		1	0	19.42	19.56	19.67	20
		1	25	19.57	19.54	19.68	20
		1	49	19.75	19.54	19.85	20
	16QAM	25	0	18.31	18.31	18.43	19
		25	13	18.4	18.32	18.5	19
		25	25	18.45	18.32	18.58	19
		50	0	18.39	18.31	18.52	19



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 54 of 79

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danuwium	Wodulation	KD SIZE	KD Ollset	20825	21100	21375	Turie up
		1	0	20.43	20.22	20.17	21
		1	38	20.61	20.21	20.02	21
		1	74	20.89	20.3	20.29	21
	QPSK	36	0	19.49	19.21	19.07	20
		36	18	19.62	19.24	19.07	20
		36	39	19.89	19.24	19.16	20
15MHz		75	0	19.63	19.22	19.11	20
ISMITZ		1	0	19.65	19.5	19.44	20
		1	38	20	19.51	19.31	20
		1	74	20.21	19.58	19.57	20
	16QAM	36	0	18.59	18.31	18.16	19
		36	18	18.71	18.34	18.14	19
		36	39	18.87	18.35	18.24	19
		75	0	18.73	18.32	18.17	19
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Danuwium	Modulation	ND SIZE	IND Ollset	20850	21100	21350	Turie up
		1	0	20.71	20.38	20.64	21
		1	50	20.85	20.49	20.35	21
		1	99	20.88	20.69	20.68	21
	QPSK	50	0	19.77	19.44	19.43	20
		50	25	19.91	19.47	19.31	20
		50	50	19.93	19.52	19.39	20
20MHz		100	0	19.89	19.48	19.38	20
20141112		1	0	19.88	19.54	19.82	20
		1	50	19.96	19.71	19.54	20
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40.05	40.00	20
		1	99	19.98	19.85	19.83	20
	16QAM	1 50	0	19.98 18.81	19.85 18.46	19.83 18.44	19
	16QAM						
	16QAM	50	0	18.81	18.46	18.44	19



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 55 of 79

	LTE B	and 12		Co	nducted Pov	wer(dBm)	
Danduddh	Modulation	DD oizo	DR offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23017	23095	23173	Tune up
		1	0	22.53	22.59	22.52	23
		1	2	22.6	22.69	22.56	23
		1	5	22.53	22.64	22.59	23
	QPSK	3	0	22.62	22.69	22.89	23
		3	2	22.57	22.66	22.48	23
		3	3	22.66	22.82	22.56	23
4 4844-		6	0	21.54	21.61	21.51	22
1.4MHz		1	0	21.72	21.8	21.67	22
		1	2	21.85	21.94	21.72	22
		1	5	21.74	21.85	21.67	22
	16QAM	3	0	21.56	21.64	21.51	22
		3	2	21.53	21.64	21.46	22
		3	3	21.52	21.66	21.5	22
		6	0	20.62	20.7	20.58	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tungun
Bandwidth	Modulation	KD SIZE	KD Ollset	23025	23095	23165	Tune up
		1	0	22.49	22.52	22.56	23
		1	7	22.56	22.63	22.55	23
		1	14	22.48	22.61	22.46	23
	QPSK	8	0	21.54	21.61	21.6	22
		8	4	21.54	21.64	21.58	22
		8	7	21.55	21.66	21.56	22
3MHz		15	0	21.53	21.6	21.55	22
SIVITZ		1	0	21.7	21.77	21.71	22
		1	7	21.74	21.89	21.73	22
		1	14	21.66	21.86	21.69	22
	16QAM	8	0	20.62	20.7	20.65	21
		8	4	20.59	20.73	20.63	21
		8	7	20.62	20.73	20.62	21
		15	0	20.56	20.64	20.58	21



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 56 of 79

Dan duvidáh	Modulation	DD aina	DD offeet	Channel	Channel	Channel	T
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	23035	23095	23155	Tune up
		1	0	22.57	22.6	22.66	23
		1	13	22.57	22.69	22.6	23
		1	24	22.56	22.64	22.45	23
	QPSK	12	0	21.59	21.71	21.64	22
		12	6	21.6	21.83	21.61	22
		12	13	21.59	21.72	21.56	22
5MHz		25	0	21.54	21.84	21.57	22
SIVITZ		1	0	21.76	21.85	21.8	22
		1	13	21.74	21.88	21.75	22
		1	24	21.76	21.83	21.66	22
	16QAM	12	0	20.59	20.66	20.62	21
		12	6	20.59	20.69	20.58	21
		12	13	20.6	20.72	20.55	21
		25	0	20.54	20.65	20.56	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel	Tune up
Ballawiatii	Modulation	110 3126	ND 01136t	23060	23095	23130	Turie up
		1	0	00.75	00.70	00 00	22
		ı	U	22.75	22.72	22.69	23
		1	25	22.61	22.58	22.61	23
		1					23 23
	QPSK	1	25	22.61	22.58	22.61	23
	QPSK	1	25 49	22.61 22.72	22.58 22.57	22.61 22.55	23 23
	QPSK	1 1 25	25 49 0	22.61 22.72 21.71	22.58 22.57 21.66	22.61 22.55 21.67	23 23 22
10MH-7	QPSK	1 1 25 25	25 49 0 13	22.61 22.72 21.71 21.61	22.58 22.57 21.66 21.65	22.61 22.55 21.67 21.64	23 23 22 22
10MHz	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25	25 49 0 13 25	22.61 22.72 21.71 21.61 21.55	22.58 22.57 21.66 21.65 21.64	22.61 22.55 21.67 21.64 21.65	23 23 22 22 22 22
10MHz	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 25 50	25 49 0 13 25	22.61 22.72 21.71 21.61 21.55 21.68	22.58 22.57 21.66 21.65 21.64 21.63	22.61 22.55 21.67 21.64 21.65 21.67	23 23 22 22 22 22 22
10MHz	QPSK	1 1 25 25 25 25 50	25 49 0 13 25 0	22.61 22.72 21.71 21.61 21.55 21.68 21.8	22.58 22.57 21.66 21.65 21.64 21.63 21.77	22.61 22.55 21.67 21.64 21.65 21.67 21.86	23 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
10MHz	QPSK 16QAM	1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1	25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25	22.61 22.72 21.71 21.61 21.55 21.68 21.8 21.86	22.58 22.57 21.66 21.65 21.64 21.63 21.77 21.95	22.61 22.55 21.67 21.64 21.65 21.67 21.86 21.89	23 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 21
10MHz		1 1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1	25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	22.61 22.72 21.71 21.61 21.55 21.68 21.8 21.86 21.98	22.58 22.57 21.66 21.65 21.64 21.63 21.77 21.95 21.91	22.61 22.55 21.67 21.64 21.65 21.67 21.86 21.89 21.75	23 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
10MHz		1 25 25 25 25 50 1 1 1 25	25 49 0 13 25 0 0 25 49	22.61 22.72 21.71 21.61 21.55 21.68 21.8 21.86 21.98 20.54	22.58 22.57 21.66 21.65 21.64 21.63 21.77 21.95 21.91 20.63	22.61 22.55 21.67 21.64 21.65 21.67 21.86 21.89 21.75 20.67	23 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 21

Table 11: Conducted Power of LTE



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 57 of 79

5.3.4 Conducted Power of WIFI and BT

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data Rate(Mbps)	Tune up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test
	1	2412		17.5	16.43	No
802.11b	6	2437	1	17.5	17.13	Yes
	11	2462		17.5	16.63	Yes
	1	2412		15.5	14.72	No
802.11g	6	2437	6	15.5	14.82	No
	11	2462		15.5	14.34	No
000.44	1	2412		13.5	12.88	No
802.11n HT20 SISO	6	2437	6.5	13.5	13.09	No
11120 0100	11	2462		13.5	12.64	No
000.44	3	2422		13.5	12.75	No
802.11n HT40 SISO	6	2437	13.5	13.5	12.85	No
11140 0100	9	2452		13.5	12.95	No

Table 12: Conducted Power Of WIFI

	ВТ		Tune up	Average Conducted	SAR Test
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	(dBm)	Power(dBm)	SAR Test
	0 240			4.49	No
GFSK	39	2441		2.92	No
	78	2480		4.10	No
	0	2402		2.44	No
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	4.5	0.87	No
	78	2480		1.75	No
	0	2402		0.79	No
8DPSK	39	2441		-0.31	No
	78	2480		1.50	No
	BLE		Tune up	Average	
Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	(dBm)	Conducted Power(dBm)	SAR Test
	0	2402		3.45	No
GFSK	19	2440	3.5	1.86	No
	39	2480		2.98	No

Table 13: Conducted Power of BT



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 58 of 79

5.4 Measurement of SAR Data

5.4.1 SAR Result of GSM850

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	
	Head Test data										
Left cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.0649	-0.09	32.39	32.5	1.026	0.067	22.1	
Left tilted	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.0351	0.17	32.39	32.5	1.026	0.036	22.1	
Right cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.0555	0.04	32.39	32.5	1.026	0.057	22.1	
Right tilted	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.025	0.0193	32.39	32.5	1.026	0.026	22.1	
		Head	d Test dat	ta at the v	vorst cas	e with Sampl	e2				
Left cheek	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.085	-0.13	32.39	32.5	1.026	0.087	22.1	
			Body wor	n Test da	ıta(Sepa	rate 15mm)					
Front side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.0558	0.07	32.49	32.5	1.002	0.056	22.1	
Back side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.0735	0.01	32.49	32.5	1.002	0.074	22.1	
	Boo	dy worn Test	data at th	e worst c	ase with	Sample2 (Se	parate 15	imm)			
Back side	GSM	190/836.6	1:8.3	0.101	-0.08	32.49	32.5	1.002	0.101	22.1	
			Hotspot	Test data	a(Separa	ite 10mm)					
Front side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.133	-0.05	28.87	29	1.030	0.137	22.1	
Back side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.194	-0.02	28.87	29	1.030	0.200	22.1	
Left side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.12	-0.03	28.87	29	1.030	0.124	22.1	
Right side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.117	0.04	28.87	29	1.030	0.121	22.1	
Bottom side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.0805	-0.06	28.87	29	1.030	0.083	22.1	
	Н	otspot Test d	ata at the	worst ca	se with S	Sample2 (Sep	arate 10n	nm)			
Back side	GPRS 4TS	190/836.6	1:2.075	0.243	-0.1	28.87	29	1.030	0.250	22.1	

Table 14: SAR of GSM850 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 59 of 79

5.4.2 SAR Result of GSM1900

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	
Head Test data											
Left cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.155	0.09	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.179	22.3	
Left tilted	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.0972	-0.02	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.112	22.3	
Right cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.108	0.09	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.125	22.3	
Right tilted	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.106	0.03	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.123	22.3	
		Hea	d Test dat	ta at the	worst cas	se with Samp	le2				
Left cheek	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.0619	0.05	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.072	22.3	
			Body wor	n Test da	ata(Sepa	rate 15mm)					
Front side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.176	0.04	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.203	22.3	
Back side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.226	0.07	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.261	22.3	
	Вос	dy worn Test	data at th	e worst o	ase with	Sample2 (Se	eparate 15	īmm)			
Back side	GSM	661/1880	1:8.3	0.0975	-0.04	29.87	30.5	1.156	0.113	22.3	
			Hotspot	Test dat	a(Separa	ate 10mm)					
Front side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.56	0	26.4	26.5	1.023	0.573	22.3	
Back side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.741	0.04	26.4	26.5	1.023	0.758	22.3	
Left side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.449	0.04	26.4	26.5	1.023	0.459	22.3	
Right side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.183	-0.08	26.4	26.5	1.023	0.187	22.3	
Bottom side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.501	-0.09	26.4	26.5	1.023	0.513	22.3	
	Н	otspot Test d	ata at the	worst ca	se with S	Sample2 (Sep	arate 10n	nm)			
Back side	GPRS 4TS	661/1880	1:2.075	0.398	0	26.4	26.5	1.023	0.407	22.3	

Table 15: SAR of GSM1900 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 60 of 79

5.4.3 SAR Result of WCDMA II

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
				Head	d Test da	ta				
Left cheek	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.265	-0.01	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.282	22.3
Left tilted	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.174	0.17	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.185	22.3
Right cheek	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.184	-0.12	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.196	22.3
Right tilted	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.177	-0.01	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.188	22.3
		He	ad Test	data at th	e worst c	ase with Sam	ple2			
Left cheek	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.106	0.08	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.113	22.3
			Body v	vorn Test	data(Sep	arate 15mm)				
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.298	-0.04	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.317	22.3
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.351	-0.03	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.374	22.3
		Body worn Tes	st data a	t the wors	t case wi	th Sample2 (S	Separate 15	īmm)		
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.174	0.05	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.185	22.3
			Hots	oot Test d	ata(Sepa	rate 10mm)				
Front side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.552	-0.05	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.587	22.3
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.73	0.08	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.777	22.3
Left side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.426	0.02	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.453	22.3
Right side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.194	0.01	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.206	22.3
Bottom side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.517	-0.03	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.550	22.3
		Hotspot Test	data at t	the worst	case with	Sample2 (Se	parate 10n	nm)		
Back side	RMC	9400/1880	1:1	0.365	0.03	23.23	23.5	1.064	0.388	22.3

Table 16: SAR of WCDMA II for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 61 of 79

5.4.4 SAR Result of WCDMA IV

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
				Head	d Test da	ıta				
Left cheek	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.158	-0.05	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.176	22.2
Left tilted	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.103	0.13	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.115	22.2
Right cheek	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.109	0.02	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.121	22.2
Right tilted	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.0783	-0.02	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.087	22.2
		He	ad Test	data at th	e worst c	ase with Sam	ple2			
Left cheek	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.0602	0.02	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.067	22.2
			Body v	worn Test	data(Ser	parate 15mm)				
Front side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.146	0	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.163	22.2
Back side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.216	0.01	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.241	22.2
		Body worn Tes	st data a	t the wors	t case w	ith Sample2 (S	Separate 1	ōmm)		
Back side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.087	-0.03	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.097	22.2
			Hots	pot Test d	lata(Sepa	arate 10mm)				
Front side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.337	-0.01	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.376	22.2
Back side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.551	0.02	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.614	22.2
Left side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.289	-0.09	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.322	22.2
Right side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.121	-0.09	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.135	22.2
Bottom side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.413	0	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.460	22.2
		Hotspot Test	data at	the worst	case with	n Sample2 (Se	eparate 10r	nm)		
Back side	RMC	1412/1732.4	1:1	0.144	-0.04	23.03	23.5	1.114	0.160	22.2

Table 17: SAR of WCDMA IV for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 62 of 79

5.4.5 SAR Result of WCDMA V

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
				Head	d Test da	ta				
Left cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.068	-0.04	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.07	22.1
Left tilted	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0347	0.03	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.036	22.1
Right cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0674	0	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.069	22.1
Right tilted	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0401	0.08	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.041	22.1
		He	ad Test	data at th	e worst c	ase with Sam	ple2			
Left cheek	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.084	0.02	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.086	22.1
			Body v	worn Test	data(Sep	parate 15mm)				
Front side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0638	0.06	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.065	22.1
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0976	-0.08	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.10	22.1
		Body worn Te	st data a	t the wors	t case wi	th Sample2 (S	Separate 15	īmm)		
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.123	0	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.126	22.1
			Hots	pot Test d	ata(Sepa	rate 10mm)				
Front side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.106	0.05	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.108	22.1
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.153	-0.06	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.157	22.1
Left side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0739	-0.06	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.076	22.1
Right side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0751	0.03	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.077	22.1
Bottom side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.0641	-0.01	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.066	22.1
		Hotspot Test	data at	the worst	case with	Sample2 (Se	parate 10n	nm)		
Back side	RMC	4182/836.4	1:1	0.187	-0.03	23.4	23.5	1.023	0.191	22.1

Table 18: SAR of WCDMA V for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph Results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 63 of 79

5.4.6 SAR Result of LTE Band 2

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
			He	ad Test	data (1RB			(25)		(· J/	(-)
Left cheek	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.302	0.01	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.315	22.3
Left tilted	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.205	0.1	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.214	22.3
Right cheek	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.217	0.08	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.226	22.3
Right tilted	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.2	0.02	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.208	22.3
			Hea	d Test da	ata (50%R	B_0 offs	et)				
Left cheek	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.233	0.05	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.242	22.3
Left tilted	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.163	0.2	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.169	22.3
Right cheek	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.16	-0.08	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.166	22.3
Right tilted	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.157	0.02	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.163	22.3
		Hea	d Test data at	the wors	t case with	Sample	e2 (1RB_0 offs	et)			
Left cheek	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.0895	-0.09	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.093	22.3
			Body worn T	est data(Separate	15mm 1I	RB_0 offset)				
Front side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.298	0.01	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.311	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.362	0.02	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.377	22.3
		E	Body worn Tes	t data (S	eparate 1	5mm 50°	%RB_0 offset)				
Front side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.238	0	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.247	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.293	-0.02	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.304	22.3
	Body	worn Tes	t data at the w	orst case	with Sam	ple2 (Se	eparate 15mm	1RB_0 off	set)		
Back side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.138	0.08	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.144	22.3
			Hotspot Tes	t data (S	eparate 10	0mm 1R	B_0 offset)				
Front side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.65	-0.07	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.678	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.878	0	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.915	22.3
Left side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.508	-0.04	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.529	22.3
Right side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.232	0.01	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.242	22.3
Bottom side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.561	-0.15	23.32	23.5	1.042	0.585	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK	18900/1880	1:1	0.906	0.02	23.21	23.5	1.069	0.969	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK	19100/1900	1:1	0.884	0	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.934	22.3
Back side-Repeated	20	QPSK	18900/1880	1:1	0.903	0.03	23.21	23.5	1.069	0.965	22.3
			Hotspot Test	data (Se _l	parate 10n	nm 50%	RB_0 offset)				
Front side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.523	0.03	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.543	22.3
Back side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.696	-0.02	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.722	22.3
Left side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.417	0.17	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.433	22.3
Right side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.186	-0.04	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.193	22.3
Bottom side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.461	-0.06	22.34	22.5	1.038	0.478	22.3
			Hotspot Test o	data (Sep	arate 10m	m 100%	RB_0 offset)				
Back side	20	QPSK	18700/1860	1:1	0.644	0.03	22.28	22.5	1.052	0.677	22.3
	Hots	pot Test o	data at the wo	rst case v	with Samp	le2 (Sep	arate 10mm 1	RB_0 offse	et)		
Back side	20	QPSK	18900/1880	1:1	0.351	0.04	23.21	23.5	1.069	0.375	22.3

Table 19: SAR of LTE Band 2 for Head and Body.

Note:

1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 64 of 79

2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
rest i esition	(MHz)	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)	Ratio	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back Side	18900/1880	0.906	0.903	1.00	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 65 of 79

5.4.7 SAR Result of LTE Band 4

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
			He	ad Test	data (1RE	3_0 offse	t)				
Left cheek	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.13	-0.07	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.147	22.2
Left tilted	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0841	0.15	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.095	22.2
Right cheek	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.109	0.01	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.123	22.2
Right tilted	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0854	0.14	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.096	22.2
			Hea	d Test da	ata (50%F	RB_0 offs	set)				
Left cheek	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.108	0.09	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.118	22.2
Left tilted	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0689	0.02	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.075	22.2
Right cheek	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.08	0.03	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.088	22.2
Right tilted	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0668	-0.01	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.073	22.2
	•	Hea	d Test data at	the wors	t case wit	h Sampl	e2 (1RB_0 of	fset)			
Left cheek	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0456	-0.06	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.051	22.2
	,	•	Body worn Te	est data (Separate	15mm 1	RB_0 offset)		•	•	•
Front side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.13	0.07	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.147	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.159	-0.05	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.179	22.2
	,		Body worn Tes	st data(Se	eparate 1	5mm 50°	%RB_0 offset)	•		•
Front side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.106	-0.03	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.116	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.126	0.01	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.138	22.2
	Вс	dy worn Tes	t data at the w	orst case	with Sar	nple2 (S	eparate 15mr	n 1RB_0 c	offset)		
Back side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0836	0.04	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.094	22.2
	•		Hotspot Tes	t data(Se	eparate 1	0mm 1R	B_0 offset)				
Front side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.253	0.02	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.285	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.383	-0.01	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.432	22.2
Left side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.217	-0.02	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.245	22.2
Right side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0914	-0.07	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.103	22.2
Bottom side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.357	-0.03	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.402	22.2
	,	•	Hotspot Test	data (Ser	parate 10	mm 50%	RB_0 offset)		•		•
Front side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.212	-0.07	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.232	22.2
Back side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.306	-0.02	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.335	22.2
Left side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.18	-0.06	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.197	22.2
Right side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.0755	-0.1	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.083	22.2
Bottom side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.288	-0.06	22.11	22.5	1.094	0.315	22.2
	H	lotspot Test	data at the wor	st case v	with Samp	ole2 (Sep	arate 10mm	1RB_0 off	set)		
Back side	20	QPSK	20050/1720	1:1	0.144	0.2	22.98	23.5	1.127	0.162	22.2

Table 20: SAR of LTE Band 4 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 66 of 79

5.4.8 SAR Result of LTE Band 5

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
			He	ad Test	data (1RE	_0 offse	t)				
Left cheek	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0904	0.03	22.86	23	1.033	0.093	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.053	0.05	22.86	23	1.033	0.055	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.075	-0.17	22.86	23	1.033	0.077	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0555	0.03	22.86	23	1.033	0.057	22.1
			Head	d Test da	ata (50%F	RB_0 offs	et)				
Left cheek	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0693	0.03	21.91	22	1.021	0.071	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0415	0.04	21.91	22	1.021	0.042	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0605	0.03	21.91	22	1.021	0.062	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0416	-0.15	21.91	22	1.021	0.042	22.1
		Head	Test data at	the wors	t case wit	h Sample	e2 (1RB_0 of	fset)			
Left cheek	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.099	0.06	22.86	23	1.033	0.102	22.1
			Body worn Te	est data (Separate	15mm 1	RB_0 offset)				
Front side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0877	-0.03	22.86	23	1.033	0.091	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.114	0.1	22.86	23	1.033	0.118	22.1
		В	ody worn Test	data (Se	eparate 1	5mm 509	%RB_0 offset	t)			•
Front side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0666	0.02	21.91	22	1.021	0.068	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0902	-0.04	21.91	22	1.021	0.092	22.1
	Во	dy worn Test	data at the w	orst case	with San	nple2 (Se	eparate 15mr	n 1RB_0 c	offset)		•
Back side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.122	-0.01	22.86	23	1.033	0.126	22.1
			Hotspot Tes	t data (S	eparate 1	0mm 1R	B_0 offset)				•
Front side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.118	0.02	22.86	23	1.033	0.122	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.171	0.14	22.86	23	1.033	0.177	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0925	0.04	22.86	23	1.033	0.096	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.105	-0.05	22.86	23	1.033	0.108	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.072	-0.04	22.86	23	1.033	0.074	22.1
	•	•	Hotspot Test of	data (Sep	parate 10r	mm 50%	RB_0 offset)		•		
Front side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0939	0.04	21.91	22	1.021	0.096	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.144	0.02	21.91	22	1.021	0.147	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0705	0	21.91	22	1.021	0.072	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0781	0.04	21.91	22	1.021	0.080	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.0565	-0.07	21.91	22	1.021	0.058	22.1
	Н	lotspot Test d	ata at the wor	st case v	vith Samp	le2 (Sep	arate 10mm	1RB_0 off	set)		1
Back side	10	QPSK	20450/829	1:1	0.166	0.06	22.86	23	1.033	0.171	22.1

Table 21: SAR of LTE Band 5 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 67 of 79

5.4.9 SAR Result of LTE Band 7

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
		ı		Test d	ata (1RB		· ·		1	ı	
Left cheek	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.0218	-0.02	20.88	21	1.028	0.022	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.00965	0.08	20.88	21	1.028	0.010	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.0408	0.03	20.88	21	1.028	0.042	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.0224	0.07	20.88	21	1.028	0.023	22.1
		1		est dat	ta (50%R				1	1	1
Left cheek	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.0172	0.06	19.93	20	1.016	0.017	22.1
Left tilted	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.00792	0.06	19.93	20	1.016	0.008	22.1
Right cheek	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.0338	0.07	19.93	20	1.016	0.034	22.1
Right tilted	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.0187	0.04	19.93	20	1.016	0.019	22.1
		Head	Test data at the	worst	case with	Sample	2 (1RB_99 o	ffset)			
Right cheek	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.072	0.08	20.88	21	1.028	0.074	22.1
			Body worn Test	data (S	Separate	15mm 1l	RB_99 offset))			
Front side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.224	0.05	20.88	21	1.028	0.230	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.386	0.07	20.88	21	1.028	0.397	22.1
		В	ody worn Test d	ata (Se	parate 15	mm 50%	6RB_50 offse	et)		•	
Front side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.19	-0.09	19.93	20	1.016	0.193	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.324	0.08	19.93	20	1.016	0.329	22.1
	Body w	orn Test	data at the wors	st case	with Sam	ple2 (Se	parate 15mm	1RB_99	offset)		
Back side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.107	-0.17	20.88	21	1.028	0.110	22.1
		I.	Hotspot Test d	ata (Se	parate 10	mm 1RE	3_99 offset)		I.	I	<u> </u>
Front side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.528	0.08	20.88	21	1.028	0.543	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	1.06	0.06	20.88	21	1.028	1.090	22.1
Left side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.137	0.12	20.88	21	1.028	0.141	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.052	0.03	20.88	21	1.028	0.053	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.813	0.07	20.88	21	1.028	0.836	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	21100/2535.5	1:1	1.07	0.07	20.69	21	1.074	1.149	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	21350/2560	1:1	1.04	-0.09	20.68	21	1.076	1.120	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.73	0.06	20.69	21	1.074	0.784	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK	21350/2560	1:1	0.733	-0.02	20.68	21	1.076	0.789	22.1
Back side-Repeated	20	QPSK		1:1	0.928	-0.06	20.69	21	1.074	0.997	22.1
			Hotspot Test da						ı	I	1
Front side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.444	0.05	19.93	20	1.016	0.451	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.825	-0.2	19.93	20	1.016	0.838	22.1
Left side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.12	0.07	19.93	20	1.016	0.122	22.1
Right side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.0388	-0.03	19.93	20	1.016	0.039	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.762	0.07	19.93	20	1.016	0.774	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	21100/2535.5	1:1	0.695	0.07	19.52	20	1.117	0.776	22.1
Back side	20	QPSK	21350/2560	1:1	0.651	-0.05	19.39	20	1.151	0.749	22.1
Data dido		l	Hotspot Test da	l .					1	1 0 10	
Back side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.854	0.07	19.89	20	1.026	0.876	22.1
Bottom side	20	QPSK	20850/2510	1:1	0.725	-0.09	19.89	20	1.026	0.744	22.1
DOMOITI SIDE			atat at the worst				l .			U.144	۷۷.۱
Back side	20	QPSK		1:1	0.172	0.06	20.69	21	1.074	0.185	22.1
Dack Side	20	QF3N	21100/2000.5	1.1	0.172	0.00	20.09	۷1	1.074	0.100	22.1

Table 22: SAR of LTE Band 7 for Head and Body.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 68 of 79

1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B

2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency	Measured	1 st Repeated	Ratio	2 nd Repeated	3 rd Repeated
rest i osition	(MHz)	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)	Ratio	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)
Back Side	21100/2535.5	1.07	0.928	1.15	N/A	N/A

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was \geq 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 69 of 79

5.4.10 SAR Result of LTE Band 12

Test position	BW.	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power Drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
			He	ad Test	data(1RE	3_0 offse	t)				
Left cheek	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.085	0.14	22.75	23	1.059	0.090	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0398	0.03	22.75	23	1.059	0.042	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0605	0.08	22.75	23	1.059	0.064	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0396	0.05	22.75	23	1.059	0.042	22.1
			Hea	d Test d	ata(50%l	RB_0 offs	set)				
Left cheek	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0669	0.05	21.71	22	1.069	0.072	22.1
Left tilted	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0316	0.05	21.71	22	1.069	0.034	22.1
Right cheek	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.047	0.02	21.71	22	1.069	0.050	22.1
Right tilted	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0312	0.07	21.71	22	1.069	0.033	22.1
			Head Test	data at th	ne worst	case with	Sample2				
Left cheek	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0348	0.02	22.75	23	1.059	0.037	22.1
	•		Body worn Te	est data(Separate	15mm 1	RB_0 offset)				
Front side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0826	0.08	22.75	23	1.059	0.087	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.102	-0.02	22.75	23	1.059	0.108	22.1
	•	В	ody worn Test	t data (Se	eparate 1	5mm 50	%RB_0 offse	t)			
Front side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0661	0	21.71	22	1.069	0.071	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0808	0.01	21.71	22	1.069	0.086	22.1
	Во	dy worn Test	data at the w	orst case	with Sa	mple2 (S	eparate 15mr	n 1RB_0 c	offset)		
Back side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0616	0.02	22.75	23	1.059	0.065	22.1
	•		Hotspot Tes	t data(Se	eparate 1	0mm 1R	B_0 offset)				
Front side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0835	0.04	22.75	23	1.059	0.088	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.113	-0.01	22.75	23	1.059	0.120	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.131	0.01	22.75	23	1.059	0.139	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.111	0.07	22.75	23	1.059	0.118	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0292	0.16	22.75	23	1.059	0.031	22.1
	•		Hotspot Test of	data (Sep	parate 10	mm 50%	RB_0 offset)				
Front side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0666	0	21.71	22	1.069	0.071	22.1
Back side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0938	0.02	21.71	22	1.069	0.100	22.1
Left side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0691	-0.03	21.71	22	1.069	0.074	22.1
Right side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0873	0.05	21.71	22	1.069	0.093	22.1
Bottom side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0231	0.09	21.71	22	1.069	0.025	22.1
	Н	otspot Test of	lata at the wor	st case v	vith Sam	ple2 (Ser	parate 10mm	1RB_0 off	set)		
Left side	10	QPSK	23060/704	1:1	0.0407	-0.06	22.75	23	1.059	0.043	22.1

Table 23: SAR of LTE Band 12 for Head and Body.

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 70 of 79

5.4.11 SAR Result of WIFI

Test position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaled factor	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power drift (dB)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp. (°C)
					Head Te	est data					
Left cheek	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.658	-0.07	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.717	22
Left tilted	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.463	0.06	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.504	22
Right cheek	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.217	0.11	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.236	22
Right tilted	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.188	0.03	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.205	22
			Head T	est data	at the w	orst cas	e with Sample	e2			
Left cheek	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.756	0.16	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.823	22
Left cheek	802.11b	1/2412	1:1	1	0.72	0.07	16.43	17.5	1.279	0.921	22
Left cheek	802.11b	11/2462	1:1	1	0.662	0.09	16.63	17.5	1.222	0.809	22
			Boo	dy worn	Test dat	a (Sepa	rate 15mm)				
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.043	-0.02	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.047	22
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.071	-0.05	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.077	22
		Body worn	Test dat	ta at the	worst ca	ase with	Sample2 (Se	parate 15n	nm)		
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.0385	-0.01	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.042	22
			Н	otspot T	est data	(Separa	ite 10mm)				
Front side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.0896	-0.02	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.098	22
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.193	0.03	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.210	22
Right side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.0911	0.02	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.099	22
Top side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.0617	0.02	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.067	22
		Hotspot T	est data	at the w	orst cas	e with S	ample2 (Sep	arate 10mr	n)		
Back side	802.11b	6/2437	1:1	1	0.109	0.01	17.13	17.5	1.089	0.119	22

Table 24: SAR of WIFI for Head and Body

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 2) If the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 3) Each channel was tested at the lowest data rate.
- 4) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test is not required.



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 71 of 79

5.5 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

5.5.1 Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

1) Estimated SAR

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

• 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Estimated SAR Result

	F=====================================			Test	Estimated
Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	Test Position	max. power(dBm)	Separation (mm)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Head	4.5	0	0.118
Bluetooth	2.48	Body-worn	4.5	15	0.039
		hotspot	4.5	10	0.059

2) Simultaneous Transmission

2) Simultaneo	pus Transmission			
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configuration	Head	Body worn	Hotspot
1	GSM(Voice) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	No
2	GSM(Voice) + BT	Yes	Yes	No
3	WCDMA(Voice) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	No
4	WCDMA(Voice) + BT	Yes	Yes	No
5	GPRS / EDGE(Data) + WiFi	No	No	Yes
6	GPRS / EDGE(Data) + BT	No	No	Yes
7	WCDMA(Data) + WiFi	No	No	Yes
8	WCDMA(Data) + BT	No	No	Yes
9	LTE(Data) + WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	LTE(Data) + BT	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	BT+WIFI (They share the same antenna and cannot transmit at the same time by design.)	No	No	No



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 72 of 79

3) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for head

WWAN Band	Exposure position	① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	②MAX.WLAN SAR(W/kg)	③ MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)	Summed SAR①+	Summed SAR①+	Case NO.
GSM850	Left Touch	0.087	0.921	0.118	1.008	0.205	No
	Left Tilt	0.036	0.504	0.118	0.540	0.154	No
	Right Touch	0.057	0.236	0.118	0.293	0.175	No
	Right Tilt	0.026	0.205	0.118	0.231	0.144	No
GSM1900	Left Touch	0.179	0.921	0.118	1.100	0.297	No
	Left Tilt	0.112	0.504	0.118	0.616	0.230	No
	Right Touch	0.125	0.236	0.118	0.361	0.243	No
	Right Tilt	0.123	0.205	0.118	0.328	0.241	No
WCDMA Band II	Left Touch	0.282	0.921	0.118	1.203	0.400	No
	Left Tilt	0.185	0.504	0.118	0.689	0.303	No
	Right Touch	0.196	0.236	0.118	0.432	0.314	No
	Right Tilt	0.188	0.205	0.118	0.393	0.306	No
WCDMA Band IV	Left Touch	0.176	0.921	0.118	1.097	0.294	No
	Left Tilt	0.115	0.504	0.118	0.619	0.233	No
	Right Touch	0.121	0.236	0.118	0.357	0.239	No
	Right Tilt	0.087	0.205	0.118	0.292	0.205	No
WCDMA Band V	Left Touch	0.086	0.921	0.118	1.007	0.204	No
	Left Tilt	0.036	0.504	0.118	0.540	0.154	No
	Right Touch	0.069	0.236	0.118	0.305	0.187	No
	Right Tilt	0.041	0.205	0.118	0.246	0.159	No
LTE Band	Left Touch	0.315	0.921	0.118	1.236	0.433	No
	Left Tilt	0.214	0.504	0.118	0.718	0.332	No
	Right Touch	0.226	0.236	0.118	0.462	0.344	No
	Right Tilt	0.208	0.205	0.118	0.413	0.326	No
LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.147	0.921	0.118	1.068	0.265	No
	Left Tilt	0.095	0.504	0.118	0.599	0.213	No
	Right Touch	0.123	0.236	0.118	0.359	0.241	No
	Right Tilt	0.096	0.205	0.118	0.301	0.214	No
LTE Band 5	Left Touch	0.102	0.921	0.118	1.023	0.220	No
	Left Tilt	0.055	0.504	0.118	0.559	0.173	No
	Right Touch	0.077	0.236	0.118	0.313	0.195	No
	Right Tilt	0.057	0.205	0.118	0.262	0.175	No
LTE Band	Left Touch	0.022	0.921	0.118	0.943	0.140	No
	Left Tilt	0.010	0.504	0.118	0.514	0.128	No
7	Right Touch	0.074	0.236	0.118	0.310	0.192	No
	Right Tilt	0.023	0.205	0.118	0.228	0.141	No
LTE Band 12	Left Touch	0.090	0.921	0.118	1.011	0.208	No
	Left Tilt	0.042	0.504	0.118	0.546	0.160	No
	Right Touch	0.064	0.236	0.118	0.300	0.182	No
	Right Tilt	0.042	0.205	0.118	0.247	0.160	No



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 73 of 79

4) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for body worn

Rand Exposure position MAX.W		① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	②MAX.WLAN SAR(W/kg)	③MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)	Summed SAR①+	Summed SAR①+	Case NO.
CCMOEO	Front	0.056	0.047	0.039	0.103	0.095	No
GSM850	Back	0.101	0.077	0.039	0.178	0.140	No
GSM1900	Front	0.203	0.047	0.039	0.250	0.242	No
GSW1900	Back	0.261	0.077	0.039	0.338	0.300	No
WCDMA	Front	0.317	0.047	0.039	0.364	0.356	No
Band II	Back	0.374	0.077	0.039	0.451	0.413	No
WCDMA	Front	0.163	0.047	0.039	0.210	0.202	No
Band IV	Back	0.241	0.077	0.039	0.318	0.280	No
WCDMA	Front	0.065	0.047	0.039	0.112	0.104	No
Band V	Back	0.126	0.077	0.039	0.203	0.165	No
LTE Band	Front	0.311	0.047	0.039	0.358	0.350	No
2	Back	0.377	0.077	0.039	0.454	0.416	No
LTE Band	Front	0.147	0.047	0.039	0.194	0.186	No
4	Back	0.179	0.077	0.039	0.256	0.218	No
LTE Band	Front	0.091	0.047	0.039	0.138	0.130	No
5	Back	0.126	0.077	0.039	0.203	0.165	No
LTE Band	Front	0.230	0.047	0.039	0.277	0.269	No
7	Back	0.397	0.077	0.039	0.474	0.436	No
LTE Band	Front	0.087	0.047	0.039	0.134	0.126	No
12	Back	0.108	0.077	0.039	0.185	0.147	No



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 74 of 79

5) Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario for hotspot

WWAN Band	Exposure position	① MAX.WWAN SAR(W/kg)	②MAX.WLAN SAR(W/kg)	③MAX.BT SAR(W/kg)	Summed SAR①+	Summed SAR①+	Case NO.
	Front	0.137	0.098	0.059	0.235	0.196	No
	Back	0.250	0.210	0.059	0.460	0.309	No
0011070	Left	0.124	0.000	0.059	0.124	0.183	No
GSM850	Right	0.121	0.099	0.059	0.220	0.180	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
_	Bottom	0.083	0.000	0.059	0.083	0.142	No
	Front	0.573	0.098	0.059	0.671	0.632	No
_	Back	0.758	0.210	0.059	0.968	0.817	No
00144000	Left	0.459	0.000	0.059	0.459	0.518	No
GSM1900	Right	0.187	0.099	0.059	0.286	0.246	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.513	0.000	0.059	0.513	0.572	No
	Front	0.587	0.098	0.059	0.685	0.646	No
_	Back	0.777	0.210	0.059	0.987	0.836	No
WCDMA	Left	0.453	0.000	0.059	0.453	0.512	No
Band II	Right	0.206	0.099	0.059	0.305	0.265	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.550	0.000	0.059	0.550	0.609	No
	Front	0.376	0.098	0.059	0.474	0.435	No
	Back	0.614	0.210	0.059	0.824	0.673	No
WCDMA	Left	0.322	0.000	0.059	0.322	0.381	No
Band IV	Right	0.135	0.099	0.059	0.234	0.194	No
_	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
_	Bottom	0.460	0.000	0.059	0.460	0.519	No
	Front	0.108	0.098	0.059	0.206	0.167	No
_	Back	0.191	0.210	0.059	0.401	0.250	No
WCDMA	Left	0.076	0.000	0.059	0.076	0.135	No
Band V	Right	0.077	0.099	0.059	0.176	0.136	No
_	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.066	0.000	0.059	0.066	0.125	No
	Front	0.678	0.098	0.059	0.776	0.737	No
	Back	0.969	0.210	0.059	1.179	1.028	No
LTE Band	Left	0.529	0.000	0.059	0.529	0.588	No
2	Right	0.242	0.099	0.059	0.341	0.301	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.585	0.000	0.059	0.585	0.644	No
	Front	0.285	0.098	0.059	0.383	0.344	No
	Back	0.432	0.210	0.059	0.642	0.491	No
LTE Band	Left	0.245	0.000	0.059	0.245	0.304	No
4	Right	0.103	0.099	0.059	0.202	0.162	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.402	0.000	0.059	0.402	0.461	No
LTE Band	Front	0.122	0.098	0.059	0.220	0.181	No

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 75 of 79

				. ugo.			
5	Back	0.177	0.210	0.059	0.387	0.236	No
	Left	0.096	0.000	0.059	0.096	0.155	No
	Right	0.108	0.099	0.059	0.207	0.167	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.074	0.000	0.059	0.074	0.133	No
	Front	0.543	0.098	0.059	0.641	0.602	No
	Back	1.149	0.210	0.059	1.359	1.208	No
LTE Band	Left	0.141	0.000	0.059	0.141	0.200	No
7	Right	0.053	0.099	0.059	0.152	0.112	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.836	0.000	0.059	0.836	0.895	No
	Front	0.088	0.098	0.059	0.186	0.147	No
	Back	0.120	0.210	0.059	0.330	0.179	No
LTE Band	Left	0.139	0.000	0.059	0.139	0.198	No
12	Right	0.118	0.099	0.059	0.217	0.177	No
	Тор	0.000	0.067	0.059	0.067	0.059	No
	Bottom	0.031	0.000	0.059	0.031	0.090	No



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 76 of 79

6 Equipment list

Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 Professional
Location	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch
Description	SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)
Software Reference	DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Hardware Reference

	Hardware Reference					
	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration
\boxtimes	Robot	Staubli	RX90L	F03/5V32A1/A01	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	1912	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 1	TP-1283	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM 2	1913	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Fat Phantom	SPEAG	ELI V5.0	1128	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1374	2017-08-31	2018-08-30
\boxtimes	DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	896	2017-09-27	2018-09-26
\boxtimes	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3789	2017-01-13	2018-01-12
\boxtimes	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3962	2016-12-19	2017-12-18
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D750V3	1160	2016-06-22	2019-06-21
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D835V2	4d105	2016-12-08	2019-12-07
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1750V2	1149	2016-06-23	2019-06-22
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d028	2016-12-07	2019-12-06
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	733	2016-12-07	2019-12-06
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2600V2	1125	2016-06-22	2019-06-21
\boxtimes	Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46523590	2017-03-06	2018-03-05
\boxtimes	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US01440210	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu Corporation	MT8820C	6201465414	2017-04-14	2018-04-13
	RF Bi-Directional Coupler	Agilent	86205-60001	MY31400031	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY53050736	2017-03-06	2018-03-05
\boxtimes	Preamplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	15542	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41292095	2017-03-06	2018-03-05
	Power Sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41091234	2017-03-05	2018-03-04
\boxtimes	Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z92	100025	2017-03-06	2018-03-05
\boxtimes	Attenuator	SHX	TS2-3dB	30704	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Coaxial low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	VLF-2500(+)	NA	NCR	NCR
	Coaxial low pass filter	Microlab Fxr	LA-F13	NA	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	50 Ω coaxial load	Mini-Circuits	KARN-50+	00850	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	DC POWER SUPPLY	SAKO	SK1730SL5A	NA	NCR	NCR
\boxtimes	Speed reading thermometer	MingGao	T809	NA	2017-03-08	2018-03-07
\boxtimes	Humidity and Temperature Indicator	KIMTOKA	KIMTOKA	NA	2017-03-08	2018-03-07

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Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 77 of 79

7 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurements and results are all in compliance with the standards listed in this report. All measurements and results are recorded and maintained at the laboratory performing the tests and measurement uncertainties are taken into account when comparing measurements to pass/ fail criteria. The Expanded uncertainty (95%)

CONFIDENCE INTERVAL) is 21.36%.

A	b1	С	d	e = f(d,k)	g	i = C*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Section in P1528	Tol (%)	Prob . Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	1g ui (%)	Vi (Veff)
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.3	N	1	1	6.30	8
Axial isotropy	E.2.2	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	(1 – Cp)1/2	0.20	8
hemispherical isotropy	E.2.2	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	1.06	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	8
Linearity	E.2.4	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.35	8
System detection limit	E.2.5	0.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.14	8
Readout electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1	1	0.30	8
Response time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	8
Integration time	E.2.8	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	8
RF ambient Condition –Noise	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	8
RF ambient Condition - reflections	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	8
Probe positioning- mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.87	8
Probe positioning- with respect to phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.67	8
Max. SAR evaluation	E.5.2	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	∞
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	3.7	N	1	1	3.70	9
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3.6	N	1	1	3.60	8
Output power variation –SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	8
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	80
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.85	8
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.2	5.78	N	1	0.64	3.68	5
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.3	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.73	8
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	0.62	N	1	0.6	0.372	5
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS		10.68	430
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)				K=2		21.36	

Table 25: Measurement Uncertainty



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 78 of 79

8 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

9 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Rev.01

Page: 79 of 79

Appendix A: Detailed System Validation Results

Appendix B: Detailed Test Results

Appendix C: Calibration certificate

Appendix D: Photographs

---END---



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Appendix A

Detailed System Validation Results

System Performance Check for Head and Body
System Performance Check 750 MHz Head
System Performance Check 750 MHz Body
System Performance Check 835 MHz Head
System Performance Check 835 MHz Body
System Performance Check 1750 MHz Head
System Performance Check 1750 MHz Body
System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head
System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body
System Performance Check 2450 MHz Head
System Performance Check 2450 MHz Body
System Performance Check 2600 MHz Head
System Performance Check 2600 MHz Body

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 750 MHz Head

DUT: D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.878$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.089$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

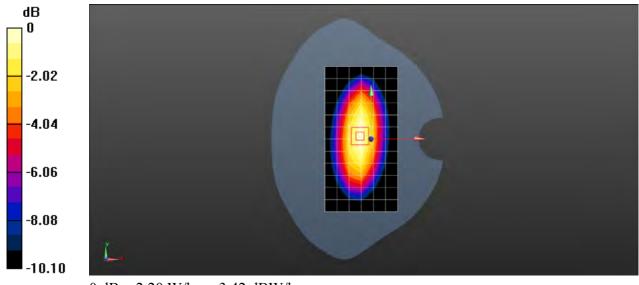
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.20 W/kg



0 dB = 2.20 W/kg = 3.42 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 750 MHz Body

DUT: D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.833$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(10.08, 10.08, 10.08); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

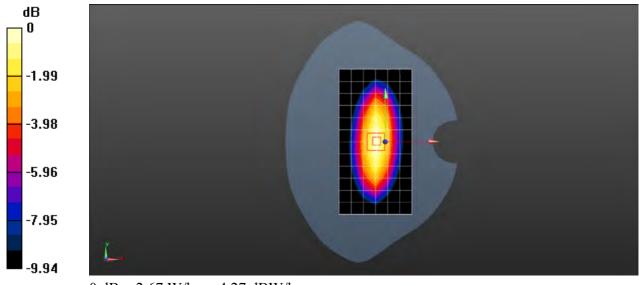
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.67 W/kg



0 dB = 2.67 W/kg = 4.27 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Head

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.422$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

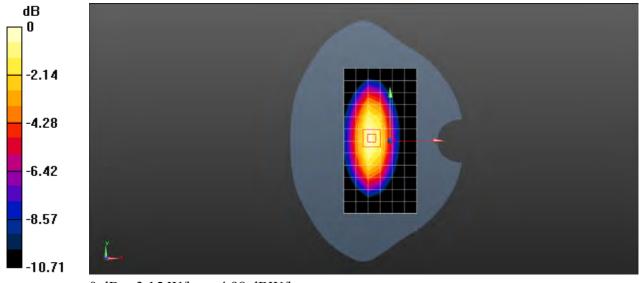
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 W/kg



0 dB = 3.15 W/kg = 4.98 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 835 MHz Body

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d105

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835;Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.986 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.853; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.8, 8.8, 8.8); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg

Body/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

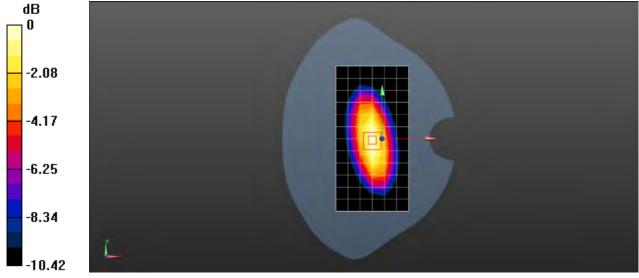
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.72 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



0 dB = 3.29 W/kg = 5.17 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1750 MHz Head

DUT: D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.323$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.342$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.81 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

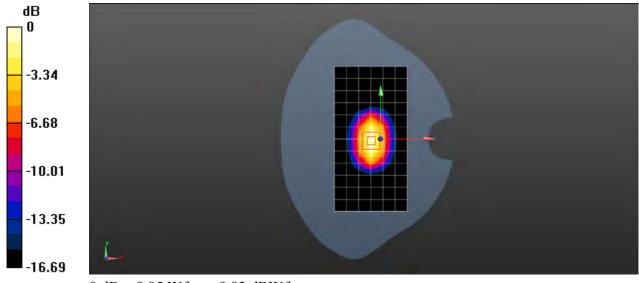
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.73 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.85 W/kg



0 dB = 9.85 W/kg = 9.93 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1750 MHz Body

DUT: D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.547$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.127$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(8.41, 8.41, 8.41); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

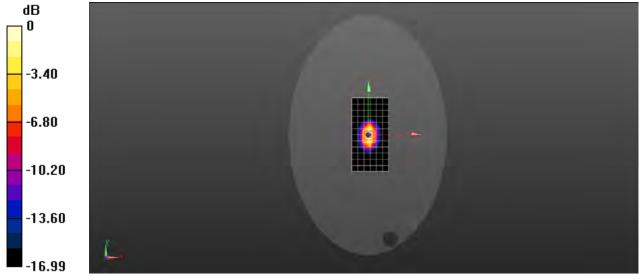
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



0 dB = 13.6 W/kg = 11.34 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.437$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.171$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

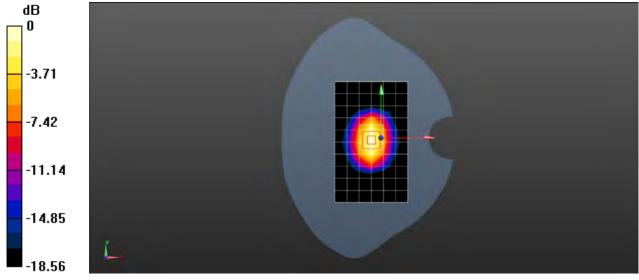
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.54 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 W/kg



0 dB = 12.0 W/kg = 10.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d028

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.237$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,

dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

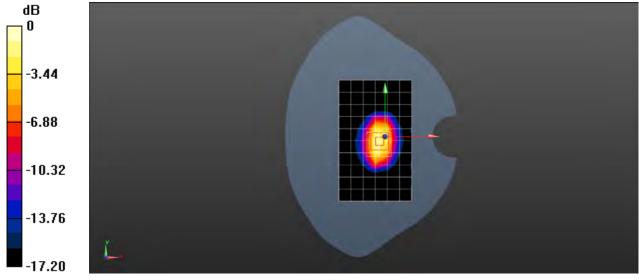
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 60.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



0 dB = 14.4 W/kg = 11.58 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.806$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.232$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

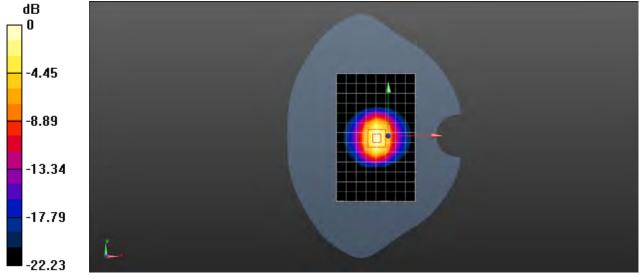
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.938$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.79$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

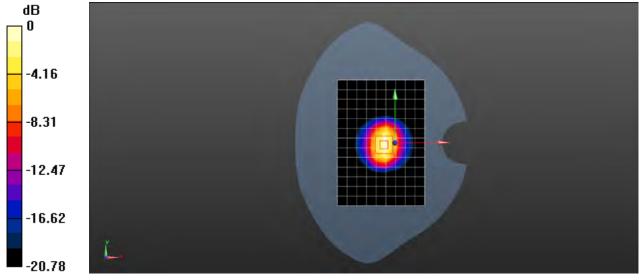
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2600MHz Head

DUT: Dipole D2600V2; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1125

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.385$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.7, 6.7, 6.7); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm,

dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

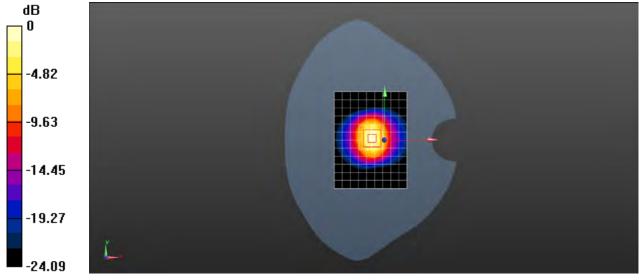
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.48 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2600MHz Body

DUT: D2600V2; Type: D2600V2; Serial: 1125

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.127$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 50.335$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (10x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

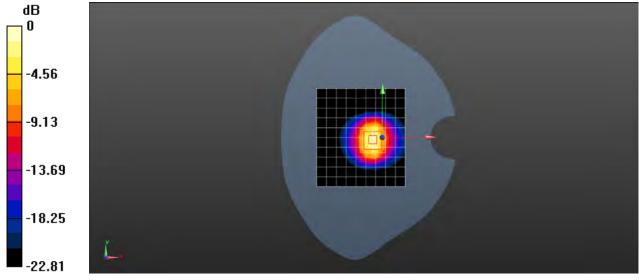
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 76.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg



Report No.: SZEM170900995905

Appendix B

Detailed Test Results

1. GSM
GSM850 for Head &Body
GSM1900 for Head &Body
2. WCDMA
WCDMA Band II for Head &Body
WCDMA Band IV for Head &Body
WCDMA Band V for Head &Body
3. LTE
LTE Band 2 for Head &Body
LTE Band 4 for Head &Body
LTE Band 5 for Head &Body
LTE Band 7 for Head &Body
LTE Band 12 for Head &Body
4. WIFI
WIFI for Head &Body

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 GSM850 190CH Left cheek with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 79NFEELN5DQG6HZT

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 836.6

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.893$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.469$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0956 W/kg

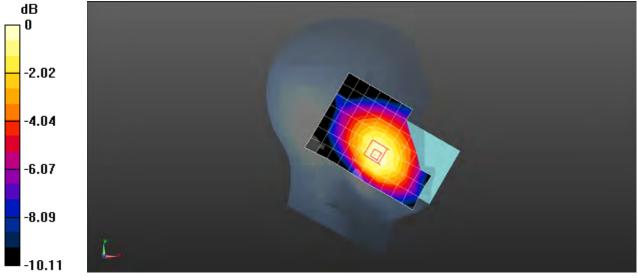
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.276 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.085 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0980 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0980 W/kg = -10.09 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 GSM850 190CH Back side 15mm with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: GEMRMRIN9PRWSCJN

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 836.6

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.983$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.905$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.8, 8.8, 8.8); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 W/kg

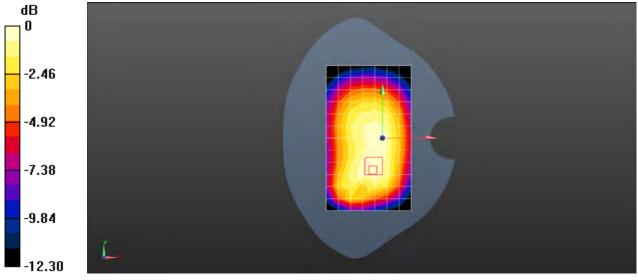
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.836 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.134 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 W/kg



0 dB = 0.119 W/kg = -9.24 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 GSM850 GPRS 4TS 190CH Back side 10mm with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: GEMRMRIN9PRWSCJN

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS Mode(4up) Communication System (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.0797

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.983$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.905$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.8, 8.8, 8.8); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.304 W/kg

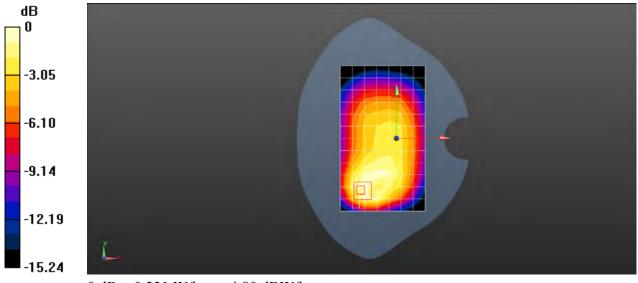
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.435 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.331 W/kg



0 dB = 0.331 W/kg = -4.80 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 GSM1900 661CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 1880

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.418$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.237$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg

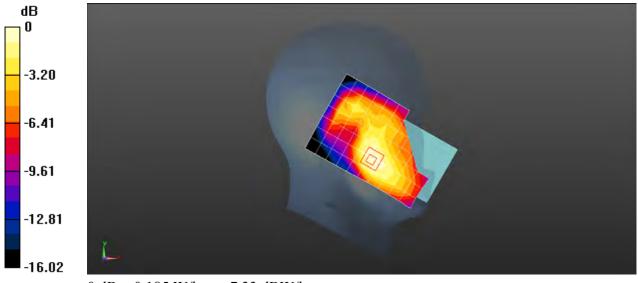
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.324 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.155 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.185 W/kg



0 dB = 0.185 W/kg = -7.33 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 GSM1900 661CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, GSM Only Communication System (0); Frequency: 1880

MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.495$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 W/kg

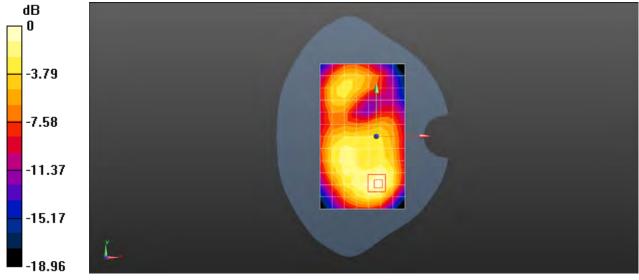
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.362 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.360 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.226 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg



0 dB = 0.294 W/kg = -5.32 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 GSM1900 GPRS 4TS 661CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS Mode(4up) Communication System (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.0797

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.495$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.942 W/kg

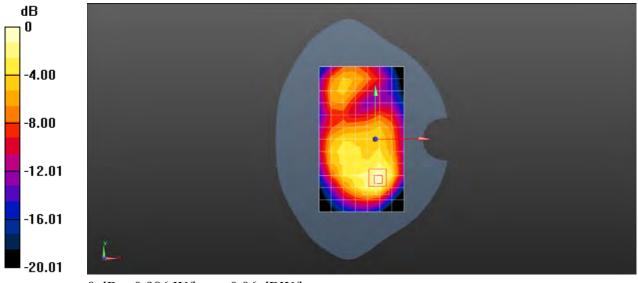
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.741 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.986 W/kg



0 dB = 0.986 W/kg = -0.06 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band II RMC 9400CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.418$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.237$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 W/kg

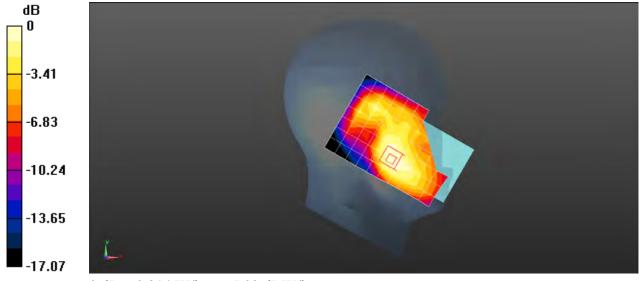
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.904 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.379 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.265 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg



0 dB = 0.314 W/kg = -5.03 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band II RMC 9400CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.495$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.469 W/kg

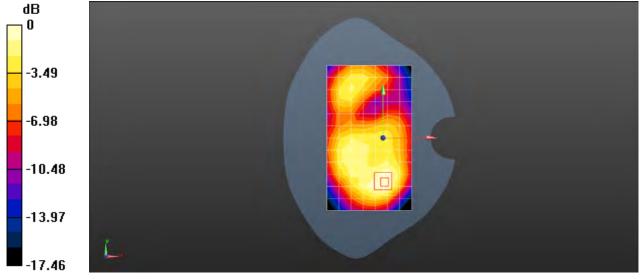
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.553 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.351 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 W/kg



0 dB = 0.461 W/kg = -3.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band II RMC 9400CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.495$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27

• Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.860 W/kg

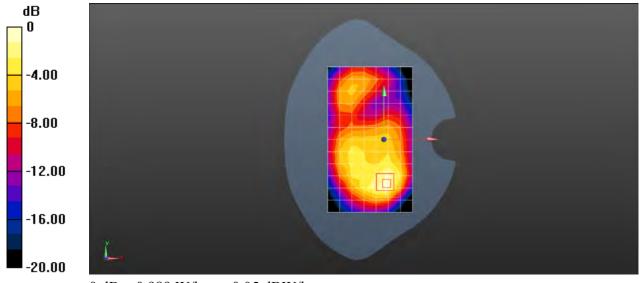
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.730 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.989 W/kg



0 dB = 0.989 W/kg = -0.05 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band IV RMC 1412CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.306$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

40.395; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 W/kg

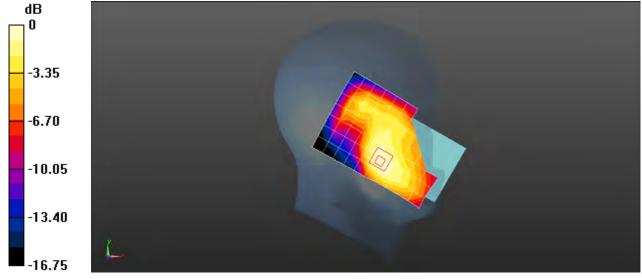
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.354 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg



0 dB = 0.191 W/kg = -7.19 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band IV 1412CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.405$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

51.191; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.41, 8.41, 8.41); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 W/kg

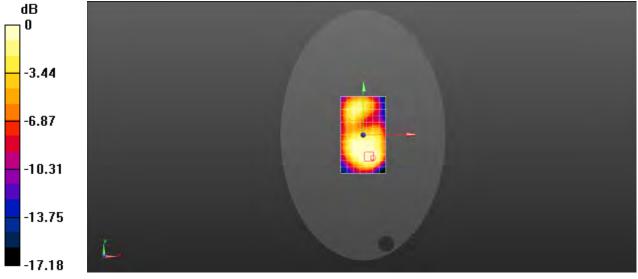
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.547 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.353 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.216 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 W/kg



0 dB = 0.278 W/kg = -5.56 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band IV 1412CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.405$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

51.191; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.41, 8.41, 8.41); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.734 W/kg

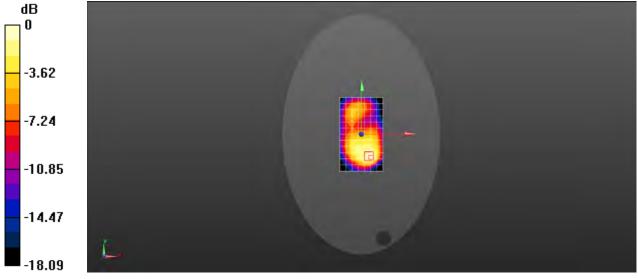
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.953 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.551 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.738 W/kg



0 dB = 0.738 W/kg = -1.32 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band V RMC 4182CH Left cheek with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 79NFEELN5DQG6HZT

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.893$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

42.611; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0924 W/kg

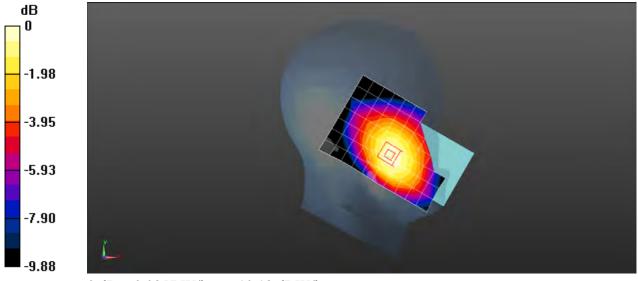
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.790 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.106 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.084 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0957 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0957 W/kg = -10.19 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band V RMC 4182CH Back side 15mm with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: GEMRMRIN9PRWSCJN

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

53.752; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.8, 8.8, 8.8); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 W/kg

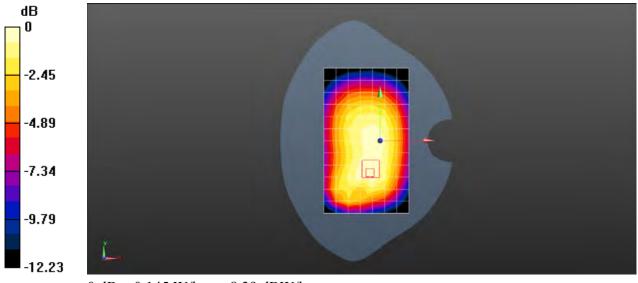
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.162 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 W/kg



0 dB = 0.145 W/kg = -8.39 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 WCDMA Band V RMC 4182CH Back side 10mm with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: GEMRMRIN9PRWSCJN

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

53.752; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.8, 8.8, 8.8); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 W/kg

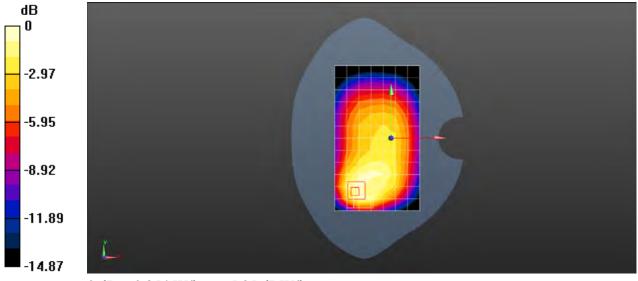
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.187 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 W/kg



0 dB = 0.254 W/kg = -5.95 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 2 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 18700CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz; $\sigma = 1.396$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.325$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.37, 7.37, 7.37); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg

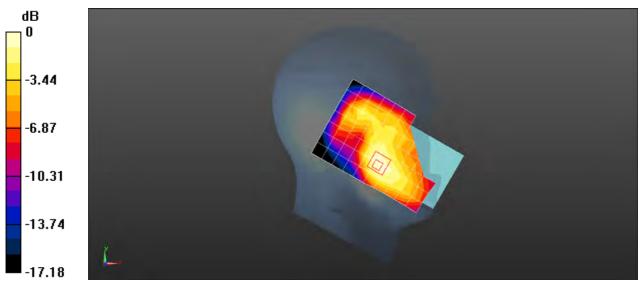
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.551 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.431 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.302 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.364 W/kg



0 dB = 0.364 W/kg = -4.39 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 2 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 18700CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz; $\sigma = 1.492$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.672$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

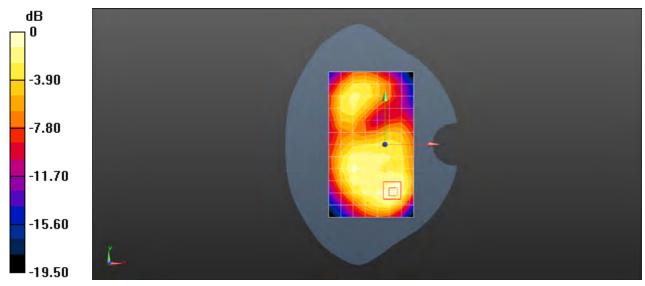
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.449 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.579 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 W/kg



0 dB = 0.468 W/kg = -3.30 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 2 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 18900CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.495$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.82, 7.82, 7.82); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

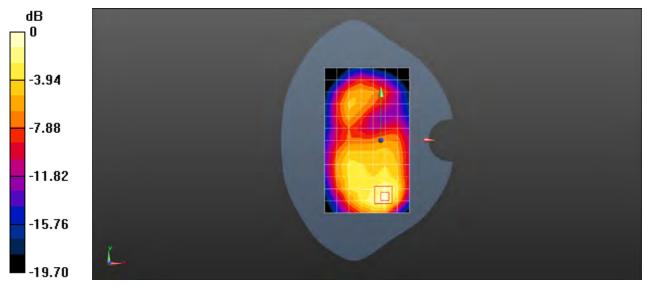
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.906 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.522 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



0 dB = 1.24 W/kg = 0.93 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 4 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 20050CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750;Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; σ = 1.294 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.44; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.170 W/kg

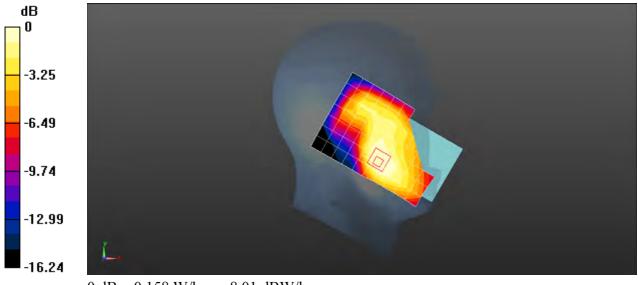
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.618 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.183 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg



0 dB = 0.158 W/kg = -8.01 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 4 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 20050CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.394$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.226$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.41, 8.41, 8.41); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.226 W/kg

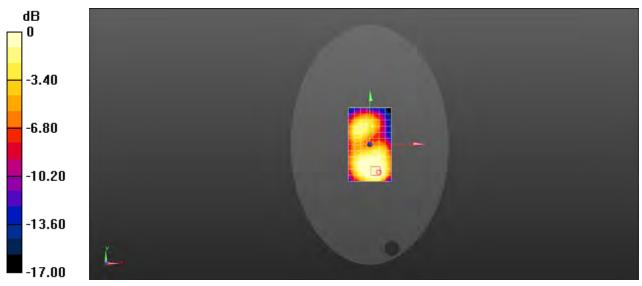
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.313 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.258 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.159 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.105 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 W/kg



0 dB = 0.210 W/kg = -6.78 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 4 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 20050CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; $\sigma = 1.394$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.226$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(8.41, 8.41, 8.41); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

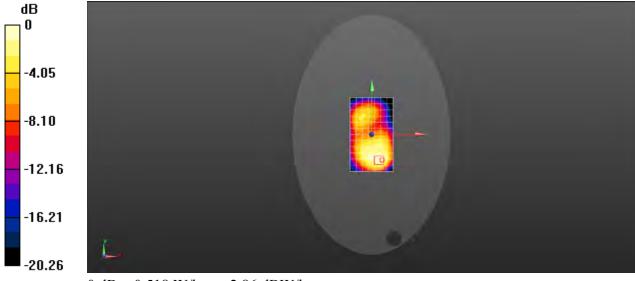
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.477 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.977 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.656 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.383 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 W/kg



0 dB = 0.518 W/kg = -2.86 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 5 10MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 20450CH Left cheek with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 79NFEELN5DQG6HZT

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835;Medium parameters used: f = 829 MHz; σ = 0.886 S/m; ϵ_r = 42.468; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

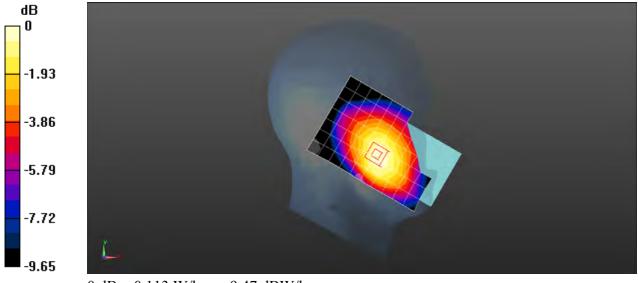
Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.379 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 W/kg



0 dB = 0.113 W/kg = -9.47 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 5 10MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 20450CH Back side 15mm with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: GEMRMRIN9PRWSCJN

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 829 MHz; $\sigma = 0.983$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.923$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.8, 8.8, 8.8); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

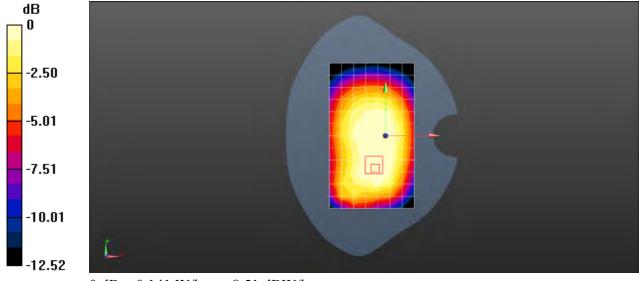
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.141 W/kg



0 dB = 0.141 W/kg = -8.51 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 5 10MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 20450CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 829 MHz; $\sigma = 0.983$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.923$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.8, 8.8, 8.8); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

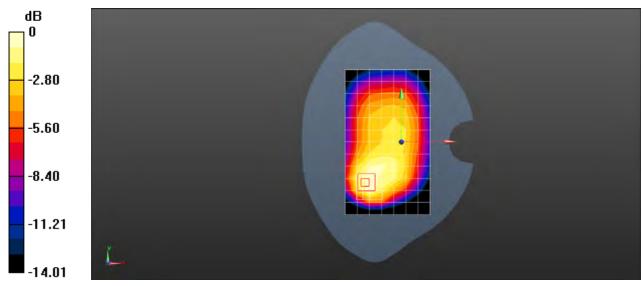
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.223 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.291 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.171 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 W/kg



0 dB = 0.225 W/kg = -6.48 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 7 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB99 Offset 20850CH Right cheek with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; σ = 1.896 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.731; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.7, 6.7, 6.7); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;

• Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31

• Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 W/kg

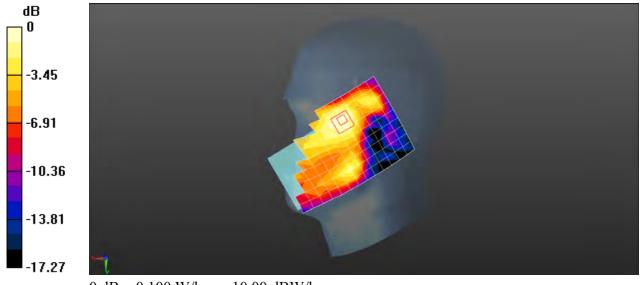
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.780 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.131 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.072 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 W/kg



0 dB = 0.100 W/kg = -10.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 7 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB99 Offset 20850CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; σ = 2.014 S/m; ϵ_r = 50.63; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

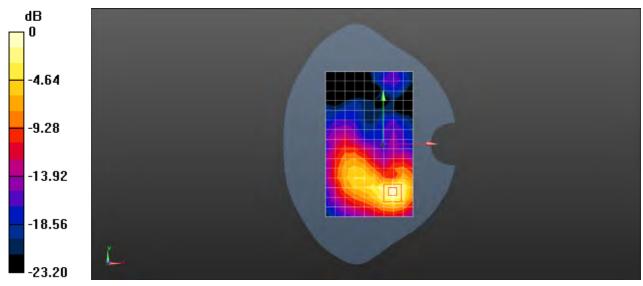
Configuration/Body/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.390 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.386 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 W/kg



0 dB = 0.553 W/kg = -2.57 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 7 20MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB99 Offset 21100CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2600; Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; $\sigma = 2.042$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.537$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1283
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg

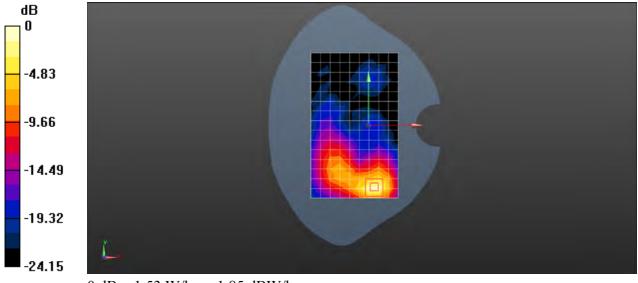
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.041 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.451 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg



0 dB = 1.53 W/kg = 1.85 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 12 10MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 23060CH Left cheek

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750;Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; σ = 0.851 S/m; ϵ_r = 43.389; ρ = 1000

kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(8.89, 8.89, 8.89); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0968 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.075 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.085 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0972 W/kg

-2.13 -4.26 -6.39 -8.52 -10.64

0 dB = 0.0972 W/kg = -10.12 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 12 10MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 23060CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.937$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.148$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(10.08, 10.08, 10.08); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.114 W/kg

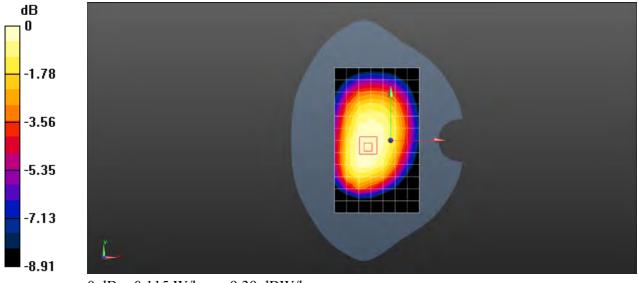
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 W/kg



0 dB = 0.115 W/kg = -9.39 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 LTE Band 12 10MHz bandwidth QPSK 1RB0 Offset 23060CH Left side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 9LRG45GAZ5I7SKLB

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 704 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 704 MHz; $\sigma = 0.937$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 57.148$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(10.08, 10.08, 10.08); Calibrated: 2016-12-19;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn896; Calibrated: 2017-09-27
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: 1913
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 W/kg

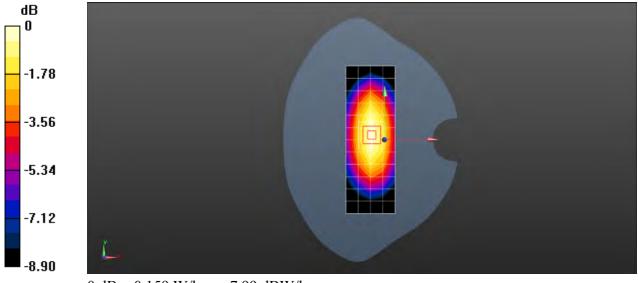
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.182 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.131 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.159 W/kg



0 dB = 0.159 W/kg = -7.99 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 802.11b 1CH Left cheek with Sample2

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: 79NFEELN5DQG6HZT

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.762 S/m; ϵ_r = 38.446; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.976 W/kg

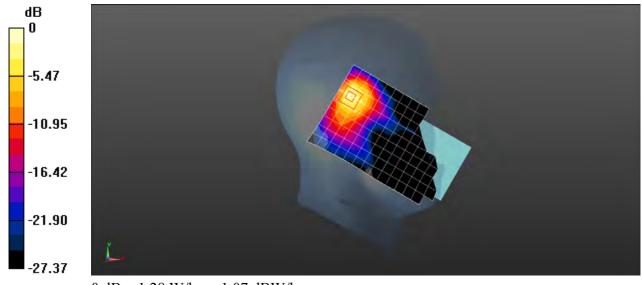
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.720 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



0 dB = 1.28 W/kg = 1.07 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 802.11b 6CH Back side 15mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.919 S/m; ϵ_r = 50.831; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0975 W/kg

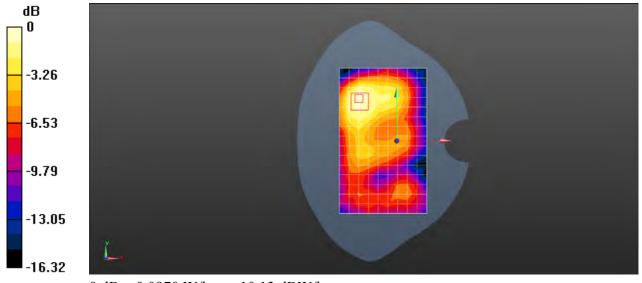
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.465 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.124 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.071 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0970 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0970 W/kg = -10.13 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

Hisense F24 802.11b 6CH Back side 10mm

DUT: Hisense F24; Type: Mobile Phone; Serial: FAHYSCUGUS59YTJB

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.919$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 50.831$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3789; ConvF(6.98, 6.98, 6.98); Calibrated: 2017-01-13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = -2.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2017-08-31
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: 1912
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.267 W/kg

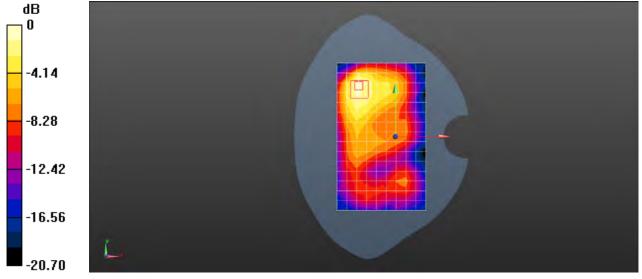
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.078 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.370 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.277 W/kg



0 dB = 0.277 W/kg = -5.58 dBW/kg