

TEST REPORT



Report No. : KES-RF240775 Page 1 / 36 KES Co., Ltd. #3002, #3503, #3701, 40, Simin-daero365beon-gil, Dongan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, 14057, Republic of Korea Tel : +82-31-425-6200, Fax : +82-31-341-3838

■ FCC & IC TEST REPORT

1. Client

- Name : bHaptics Inc.
- o Address : 201-B, 361-17, Gapcheon-ro, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon, South Korea

2. Sample Description

- Product item : TactSuit Air
- Model name : BHTV16M1D
- Manufacturer etc. : bHaptics Inc.
- 3. Date of test : 2024.11.13 ~ 2024.11.15
- **4. Location of Test :** ☑ Permanent Testing Lab □ On Site Testing ○ Adress : 473-21, Gayeo-ro, Yeoju-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
- 5. Test method used : Part 15 Subpart C 15.247, RSS-247 (Issue 3), RSS-Gen (Issue 5)
- 6. Test result : PASS

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked *. This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Affirmatio	Tested by		Technical Manager	
Ammalio	Name : Myeong-Ho, LEE	(Signature)	Name: Yeong-Jun Cho	(Signature)

2024.11.21.

KES Co., Ltd.

Accredited by KOLAS, Republic of KOREA

KES-QP16-F01(00-23-01-01)

KES Co., Ltd.



REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Test Report No.	Revision History
2024.11.21	KES-RF240775	Initial

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Use of uncertainty of measurement for decisions on conformity (decision rule):

■ No decision rule is specified by the standard, when comparing the measurement result with the applicable limit according to the specification in that standard. The decisions on conformity are made without applying the measurement uncertainty("simple acceptance" decision rule, previously known as "accuracy method").

□ Other (to be specified, for example when required by the standard or client)



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1. General information

Applicant:	bHaptics Inc.		
Applicant address:	201-B, 361-17, Gapcheon-ro, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon, South Korea		
Test site:	KES Co., Ltd.		
Test site address:	☐ #3002, #3503, #3701, 40, [±]	Simin-daero365beon-gil,	
	Dongan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeon	ggi-do, 14057, Republic of Kor	ea
	🛛 473-21, Gayeo-ro, Yeoju-si	i, Gyeonggi-do, Korea	
Test Facility	FCC Accreditation Designation	No.: KR0100, Registration No	.: 444148
	ISED Registration No.: 23298		
FCC rule part(s):	15.247		
IC rule part(s):	RSS-247 (Issue 3), RSS-Gen	(Issue 5)	
FCC ID:	2AJ6BBHTV16M1D		
IC Number:	24747-BHTV16M1D		
Test device serial No.:	Production	Pre-production	Engineering

1.1. **EUT description**

Equipment under test	TactSuit Air
Frequency range	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz (LE 1 Mbps)
Model	BHTV16M1D
Modulation technique	GFSK
Number of channels	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz : 40 ch
Antenna specification	Chip Antenna // Peak gain: 1.3 dBI
Power source	DC 3.63 V (Battery)
H/W version	1.0V
S/W version	1.0V
Serial Number	OQOK-KGBR-UX

1.2. Test configuration

The **bHaptics Inc.** // TactSuit Air // BHTV16M1D // FCC ID: 2AJ6BBHTV16M1D // IC Number : 24747-BHTV16M1D was tested according to the specification of EUT, the EUT must comply with following standards and KDB documents.

FCC Part 15.247 ISED RSS-247 Issue 3 and RSS-Gen Issue 5 KDB 558074 D01 v05 r02 ANSI C63.10-2013



1.3. Information about derivative model

N/A

1.4. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
-	-	-	-	-

1.5. **Device modifications**

N/A

1.6. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided For all conducted test items :

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Offset(dB) = RF cable loss(dB) + attenuator factor(dB).

= 1.43 + 20 = 21.43 (dB)

For Radiation test :

Field strength level ($^{dB}\mu^{V}/m$) = Measured level ($^{dB}\mu^{V}$) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) – Amplifier gain (dB)

Test Item Uncertainty 2.22 dB (SHIELD ROOM #6) Uncertainty for Conduction emission test Below 1 GHz 4.04 dB (SAC #6) Uncertainty for Radiation emission test (include Fundamental emission) Above 1 GHz 5.32 dB (SAC #5) Note. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1.7. **Measurement Uncertainty**



1.8. Frequency/channel operations

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)	Mode
00	2 402	LE 1 Mbps
•		•
20	2 442	LE 1 Mbps
· ·		
39	2 480	LE 1 Mbps



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2. Summary of tests

Section in FCC Part 15	Section in RSS-247 & Gen	Test description	Test results
-	RSS-Gen 6.7	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Pass
15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 5.2(a)	6 dB bandwidth	Pass
15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 5.4(d)	Output power	Pass
15.247(e)	RSS-247 5.2(b)	Power spectral density	Pass
15.205, 15.209	RSS-247 5.5 RSS-Gen 8.9,8,10	Radiated restricted band and emission	Pass
15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted spurious emission and band edge	Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen 8.8	AC Conducted emissions	Pass
15.203	-	Antenna Requirement	Pass

Note:

1. By applicant's request, This test is performed with condition below : Power setting : 8



3. Test results

3.1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 6.9.2 and 6.9.3

Test setup

	Attenuator	 Spectrum
EOT	Allenualoi	analyzer

Test setting

Span = The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW. RBW = The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW VBW = shall be approximately three times the RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = Peak

Trace = Max hold

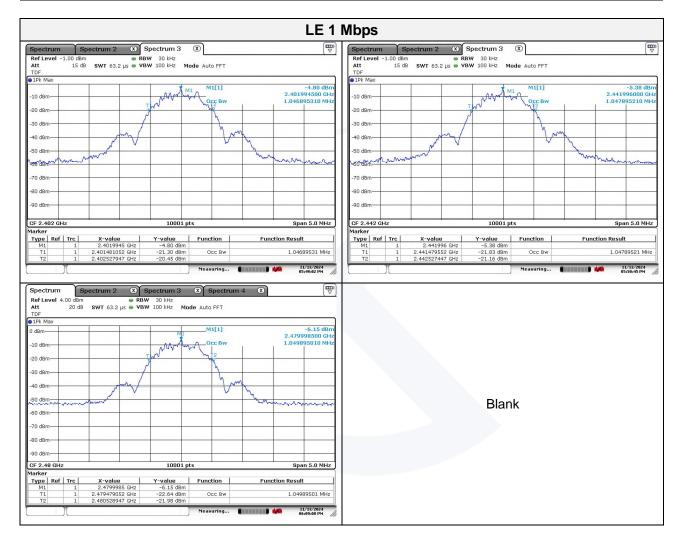
Limit

None; for reporting purpose only.



Mode : LE 1Mbps

Frequency(^M ¹ / ₂)	99% occupied bandwidth(^M ¹)	Limit(^{Mb})
2 402	1.05	
2 442	1.05	-
2 480	1.05	





3.2. 6 dB bandwidth

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.8.2

Test setup

EUT	Attopuotor	Sp	Spectrum
EUT	Attenuator		analyzer

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.8.2

The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \ge 3 × RBW, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be \ge 6 dB.

FCC Limit

According to \$15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate 902 ~ 928 Mb, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725 ~ 5 850 Mb bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kb.

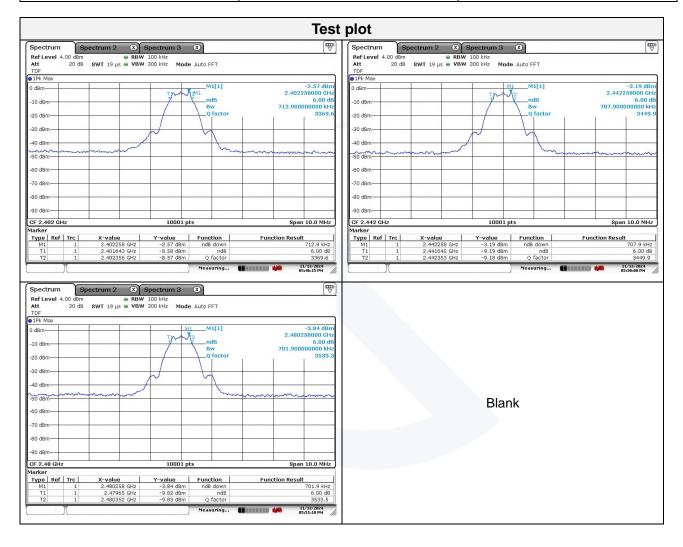
IC Limit

According to RSS-247 5.2(a), The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 km.



Test results

Frequency(Mz)	6 dB bandwidth(MB)	Limit(Mz)
2 402	0.71	
2 442	0.71	≥ 0.500
2 480	0.70	





3.3. Output power

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.1.3 and 11.9.2.3.2

Test setup

EUT		Attenuator	Power meter,
	A	literiualui	Power sensor

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.1.3

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power m eter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandw idth and shall use a fast-responding diode detector.

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.2.3.2

Alternatively, measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Because the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

FCC Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), For systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 Mb, 2 400~2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725~5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted out-put power. Maximum Conducted Out-put Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

IC Limit

According to RSS-247 5.4(d), For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 Mb and 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).



Test results

	2 402 M比		2 442 MHz		2 480 Mb		
Mode	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Average (dBm)	Peak (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)
LE 1 Mbps	-2.96	0.71	-3.58	0.41	-4.31	0.14	30.00





3.4. Power spectral density

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.10.2

Test setup

EUT		Attenuator	Spectrum
			analyzer

Section 10.2 & ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.10.2

- a. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c. Set the RBW to 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz
- d. Set the VBW \geq [3 × RBW].
- e. Detector = peak.
- f. Sweep time = auto couple.
- g. Trace mode = max hold.
- h. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j. If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

FCC Limit

According to §15.247(e), For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

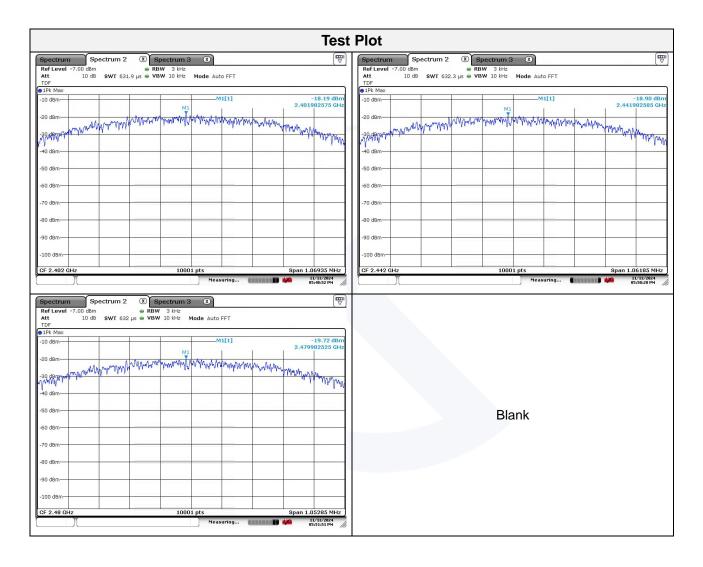
IC Limit

According to RSS-247 5.2(b), The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).



Results

Frequency(账)	PSD (dBm/3 址)	Limit(dBm/3 虚)
2 402	-18.19	
2 442	-18.90	≤ 8
2 480	-19.72	

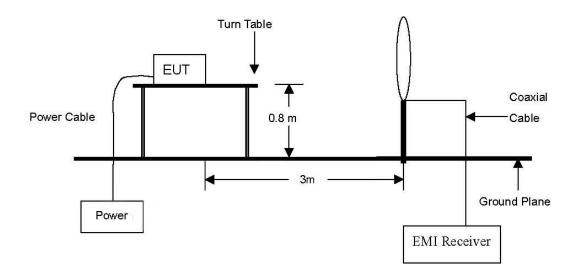




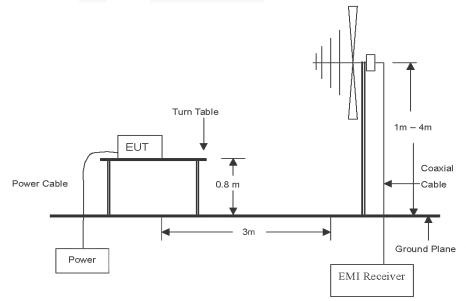
3.5. Radiated restricted band and emissions

Test setup

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 $\,\rm klz$ to 30 $\,\rm Mz\,$ Emissions.



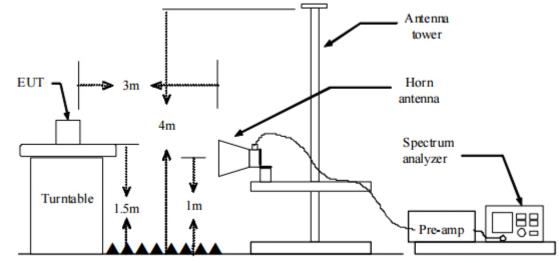
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 $\mathbb{G}_{\mathbb{Z}}$ emissions.



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The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz emissions, whichever is lower.



Test procedure

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.11 & 11.12 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Test procedure below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel, ground parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement. It was determined that **parallel** was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **parallel**.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum hold mode.

Test procedure above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground for 30 Mar-1 Gar and 1.5 meters for above 1 Gar at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna ,and its height are varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 5. Spectrum analyzer settings for f < 1 GHz:
 - ① Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
 - ② RBW = 120 kHz
 - ③ VBW ≥ RBW
 - ④ Detector = quasi peak
 - 5 Sweep time = auto
 - 6 Trace = max hold

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- 6. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f \ge 1$ GHz: Peak
 - ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
 - ② RBW = 1 Mz
 - ③ VBW ≥ 3 Mbz
 - ④ Detector = peak
 - 5 Sweep time = auto
 - 6 Trace = max hold
 - ⑦ Trace was allowed to stabilize
- 7. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f \ge 1$ GHz: Average
 - ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
 - ② RBW = 1 M₺
 - ③ VBW \ge 3 × RBW
 - ④ Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
 - 5 Averaging type = power(i.e., RMS)
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
 - 6 Sweep = auto
 - ⑦ Trace = max hold
 - 8 Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
 - ④ A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step (5), then the applicable correction factor is 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step (5), then the applicable correction factor is 20 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.



Note.

- 1. f < 30 Mb, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40\log(D_m/Ds)$ $f \ge 30$ Mb, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 20\log(D_m/Ds)$ Where:
 - F_d = Distance factor in dB
 - D_m = Measurement distance in meters
 - D_s = Specification distance in meters
- 2. Field strength($dB\mu N/m$) = Level($dB\mu N$) + CF (dB) + or DCF(dB)
- 3. Margin(dB) = Limit(dB μ V/m) Field strength(dB μ V/m)
- 4. Emissions below 18 GHz were measured at a 3 meter test distance while emissions above 18 GHz were measured at a 1 meter test distance with the application of a distance correction factor.
- The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z, it was determined that <u>X orientation</u> was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in <u>X orientation</u>.
- 6. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
- 7. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kt to 30 Mt. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

FCC Limit

According to 15.209(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values :

Frequency (Mb)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (<i>µ</i> V/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2400/F(kHz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24000/F(kliz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100**
88 ~ 216	3	150**
216 ~ 960	3	200**
Above 960	3	500

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands $54 \sim 72$ Mz, $76 \sim 88$ Mz, $174 \sim 216$ Mz or $470 \sim 806$ Mz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.



IC Limit

According to RSS-Gen, Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits :

Frequency (Mz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (µV/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2 400 / F(kliz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24 000 / F(kHz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100
88 ~ 216	3	150
216 ~ 960	3	200
Above 960*	3	500

* Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licenceexempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.



Duty cycle

Regarding to KDB 558074 D01_v05 r02, 6. Measurements of duty cycle and transmission duration shall be performed using one of the following techniques:

a) A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the on- and off-times of the transmitted signal.

b) The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on- and off-times of the transmitted signal.

Mode	T _{on} time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty cycle (Linear)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle correction factor (dB)
LE 1 Mbps	2.14	2.50	0.86	85.65	0.67

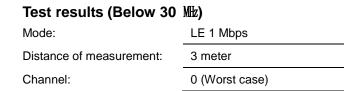
Duty cycle (Linear) = T_{on} time/Period

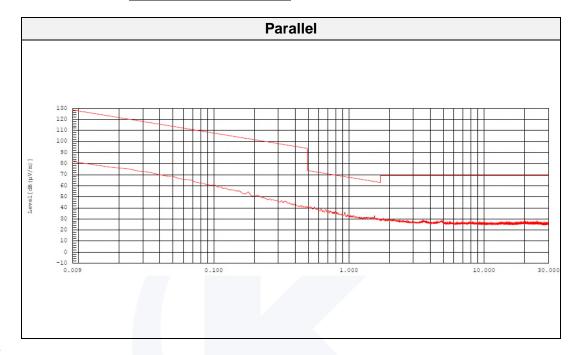
DCF(Duty cycle correction factor (dB)) = 10log(1/duty cycle)

Spectrum	Γ	Spectrum 2	×	Spectrum 3	× Spec	trum 4	×		
Ref Level Att TRG: VID TI	20 d	m 18 e SWT 15		VISMHz VISMHz					
●1Pk Max									
			-n (D3[1]				-0.39 dl
-10 dBm					M1[1]			-	30.66 dBn
-20 dBm		.000 dBm							
-30 dBm	TRG -23	.000 uBm	M1	DE DE				-	
-40 dBm		-				_			
-50 dBm					-				
-60 dBm									
-70 dBm									
-80 dBm									
-90 dBm									
CF 2.442 C	Hz			10001 p	ts				1.5 ms/
Marker									
	f Trc	X-valu		Y-value	Function		Funct	ion Result	
M1	1		998 ms	-30.66 dBm		-			
D2 M	1 1	2.1	405 ms	0.22 dB					

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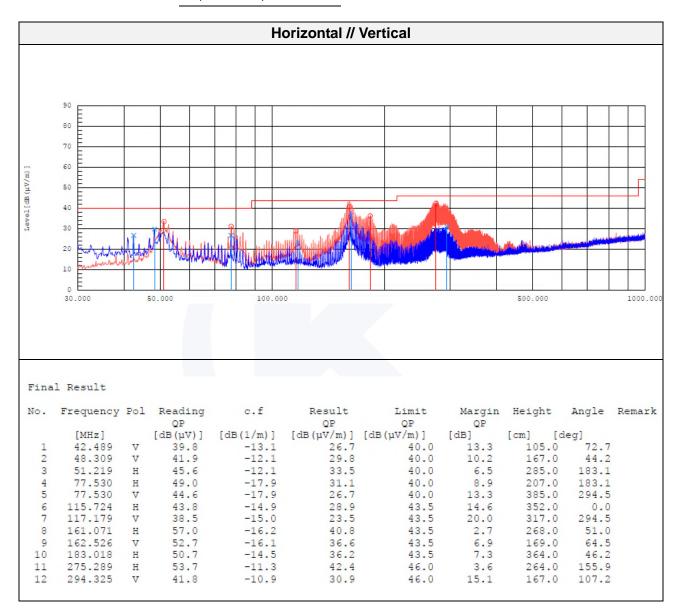
Note.

1. No spurious emission were detected under 30 Mz, above data is peak result.



Test results (Below 1 000 Mb)

Mode:	LE 1 Mbps
Distance of measurement:	3 meter
Channel:	0 (Worst case)



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Test results (Above 1 000 胍)

Mode:	LE 1 Mbps
Distance of measurement:	3 meter
Channel:	00

- Spurious

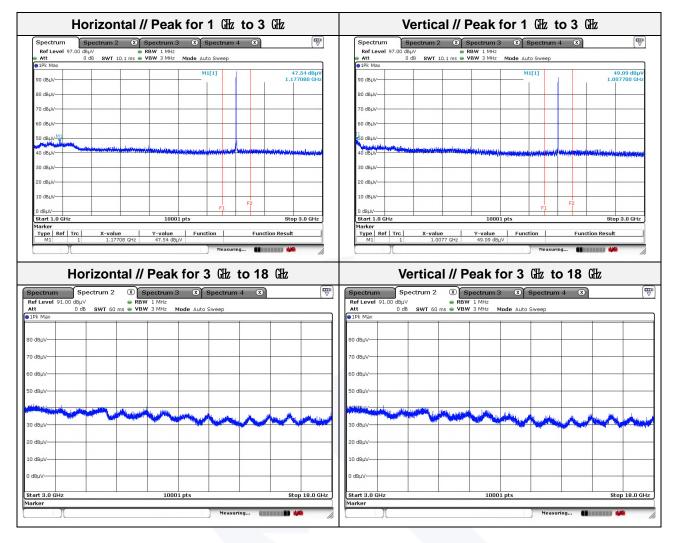
Frequency (ᡅ)	Level (dBµV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB _/ W/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
1 007.70	49.09	Peak	V	-9.66	-	39.43	74.00	34.57
1 177.02	47.54	Peak	Н	-8.59	-	38.95	74.00	35.05

Band edge

Frequency (Mb)	Level (dBµN)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
2 367.76	43.06	Peak	V	-0.98	-	42.08	74.00	31.92
2 369.96	44.66	Peak	Н	-0.98	-	43.68	74.00	30.32

Restric	Restricted band // Vertical // Peak								
Spectrum Spectrum Ref Level 97.00 dBµV	n 2 X Spectrum 3 X S RBW 1 MHz	pectrum 4 🛛 🗴		Spectrum S Ref Level 97.00 d8		Spectrum 3 RBW 1 MHz	🗴 Spectru	m 4 🕱	
	T 10.1 ms 👄 VBW 3 MHz 🛛 Mode Swi	вер			dB SWT 10.1 ms 👄	VBW 3 MHz N	lode Sweep	h.	
●1Pk Max				⊜1Pk Max					
90 dBµV	M	u[1]	44.66 dBµ¥ 2.3699600 GH2	90 dBµV			M1[1]	1 1	43.06 dBµ 2.3677570 GF
80 dBµV				80 dBµV					
70 dBµV-				70 dBµV					
60 dBµV-				60 dBµV					
50 dBµV-		MI		50 dBµV			M1		
nites and think a second		and the second	New York Contraction	Manager and the stationartic of	and the second		ahin gungu ang	and all provident and	Managara and Andrewson
30 dBµV				30 dBµV				-	
20 dBµV-				20 dBµV					
10 dBµV			F2	10 dBµV					F2
0 dBµV-F1				0 dBµV					
Start 2.3 GHz	10001 pts		Stop 2.402 GHz	Start 2.3 GHz		10001 p	ts		Stop 2.402 GHz
Marker Type Ref Trc X-va M1 1 2.	alue Y-value Funct 36996 GHz 44.66 dBµV	ion Function I	Result	Marker Type Ref Trc M1 1	X-value 2.367757 GHz	Y-value 43.06 dBµV	Function	Functio	on Result
)[Measuring	🗈 🦇 ///				Meas	uring	





Note.

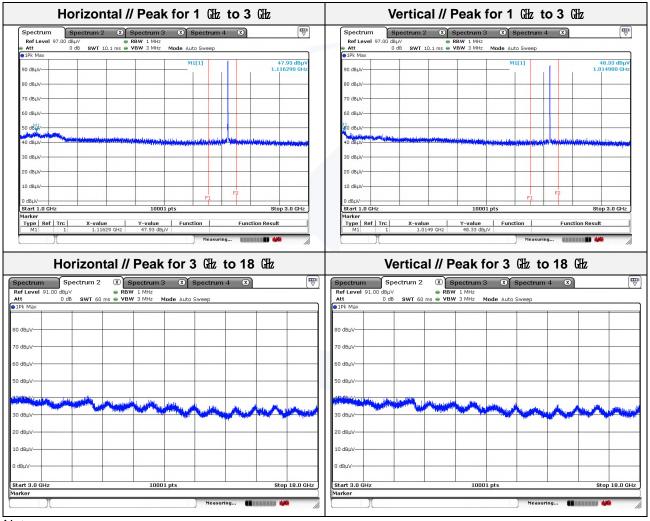
- 1. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.



Mode:	LE 1 Mbps		
Distance of measurement:	3 meter		
Channel:	20		

Spurious

Opune	540							
Frequency (肔)	Level (dBµN)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB ₄ N/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
1 014.90	48.33	Peak	V	-9.61	-	38.72	74.00	35.28
1 116.29	47.93	Peak	Н	-8.97	-	38.96	74.00	35.04



Note.

1. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.

2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.

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Mode:	LE 1 Mbps		
Distance of measurement:	3 meter		
Channel:	39		

Spurious

Frequency (Mb)	Level (dBµV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB ₄ N/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
1 011.50	50.09	Peak	V	-9.63	-	40.46	74.00	33.54
1 112.29	48.25	Peak	Н	-9.00	-	39.25	74.00	34.75

- Band edge

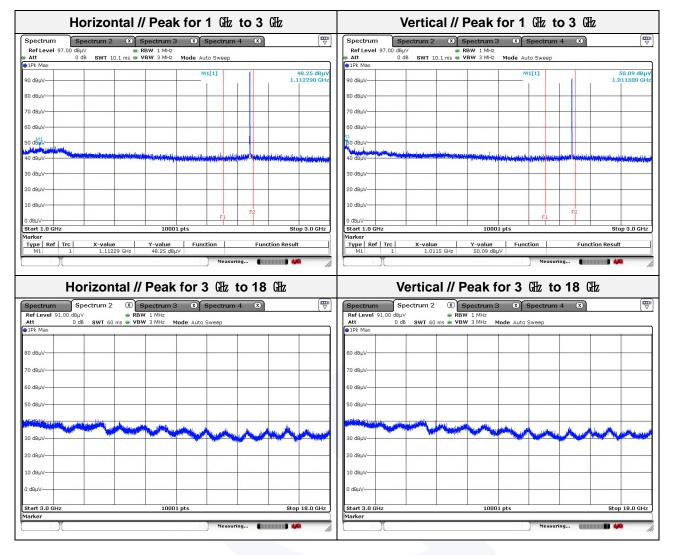
Frequency (Mb)	Level (dBµV)	Detect mode	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	CF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Field strength (dB _/ W/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
2 483.54	48.84	Peak	V	-0.72	-	48.12	74.00	25.88
2 483.55	53.14	Peak	Н	-0.72	-	52.42	74.00	21.58

Restricted band // Horizontal // Peak					Restricted band // Vertical // Peak					
Spectrum	Spectrum 2	Spectrum 3	Spectrum	4 🗷 🕎	Spectrum	pectrum 2 🛛 🔊 Sp	ectrum 3 🛛 🛪 Spec	trum 4 🙁	(E	
Ref Level 97.0 Att 1Pk Max		 RBW 1 MHz 1 ms VBW 3 MHz 	Mode Sweep	53.14 dBuY	Ref Level 97.00 dBj Att 0 1Pk Max		W 1 MHz W 3 MHz Mode Sweep		48.84 dBL	
90 авµv				2.48355010 GH2	99 dBµV				2.48353810 GH	
60 dBµV 50 dBµV 40 dBµV		nu destant al destanti a inan de			60 dBµV 50 dBµV 40 dBµV		********			
30 dBµV					30 dBµV					
10 dBμV 0 dBμV			F2		10 dBµV			F2		
Start 2.48 GHz Marker Type Ref Tro		10001	Function	Stop 2.51 GHz Function Result	Start 2.48 GHz Marker Type Ref Trc		10001 pts Y-value Function	Func	Stop 2.51 GHz tion Result	
)()()	1 2.4835501	L GHz 53.14 dBµ	Measurin	ng 🗰 🗰 🥢	M1 1	2.4835381 GHz	48.84 dBµV	easuring 🚺		

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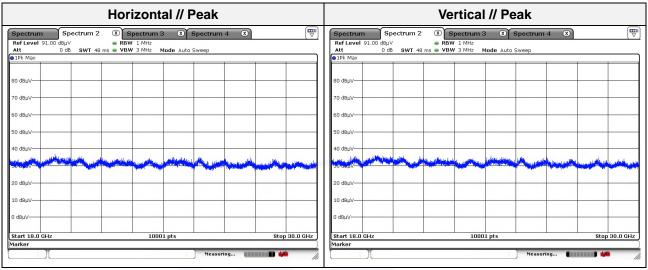
Note.

- 1. No spurious emission were detected above 3 GHz.
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.



Test results (18 ∰ to 30 ∰) – Worst case

Mode:	LE 1 Mbps
Distance of measurement:	3 meter
Channel:	0 (Worst case)



Note.

1. No spurious emission were detected above 18 $\,{\rm GHz}$.



3.6. Conducted spurious emissions & band edge

Test setup

FUT	Attenuator	Spectrum
EUT	Allenualoi	analyzer

Test procedure Band edge

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.11

- 1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
- 2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
- 3. Set the RBW = 100 kHz
- 4. Set the VBW = $[3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- 5. Detector = Peak
- 6. Sweep time = auto
- 7. Trace mode = max hold
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Out of band emissions

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 11.11

- 1. Start frequency was set to 30 Mb and stop frequency was set to 25 GHz for 2.4 GHz frequencies and 40 GHz for 5 GHz frequencies
- 2. Set the RBW = 100 kHz
- 3. Set the VBW = $[3 \times RBW]$.
- 4. Detector = Peak
- 5. Sweep time = auto
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

FCC Limit

According to 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section 15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (see section 15.205(c))

IC Limit

According to RSS-247 5.5, In any 100 kt bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kt bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

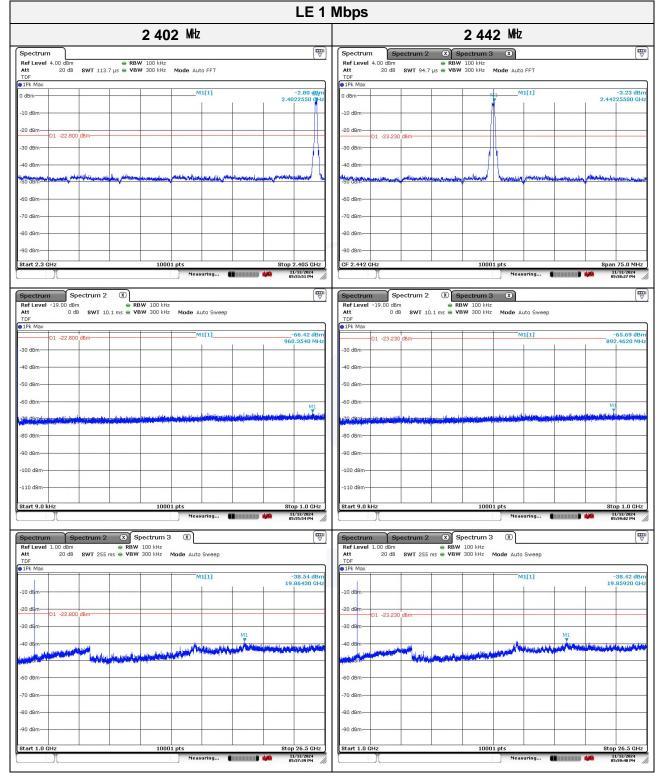
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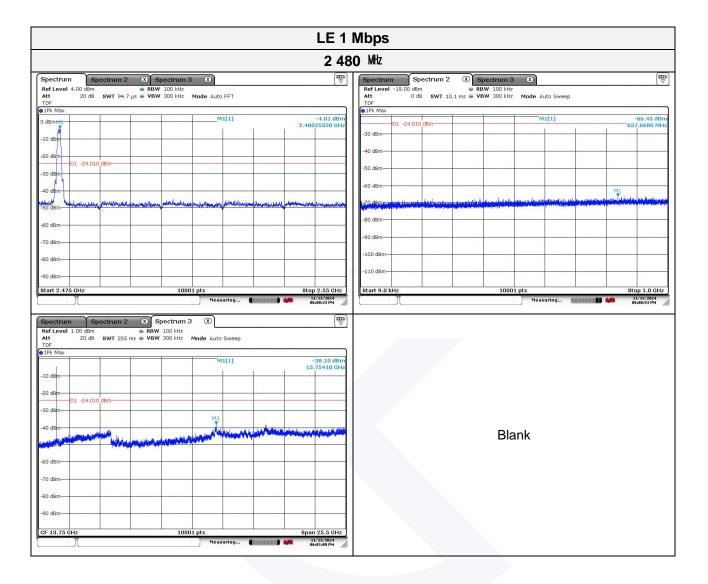
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Test results



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3.7. AC conducted emissions

FCC Limit

According to 15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (脈)	Conducted limit (dB _µ N)			
	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*		
0.50 - 5.00	56	46		
5.00 - 30.0	60	50		

IC Limit

According to RSS-Gen 8.8, Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kb to 30 Mb shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50 μ H / 50 Ω line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

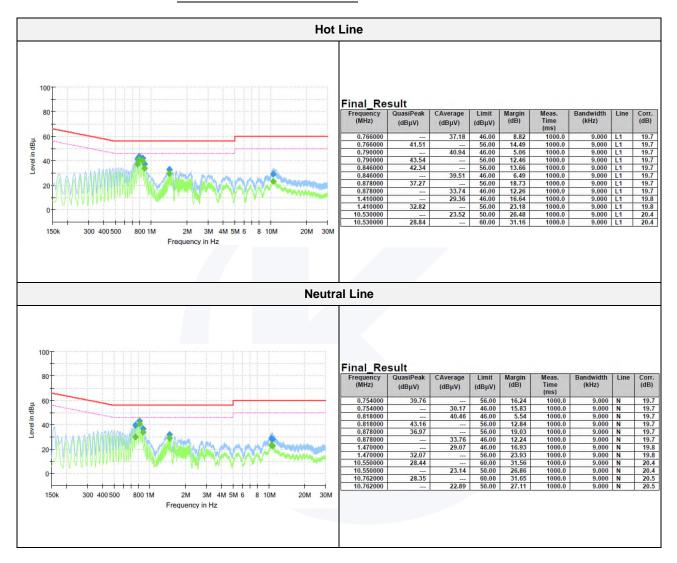
For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

	Conducted limit (dBµN)			
Frequency of Emission (毗)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*		
0.50 - 5.00	56	46		
5.00 - 30.0	60	50		



Test results

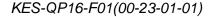
Mode:LE 1 MbpsTransfer rate:1 MbpsChannel:0 (Worst case)





3.8. Antenna Requirement

According to 15.207(a), An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.





Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration interval	Calibration due.
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101725	1 year	2025.06.12
SIGNAL GENERATOR	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY59100115	1 year	2025.04.15
SIGNAL GENERATOR	Anritsu	68369B	002118	1 year	2025.04.15
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	2010001	1 year	2025.04.15
Pulse Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1911111	1 year	2025.04.15
ATTENUATOR	Mini-Circuits	BW-S20-2W263A+	Y2	1 year	2025.02.09
ACTIVE LOOP ANTENNA	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1513	1513-257	2 years	2025.11.16
TRILOG-BROADBAND ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	714	2 years	2026.04.19
Attenuator	HUBER+SHHNER	6806.17.A	NONE	1 year	2025.02.13
Horn Antenna	A.H.	SAS-571	414	1 year	2025.01.16
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	BBHA 9170550	1 year	2025.01.16
Amplifier	SONOMA INSTRUMENT	310N	401123	1 year	2025.02.13
PREAMPLIFIER	HP	8449B	3008A00538	1 year	2025.04.30
BROADBAND AMPLIFIER	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9721	PS9721-003	1 year	2025.01.15
DC POWER SUPPLY	AGILENT	6632B	MY43004090	1 year	2025.06.17
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100552	1 year	2025.02.13
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	101783	1 year	2025.11.06
PULSE LIMITER	R&S	ESH2-Z2	101915	1 year	2025.11.06
LISN	R&S	ENV216	101786	1 year	2025.01.10

Appendix A. Measurement equipment

* Statement of Traceability: KES Co., Ltd. attests that all calibrations have been performed, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Peripheral devices

Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Notebook computer	Samsung Electronics Suzhou Computer Co.,Ltd.	Nt500r5w	NT500R5W-KD5S

The End.