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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1184_May17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

May 22, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
SN: 781	02-Sep-16 (No. DAE4-781_Sep16)	Sep-17
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17
Name	Function	Signature
Johannes Kurikka	Laboratory Technician	pur un
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	10 M
	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 2336 SN: 6065 SN: 781 ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US37295597 SN: 832283/011 SN: US37390585 Name Johannes Kurikka	SN: 104778

Issued: May 25, 2017

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	109.2 V/m = 40.76 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	109.1 V/m = 40.76 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	109.2 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

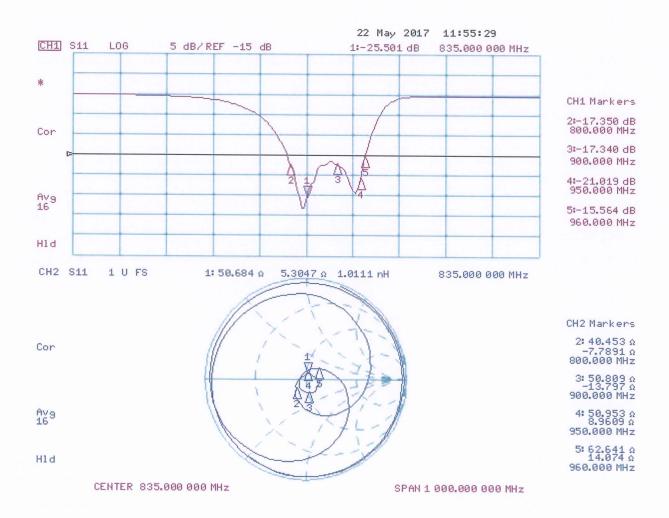
Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	17.4 dB	40.5 Ω - 7.8 jΩ
835 MHz	25.5 dB	$50.7 \Omega + 5.3 j\Omega$
900 MHz	17.3 dB	50.8 Ω - 13.8 jΩ
950 MHz	21.0 dB	$51.0 \Omega + 9.0 j\Omega$
960 MHz	15.6 dB	62.6 Ω + 14.1 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.



Date: 22.05.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1184

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 108.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

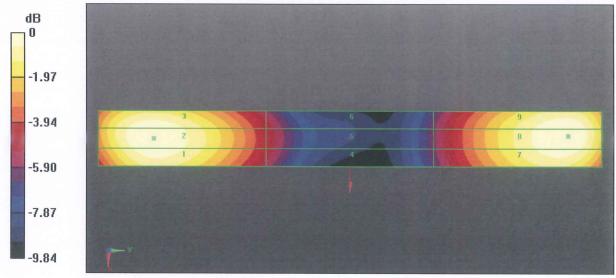
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.76 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M3 40.76 dBV/m	Grid 3 M3 40.61 dBV/m
	Grid 5 M4 36.17 dBV/m	Grid 6 M4 36.03 dBV/m
	Grid 8 M3 40.76 dBV/m	Grid 9 M3 40.69 dBV/m



0 dB = 109.2 V/m = 40.76 dBV/m





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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1170_May17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

May 22, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 781	02-Sep-16 (No. DAE4-781_Sep16)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Johannes Kurikka	Laboratory Technician	pur un
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	m m
Approved by:	raga r onovio	rediffical Mariager	Jex 15

Issued: May 25, 2017

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References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	92.7 V/m = 39.34 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	89.6 V/m = 39.05 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	91.2 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

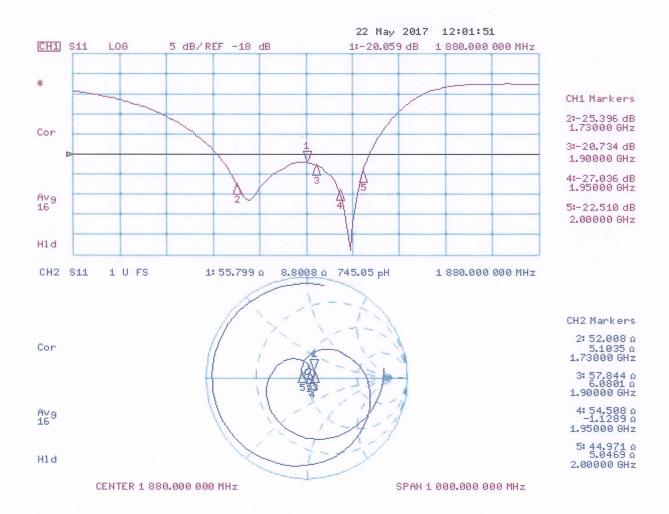
Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	25.4 dB	$52.0 \Omega + 5.1 j\Omega$
1880 MHz	20.1 dB	$55.8 \Omega + 8.8 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	20.7 dB	$57.8 \Omega + 6.1 j\Omega$
1950 MHz	27.0 dB	54.5 Ω - 1.1 jΩ
2000 MHz	22.5 dB	45.0 Ω + 5.0 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.



DASY5 E-field Result

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1170

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ϵ_r = 1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

• DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

Date: 22.05.2017

(41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 161.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

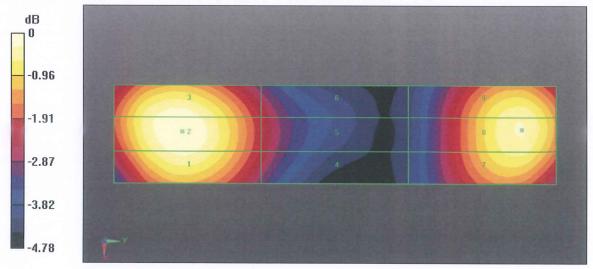
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.34 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
39.11 dBV/m	39.34 dBV/m	39.23 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.05 dBV/m	37.18 dBV/m	37.08 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.8 dBV/m	39.05 dBV/m	38.98 dBV/m



0 dB = 92.67 V/m = 39.34 dBV/m





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client

Sporton (Auden)

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1186 Jan18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD2450V3 - SN: 1186

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

Primary Standards

January 09, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	14-Jun-17 (No. EF3-4013_Jun17)	Jun-18
DAE4	SN: 781	13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Jul-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seef Megen
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Me MC

Cal Date (Certificate No.)

Issued: January 10, 2018

Scheduled Calibration

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15.mm	
Scan resolution	dx, $dy = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 2450 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	87.8 V/m = 38.86 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	86.8 V/m = 38.77 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	87.3 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

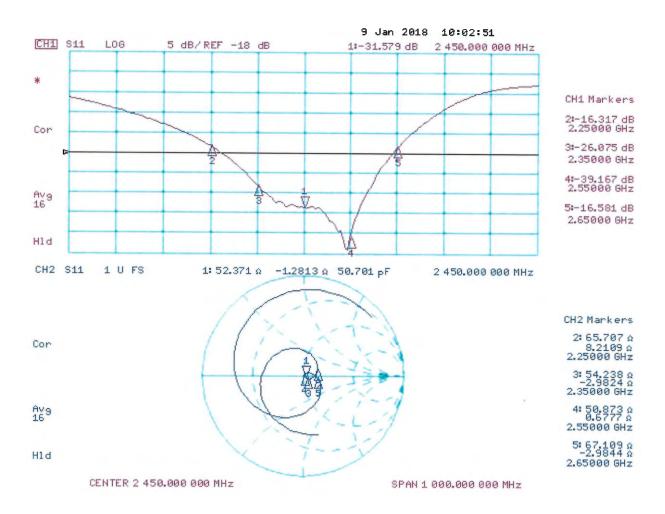
Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2250 MHz	16.3 dB	$65.7 \Omega + 8.2 j\Omega$
2350 MHz	26.1 dB	54.2 Ω - 3.0 jΩ
2450 MHz	31.6 dB	52.4 Ω - 1.3 jΩ
2550 MHz	39.2 dB	$50.9 \Omega + 0.7 j\Omega$
2650 MHz	16.6 dB	67.1 Ω - 3.0 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 09.01.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; Serial: CD2450V3 - SN: 1186

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma=0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r=1$; $\rho=1000~kg/m^3$

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 14.06.2017;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/E-Scan - 2450MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 77.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

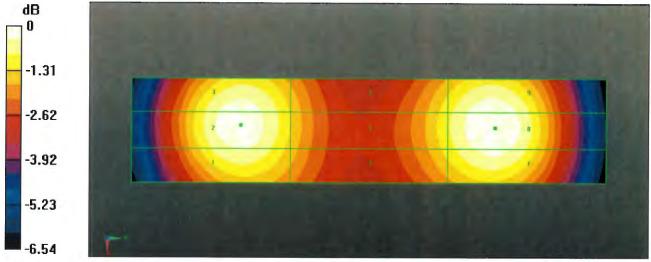
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.86 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.46 dBV/m	38.77 dBV/m	38.7 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.75 dBV/m	37.94 dBV/m	37.87 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.6 dBV/m	38.86 dBV/m	38.76 dBV/m



0 dB = 87.75 V/m = 38.86 dBV/m

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD5500V3-1009_Jan18

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD5500V3 - SN: 1009

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

January 09, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
SN: 4013	14-Jun-17 (No. EF3-4013_Jun17)	Jun-18
SN: 781	13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781 Jul17)	Jul-18
	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013	SN: 104778 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) SN: 103244 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) SN: 103245 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) SN: 5058 (20k) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) SN: 4013 14-Jun-17 (No. EF3-4013_Jun17)

Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

Name **Function** Calibrated by: Leif Klysner Laboratory Technician

Katja Pokovic

Approved by:

Technical Manager

Issued: January 11, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD5500V3-1009_Jan18

Page 1 of 5

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	5500 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 5500 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	92.3 V/m = 39.30 dBV/m

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

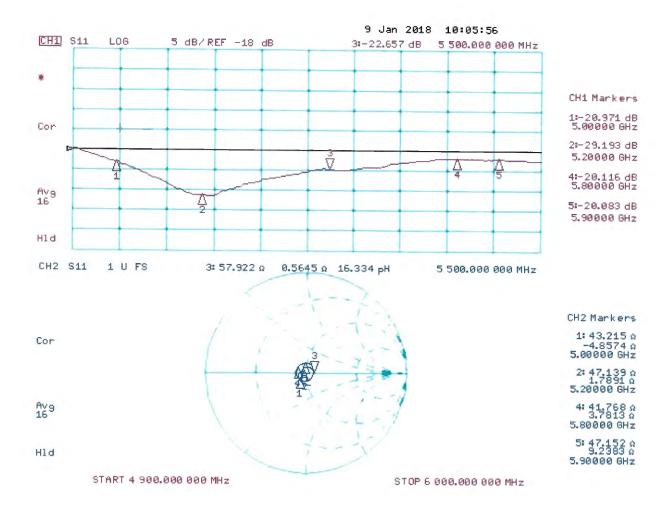
Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
5000 MHz	21,0 dB	43.2 Ω - 4.9 jΩ
5200 MHz	29.2 dB	47.1 Ω + 1.8 jΩ
5500 MHz	22.7 dB	57.9 Ω + 0,6 jΩ
5800 MHz	20.1 dB	41.8 Ω + 3.8 jΩ
5900 MHz	20.1 dB	47.2 Ω + 9.2 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 08.01.2018

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: CD5500V3; Serial: CD5500V3 - SN: 1009

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ϵ_r = 1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013 (5-6 GHz); ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 14.06.2017;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 5500MHz/E-Scan - 5500MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 119.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

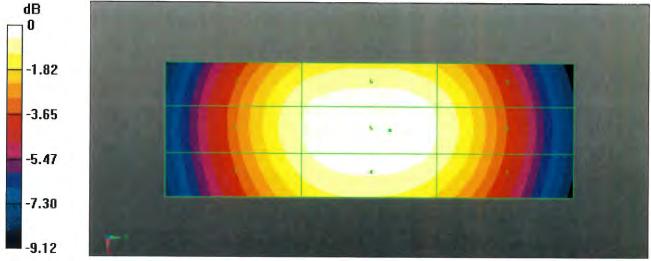
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.30 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

and the second second	Grid 2 M2 38.74 dBV/m	
Grid 4 M2 39.11 dBV/m		Grid 6 M2 39.11 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.52 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 38.75 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.59 d BV/ m



0 dB = 92.27 V/m = 39.30 dBV/m