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TE	EST REPORT	
Report No	CHTEW21050013	Report verificaiton:
Project No:	SHT2104024103EW	
FCC ID:	XUJX431PROV5	
Applicant's name:	Launch Tech Co., Ltd.	
Address	Launch Industrial Park, North of Longgang, Shenzhen, Guangdo	
Test item description:	AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool	
Trade Mark	LAUNCH	
Model/Type reference	X-431 PRO3 V5.0	
Listed Model(s)	X-431 V+ V5.0, X-431 PRO5 V2	2.0
Standard :	FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition IEEE 1528: 2013	
Date of receipt of test sample	Apr.26, 2021	
Date of testing	Apr.27, 2021-Jun.25, 2021	
Date of issue	Jun.25, 2021	
Result:	PASS	
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The test report merely correspond to the	e test sample.	

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1. Statement of Compliance

Maximum Reported SAR (W/kg @1g)		
RF Exposure Conditions	DTS	NII
Body(Dist.= 0mm)	0.394	0.228

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Test Standards and Report version

2.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:

865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

<u>447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02:</u> SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters <u>616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02:</u> SAR Evaluation Requirements for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers

TCB workshop April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

2.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2021-06-25	Original

3. <u>Summary</u>

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Launch Tech Co., Ltd.
Address:	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Avenue, Banxuegang, Longgang, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China
Manufacturer:	Launch Tech Co., Ltd.
Address:	Launch Industrial Park, North of Wuhe Avenue, Banxuegang, Longgang, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China

3.2. Product Description

Main unit		
Name of EUT:	AUTO Smart Diagnostic Tool	
Trade Mark:	LAUNCH	
Model No.:	X-431 PRO3 V5.0	
Listed Model(s):	X-431 V+ V5.0, X-431 PRO5 V2.0	
Power supply:	DC7.6V	
Device Category:	Portable	
Product stage:	Production unit	
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/Uncontrolled	
HTW test sample No .:	YPHT21040241001	
Hardware version:	BSK-Y12-V3	
Software version:	V1.1.4	
Device Dimension:	Overall (Length x Width x Thickness): 270x190x35 mm	

3.3. RF Specification Description

Wi-Fi 2.4G		
Operating Mode:	802.11b 802.11g 802.11n(HT20) 802.11n(HT40)	
Antenna Type:	FPC	
Wi-Fi 5G		
Operation Band:	U-NII-1 U-NII-2A U-NII-3	
Operating Mode:	802.11a 802.11n(HT20) 802.11n(HT40) 802.11ac(VHT20) 802.11ac(VHT40) 802.11ac(VHT80)	
Antenna Type:	FPC	

Bluetooth		
Bluetooth version:	V5.1	
Support function:	EDR	
Operating Mode:	GFSK π/4DQPSK 8DPSK	
Antenna Type:	FPC	
Bluetooth		
Bluetooth version:	V5.1	
Support function:	BLE	
Operating Mode:	GFSK	
Antenna Type:	FPC	
D /		

Remark:

1. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power.

3.4. Testing Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.		
Laboratory Location	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China		
Connect information:	Tel: 86-755-26715499 E-mail: <u>cs@szhtw.com.cn</u> <u>http://www.szhtw.com.cn</u>		
Qualifications	Type Accreditation Numb		
Qualifications	FCC	762235	

3.5. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date	Due date
					(YY-MM-DD)	(YY-MM-DD)
•	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2021/03/23	2022/03/22
•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2021/04/09	2022/04/08
•	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	137681	2021/05/27	2022/05/26
• Ti	issue-equivalent liquids Va	lidation				
•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
•	Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2020/10/15	2021/10/14
• S	ystem Validation					
0	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1102	2021/01/20	2024/01/19
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1164	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2021/01/22	2024/01/21
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2021/01/25	2024/01/24
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2021/01/26	2024/01/25
•	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2020/08/11	2021/08/10
•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2020/08/11	2021/08/10
●	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101386	2021/05/27	2022/05/26
●	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2020/11/12	2021/11/11
●	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2020/11/12	2021/11/11
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2020/11/12	2021/11/11
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2020/11/12	2021/11/11

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.

2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

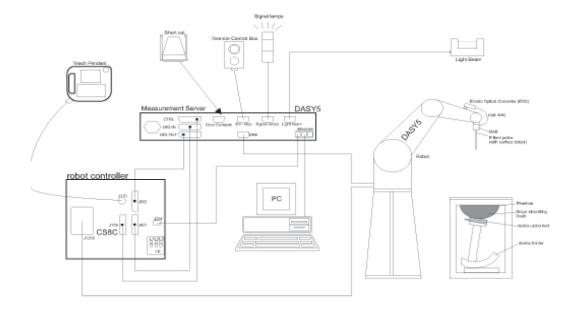
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

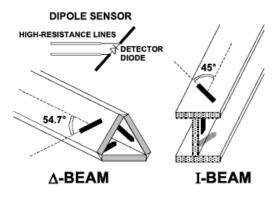
• Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

• Isotropic E-Field Probe

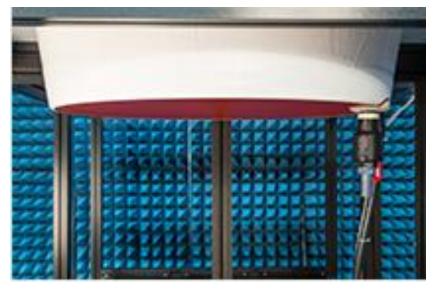
The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6.3. Phantoms

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI isfully compatible with standard and all known tissuesimulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can beintegrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurementgrids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAGdosimetric probes and dipoles.



ELI Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \operatorname{mm} \pm 0.5 \operatorname{mm}$		
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$		
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 5 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \\ 4-6 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \end{array}$					
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \; \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$					
	$\Delta z_{Z_{00m}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closes to phantom surface		\leq 4 mm	$3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $4-5 \text{ GHz:} \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 2 \text{ mm}$					
	grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoc}$	m(n-1) mm					
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		\geq 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \ge 22 \text{ mm}$					
A									

Note: \hat{o} is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5 %.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Η

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

– fieldprobes : $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{ConvF}$

	- J
Vi:	compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Normi:	sensor sensitivity of channel ($i = x, y, z$),
	[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF:	sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij:	sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f:	carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei:	electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi:	magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg
- Etot: total field strength in V/m
- σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

8.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C

and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The dielectric constant (ε_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within \pm 5% of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%. This is limited to frequencies \leq 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Tissue dielectric parameters for Head and Body							
Target Frequency	He	ad	Body				
(MHz)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)			
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95			
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30			
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42			
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00			

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency		٤ _r		σ(S/m)		σ(S/m)		Delta	Lineit	Temp	Data
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ε _r)	(ε _r) (σ)	σ) Limit	(°C)	Date		
2450	39.20	40.99	1.800	1.811	4.57%	0.61%	±5%	22.4	2021/4/30		
5250	35.93	37.68	4.706	4.642	4.87%	-1.36%	±5%	22.4	2021/4/30		
5250	35.93	35.18	4.706	4.554	-2.09%	-3.23%	±5%	22.3	2021/6/25		
5750	35.36	36.84	5.219	5.230	4.19%	0.21%	±5%	22.4	2021/4/30		

8.2. System Check

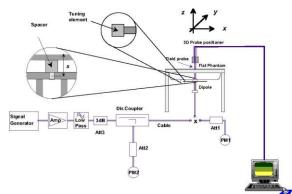
SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz

and \geq 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
 For 5 GHz band The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input nower
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



System Performance Check Setup

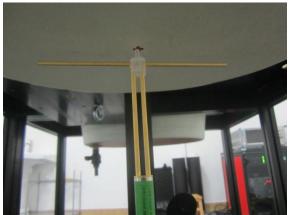


Photo of Dipole Setup

System Check Result:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within ±10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Head											
Frequency (MHz)		1g SAR		10g SAR		Delta Delta		Limit	Temp	Date	
(101112)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g) (1	(10g)		(°C)	
2450	52.00	56.80	14.20	23.90	26.28	6.57	9.23%	9.96%	±10%	22.4	2021/4/30

	Head										
Frequency	1g SAR				10g SAR			Delta		Temp	
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 100mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 100mW	Delta (1g)	(10g)	Limit	(°C)	Date
5250	78.20	72.40	7.24	22.30	20.50	2.05	-7.42%	-8.07%	±10%	22.4	2021/4/30
5250	78.20	85.50	8.55	22.30	24.50	2.45	9.34%	9.87%	±10%	22.3	2021/6/25
5750	79.30	80.00	8.00	22.50	22.60	2.26	0.88%	0.44%	±10%	22.4	2021/4/30

Plots of System Performance Check

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1009 Date: 2021-04-30 Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.811 S/m; ϵ r = 40.992; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.6 °C;Liquid Temperature:22.4 °C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

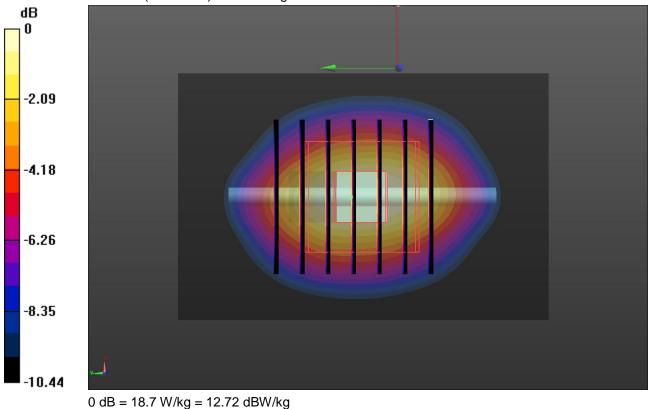
Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.0 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 106.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.57 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1273 Date: 2021-04-30 Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.642$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 37.679$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.6°C;Liguid Temperature:22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm,pin=100mW/Area Scan (31x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

dy=1.000 mm

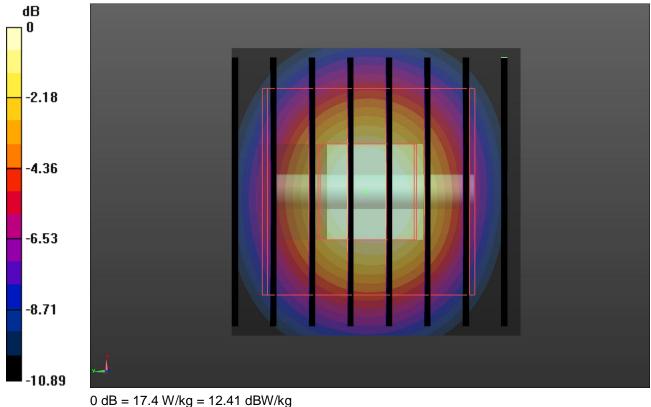
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.8 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 5250MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1273 Date: 2021-06-25 Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5250 MHz; σ = 4.554 S/m; ϵ_r = 35.179; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.3°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm,pin=100mW/Area Scan (31x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

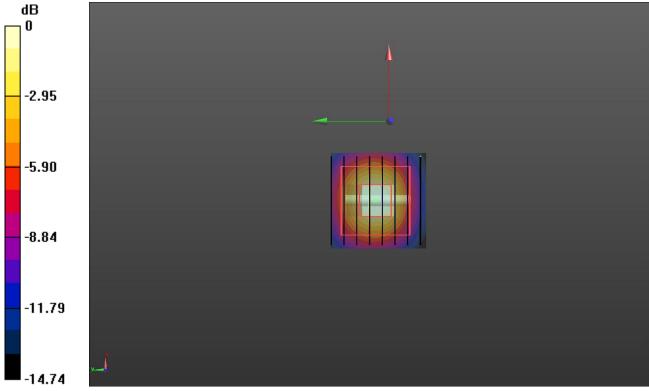
dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.2 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 74.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.5 W/kg



0 dB = 20.5 W/kg = 13.12 dBW/kg

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 5750MHz

DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1273 Date: 2021-04-30 Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz; σ = 5.23 S/m; ϵ r = 36.843; ρ = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.6 °C;Liquid Temperature:22.4 °C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm,Pin=100mW/Area Scan (41x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm,

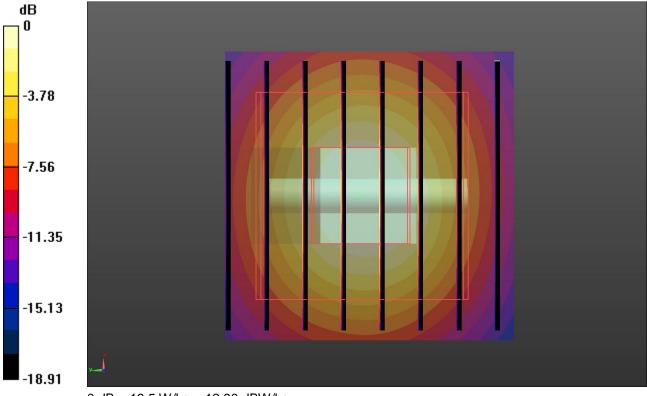
dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.4 W/kg

Head/d=10mm,Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 71.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg = 12.90 dBW/kg

9. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)				
Type Exposure	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure Environment			
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0			
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

10. Conducted Power Measurement Results

10.1. Wi-Fi

For 2.4GHz Wi-Fi SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation.

The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.

SAR testing is not required for OFDM mode(s) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

	Wi-Fi 2.4G							
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)				
	1	2412	18.19	18.50				
802.11b	6	2437	17.98	18.00				
	11	2462	17.80	18.00				
	1	2412	20.43	20.50				
802.11g	6	2437	20.37	20.50				
	11	2462	20.28	20.50				
	1	2412	19.21	19.50				
802.11n (HT20)	6	2437	19.15	19.50				
(1120)	11	2462	19.00	19.00				
	3	2422	18.78	19.00				
802.11n (HT40)	6	2437	18.59	19.00				
(1140)	9	2452	18.58	19.00				

		Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-1	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)
	36	5180	13.83
802.11ac (VHT20)	40	5200	13.52
(11120)	48	5240	13.17
	36	5180	13.77
802.11n (HT20)	40	5200	13.59
(1120)	48	5240	13.15
	36	5180	13.91
802.11a	40	5200	13.60
	48	5240	13.34
802.11ac	38	5190	12.77
(VHT40)	46	5230	12.56
802.11n	38	5190	12.97
(HT40)	46	5230	12.50
802.11ac (VHT80)	42	5210	11.92

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Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-2A									
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)						
	52	5260	12.99						
802.11ac (VHT20)	56	5280	12.80						
(11120)	64	5320	12.21						
	52	5260	12.99						
802.11n (HT20)	56	5280	12.73						
(64	5320	12.15						
	52	5260	13.15						
802.11a	56	5280	12.82						
	64	5320	12.38						
802.11ac	54	5270	12.09						
(VHT40)	62	5310	11.52						
802.11n	54	5270	11.95						
(HT40)	62	5310	11.43						
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	5290	11.07						

	Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-3										
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)								
	149	5745	11.89								
802.11ac (VHT20)	157	5785	10.91								
(11120)	165	5825	10.17								
	149	5745	11.80								
802.11n (HT20)	157	5785	10.92								
(1120)	165	5825	10.25								
	149	5745	11.95								
802.11a	157	5785	11.01								
	165	5825	10.38								
802.11ac	151	5755	10.78								
(VHT40)	159	5795	9.84								
802.11n	151	5755	10.70								
(HT40)	159	5795	9.85								
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	5775	9.51								

10.2. Bluetooth

	Bluetooth									
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)							
	0	2402	4.81							
GFSK	39	2441	7.42							
	78	2480	6.90							
	0	2402	5.18							
π/4QPSK	39	2441	6.24							
	78	2480	6.56							
	0	2402	4.60							
8DPSK	39	2441	5.85							
	78	2480	5.21							
	0	2402	-4.25							
BLE	19	2440	-3.69							
	39	2480	-3.33							

11. Maximum Tune-up Limit

Wi-Fi 2.4G							
Mode	Channel	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Conducted Average Power					
	1	18.50					
802.11b	6	18.00					
	11	18.00					
	1	20.50					
802.11g	6	20.50					
	11	20.50					
	1	19.50					
802.11n(HT20)	6	19.50					
	11	19.00					
	3	19.00					
802.11n(HT40)	6	19.00					
	9	19.00					

Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-1							
Mode	Channel	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Conducted Average Power					
000.44	36	14.00					
802.11ac (VHT20)	40	14.00					
(11120)	48	13.50					
000.44	36	14.00					
802.11n (HT20)	40	14.00					
(11120)	48	13.50					
	36	14.00					
802.11a	40	14.00					
	48	13.50					
802.11ac	38	13.00					
(VHT40)	46	13.00					
802.11n	38	13.00					
(HT40)	46	12.50					
802.11ac (VHT80)	42	12.00					

Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-2A							
Mode	Channel	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Conducted Average Power					
802.11ac (VHT20)	52 56 64	13.00 13.00 12.50					
802.11n (HT20)	52 56 64	13.00 13.00 12.50					
802.11a	52 56 64	13.50 13.00 12.50					
802.11ac (VHT40)	54 62	12.50 12.00					
802.11n (HT40)	54 62	12.00 11.50					
802.11ac (VHT80)	58	11.50					

Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-3							
Mode	Channel	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Conducted Average Power					
000.44.55	149	12.00					
802.11ac (VHT20)	157	11.00					
(((1120)	165	10.50					
000.44	149	12.00					
802.11n (HT20)	157	11.00					
(1120)	165	10.50					
	149	12.00					
802.11a	157	11.50					
	165	10.50					
802.11ac	151	11.00					
(VHT40)	159	10.00					
802.11n	151	11.00					
(HT40)	159	10.00					
802.11ac (VHT80)	155	10.00					

Bluetooth								
Mode	Channel	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Conducted Average Power						
	0	5.00						
GFSK	39	7.50						
	78	7.00						
	0	5.50						
π/4 QPSK	39	6.50						
	78	7.00						
	0	5.00						
8DPSK	39	6.00						
	78	5.50						
	0	-4.00						
BLE	19	-3.50						
	39	-3.00						

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances \leq 50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * [$\sqrt{f}(GHz)$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR

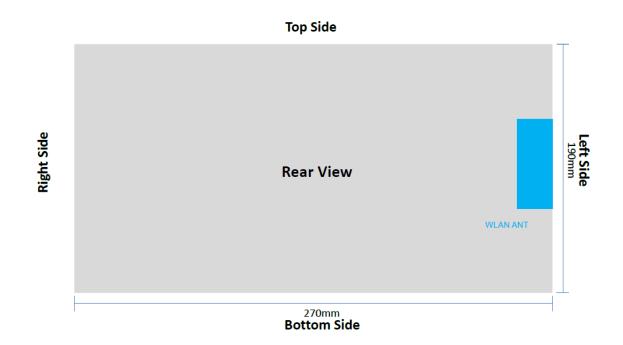
Band/Mo	le F(GHz)	Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Exclusion Thresholds	SAR test exclusion	
Bluetoot	n 2.441	Body	0	1.8	0.234	

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is \leq 3, SAR testing is not required.

12. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

12.1. Antenna Location



12.2. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

KDB 447498 with KDB 616217:

a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm, the 1-g SAR *test exclusion thresholds* are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

b) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and *test separation distances* > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR *test exclusion thresholds* are determined by the following :

1) {[Power allowed at *numeric threshold* for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot (f(MHz)/150)]} mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

2) {[Power allowed at *numeric threshold* for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10]} mW, for > 1500 MHz and ≤6 GHz

Тx	Frequency	Output Power			separation distances (mm)				Calculated Threshold Value				
Interface	(MHz)	dBm	mW	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
WIFI 2.4G	2412	18.5	71	5	5	-	-	-	22.0 MEASURE	22.0 MEASURE	> 50 mm	> 50 mm	> 50 mm
WIFI 5G U- NII-1	5180	14.00	25	5	5	-	-	-	11.4 MEASURE	11.4 MEASURE	> 50 mm	> 50 mm	> 50 mm
WIFI 5G U- NII-2A	5260	13.5	22	5	5	-	-	-	10.3 MEASURE	10.3 MEASURE	> 50 mm	> 50 mm	> 50 mm
WIFI 5G U- NII-3	5745	12.00	16	5	5	-	-	-	7.6 MEASURE	7.6 MEASURE	> 50 mm	> 50 mm	> 50 mm
Bluetooth	2441	7.50	6	5	5	-	-	-	1.8 EXEMPT	1.8 EXEMPT	> 50 mm	> 50 mm	> 50 mm

Antennas ≤ 50mm to adjacent edges

Antennas > 50mm to adjacent edges

Tx Interface	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Power allowed at numeric threshold for	separation dis		separation distances (mm) Calculated Threshold Value			Calculated Threshold Value				
mondee	, , ,	dBm	mW	50 mm	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
WIFI 2.4G	2412	18.50	71	96.6	-	-	250	65	65	≼ 50mm	≤ 50mm	2097 mW EXEMPT	247 mW EXEMPT	247 mW EXEMPT
WIFI 5G U- NII-1	5180	14.00	25	65.9	-	-	250	65	65	≤ 50mm	≤ 50mm	2066 mW EXEMPT	216 mW EXEMPT	216 mW EXEMPT
WIFI 5G U- NII-2A	5260	13.5	22	65.4	-	-	250	65	65	≤ 50mm	≤ 50mm	2065 mW EXEMPT	215 mW EXEMPT	215 mW EXEMPT
WIFI 5G U- NII-3	5745	12.00	16	62.6	-	-	250	65	65	≪ 50mm	≪ 50mm	2063 mW EXEMPT	213 mW EXEMPT	213 mW EXEMPT
Bluetooth	2441	7.50	6	96.0	-	-	250	65	65	≤ 50mm	≤ 50mm	2096 mW EXEMPT	246 mW EXEMPT	246 mW EXEMPT

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12.3. Required Test Configurations

The table below identifies the standalone test configurations required for this device according to the findings in Section 13.2:

Test Configurations	Rear	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom
WIFI 2.4G	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
WIFI 5G U-NII-1	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
WIFI 5G U-NII-2A	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
WIFI 5G U-NII-3	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Bluetooth	No	No	No	No	No

13. Measured and Reported SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

- Reported SAR(W/kg) for WWAN = Measured SAR *Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Reported SAR(W/kg) for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth = Measured SAR * Tune-up scaling factor * Duty Cycle scaling factor
- Duty Cycle scaling factor = 1 / Duty cycle (%)

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11:

When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
 - > When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

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To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

Wi-Fi 2.4G													
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune- up limit	Tune- up	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power Drift	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot	
		СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	No.	
802.11b	Rear	1	2412	18.19	18.50	1.074	100%	1.00	-0.12	0.367	0.394	1	
	Left	1	2412	18.19	18.50	1.074	100%	1.00	0.06	0.274	0.294	-	
	Right	1	2412	18.19	18.50	1.074	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-	
	Тор	1	2412	18.19	18.50	1.074	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-	
	Bottom	1	2412	18.19	18.50	1.074	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-	

Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-1												
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune- up limit	Tune- up	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power Drift	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot
		СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	No.
802.11a	Rear	36	5180	13.91	14.00	1.021	100%	1.00	-0.11	0.177	0.181	2
	Left	36	5180	13.91	14.00	1.021	100%	1.00	-0.08	0.148	0.151	-
	Right	36	5180	13.91	14.00	1.021	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-
	Тор	36	5180	13.91	14.00	1.021	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	36	5180	13.91	14.00	1.021	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-

Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-2A												
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune- up limit	Tune- up	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power Drift	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot
		СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	No.
802.11a	Rear	52	5260	13.15	13.50	1.084	100%	1.00	-0.18	0.210	0.228	3
	Left	52	5260	13.15	13.50	1.084	100%	1.00	-0.15	0.185	0.201	-
	Right	52	5260	13.15	13.50	1.084	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-
	Тор	52	5260	13.15	13.50	1.084	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	52	5260	13.15	13.50	1.084	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-

Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-3												
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune- up limit	Tune- up	Duty	Duty Cycle	Power Drift	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot
		СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Cycle	Scaling Factor	(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	No.
	Rear	149	5745	11.95	12.00	1.012	100%	1.00	-0.10	0.185	0.187	4
	Left	149	5745	11.95	12.00	1.012	100%	1.00	-0.06	0.155	0.157	-
802.11a	Right	149	5745	11.95	12.00	1.012	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-
	Тор	149	5745	11.95	12.00	1.012	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	149	5745	11.95	12.00	1.012	100%	1.00	-	-	-	-

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

14. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is \geq 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

	Test	Frequency		Highest Measured	Fii Repe		Sec Repe	
Band	Position	СН	MHz	SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

15.1. Simultaneous Transmission

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body-worn	Note
1	WiFi (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	

General note:

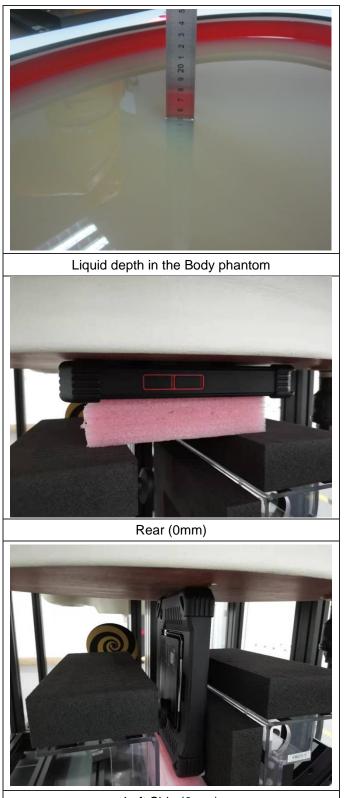
- 1. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- 2. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
 - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
 - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Body-worn
Max power	Test separation	0mm
7.50 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.234

Issued: 2021-06-25

		WiFi +	Bluetooth		
10/	iFi	Exposure	Standalone S	AR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR
vv	IFI	Position	WiFi	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
		Rear	0.394	0.234	0.628
	2.4G	Left side	0.294	0.234	0.528
		Right side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Top side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Bottom side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Rear	0.181	0.234	0.415
		Left side	0.151	0.234	0.385
	WIFI 5G U-NII-1	Right side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Top side	0.000	0.234	0.234
WiFi		Bottom side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Rear	0.228	0.234	0.462
		Left side	0.201	0.234	0.435
	WIFI 5G U-NII-2A	Right side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Top side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Bottom side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Rear	0.187	0.234	0.421
		Left side	0.157	0.234	0.391
	WIFI 5G U-NII-3	Right side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Top side	0.000	0.234	0.234
		Bottom side	0.000	0.234	0.234

16. TestSetup Photos



Left Side (0mm)

17. External Photos of the EUT

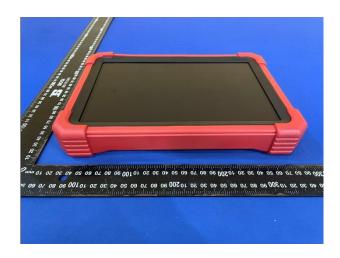














-----End of Report-----

WiFi 2.4G-Body

Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.778$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.06$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

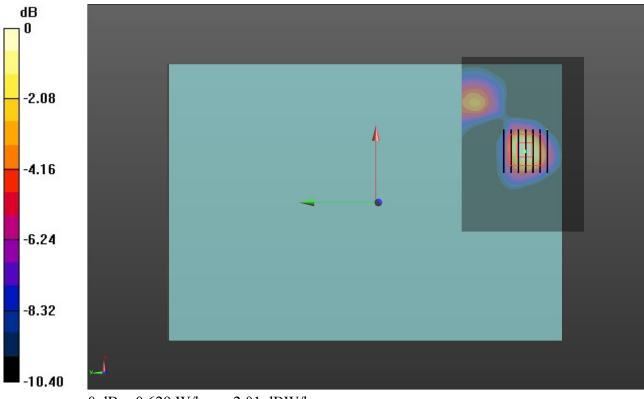
Ambient Temperature:22.6°C;Liquid Temperature:22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(7.97, 7.97, 7.97) @ 2412 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Body/CH 1/Area Scan (101x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.723 W/kg

Body/CH 1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.469 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.794 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.367 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.629 W/kg



0 dB = 0.629 W/kg = -2.01 dBW/kg

WiFi 5G U-NII-1-Body

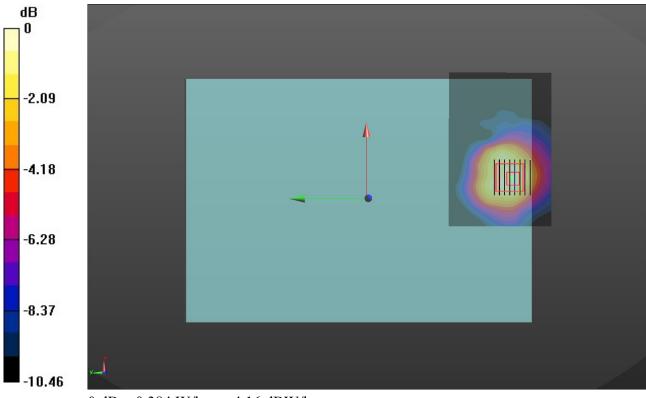
Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5180 MHz; $\sigma = 4.562$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.629$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.3°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65) @ 5180 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Body/CH 36/Area Scan (121x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.391 W/kg

Body/CH 36/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 1.793 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.636 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.177 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.384 W/kg



0 dB = 0.384 W/kg = -4.16 dBW/kg

WiFi 5G U-NII-2A-Body

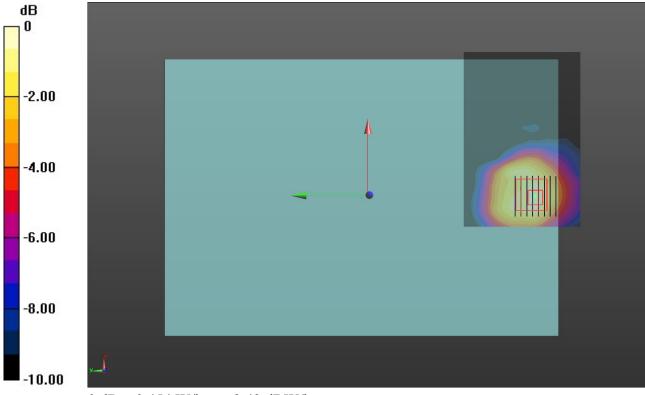
Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 4.567$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.188$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.3°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65) @ 5260 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Body/CH 52/Area Scan (121x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.462 W/kg

Body/CH 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 1.433 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.774 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.210 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.454 W/kg



0 dB = 0.454 W/kg = -3.43 dBW/kg

WiFi 5G U-NII-3-Body

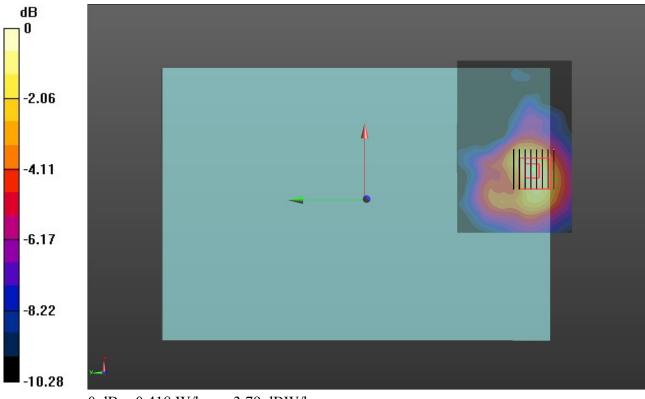
Communication System: UID 0, Generic WIFI (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 5.226$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.85$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature:22.4°C;Liquid Temperature:22.2°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86) @ 5745 MHz; Calibrated: 4/9/2021
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/23/2021
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Body/CH 149/Area Scan (121x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 W/kg

Body/CH 149/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 1.963 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.708 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.185 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.418 W/kg



0 dB = 0.418 W/kg = -3.79 dBW/kg

1.1.1. DAE4 Calibration Certificate

E-mail: cttl@ch		//www.chinattl.cn	No: Z21-60063
Client : HI			
Object	DAE4	- SN: 1549	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FE-71	1-002-01	
		ation Procedure for the Data Acquis	ition Electronics
Calibration date:	March	23, 2021	
measurements(SI). The pages and are part of the All calibrations have be	measurements and e certificate.	traceability to national standards, whi the uncertainties with confidence prob the closed laboratory facility: environ	ability are given on the following
measurements(SI). The pages and are part of the	measurements and a certificate. een conducted in sed (M&TE critical f	the uncertainties with confidence prob	ability are given on the following
measurements(SI). The in pages and are part of the All calibrations have be numidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	measurements and a certificate. een conducted in sed (M&TE critical f	the uncertainties with confidence prob the closed laboratory facility: environ for calibration)	ability are given on the following
measurements(SI). The in pages and are part of the All calibrations have be numidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	measurements and e certificate. een conducted in sed (M&TE critical f ID # Ca 1971018	the uncertainties with confidence prob the closed laboratory facility: environ for calibration) Il Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-20 (CTTL, No.J20X04342)	ability are given on the following nment_temperature(22±3)℃ and Scheduled Calibration Jun-21
neasurements(SI). The in pages and are part of the All calibrations have be numidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards Process Calibrator 753	measurements and a certificate. een conducted in sed (M&TE critical f ID # Ca	the uncertainties with confidence prob the closed laboratory facility: environ for calibration) Il Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	ability are given on the following nment_temperature(22±3)°C_and Scheduled Calibration
measurements(SI). The in pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us	measurements and a certificate. een conducted in sed (M&TE critical f ID # Ca 1971018 Name	the uncertainties with confidence prob the closed laboratory facility: environ for calibration) II Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-20 (CTTL, No.J20X04342) Function	ability are given on the following nment_temperature(22±3)℃ and Scheduled Calibration Jun-21

Certificate No: Z21-60063

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 Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512
 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com
 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE Connector angle data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z21-60063

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D -	Converter	Resolution	nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full rar	nge =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV,	full ran	nge =	-1+3mV
DASY measurement	parameters:	Auto Zero	Time: 3 se	c; Meas	suring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	$406.327 \pm 0.15\% \text{ (k=2)}$	$406.003 \pm 0.15\%$ (k=2)	406.159 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	$3.98410 \pm 0.7\%$ (k=2)	3.99112 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99200 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	19° ± 1 °

Certificate No: Z21-60063

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1.2. Probe Calibration Certificate

Tel: +86-10-62304 E-mail: cttl@china		0-62304633-2504 v.chinattl.cn	
Client HTW	1	Certificate No: Z	21-60064
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		R. H. S.S.
Object	EX3DV4 - 5	SN : 7494	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-004 Calibration	-02 Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes	
Calibration date:	April 09, 20	21	
humidity<70%.		closed laboratory facility: environment ten	
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2	ID # 101919	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)	Jun-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91	ID # 101919 101547	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)	Jun-21 Jun-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	ID # 101919 101547 101548	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344)	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenuar	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526)	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525)	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV DAE4	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20)	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21 D) Aug-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555 ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555 ID # 0A 6201052605	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20)	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21 O) Aug-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555 ID # 0A 6201052605	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S 23-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04343) S	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21 O) Aug-21 Cheduled Calibration Jun-21
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E5071	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555 ID # 0A 6201052605 C MY46110673	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) S Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S 23-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X00515) S	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21 O) Aug-21 cheduled Calibration Jun-21 Jan-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E5071 Calibrated by:	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555 ID # 0A 6201052605 C MY46110673 Name	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) S 23-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04343) 21-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function S	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21 O) Aug-21 cheduled Calibration Jun-21 Jan-22
Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370 Network Analyzer E5071 Calibrated by: Reviewed by:	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555 ID # 0A 6201052605 C MY46110673 Name Yu Zongying	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S 23-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04343) 21-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function SAR Test Engineer	Jun-21 Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21 D) Aug-21 cheduled Calibration Jun-21 Jan-22
Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 10dBAttenual Reference 20dBAttenual Reference Probe EX3DV DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG370	ID # 101919 101547 101548 tor 18N50W-10dB tor 18N50W-20dB /4 SN 7307 SN 1555 ID # 0A 6201052605 C MY46110673 Name Yu Zongying Lin Hao	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 3 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 16-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04344) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00525) 10-Feb-20(CTTL, No.J20X00526) 29-May-20(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May20) 25-Aug-20(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug20) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) S 23-Jun-20(CTTL, No.J20X04343) 21-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J20X00515) Function SAR Test Engineer SAR Test Engineer	Jun-21 Jun-21 Feb-22 Feb-22 May-21 0) Aug-21 cheduled Calibration Jun-21 Jan-22 Signature

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Glossary:

Glossary.	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i θ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

- Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:
- NORMx, y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx, y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax, y,z; Bx, y,z; Cx, y,z; VRx, y, z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
 probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No:Z21-60064	Page 2 of 9	



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7494

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.41	0.47	0.41	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	98.9	100.2	99.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	c	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (<i>k</i> =2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	151.2	±2.0%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		164.8	
		z	0.0	0.0	1.0		151.0	1

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7494

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (<i>k</i> =2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.70	10.70	10.70	0.40	0.75	±12.1%
835	41.5	0.90	10.41	10.41	10.41	0.13	1.39	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.88	8.88	8.88	0.20	1.14	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.55	8.55	8.55	0.22	1.08	±12.1%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.60	8.60	8.60	0.17	1.28	±12.1%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.62	0.62	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.48	0.74	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.40	0.85	±12.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.65	5.65	5.65	0.45	1.35	±13.3%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.55	1.35	±13.3%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.50	1.50	±13.3%

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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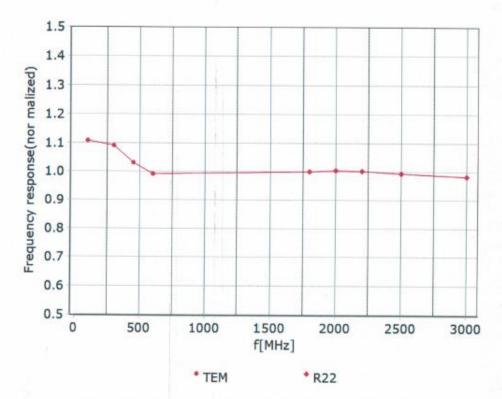


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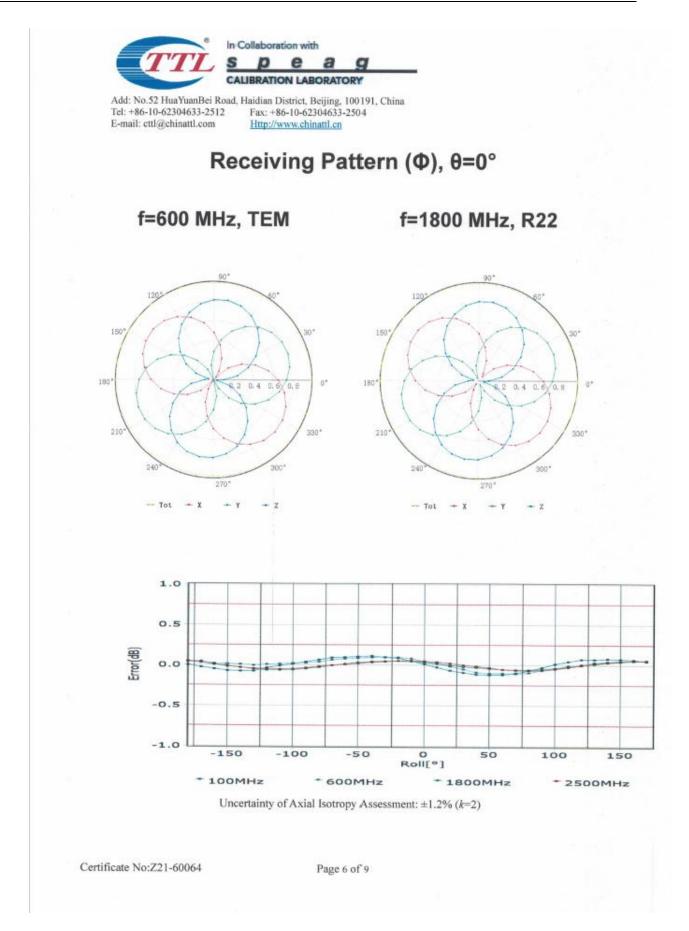
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

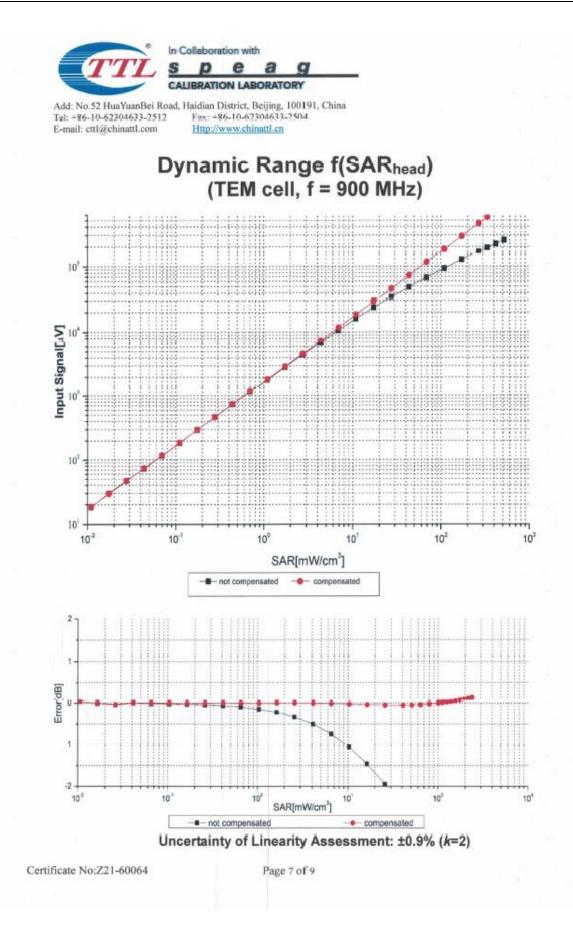


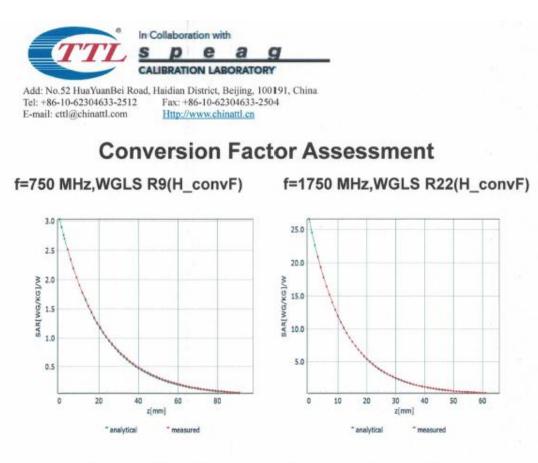
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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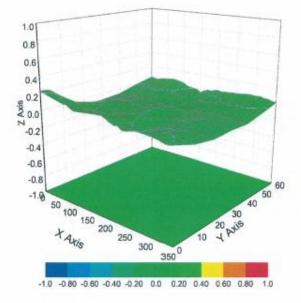
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Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7494

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	22.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

Certificate No:Z21-60064

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1.1. D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

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		Certificate No: Z21-60020
CALIBRATION CE	RTIFICATI	E
Dbject	D2450V	/2 - SN: 1009
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11- Calibrati	-003-01 tion Procedures for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	January	y 25, 2021
All calibrations have been	conducted in t	
humidity<70%.		the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 \pm 3)°C and for calibration)
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used		
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used	(M&TE critical fo	for calibration)
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4	(M&TE critical fo ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)Scheduled Calibration12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)May-2112-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)May-2130-Nov-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421)Nov-2110-Feb-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)Feb-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	(M&TE critical fo ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 30-Nov-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421) Nov-21 10-Feb-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017) Feb-21 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 0 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516) Feb-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C	(M&TE critical fo ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 30-Nov-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421) Nov-21 10-Feb-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017) Feb-21 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516) Feb-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C	(M&TE critical fo ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 30-Nov-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421) Nov-21 10-Feb-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017) Feb-21 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 0 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516) Feb-21 10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515) Feb-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	(M&TE critical fo ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name	For calibration)Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)Scheduled Calibration12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)May-2112-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)May-2130-Nov-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421)Nov-2110-Feb-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)Feb-21Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)Scheduled Calibration25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)Feb-2110-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)Feb-21FunctionSignatureA MSignature
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzer E5071C Calibrated by:	(M&TE critical fo ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name Zhao Jing	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965) May-21 30-Nov-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60421) Nov-21 10-Feb-20 (CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017) Feb-21 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration 0 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516) Feb-21 10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516) Feb-21 Function Signature SAR Test Engineer May-1



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z21-60020

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

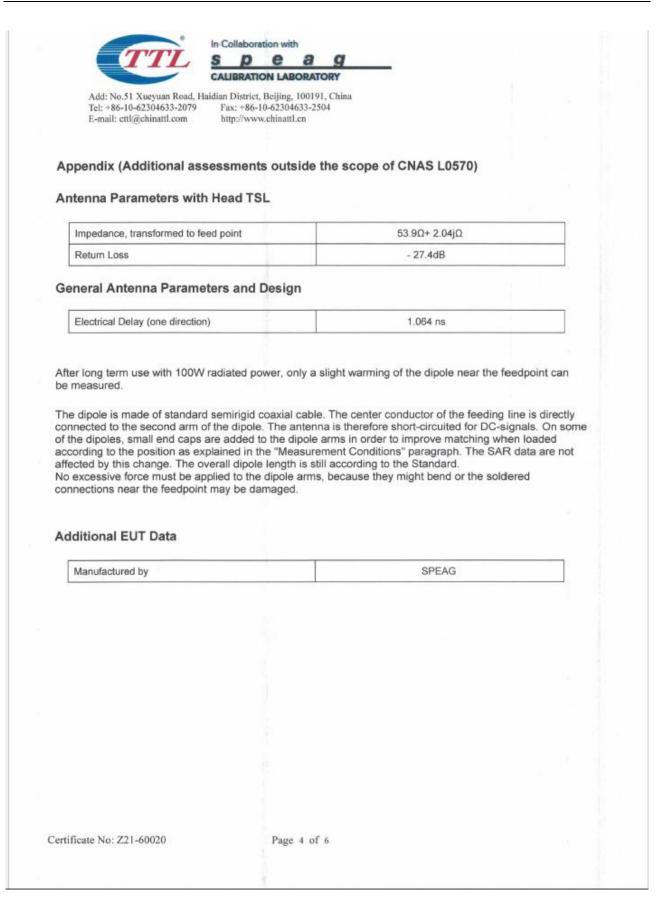
Head TSL parameters

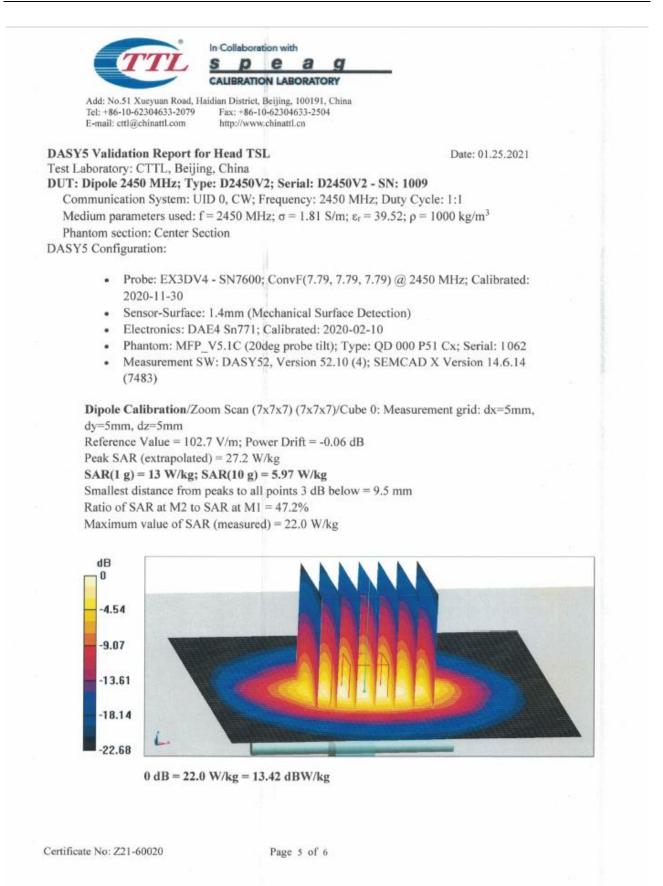
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

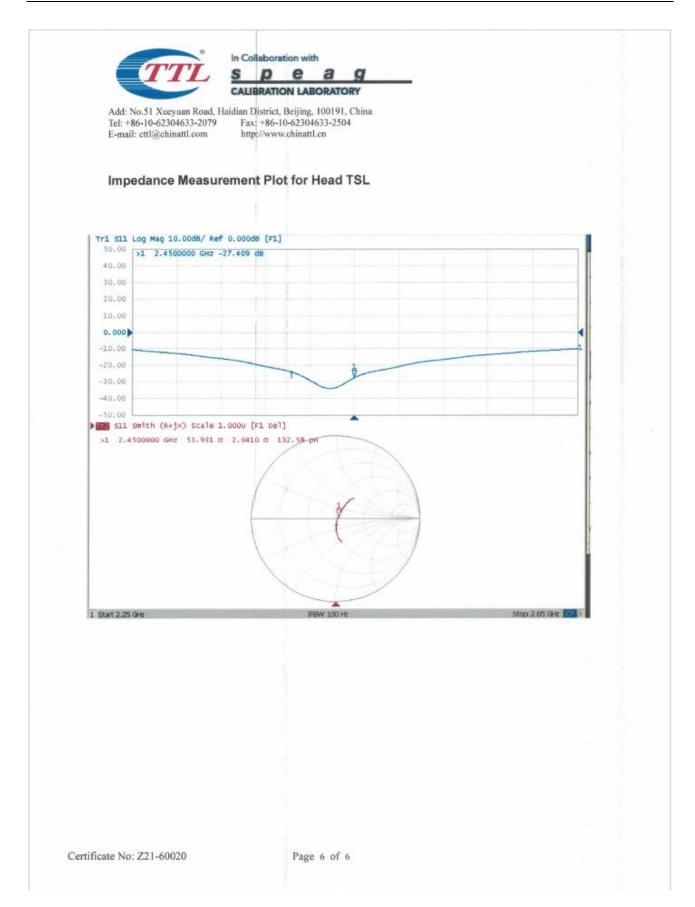
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.81 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		1.000

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.0 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

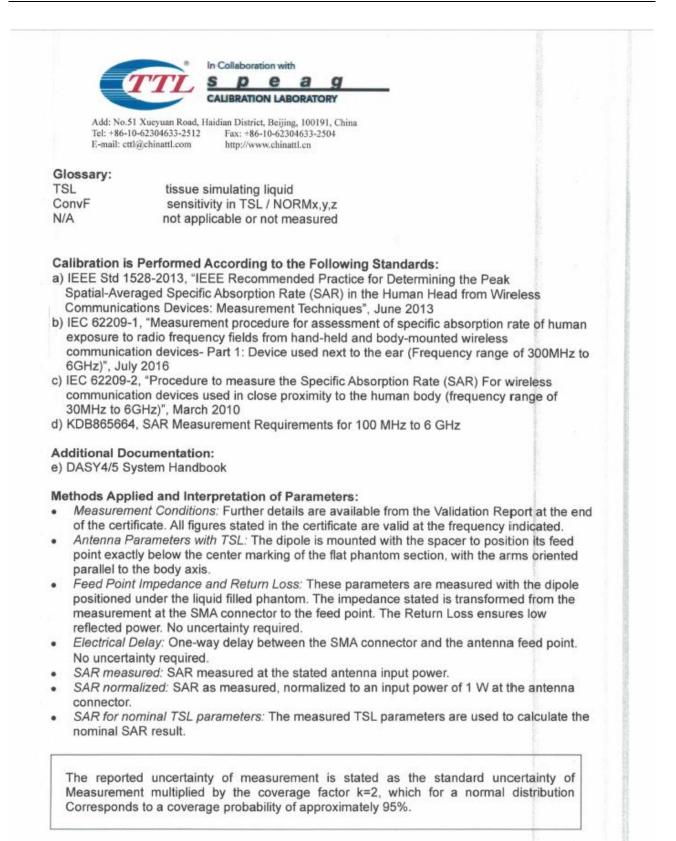






1.2. D5GHzV2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

to this the Osterio	attl.com http:	//www.chinattl.cn			
Client HT	W	Certificate	No: Z	21-60022	
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICA	TE	AND IN		
Object	D5GH	zV2 - SN: 1273		ALL AND	
Calibration Procedure(s)	EE 74	1-003-01			
		ation Procedures for dipole validation	on kits		
Calibration date:	100000			Concession of the local division of the loca	
calloration date.	Janua	ry 26, 2021			
measurements(SI). The me pages and are part of the c		the uncertainties with confidence	probability	/ are given on t	the following
All calibrations have beer	in bonducted in	the closed interaction facility and			
humidity<70%.		the closed laboratory facility: en	nvironmen	t temperature(22±3)℃ and
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used	d (M&TE critical		nvironmen	t temperature(22±3)℃ and
humidity<70%, Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards	ID#	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica	ate No.)	Scheduled	Calibration
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2	ID # 106276	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296	ate No.)	Schediuled	Calibration Iy-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A	ID # 106276 101369	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296	ate No.) 5) 5)	Schedluled Ma Ma	Calibration ly-21 ly-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2	ID # 106276 101369	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296	ate No.) 5) 5) 0-60421)	Schedluled Ma Ma No	Calibration iy-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20 10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20	ate No.) 55) 50-60421) 0-60017)	Schediuled Ma Ma No Fe	Calibration iy-21 iy-21 ov-21 b-21
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humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20 10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516	ate No.) 5) 55) 0-60421) 0-60017) te No.) 6)	Schedluled Ma Ma Schedluled Fe	Calibration y-21 y-21 bv-21 b-21 Calibration b-21 b-21
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20 10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516 10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516	ate No.) 5) 55) 0-60421) 0-60017) te No.) 6)	Schedluled Ma No Fe Schedluled Fe Fe	Calibration y-21 y-21 bv-21 b-21 Calibration b-21 b-21
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humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP6A ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Signal Generator E4438C NetworkAnalyzerE5071C	ID # 106276 101369 SN 7600 SN 771 ID # MY49071430 MY46110673 Name Zhao Jing	for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certifica 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X0296 30-Nov-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20 10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificat 25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516 10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516 Function SAR Test Engineer	ate No.) 5) 55) 0-60421) 0-60017) te No.) 6)	Schedluled Ma No Fe Schedluled Fe Fe	Calibration y-21 y-21 bv-21 b-21 Calibration b-21 b-21



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Measurement Conditions DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	V52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.0 ± 6 %	4.68 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		1

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.2 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	5.06 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.6 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.3 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	5.22 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.3 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.8Ω - 1.46jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.3dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6Ω + 2.95jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.6dB	

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0Ω + 3.42jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.3dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.101 ns	
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

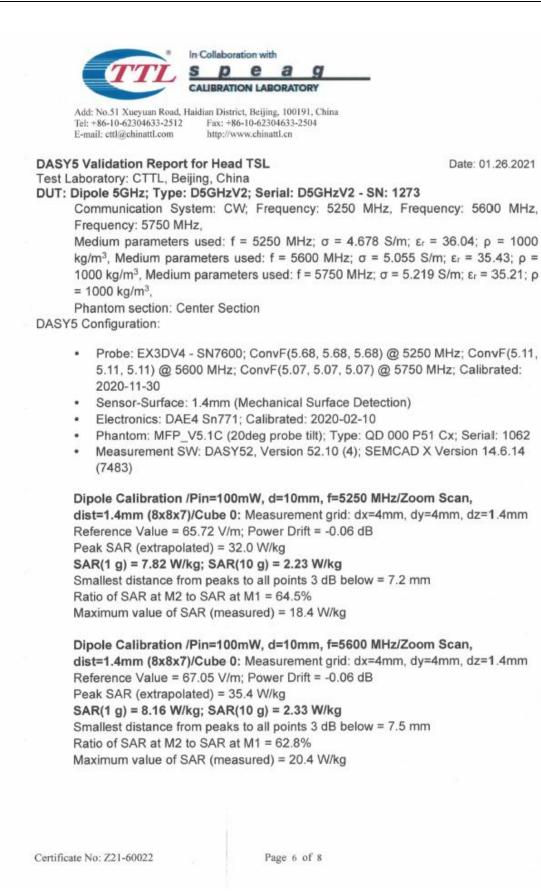
The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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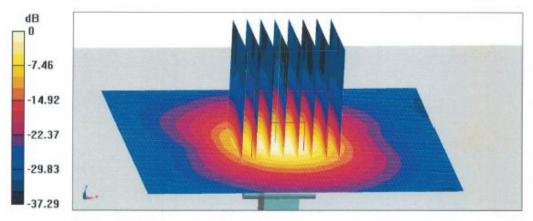
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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 66.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.6 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.7% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg



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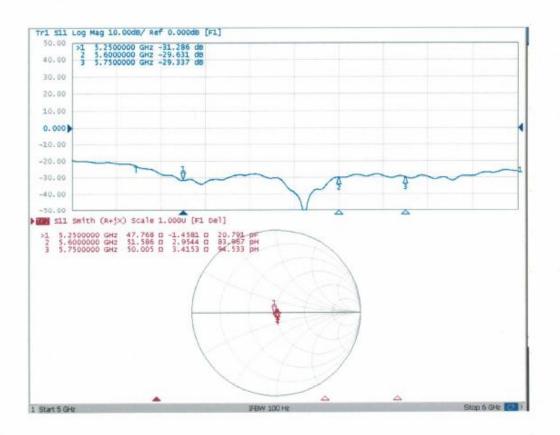


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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