



FCC SAR Test Report

FCC ID: RWO-RZ090368

Project No. : 2104C173

Equipment : Notebook PC

Brand Name : RAZER

Test Model : RZ09-0409

Series Model : N/A

Date of Receipt : Apr. 23, 2021

Date of Test : May 13, 2021 ~ May 14, 2021

Issued Date : May 28, 2021

Report Version : R01

Test Sample : Engineering Sample No.: DG20210425124

Standard(s): Please refer to page 2.

Applicant : Razer Inc.

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Manufacturer : Razer Inc.

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The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.

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Standard(s)

: **ANSI Std C95.1-1992** Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz. (IEEE Std C95.1-1991)

IEEE Std 1528-2013 Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02 **KDB447498 D01** General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02

KDB690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03



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Please note that the measurement uncertainty is provided for informational purpose only and are not use in determining the Pass/Fail results.

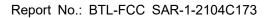




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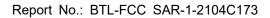
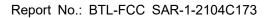




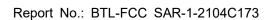
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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report Version	Description	Issued Date
R00	Original Issue.	May 24, 2021
R01	Added a battery: RC30-0367. So verified and tested the worst case, and recorded in this report.	May 28, 2021





1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Mode	Highest Reported	Highest Simultaneous
Wiode	Body SAR-1g (W/kg)	Transmission Body SAR-1g (W/kg)
2.4G WLAN	0.557	
5.2G WLAN	1	
5.3G WLAN	0.501	0.007
5.6G WLAN	0.873	0.997
5.8G WLAN	1.162	
Bluetooth	0.017	

Note: The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population uncontrolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI C95.1:1992/IEEE C95.1:1991, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013

1.2 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25°C				
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%				
Ground system resistance	< 0.5Ω				
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.					



1.3 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Equipment	Notebook PC								
Test Model	RZ09-0409	RZ09-0409							
Series Model	N/A								
Model Difference(s)	N/A								
Hardware Version	CH570_MB								
Software Version	Window 10								
Modulation	WiFi(DSSS/OFDM/	OFDMA), BT(G	FSK/π/4-DQPSK/	(8-DPSK)					
	Band	TX (MHz)	RX (I	MHz)				
	Bluetooth	2400~2483.5							
			2400~	-2483.5					
Operation Frequency Range(s)	WIFI		5150	~5250					
rvarige(s)			5250	~5350					
			5470	~5725					
			5725	~5850					
	0-39-78 (BT)								
	0-19-39 (BLE)								
	1-6-11-13 (2.4G WIFI 802.11b/g/n HT20/ax HE20)								
	3-6-9 (2.4G WIFI 802.11n HT40/ax HE40)								
	144 (5.6G-5.8G WIFI 802.11n HT20/ac VHT20/ax HE20)								
	142 (5.6G-5.8G WIFI 802.11n HT40/ac VHT40/ax HE40)								
Test Channels	138 (5.6G-5.8G WIFI 802.11ac VHT80/ax HE80)								
(low-mid-high)	5G WIFI	5.2G	5.3G	5.6G	5.8G				
,	802.11a/n HT20/ ax HE20	36-40-44-48	52-56-60-64	100-104-108- 112-116-132- 136-140	149-153-157- 161-165				
	802.11n HT40/ ax HE40	38-46	54-62	102-110-118- 126-134	151-159				
	802.11ac VHT80/ ax HE80	42	58	106-122	155				
	802.11ax HE160	50	1	114	1				
	Brand	Main <i>A</i>	Antenna	Aux Ar	ntenna				
	Bluetooth	3	.22	,	1				
Antenna Gain	WLAN 2.4G	3	.22	3.	11				
Antenna Gain (dBi)	WLAN 5.2G	3	.01	3.	15				
(451)	WLAN 5.3G	3	.71	3.	50				
	WLAN 5.6G	4	.07	3.0	65				
	WLAN 5.8G 4.04 3.68								
		Other Informa	ntion						
D. #	Model Name	RC30-0248							
Battery 1	Power Rating DC 15.4V, 5209mAh								
	Model Name	RC30-0367							
Battery 2 Power Rating DC 15.4V, 4221mAh									



1.4 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
1	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	1390	Nov. 06, 2020	1 Year
2	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7544	Oct. 29, 2020	1 Year
3	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	919	Jun. 11, 2018	3 Years
4	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	1160	Jun. 20, 2018	3 Years
5	ELI Phantom	Speag	ELI Phantom V5.0	1128	N/A	N/A
6	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W+	QA1333003	Dec. 29, 2020	1 Year
7	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	520701341	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
8	DC Source metter	lteck	IT6154	0061041267682 01001	Jul. 25, 2020	1 Year
9	Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV7	103120	Jul. 25, 2020	1 Year
10	Vector Network Analyzer	Anritsu	MS46522B	1538101	Jul. 25, 2020	1 Year
11	Signal Generator	R&S	SMF100A	101214	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
12	Smart Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z21	102209	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
13	Dielectric Assessment Kit Spea		DAK-3.5	1226	N/A	N/A
14	Directional Coupler	Woken	TS-PCC0M-05	107090019	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
15	Coupler	Woken	0110A05601O-10	COM5BNW1A2	Feb. 27, 2021	1 Year
16	Digital Themometer	LKM	DTM3000	3519	Jul. 02, 2020	1 Year

Note

- 1. "N/A" denotes no model name, serial No. or calibration specified.
- 2
- 1) Per KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
 - d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a short block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



2. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT

2.1 TEST FACILITY

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is SAR room at the location of No.3, Jinshagang 1st Road, ShiXia, Dalang Town, Dong Guan, China.523792

2.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Note: Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



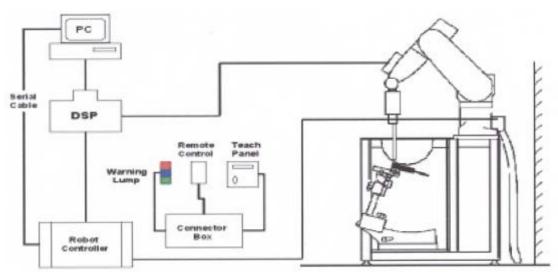
3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SET-UP

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- 1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- 2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- 3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- 4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- 5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- TheDASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows.
- 7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- 8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- 9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- 10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- 11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- 12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1.1 TEST SETUP LAYOUT





3.2 DASY5 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1 EX3DV4 PROBE SPECIFICATION

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity:± 0.2dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm





EX3DV4 E-field Probe



3.2.2 E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermostat-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C} \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt =Exposure time(30 seconds),

C =Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle), Δ T=Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or
$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = Simulated Tissue Conductivity, ρ =Tissue density (kg/m3).



3.2.3 OTHER TEST EQUIPMENT

3.2.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is light weight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and SAM v6.0 Phantoms. **Material:** POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

3.2.3.2 Phantom

Model	ELI Phantom
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.
Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Length: 600 mm ; Width: 190mm Height: adjustable feet
Aailable	Special





3.2.4 SCANNING PROCEDURE

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary \max . \pm 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension (≤2GHz) ⋅ 12 mm inx- and y- dimension (2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension (4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation.

Zoom Scan

A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine grid with maximum scan spatial resolution: Δx_{zoom} , $\Delta y_{zoom} \le 2$ GHz - \le 8mm, 2-4GHz - \le 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- \le 4mm; $\Delta z_{zoom} \le 3$ GHz - \le 5 mm, 3-4 GHz- \le 4mm and 4-6GHz- \le 2mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.) are shown in table form in chapter 7.2.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth.

The following table summarizes the area scan and zoom scan resolutions per FCC KDB 865664D01:

	Maximun Area	Maximun Zoom	Maximun Z	Minimum		
Frequency	Scan	Scan Scan spatial		Uniform Grid Grad		zoom scan
. roquency	resolution (Δx _{area} , Δy _{area})	resolution $(\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom})$	Δz _{Zoom} (n)	Δz _{Zoom} (1)*	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1)*	volume (x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5*Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	≤1.5*∆z _{Zoom} (n-1)	≥22mm



3.2.5 SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of $5 \times 5 \times 7$ points (with 8mm horizontal resolution) or $7 \times 7 \times 7$ points (with 5mm horizontal resolution) or $8 \times 8 \times 7$ points (with 4mm horizontal resolution). The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting "Graph Evaluated".
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computer mathematic, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computer mathematic, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



3.2.6 DATA STORAGE AND EVALUATION

3.2.6.1 Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.



3.2.7 DATA EVALUATION BY SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity Normi, aj0, aj1, aj2

Conversion factor ConvFi

Diode compression point Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency f

Crest factor cf

Media parameters: Conductivity

Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf / dcp_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)





From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$(E_{tot})^2 \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma} / (\boldsymbol{\rho} \cdot 1000)$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With

P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

Etot = total field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



4. SYSTEM VERIFICATION PROCEDURE

4.1 TISSUE VERIFICATION

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
Head 2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
Head 5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, 16M + resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol] Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

				Tiss	sue Verifica	tion			
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Targeted Conductivity (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (εr)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Deviation Permittivity (εr) (%)	Date
Head	2450	22.3	1.767	38.572	1.80	39.2	-1.83	-1.60	May 14, 2021
Head	2450	22.4	1.789	39.720	1.80	39.2	-0.61	1.33	May 27, 2021
Head	5200	22.5	4.649	35.263	4.66	36.0	-0.24	-2.05	May 13, 2021
Head	5200	22.2	4.788	36.071	4.66	36.0	2.75	0.20	May 27, 2021
Head	5300	22.5	4.755	35.039	4.76	35.9	-0.11	-2.40	May 13, 2021
Head	5300	22.2	4.913	35.827	4.76	35.9	3.21	-0.20	May 27, 2021
Head	5500	22.5	4.954	34.632	4.96	35.6	-0.12	-2.72	May 13, 2021
Head	5500	22.2	5.144	35.337	4.96	35.6	3.71	-0.74	May 27, 2021
Head	5600	22.5	5.086	34.380	5.07	35.5	0.32	-3.15	May 13, 2021
Head	5600	22.2	5.267	35.085	5.07	35.5	3.89	-1.17	May 27, 2021
Head	5800	22.5	5.283	33.901	5.27	35.3	0.25	-3.96	May 13, 2021
Head	5800	22.2	5.520	34.606	5.27	35.3	4.74	-1.97	May 27, 2021

Note:

¹⁾The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

²⁾KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.

³⁾The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.



4.2 SYSTEM CHECK

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests.

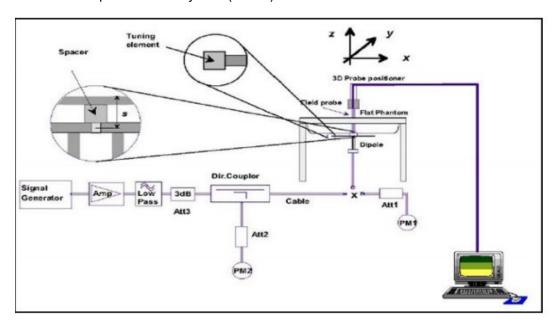
System Check	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	normalized SAR 1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N
Head	May 14, 2021	2450	52.10	12.60	50.40	-3.26	919
Head	May 27, 2021	2450	52.10	12.45	49.80	-4.41	919
Head	May 13, 2021	5200	75.30	7.45	74.50	-1.06	1160
Head	May 27, 2021	5200	75.30	7.51	75.10	-0.27	1160
Head	May 13, 2021	5300	76.80	7.43	74.30	-3.26	1160
Head	May 27, 2021	5300	76.80	8.00	80.00	4.17	1160
Head	May 13, 2021	5500	80.80	7.74	77.40	-4.21	1160
Head	May 27, 2021	5500	80.80	8.35	83.50	3.34	1160
Head	May 13, 2021	5600	78.60	7.61	76.10	-3.18	1160
Head	May 27, 2021	5600	78.60	8.22	82.20	4.58	1160
Head	May 13, 2021	5800	77.90	7.50	75.00	-3.72	1160
Head	May 27, 2021	5800	77.90	8.07	80.70	3.59	1160

4.3 SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used.

The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).



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5. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

5.1 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in Section 7.2.



6. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 SAR TEST CONFIGURATION

6.1.1 WIFI TEST CONFIGURATION

For WLAN / BT SAR testing, WLAN / BT engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

2.4G

Mode	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n (HT20/40)	802.11ax (HE20/40)	BT/LE		
Duty cycle		100%					
Crest factor		1					

5G

Mode	802.11a	802.11n (HT20/HT40)	802.11ac (VHT20/40/80/160)	802.11ax (HE20/40/80/160)
Duty cycle		10	0%	
Crest factor			1	

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The test procedures in KDB 248227 D01 are applied.

Duty Cycle_WiFi 2.4G

Duty Cycle_BT



Duty Cycle_WiFi 5G





6.1.1.1 2.4G SAR Test Requirements

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, each stand alone. And frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

6.1.1.2 5G SAR Test Requirements

♦ U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Band

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

♦ U-NII-2C, U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels.11 When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.



6.1.1.3 OFDM transmission mode and SAR test channel selection

For the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations (for example 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac, or 802.11g and 802.11n, with the same channel bandwidth, modulation, and data rate, etc.), the lower order 802.11 mode (i.e.802.11a then 802.11n and 802.11ac, or 802.11g then 802.11n) is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

6.1.1.4 Initial test configuration procedure

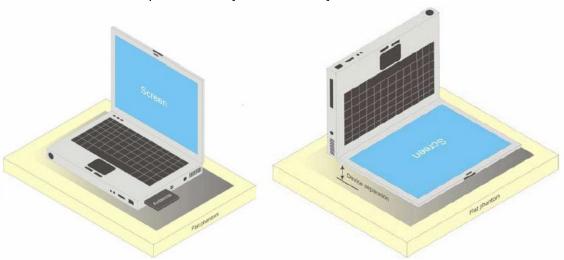
For OFDM, in both 2.4G and 5GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output powers is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurement.

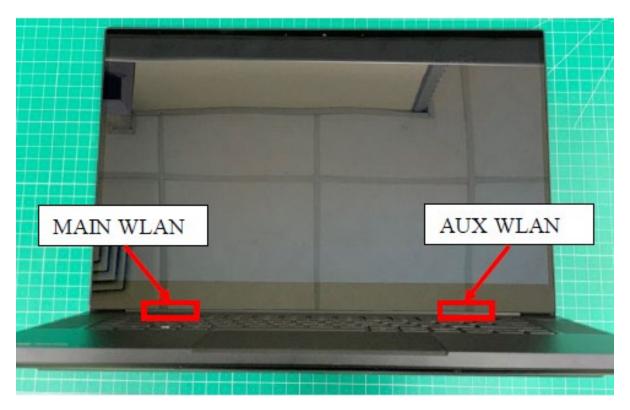


6.2 TEST POSITION

This DUT was tested in 2 different positions. They are back of keyboard and back of screen as illustrated below:



The location of the antenna for notebook mode is as below:



The Body SAR measurement positions for notebook mode of each band are as below:

Antenna	Back of Keyboard	Back of Screen
Main Antenna	Yes	Yes
Aux Antenna	Yes	Yes





For feet and edge bumpers or similar protrusions incorporated in laptop and tablet host devices, if the antenna location can be positioned against the user during normal use and the additional separation introduced by such protrusions between the outer housing and a flat phantom is > 5 mm or when the reported SAR with the protrusions in place is > 1.2 W/kg, a KDB inquiry is required to determine if additional SAR measurements in more conservative test configurations are necessary. The KDB inquiry is not required if the feet, bumpers or protrusions can be easily removed with no other modifications to enable SAR testing with the device in direct contact with the phantom.





7. TEST RESULT

7.1 CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS

7.1.1 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF BT

	Average Conducted Power(dBm)						
ВТ	Max.	СН0	CH39	CH78			
	Tune up 2402MHz		2441MHz	2480MHz			
DH5	10.00	9.16	9.35	9.73			
2DH5	9.00	8.23	8.48	8.76			
3DH5	9.00	8.19	8.44	8.77			

	Average Conducted Power(dBm)						
ВТ	Max.	CH0	CH19	СН39			
	Tune up	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz			
BLE(1M)	8.00	7.15	7.38	7.64			
BLE(2M)	5.00	4.36	4.54	4.78			

Note:

1) The Average conducted power of Bluetooth is measured with RMS detector.

2) The tested channel results are marks in bold.



7.1.2 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS OF WIFI

1. Conducted power measurements of 2.4G WiFi

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		1	2412		21.50	21.29
	802.11b	6	2437	4	21.50	21.32
		11	2462	1	21.50	21.15
		13	2472		17.50	17.22
		1	2412		19.25	18.95
	000 44 **	6	2437		21.00	20.52
	802.11g	11	2462	6	19.00	18.88
		13	2472		12.00	11.92
0.40	802.11n HT20	1	2412		19.25	18.93
2.4G WIFI		6	2437	HT0	21.00	20.34
_1TX		11	2462		19.00	18.87
_TIX _MAIN		13	2472		12.00	11.86
ANT		3	2422		17.75	17.51
ANI	802.11n HT40	6	2437	HT0	18.25	17.84
		9	2452		17.50	17.40
		1	2412		19.25	19.03
	802.11ax HE20	6	2437	MCS0	21.00	20.58
	602.11ax HE20	11	2462	IVICSU	19.00	18.51
		13	2472		12.50	12.27
		3	2422		17.75	17.33
	802.11ax HE40	6	2437	MCS0	18.25	17.85
		9	2452		17.50	17.27



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		1	2412		21.50	21.18
	802.11b	6	2437	4	21.50	21.41
	802.110	11	2462	1	21.50	21.38
		13	2472		17.00	16.81
		1	2412		19.00	18.44
	002.44 ~	6	2437	6	21.00	20.57
	802.11g	11	2462	0	18.00	17.34
		13	2472		12.00	11.77
0.40	802.11n HT20	1	2412		19.00	18.35
2.4G		6	2437	HT0	21.00	20.50
WIFI		11	2462	ПП	18.00	17.27
_1TX _AUX		13	2472		12.00	11.58
_AUX ANT		3	2422		16.75	16.45
ANI	802.11n HT40	6	2437	HT0	18.00	17.78
		9	2452		17.25	16.87
		1	2412		19.00	18.42
	802.11ax HE20	6	2437	MCS0	21.00	20.66
	802.11ax HE20	11	2462	IVICSU	18.00	17.43
		13	2472		12.00	11.49
		3	2422		16.75	16.25
	802.11ax HE40	6	2437	MCS0	18.00	17.63
		9	2452		17.25	16.69





Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT AUX Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)
		1	2412		16.09	16.02	19.25	19.07
	802.11n	6	2437		17.87	17.95	21.00	20.92
	HT20	11	2462	HT8	15.52	15.39	19.00	18.47
2.12		13	2472		8.51	8.60	12.00	11.57
2.4G	902 44 m	3	2422	HT8	14.67	14.71	17.75	17.70
WIFI	802.11n	6	2437		15.06	15.09	18.25	18.09
_2TX	HT40	9	2452		14.11	14.16	17.50	17.15
_MAIN ANT +		1	2412		15.87	15.91	19.25	18.90
AUX	802.11ax	6	2437	MCS8	17.68	17.70	21.00	20.70
ANT	HE20	11	2462	IVICSO	15.81	15.74	19.00	18.79
AIII		13	2472		9.11	9.03	12.50	12.08
	802.11ax - HE40 -	3	2422		14.17	14.15	17.75	17.17
		6	2437	MCS8	15.09	15.09	18.25	18.10
		9	2452		14.07	14.23	17.50	17.16

Note:

¹⁾ The Average conducted power of 2.4G WiFi is measured with RMS detector.

²⁾ Per KDB248227 D01, for 2.4G WiFi, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS modes (802.11b) was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM modes (802.11g/n) to DSSS modes (802.11b) specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

³⁾ The tested channel results are marks in bold.



2. Conducted power measurements of 5.2G WiFi

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Dallu	Wode	Chamilei	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		36	5180		19.50	19.05
	802.11a	40	5200	6	21.00	20.80
	002.11a	44	5220	0	21.00	20.72
		48	5240		21.00	20.83
		36	5180		19.50	19.01
	802.11n HT20	40	5200	HT0	21.00	20.71
	802.110 H120	44	5220	піо	21.00	20.60
5.00		48	5240		21.00	20.73
5.2G	802.11n HT40	38	5190	HT0	16.50	16.28
WIFI		46	5230	ПІО	20.00	19.80
_1TX MAIN	802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	VHT0	17.25	16.81
ANT	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	VHT0	15.00	14.46
ANI		36	5180		19.50	19.11
	802.11ax HE20	40	5200	MCS0	21.00	20.38
	002.118X FIE20	44	5220	IVICSU	21.00	20.35
		48	5240		21.00	20.50
	000 44 ov UE 40	38	5190	MCCO	16.50	16.33
_	802.11ax HE40	46	5230	MCS0	20.00	19.54
	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS0	17.25	16.88
	802.11ax HE160	50	5250	MCS0	15.00	14.71



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		36	5180	(19.75	19.02
		40	5200		21.00	20.85
	802.11a	44	5220	6	21.00	20.76
		48	5240		21.00	20.88
		36	5180		19.75	18.93
	802.11n HT20	40	5200	HT0	21.00	20.75
	802.11N H120	44	5220	піо	21.00	20.66
5.2G		48	5240		21.00	20.80
5.2G WIFI	802.11n HT40	38	5190	HT0	16.75	16.34
_1TX		46	5230	1110	20.25	19.93
_AUX	802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	VHT0	18.50	18.17
ANT	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	VHT0	14.00	13.50
AIII		36	5180		19.75	19.07
	802.11ax HE20	40	5200	MCS0	21.00	20.44
	OUZ.TTAX FIEZU	44	5220	IVICOU	21.00	20.40
		48	5240		21.00	20.54
	802.11ax HE40	38	5190	MCS0	16.75	16.46
	δυ2.11ax HE4U	46	5230	IVICOU	20.25	19.68
	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS0	18.50	18.33
	802.11ax HE160	50	5250	MCS0	14.00	13.64





Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	ANT MAIN Average	ANT AUX Average	Max. Tune	Total Average
			(IVITIZ)	(Mbps)	Power(dBm)	Power(dBm)	up	Power(dBm)
		36	5180		16.62	16.34	19.75	19.49
	802.11n	40	5200	HT8	17.84	17.80	21.00	20.83
	HT20	44	5220	1110	17.78	17.89	21.00	20.85
		48	5240		17.57	17.74	21.00	20.67
	802.11n	38	5190	HT8	13.39	13.51	16.75	16.46
	HT40	46	5230	1110	17.01	17.06	20.25	20.05
5.2G	802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	VHT8	15.10	15.24	18.50	18.18
WIFI _2TX	802.11ac VHT160	50	5250	VHT8	11.49	11.67	15.00	14.59
_MAIN ANT +		36	5180		16.37	16.47	19.75	19.43
AUX	802.11ax	40	5200	MCS8	17.62	17.87	21.00	20.76
ANT	HE20	44	5220	IVICSO	17.59	17.77	21.00	20.69
AIII		48	5240		17.67	17.90	21.00	20.80
	802.11ax	38	5190	MCS8	13.43	13.63	16.75	16.54
	HE40	46	5230	WCSo	17.04	17.10	20.25	20.08
	802.11ax HE80	42	5210	MCS8	15.23	15.18	18.50	18.22
	802.11ax HE160	50	5250	MCS8	11.80	11.66	15.00	14.74

Note:

¹⁾ The Average conducted power of 5.2G WiFi is measured with RMS detector.



3. Conducted power measurements of 5.3G WiFi

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
			(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
5.3G WIFI _1TX _MAIN ANT	802.11a	52	5260	6	21.00	20.45
		56	5280		21.00	20.39
		60	5300		21.00	20.41
		64	5320		20.00	19.81
	802.11n HT20	52	5260	НТ0	21.00	20.71
		56	5280		21.00	20.62
		60	5300		21.00	20.77
		64	5320		20.00	19.83
	802.11n HT40	54	5270	HT0	20.25	19.96
		62	5310		17.00	16.66
	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	VHT0	16.50	16.35
	802.11ax HE20	52	5260	MCS0	21.00	20.41
		56	5280		21.00	20.33
		60	5300		21.00	20.38
		64	5320		20.00	19.58
	802.11ax HE40	54	5270	MCS0	20.25	19.80
		62	5310		17.00	16.27
	802.11ax HE80	58	5290	MCS0	16.50	16.11



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
			(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
5.3G WIFI _1TX _AUX ANT	802.11a	52	5260	6	21.00	20.39
		56	5280		21.00	20.34
		60	5300		21.00	20.45
		64	5320		20.25	19.95
	802.11n HT20	52	5260	НТ0	21.00	20.79
		56	5280		21.00	20.70
		60	5300		21.00	20.80
		64	5320		20.25	19.92
	802.11n HT40	54	5270	HT0	20.00	19.54
		62	5310		16.75	16.01
	802.11ac VHT80	58	5290	VHT0	16.75	16.40
	802.11ax HE20	52	5260	MCS0	21.00	20.47
		56	5280		21.00	20.44
		60	5300		21.00	20.52
		64	5320		20.25	19.65
	802.11ax HE40	54	5270	MCS0	20.00	19.75
		62	5310		16.75	16.21
	802.11ax HE80	58	5290	MCS0	16.75	16.18





			Frequency	Data	ANT MAIN	ANT AUX	Max.	Total
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Average	Average	Tune	Average
			(1411 12)	(Mbps)	Power(dBm)	Power(dBm)	up	Power(dBm)
		52	5260		17.84	17.77	21.00	20.82
	802.11n	56	5280	HT8	17.81	17.69	21.00	20.76
	HT20	60	5300	пю	17.89	17.95	21.00	20.93
		64	5320		17.02	16.91	20.25	19.98
5.00	802.11n	54	5270	HT8	16.98	17.03	20.25	20.02
5.3G WIFI	HT40	62	5310	1110	13.48	13.60	17.00	16.55
2TX	802.11ac	58	5290	VHT8	13.55	13.68	16.75	16.63
MAIN	VHT80	30	3290	VIIIO	13.33	10.00	10.73	10.03
ANT +		52	5260		17.65	17.71	21.00	20.69
AUX	802.11ax	56	5280	MCS8	17.73	17.79	21.00	20.77
ANT	HE20	60	5300	IVICSO	17.69	17.64	21.00	20.68
AITI		64	5320		17.22	17.14	20.25	20.19
	802.11ax	54	5270	MCCC	17.06	17.09	20.25	20.09
	HE40	62	5310	MCS8	13.53	13.70	17.00	16.63
	802.11ax HE80	58	5290	MCS8	13.42	13.55	16.75	16.50

¹⁾ The Average conducted power of 5.3G WiFi is measured with RMS detector.
2) The tested channel results are marks in bold.



4. Conducted power measurements of 5.6G WiFi

Dand	Mode	Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		100	5500		20.25	19.31
		104	5520		21.00	20.23
		108	5540		21.00	20.20
	802.11a	112	5560	6	21.00	20.15
	002.11a	116	5580	U	21.00	20.11
		132	5660		21.00	20.18
		136	5680		21.00	20.25
		140	5700		21.00	20.14
	802.11n HT20	100	5500		20.50	20.06
5.6G		104	5520		21.00	20.58
5.6G WIFI		108	5540		21.00	20.50
_1TX		112	5560	HT0	21.00	20.46
_MAIN		116	5580	1110	21.00	20.39
ANT		132	5660		21.00	20.51
AIII		136	5680		21.00	20.40
		140	5700		21.00	20.49
		102	5510		18.25	17.75
		110	5550		21.00	20.75
	802.11n HT40	118	5590	HT0	21.00	20.70
		126	5630		21.00	20.61
		134	5670		21.00	20.55
	802.11ac VHT80	106	5530	VHT0	18.75	18.34
	002.11ac vn100	122	5610	νпιυ	21.00	20.82
	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	VHT0	16.75	16.13



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		100	5500	(Misps)	20.50	20.04
		104	5520	_	21.00	20.67
		108	5540		21.00	20.60
	802.11ax HE20	112	5560	MCS0	21.00	20.69
	002.11ax HE20	116	5580	IVICSU	21.00	20.58
F 60		132	5660		21.00	20.60
5.6G		136	5680		21.00	20.70
WIFI		140	5700		21.00	20.61
_1TX		102	5510		18.25	17.93
_MAIN ANT		110	5550		21.00	20.48
ANI	802.11ax HE40	118	5590	MCS0	21.00	20.41
		126	5630		21.00	20.35
		134	5670		21.00	20.45
	902 44 ov UE90	106	5530	MCS0	18.75	17.75
	802.11ax HE80	122	5610	IVICOU	21.00	20.80
	802.11ax HE160	114	5570	MCS0	16.75	16.40



Donal	Mada	Observati	Frequency	Data Rate	Max.	Average
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(Mbps)	Tune up	Power(dBm)
		100	5500		20.00	19.51
		104	5520		21.00	20.26
		108	5540		21.00	20.25
	802.11a	112	5560	6	21.00	20.21
	002.11a	116	5580	6	21.00	20.17
		132	5660		21.00	20.15
		136	5680		21.00	20.27
		140	5700		21.00	20.23
	802.11n HT20	100	5500		20.00	19.42
5.00		104	5520		21.00	20.59
5.6G		108	5540		21.00	20.58
WIFI		112	5560	HT0	21.00	20.55
_1TX _AUX		116	5580		21.00	20.52
ANT		132	5660		21.00	20.56
ANI		136	5680		21.00	20.48
		140	5700		21.00	20.54
		102	5510		17.00	16.80
		110	5550		21.00	20.58
	802.11n HT40	118	5590	HT0	21.00	20.55
		126	5630		21.00	20.50
		134	5670		21.00	20.49
	902 44aa VUT92	106	5530	VHT0	18.25	18.02
	802.11ac VHT80	122	5610	νπιυ	21.00	20.69
	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	VHT0	15.50	15.14



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		100	5500	(-11)	20.00	19.57
		104	5520		21.00	20.58
		108	5540		21.00	20.59
	802.11ax HE20	112	5560	MCS0	21.00	20.56
	802.11ax HE20	116	5580	IVICSU	21.00	20.64
F 60		132	5660		21.00	20.65
5.6G		136	5680		21.00	20.66
WIFI		140	5700		21.00	20.62
_1TX _AUX		102	5510		17.00	16.55
ANT		110	5550		21.00	20.44
ANI	802.11ax HE40	118	5590	MCS0	21.00	20.36
		126	5630		21.00	20.38
		134	5670		21.00	20.36
	802.11ax HE80	106	5530	MCS0	18.25	17.82
	002.11ax HE00	122	5610	IVICOU	21.00	20.65
	802.11ax HE160	114	5570	MCS0	15.50	14.99



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT AUX Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)
		100	5500		17.11	17.21	20.50	20.17
		104	5520		17.56	17.66	21.00	20.62
		108	5540		17.52	17.61	21.00	20.58
	802.11n	112	5560	⊔то	17.66	17.70	21.00	20.69
	HT20	116	5580	HT8	17.73	17.79	21.00	20.77
5.6G		132	5660		17.54	17.68	21.00	20.62
WIFI		136	5680		17.58	17.65	21.00	20.63
_2TX		140	5700		17.92	17.78	21.00	20.86
_MAIN		102	5510		14.83	14.99	18.25	17.92
ANT +	802.11n	110	5550		17.67	17.66	21.00	20.68
AUX	602.11III HT40	118	5590	HT8	17.74	17.78	21.00	20.77
ANT	П140	126	5630		17.88	17.80	21.00	20.85
		134	5670		17.70	17.75	21.00	20.74
	802.11ac	106	5530	\/UT9	15.56	15.49	18.75	18.54
	VHT80	122	5610	VHT8	17.69	17.85	21.00	20.78
	802.11ac VHT160	114	5570	VHT8	13.38	13.51	16.75	16.46





			Frequency	Data	ANT MAIN	ANT AUX	Max.	Total
Band	Mode	Channel	(MHz)	Rate	Average	Average	Tune	Average
			(1411 12)	(Mbps)	Power(dBm)	Power(dBm)	up	Power(dBm)
		100	5500		17.12	17.09	20.50	20.12
		104	5520		17.60	17.82	21.00	20.72
		108	5540		17.58	17.78	21.00	20.69
	802.11ax	112	5560	MCS8	17.66	17.74	21.00	20.71
	HE20	116	5580		17.57	17.68	21.00	20.64
5.6G		132	5660		17.46	17.66	21.00	20.57
WIFI		136	5680		17.51	17.72	21.00	20.63
_2TX		140	5700		17.55	17.79	21.00	20.68
_MAIN		102	5510		14.88	15.00	18.25	17.95
ANT +	000 44	110	5550		17.80	17.67	21.00	20.75
AUX	802.11ax HE40	118	5590	MCS8	17.83	17.72	21.00	20.79
ANT	пЕ40	126	5630		17.77	17.61	21.00	20.70
		134	5670		17.72	17.59	21.00	20.67
	802.11ax	106	5530	MCS8	15.64	15.55	18.75	18.61
	HE80	122	5610	IVICS	17.75	17.86	21.00	20.82
	802.11ax	114	5570	MCS8	13.69	13.50	16.75	16.61
	HE160	114	3370	IVICOO	13.08	13.50	10.73	10.01

The Average conducted power of 5.6G WiFi is measured with RMS detector.
 The tested channel results are marks in bold.



5. Conducted power measurements of 5.8G WiFi

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		149	5745	(Mibps)	21.00	20.55
		153	5765		21.00	20.42
	802.11a	157	5785	6	21.00	20.43
	302.11.u	161	5805		21.00	20.33
		165	5825		21.00	20.35
		149	5745		21.00	20.45
		153	5765		21.00	20.40
	802.11n HT20	157	5785	HT0	21.00	20.38
5.8G		161	5805		21.00	20.47
WIFI		165	5825		21.00	20.51
_1TX	802.11n HT40	151	5755		21.00	20.56
_MAIN		159	5795	HT0	21.00	20.85
ANT	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	VHT0	20.50	20.03
		149	5745		21.00	20.35
		153	5765		21.00	20.55
	802.11ax HE20	157	5785	MCS0	21.00	20.51
		161	5805		21.00	20.57
		165	5825		21.00	20.53
	802.11ax HE40	151	5755	MCS0	21.00	20.40
	002.11ax n=40	159	5795	IVICSU	21.00	20.45
	802.11ax HE80	155	5775	MCS0	20.50	19.95



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
		149	5745		21.00	20.30
		153	5765		21.00	20.32
	802.11a	157	5785	6	21.00	20.33
		161	5805		21.00	20.27
		165	5825		21.00	20.37
		149	5745		21.00	20.41
		153	5765		21.00	20.42
	802.11n HT20	157	5785	HT0	21.00	20.44
5.8G		161	5805		21.00	20.35
WIFI		165	5825		21.00	20.40
_1TX	802.11n HT40	151	5755	HT0	21.00	20.70
_AUX		159	5795	1110	21.00	20.88
ANT	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	VHT0	20.75	20.05
		149	5745		21.00	20.78
		153	5765		21.00	20.85
	802.11ax HE20	157	5785	MCS0	21.00	20.80
		161	5805		21.00	20.83
		165	5825		21.00	20.81
	802.11ax HE40	151	5755	MCS0	21.00	20.48
	002.11ax HE40	159	5795	IVICOU	21.00	20.50
	802.11ax HE80	155	5775	MCS0	20.75	20.19





Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	ANT MAIN Average Power(dBm)	ANT AUX Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)
		149	5745		17.82	17.91	21.00	20.88
	902 44m	153	5765		17.94	17.89	21.00	20.93
	802.11n HT20	157	5785	HT8	17.62	17.71	21.00	20.68
	П120	161	5805		17.69	17.66	21.00	20.69
		165	5825		17.73	17.82	21.00	20.79
E 0C	802.11n	151	5755	HT8	17.55	17.67	21.00	20.62
5.8G WIFI	HT40	159	5795	1110	17.72	17.89	21.00	20.82
_2TX	802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	VHT8	17.62	17.54	20.75	20.59
_MAIN ANT +		149	5745		17.76	17.95	21.00	20.87
AUX	802.11ax	153	5765		17.90	17.85	21.00	20.89
ANT	802.11ax HE20	157	5785	MCS8	17.68	17.81	21.00	20.76
ANI	пЕ20	161	5805		17.57	17.74	21.00	20.67
		165	5825		17.70	17.89	21.00	20.81
	802.11ax	151	5755	MCS8	17.65	17.73	21.00	20.70
	HE40	159	5795	IVICSO	17.68	17.80	21.00	20.75
	802.11ax HE80	155	5775	MCS8	17.56	17.50	20.75	20.54

¹⁾ The Average conducted power of 5.8G WiFi is measured with RMS detector.
2) The tested channel results are marks in bold.



5. Overlapped Channels Between UNII-2C and UNII-3

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
	802.11n HT20	144	5720	HT0	20.50	20.09
	802.11n HT40	142	5710	HT0	21.00	20.82
	802.11ac VHT20	144	5720	VHT0	20.50	20.11
5.6G-5.8G	802.11ac VHT40	142	5710	VHT0	21.00	20.83
_1TX _MAIN ANT	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	VHT0	21.00	20.72
	802.11ax HE20	144	5720	MCS0	20.50	20.23
	802.11ax HE40	142	5710	MCS0	21.00	20.52
	802.11ax HE80	138	5690	MCS0	20.50	20.46

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Max. Tune up	Average Power(dBm)
	802.11n HT20	144	5720	HT0	20.50	20.06
	802.11n HT40	142	5710	HT0	21.00	20.71
	802.11ac VHT20	144	5720	VHT0	20.50	20.08
5.6G-5.8G	802.11ac VHT40	142	5710	VHT0	21.00	20.69
_1TX _AUX ANT	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	VHT0	21.00	20.56
	802.11ax HE20	144	5720	MCS0	20.50	20.21
	802.11ax HE40	142	5710	MCS0	21.00	20.89
	802.11ax HE80	138	5690	MCS0	21.00	20.81



Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	MAIN ANT Average Power(dBm)	AUXANT Average Power(dBm)	Max. Tune up	Total Average Power(dBm)
	802.11n HT20	144	5720	HT8	15.32	15.19	18.50	18.27
	802.11n HT40	142	5710	HT8	17.63	17.81	21.00	20.73
5.6G -5.8G	802.11ac VHT20	144	5720	VHT8	15.33	15.07	18.50	18.21
_2TX	802.11ac VHT40	142	5710	VHT8	17.61	17.79	21.00	20.71
ANT +	802.11ac VHT80	138	5690	VHT8	17.59	17.76	21.00	20.69
ANT	802.11ax HE20	144	5720	MCS8	15.72	15.51	19.00	18.63
	802.11ax HE40	142	5710	MCS8	17.57	17.66	21.00	20.63
	802.11ax HE80	138	5690	MCS8	17.53	17.63	21.00	20.59



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7.2 SAR TEST RESULTS

General Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤ 20%, and the measured SAR < 1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 4) Per KDB941225 D06, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 5) Per KDB648474 D04, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported body-worn SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.
- 6) Per KDB865664 D02, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing.

WLAN Notes:

- 1. For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 2.4GHZ WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section7.1 for more information.
- 3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 5GHZ WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed power. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2W/kg. See Section 7.1 for more information.



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7.2.1 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT

1. SAR Measurement Result of 2.4G WiFi

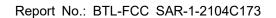
				Cananatian				M:	C = == d = 4 = d	Davis	CAD	CAD	Domontod
Test No.	Band	Channel	IAST	Separation Distance (cm)	Battery	Ant	Data Rate	Tune-up (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift	SAR 1g (W/kg)	10g	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
W01	802.11b	6	Back of Screen	2.5	1	MAIN	1	21.50	21.32	-0.1	0.000	0.000	<0.001
W02	802.11b	6	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	1	21.50	21.32	0.05	0.162	0.071	0.169
W03	802.11b	1	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	1	21.50	21.29	0.01	0.205	0.096	0.215
W04	802.11b	11	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	1	21.50	21.15	0.02	0.151	0.065	0.164
W51	802.11b	1	Back of Keyboard	0	2	MAIN	1	21.50	21.29	0	0.313	0.145	0.329
W06	802.11b	6	Back of Screen	2.5	1	AUX	1	21.50	21.41	0.14	0.000	0.000	<0.001
W07	802.11b	6	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	1	21.50	21.41	0.05	0.503	0.222	0.514
W08	802.11b	1	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	1	21.50	21.18	0.09	0.481	0.216	0.518
W09	802.11b	11	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	1	21.50	21.38	-0.07	0.542	0.244	0.557
W52	802.11b	11	Back of Keyboard	0	2	AUX	1	21.50	21.38	0.02	0.508	0.230	0.522

Note: The value with boldface is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. SAR Measurement Result of BT

Test No.	Band	Channel	IAST	Separation Distance (cm)	Battery	Ant	Data Rate	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift	1g	SAR 10g (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
B01	BT DH5	78	Back of Screen	0	1	MAIN	1	10.00	9.73	0	0.000	0.000	<0.001
B02	BT DH5	78	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	1	10.00	9.73	0.05	0.010	0.005	0.010
B03	BT DH5	39	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	1	10.00	9.35	-0.01	0.008	0.003	0.010
B04	BT DH5	0	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	1	10.00	9.16	0	0.014	0.005	0.017
B05	BT DH5	0	Back of Keyboard	0	2	MAIN	1	10.00	9.16	0.12	0.010	0.003	0.012

Note: The value with boldface is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.





3. SAR Measurement Result of 5G WiFi

Test No.	Band	Channel	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Battery	Ant	Data Rate	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift	1g	SAR 10g (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
W18	802.11n HT20	60	Back of Screen	2.5	1	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.77	-0.03	0.151	0.067	0.159
W19	802.11n HT20	60	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.77	0.02	0.470	0.181	0.496
W20	802.11n HT20	52	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.71	0	0.420	0.163	0.449
W21	802.11n HT20	56	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.62	0	0.413	0.162	0.451
W55	802.11n HT20	60	Back of Keyboard	0	2	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.77	0.12	0.408	0.157	0.430
W23	802.11n HT20	60	Back of Screen	2.5	1	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.80	0.15	0.123	0.050	0.129
W24	802.11n HT20	60	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.80	0	0.452	0.170	0.473
W25	802.11n HT20	52	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.79	0	0.441	0.179	0.463
W26	802.11n HT20	56	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.70	0	0.468	0.187	0.501
W56	802.11n HT20	56	Back of Keyboard	0	2	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.70	-0.07	0.411	0.156	0.440
W28	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Screen	2.5	1	MAIN	VHT0	21.00	20.82	0.15	0.122	0.053	0.127
W29	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	VHT0	21.00	20.82	0	0.603	0.208	0.629
W30	802.11ac VHT80	106	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	VHT0	18.75	18.34	0.04	0.511	0.184	0.562
W57	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	2	MAIN	VHT0	21.00	20.82	0	0.838	0.289	0.873
W61	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard (Repeated)	0	2	MAIN	VHT0	21.00	20.82	0.11	0.812	0.273	0.846
W32	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Screen	2.5	1	AUX	VHT0	21.00	20.69	0.06	0.216	0.089	0.232
W33	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	VHT0	21.00	20.69	0	0.770	0.265	0.827
W34	802.11ac VHT80	106	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	VHT0	18.25	18.02	0.15	0.555	0.196	0.585
W58	802.11ac VHT80	122	Back of Keyboard	0	2	AUX	VHT0	21.00	20.69	0.02	0.689	0.291	0.740
W36	802.11n HT40	159	Back of Screen	2.5	1	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.85	-0.01	0.188	0.084	0.195
W37	802.11n HT40	159	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.85	0.16	0.976	0.345	1.010
W38	802.11n HT40	151	Back of Keyboard	0	1	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.56	0.07	1.050	0.358	1.162
W39	802.11n HT40	151	Back of Keyboard (Repeated)	0	1	MAIN	НТ0	21.00	20.56	-0.19	1.030	0.354	1.140
W59	802.11n HT40	151	Back of Keyboard	0	2	MAIN	HT0	21.00	20.56	0.18	0.937	0.331	1.037
W41	802.11n HT40	159	Back of Screen	2.5	1	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.88	0.01	0.181	0.076	0.186
W42	802.11n HT40	159	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.88	0	0.597	0.202	0.614
W43	802.11n HT40	151	Back of Keyboard	0	1	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.70	0.17	0.566	0.199	0.606
W60	802.11n HT40	159	Back of Keyboard	0	2	AUX	HT0	21.00	20.88	-0.02	0.517	0.134	0.531

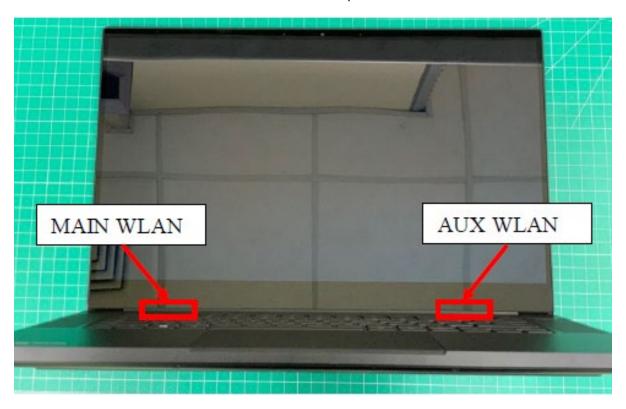
Note: The value with boldface is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.



7.3 MULTIPLE TRANSMITTER EVALUATION

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.

The location of the antennas inside the EUT is shown as below picture:



7.3.1 STAND-ALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION

Per FCC KDB 447498D01, SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission must be considered when the maximum duration of overlapping transmissions, including network hand-offs, is greater than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis.

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration	Body
1	WLAN 2.4GHz MAIN ANT + WLAN 2.4GHz AUX ANT	Yes
2	WLAN 2.4GHz AUX ANT + BT MAIN ANT	Yes
3	WLAN 5.2GHz MAIN ANT + WLAN 5.2GHz AUX ANT	Yes
4	WLAN 5.3GHz MAIN ANT + WLAN 5.3GHz AUX ANT	Yes
5	WLAN 5.6GHz MAIN ANT + WLAN 5.6GHz AUX ANT	Yes
6	WLAN 5.8GHz MAIN ANT + WLAN 5.8GHz AUX ANT	Yes
7	WLAN 5.2GHz AUX ANT + BT MAIN ANT	Yes
8	WLAN 5.3GHz AUX ANT + BT MAIN ANT	Yes
9	WLAN 5.6GHz AUX ANT + BT MAIN ANT	Yes
10	WLAN 5.8GHz AUX ANT + BT MAIN ANT	Yes

Note: Only MAIN ANT supports BT function.





7.3.2 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

About WIFI and Bluetooth transmit simultaneously

Band	Test Position	Back of Screen	Back of Keyboard
	WiFi 2.4G	<0.001	0.329
	WiFi 5.2G	1	1
MAIN ANT	WiFi 5.3G	0.159	0.496
	WiFi 5.6G	0.127	0.873
	WiFi 5.8G	0.195	1.162
	BT	<0.001	0.017
	WiFi 2.4G	<0.001	0.557
	WiFi 5.2G	1	1
AUX ANT	WiFi 5.3G	0.129	0.501
	WiFi 5.6G	0.232	0.827
	WiFi 5.8G	0.186	0.614
M	AX ∑SAR₁g	0.381	Refer to SPLSR results

Test Position	Reported SAR _{1g}	AUX ANT WiFi 2.4G	AUX ANT WiFi 5.2G	AUX ANT WiFi 5.3G	AUX ANT WiFi 5.6G	AUX ANT WiFi 5.8G	MAX ∑SAR _{1g}
	MAIN ANT WiFi 2.4G	0.886	1	1	1	1	0.886
	MAIN ANT WiFi 5.2G	1	1	1	/	1	1
	MAIN ANT WiFi 5.3G	1	1	0.997	1	1	0.997
Back of Keyboard	MAIN ANT WiFi 5.6G	1	1	1	1.700	1	Refer to SPLSR results (2)
	MAIN ANT WiFi 5.8G	1	1	/	1	1.776	Refer to SPLSR results (1)
	Bluetooth	0.574	1	0.518	0.844	0.631	0.844

⁽¹⁾ MAX. Σ SAR_{1g}<1.6 W/Kg, the SAR to peak location separation ratio should not be considered, otherwise, see section 7.3.3 for more information.

⁽²⁾ The highest simultaneous SAR value=0.997W/Kg, per KDB690783 D01.





7.3.3 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONCLUSION

According to KDB447498 D01, When the sum of SAR is larger than limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio (SPLSR). When the SAR to peak location ratio for each pair of antennas is 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion. When 10-g SAR applies, the ratio must be \leq 0.10.

When SAR is measured for both antennas in the pair the peak location separation distance is computed by the following formula:

Distance_{Tx1-Tx2} =
$$R_i = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2}$$

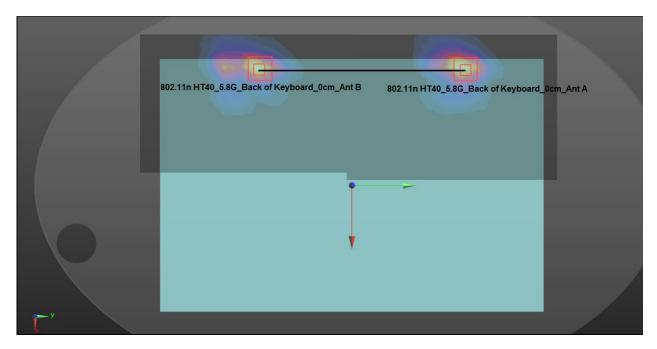
SPLS Ratio = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i$

When standalone test exclusion applies, SAR is estimated; the peak location is assumed to be at the feed-point or geometric center of the antenna. Due to curvatures on the SAM phantom, when SAR is estimated for one of the antennas in an antenna pair, the measured peak SAR location should be translated onto the test device to determine the peak location separation for the antenna pair. The ERP location on the phantom is aligned with the ERP location on the handset, with 6mm separation in the z coordinate due to the ear spacer. A measured peak location can be translated onto the handset, with respect to the ERP location, by ignoring the 6 mm offset in the z coordinate. The assumed peak location of the antenna with estimated SAR can also be determined with respect to the ERP location on the handset. The peak location separation distance is estimated by the x and y coordinated of the peaks, referenced to the ERP location. While flat phantoms are not expected to have these issues, the same peak translation approach should be applied to determine peak location separation.



(1) The sum of aggregate 1g SAR was above 1.6 W/kg for Back of Keyboard configuration with MAIN ANT WiFi 5.8G and AUX ANT WiFi 5.8G.

The Peak SAR location is as below:

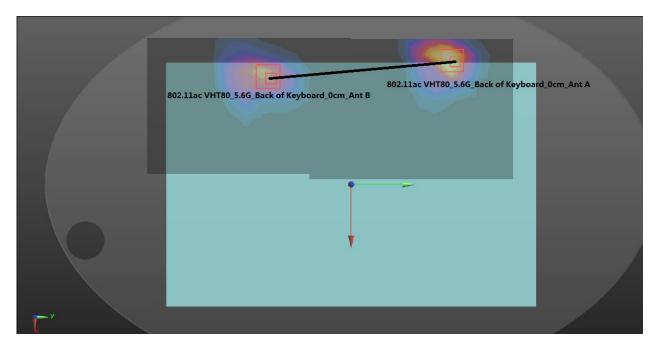


Mode	Reported SAR _{1g}	Peak SAR _{1g}	Х	Υ	Z	D(mm)	SPLSR	Ratio Limit	Simultaneous SAR
	mW/g	mW/g	m	m	m			LIIIII	SAR
MAIN ANT WiFi 5.8G	1.162	2.3	-0.11	0.102	-0.181	192.0	0.012	0.04	No
AUX ANT WiFi 5.8G	0.614	1.44	-0.11	-0.09	-0.181			0.04	No



(2) The sum of aggregate 1g SAR was above 1.6 W/kg for Back of Keyboard configuration with MAIN ANT WiFi 5.6G and AUX ANT WiFi 5.6G.

The Peak SAR location is as below:



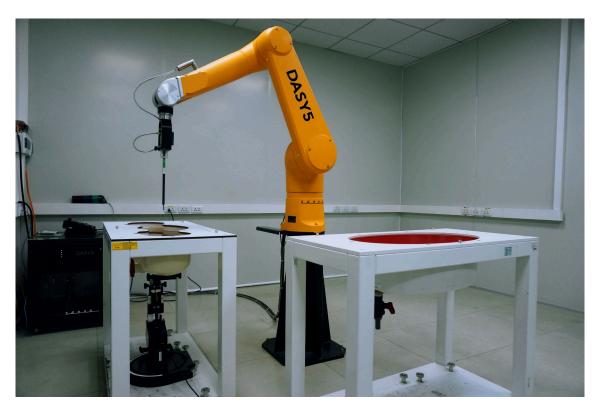
Mode	Reported SAR _{1g}	Peak SAR _{1g}	Х	Υ	Z	D(mm)	SPLSR	Ratio Limit	Simultaneous SAR
	mW/g	mW/g	m	m	m			LIIIII	SAR
MAIN ANT WiFi 5.6G	0.873	1.84	-0.114	0.102	-0.179	184.2	0.012	0.04	No
AUX ANT WiFi 5.6G	0.827	1.81	-0.106	-0.082	-0.181			0.04	No



APPENDIX

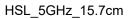
1. TEST LAYOUT

Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (≥15cm depth)

HSL_2300MHz-2700MHz_15.1cm







Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2104C173_Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2104C173_Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2104C173_Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photographs of the Test Set-Up

(PIs See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2104C173_Appendix D.)

End of Test Report