# CALIBRATION DATA PROBE CALIBRATION DATA

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

AGC-CERT Shenzhen

Certificate No.

ES-3337\_Nov24

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3337

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-23.v6, QA CAL-25.v8

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date

November 13, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22  $\pm$  3)  $^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036/04037)	Mar-25
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04036)	Mar-25
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	23-Sep-24 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249 Sep24)	Sep-25
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	24-Sep-24 (OCP-DAK12-1016 Sep24)	Sep-25
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	26-Mar-24 (No. 217-04046)	Mar-25
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Feb-24 (No. DAE4-660 Feb24)	Feb-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Jun-24 (No. EX3-7349 Jun24)	Jun-25

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-24)	In house check: Jun-26
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Sep-24)	In house check: Sep-26

Name

Function

Calibrated by

Krešimir Franjić

Laboratory Technician

Approved by

Sven Kühn

Technical Manager

Issued: November 13, 2024

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Certificate No: ES-3337\_Nov24

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

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#### Glossary

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$   $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization  $\theta$  or rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\theta = 0$  is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure
  To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human
  Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP
  does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ±50 MHz to ±100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis).
   No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

ES3DV3 - SN:3337 November 13, 2024

#### Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3337

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²) A	1.33	1.34	1.41	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	108.1	108.9	107.8	±4.7%

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		dB A	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	144.5	±1.0%	±4.7%
		Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00		123.2		l
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		119.7		ĺ

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ES3DV3 - SN:3337 November 13, 2024

#### Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3337

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	23.0°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

ES3DV3 - SN:3337 November 13, 2024

#### Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3337

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc <sup>H</sup> (k = 2)
150	52.3	0.76	7.27	7.35	7.64	0.00	2.00	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.19	1.63	±13.3%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.40	4.40	4.54	0.39	2.15	±11.0%

C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 8 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for e and or by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10% if SAR correction is applied.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–8 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe lip diameter from the boundary.

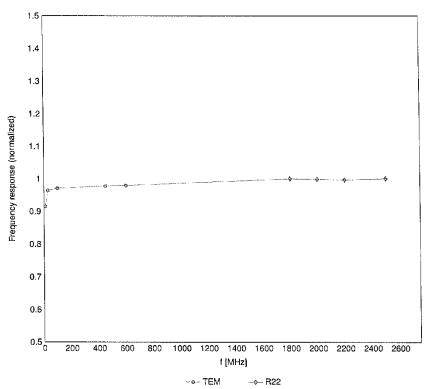
H The stated uncertainty is the total calibration uncertainty (k = 2) of Norm-ConvF. This is equivalent to the uncertainty component with the symbol CF in Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

Table 9 of IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020.

ES3DV3 - SN:3337 November 13, 2024

#### Frequency Response of E-Field

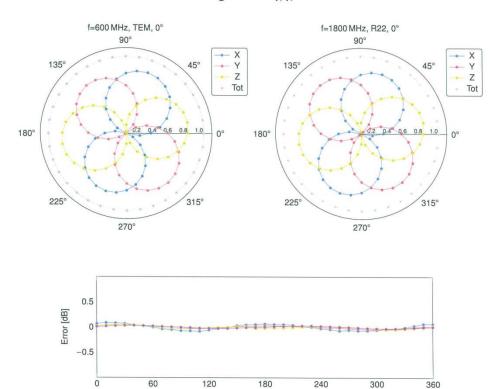
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±6.3% (k=2)

ES3DV3 - SN:3337 November 13, 2024

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



→ 600 MHz

Roll [°]

- 1800 MHz

300

→ 2500 MHz

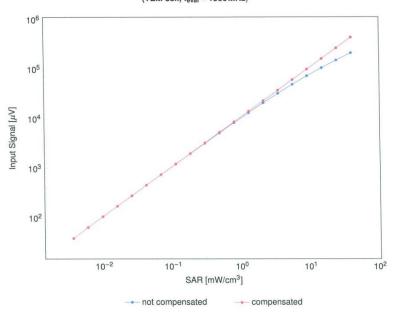
360

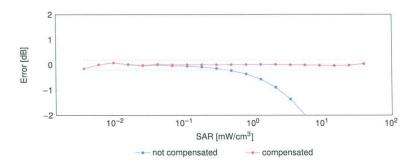
--- 100 MHz

ES3DV3 - SN:3337 November 13, 2024

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(TEM cell, f<sub>eval</sub> = 1900 MHz)

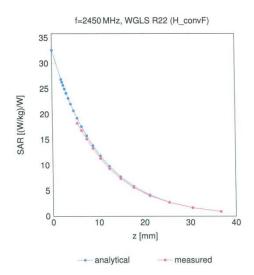




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

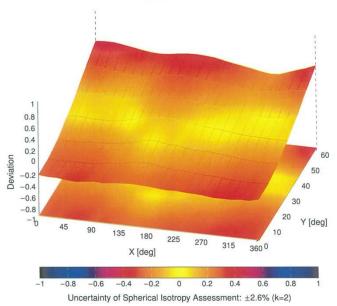
ES3DV3 - SN:3337 November 13, 2024

#### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



#### Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi$ , $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz







Add: No.52 Hua YuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@eaict.ac.cn http://www.eaict.ac.en

Client agc-cert

Certificate No: 24J02Z000505

### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN: 3953

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-004-02

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

September 05, 2024

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID# Cal	Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled	d Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	19-Oct-23(CTTL, No.J23X11026)	Oct-24
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	19-Oct-23(CTTL, No.J23X11026)	Oct-24
Power sensor NRP8S	104292	19-Oct-23(CTTL, No.J23X11026)	Oct-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)	Jan-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00211)	Jan-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	28-May-24(SPEAG, No.EX-7307_May24)	May-25
DAE4	SN 771	19-Jan-24(SPEAG, No.DAE4-771_Jan24)	Jan-25
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	12-Jun-24(CTTL, No.24J02X005419)	Jun-25
SignalGenerator APSIN26G	181-33A6D0700-1	959 26-Mar-24(CTTL, No.24J02X002468)	Mar-25
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	25-Dec-23(CTTL, No.J23X13425)	Dec-24
Reference 10d8Attenuator	BT0520	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04061)	May-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	BT0267	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04062)	May-25
OCP DAK-12	SN 1174	25-Oct-23(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK12-1174_	Oct23) Oct-24

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by: Lin Jun SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 08, 2024

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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

 $\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:

Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010.

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
  data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
  media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat
  phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3953

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)²)^	0.52	0.54	0.48	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.3	101.9	101.5	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc <sup>E</sup>
	System Name		dB	dΒ√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	Х	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	173.6	±2.3%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		178.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		165.6	1 .

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor *k*=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





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### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3953

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. ( <i>k</i> =2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.38	10.38	10.38	0.16	1.21	±12.7%
835	41.5	0.90	9.95	9.95	9.95	0.15	1.34	±12.7%
900	41.5	0.97	9.90	9.90	9.90	0.15	1.36	±12.7%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.25	1.06	±12.7%
1810	40.0	1.40	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.18	1.14	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.31	8.31	8.31	0.27	1.00	±12.7%
2000	40.0	1.40	8.27	8.27	8.27	0.23	1.10	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.47	0.72	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.87	7.87	7.87	0.49	0.73	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.70	7.70	7.70	0.54	0.70	±12.7%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.50	5.50	5.50	0.40	1.50	±13.9%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.50	1.30	±13.9%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.50	1.30	±13.9%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>F</sup> At frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

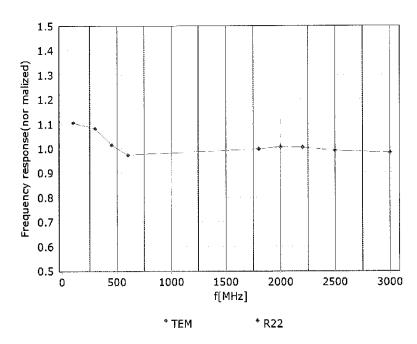
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm G}$  Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)



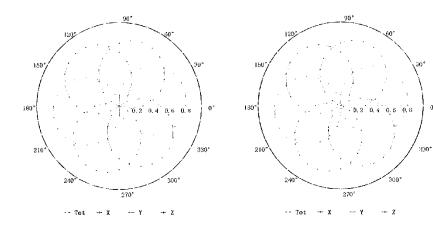


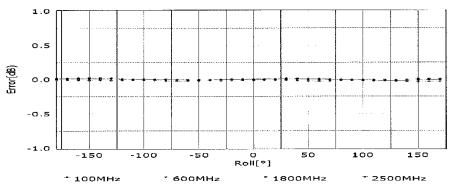
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## Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

## f=600 MHz, TEM

## f=1800 MHz, R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ±1.2% (k=2)

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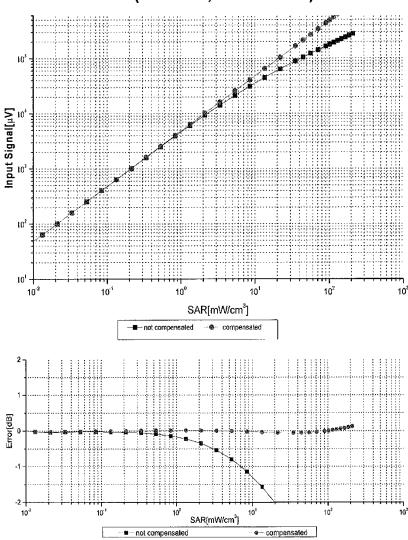
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## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

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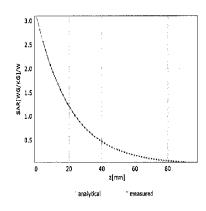
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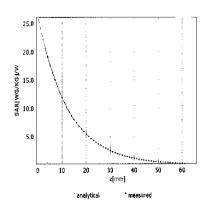
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**

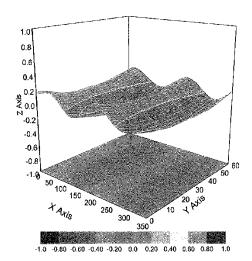
f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)





## **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

Certificate No:24J02Z000505

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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3953

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	33.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

#### **DAE CALIBRATION DATA**



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117

E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn

http://www.caict.ac.cn

agc-cert Client:



Certificate No: 24J02Z000265

#### **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

DAE4 - SN: 1398

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

Calibration date:

May 20, 2024

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) °C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

**Scheduled Calibration** ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) **Primary Standards** 12-Jun-23 (CTTL, No.J23X05436) Process Calibrator 753 1971018 Jun-24

Name

**Function** 

Signature

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Jun

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: May 22, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: 24J02Z000265

Page 2 of 3





DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z	
High Range	404.244 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.228 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.683 ± 0.15% (k=2)	
Low Range	3.97446 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99237 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96950 ± 0.7% (k=2)	

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	47.5° ± 1 °
Commoder range to the desired and a second s	(207/3352) 389 38

Certificate No: 24J02Z000265

Page 3 of 3

## **DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA**

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client AGC-CERT

Shenzhen

Certificate No. D450V3-1113\_Feb24

Object	D450V3 - SN:111	3	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v11 Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources below 700 MHz		
Calibration date:	February 14, 2024	4	
		onal standards, which realize the physical unit obability are given on the following pages and	
All calibrations have been conducte	ed in the closed laborator	y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
	ID # SN: 104778	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Scheduled Calibration Mar-24
Power meter NRP2	The state of the second second second	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	The state of the s
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778 SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24 Mar-24
Primary Standards Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Jan-25
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3877	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810) 10-Jan-24 (No. EX3-3877_Jan24)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Jan-25
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 908	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810) 10-Jan-24 (No. EX3-3877_Jan24) 03-Jul-23 (No. DAE4-908_Jul23)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Jan-25 Jul-24 Scheduled Check In house check: Dec-24
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 908	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810) 10-Jan-24 (No. EX3-3877_Jan24) 03-Jul-23 (No. DAE4-908_Jul23) Check Date (in house) 08-Nov-21 (in house check Dec-22) 15-Dec-09 (in house check Dec-22)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Jan-25 Jul-24 Scheduled Check In house check: Dec-24 In house check: Dec-24
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 908 ID # SN: 107193 SN: 100922 SN: 100418	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810) 10-Jan-24 (No. EX3-3877_Jan24) 03-Jul-23 (No. DAE4-908_Jul23)  Check Date (in house)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-25 Jul-24 Scheduled Check In house check: Dec-24 In house check: Dec-24 In house check: Dec-24
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 RF generator HP 8648C	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 908 ID # SN: 107193 SN: 100922 SN: 100418 SN: US3642U01700	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810) 10-Jan-24 (No. EX3-3877_Jan24) 03-Jul-23 (No. DAE4-908_Jul23)  Check Date (in house) 08-Nov-21 (in house check Dec-22) 15-Dec-09 (in house check Dec-22) 01-Jan-04 (in house check Dec-22) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Jan-25 Jul-24 Scheduled Check In house check: Dec-24 In house check: Dec-24 In house check: Duc-24 In house check: Jun-24
Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4  Secondary Standards Power meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: BH9394 (20k) SN: 310982 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 908 ID # SN: 107193 SN: 100922 SN: 100418	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03805) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809) 30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03810) 10-Jan-24 (No. EX3-3877_Jan24) 03-Jul-23 (No. DAE4-908_Jul23)  Check Date (in house)	Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-24 Mar-25 Jul-24 Scheduled Check In house check: Dec-24 In house check: Dec-24 In house check: Dec-24
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices - Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4	
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation		
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, $dy$ , $dz = 5 mm$		
Frequency	450 MHz ± 1 MHz		

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	43.5	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	45.0 ± 6 %	0.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		****

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	4.67 W/kg ± 18.1 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	0.772 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.10 W/kg ± 17.6 % (k≔2)

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.2 Ω - 0.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.346 ns	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 14.02.2024

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 450 MHz; Type: D450V3; Serial: D450V3 - SN:1113

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.87$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 45$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3877; ConvF(10.64, 10.64, 10.64) @ 450 MHz; Calibrated: 10.01.2024

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn908; Calibrated: 03.07.2023

• Phantom: ELI v6.0; Type: QDOVA003AA; Serial: TP:2034

• DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

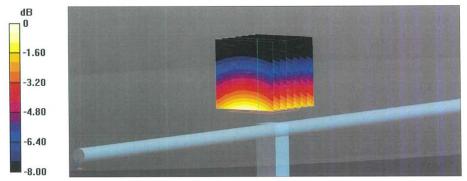
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 38.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.772 W/kg

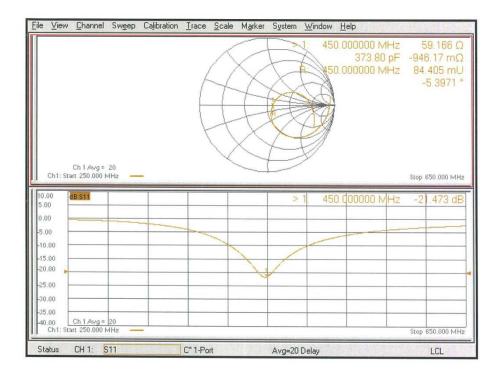
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 63.6% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.57 W/kg



0 dB = 1.57 W/kg = 1.96 dBW/kg

#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





### **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A

# ATTESTATION OF GLOBAL COMPLIANCE CO. LTD.

1-2/F, BUILDING 19, JUNFENG INDUSTRIAL PARK, CHONGQING ROAD, HEPING COMMUNITY, FUHAI STREET

BAO 'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 23/19 DIP0G900-482

> Calibrated at MVG Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon 29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 04/28/2022



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814 Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	4/28/2022	JE
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	4/28/2022	JE
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	4/28/2022	Gann TOUTANN

2022.04.28 17:00:51 +02'00'

TESTATION
F GLOBAL MPLIANCE CO. LTD

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	4/28/2022	Initial release

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#### INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test			
Device Type	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE		
Manufacturer	MVG		
Model	SID900		
Serial Number	SN 23/19 DIP0G900-482		
Product Condition (new / used)	Used		

#### 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 **GENERAL INFORMATION**

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole





#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

#### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

#### 4.2 <u>MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss		
400-6000MHz	0.08 LIN		

#### 5.2 <u>DIMENSION MEASUREMENT</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
0 - 300	0.20 mm		
300 - 450	0.44 mm		

#### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

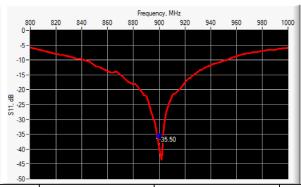


Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	19 % (SAR)
10 g	19 % (SAR)

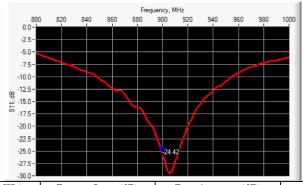
#### 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

#### 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
900	-35.50	-20	$48.4 \Omega + 0.6 j\Omega$

#### 6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB) Impedan	
900	-24.42	-20	49.0 Ω + 5.9 iΩ

Page: 6/13



Ref: ACR. 118.17.22.BES. A

#### 6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lm	nm	hm	m	d r	nm
	required	measured	required	m easured	required	m easured
300	420.0 <b>±1 %</b> .		250.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		6.35 <b>±1 %.</b>	
450	290.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 <b>±1 %</b> .	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		6.35 <b>±1 %</b> .	
835	161.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		89.8 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
900	149.0 <b>±1 %.</b>	-	83.3 <b>±1 %.</b>	-	3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	-
1450	89.1 <b>±1 %.</b>		51.7 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
1500	86.2 <b>±1 %.</b>		50.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
1640	79.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
1750	75.2 <b>±1</b> %.		42.9 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
1800	72.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		41.7 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
1900	68.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		39.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
1950	66.3 <b>±1</b> %.		38.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %</b> .	
2000	64.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		37.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
2100	61.0 <b>±1 %</b> .		35.7 <b>±1 %</b> .		3.6 <b>±1 %</b> .	
2300	55.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		32.6 <b>±1</b> %.		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
2450	51.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		30.4 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %</b> .	
2600	48.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		28.8 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %</b> .	
3000	41.5 <b>±1 %.</b>		25.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
3300	-		-		-	
3500	37.0 <b>±1 %.</b>		26.4 <b>±1 %.</b>		3.6 <b>±1 %.</b>	
3700	34.7 <b>±1 %</b> .		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 <b>±1</b> %.	
3900	-		-		-	
4200	-		-		-	
4600	-		-		-	
4900	-		-		-	

#### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A

#### 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity $(\mathbf{s}_{r}')$		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 <b>±10</b> %		0.87 <b>±</b> 10 %	
450	43.5 <b>±10</b> %		0.87 <b>±</b> 10 %	
750	41.9 <b>±</b> 10 %		0.89 <b>±</b> 10 %	
835	41.5 ±10 %		0.90 <b>±</b> 10 %	
900	41.5 <b>±</b> 10 %	39.1	0.97 <b>±</b> 10 %	0.98
1450	40.5 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.20 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1500	40.4 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.23 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1640	40.2 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.31 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1750	40.1 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.37 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1800	40.0 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.40 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1900	40.0 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.40 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1950	40.0 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.40 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2000	40.0 ±10 %		1.40 ±10 %	
2100	39.8 <b>±10</b> %		1.49 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2300	39.5 <b>±1</b> 0 %		1.67 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2450	39.2 <b>±10</b> %		1.80 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2600	39.0 <b>±10</b> %		1.96 <b>±</b> 10 %	
3000	38.5 <b>±10</b> %		2.40 <b>±</b> 10 %	
3300	38.2 <b>±1</b> 0 %		2.71 <b>±</b> 10 %	
3500	37.9 <b>±</b> 10 %		2.91 <b>±</b> 10 %	
3700	37.7 <b>±</b> 10 %		3.12 <b>±</b> 10 %	
3900	37.5 <b>±</b> 10 %		3.32 <b>±</b> 10 %	
4200	37.1 <b>±</b> 10 %		3.63 <b>±10</b> %	
4600	36.7 <b>±</b> 10 %		4.04 <b>±</b> 10 %	
4900	36.3 <b>±</b> 10 %		4.35 <b>±</b> 10 %	

#### 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.



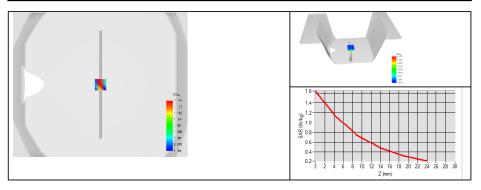
Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 39.1 sigma: 0.98
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR	(W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9	11.21 (1.12)	6.99	6.89 (0.69)
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3300	-		-	
3500	67.1		25	
3700	67.4		24.2	
3900	-		-	
4200	-		-	
4600	-		-	
4900	-		-	



Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A





Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A

#### 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity ( $\mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{r}}'$ )		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	m easured	required	measured
150	61.9 <b>±</b> 10 %		0.80 <b>±1</b> 0 %	
300	58.2 <b>±</b> 10 %		0.92 <b>±1</b> 0 %	
450	56.7 <b>±</b> 10 %		0.94 <b>±</b> 10 %	
750	55.5 <b>±10</b> %		0.96 <b>±1</b> 0 %	
835	55.2 <b>±</b> 10 %		0.97 <b>±</b> 10 %	
900	55.0 <b>±</b> 10 %	51.7	1.05 <b>±</b> 10 %	1.01
915	55.0 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.06 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1450	54.0 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.30 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1610	53.8 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.40 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1800	53.3 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.52 <b>±</b> 10 %	
1900	53.3 <b>±10</b> %		1.52 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2000	53.3 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.52 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2100	53.2 <b>±1</b> 0 %		1.62 ±10 %	
2300	52.9 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.81 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2450	52.7 <b>±</b> 10 %		1.95 <b>±</b> 10 %	
2600	52.5 <b>±</b> 10 %		2.16 <b>±</b> 10 %	
3000	52.0 <b>±</b> 10 %		2.73 <b>±1</b> 0 %	
3300	51.6 <b>±</b> 10 %		3.08 <b>±1</b> 0 %	
3500	51.3 <b>±</b> 10 %		3.31 <b>±</b> 10 %	
3700	51.0 <b>±</b> 10 %		3.55 <b>±10</b> %	
3900	50.8 <b>±</b> 10 %		3.78 <b>±1</b> 0 %	
4200	50.4 <b>±</b> 10 %		4.13 <b>±</b> 10 %	
4600	49.8 <b>±</b> 10 %		4.60 <b>±</b> 10 %	
4900	49.4 <b>±</b> 10 %		4.95 <b>±1</b> 0 %	
5200	49.0 <b>±10</b> %		5.30 <b>±10</b> %	
5300	48.9 <b>±10</b> %		5.42 <b>±10</b> %	
5400	48.7 <b>±10</b> %		5.53 <b>±10</b> %	
5500	48.6 <b>±10</b> %		5.65 <b>±10</b> %	
5600	48.5 <b>±10</b> %		5.77 <b>±10</b> %	
5800	48.2 <b>±10</b> %		6.00 <b>±10</b> %	

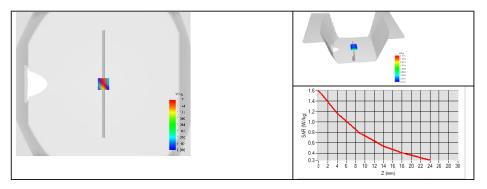


Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A

#### 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	SN 41/18 EPGO333
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 51.7 sigma: 1.01
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	m easured	m ea sur ed	
900	11.01 (1.10)	7.01 (0.70)	



Ref: ACR.118.17.22.BES.A



#### 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN 13/09 SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024		
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2022		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2019	05/2022		
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027		
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	10/2019	10/2022		
Reference Probe	мvg	SN 41/18 EPGO333	10/2021	10/2022		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2020	02/2023		
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025		
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024		
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2019	11/2022		
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024		