

**APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)**



中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CALIBRATION  
CNAS L0570



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.caict.ac.cn

Client **SMQ**

Certificate No: **24J02Z000562**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 818**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**  
**Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **September 5, 2024**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	17-May-24 (CTTL, No. J24X04107)	May-25
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	17-May-24 (CTTL, No. J24X04107)	May-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	28-May-24(SPEAG, No. EX-7307_May24)	May-25
DAE4	SN 1556	03-Jan-24(CTTL-SPEAG, No.24J02Z80002)	Jan-25
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Dec-23 (CTTL, No. J23X13426)	Dec-24
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	25-Dec-23 (CTTL, No. J23X13425)	Dec-24
OCP DAK-3.5(weighted)	1040	22-Jan-24(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK3.5-1040_Jan24)	Jan-25

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Jun	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: September 13, 2024

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



In Collaboration with  
**s p e a g**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117  
E-mail: [ctl@chinattl.com](mailto:ctl@chinattl.com) <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.6 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.6 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.15 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)



In Collaboration with  
**s p e a g**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

##### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4Ω+ 5.55jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.6dB

##### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.070 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

##### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------



In Collaboration with  
**s p e a g**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117  
E-mail: cntl@chinattl.com <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 2024-09-05

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 818**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.792$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.57$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7307; ConvF(7.37, 7.34, 7.95) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2024-05-28
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2024-01-03
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

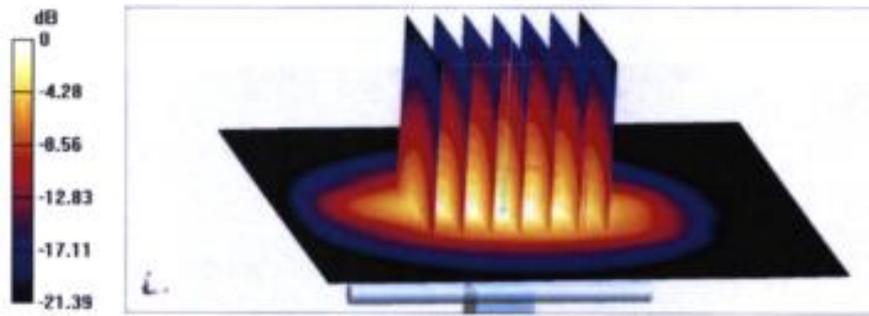
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.15 W/kg**

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.5 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 51.4%

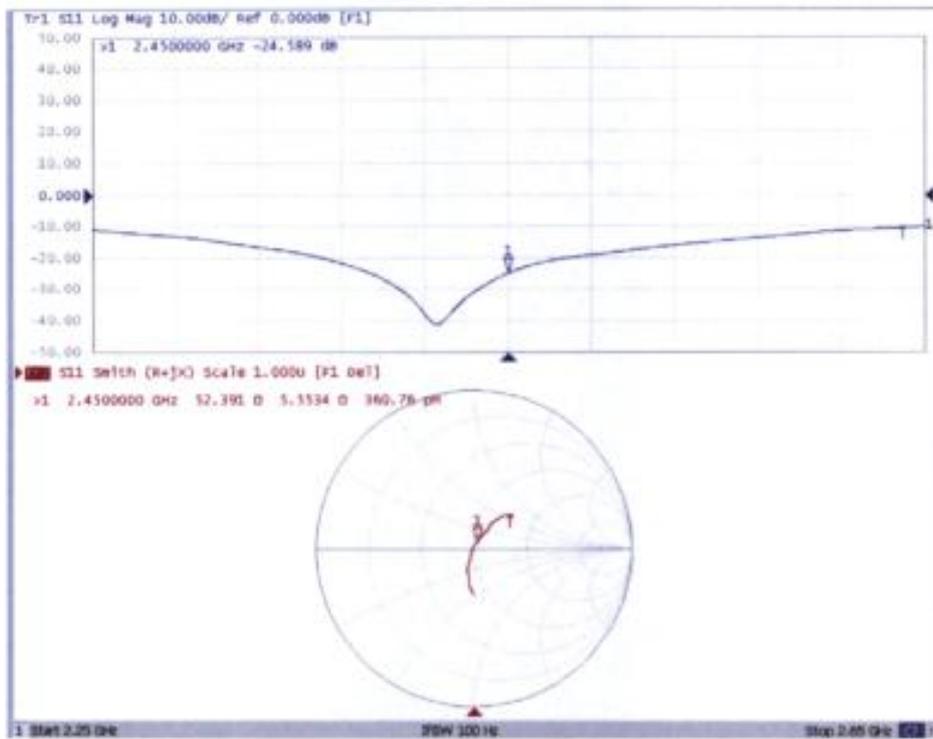
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117  
 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com      http://www.caict.ac.cn

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**





In Collaboration with

486810/15

CALIBRATION LABORATORY



中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CALIBRATION  
CNAS L0570



Add: No.52 HunYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2117  
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

Client

SMQ

Certificate No: Z22-60531

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1185

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: December 9, 2022

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	10-May-22 (CTTL, No.J22X03103)	May-23
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	10-May-22 (CTTL, No.J22X03103)	May-23
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	20-May-22(SPEAG,No.EX3-3846_May22)	May-23
DAE4	SN 1556	12-Jan-22(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z22-60007)	Jan-23
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	13-Jan-22 (CTTL, No. J22X00409)	Jan-23
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	14-Jan-22 (CTTL, No.J22X00406)	Jan-23

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: December 16, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z22-60531

Page 1 of 8



In Collaboration with  
**s p e a g**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.32 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62394633-3117  
E-mail: cnfl@caict.ac.cn      <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1526, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1526: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- b) KDB 885664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



In Collaboration with  
**s p e a g**  
 CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Heidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62394633-2117  
 E-mail: wt@sgclab.com http://www.sgclab.com

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY62	52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	$dx, dy = 4 \text{ mm}$ , $dz = 1.4 \text{ mm}$	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (2 direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ 5600 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ 5750 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$	

**Head TSL parameters at 5250MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.8	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.3 $\pm$ 0 %	4.72 mho/m $\pm$ 0 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	—	—

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5250MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 $\text{cm}^2$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.92 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.9 W/kg $\pm$ 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $\text{cm}^2$ (50 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg $\pm$ 24.2 % (k=2)



In Collaboration with  
**s p e a g**  
 CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62194633-2117  
 E-mail: enf@caict.ac.cn      <http://www.caict.ac.cn>

#### Head TSL parameters at 5600MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	5.10 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $\text{cm}^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.7 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $\text{cm}^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 24.3 % (k=2)

#### Head TSL parameters at 5750MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	5.27 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5750MHz

SAR averaged over 1 $\text{cm}^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $\text{cm}^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 W/kg ± 24.3 % (k=2)



In Collaboration with

**s p e a g**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



Add: No.22 HaiYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62046333-2113  
E-mail: cnrl@caict.ac.cn      http://www.caict.ac.cn

### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L6570)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0Ω- 4.5jΩ
Return Loss	-28.1dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.7Ω- 0.4jΩ
Return Loss	-28.9dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.5Ω+ 1.4jΩ
Return Loss	-26.3dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.112 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole-arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------

**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 2022-12-09

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1185

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,  
Frequency: 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.722$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.103$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.71$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.268$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.48$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(5.44, 5.44, 5.44) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2022-05-20
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2022-01-12
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0; Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.4%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,**

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0; Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62.3%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

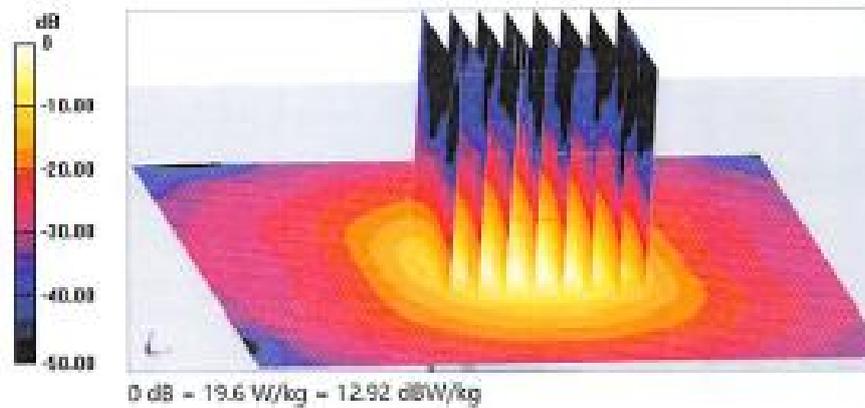


In Collaboration with  
**s p e a g**  
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



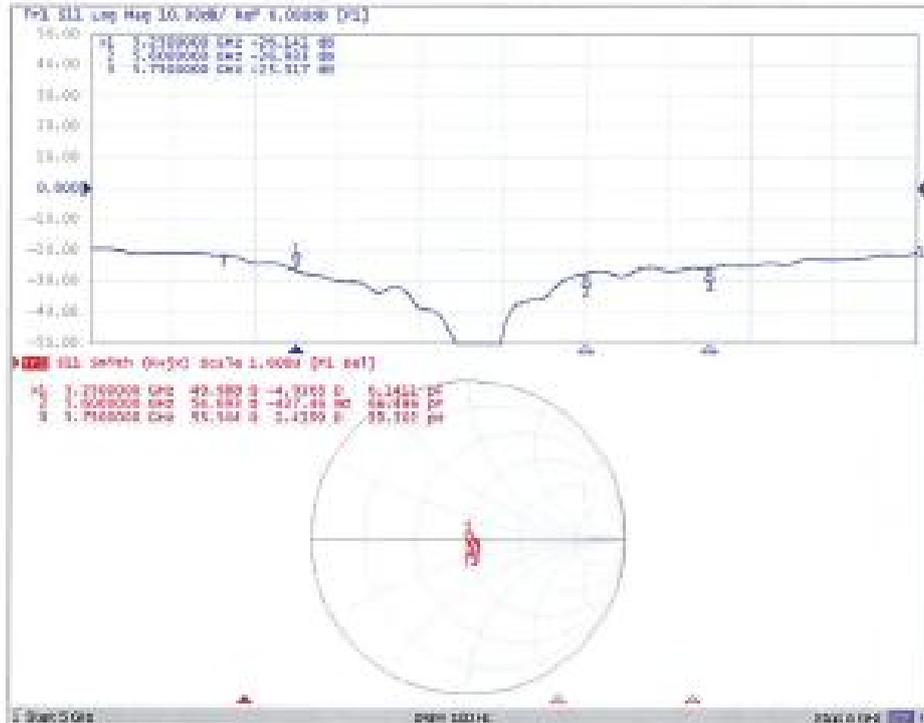
Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62504633-2117  
E-mail: cnf@caict.ac.cn      http://www.caict.ac.cn

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=6750 MHz/Zoom Scan,  
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 64.99 W/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.9 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 7.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg  
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.2 mm  
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 60.9%  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



Add: No.52 HuaYuanKou Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100081, China  
 Tel: +86-10-62504633-2117  
 E-mail: cml@caict.ac.cn      http://www.caict.ac.cn

**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**



D5GHzV2-SN:1185						
5.25GHz-Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss ( dB )	Delta ( % )	Real Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	Delta( $\Omega$ )	Imaginary Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	Delta( $\Omega$ )
2022.12.09	-26.141		49.988		-4.936	
2023.12.01	-25.961	0.689	49.568	0.84	-4.866	-1.418
2024.12.01	-25.966	0.659	49.577	0.67	-4.875	-1.322
5.6GHz-Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss ( dB )	Delta ( % )	Real Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	Delta( $\Omega$ )	Imaginary Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	Delta( $\Omega$ )
2022.12.09	-26.933		54.693		-4.274	
2023.12.01	-26.752	0.672	54.335	0.654	-4.162	-2.573
2024.12.01	-26.812	0.596	54.426	0.536	-4.056	-2.662
5.75GHz-Head						
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss ( dB )	Delta ( % )	Real Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	Delta( $\Omega$ )	Imaginary Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	Delta( $\Omega$ )
2022.12.09	-25.317		55.544		1.419	
2023.12.01	-25.108	0.826	55.326	0.392	1.396	1.62
2024.12.01	-25.116	0.875	55.456	0.189	1.416	1.26

The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 $\Omega$  of prior calibration.

Therefore the verification result should support extended calibration.