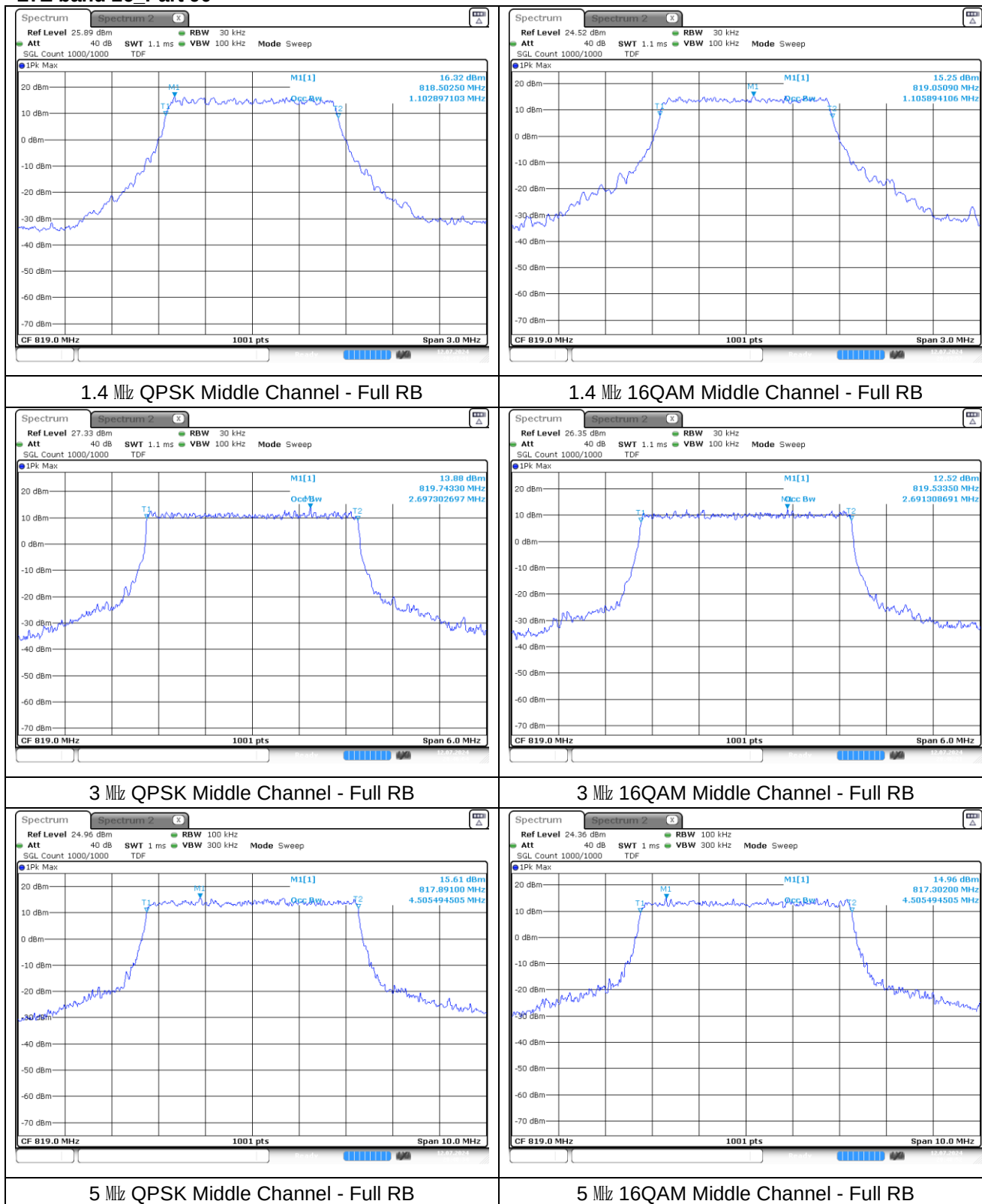
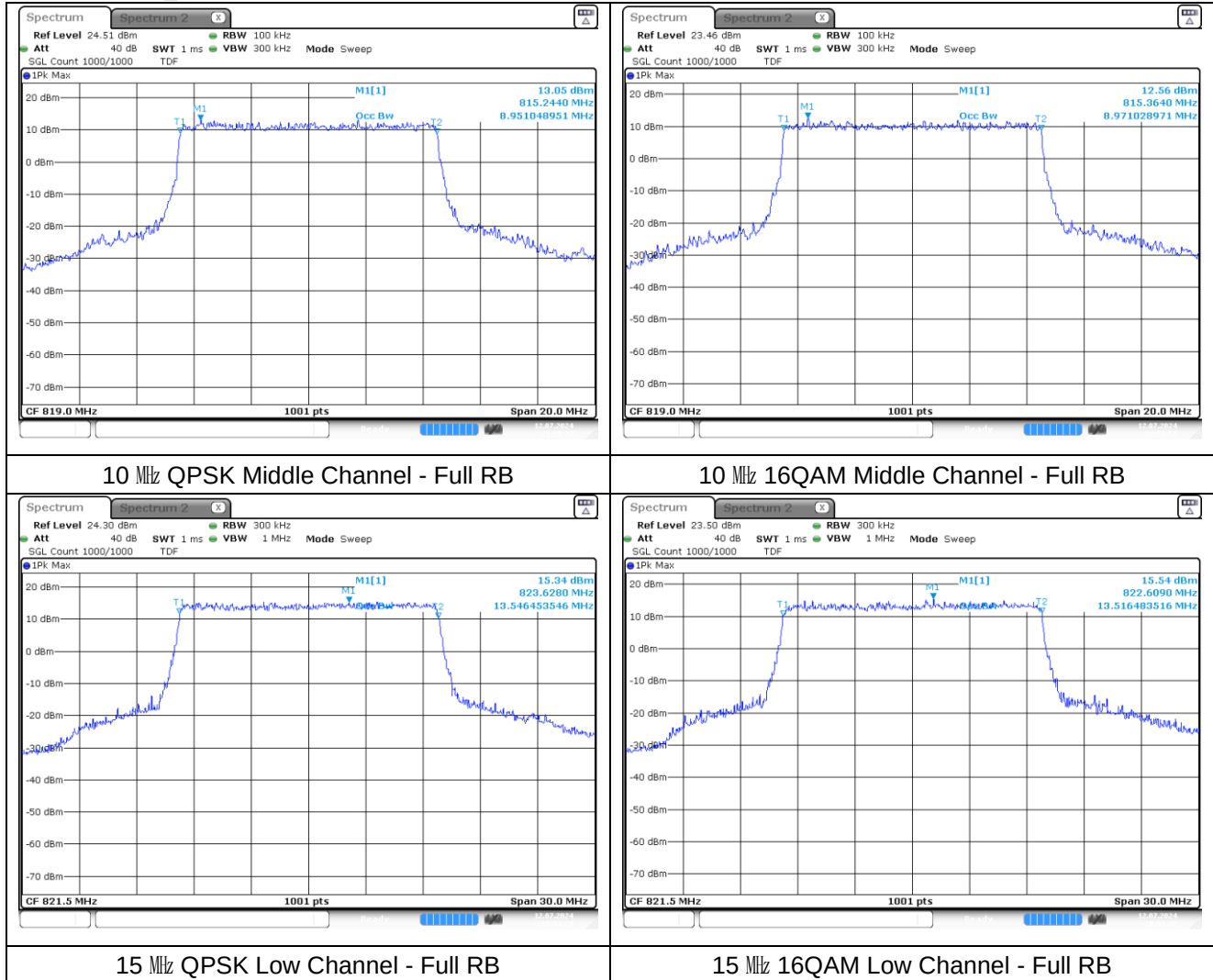


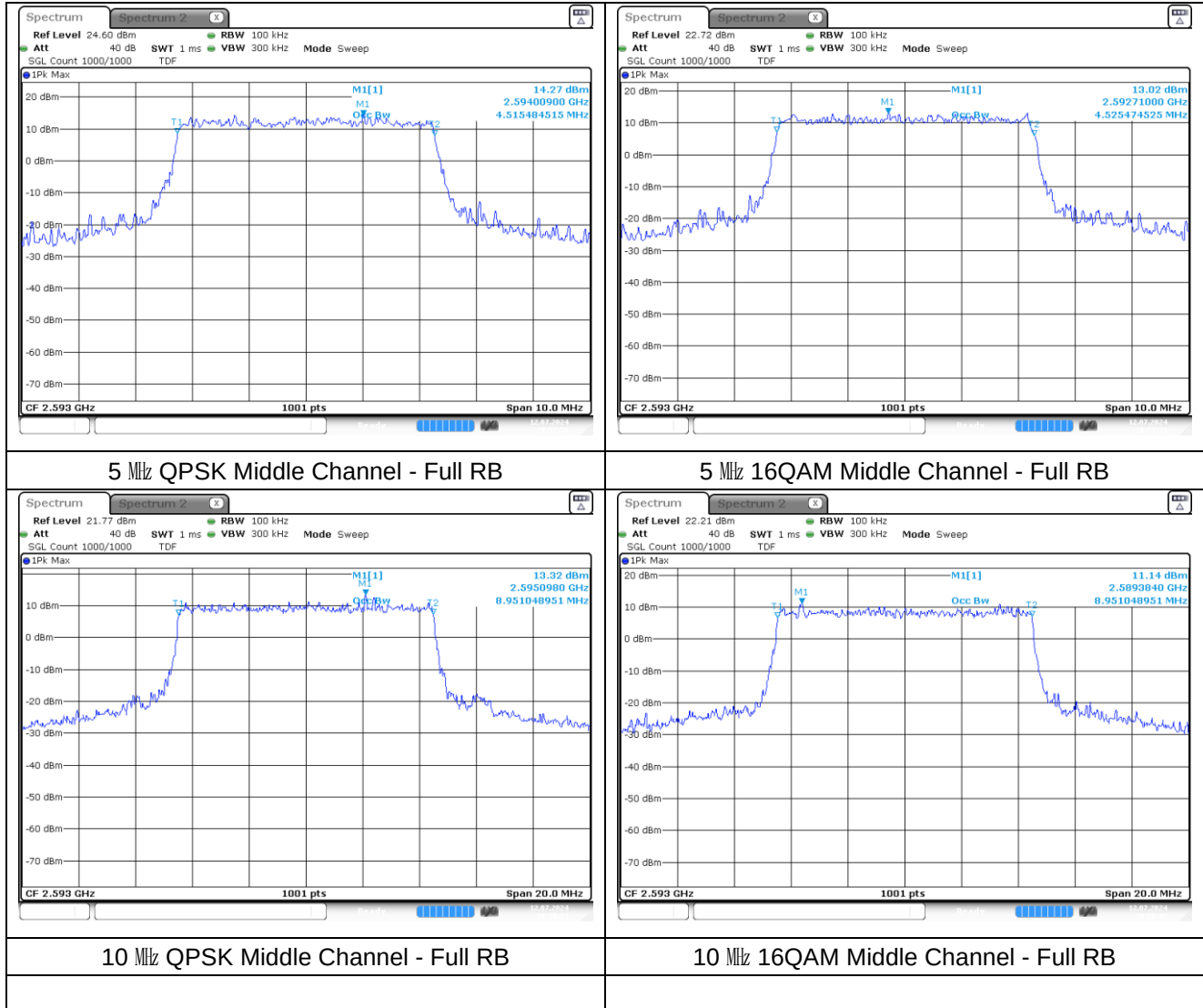
LTE band 26 Part 20



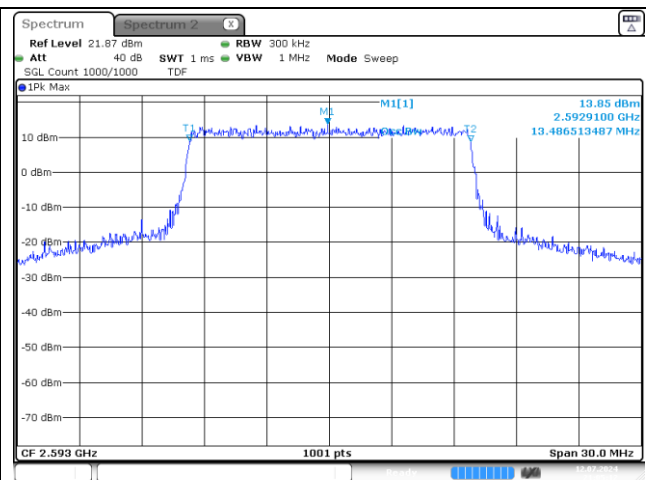
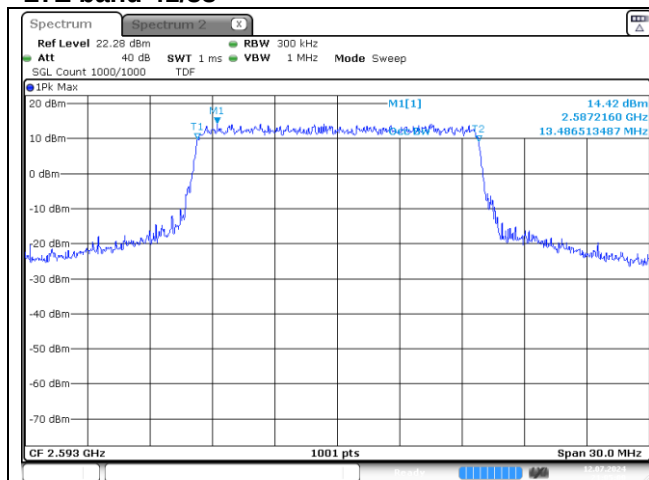
LTE band 26 Part 90



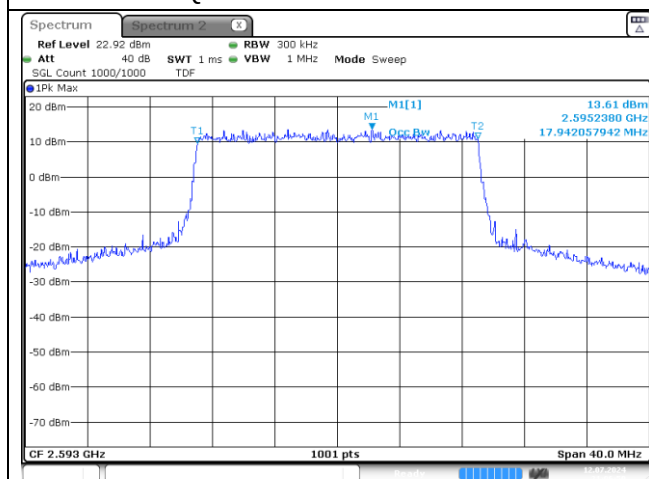
LTE band 41/38



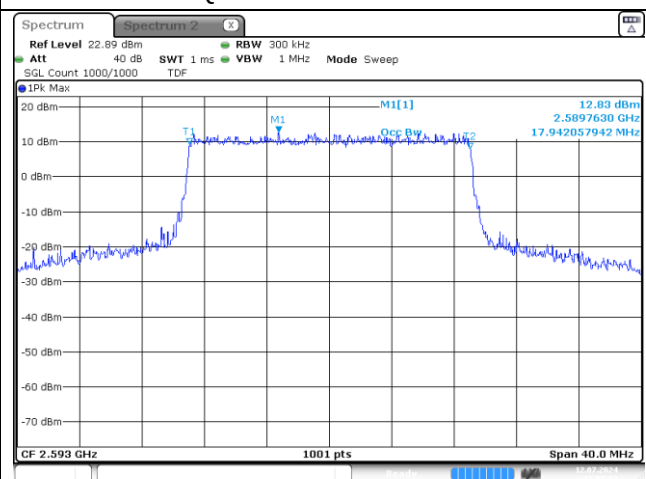
LTE band 41/38



15 MHz QPSK Middle Channel - Full RB



15 MHz 16QAM Middle Channel - Full RB



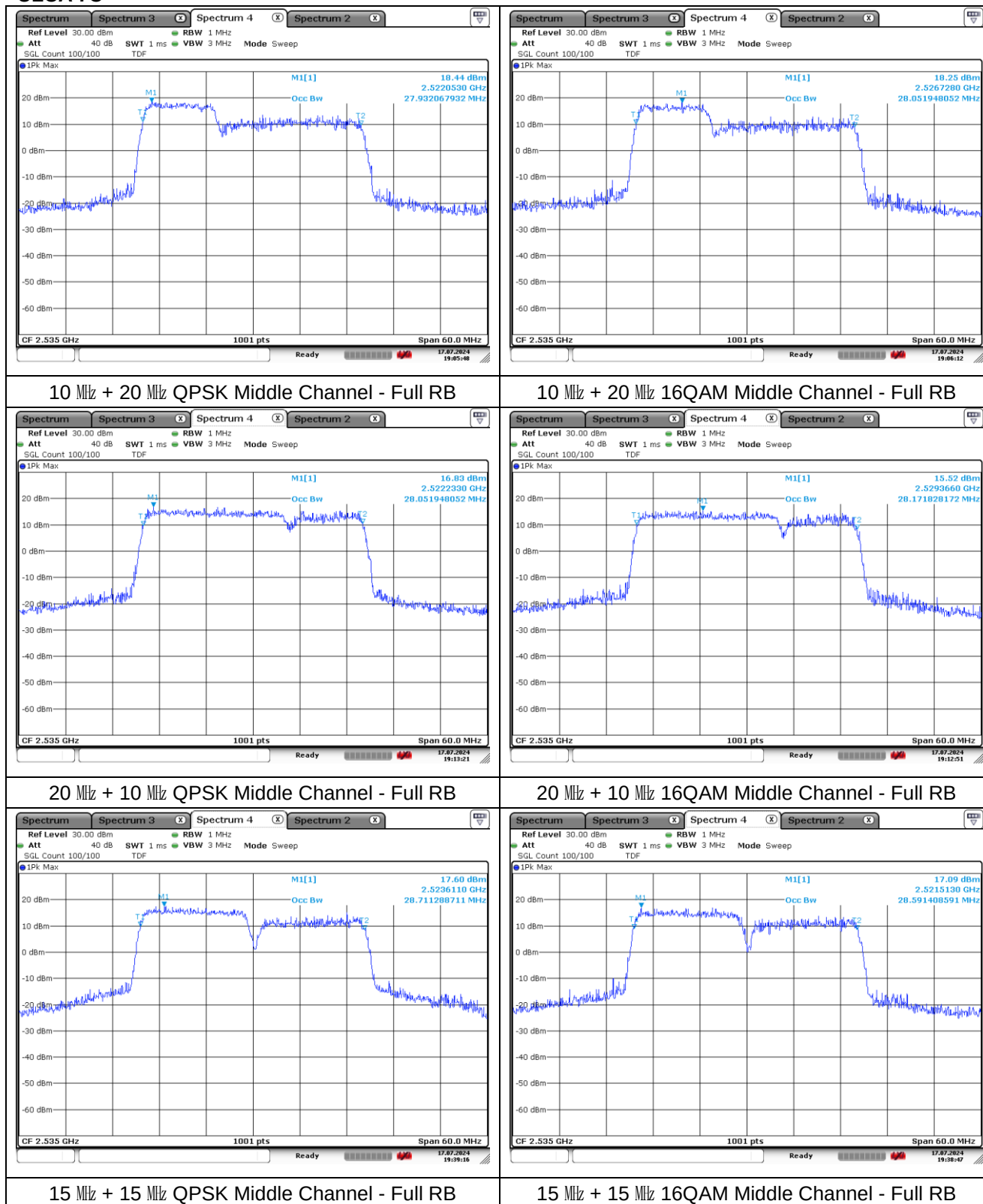
20 MHz QPSK Middle Channel - Full RB



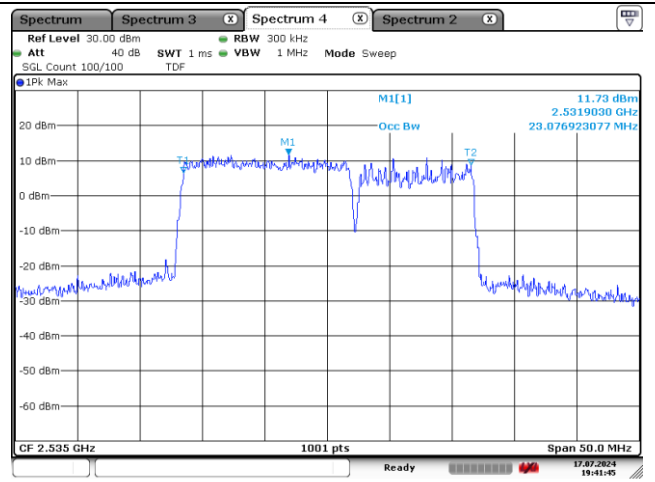
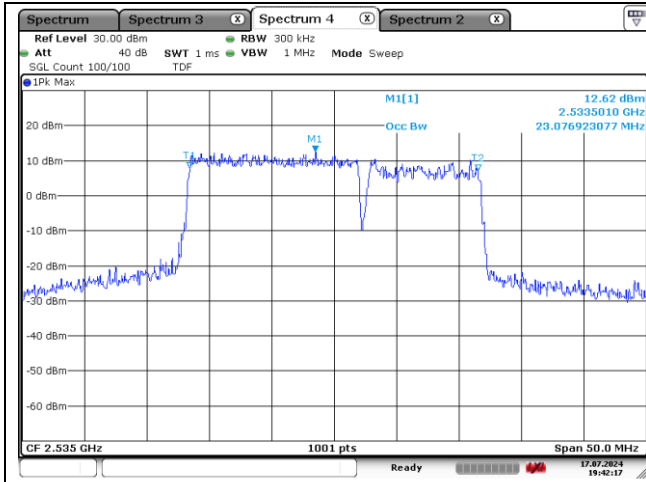
20 MHz 16QAM Middle Channel - Full RB



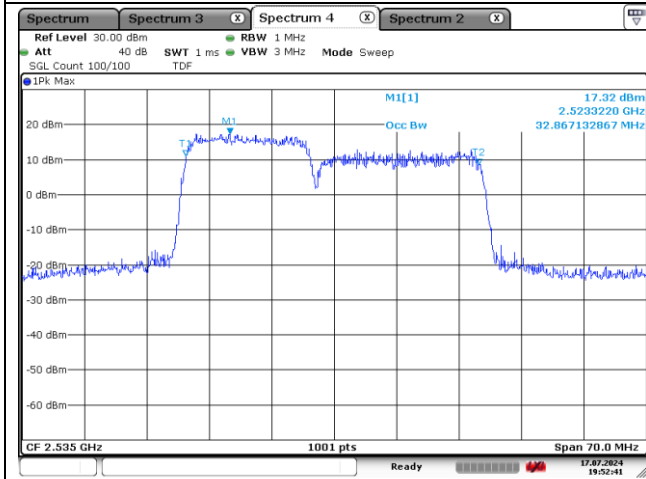
ULCA 7C



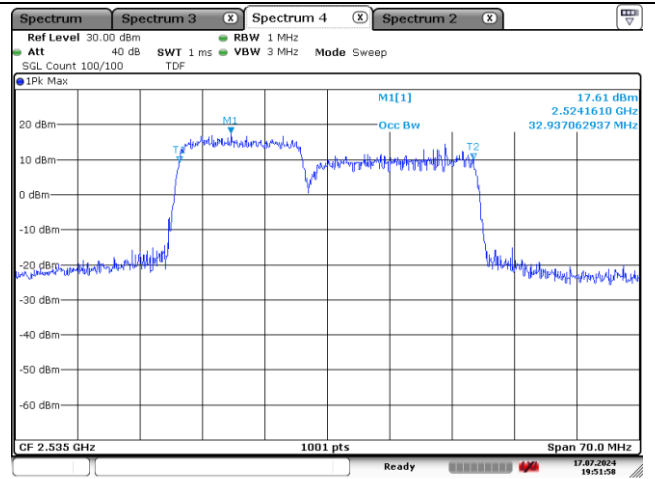
ULCA 7C



15 MHz + 10 MHz QPSK Middle Channel - Full RB



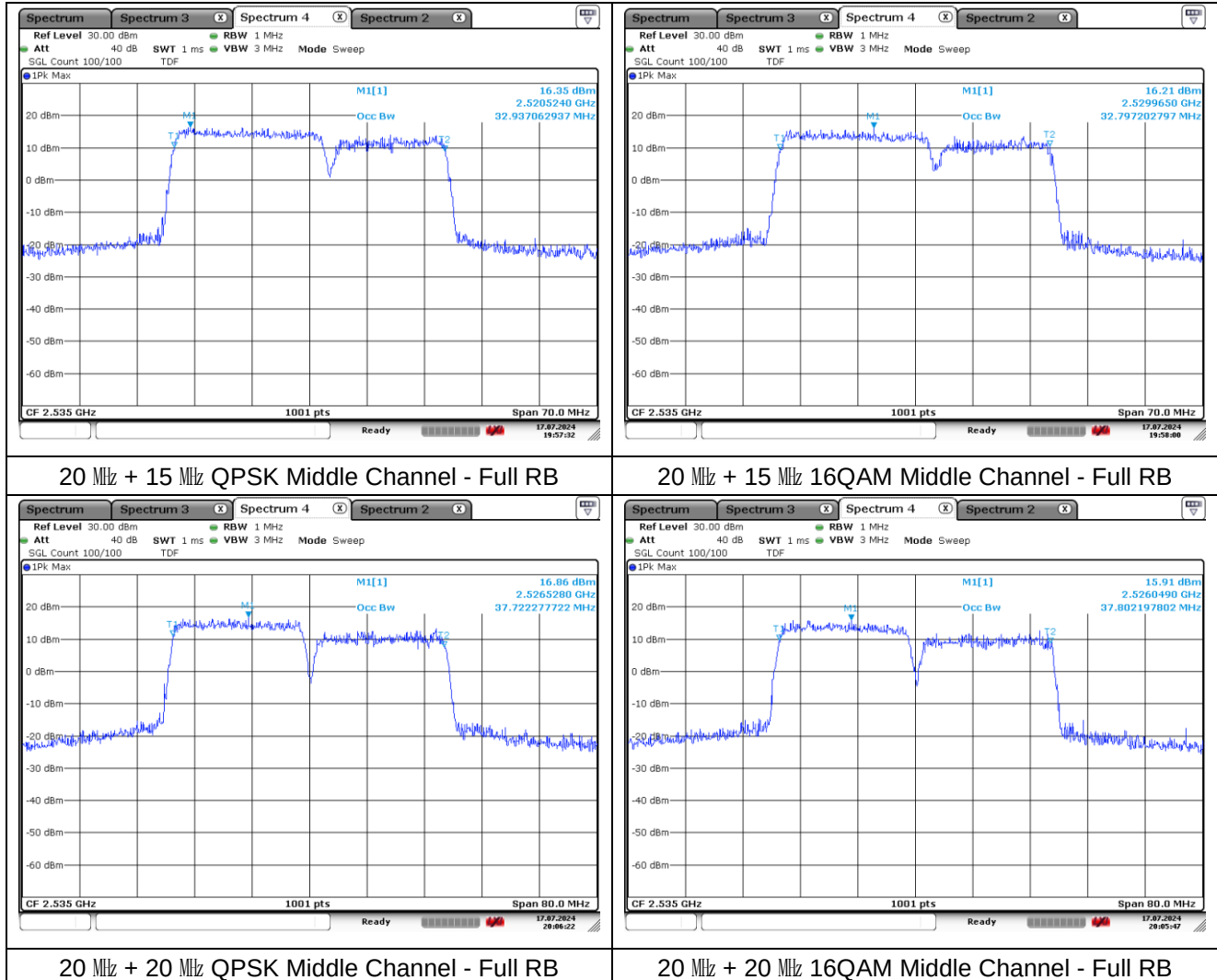
15 MHz + 10 MHz 16QAM Middle Channel - Full RB



15 MHz + 20 MHz QPSK Middle Channel - Full RB

15 MHz + 20 MHz 16QAM Middle Channel - Full RB

ULCA 7C



5. Peak-Average Ratio

5.1. Limit

- §22.913(d) measurement of the ERP of Cellular base transmitters and repeaters must be made using an average power measurement technique. The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission must not exceed 13 dB.

- §24.232(d), power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of §24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

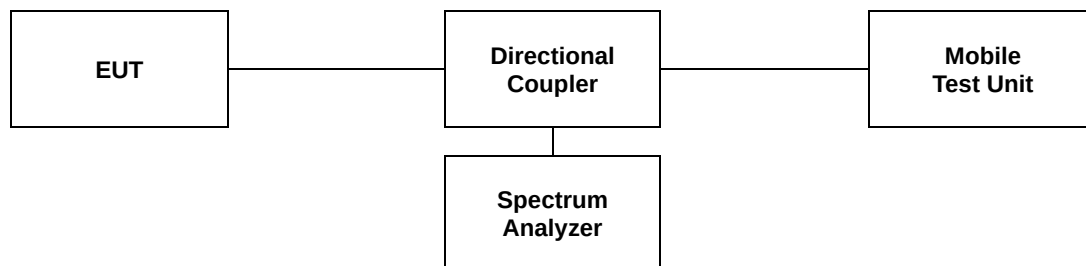
- §27.50(d)(5), power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with paragraph (d)(6) of this section. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

5.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.2.3.4 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

See instrumentation-specific application literature for further guidance regarding use of the CCDF capability. The following guidelines are offered for performing a CCDF measurement.

- a. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth $\geq$ OBW or specified reference bandwidth.
- b. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve.
- c. Set the measurement interval as follows:
 - 1) For continuous transmissions, set to greater of $[10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{transmission symbol period})]$ or 1 ms.
 - 2) For burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize. Set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
 - 3) If there are several carriers in a single antenna port, the peak power shall be determined for each individual carrier (by disabling the other carriers while measuring the required carrier) and the total peak power calculated from the sum of the individual carrier peak powers.
- d. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
- e. The peak power level is calculated from the sum of the PAPR value from step d) to the measured average power.



5.3 Test Results

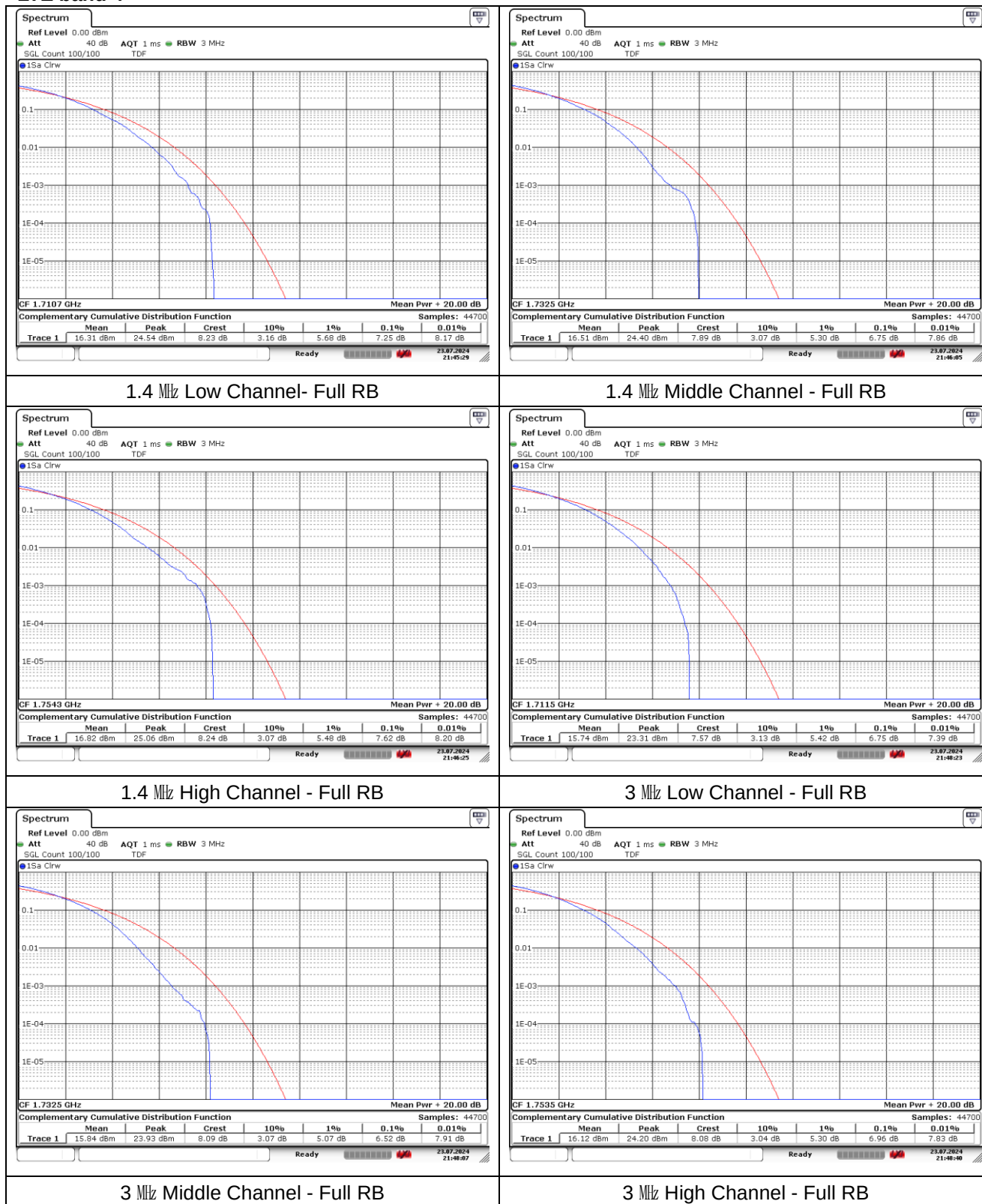
Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	PAR (dB)
4	1.4	256QAM	1 710.7	7.25
			1 732.5	6.75
			1 754.3	7.62
	3		1 711.5	6.75
			1 732.5	6.52
			1 753.5	6.96
	5		1 712.5	6.61
			1 732.5	6.55
			1 752.5	7.04
	10		1 715.0	6.49
			1 732.5	6.43
			1 750.0	6.46
	15		1 717.5	6.87
			1 732.5	6.38
			1 747.5	6.55
20	1 720.0	6.64		
	1 732.5	6.46		
	1 745.0	6.55		
25/2	1.4	256QAM	1 850.7	6.58
			1 882.5	6.32
			1 914.3	6.38
	3		1 851.5	6.12
			1 882.5	6.32
			1 913.5	6.75
	5		1 852.5	6.29
			1 882.5	6.32
			1 912.5	6.72
	10		1 855.0	6.46
			1 882.5	6.58
			1 910.0	6.72
	15		1 857.5	6.58
			1 882.5	6.58
			1 907.5	6.72
20	1 860.0	6.58		
	1 882.5	6.58		
	1 905.0	6.70		

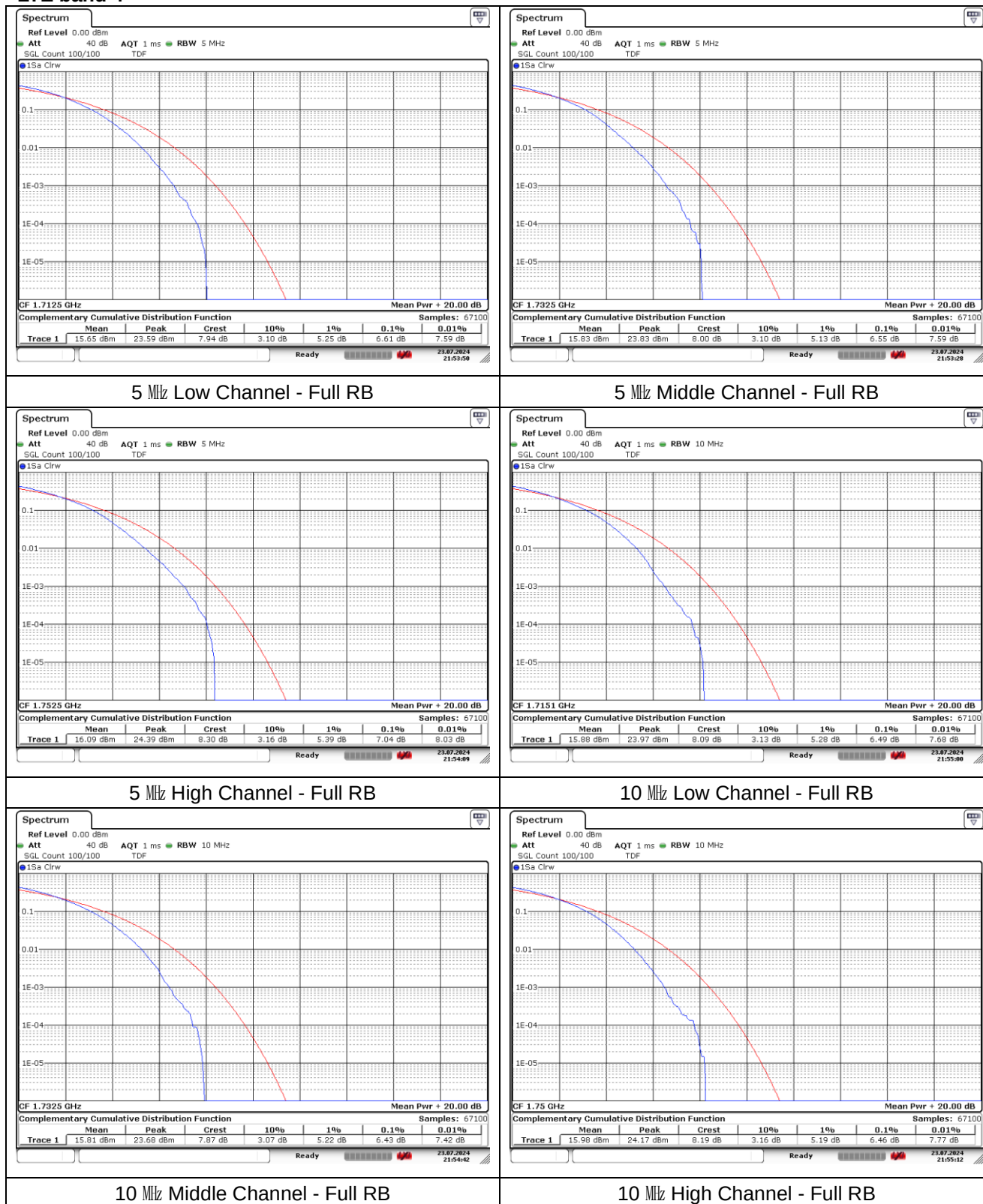
Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	PAR (dB)
26/5 Part 22	1.4	256QAM	824.7	6.38
			836.5	6.46
			848.3	6.96
	3		825.5	6.67
			836.5	6.26
			847.5	6.41
	5		826.5	6.46
			836.5	6.58
			846.5	6.38
	10		829.0	6.64
			836.5	6.49
			844.0	6.41
	15		831.5	6.49
			841.5	6.72

- Test plots

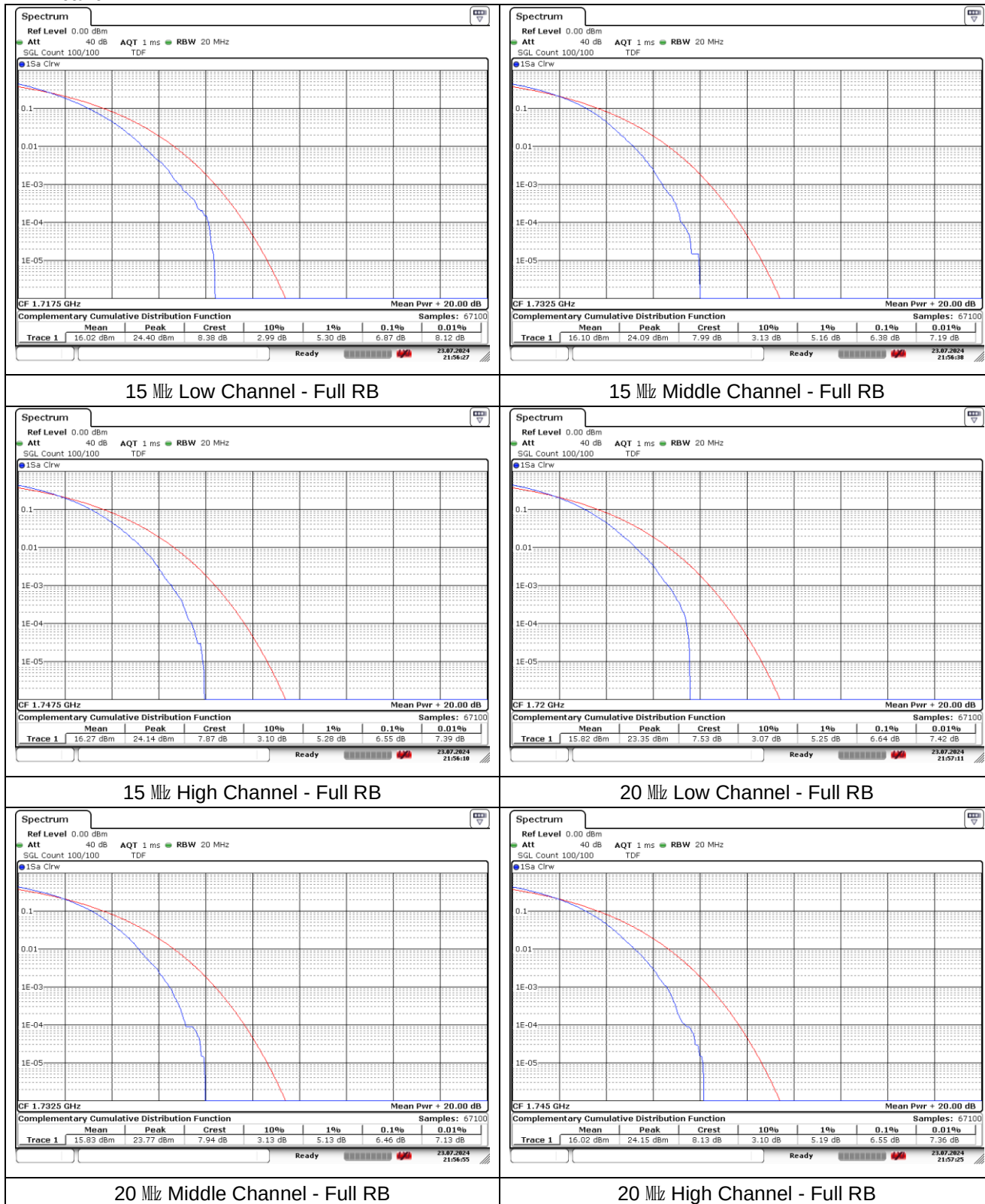
LTE band 4



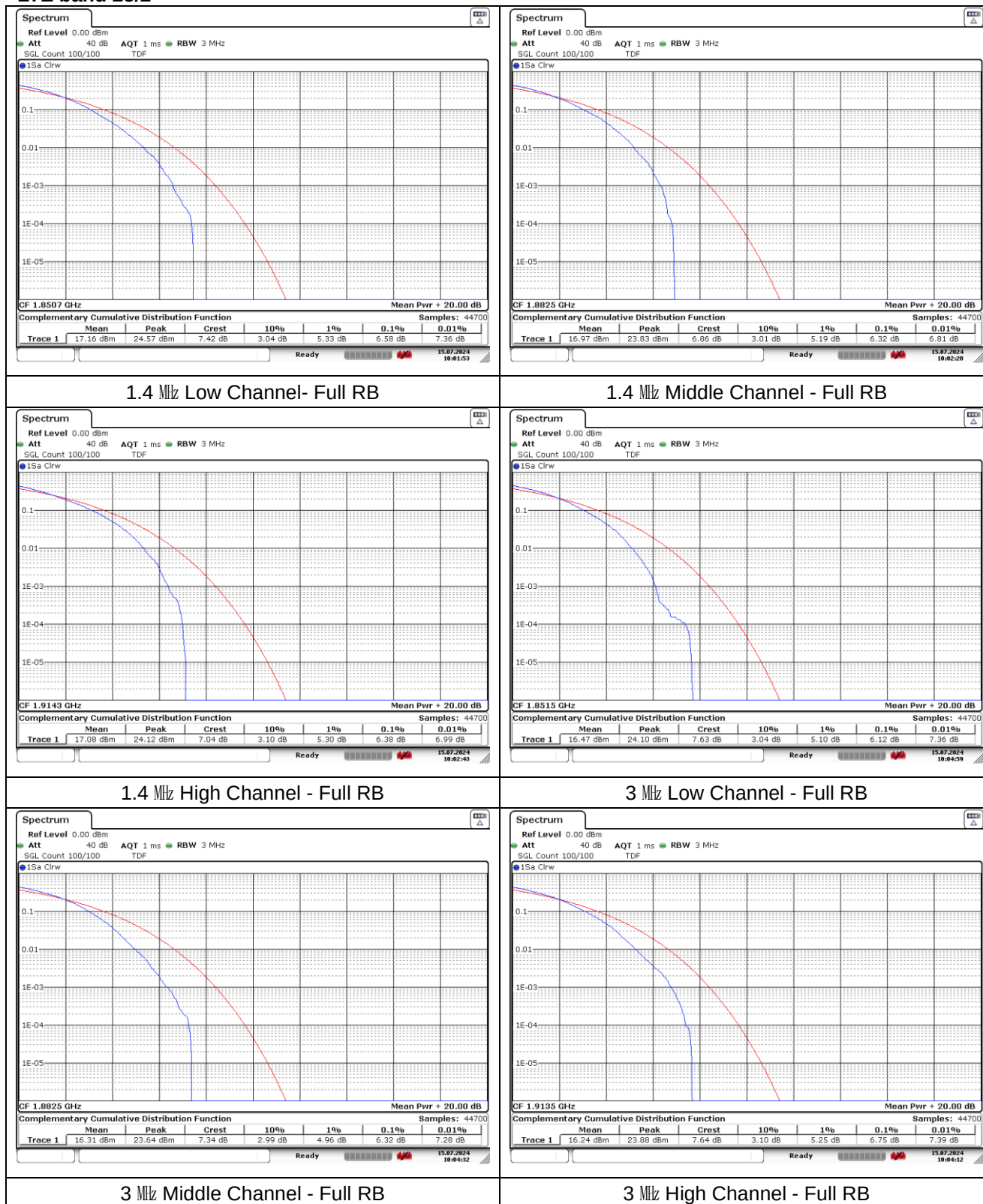
LTE band 4



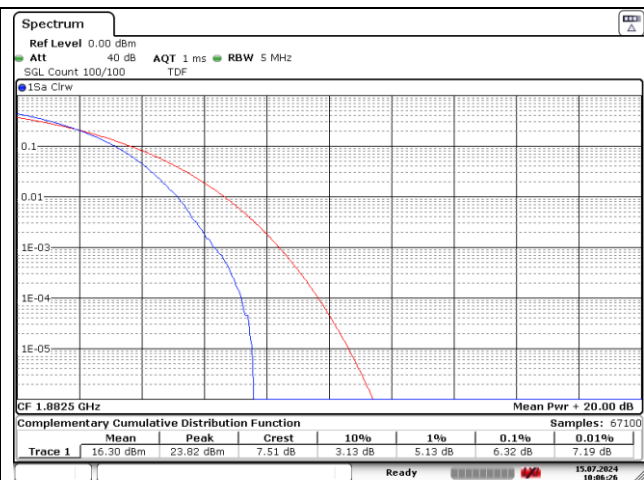
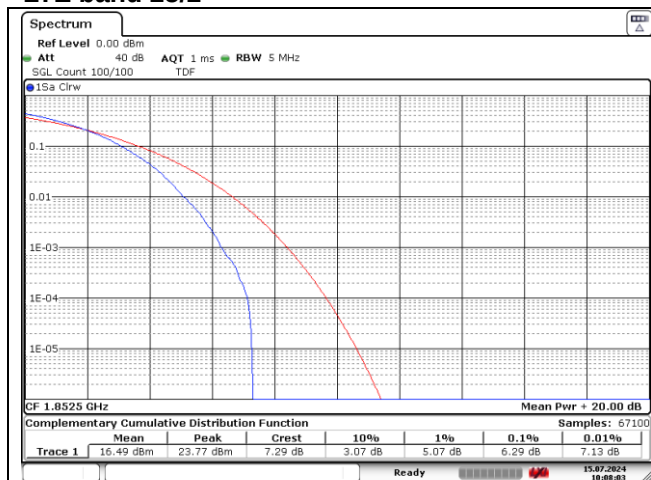
LTE band 4



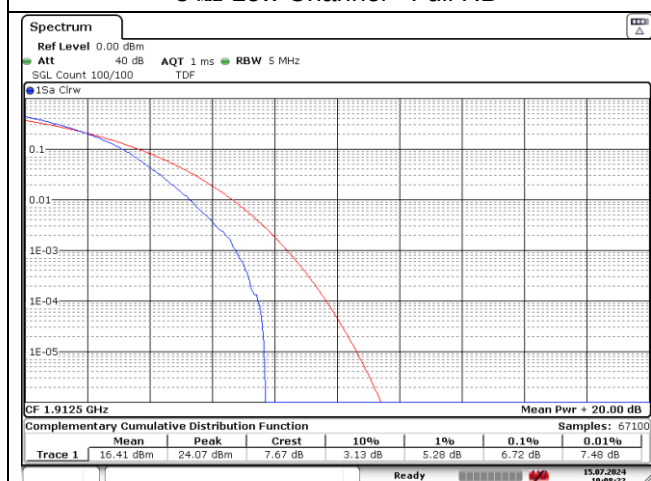
LTE band 25/2



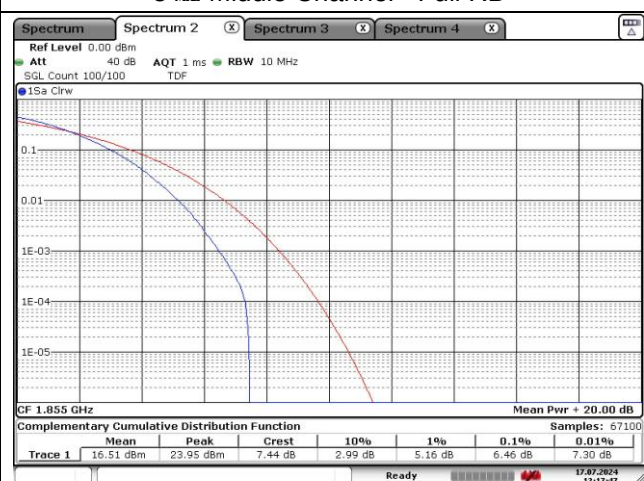
LTE band 25/2



5 MHz Low Channel - Full RB



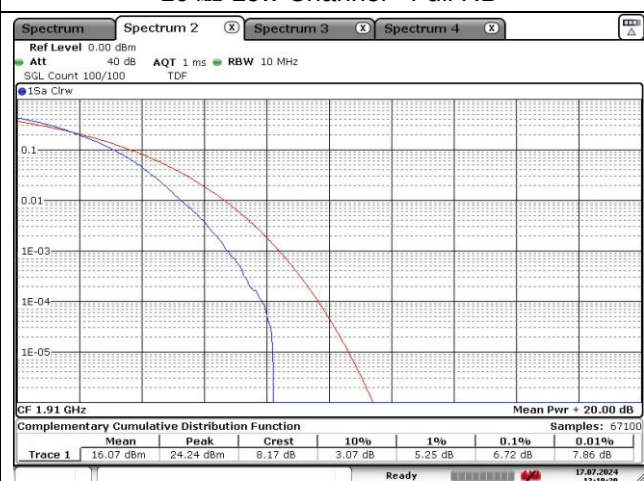
5 MHz Middle Channel - Full RB



5 MHz High Channel - Full RB



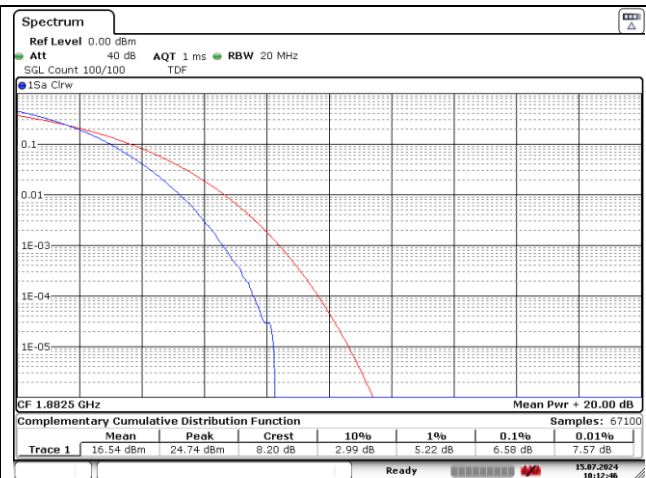
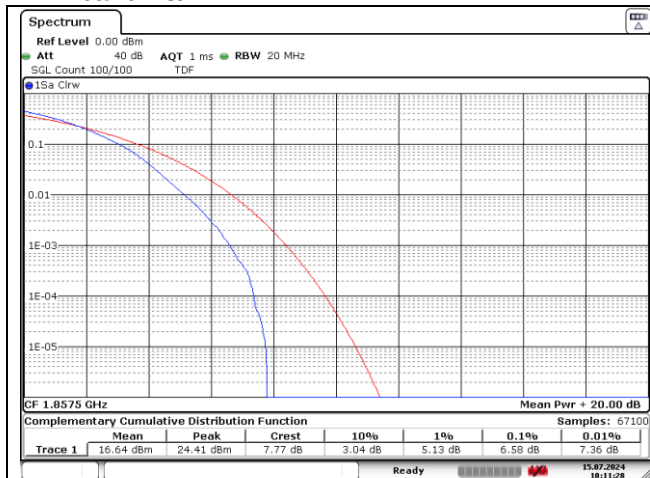
10 MHz Low Channel - Full RB



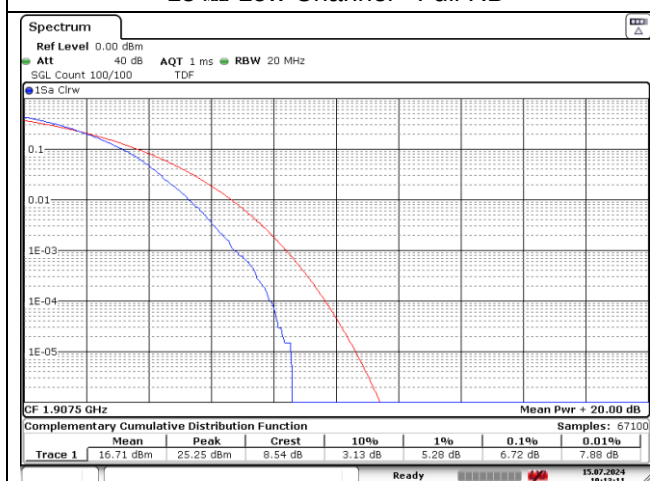
10 MHz Middle Channel - Full RB

10 MHz High Channel - Full RB

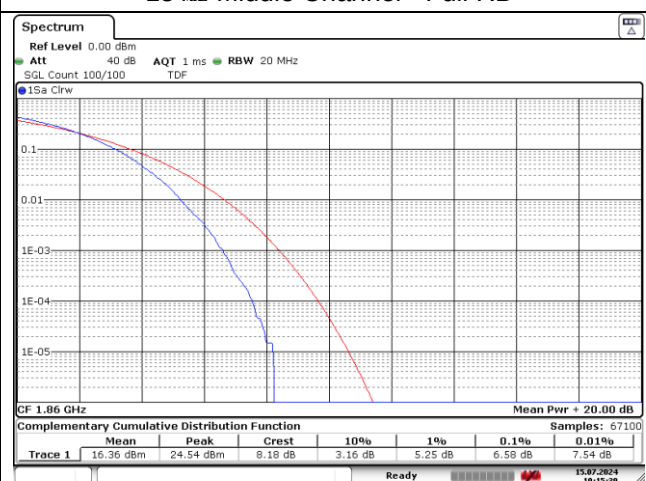
LTE band 25/2



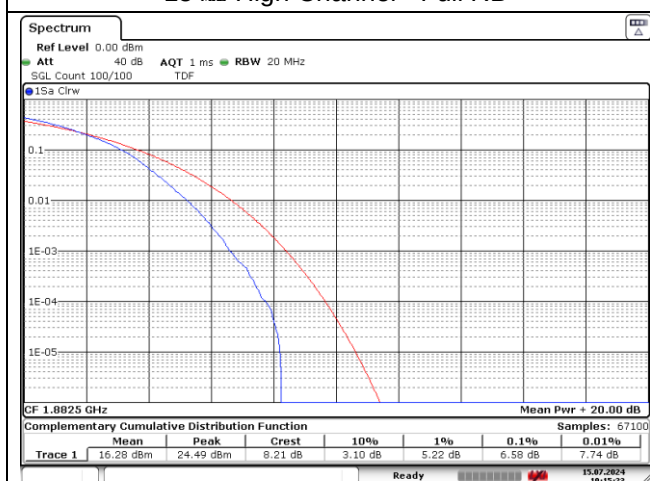
15 MHz Low Channel - Full RB



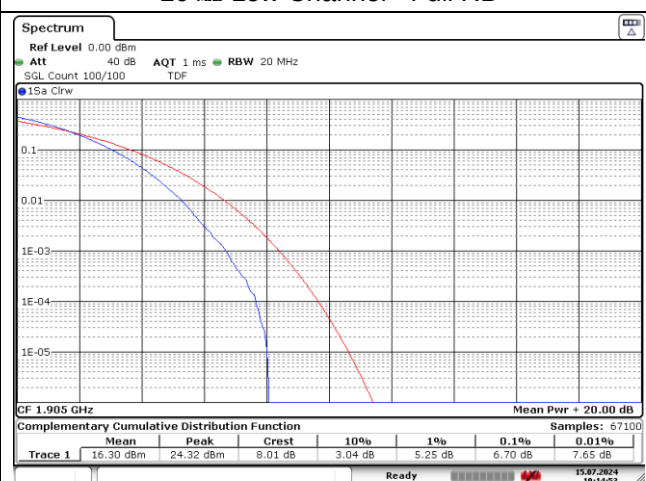
15 MHz Middle Channel - Full RB



15 MHz High Channel - Full RB



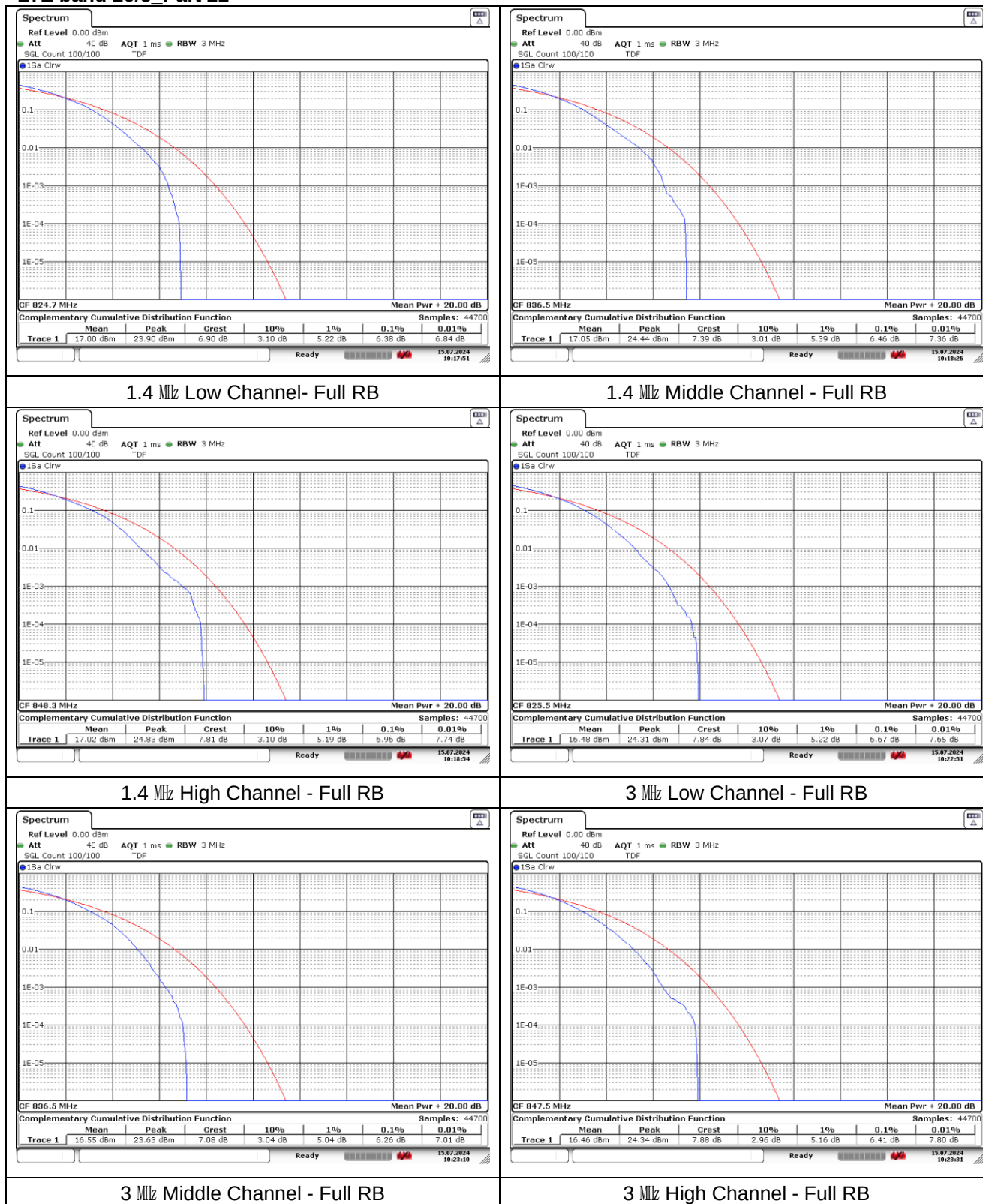
20 MHz Low Channel - Full RB



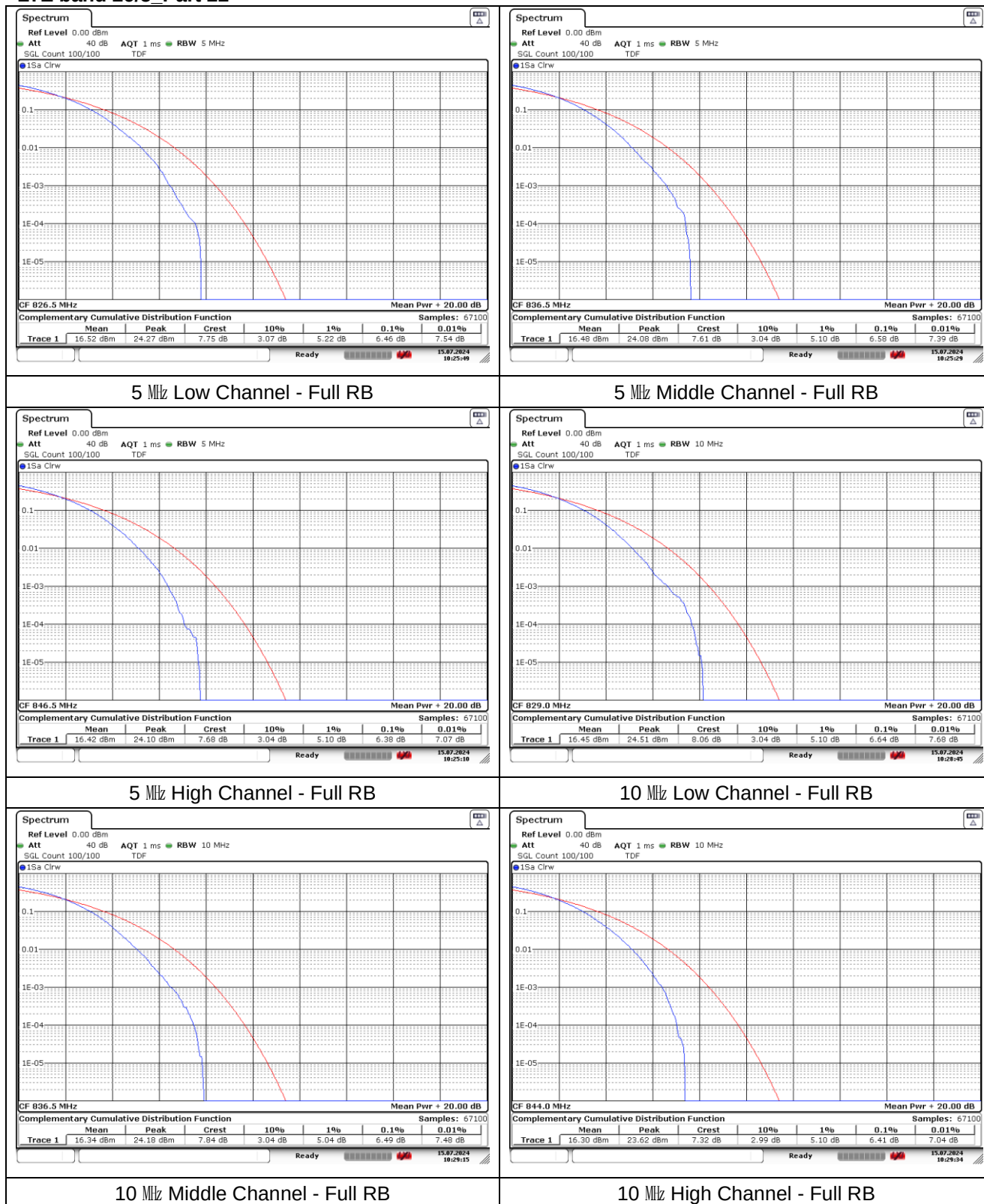
20 MHz Middle Channel - Full RB

20 MHz High Channel - Full RB

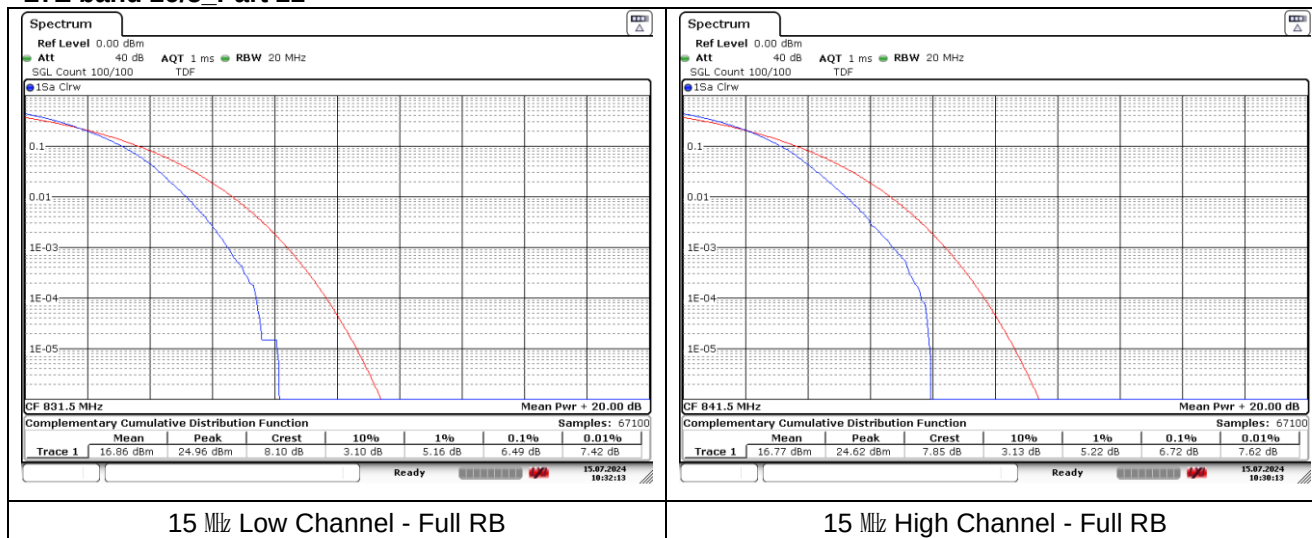
LTE band 26/5 Part 22



LTE band 26/5 Part 22



LTE band 26/5 Part 22



6. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

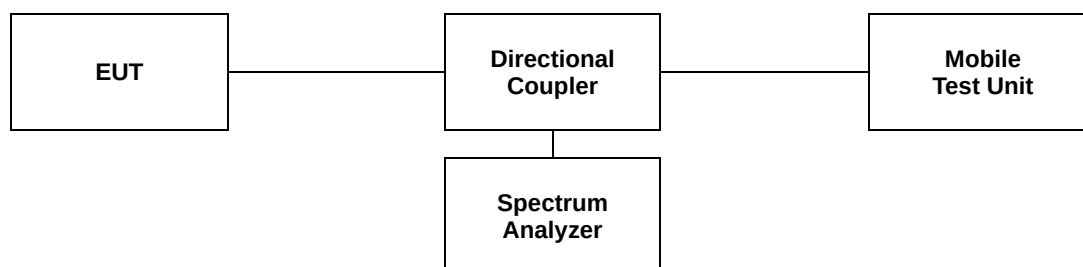
6.1. Limit

- §22.917(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB.
- §24.238(a), the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- §27.53(g), the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.
- §27.53(h)(1), for operations in the 1 695-1 710 MHz, 1 710-1 755 MHz, 1 755-1 780 MHz, 1 915-1 920 MHz, 1 995-2 000 MHz, 2 000-2 020 MHz, 2 110-2 155 MHz, 2 155-2 180 MHz, and 2 180-2 200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.
- §27.53(m)(4), for mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and $55 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.
- §90.691(a), out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the "outer" channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:
 - (1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $116 \log_{10} (f / 6.1)$ decibels or $50 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.
 - (2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

6.2. Test Procedure

The test follows section 5.7 of ANSI C63.26-2015.

1. Start frequency was set to 9 kHz and stop frequency was set to at least 10* the fundamental frequency.
2. Detector = RMS.
3. Trace mode = Max hold.
4. Sweep time = Auto couple.
5. The trace was allowed to stabilize.
6. Please see notes below for RBW and VBW settings.
7. For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 kHz to 27 GHz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.



Note;

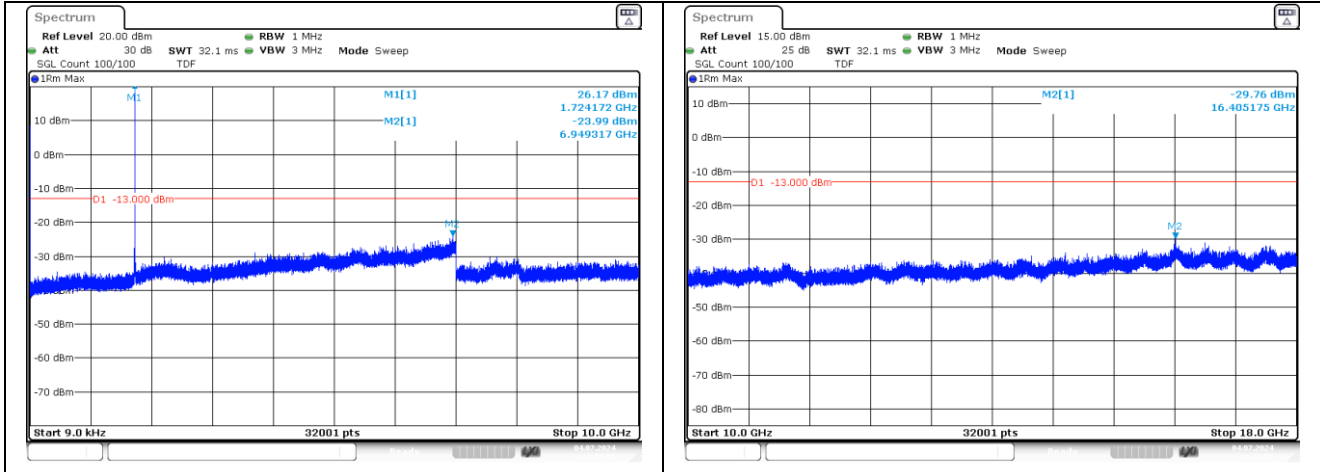
Compliance with the applicable limits is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater for frequencies less than 1 GHz and frequencies greater than 1 GHz. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two point, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

6.3. Test Results

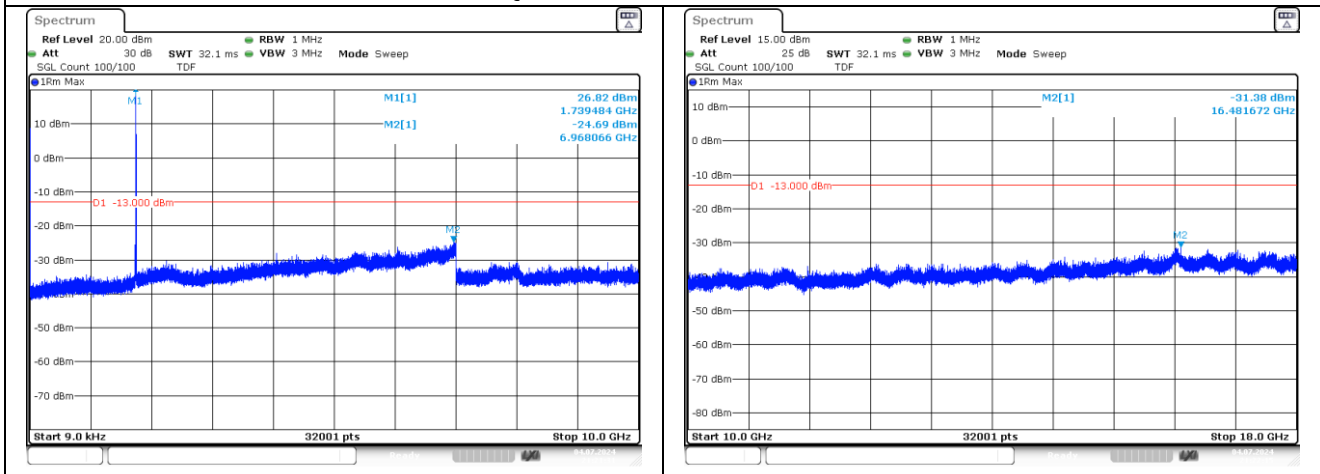
Ambient temperature : $(23 \pm 1) ^\circ\text{C}$
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

- Test plots

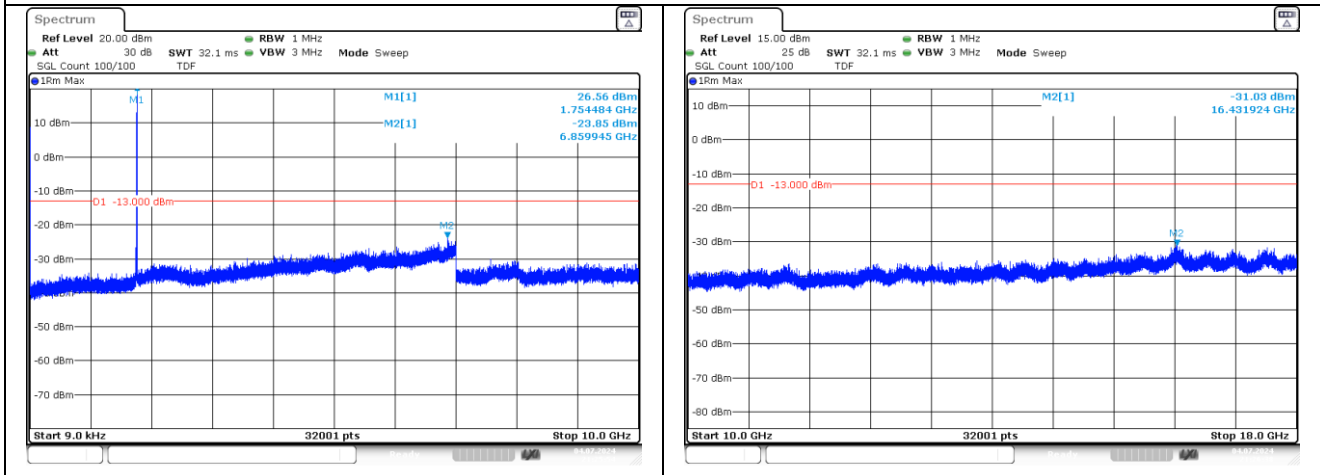
LTE band 4 (20 MHz)



QPSK Low Channel - 1 RB

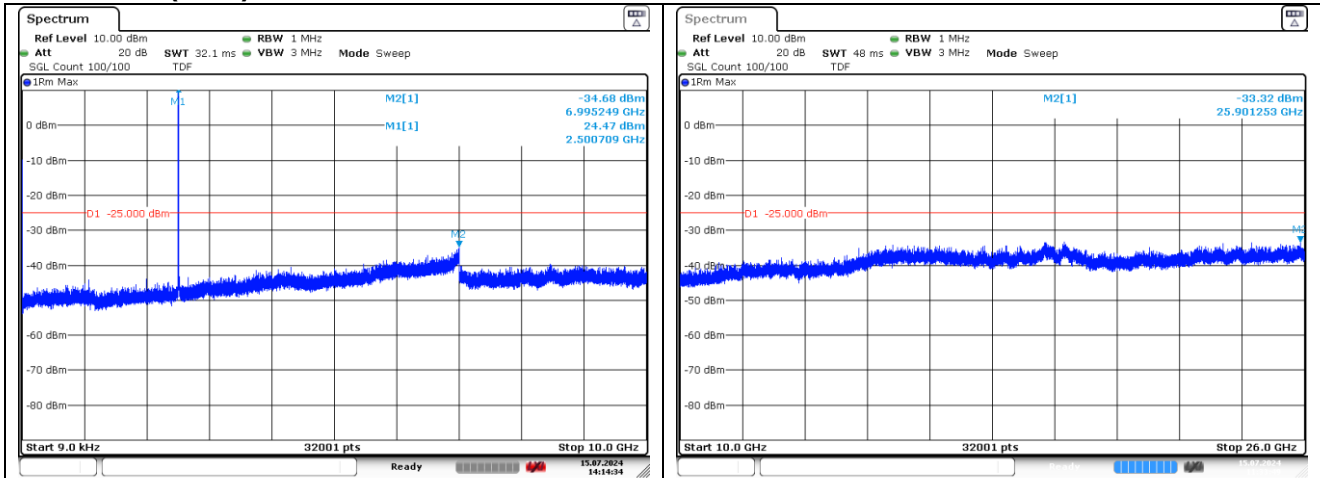


QPSK Middle Channel- 1 RB

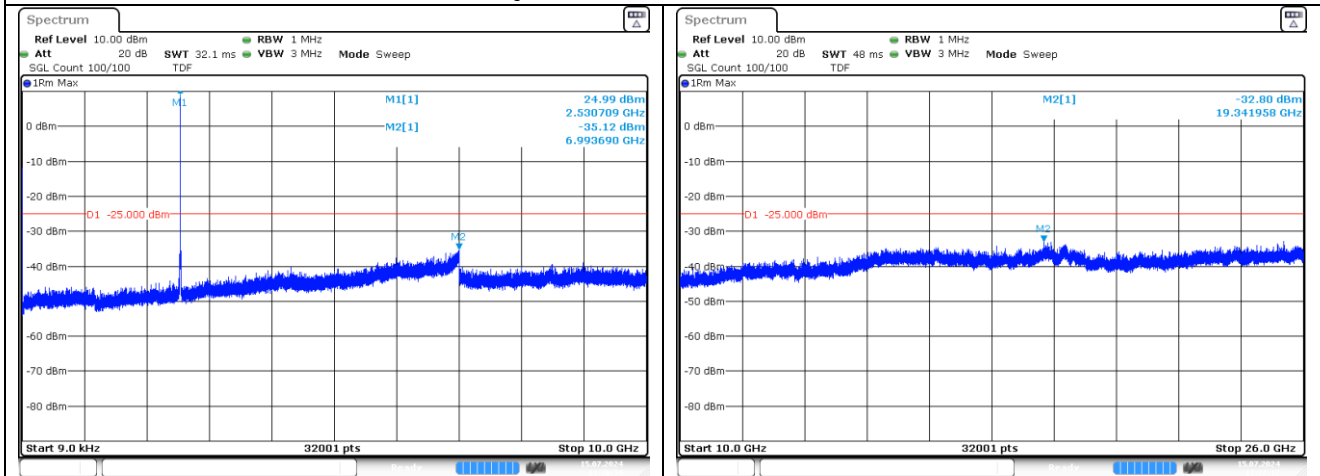


QPSK High Channel - 1 RB

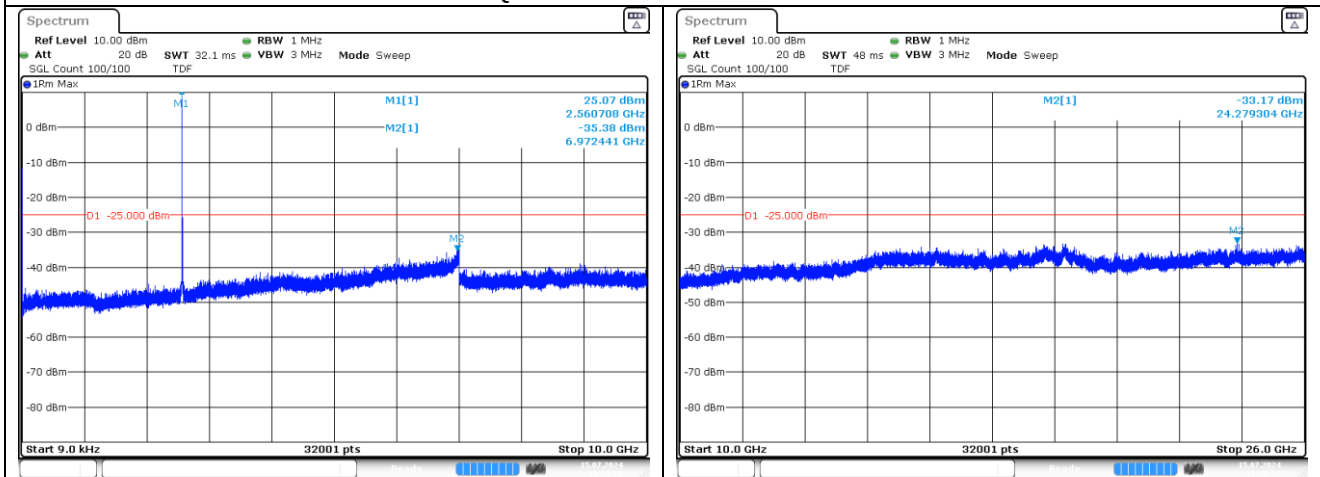
LTE band 7 (20 MHz)



QPSK Low Channel - 1 RB



QPSK Middle Channel- 1 RB



QPSK High Channel - 1 RB

LTE band 12/17 (10 MHz)

