

### PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC. 6660 – B Dobbin Road · Columbia, MD 21045 · USA Telephone 410.290.6652 / Fax 410.290.6654 http://www.pctestlab.com (email: randy@pctestlab.com) CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)



APPLICANT NAME & ADDRESS: LG ELECTRONICS, INC. 2000 Milbrook Drive Lincolnshire, IL 60069

### DATE & LOCATION OF TESTING:

Dates of Tests: February 15 - 17, 2005 Test Report S/N: 0502070069 Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD

FCC ID:	BEJF7200
APPLICANT NAME:	LG ELECTRONICS, INC.
EUT Type:	Dual-Band GSM Phone
Tx Frequency:	824.20 – 848.80MHz (GSM850) / 1850.20MHz – 1909.80MHz (GSM1900)
Rx Frequency:	869.20 - 893.80MHz (GSM850) / 1930.20MHz - 1989.80MHz (GSM1900)
Max. RF Output Power:	1.751 W ERP GSM850 (32.433 dBm) / 33.0 dBm Conducted
·	1.841 W EIRP GSM1900 (32.651 dBm) / 30.0 dBm Conducted
Max. SAR Measurement:	0.87 W/kg GSM850 Head SAR; 1.36 W/kg GSM850 Body SAR;
	0.14 W/kg GSM1900 Head SAR/ Slide Out; 1.19 W/kg GSM1900 Body SAR
Trade Name/Model(s):	F7200
FCC Rule Part(s):	§2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001]
Application Type:	Certification
Test Device Serial No.:	Identical Prototype [S/N: #00103500016998000]

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528 – 2003.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Grant Conditions: Power output listed is ERP for Part 22 and EIRP for Part 24. SAR compliance for body-worn operating configuration is based on a separation distance of 2.0 cm between the back of the unit and the body of the user. End-users must be informed of the body-worn operating requirements for satisfying RF exposure compliance. Belt clips or holsters may not contain metallic components.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

Randy Ortanez President



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# 1. INTRODUCTION / SAR DEFINITION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in *IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.* (c) 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in *IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave*[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in *Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, "* NCRP Report No. 86 (c) NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814.[6] SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

### **SAR Definition**

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\mathbf{r}$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 1.1).

$$S A R = \frac{d}{d t} \left( \frac{d U}{d m} \right) = \frac{d}{d t} \left( \frac{d U}{r d v} \right)$$

Figure 1.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

#### SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

SAF	R =	s E <sup>2</sup> / r
where:		
S	=	conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
r	=	mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Ε	=	Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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# 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

## **Robotic System**

Measurements are performed using the ALIDX-500 automated dosimetric assessment system. The ALIDX-500 is made by IDX Robotics, Inc. (IDX) in the United States and consists of high precision robotics system (CRS), robot controller, Pentium 4 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the Left and Right SAM phantoms containing the head/brain equivalent tissue, and the flat phantoms for body/muscle equivalent. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

### System Hardware

The Robot table consists of the power supply, robot controller, safety computer, teach pendant (Joystick), sixaxis robot arm, and the probe. The cell controller consists of DELL Dimension 4300 Pentium-4 1.6 GHz computer with Windows 2000 system and SAR Measurement software, National Instruments analog card, monitor, keyboard, and mouse. The robot controller is connected to the cell controller to communicate between the two computers. The probe data is connected to the cell controller via data acquisition cables.

### **System Electronics**

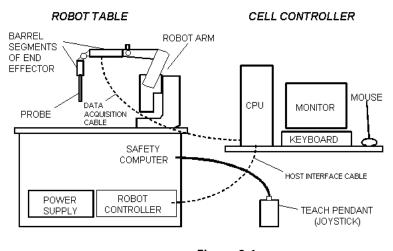


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

When the Robot is in the home position, the Y-axis of the coordinate system parallels the line of intersection between the tabletop and the long axis of the Robot's Large Shoulder. The Teach Pendant may be used to establish the X,Y coordinate directions by depressing the 0-X and 0-Y MOTOR/AXIS switches while in axis mode.

The robot is first taught to position the probe sensor following a specific pattern of points. In the first sweep the sensor enclosure touches the inside of the phantom head. The SAR is measured on a defined grid of points that are concentrated on the surface of the head closest to the antenna of the transmitting device (EUT).

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# 3. ALIDX-500 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

### **Probe Measurement System**



The near-field probe is an implantable isotropic E-field probe that measures the voltages proportional to the  $|E|^2$  (electric) or  $|H|^2$  (magnetic) fields. The probe is enclosed in a hollow glass protective cylinder 9-mm. outer diameter, 0.5 mm. thickness and 30 cm. in length. The E-probe contains three electrically small array of orthogonal dipoles strategically placed to provide greater accuracy and to compensate for near-field spatial gradients. The probe contains diodes that are placed over the gap of the dipoles to improve RF detection. The electrical signal detected by each diode is amplified by three DC amplifiers and are contained in a shielded container in the robot end effector so its performance is not affected by the presence of incident electromagnetic fields (see Fig. 3.1).

Fig 3.1 IDX System

### **Probe Specifications**

Frequency Range:	10 kHz – 6.0 GHz	
Calibration:	In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz	
	In brain and muscle simulating tissue at I up to 5800MHz	Frequencies from 835
Sensitivity:	3.5 mV/mW/cm² (air – typical)	(次点 <sup>10-1</sup>
DC Resistance:	300 kohm	MI IN
Isotropic Response:	0.25 dB	
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg – 100 W/kg	
Resistance to Pull:	25 N	
Probe Length:	290 mm	Figure 3.2
Probe Tip Material:	Glass	Triangular Probe Configuration
Probe Tip Length:	40 mm	
Probe Tip Diameter:	$7\pm0.2$ mm	
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing	
	HAC (Hearing Aid Compatibility)	
	Compliance tests of mobile phones	

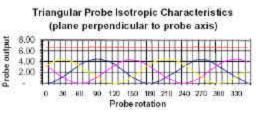


Figure 3.3 Probe Characteristics

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# 4. PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each E-Probe/Probe amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the Probe to a known E-field density (1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter. The SAR measurement software is used for Probe calibration.

### Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or some other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, we place the probe in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. We then rotate the probe 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

### **Temperature Assessment**

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR = 
$$C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

 $\Delta T =$ 

 $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

SAR = 
$$\frac{|\mathbf{E}|^2 \cdot \mathbf{s}}{r}$$

where:

 $\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T / \Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

temperature increase due to RF exposure.

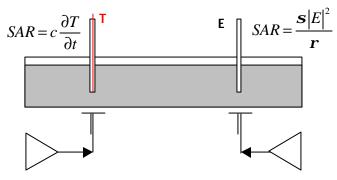


Figure 4.1 Temperature Assessment Test Configuration

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# 5. PHANTOM & EQUIVALENT TISSUES



Figure 5.1 SAM Phantoms

The Left and Right SAM Phantoms are constructed of a vivac composite integrated in a corian stand. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [7][8]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 5.1)

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellullose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture

### Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization



Figure 5.2

Head Simulated

Tissue

Figure 5.3

Body/Muscle Simulated Tissue

is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove [9].(see Table 5.1)

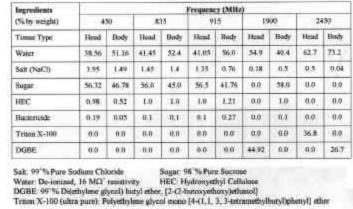


Table 5.1 Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

### **Device Holder**



In combination with the SAM Phantom, the EUT Holder (see Fig. 6.2) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. Device positioning is accurate and repeatable according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Figure 5.4 Device Positioner

\* Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [8]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

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# 6. TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

# **Automated Test System Specifications**

#### Positioner

Robot: Repeatability: No. Of axes:

CRS Robotics, Inc. Robot Model: F3 ± 0.05 mm (0.002 in.) 6

### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

-	Cell Controller	
Processor:		Pentium 4
	Clock Speed:	1.6 GHz
	<b>Operating System:</b>	Windows 2000 <sup>™</sup> Professional
Data Card:		NI DAQ Card (in CPU)
	Data Converter	
	Software:	IDX Flexware
	Connecting Lines:	Data Acquisition Cable RS-232 Host Interface Cable
	Sampling Rate:	6000 samples/sec



Figure 6.1 ALIDX-500 Test System

#### E-Field Probes

Model:	E-020 S/N: PCT005
Construction:	Triangular core absolute encoder system
Frequency:	10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

### Phantom

Phantom:	SAM Phantoms (Left & Right)
Shell Material:	Vivac Composite
Thickness:	2.0 ± 0.2 mm

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## 7. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

### **Measurement Procedure**

The measurement procedure consists of the process parameters, probe parameters, EUT product data, and measurement scans (teach points). The measurement procedure is a set of predefined points to be scanned and measured by the probe, DC amplified and processed by the cell controller. The corresponding voltages determined by the electric and magnetic fields are extrapolated to determine peak SAR value.

The SAR Measurement System measures field strength by employing two different types of systematic measurement scans; a coarse scan and a fine scan. Coarse and fine scans measure field strength in a rectangular area within the XY plane (a plane parallel to the top of the Robot Table). The measurement area is divided into a grid of small squares defined by equally spaced grid lines. During an actual measurement process, the probe moves along grid lines systematically recording the field strength at grid line intersections. Typically, after a coarse scan is completed, a fine scan is conducted at the peak field strength value (hot spot) that was measured in the coarse scan. The fine scan has a greater resolution (smaller grid squares) than the coarse scan, and covers only a fraction of the measurement area in the coarse scan.

Deviation from measurement procedure - None

### Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 7.1). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface. The SAM shell thickness is  $2.0 \pm 0.2$  mm.



Figure 7.1 Left and Right SAM Phantom shells

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## 8. **DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS**

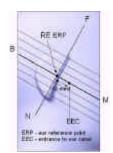


Figure 8.2 Close-up side view of ERPs

### EAR Reference Point (ERP)

Figure 8.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 9.2. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 8.2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

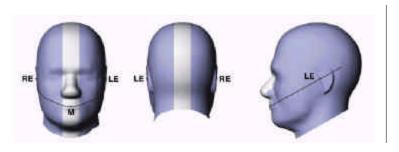


Figure 8.1 Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

### Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 8.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

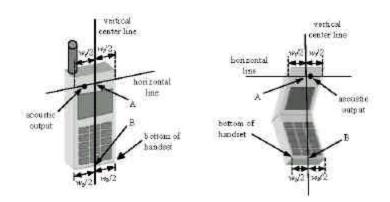


Figure 8.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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# 9. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITION

### **Body Holster /Belt Clip Configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device

and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.1). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





Figure 9.1 Body Belt Clip & Holster Configurations

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or

available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements must be included in the user's manual.

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# 10. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

### **Uncontrolled Environment**

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### **Controlled Environment**

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR 1 Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR 2 Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR 3 Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

#### Table 10.1. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure [2]

<sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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<sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.



# **11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES**

а	b	С	d	e=	f	g	h =	i =	k
				f(d,k)			cxf/e	cxg/e	
Uncertainty		Tol.	Prob.		Ci	Ci	1 - g	10 - g	
Component	Sec.	(± %)	Dist.	Div.	(1 - g)	(10 - g)	u <sub>i</sub>	u <sub>i</sub>	vi
							(± %)	(± %)	
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	11.4	Ν	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.6	6.6	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	3.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.4	$\infty$
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	5.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.0	3.0	$\infty$
Boundary Effect	E1.3	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
Linearity	E1.4	5.9	R	√3	1	1	3.4	3.4	8
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	~
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	R	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	8
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
Integration Time	E1.8	1.7	R	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	~
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	1.2	R	√3	1	1	0.7	0.7	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E5.3	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Shell									
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration	E4.2	3.9	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	8
Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation									
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	10.6	R	√3	1	1	6.1	6.1	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	8.7	R	√3	1	1	5.0	5.0	8
Output Power Variation - SAR drift	5.6.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	$\infty$
measurement									
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness	E2.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	$\infty$
tolerances)									
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4	$\infty$
target values									
Liquid Conductivity - measurement	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4	$\infty$
uncertainty	50.0	5.0	<b>D</b>		<u> </u>	0.5	47	1.1	
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from	E2.2	5.0	R	<b>√</b> 3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	$\infty$
target values Liquid Permittivity - measurement	<b>Г</b> О О	EO	R	5	0.6	0 E	1.7	1.4	
uncertainty	E2.2	5.0	к	<b>√</b> 3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				13.2	13.0	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=1)			1.35				26.6	26.2	
(95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							20.0	20.2	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528 - 2003

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# **12. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY**

### See Measurement Result Data Pages

## **Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal**

The device was placed into continuous transmit mode using a base station simulator. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4].

### **Device Test Conditions**

The device was powered through the battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power. If a power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated.

### **EUT Handset Reference Points**

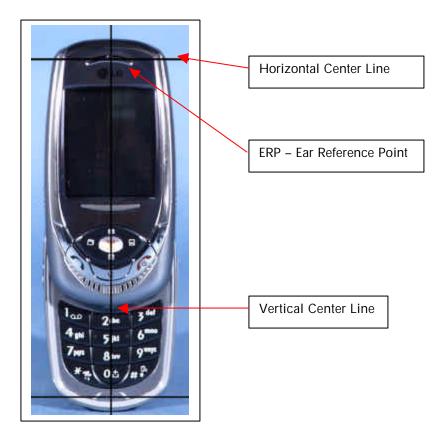


Figure 12.1 Handset Reference Points

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
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# **13. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT**

# **Equipment Calibration**

#### Table 13.1 Test Equipment Calibration

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS						
Туре	Calibration Date	Serial Number				
CRS Robot F3	February 2004	RAF0134133				
CRS C500C Motion Controller	February 2004	RCB0003303				
CRS Teach Pendant (Joystick)	February 2004	STP0132231				
DELL Computer, Pentium 4 1.6 GHz, Windows 2000 <sup>™</sup>	February 2004	4PJZ111				
E-Field Probe E-020	January 2005	PCT005				
Right Ear SAM Phantom (P-SAM-R)	February 2004	94X-113				
Left Ear SAM Phantom (P-SAM-L)	February 2004	94X-019				
Flat SAM Phantom (P-SAM-FLAT)	February 2004	94X-097				
IDX Robot End Effector (EE-103-C)	February 2004	07111223				
IDX Probe Amplifier	February 2004	07111113				
Validation Dipole D-835S	September 2004	PCT640				
Validation Dipole D-1900S	September 2004	PCT641				
Brain Equivalent Matter (835MHz)	September 2004	PCTBEM101				
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)	September 2004	PCTBEM301				
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835MHz)	September 2004	PCTMEM201				
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)	September 2004	PCTMEM401				
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amp	January 2005	PCT540				
Agilent E8241A (250kHz ~ 20GHz) Signal Generator	November 2004	US42110432				
HP-8753E (30kHz ~ 6GHz) Network Analyzer	January 2005	PCT552				
HP85070B Dielectric Probe Kit	January 2005	PCT501				
Ambient Noise/Reflection, etc. <12mW/kg/<3%of SAR	January 2005	Anechoic Room PCT01				

NOTE:

Dipole Validation measurement was performed by PCTEST Lab before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

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# 14. CONCLUSION

### **Measurement Conclusion**

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.[3]

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# **15. REFERENCES**

[1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation, Aug. 1996.

[2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1991, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, Aug. 1992.

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PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
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# EXHIBIT A. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## **Tissue Verification**

### Table A.1 Simulated Tissue Verification

	835MHz Brain		835MHz Muscle		1900MHz Brain		1900MHz Muscle	
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant	41.50	40.15	55.20	52.20	40.00	39.99	53.30	54.15
Conductivity	0.90	0.89	0.97	0.94	1.4	1.37	1.52	1.50

# **Test System Validation**

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ±10% of the specifications at 835 MHz and 1900 MHz by using the system validation kits. (Graphic Plots Attached)

	System Verification TARGET & MEASURED								
Date:Amb. Temp (°C)Liquid Temp(°C)Input 				Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (mW)	Deviation (%)				
2/16/2005	22.6	21.1	0.160	835	1.5	1.46	-4%		
2/15/2005	22.6	21.1	0.040	1900	1.6	1.7	7%		

#### Table A.2 System Validation





Figure A.0 Dipole Validation Test Setup

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	FCC CERTIFICATION		C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
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# EXHIBIT A. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain

A.1 M	A.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Right Head SAR – Touch/ Slide In)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	P	OWER <sup>‡</sup>	Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.51				
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.58				
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	5 (33 dBm) Standard		Internal	0.65				
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure	1.6 W	Brain //kg (mW/g) ed over 1 gram							

#### NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a turinal configuration. Test proceeding to ECC/OFT Bulletin (F. Supp. C.

- typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options.

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	
7.	Tissue parameters and temperatures are lis	sted c	on the SAR plots.				

8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$ 

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Figure A.1 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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#### Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain

A.2 M	A.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Right Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide In)									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)			
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.27			
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.21			
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.53			
		/ IEEE C95.1 19 Spatial rolled Exposure	Peak		1.6 W	Brain //kg (mW/g) jed over 1 gram				

#### NOTES:

The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a 1. typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options. 3.

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	$\mathbf{X}$	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	
7	Tissue parameters and temperatures are lis	n hat	n the SAR plots				

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.2 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 20 of 38



#### Mixture Type:

835MHz Brain

A.3 M	A.3 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Left Head SAR – Touch/ Slide In)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.		PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.78				
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.75				
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.87				
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure		Brain //kg (mW/g) jed over 1 gram							

#### NOTES:

The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a 1. typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options. 3.

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom		Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	$\mathbf{X}$	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	$\mathbf{X}$	Base Station Simula	tor	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.3 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	🕑 LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 21 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain

A.4 M	A.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Left Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide In)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.43				
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.44				
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt Internal		0.44				
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure		Brain V/kg (mW/g) ged over 1 gram							

#### NOTES:

4.

5.

7.

The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a 1. typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options.

<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom		Right Head
SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	$\mathbf{X}$	Base Station Simula	ator	

6. Test Signal Call Mode

Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.4 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 22 of 38



# EXHIBIT A. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain

A.5 M	A.5 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Right Head SAR – Touch/ Slide Out)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.35				
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.37				
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch Internal		0.43				
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure	1.6 W	<b>Brain</b> 7 <b>/kg (mW/g)</b> ed over 1 gram							

#### NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a trained configuration. Test proceeding to ECC/OFT Bulletin (F. Supp. C.

- typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options.

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP	
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference							
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX			
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head	
5.	SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand	
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simulator			
7.	Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.							

8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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Figure A.5 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 23 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain

A.6 M	A.6 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Right Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide Out)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	PC	OWER <sup>‡</sup>	Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.17				
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.16				
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.19				
		/ IEEE C95.1 19 Spatial rolled Exposure		Brain //kg (mW/g) ged over 1 gram							

#### NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	$\mathbf{X}$	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	
7	Tissue parameters and temperatures are lis	n hat	n the SAR plots				

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$

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Figure A.6 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	🕑 LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	r none rype.	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 24 of 38



#### Mixture Type:

835MHz Brain

A.7 M	A.7 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Left Head SAR – Touch/ Slide Out)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	P	OWER <sup>‡</sup>	Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.37				
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.35				
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.52				
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure.	1.6 W	Brain //kg (mW/g) jed over 1 gram							

#### NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom		Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	$\mathbf{X}$	Base Station Simula	tor	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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Figure A.7 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	🕑 LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 25 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 835MHz Brain

A.8 M	A.8 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Left Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide Out)										
FREQUENCY		POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR					
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.21				
836.6	190	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.18				
848.8	251	GSM850	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.22				
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Brain //kg (mW/g) ged over 1 gram					

#### NOTES:

4.

5.

7.

The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a 1. typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options.

<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom		Right Head
SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	

6. Test Signal Call Mode

Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.8 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	r none rype.	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 26 of 38



Mixture Type: 1880MHz Brain

A.9 M	A.9 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Right Head SAR – Touch/ Slide In)									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	P	OWER <sup>‡</sup>	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)			
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.10			
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.13			
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.11			
		/ IEEE C95.1 19 Spatial rolled Exposure	1.6 W	<b>Brain</b> //kg (mW/g) ed over 1 gram						

#### NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options.

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured See Test Plots for Power Class Reference	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	$\mathbf{X}$	Base Station Simula	tor	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$

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Figure A.9 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	🕑 LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 27 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 1880MHz Brain

A.10	A.10 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Right Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide In)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.07				
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.09				
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.08				
		/ IEEE C95.1 19 Spatial rolled Exposure		Brain //kg (mW/g) jed over 1 gram							

#### NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	
-	There a supervision and the second second line						

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$

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Figure A.10 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 28 of 38



#### Mixture Type:

1880MHz Brain

A.11 N	A.11 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Left Head SAR – Touch/ Slide In)								
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR		
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)		
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.08		
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.12		
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.10		
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure.	1.6 W	Brain //kg (mW/g) jed over 1 gram					

#### NOTES:

The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a 1. typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries are the only options. 3.

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom		Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	$\mathbf{X}$	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	$\mathbf{X}$	Base Station Simula	tor	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.11 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 29 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 1880MHz Brain

A.12 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Left Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide In)									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR		
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)		
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.08		
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.07		
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.07		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Brain //kg (mW/g) ged over 1 gram			

#### NOTES:

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7.

 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP	EIRP
See Test Plots for Power Class Reference					
SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX	
Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom	Right Head
SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body	Hand

□ Manu. Test Codes ⊠ Base Station Simulator

- 6. Test Signal Call Mode
  - Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$

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Figure A.12 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	r none rype.	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 30 of 38



Mixture Type: 1880MHz Brain

A.13 N	A.13 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Right Head SAR – Touch/ Slide Out)								
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR		
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)		
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.08		
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.11		
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.09		
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure	Peak		Brain W/kg (mW/ aged over 1 gram				

#### NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured See Test Plots for Power Class Reference	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$

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Figure A.13 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 31 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 1880MHz Brain

A.14 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Right Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide Out)								
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Device Test	Antenna	SAR	
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)	
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.05	
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.07	
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.06	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Brain //kg (mW/g) ged over 1 gram		

#### NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head		Flat Phantom	X	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	
7	Tissue parameters and temperatures are lis	tod o	n the SAD plate				

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$

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Figure A.14 Right Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 32 of 38



#### Mixture Type:

1880MHz Brain

A.15 N	A.15 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Left Head SAR – Touch/ Slide Out)										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	PC	DWER <sup>‡</sup>	Device Test	Antenna	SAR				
MHz	Ch.		PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)				
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.09				
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.12				
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Cheek / Touch	Internal	0.10				
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure		Brain V/kg (mW/g ged over 1 gram	)						

#### NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

	<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom		Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	$\mathbf{X}$	Head		Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$

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Figure A.15 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Cheek / Touch Position/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates:	Phone Type:	FCC ID:	Page 33 of 38
0502070069	Feb. 15-17, 2005	Dual-Band PCS GSM	BEJF7200	



#### Mixture Type: 1880MHz Brain

A.16	A.16 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM1900 Left Head SAR – Tilt/ Slide Out)									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	P	OWER <sup>‡</sup>	Device Test	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Position	Position	(W/kg)			
1850.20	512	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.10			
1880.00	661	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.14			
1909.80	810	PCS GSM	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	Ear / 15° Tilt	Internal	0.11			
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure	1.6 W	Brain //kg (mW/g) jed over 1 gram						

#### NOTES:

4.

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7.

 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard batteries are the only options.*

<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP	EIRP
See Test Plots for Power Class Reference					
SAR Measurement System		DASY4	X	IDX	
Phantom Configuration	X	Left Head		Flat Phantom	Right Head
SAR Configuration	X	Head		Body	Hand

□ Manu. Test Codes ⊠ Base Station Simulator

6. Test Signal Call Mode

Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

8. Liquid tissue depth is  $15.1 \text{ cm.} \pm 0.1$ 

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Figure A.16 Left Head SAR Test Setup -- Ear / 15° Tilt Position/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 34 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 835MHz Muscle

A.17	A.17 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Body SAR w/o Belt Clip/ Slide In)										
FREQUENCY		POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Separation	Antenna	SAR					
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Distance (cm) <sup>‡‡</sup>	Position	(W/kg)				
824.2	128	GPRS	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	0.99				
836.6	190	GPRS	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	1.10				
848.8	251	GPRS	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	1.19				
		/ IEEE C95.1 199 Spatial rolled Exposure	1.6 W	Muscle //kg (mW/g) ed over 1 gram	)						

#### NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	<sup>*</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY3	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head	X	Flat Phantom		Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration		Head	X	Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	tor	
7.	**Test Configuration		With Belt Clip	X	Without Belt Clip		

- 8. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 9. Both sides of the phone were tested and the worst-case side is reported.
- 10. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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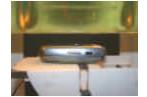


Figure A.17 Body SAR Test Setup -- w/o Belt Clip/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 35 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 835MHz Muscle

A.18 N	A.18 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM850 Body SAR w/o Belt Clip/ Slide Out)									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Separation	Antenna	SAR			
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Distance (cm) <sup>##</sup>	Position	(W/kg)			
824.2	128	GPRS	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	1.08			
836.6	190	GPRS	5 (33 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	1.28			
848.8	251	GPRS	5 (33 dBm) Standard		2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	1.36			
		/ IEEE C95.1 19 Spatial rolled Exposure	1.6 W	Muscle //kg (mW/g) ed over 1 gram						

#### NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard Batteries are the only options*.

	*Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
	See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
4.	SAR Measurement System		DASY3	X	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head	X	Flat Phantom		Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration		Head	X	Body		Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simula	ator	
7.	<sup>++</sup> Test Configuration		With Belt Clip	X	Without Belt Clip		

- 8. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 9. Both sides of the phone were tested and the worst-case side is reported.
- 10. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.18 Body SAR Test Setup -- w/o Belt Clip/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 36 of 38



#### Mixture Type: 1880MHz Muscle

A.19 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GPRS Body SAR w/o Belt Clip/ Slide In) FREQUENCY **POWER<sup>‡</sup>** Antenna SAR Separation Modulation Distance (cm)<sup>‡‡</sup> Position (W/kg) MHz PCL Ch. Battery 1850.20 512 GPRS 0 (30 dBm) Standard 2.0 [w/o Belt Clip] Fixed 0.57 1880.00 GPRS 2.0 [w/o Belt Clip] 661 0 (30 dBm) Standard Fixed 0.66 1909.80 810 GPRS 0 (30 dBm) Standard 2.0 [w/o Belt Clip] Fixed 0.97 ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Muscle Spatial Peak 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population averaged over 1 gram

#### NOTES:

- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	EIRP
	Right Head
	Hand
Base Station Simulator	
ſ	

- 8. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 9. Both sides of the phone were tested and the worst-case side is reported.
- 10. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.19 Body SAR Test Setup -- w/o Belt Clip/ Slide In --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 37 of 38



Mixture Type: 1880MHz Muscle

A.20 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GPRS Body SAR w/o Belt Clip/ Slide Out)								
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Separation	Antenna	SAR	
MHz	Ch.	wouldtion	PCL	Battery	Distance (cm) <sup>‡‡</sup>	Position	(W/kg)	
1850.20	512	GPRS	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	0.74	
1880.00	661	GPRS	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	1.06	
1909.80	810	GPRS	0 (30 dBm)	Standard	2.0 [w/o Belt Clip]	Fixed	1.19	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Muscle //kg (mW/g) ed over 1 gram		

#### NOTES:

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- 1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. *Standard Batteries are the only options.*

<sup>‡</sup> Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
See Test Plots for Power Class Reference						
SAR Measurement System		DASY3	X	IDX		
Phantom Configuration		Left Head	X	Flat Phantom		Right Head
SAR Configuration		Head	X	Body		Hand
Test Signal Call Mode		Manu. Test Codes	X	Base Station Simulator		
**Test Configuration		With Belt Clip	X	Without Belt Clip		

- 8. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 9. Both sides of the phone were tested and the worst-case side is reported.
- 10. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

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Figure A.20 Body SAR Test Setup -- w/o Belt Clip/ Slide Out --

PCTESTÔ SAR TEST REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION	C LG	<b>Reviewed by:</b> Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 0502070069	Test Dates: Feb. 15-17, 2005	Phone Type: Dual-Band PCS GSM	FCC ID: BEJF7200	Page 38 of 38