

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client DT&amp;C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D2600V2-1016\_Feb19

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2600V2 - SN:1016

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v11  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: February 27, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	31-Dec-18 (No. EX3-7349_Dec18)	Dec-19
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Oct-18 (No. DAE4-601_Oct18)	Oct-19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	07-Oct-15 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by: Name Jeton Kastrati Function Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: February 27, 2019

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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.10.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.1 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.21 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3 $\Omega$ - 6.7 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 $\Omega$ - 4.5 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 27.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1016**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

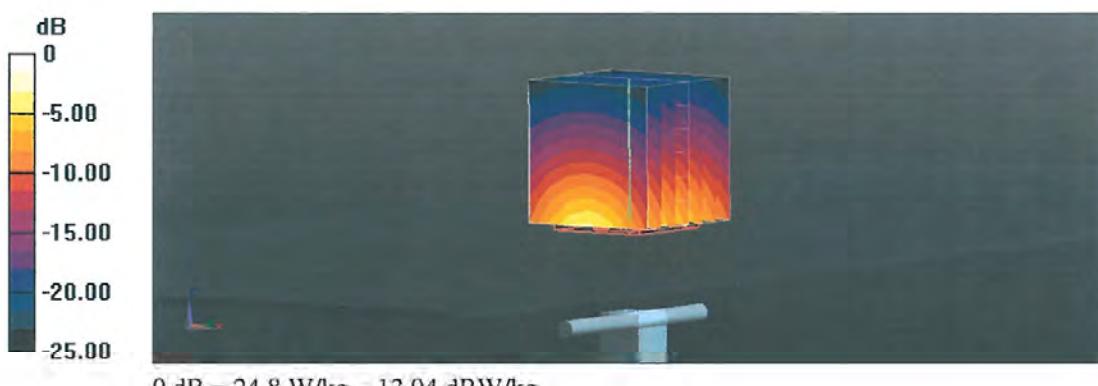
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

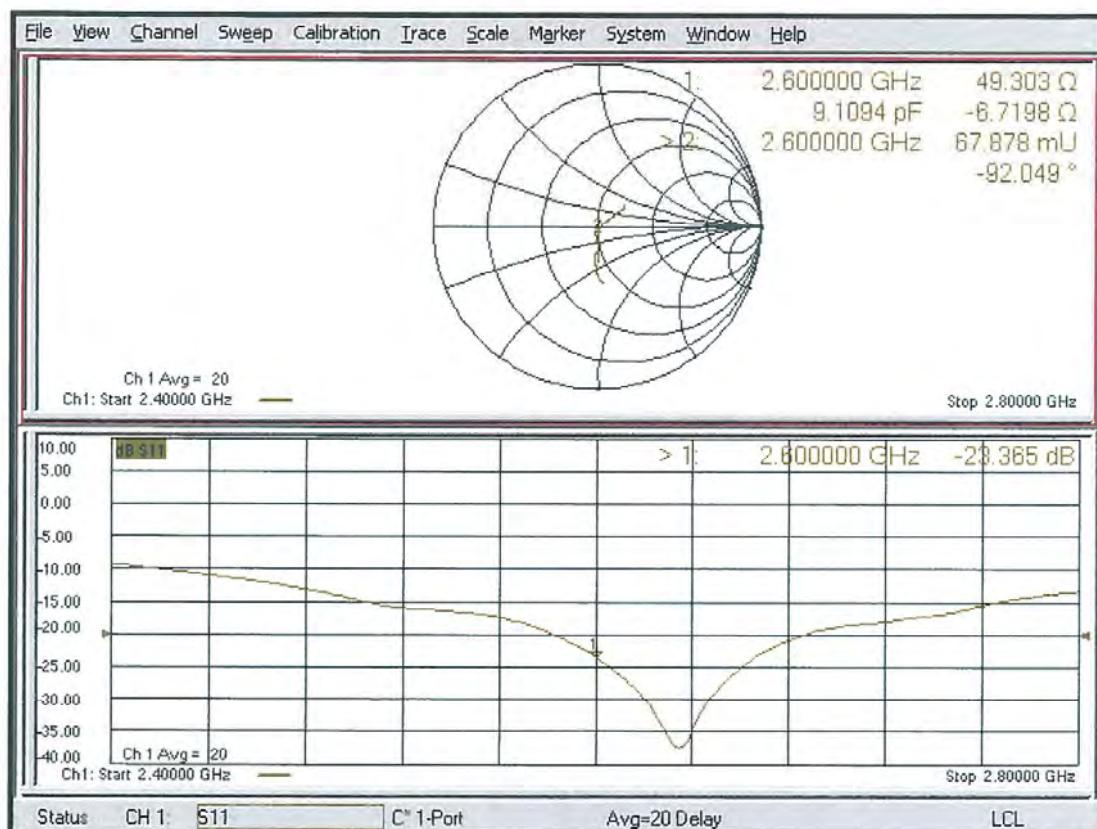
Reference Value = 120.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.41 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 24.8 W/kg



**Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL**

**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 26.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1016**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.21 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

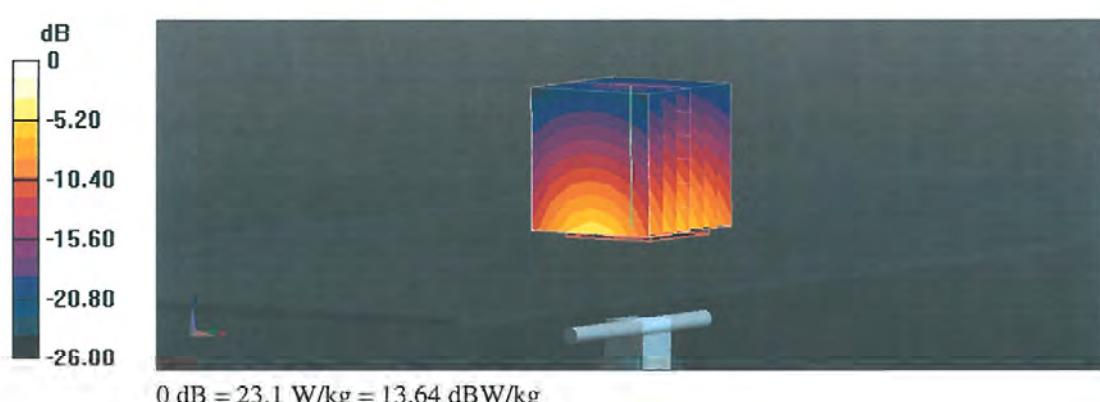
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

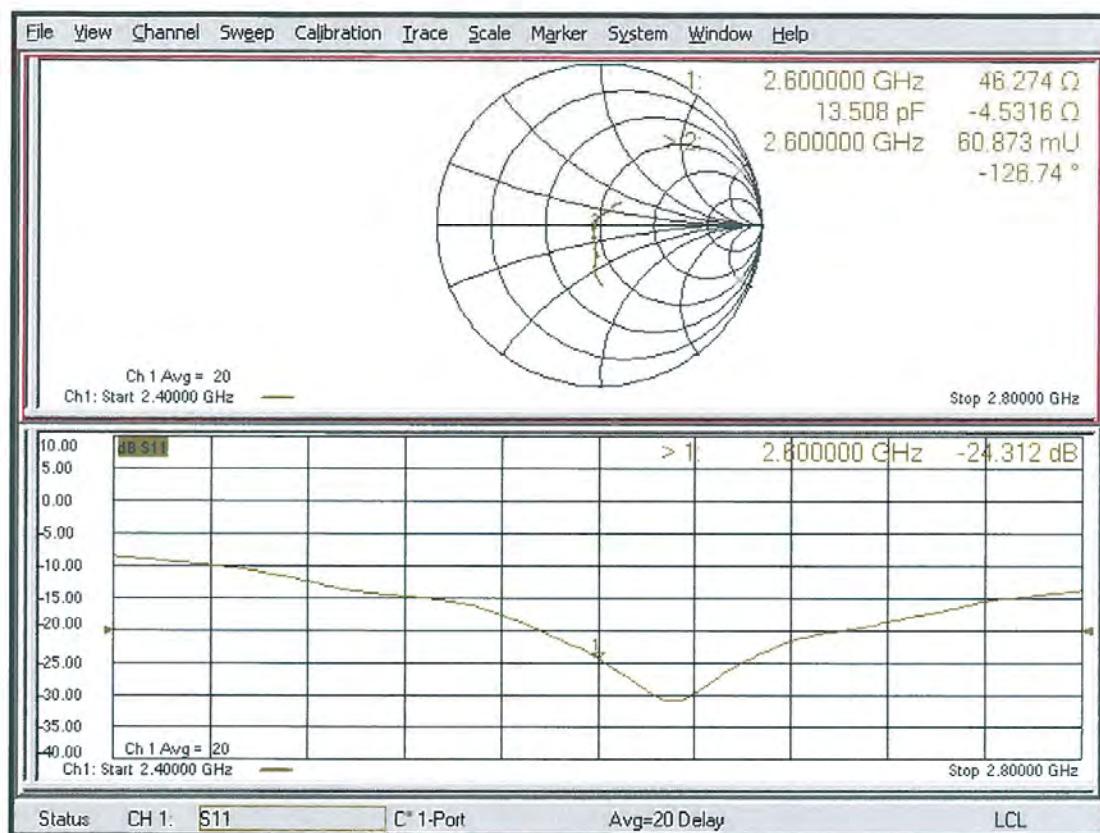
Reference Value = 108.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.1 W/kg



**Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL**

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Client DT&amp;C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1103\_Feb19

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1103

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v4  
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: February 28, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
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Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-18 (No. EX3-3503_Dec18)	Dec-19
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Oct-18 (No. DAE4-601_Oct18)	Oct-19

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 28, 2019

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**Glossary:**

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**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.10.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
<b>Frequency</b>	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

**Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.1 ± 6 %	4.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.29 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.9 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.7 ± 6 %	4.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.5 ± 6 %	4.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.1 ± 6 %	5.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	5.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.5 ± 6 %	5.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.4 ± 6 %	5.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.0 ± 6 %	6.22 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

**SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.54 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)****Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 $\Omega$ - 6.7 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 $\Omega$ + 0.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 44.4 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 $\Omega$ - 4.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.3 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.0 $\Omega$ + 0.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1 $\Omega$ + 1.9 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 33.2 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 $\Omega$ - 5.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 $\Omega$ + 2.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 34.0 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 $\Omega$ - 4.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.6 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$57.3 \Omega + 1.8 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

**Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.9 \Omega + 1.2 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 33.0 dB

**General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.208 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

**Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 28.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1103**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.45 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.55 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.76 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.86 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.07 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69) @ 5200 MHz,  
ConvF(5.45, 5.45, 5.45) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5500 MHz,  
ConvF(5, 5, 5) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.29 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 77.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.36 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 76.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 77.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

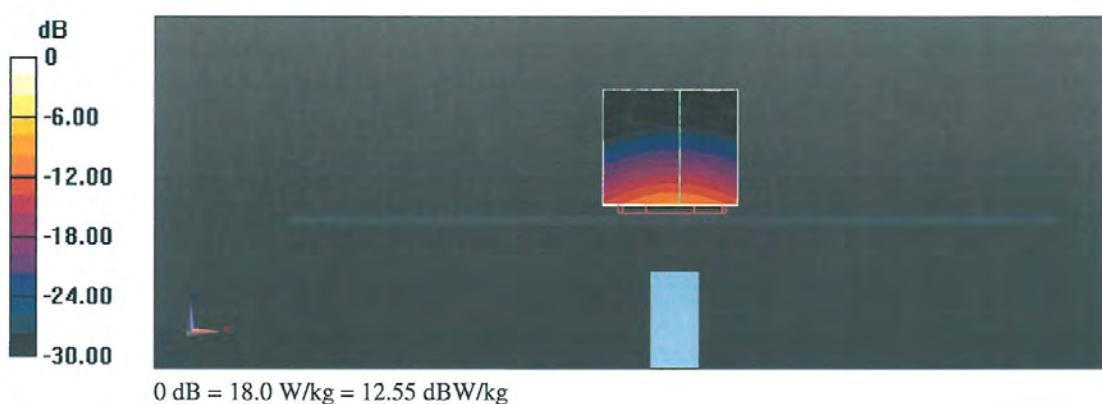
**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,****dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

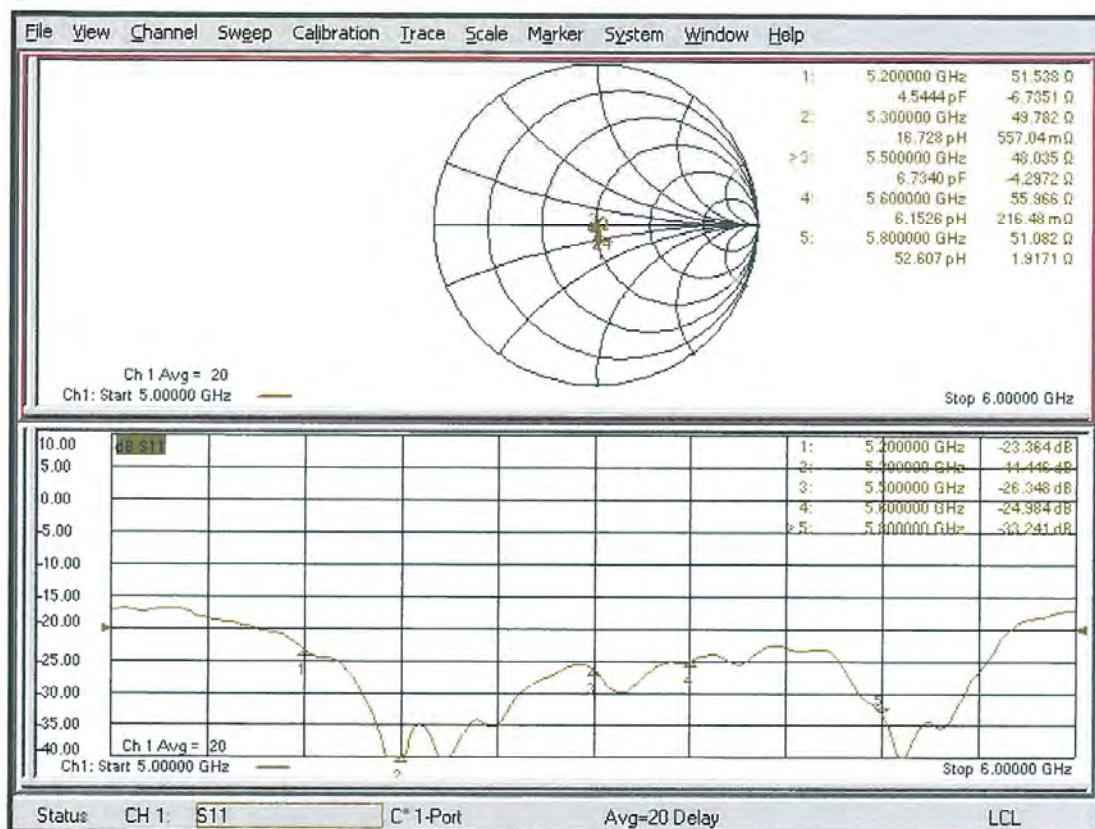
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



**DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 28.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1103**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.4 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.53 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.8 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.94 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ ,Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.22 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.24, 5.24, 5.24) @ 5200 MHz,  
ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5300 MHz, ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75) @ 5500 MHz,  
ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7) @ 5600 MHz, ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) @ 5800 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.10.2018
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.6 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 69.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

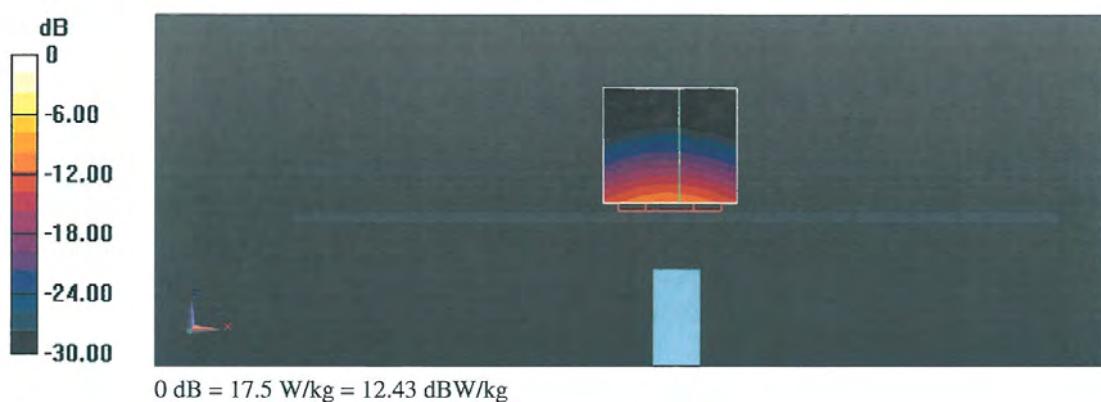
**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

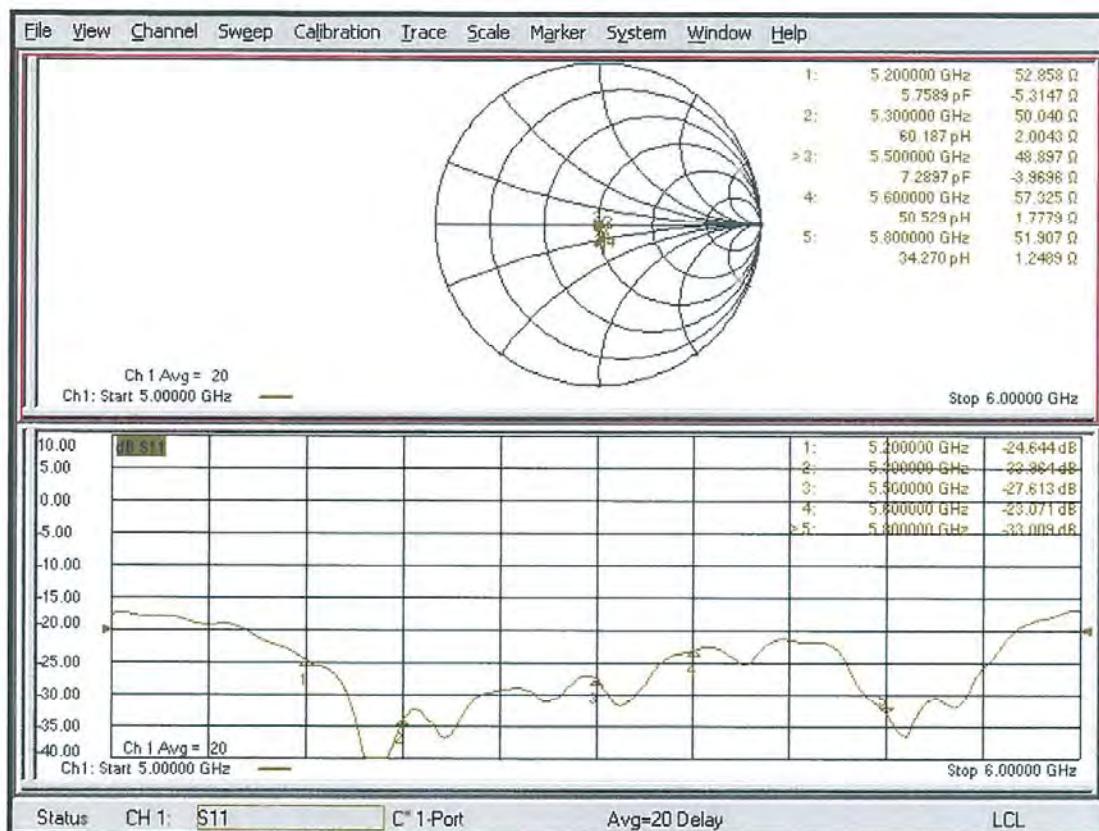
Reference Value = 66.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



**Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL**

## APPENDIX C. – SAR Tissue Specifications

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.



**Figure 3.9 Simulated Tissue**

**Table C.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter**

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)							
	835		1900		2450		5200 ~ 5800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.19	50.75	55.24	70.23	71.88	73.40	65.52	80.00
Salt (NaCl)	1.480	0.940	0.310	0.290	0.160	0.060	-	-
Sugar	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
HEC	0.250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bactericide	0.180	0.100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Triton X-100	-	-	-	-	19.97	-	17.24	-
DGBE	-	-	44.45	29.48	7.990	26.54	-	-
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	-
Polysorbate (Tween) 80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.00
Target for Dielectric Constant	41.5	55.2	40.0	53.3	39.2	52.7	-	-
Target for Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.97	1.40	1.52	1.80	1.95	-	-

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]		
Triton X-100(ultra pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether		

**Table C.2 HSL/MSL750 (Head and Body liquids for 700 – 800 MHz)**

Item	<b>Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL750</b>
	<b>Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL750</b>
Type No	SL AAH 075, SL AAM 075
Manufacturer	SPEAG
The item is composed of the following ingredients:	
H <sup>2</sup> O	Water, 35 – 58%
Sucrose	Sucrose, 40 – 60%
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, 0 – 6%
Hydroxyethyl-cellulose	Medium Viscosity (CAS# 9004-62-0), < 0.3%
Preventol-D7	Preservative: aqueous preparation, (CAS# 55965-84-9), containing 5-chloro-2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone and 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone, 0.1 – 0.6%

**Table C.3 HSL/MSL1750 (Head and Body liquids for 1700 – 1800 MHz)**

Item	<b>Head Tissue Simulation Liquids HSL1750</b>
	<b>Muscle (body) Tissue Simulation Liquids MSL1750</b>
Type No	SL AAH 175, SL AAM 175
Manufacturer	SPEAG
The item is composed of the following ingredients:	
H <sup>2</sup> O	Water, 52 – 75%
C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether (DGBE), 25 – 48%
NaCl	Sodium Chloride, < 1.0%

## APPENDIX D. – SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

## SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

**Table D.1 SAR System Validation Summary**

SAR System	Freq. [MHz]	Date	Probe SN	Probe Type	Probe CAL. Point	PERM.	COND.	CW Validation			MOD. Validation		
						( $\epsilon_r$ )	( $\sigma$ )	Sensi-tivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
E	750	2018.10.15	3933	EX3DV4	750	Head	42.212	0.887	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A
E	835	2018.12.10	7337	EX3DV4	835	Head	40.881	0.894	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS
E	1800	2018.12.11	7337	EX3DV4	1800	Head	39.441	1.405	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A
E	1900	2018.12.12	7337	EX3DV4	1900	Head	39.641	1.415	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS
D	2450	2018.05.10	3916	EX3DV4	2450	Head	38.995	1.822	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS
D	2600	2018.12.14	7337	EX3DV4	2600	Head	37.779	2.022	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS
F	5200	2018.06.12	3866	EX3DV4	5200	Head	35.442	4.715	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
F	5300	2018.06.12	3866	EX3DV4	5300	Head	35.216	4.815	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
F	5500	2018.06.13	3866	EX3DV4	5500	Head	35.056	5.015	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
F	5600	2018.06.13	3866	EX3DV4	5600	Head	34.915	5.212	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
F	5800	2018.06.14	3866	EX3DV4	5800	Head	34.826	5.336	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
E	750	2018.10.15	3933	EX3DV4	750	Body	54.650	0.965	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A
E	835	2018.12.10	7337	EX3DV4	835	Body	53.846	0.966	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS
E	1800	2018.12.11	7337	EX3DV4	1800	Body	52.774	1.482	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A
E	1900	2018.12.12	7337	EX3DV4	1900	Body	52.616	1.471	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS
D	2450	2018.05.10	3916	EX3DV4	2450	Body	51.454	2.011	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM/TDD	PASS
D	2600	2018.12.14	7337	EX3DV4	2600	Body	51.842	2.118	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS
A	5200	2018.08.17	3930	EX3DV4	5200	Body	48.845	5.416	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
A	5300	2018.08.20	3930	EX3DV4	5300	Body	48.745	5.526	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
A	5500	2018.08.21	3930	EX3DV4	5500	Body	48.546	5.708	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
A	5600	2018.08.22	3930	EX3DV4	5600	Body	48.325	5.815	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A
A	5800	2018.08.23	3930	EX3DV4	5800	Body	47.151	6.137	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both a CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.

## APPENDIX E. – Downlink LTE CA RF Conducted Powers

## E.1 LTE Downlink Only Carrier Aggregation Test Reduction Methodology

SAR test exclusion for LTE downlink Carrier Aggregation is determined by power measurements according to the number of component carriers (CCs) supported by the product implementation. Per April 2018 TCBC Workshop Notes, the following test reduction methodology was applied to determine the combinations required for conducted power measurements.

### LTE DL CA Test Reduction Methodology:

- (1) Test supported combinations were arranged by the number of component carriers in columns.
- (2) Any limitations on the PCC or SCC for each combination were identified alongside the combination (e.g. CA\_2A-2A-4A-12A, but B12 can only be configured as a SCC).
- (3) Power measurements were performed for “supersets” (LTE CA combinations with multiple components carriers) and any “subsets” (LTE CA combinations with fewer component carriers) that were not completely covered by the supersets.
- (4) Only subsets that have the exact same components as a superset were excluded for measurement.
- (5) When there were certain restrictions on component carriers that existed in the superset that were not applied for the subset, the subset configuration was additionally evaluated.
- (6) Both inter-band and intra-band downlink carrier aggregation scenarios were considered.

Index	2CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset	Index	3CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset	Index	4CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset	Index	5CC	Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
2CC #1	CA_2C		3CC #7	RCC #1	CA_2A-2A-4A		4CC #1	RCC #1	CA_2A-2A-4A-4A		No	RCC #1	CA_2A-2A-46D	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #2	CA_2A-2A		4CC #1	RCC #2	CA_2A-2A-5A		4CC #2	RCC #2	CA_2A-2A-4A-5A		No	RCC #2	CA_2A-5B-30A-66A		No
2CC #3	CA_2A-4A (2)		4CC #1	RCC #3	CA_2A-2A-12A		No	RCC #3	CA_2A-2A-4A-12A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCC #3	CA_2A-5B-66A-66A		No
2CC #4	CA_2A-5A		4CC #2	RCC #4	CA_2A-2A-13A		4CC #8	RCC #4	CA_2A-2A-5A-30A		No	RCC #4	CA_2A-46D-66A	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #5	CA_2A-7A		4CC #16	RCC #5	CA_2A-2A-29A	B29 SCC Only	4CC #9	RCC #5	CA_2A-2A-5A-66A		No	RCC #5	CA_2A-46A-46C-66A	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #6	CA_2A-12A (1)		3CC #3	RCC #6	CA_2A-2A-30A		4CC #9	RCC #6	CA_2A-2A-12A-30A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCC #6	CA_41C-41D		No
2CC #7	CA_2A-13A		4CC #31	RCC #7	CA_2C-66A		No	RCC #7	CA_2A-2A-12A-66A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCC #7	CA_46D-66A-66A	B46 SCC Only	No
2CC #8	CA_2A-14A		3CC #27	RCC #8	CA_2A-2A-66A		4CC #7	RCC #8	CA_2A-2A-13A-66A		No	RCC #8			
2CC #9	CA_2A-17A		No	RCC #9	CA_2A-2A-71A	B71 SCC Only	No	RCC #9	CA_2A-2A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	No	RCA_9			
2CC #10	CA_2A-29A (2)	B29 SCC Only	4CC #9	RCC #10	CA_2A-4A-4A		4CC #1	RCC #10	CA_2A-2A-66A-66A		No	RCA_10			
2CC #11	CA_2A-30A		4CC #9	RCC #11	CA_2A-4A-5A		4CC #2	RCC #11	CA_2A-4A-4A-5A		No	RCA_11			
2CC #12	CA_2A-46A	B46 SCC Only	5CC #5	RCC #12	CA_2A-4A-7A		4CC #16	RCC #12	CA_2A-4A-4A-12A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCA_12			
2CC #13	CA_2A-66A		5CC #2	RCC #13	CA_2A-4A-12A		No	RCC #13	CA_2A-4A-5B		No	RCA_13			
2CC #14	CA_2A-71A	B71 SCC Only	3CC #17	RCC #14	CA_2A-4A-13A		No	RCC #14	CA_2A-4A-5A-30A		No	RCA_14			
2CC #15	CA_4A-4A		4CC #1	RCC #15	CA_2A-2A-29A	B29 SCC Only	4CC #20	RCC #15	CA_2A-4A-7C		No	RCA_15			
2CC #16	CA_4A-5A (1)		4CC #2	RCC #16	CA_2A-4A-30A		4CC #19	RCC #16	CA_2A-4A-7A-7A		No	RCA_16			
2CC #17	CA_4A-7A (1)		4CC #16	RCC #17	CA_2A-4A-71A	B71 SCC Only	No	RCC #17	CA_2A-4A-7A-12A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCA_17			
2CC #18	CA_4A-12A (2)		4CC #3	RCC #18	CA_2A-5B		4CC #13	RCC #18	CA_2A-4A-12B	B12 SCC Only	No	RCA_18			
2CC #19	CA_4A-13A		3CC #14	RCC #19	CA_2A-5A-30A		4CC #23	RCC #19	CA_2A-4A-12A-30A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCA_19			
2CC #20	CA_4A-17A	B17 SCC Only	No	RCC #20	CA_2A-5A-66A		4CC #23	RCC #20	CA_2A-4A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	No	RCA_20			
2CC #21	CA_4A-29A (2)	B29 SCC Only	4CC #20	RCC #21	CA_2A-7A-7A		4CC #16	RCC #21	CA_2A-5B-30A		No	RCA_21			
2CC #22	CA_4A-30A		4CC #19	RCC #22	CA_2A-7A-12A		No	RCC #22	CA_2A-5B-66A		No	RCA_22			
2CC #23	CA_4A-46A	B46 SCC Only	4CC #42	RCC #23	CA_2A-12B		No	RCC #23	CA_2A-5A-30A-66A		No	RCA_23			
2CC #24	CA_4A-71A	B71 SCC Only	3CC #43	RCC #24	CA_2A-12A-30A		No	RCC #24	CA_2A-5A-66B		No	RCA_24			
2CC #25	CA_5B		5CC #2	RCC #25	CA_2A-12A-66A		No	RCC #25	CA_2A-5A-66C		No	RCA_25			
2CC #26	CA_5A-25A		No	RCC #26	CA_2A-13A-66A		4CC #31	RCC #26	CA_2A-5A-66A-66A		No	RCA_26			
2CC #27	CA_5A-30A		4CC #23	RCC #27	CA_2A-14A-30A		No	RCC #27	CA_2A-12A-30A-66A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCA_27			
2CC #28	CA_5A-66A		4CC #23	RCC #28	CA_2A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	4CC #9	RCC #28	CA_2A-12A-66A-66A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCA_28			
2CC #29	CA_7A-7A (1)		4CC #16	RCC #29	CA_2A-30A-66A		4CC #23	RCC #29	CA_2A-13A-66B		No	RCA_29			
2CC #30	CA_7A-12A		3CC #22	RCC #30	CA_2A-46C	B46 SCC Only	5CC #5	RCC #30	CA_2A-13A-66C		No	RCA_30			
2CC #31	CA_7A-46A (1)	B46 SCC Only	No	RCC #31	CA_2A-46A-46A	B46 SCC Only	4CC #34	RCC #31	CA_2A-13A-66A-66A		No	RCA_31			
2CC #32	CA_12B		3CC #23	RCC #32	CA_2A-46A-66A	B46 SCC Only	4CC #34	RCC #32	CA_2A-46D	B46 SCC Only	5CC #1	RCA_32			
2CC #33	CA_12A-25A		No	RCC #33	CA_2A-66B		4CC #24	RCC #33	CA_2A-46A-46C	B46 SCC Only	5CC #5	RCA_33			
2CC #34	CA_12A-30A		4CC #4	RCC #34	CA_2A-66C		4CC #25	RCC #34	CA_2A-46A-46A-66A	B46 SCC Only	No	RCA_34			
2CC #35	CA_12A-66A (1)		3CC #25	RCC #35	CA_2A-66A-66A		4CC #26	RCC #35	CA_2A-46C-66A	B46 SCC Only	5CC #5	RCA_35			
2CC #36	CA_13A-46A	B46 SCC Only	No	RCC #36	CA_2A-66A-71A	B71 SCC Only	No	RCC #36	CA_2A-4A-45B		No	RCA_36			
2CC #37	CA_13A-66A		4CC #8	RCC #37	CA_4A-4A-5A		4CC #37	RCC #37	CA_4A-4A-5A-30A		No	RCA_37			
2CC #38	CA_14A-30A		3CC #27	RCC #38	CA_4A-4A-7A (1)		No	RCC #38	CA_4A-4A-12A-30A	B12 SCC Only	No	RCA_38			
2CC #39	CA_14A-66A		3CC #66	RCC #39	CA_4A-4A-12A		4CC #38	RCC #39	CA_4A-4A-29A-30A	B29 SCC Only	No	RCA_39			
2CC #40	CA_25A-25A (1)		4CC #49	RCC #40	CA_4A-4A-13A		No	RCC #40	CA_4A-5B-30A		No	RCA_40			

Table E.1.1 Example of Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA

## E.2 LTE Downlink Only Carrier Aggregation Test Selection and Setup

SAR test exclusion for LTE downlink Carrier Aggregation is determined by power measurements according to the number of component carriers (CCs) supported by the product implementation. For those configurations required by April 2018 TCBC Workshop Notes, conducted power measurements with LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) (downlink only) active are made in accordance to KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02. The RRC connection is only handled by one cell, the primary component carrier (PCC) for downlink and uplink communications. After making a data connection to the PCC, the UE device adds secondary component carrier(s) (SCC) on the downlink only. All uplink communications and acknowledgements remain identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive on the PCC. Additional conducted output powers are measured with the downlink carrier aggregation active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no SAR measurements are required for carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation inactive.

General PCC and SCC configuration selection procedure

PCC uplink channel, channel bandwidth, modulation and RB configurations were selected based on section C(3)b)ii) of KDB 941225 D05v01r02. The downlink PCC channel was paired with the selected PCC uplink channel according to normal configurations without carrier aggregation.

To maximize aggregation bandwidth, highest channel bandwidth available for that CA combination was selected for SCC. For inter-band CA, the SCC downlink channels were selected near the middle of their transmission bands. For contiguous intra-band CA, the downlink channel spacing between the component carriers was set to multiple of 300 kHz less than the nominal channel spacing defined in section 5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the downlink channel spacing between the component carriers was set to be larger than the nominal channel spacing and provided maximum separation between the component carriers.

All selected PCC and SCC(s) remained fully within the uplink/downlink transmission band of the respective component carrier.

When a device supports LTE capabilities with overlapping transmission frequency ranges, the standalone powers from the band with a larger transmission frequency range can be used to select measurement configurations for the band with the fully covered transmission frequency range.

### E.3 LTE DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers

- Below downlink CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Table E.3.1 CA BW Class

Class	ATBC		Maximum number of CC
	N <sub>RB,agg</sub>	MHz	
A	N ≤ 100	20	1
B	25 < N ≤ 100	20	2
C	100 < N ≤ 200	40	2
D	200 < N ≤ 300	60	3
E	300 < N ≤ 400	80	4
F	400 < N ≤ 500	100	5
I	700 < N ≤ 800	160	8

Table E.3.2 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]		Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2		
2CC #1	CA_2A-4A (0)	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #2	CA_2A-4A (1)	5, 10	5, 10		3CC #1
2CC #3	CA_2A-4A (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #1
2CC #4	CA_2A-5A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #5	CA_2A-5A (1)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #6	CA_2A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #7	CA_4A-4A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #8	CA_4A-4A (1)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #9	CA_4A-5A (0)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #10	CA_4A-5A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #11	CA_4A-7A (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #12	CA_4A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #13	CA_4A-12A (0)	1.4, 3, 5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #14	CA_4A-12A (1)	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #15	CA_4A-12A (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	3, 5, 10		No
2CC #16	CA_4A-12A (3)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #17	CA_4A-12A (4)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #18	CA_4A-12A (5)	5, 10, 15	5		No
2CC #19	CA_5A-5A (0)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #20	CA_5A-5A (1)	3	5		No
2CC #21	CA_5A-7A (0)	1.4, 3, 5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #22	CA_5A-7A (1)	5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #23	CA_5A-41A (0)	5, 10	20		No
2CC #24	CA_7A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #25	CA_7A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #26	CA_7A-7A (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #27	CA_7A-7A (3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #28	CA_7A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #29	CA_7B (0)	15	5		No
2CC #30	CA_7C (0)	15, 20	15, 20		No
2CC #31	CA_7C (1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		3CC #2, 3CC #3
2CC #32	CA_7C (2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #33	CA_12A-66A (0)	5, 10	1.4, 3, 5, 10		No
2CC #34	CA_12A-66A (1)	5, 10	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #35	CA_12A-66A (2)	3, 5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #36	CA_12A-66A (3)	5, 10	5, 10		3CC #6
2CC #37	CA_12A-66A (4)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #6
2CC #38	CA_12A-66A (5)	5	5, 10, 15		No
2CC #39	CA_26A-41A (0)	5, 10, 15	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #40	CA_41C (0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #41	CA_41C (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #7
2CC #42	CA_41C (2)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #43	CA_41C (3)	10, 20	20		No
2CC #44	CA_66A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #4, 3CC #6
2CC #45	CA_66B (0)	5, 10, 15	5, 10, 15		No
2CC #46	CA_66C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.3.3 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (3CC)

Index	3CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]			Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3		
3CC #1	CA_2A-4A-5A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
3CC #2	CA_4A-7C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #3	CA_5A-7C (0)	5, 10	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #4	CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #5	CA_7C-66A (0)	15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		4CC #1
3CC #6	CA_12A-66A-66A (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #7	CA_26A-41C (0)	5, 10, 15	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #8	CA_41D (0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.3.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (4CC)

Index	4CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]				Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4		
4CC #1	CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
4CC #2	CA_41E (0)	15, 20	15, 20	15, 20	20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.3.5 LTE Band 2 as PCC

Combination	PCC								SCC				SCC				Power		
	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) Ch.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) Ch.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A-4A (0)	LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	23.83	23.85
CA_2A-5A (0)	LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	23.81	23.85
CA_2A-5A (1)	LTE B2	10	18650	1855.0	QPSK	1	25	650	1935.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	23.76	23.85
CA_2A-7A (0)	LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	23.79	23.85
CA_2A-4A-5A (0)	LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	23.77	23.85

Table E.3.6 LTE Band 4 as PCC

Combination	PCC								SCC				SCC				Power		
	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) Ch.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) Ch.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A-4A (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.28	24.30
CA_4A-4A (0)	LTE B4	20	20050	1720.0	QPSK	1	0	2050	2120.0	LTE B4	20	2300	2145.0	-	-	-	-	24.19	24.21
CA_4A-4A (1)	LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	LTE B4	10	2350	2150.0	-	-	-	-	24.22	24.28
CA_4A-5A (0)	LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	24.21	24.28
CA_4A-5A (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	24.26	24.30
CA_4A-7A (0)	LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	24.20	24.28
CA_4A-7A (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	24.27	24.30
CA_4A-12A (0)	LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	LTE B12	10	5095	737.5	-	-	-	-	24.19	24.28
CA_4A-12A (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B12	10	5095	737.5	-	-	-	-	24.26	24.30
CA_4A-12A (2)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B12	10	5095	737.5	-	-	-	-	24.27	24.30
CA_4A-12A (3)	LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	LTE B12	10	5095	737.5	-	-	-	-	24.22	24.28
CA_4A-12A (4)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B12	10	5095	737.5	-	-	-	-	24.25	24.30
CA_4A-12A (5)	LTE B4	15	20025	1717.5	QPSK	1	0	2025	2117.5	LTE B12	10	5095	737.5	-	-	-	-	24.21	24.28
CA_4A-7C (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2674.8	24.25	24.30

Table E.3.7 LTE Band 5 as PCC

Combination	PCC								SCC				SCC				Power		
	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) Ch.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) Ch.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A-5A (0)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.96	24.97
CA_2A-5A (1)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B2	10	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.94	24.97
CA_4A-5A (0)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B4	10	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	24.91	24.97
CA_4A-5A (1)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	24.90	24.97
CA_5A-5A (0)	LTE B5	10	20450	829.0	QPSK	1	0	2450	874.0	LTE B5	10	2600	889.0	-	-	-	-	24.86	24.94
CA_5A-5A (1)	LTE B5	3	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	7	2525	881.5	LTE B5	5	2625	891.5	-	-	-	-	24.81	24.93
CA_5A-7A (0)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	24.87	24.97
CA_5A-7A (1)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B41	20	40620	2593.0	-	-	-	-	24.86	24.97
CA_5A-41A (0)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2674.8	24.84	24.97
CA_5A-7C (0)	LTE B5	10	20252	836.5	QPSK	1	0	2525	881.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2674.8	24.83	24.97

Table E.3.8 LTE Band 7 as PCC

Combination	PCC								SCC				SCC				Power		
	PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) Ch.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) Ch.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	25.17	25.18
CA_4A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B4	10	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	25.15	25.18
CA_4A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	25.14	25.18
CA_5A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	25.12	25.18
CA_5A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	25.11	25.18
CA_7A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B7	20	2800	2625.0	-	-	-	-	25.08	25.18
CA_7A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B7	20	2800	2630.0	-	-	-	-	25.06	25.18
CA_7C (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	-	-	-	-	25.03	25.18
CA_7C (2)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	25.04	25.18
CA_4A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-
CA_5A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B66	20	66786	2145.0	LTE B66	20	67036	2170.0	25.10	25.18
CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3500	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	LTE B66	20	67036	2170.0	25.13	25.17
CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	LTE B66	20	13202	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	66486	2115.0	LTE B12	10	5095	737.5	-	-	-	-	24.28	24.31
CA_12A-66A (1)</td																			

Table E.3.13 LTE DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers for comparing DL 4X4 MIMO and DL Intra-band CA

LTE Band	Maximum DL 4X4 MIMO Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Inter-band DL CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Contiguous DL CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Non-Contiguous DL CA Power (dBm)
B2	23.77 <	23.83	-	-
B4	24.08 <	24.28	-	24.22
B7	24.98 <	25.17	25.03	25.08
B66	24.28 <	24.39	24.41	-

Note(s):

1. The device only supports downlink Carrier Aggregation. Uplink Carrier Aggregation is not supported. The DL carrier aggregation powers were measured according to the April 2018 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation). Per Fall 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation inactive.

2. For downlink carrier aggregation combinations, PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3)b)ii) of KDB 941225 D05Av01r02.

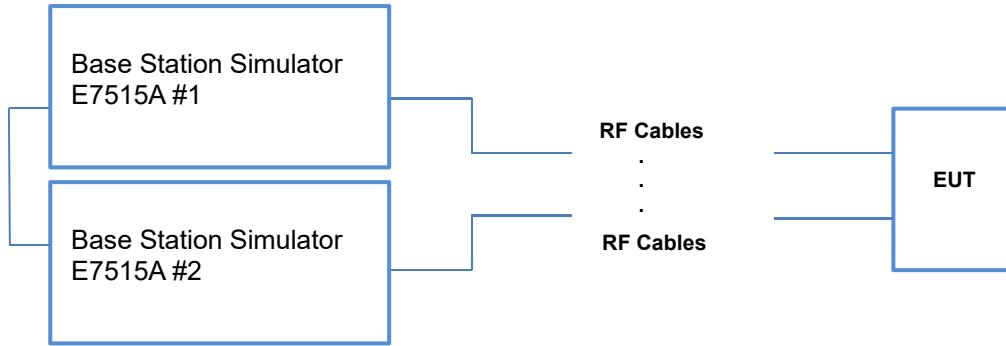


Figure E.3.1 DL 4CA Power Measurement Setup

## E.4 LTE 4x4 DL MIMO with DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers

- Below DL MIMO and DL CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Table E.4.1 DL 4X4 MIMO Configuration

LTE B2	LTE B4	LTE B7	LTE B66
2A[4X4] Table E.4.2	4A[4X4] Table E.4.2	7A[4X4] Table E.4.2	66A[4X4] Table E.4.2

Table E.4.2 LTE DL 4X4 MIMO Conducted Power

PCC / DL 4X4 MIMO								Power		
PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Modulation	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL4X4 MIMO Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	23.77	23.85
LTE B2	15	18675	1857.5	QPSK	1	36	675	1937.5	23.74	23.82
LTE B2	10	18650	1855.0	QPSK	1	25	650	1935.0	23.71	23.84
LTE B2	5	18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	12	900	1960.0	23.69	23.84
LTE B2	3	18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	7	900	1960.0	23.66	23.84
LTE B2	1.4	18900	1880.0	QPSK	1	0	900	1960.0	23.65	23.84
LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	24.08	24.30
LTE B4	15	20025	1717.5	QPSK	1	0	2025	2117.5	24.05	24.26
LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	24.02	24.28
LTE B4	5	19975	1712.5	QPSK	1	0	1975	2112.5	24.01	24.27
LTE B4	3	20385	1753.5	QPSK	1	0	2385	2153.5	24.00	24.28
LTE B4	1.4	19957	1710.7	QPSK	1	0	1957	2110.7	23.98	24.29
LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	24.98	25.18
LTE B7	15	21375	2562.5	QPSK	1	0	3375	2682.5	24.91	25.10
LTE B7	10	21400	2565.0	QPSK	1	0	3400	2685.0	24.95	25.17
LTE B7	5	21425	2567.5	QPSK	1	0	3425	2687.5	24.92	25.13
LTE B66	20	132572	1770.0	QPSK	1	0	67036	2170.0	24.28	24.44
LTE B66	15	132597	1772.5	QPSK	1	0	67061	2172.5	24.25	24.24
LTE B66	10	132022	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	66486	2115.0	24.22	24.31
LTE B66	5	131997	1712.5	QPSK	1	0	66461	2112.5	24.18	24.22
LTE B66	3	131987	1711.5	QPSK	1	0	66451	2111.5	24.14	24.20
LTE B66	1.4	132322	1745.0	QPSK	1	0	66786	2145.0	24.11	24.27

Note(s):  
1. The device supports downlink 4X4 MIMO. The DL 4X4 MIMO powers were measured applying the May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO). Per May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL MIMO configurations when the average output power with downlink MIMO active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink MIMO inactive.

2. PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3(b)(ii) of KDB 941225 D05Av01r02.

Table E.4.3 CA BW Class

Class	ATBC		Maximum number of CC
	NRB.agg	MHz	
A	N ≤ 100	20	1
B	25 < N ≤ 100	20	2
C	100 < N ≤ 200	40	2
D	200 < N ≤ 300	60	3
E	300 < N ≤ 400	80	4
F	400 < N ≤ 500	100	5
I	700 < N ≤ 800	160	8

Table E.4.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]		Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2		
2CC #1	CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4](0)	1, 4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #2	CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4](1)	5, 10	5, 10		No
2CC #3	CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4](2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #4	CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4](0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #5	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4](0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #6	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4](1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #7	CA_7A[4x4]-7A(0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #8	CA_7A[4x4]-7A(1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #9	CA_7A[4x4]-7A(2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #10	CA_7A[4x4]-7A(3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #11	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4](0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #12	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4](1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #13	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4](2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #14	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4](3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #15	CA_7A[4x4]-66A[4x4](0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #16	CA_7B[4x4](0)	15	5		No
2CC #17	CA_7C[4x4](0)	15, 20	15, 20		No
2CC #18	CA_7C[4x4](1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #19	CA_7C[4x4](2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #20	CA_66A[4x4]-66A[4x4](0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		3CC #2

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.4.5 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (3CC)

Index	3CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]			Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3		
3CC #1	CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4](0)	5, 10, 15, 20	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #2	CA_7A[4x4]-66A[4x4]-66A[4x4](0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.4.6 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (4CC)

Index	4CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]				Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4		
4CC #1	CA_7C[4x4]-66A[4x4]-66A[4x4](0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table E.4.7 LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA Powers, Band 2 as PCC

Combination	PCC Band	PCC					SCC					SCC					Power		
		PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	23.63	23.65
CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4] (1)	LTE B2	10	18650	1855.0	QPSK	1	25	650	1935.0	LTE B4	10	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	23.61	23.64
CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4] (2)	LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	23.63	23.65
CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B2	20	18700	1860.0	QPSK	1	50	700	1940.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	23.62	23.65

Table E.4.8 LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA Powers, Band 4 as PCC

Combination	PCC Band	PCC					SCC					SCC					Power		
		PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.03	24.30
CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4] (1)	LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	LTE B2	10	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.01	24.28
CA_2A[4x4]-4A[4x4] (2)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.00	24.30
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	10	20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	2000	2115.0	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	23.97	24.28
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	24.01	24.30
CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	20	20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2674.8	24.02	24.30

Table E.4.9 LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA Powers, Band 7 as PCC

Combination	PCC Band	PCC					SCC					SCC					SCC					Power	
		PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with 4x4 MIMO and DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_3A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	20	2132.5	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.03	24.30	24.03	24.30		
CA_3A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B4	10	2132.5	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B2	10	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.01	24.28	24.01	24.28		
CA_3A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (2)	LTE B4	20	2132.5	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	24.00	24.30	24.00	24.30		
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	10	2132.5	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	23.97	24.28	23.97	24.28		
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B4	20	2132.5	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	-	-	-	-	24.01	24.30	24.01	24.30		
CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B4	20	2132.5	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	2175	2132.5	LTE B7	20	3100	2655.0	LTE B7	20	3298	2674.8	24.02	24.30	24.02	24.30		

## Note(s):

1. The device only supports downlink Carrier Aggregation. Uplink Carrier Aggregation is not supported. The DL carrier aggregation powers were measured according to the April 2018 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation). Per Fall 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation inactive.

2. For downlink carrier aggregation combinations, PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3(b)(ii) of KDB 941225 D05Av01r02.

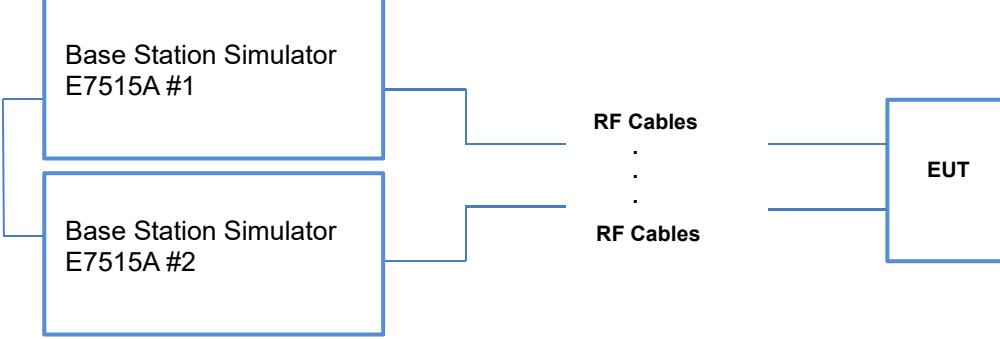


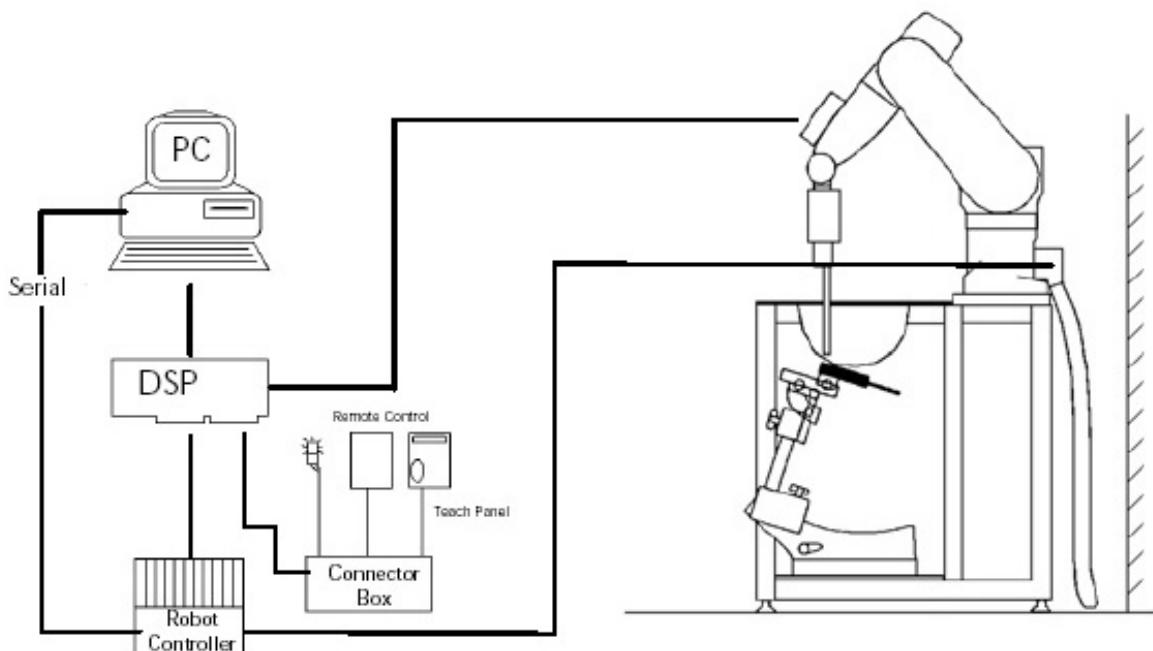
Figure E.4.1 DL 4x4 MIMO Power Measurement Setup

## APPENDIX F. – Description of Test Equipment

## F.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. G.1.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller each pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-2600/i7-3770/ i7-4770 3.40 GHz desktop computer with Windows 7 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5,A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robotis connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.



**Figure F.1.1 SAR Measurement System Setup**

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.

## F.2 Probe Specification

<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz
<b>Linearity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Dynamic</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g
<b>Range</b>	Linearity : $\pm 0.2$ dB
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length : 337 mm
<b>Tip length</b>	20 mm
<b>Body diameter</b>	12 mm
<b>Tip diameter</b>	2.5 mm
<b>Distance from probe tip to sensor center</b>	1.0 mm
<b>Application</b>	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones

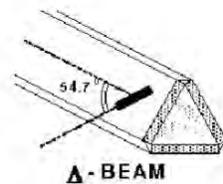


Figure F.2.1 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure F.2.2 Probe Thick-Film Technique



DAE System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 designed in the classical triangular configuration (see F.2.1) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multilayer line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

### F.3 E-Probe Calibration Process

#### Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

#### Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

#### Temperature Assessment \*

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

$\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

$\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

$\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

$\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T / \Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

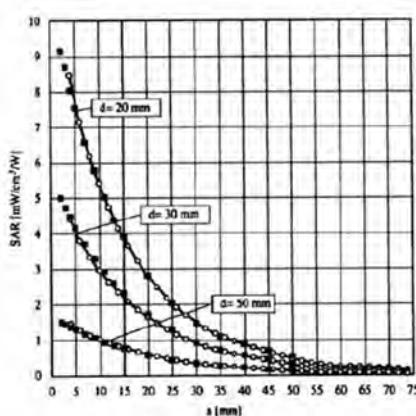


Figure F.3.1 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

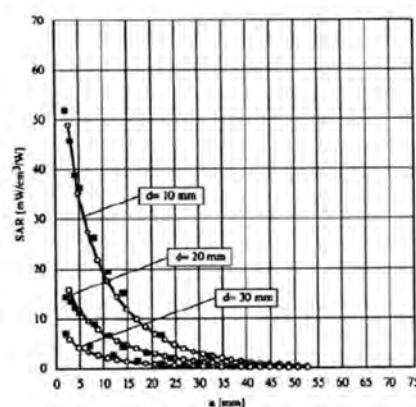


Figure F.3.2 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz

#### F.4 Data Extrapolation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{df}{dcp_i}$$

with     $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i    ( $i=x,y,z$ )  
            $U_i$  = input signal of channel i                ( $i=x,y,z$ )  
            $cf$  = crest factor of exciting field              (DASY parameter)  
            $dcp_i$  = diode compression point              (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

### E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $\text{Norm}_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$  for E-field probes  
 $\text{ConvF}$  = sensitivity of enhancement in solution  
 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel  $i$  in  $\text{V}/\text{m}$

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude);

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with       $SAR$       = local specific absorption rate in W/g  
 $E_{tot}$       = total field strength in V/m  
 $\sigma$       = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]  
 $\rho$       = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{FW} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$

with  $P_{pwe}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in  $\text{W/cm}^2$   
 $E_{ext}$  = total electric field strength in  $\text{V/m}$

## F.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. F.5.1)



**Figure F.5.1 SAM Twin Phantom**

### SAM Twin Phantom Specification:

#### Construction

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

#### Shell Thickness

$2 \pm 0.2$  mm

#### Filling Volume

Approx. 25 liters

#### Dimensions

Length: 1000 mm

Width: 500 mm

Height: adjustable feet

### Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications:

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. F.5.2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimize reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



**Figure F.5.2 Sam Twin Phantom shell**

## F.6 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c, V5.0 or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



**Figure F.6.1 Mounting Device**

## F.7 Automated Test System Specifications

### Positioner

<b>Robot</b>	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX90XL/ TX60L
<b>Repeatability</b>	0.02 mm
<b>No. of axis</b>	6

### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

#### Cell Controller

<b>Processor</b>	Intel Core i7-2600/i7-3770/i7-4770
<b>Clock Speed</b>	3.40 GHz
<b>Operating System</b>	Windows 7 Professional
<b>Data Card</b>	DASY5 PC-Board

#### Data Converter

<b>Features</b>	Signal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logic
<b>Software</b>	DASY5
<b>Connecting Lines</b>	Optical downlink for data and status info Optical uplink for commands and clock

#### PC Interface Card

<b>Function</b>	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE 4 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot
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#### E-Field Probes

<b>Model</b>	EX3DV4 S/N: 3933, 7337, 3916, 3866, 3930
<b>Construction</b>	Triangular core fiber optic detection system
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz
<b>Linearity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

#### Phantom

<b>Phantom</b>	SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0)
<b>Shell Material</b>	Composite
<b>Thickness</b>	$2.0 \pm 0.2$ mm



Figure F.7.1 DASY5 Test System

**APPENDIX G. – LTE Band 7 Phablet SAR Evaluation with proximity sensor enabled**

## G.1. Reduced LTE Band 7 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode			Modulated Average[dBm]	
LTE Band 7			Maximum	Nominal
			24.5	24.0

Table G.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Reduced Conducted Powers – Proximity Sensor Triggering Active)

Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	LTE Band 7 Conducted Power– 20 MHz Bandwidth			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
			20850 (2510.0 MHz)	21100 (2535.0 MHz)	21350 (2560.0 MHz)		
Conducted Power (dBm)							
QPSK	1	0	24.11	24.10	24.12	≤ 1	0
	1	50	23.98	23.97	23.99		
	1	99	23.85	23.97	23.99		
	50	0	23.95	23.91	24.07		
	50	25	23.92	23.90	24.05		
	50	50	23.91	23.88	24.03		
	100	0	23.88	23.85	24.01		
16QAM	1	0	23.97	23.92	24.08	≤ 1	0
	1	50	23.90	23.85	23.98		
	1	99	23.84	23.83	23.98		
	50	0	22.96	22.91	23.08		
	50	25	22.95	22.90	23.07		
	50	50	22.94	22.89	23.02		
	100	0	22.91	22.90	22.95		
64QAM	1	0	22.99	22.91	23.09	≤ 1	1
	1	50	22.93	22.88	23.03		
	1	99	22.90	22.86	23.02		
	50	0	21.95	21.91	22.09		
	50	25	21.91	21.90	22.06		
	50	50	21.90	21.90	22.05		
	100	0	21.90	21.90	22.03		

Table G.1.2 LTE Conducted Power

Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	LTE Band 7 Conducted Power– 15 MHz Bandwidth			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
			20825 (2507.5 MHz)	21100 (2535.0 MHz)	21375 (2562.5 MHz)		
Conducted Power (dBm)							
QPSK	1	0	24.11	24.05	24.09	≤ 1	0
	1	36	23.93	24.01	23.84		
	1	74	23.91	23.99	23.81		
	36	0	24.03	24.01	24.02		
	36	18	24.03	24.01	24.02		
	36	37	24.02	24.00	24.04		
	75	0	24.04	24.01	24.02		
16QAM	1	0	24.03	23.95	24.04	≤ 1	0
	1	36	23.92	23.88	23.83		
	1	74	23.90	23.88	23.80		
	36	0	23.01	22.92	23.00		
	36	18	23.03	22.94	22.99		
	36	37	23.03	22.95	23.04		
	75	0	22.98	22.90	23.02		
64QAM	1	0	23.06	22.96	23.06	≤ 1	1
	1	36	22.96	22.87	22.87		
	1	74	22.96	22.89	22.85		
	36	0	22.03	21.91	22.02		
	36	18	22.06	21.95	22.01		
	36	37	22.03	21.91	22.02		
	75	0	22.01	21.93	22.02		

Table G.1.3 LTE Conducted Power

Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	LTE Band 7 Conducted Power- 10 MHz Bandwidth			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
			20800 (2505.0 MHz)	21100 (2535.0 MHz)	21400 (2565.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	24.01	23.99	23.96	$\leq 1$	0
	1	25	23.98	23.98	24.00		0
	1	49	23.84	23.96	23.81		0
	25	0	23.92	23.92	23.91		0
	25	12	23.92	23.89	23.89		0
	25	25	23.91	23.92	23.88		0
	50	0	23.96	23.94	23.82		0
16QAM	1	0	23.91	23.96	23.94	$\leq 1$	0
	1	25	23.84	23.89	23.89		0
	1	49	23.83	23.86	23.80		0
	25	0	22.88	22.92	22.91		1
	25	12	22.86	22.94	22.93		1
	25	25	22.89	22.91	22.92		1
	50	0	22.89	22.94	22.86		1
64QAM	1	0	22.95	22.98	22.93	$\leq 1$	1
	1	25	22.86	22.88	22.87		1
	1	49	22.86	22.89	22.85		1
	25	0	21.92	21.93	21.91		2
	25	12	21.92	21.93	21.92		2
	25	25	21.92	21.93	21.91		2
	50	0	21.93	21.93	21.90		2

Table G.1.4 LTE Conducted Power

Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	LTE Band 7 Conducted Power- 5 MHz Bandwidth			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
			20775 (2502.5 MHz)	21100 (2535.0 MHz)	21425 (2567.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	24.06	24.04	23.99	$\leq 1$	0
	1	12	23.85	24.07	23.98		0
	1	24	23.81	24.00	24.01		0
	12	0	23.98	23.98	23.91		0
	12	6	24.01	23.94	23.91		0
	12	13	23.96	23.95	23.89		0
	25	0	24.01	23.97	23.92		0
16QAM	1	0	24.03	23.95	23.96	$\leq 1$	0
	1	12	23.84	23.90	23.86		0
	1	24	23.80	23.85	23.87		0
	12	0	22.98	22.91	22.94		1
	12	6	23.02	22.93	22.94		1
	12	13	23.00	22.95	22.94		1
	25	0	23.00	22.95	22.94		1
64QAM	1	0	23.01	22.97	22.96	$\leq 1$	1
	1	12	22.88	22.91	22.91		1
	1	24	22.85	22.90	22.90		1
	12	0	22.01	21.92	21.91		2
	12	6	21.96	21.95	21.92	$\leq 2$	2
	12	13	21.99	21.95	21.94		2
	25	0	21.99	21.92	21.93		2

Table G.1.5 LTE Conducted Power

## G.2 Reduced LTE Band 7 DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers

- Below downlink CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Table G.2.1 CA BW Class

Class	ATBC		Maximum number of CC
	NRB.agg	MHz	
A	$N \leq 100$	20	1
B	$25 < N \leq 100$	20	2
C	$100 < N \leq 200$	40	2
D	$200 < N \leq 300$	60	3
E	$300 < N \leq 400$	80	4
F	$400 < N \leq 500$	100	5
I	$700 < N \leq 800$	160	8

Table G.2.2 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]		Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2		
2CC #1	CA_2A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #2	CA_4A-7A (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #3	CA_4A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #4	CA_5A-7A (0)	1.4, 3, 5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #5	CA_5A-7A (1)	5, 10	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #6	CA_5A-41A (0)	5, 10	20		No
2CC #7	CA_7A-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #8	CA_7A-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #9	CA_7A-7A (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #10	CA_7A-7A (3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #11	CA_7A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #12	CA_7B (0)	15	5		No
2CC #13	CA_7C (0)	15, 20	15, 20		No
2CC #14	CA_7C (1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		3CC #1, 3CC #2
2CC #15	CA_7C (2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table G.2.3 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (3CC)

Index	3CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]			Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3		
3CC #1	CA_4A-7C (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #2	CA_5A-7C (0)	5, 10	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #3	CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
3CC #4	CA_7C-66A (0)	15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		4CC #1

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table G.2.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL CA (4CC)

Index	4CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]				Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4		
4CC #1	CA_7C-66A-66A (0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table G.2.5 LTE Band 7 as PCC

Combination	PCC Band	PCC					SCC				SCC				SCC				Power				
		PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) CH	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC ULL RB	PCC ULL RB Offset	PCC (DL) CH	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (DL) CH	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)				
CA_2A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B2	20	900	1960.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.10	24.12		
CA_4A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B4	10	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.08	24.12		
CA_4A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.05	24.12		
CA_5A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.02	24.12		
CA_5A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.01	24.12		
CA_7A-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	2850	2630.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.09	24.12		
CA_7A-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	2850	2630.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.06	24.12		
CA_7A-7A (2)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	10	2800	2625.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.03	24.12		
CA_7A-7A (3)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	2850	2630.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.02	24.12		
CA_7B (0)	LTE B7	15	20825	2507.5	QPSK	1	0	2825	2627.5	LTE B7	5	2918	2636.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	23.98	24.11		
CA_7C (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.00	24.12		
CA_7C (2)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.02	24.12		
CA_4A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	LTE B4	20	2175	2132.5	-	-	24.04	24.12		
CA_5A-7C (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	LTE B5	10	2525	881.5	-	-	24.07	24.12		
CA_7A-66A-66A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B66	20	68788	2145.0	LTE B66	20	68788	2170.0	LTE B66	20	67036	2170.0	24.09	24.12
CA_7C-66A (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	LTE B7	20	3152	2660.2	LTE B66	20	68788	2145.0	LTE B66	20	67036	2170.0	24.07	24.12

Table G.2.6 LTE DL Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers for comparing DL 4x4 MIMO and DL Intra-band CA (Reduced Conducted Powers - Proximity Sensor Triggering Active)

LTE Band	Maximum DL 4x4 MIMO Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Inter-band CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Contiguous CA Power (dBm)	Maximum DL Intra-band Non-Contiguous CA Power (dBm)
B7	23.88<	24.10	24.02	24.09

Note(s):

1. The device only supports downlink Carrier Aggregation. Uplink Carrier Aggregation is not supported. The DL carrier aggregation powers were measured according to the April 2018 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation). Per Fall 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE Carrier Aggregation) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation inactive.

2. For downlink carrier aggregation combinations, PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3(b)(ii) of KDB 941225 D05Av01r02.

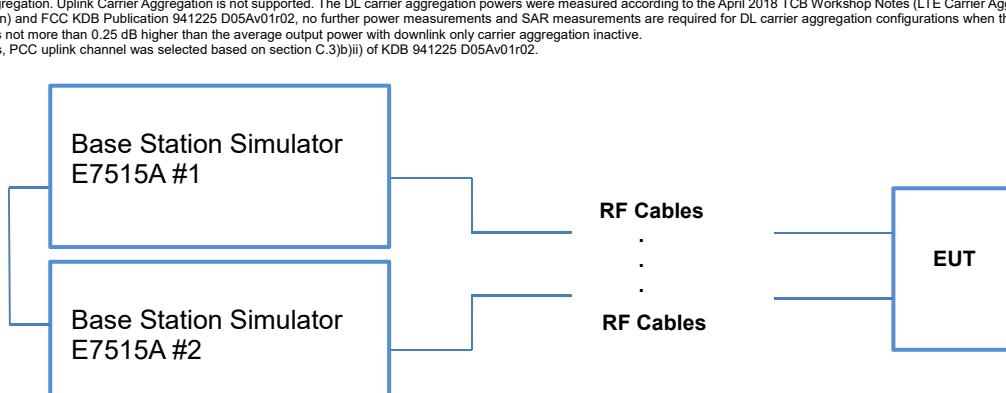


Figure G.2.1 DL 4CA Power Measurement Setup

### G.3. Reduced LTE Band 7 DL 4x4 MIMO, LTE DL 4x4 DL MIMO with DL CA Conducted Powers

- Below DL MIMO and DL CA configurations were determined based on Manufacturer's information.

Table G.3.1 DL 4X4 MIMO Configuration

LTE B7

7A[4X4] Table G.3.2

Table G.3.2 LTE DL 4X4 MIMO Conducted Power (Reduced Conducted Powers – Proximity Sensor Triggering Active)

PCC / DL 4X4 MIMO								Power		
PCC Band	PCC BW (MHz)	PCC (UL) Ch.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Modulation	PCC UL# RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) Ch.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with DL4X4 MIMO Enabled (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	2680.0	23.88	24.12
LTE B7	15	21375	2562.5	QPSK	1	0	3375	2682.5	23.87	24.12
LTE B7	10	21400	2565.0	QPSK	1	0	3400	2685.0	23.85	24.12
LTE B7	5	21425	2567.5	QPSK	1	0	3425	2687.5	23.83	24.12

Note(s):

1. The device supports downlink 4X4 MIMO. The 4X4 MIMO powers were measured applying the May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO). Per May 2017 TCB Workshop Notes (LTE 4x4 Downlink MIMO) and FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no further power measurements and SAR measurements are required for DL MIMO configurations when the average output power with downlink MIMO active is not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power with downlink MIMO inactive.

2. PCC uplink channel was selected based on section C.3(b)(ii) of KDB 941225 D05Av01r02.

Table G.3.3 CA BW Class

Class	ATBC		Maximum number of CC
	NRB.agg	MHz	
A	N ≤ 100	20	1
B	25 < N ≤ 100	20	2
C	100 < N ≤ 200	40	
D	200 < N ≤ 300	60	3
E	300 < N ≤ 400	80	4
F	400 < N ≤ 500	100	5
I	700 < N ≤ 800	160	6

Table G.3.4 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (2CC)

Index	2CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]		Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2		
2CC #1	CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #2	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #3	CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #4	CA_7A[4x4]-7A (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #5	CA_7A[4x4]-7A (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #6	CA_7A[4x4]-7A (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #7	CA_7A[4x4]-7A (3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #8	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #9	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #10	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (2)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10		No
2CC #11	CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (3)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #12	CA_7A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No
2CC #13	CA_7B[4x4] (0)	15	5		No
2CC #14	CA_7C[4x4] (0)	15, 20	15, 20		No
2CC #15	CA_7C[4x4] (1)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
2CC #16	CA_7C[4x4] (2)	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table G.3.5 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (3CC)

Index	3CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]			Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3		
3CC #1	CA_4A[4x4]-7C[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	15, 20	10, 15, 20		No
3CC #2	CA_7A[4x4]-66A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Note: Only yellow highlighted cells need power measurement.

Table G.3.6 Exclusion Table for LTE DL 4x4 MIMO and DL CA (4CC)

Index	4CC	Supported Channel Bandwidth [MHz]				Restriction	Completely Covered by Measurement Superset
		CC1	CC2	CC3	CC4		
4CC #1	CA_7C[4x4]-66A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	10, 15, 20	10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20	5, 10, 15, 20		No

Table G.3.7 LTE DL CA and DL 4x4 MIMO Powers, Band 7 as PCC

PCC		SCC		SCC		SCC		Power									
Combination	PCC Band	PCC (MHz)	PCC (UL) Ch.	PCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	Mod.	PCC RB	PCC UL RB Offset	PCC (DL) Ch.	PCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC Band	SCC BW (MHz)	SCC (UL) Ch.	SCC (UL) Freq. (MHz)	SCC (DL) Ch.	SCC (DL) Freq. (MHz)	LTE Tx. Power with 4x4 MIMO and DL CA active (dBm)	LTE Single Carrier Tx. Power (dBm)
CA_2A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21350	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3350	175.80	300	10	3170.5	2150.5	300	10	23.88	24.12
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	10	3170.5	2150.5	300	10	23.88	24.12
CA_4A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A (1)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A (2)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A (3)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (2)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4] (3)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7A[4x4]-7A[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7B[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7C[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7C[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7C[4x4] (2)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7C[4x4] (3)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7C[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7D[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7D[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7D[4x4] (2)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7D[4x4] (3)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7D[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7E[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7E[4x4] (1)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7E[4x4] (2)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7E[4x4] (3)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5	300	20	23.88	24.12
CA_7E[4x4]-66A[4x4] (0)	LTE B7	20	21360	2560.0	QPSK	1	0	3360	175.84	300	20	3170.5	2150.5				

#### G.4 LTE Band 7 Cap Sensor (proximity sensor) Power Measurement, Triggering Distance

- **Power reduction and Proximity Sensor information of ZNFG810EAW**

(1) Power reduction by proximity (capacitance) sensing: **LTE B7 only**

a) A proximity sensor for power reduction is implemented in this device to address RF exposure compliance about SAR requirement for protection of the human body.

(2) Proximity sensor detection area:

a) All proximity sensor pads are combined with the primary antenna pattern, therefore, they occupy the same area as the primary antenna.

b) The primary antenna and the proximity sensor pads are collocated and the peak SAR location is overlapping with the sensors, therefore do not need to measure proximity sensor coverage according to the KDB 616217 D04v01r02, section 6.3.

c) Power reduction mechanism is implemented in this device

i) Bottom surface, Front surface, Rear surface

d) The proximity sensor is triggered at the following distances when:

i) The bottom surface of the device is 3 mm for the trigger from the phantom.

ii) The front surface of the device is 3 mm for the trigger from the phantom.

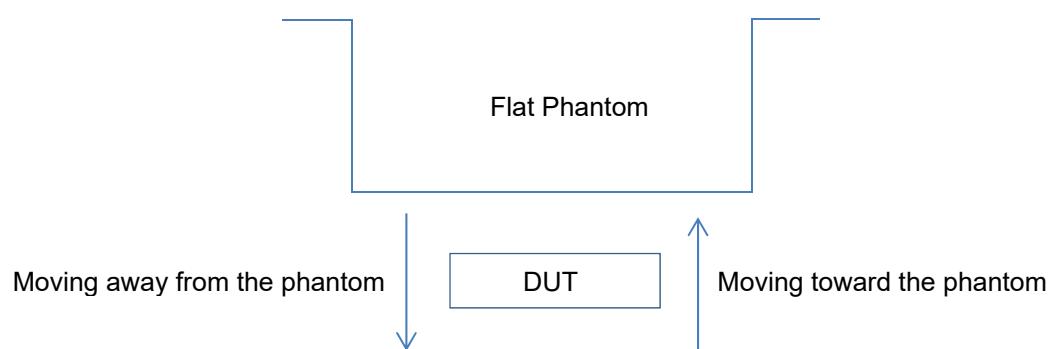
iii) The rear surface of the device is 3 mm for the trigger from the phantom.

iv) Other surfaces (Right/Left edges) will be tested with the maximum powers.

e) When a certain object or human body approaches the DUT, if the measured capacitance is higher than certain capacitance, proximity sensor is triggered and power is reduced as follows.

**Table G.4.1 LTE Band 7 Proximity Sensor power information**

Band	Proximity sensor state	Maximum	Power (dBm)	Normal	Power (dBm)
LTE B7	Inactive (Far)	Maximum	25.5	Normal	25.0
	Active (Near)	Maximum	24.5	Normal	24.0



**Figure G.4.1 Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance Assessment**

### - Cap Sensor Power Measurement and Triggering Distance

As per the KDB616217 D04v01r02, section 6.2 and two parts power verification procedure is used to determine the triggering distances.

Using this procedure the most conservative sensor triggering distance was measured and SAR measurement distance is determined (The most conservative sensor triggering distance – 1 mm for each applicable sides and edges).

#### (1) Proximity sensor status table when DUT is moving towards/ moving away the phantom (Bottom)

Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	Moving toward the phantom			Moving away from the phantom			Final SAR Measurement Distance (mm)				
		LTE Band 7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	LTE Band 7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)				
23	Inactive (Far)	25.18	3	2	13	Inactive (Far)	25.18	3	2			
20	Inactive (Far)				12	Inactive (Far)						
17	Inactive (Far)				11	Inactive (Far)						
14	Inactive (Far)				10	Inactive (Far)						
11	Inactive (Far)				9	Inactive (Far)						
8	Inactive (Far)				8	Inactive (Far)						
5	Inactive (Far)				7	Inactive (Far)						
4	Inactive (Far)				6	Inactive (Far)						
3	Active (Near)		24.12		5	Inactive (Far)						
2	Active (Near)				4	Inactive (Far)						
1	Active (Near)				3	Active (Near)	24.12					
0	Active (Near)				0	Active (Near)						

#### (2) Proximity sensor status table when DUT is moving towards/ moving away the phantom (Front)

Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	Moving toward the phantom			Moving away from the phantom			Final SAR Measurement Distance (mm)				
		LTE Band 7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	LTE Band 7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)				
23	Inactive (Far)	25.18	3	2	13	Inactive (Far)	25.18	3	2			
20	Inactive (Far)				12	Inactive (Far)						
17	Inactive (Far)				11	Inactive (Far)						
14	Inactive (Far)				10	Inactive (Far)						
11	Inactive (Far)				9	Inactive (Far)						
8	Inactive (Far)				8	Inactive (Far)						
5	Inactive (Far)				7	Inactive (Far)						
4	Inactive (Far)				6	Inactive (Far)						
3	Active (Near)		24.12		5	Inactive (Far)						
2	Active (Near)				4	Inactive (Far)						
1	Active (Near)				3	Active (Near)	24.12					
0	Active (Near)				0	Active (Near)						

#### (3) Proximity sensor status table when DUT is moving towards/ moving away the phantom (Rear)

Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	Moving toward the phantom			Moving away from the phantom			Final SAR Measurement Distance (mm)				
		LTE Band 7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)	SAR meas. Dist. (mm)	Dist. to the DUT (mm)	Capacitive Sensor Status (Front surface)	LTE Band 7 Cond. Power (dBm)	Trigg. dist. (mm)				
23	Inactive (Far)	25.18	3	2	13	Inactive (Far)	25.18	3	2			
20	Inactive (Far)				12	Inactive (Far)						
17	Inactive (Far)				11	Inactive (Far)						
14	Inactive (Far)				10	Inactive (Far)						
11	Inactive (Far)				9	Inactive (Far)						
8	Inactive (Far)				8	Inactive (Far)						
5	Inactive (Far)				7	Inactive (Far)						
4	Inactive (Far)				6	Inactive (Far)						
3	Active (Near)		24.12		5	Inactive (Far)						
2	Active (Near)				4	Inactive (Far)						
1	Active (Near)				3	Active (Near)	24.12					
0	Active (Near)				0	Active (Near)						

### - Cap Sensor SAR Test Plan for ZNFG810EAW

The smallest separation distance determined by the sensor triggering and sensor coverage for normal and/or tilt positions in KDB 616217 D04v01r02 section 6.2, 6.3 and 6.4 for front, back surface and edge triggering conditions, minus 1 mm, must be used as the test separation distance for SAR testing.

(1) The proximity sensor SAR will be tested at the following distances when:

- a) The **bottom surface** will be tested with the **maximum powers** of the device is **2 mm** from the phantom.
- b) The **front surface** will be tested with the **maximum powers** of the device is **2 mm** from the phantom.
- c) The **rear surface** will be tested with the **maximum powers** of the device is **2 mm** from the phantom.
- d) **Other surfaces** (Left/Right edges) will be tested with the **maximum powers** of the device is **0 mm** from the phantom.
- e) The **bottom surface** will be tested with the **reduction powers** of the device is **0 mm** from the phantom.
- f) The **front surface** will be tested with the **reduction powers** of the device is **0 mm** from the phantom.
- g) The **rear surface** will be tested with the **reduction powers** of the device is **0 mm** from the phantom.

Per FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02, this device was tested by test lab(DT&C) to determine the proximity sensor triggering distances for all applicable sides and edges of the device. The measured output power at distances within  $\pm 5$  mm of the triggering points (or until touching the phantom) is included for rear and front sides and each applicable edge per Step i) in Section 6.2 of the KDB. The technical descriptions in the filing contain the complete set of triggering data required by Section 6 of FCC Publication 616217 D04v01r02.

To ensure all production units are compliant, it is necessary to test SAR at a distance 1 mm less than the smallest distance between the device and SAR phantom (determined from the sensor triggering tests according to FCC KDB 616217 D04v01r02) with the device at the maximum output power (without power reduction). These SAR tests are included in addition to the SAR tests for the device touching the SAR phantom (at the reduced output power level).

The operational description contains information explaining how this device remains compliant in the event of a sensor malfunction.

## G.5 Tissue Verification

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS										
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon_r$	Target Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, $\epsilon_r$	Measured Conductivity, $\sigma$ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	$\sigma$ Deviation [%]
Apr. 08. 2019	2600 Body	20.8	20.7	2510.0	52.624	2.035	51.723	1.981	-1.71	-2.65
				2535.0	52.592	2.071	51.668	2.018	-1.76	-2.56
				2560.0	52.560	2.106	51.642	2.053	-1.75	-2.52
				2600.0	52.509	2.163	51.533	2.093	-1.86	-3.24

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

## Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r$ , for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where  $Y$  is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively,  $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$ ,  $\omega$  is the angular frequency, and  $j = \sqrt{-1}$ .

## G.6 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at 2600 MHz by using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table G.6.1 System Verification Results (10g)

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	Measured SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
D	2600	D2600V2, SN: 1016	Apr. 08. 2019	Body	20.8	20.7	7337	100	23.9	2.51	25.1	5.02

Note1: System Verification was measured with input 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

Note2: Full system validation status and results can be found in Appendix D.

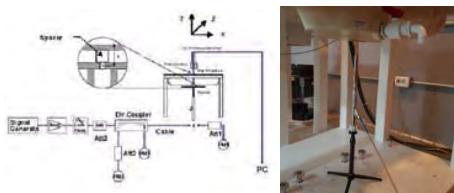


Figure G.6.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo

## G.7 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	10g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	25.50	25.18	-0.060	0	2 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	1.270	1.076	1.367	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.19	-0.060	1	2 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.883	1.074	0.948	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	25.50	25.18	0.020	0	2 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.887	1.076	0.954	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.19	0.090	1	2 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.654	1.074	0.702	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	25.50	25.18	0.020	0	2 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	1.780	1.076	1.915	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.19	-0.070	1	2 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	1.510	1.074	1.622	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	25.50	25.18	0.170	0	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	1.090	1.076	1.173	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.19	0.170	1	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.748	1.074	0.803	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.12	0.140	0	0 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.696	1.091	0.759	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.07	0.140	0	0 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.678	1.104	0.749	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.12	-0.160	0	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.829	1.091	0.904	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.07	-0.180	0	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.802	1.104	0.885	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.11	-0.090	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	1.790	1.094	1.958	
2535.0	21100	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.10	-0.070	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	2.090	1.096	2.291	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.12	-0.040	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	2.440	1.091	2.662	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	24.50	23.95	-0.080	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	1.770	1.135	2.009	
2535.0	21100	LTE B7	20	24.50	23.91	-0.090	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	2.090	1.146	2.395	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.07	-0.040	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	2.350	1.104	2.594	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.01	0.020	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	100	0	1:1	2.350	1.119	2.630	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.12	-0.040	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	2.080	1.091	2.269	
2560.0	21350	LTE B7	20	24.50	24.12	-0.080	0	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	2.240	1.091	2.444	

ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT

Spatial Peak

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure

Phablet

4.0 W/kg (mW/g)

averaged over 10 gram

Note(s):

1. Blue entries represent SIM2 (This is a SIM card that can be installed in place of a memory card.) measurements.

2. Yellow entries represent variability measurements.

## G.8 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis with proximity sensor enabled

Table 8.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.322	0.322
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.397	1.351
		Rear	2.662	0.967	3.629
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.094	1.267

Table 8.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.018	0.018
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.439	1.393
		Rear	2.662	0.667	3.329
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.148	1.321

Table 8.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN MIMO (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.353	0.353
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.484	1.438
		Rear	2.662	1.069	3.731
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.157	1.330

Table 8.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G with 5.6 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.619	0.619
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.788	1.742
		Rear	2.662	0.889	3.551
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.196	1.369

Table 8.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.018	0.018
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.486	1.440
		Rear	2.662	0.775	3.437
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.186	1.359

**Table 8.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN MIMO (Phablet at 0 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.658	0.658
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.934	1.888
		Rear	2.662	1.167	3.829
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.192	1.365

**Table 8.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.8 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 (Phablet at 0 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.281	0.281
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.551	1.505
		Rear	2.662	0.424	3.086
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.149	1.322

**Table 8.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.8 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Phablet at 0 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.012	0.012
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.438	1.392
		Rear	2.662	0.726	3.388
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.178	1.351

**Table 8.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 4G + 5.8 GHz W-LAN MIMO (Phablet at 0 mm)**

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	4G SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Phablet SAR	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.308	0.308
		Bottom	1.367	-	1.367
		Front	0.954	0.878	1.832
		Rear	2.662	1.083	3.745
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	1.173	0.171	1.344

### G.8.1 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.