RF Exposure Evaluation

Limits

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in KDB 447498 D01 V06 and 1.1307(b)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)			
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures							
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6			
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6			
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6			
300–1500			f/300	6			
1500–100,000			5	6			
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure							
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30			
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30			
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30			
300–1500			f/1500	30			
1500–100,000			1.0	30			

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

f = frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula: Pd = (Pout*G)/(4*pi*r²)

Where

Pd = power density in mW/cm², **Pout** = output power to antenna in mW;

G = gain of antenna in linear scale, Pi = 3.1416;

 \mathbf{R} = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

$EIRP=E_{Meas}+20log(d_{Meas})-104.7$

EIRP	is the equivalent isotropically radiated power, in dBm
E _{Meas}	is the field strength of the emission at the measurement distance, in dB $\!$
d_{Meas}	is the measurement distance, in m

Pd id the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

Zigbee mode

Output power to antenna (dBm)	Output power to antenna (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Result
4.38	2.74157	0.00097	1.0	PASS

Remark: antenna gain=2.49 dBi