	Model: BB4113			Test Number: 200921			
MPE Calculator	RF Exposure uses EIRP for calculation. EIRP is based on		l on TX power	added to the antenna ga	nin in dBi.		
	dBi = dB gain compared to an isotropic radiator.						
	S = power density in mW/cm		117)	60.0			
	Transmitter Output power (mW)			60.8 0.061			
Output Power for %	Transmitter Output power (W		100	0.061		Antenna Gain (dBi)	-1.6
Output Power for % duty Cycle operation (Watts) Output Power for 100% duty Cycle operation (0.061	Δnte	enna Gain (Numeric)	0.69
		• •				ì	
Tx Frequency (MHz)	2437	Calcualtion power (Wa	atts)	0.061	dBd + 2.17 = dBi		2.2
Cable Loss (dB)				4=04		Antenna Gain (dBd)	
	0.0	0.0 Adjusted Power (dBr		17.84	Antenna minus cable (dBi) Antenna Gain (Numeric)		-1.60
	Calculated ERP (mw) 25.527				EIRP = Po(dBM) + Gain (dB)		0.69
	Calculated ERP (mw) 42.073				Radiated (EIRP) dBm		
	Calculated ERG (Hiw) 42.073				ERP = EIRP - 2.17		
	EIRP				Į.	Radiated (ERP) dBm	
	Power density (S) mW/					(Exa) dBiii	1570
		4 p r^2					
	r (cm) EIRP (mW)						
	(, , (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
5(Occupational Limit FCC radio fr		lio frequency r	requency radiation exposure limits per 1.1310			
	mW/cm ²	Frequency (MHz)	Occupa	ational Limit (mW/cm ²)	Public Limit (mW/cm ²)		
	W/m^2	30-300		1	0.2		
	General Public Limit	300-1,500		f/300	f/1500		
	1 mW/cm ²	1,500-10,000		5	1		
10	W/m ²						
•	W/III						
	Occupational Limit	•					
0.6455 f^{0} .		IC radio	frequency rad	quency radiation exposure limits per RSS-102			
	W/m^2	Frequency (MHz)	Occu	pational Limit (W/m ²)	Public Limit (W/m ²)		
	General Public Limit	100-6,000		$0.6455f^{0.5}$			
$0.02619f^{0.683}$	W/m^2	6,000-15,000		50			
5.4		48-300			1.291		
		300-6,000			$0.02619f^{0.6834}$		
		6,000-15,000		50	10		
		-,					
= Transmit Frequecny (MH	z)				f (MHz) =	2437	MHz
P _T = Power Input to Antenna (mW)					P_{T} (mW) =	60.8135	mW
Duty cycle (percentage of operation)					% =	100	%
P _A = Adjusted Power due to Duty cycle or Cable Loss (mW)					$P_A(mW) =$	60.81	mW
G _N = Numeric Gain of the Antenna					GN (numeric) =	0.69	numeric
S_{20} = Power Density of device at $20cm (mW/m^2)$			S ₂₀ =(P _A C	$G_{\rm N}$)/ $(4\pi R_{20})^2$	$S_{20} (mW/m^2) =$	0.01	mW/m ²
$S_{20} = Power Density of device at 20cm (W/m^2)$				$G_N/(4\pi R_{20})^2$	$S_{20} (W/m^2) =$		W/m ²
S _L = Power Density Limit (W			20 (- A	(20/	$S_{L}(W/m^2)=$		W/m ²
	e Radiating Element for Compliance	(cm)	$R_C = \sqrt{(P_A C)}$	1. /Amn >	$R_{C} (cm) = 2.5$		
		C			W/m ²		
	vice at the Compliance Distance Ro	(W/m')	S _C =(P _A G	_N)/(4πK _C)	$S_C (W/m^2) =$		
$R_{20} = 20cm$					R20=	20	cm
	For Complaince with Can	ada General Population I	imite Hear Ma	nual must indicate a mini	mum caparation distance of	2.5	cm

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Revision 1

Garmin International, Inc.

Model: BB4113 Test: 200921

Test to: CFR47 15C, RSS-247, RSS-Gen File: BB4113 MPE Exclusion

SN's: 3341634179 / 3341633959 FCC ID: IPH-A04113 IC: 1792A-A04113

Date: December 30, 2020

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