TEST REPORT

Dt&C Co., Ltd.
42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 17042
Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

1. Report No : DRTFCC2505-0027

2. Customer

- Name (FCC) : MOTREX CO., LTD.
- Address (FCC) : 1-1301, 56, Geumto-ro 80beon-gil, Sujeong-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea

3. Use of Report : FCC Original Certification

4. Product Name / Model Name : SMART DISPLAY / MH310L-H01
FCC ID : BP9-MH310L-H01

5. FCC Regulation(s): Part 15.407
Test Method used: KDB789033 D02v02r01, KDB662911 D01v02r01, ANSI C63.10-2013

6. Date of Test : 2025.04.21 ~ 2025.05.15

7. Location of Test : ☒ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment : See appended test report.

9. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.
This test report is not related to KOLAS accreditation.

Affirmation	Tested by Name : SeungMin Gil	Technical Manager Name : JaeJin Lee

2025 . 05 . 19 .

Dt&C Co., Ltd.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Revised by	Reviewed by
DRTFCC2505-0027	May. 19, 2025	Initial issue	SeungMin Gil	JaeJin Lee

CONTENTS

1. General Information

1.1. Description of EUT

Equipment Class	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure TX(NII)
Product Name	SMART DISPLAY
Model Name	MH310L-H01
Add Model Name	MH310L-H02, MH310L-K01, MH310L-K02
Firmware Version Identification Number	Rev 01.
EUT Serial Number	Conducted: MTXNQ5PEAAR81F10001 , Radiated: NQ5PEMXPV0JA0001
Power Supply	DC 12 V
Modulation Technique	OFDM
Antenna Specification(Antenna 1)	Antenna Type: Chip Antenna Antenna Gain NII-1: -0.85 dBi, NII-3: -0.77 dBi
Antenna Specification(Antenna 2)	Antenna Type: Chip Antenna Antenna Gain NII-1: -0.78 dBi, NII-3: -0.21 dBi

Band	Mode	Tx. frequency(MHz)	Max. conducted power(dBm)
U-NII 1	802.11a	5 180 ~ 5 240	8.94
	802.11n(HT20)	5 180 ~ 5 240	8.96
	802.11ac(VHT20)	5 180 ~ 5 240	8.91
	802.11n(HT40)	5 190 ~ 5 230	**9.69**
	802.11ac(VHT40)	5 190 ~ 5 230	9.67
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5 210	9.23
U-NII 3	802.11a	5 745 ~ 5 825	8.94
	802.11n(HT20)	5 745 ~ 5 825	8.72
	802.11ac(VHT20)	5 745 ~ 5 825	8.68
	802.11n(HT40)	5 755 ~ 5 795	9.39
	802.11ac(VHT40)	5 755 ~ 5 795	**9.42**
	802.11ac(VHT80)	5 775	8.86

1.2. Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer

N/A

1.3. Testing Laboratory

Dt&C Co., Ltd.		
The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042. The test site complies with the requirements of Part 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2014. **- FCC & ISED MRA Designation No. : KR0034** **- ISED#: 5740A**		
www.dtnc.net		
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664

1.4. Testing Environment

Ambient Condition	
▪ Temperature	+22 ℃ ~ +27 ℃
▪ Relative Humidity	+35 % ~ +47 %

1.5. Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 and ANSI C63.10-2013. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Antenna-port conducted emission	1.0 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated emission (1 GHz Below)	5.0 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	4.8 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated emission (18 GHz Above)	5.8 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)

1.6. Test Equipment List

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	24/11/26	25/11/26	MY46471172
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	24/06/03	25/06/03	US47360812
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	24/11/26	25/11/26	MY50410399
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9030B	24/11/25	25/11/25	MY55480168
DC Power Supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	24/12/09	25/12/09	GB42110592
DC Power Supply	DIGITAL	DPR-303D	24/06/05	25/06/05	2090097
DC Power Supply	SM techno	SDP30-5D	24/06/05	25/06/05	305DMG304
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	24/11/27	25/11/27	26030065WS
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	24/12/10	25/12/10	255571
Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	M9383A	24/12/10	25/12/10	E76F804A28
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	24/12/17	25/12/17	090205-4
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	24/12/05	25/12/05	120612-2
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	24/06/05	25/06/05	N/A
Loop Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	6502	24/11/08	26/11/08	00060496
Hybrid Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	24/12/13	25/12/13	3362
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	24/06/04	25/06/04	00143278
Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	24/06/11	25/06/11	155
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-0118-B01-40	24/11/26	25/11/26	1852267
PreAmplifier	tsj	MLA-1840-J02-45	24/06/03	25/06/03	16966-10728
PreAmplifier	H.P	8447D	24/12/11	25/12/11	2944A07774
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-935-1000-15000-40SS	24/06/12	25/06/12	8
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX10-2838-3300-18000-60SS	24/06/12	25/06/12	1
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHNX8.0/26.5-6SS	24/06/12	25/06/12	3
Attenuator	Hefei Shunze	SS5T2.92-10-40	24/06/12	25/06/12	16012202
Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	56-3	24/06/12	25/06/12	Y2370
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	24/06/12	25/06/12	3
Attenuator	SMAJK	SMAJK-2-3	24/06/12	25/06/12	2
Attenuator	Aeroflex/Weinschel	86-10-11	24/06/03	25/06/03	408
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2496A MA2490A	24/12/12	25/12/12	1338004 1249303
Cable	Dt&C	Cable	25/01/02	26/01/02	G-2
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 100	25/01/02	26/01/02	G-3
Cable	Dt&C	Cable	25/01/02	26/01/02	G-4
Cable	OMT	YSS21S	25/01/02	26/01/02	G-5
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	25/01/02	26/01/02	mmW-1
Cable	Junkosha	MWX241	25/01/02	26/01/02	mmW-4
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX100	25/01/02	26/01/02	M-01
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX100	25/01/02	26/01/02	M-02
Cable	JUNKOSHA	MWX241/B	25/01/02	26/01/02	M-03
Cable	JUNKOSHA	J12J101757-00	25/01/02	26/01/02	M-07
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX106	25/01/02	26/01/02	M-09
Cable	Dt&C	CABLE	25/01/02	26/01/02	RFC-46
Test Software (Radiated)	tsj	EMI Measurement	NA	NA	Version 2.00.0185
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SYC	3m-SAC	24/06/14(NSA) 24/06/19(VSWR)	25/06/14(NSA) 25/06/19(VSWR)	3m-SAC-1
3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SYC	3m-SAC	25/01/14(NSA) 25/01/17(VSWR)	26/01/14(NSA) 26/01/17(VSWR)	3m-SAC-2

Note1: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017
Note2: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by Dt&C itself.

2. Test Methodology

The measurement procedures described in the ANSI C63.10-2013 and the guidance provided in KDB789033 D02v02r01 were used in measurement of the EUT.

The EUT was tested per the guidance of KDB789033 D02v02r01. And ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing.

2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

2.3. General Test Procedures

Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB789033 D02v02r01.

So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector.

Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB789033 D02v02r01. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 as stated on KDB789033 D02v02r01.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 1 m or 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axis.

2.4. Instrument Calibration

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

2.5. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested with the operating condition for maximizing the emission characteristics. A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting.

Transmitting Configuration of EUT

Mode	SISO		MIMO (CDD)	MIMO (SDM)
	Ant 1	Ant 2	Ant 1 & 2	Ant 1 & 2
	Data rate			
802.11a	6 ~ 54 Mbps	6 ~ 54 Mbps	6 ~ 54 Mbps	-
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 8 ~ 15
802.11ac(VHT20)	MCS 0 ~ 8(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 8(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 8(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 8(2SS)
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 0 ~ 7	MCS 8 ~ 15
802.11ac(VHT40)	MCS 0 ~ 9(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 9(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 9(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 9(2SS)
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0 ~ 9(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 9(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 9(1SS)	MCS 0 ~ 9(2SS)

Note1: SDM = Spatial Diversity Multiplexing, CDD = Cycle Delay Diversity, SS = Spatial Streams

EUT Operation test setup

- Test Software: Tera Term 4.105

- Power setting: Refer to the table below.

Band	802.11a		
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting
U-NII 1	36	5 180	6
	40	5 200	6
	48	5 240	6
U-NII 3	149	5 745	7
	157	5 785	7
	165	5 825	7

Band	802.11n(HT20) / 802.11ac(VHT20)		
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting
U-NII 1	36	5 180	6
	40	5 200	6
	48	5 240	6
U-NII 3	149	5 745	7
	157	5 785	7
	165	5 825	7

Band	802.11n(HT40) / 802.11ac(VHT40)		
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting
U-NII 1	38	5 190	6
	46	5 230	6
U-NII 3	151	5 755	7
	159	5 795	7

Band	802.11ac(VHT80)		
	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting
U-NII 1	42	5 210	6
U-NII 3	155	5 775	7

Tested Mode

Test Mode		ANT configuration	Worst data rate
TM 1	802.11a	CDD Multiple transmitting	6 Mbps
TM 2	802.11n(HT20)	CDD Multiple transmitting	MCS 0
TM 3	802.11n(HT40)	CDD Multiple transmitting	MCS 0
TM 4	802.11ac(VHT80)	CDD Multiple transmitting	MCS 0

Note 1: The worst case data rate is determined as above test mode according to the power measurements.

3. Antenna Requirements

▣ **According to Part 15.203**

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

The antenna is permanently attached.(Refer to Internal Photo file.)
Therefore this E.U.T complies with the requirement of Part 15.203

Directional antenna gain:

Bands	SISO		MIMO (CDD) Note 1.	MIMO (SDM) Note 2
	ANT 1 [dBi]	ANT 2 [dBi]	Directional Gain[dBi]	Directional Gain[dBi]
U-NII 1	-0.85	-0.78	**2.20**	-0.81
U-NII 3	-0.77	-0.21	**2.52**	-0.48

Note 1. Directional gain(correlated signal with unequal antenna gain and equal transmit power)
$10 \log [(10^{G1/20} + 10^{G2/20} + \ldots + 10^{GN/20})^2 / N^{ANT}]$ dBi

Note 2. Directional gain(completely uncorrelated signal with unequal antenna gain and equal transmit power)
$10 \log [(10^{G1/10} + 10^{G2/10} + \ldots + 10^{GN/10}) / N^{ANT}]$ dBi

4. Summary of Test Result

FCC Part Section(s)	Test Description	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.407(a)	Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)	N/A	Conducted	C
15.407(e)	Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)	> 500 kHz in 5 725 ~ 5 850 MHz		C
15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Part 15.407(a) (Refer to section 5.3)		C
15.407(a)	Maximum Power Spectral Density	Part 15.407(a) (Refer to section 5.4)		C
15.407(h)	Dynamic Frequency Selection	Part 15.407(h)		NA Note 2
15.205 15.209 15.407(b)	Unwanted Emissions	Part 15.209, 15.407(b) (Refer to section 5.5)	Radiated	C
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions	Part 15.207 (Refer to section 5.6)	AC Line Conducted	NA Note 3
15.203	Antenna Requirements	Part 15.203 (Refer to section 3)	-	C

Note 1: **C** = Comply **NC** = Not Comply **NT** = Not Tested **NA** = Not Applicable
Note 2: This device supports U-NII-1, U-NII 3 band only.
Note 3: This device is installed in a car. Therefore the power source is a battery of car.

5. TEST RESULT

5.1. Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)

▣ Test Requirements

- Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)

The bandwidth at 26 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

▣ Test Configuration

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

▣ Test Procedure

- Emission Bandwidth (26 dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB789033 D02v02r01**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = approximately **1 %** of the EBW.
2. Set the video bandwidth **(VBW) > RBW**.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **max hold**.

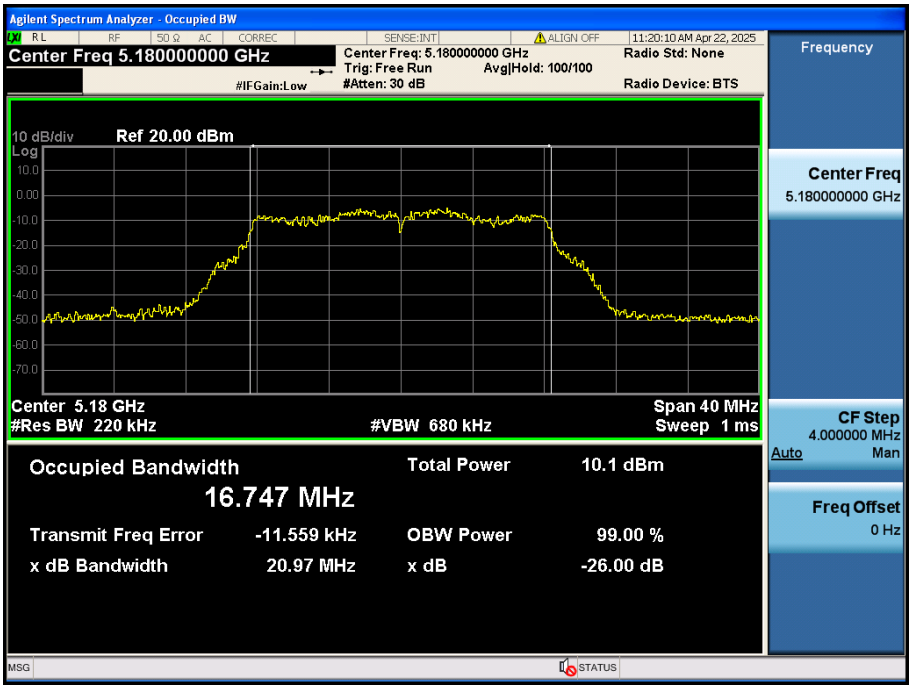
Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

▣ Test Results: Comply

Test Mode	Band	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	26 dB BW(MHz)	
				ANT 1	ANT 2
TM 1	U-NII 1	36	5 180	20.97	20.87
		40	5 200	21.03	20.55
		48	5 240	20.56	20.54
TM 2	U-NII 1	36	5 180	21.36	20.87
		40	5 200	20.97	20.98
		48	5 240	21.08	21.05
TM 3	U-NII 1	38	5 190	39.10	39.18
		46	5 230	39.57	38.97
TM 4	U-NII 1	42	5 210	80.58	80.59

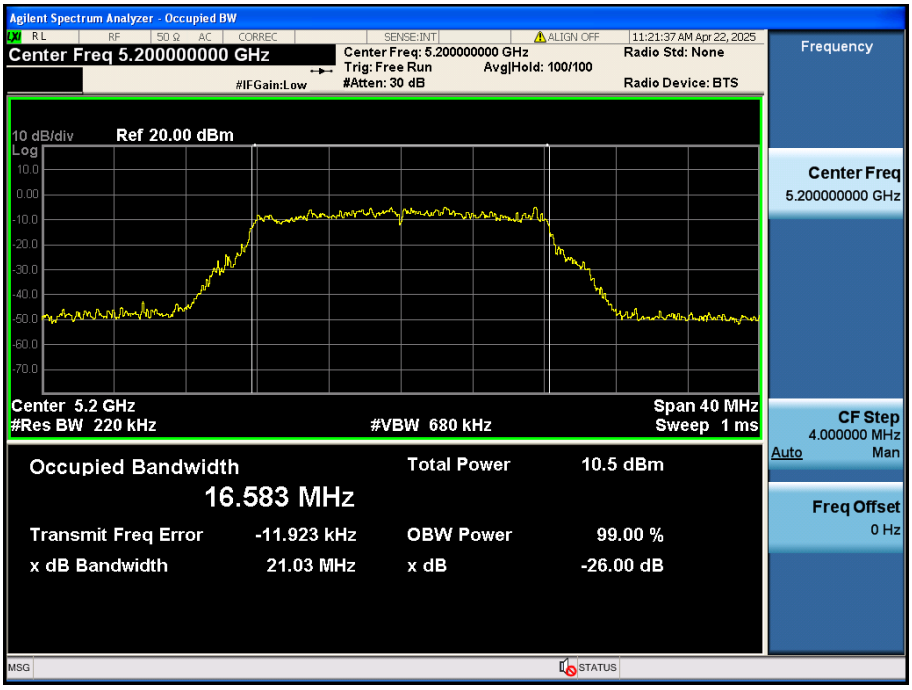
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.36



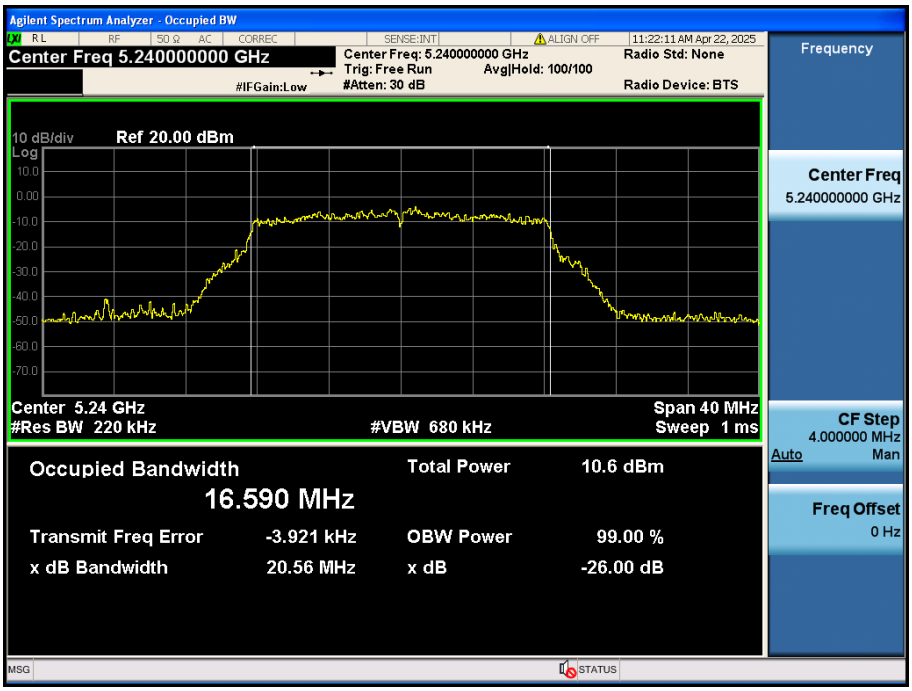
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.40



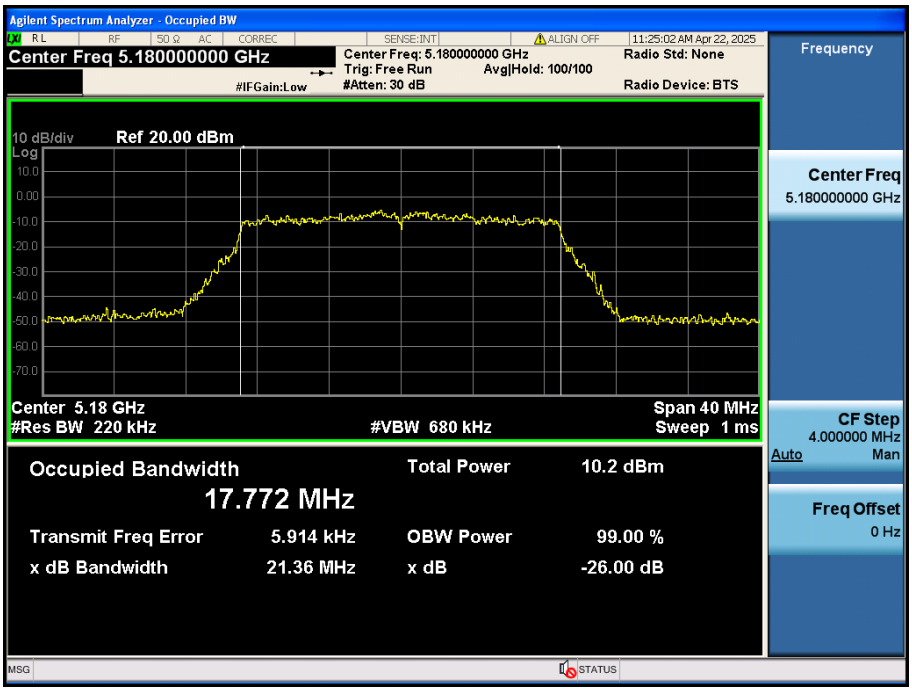
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.48



26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.36



26 dB Bandwidth

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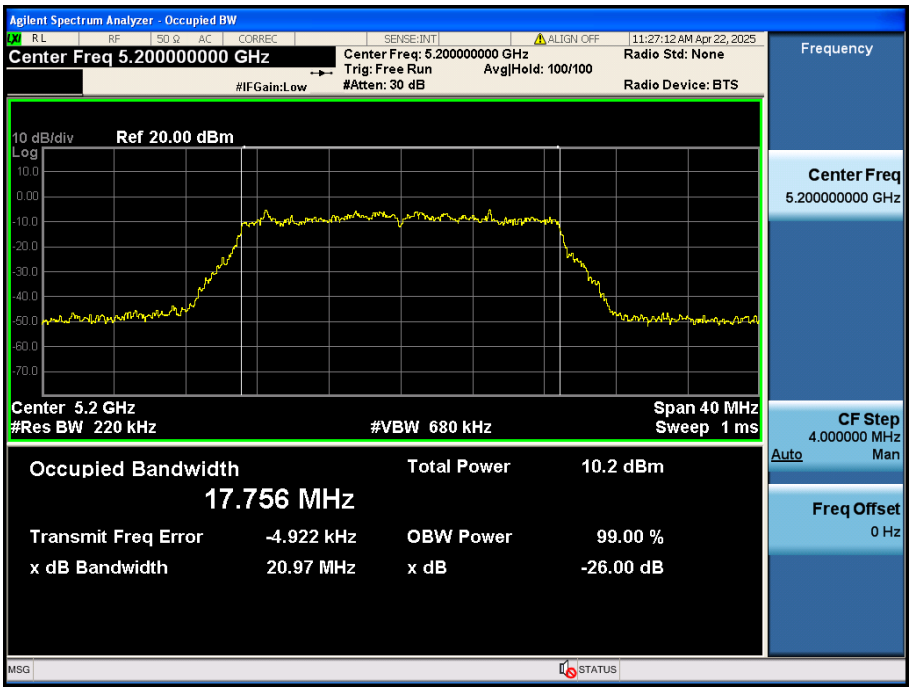

26 dB Bandwidth

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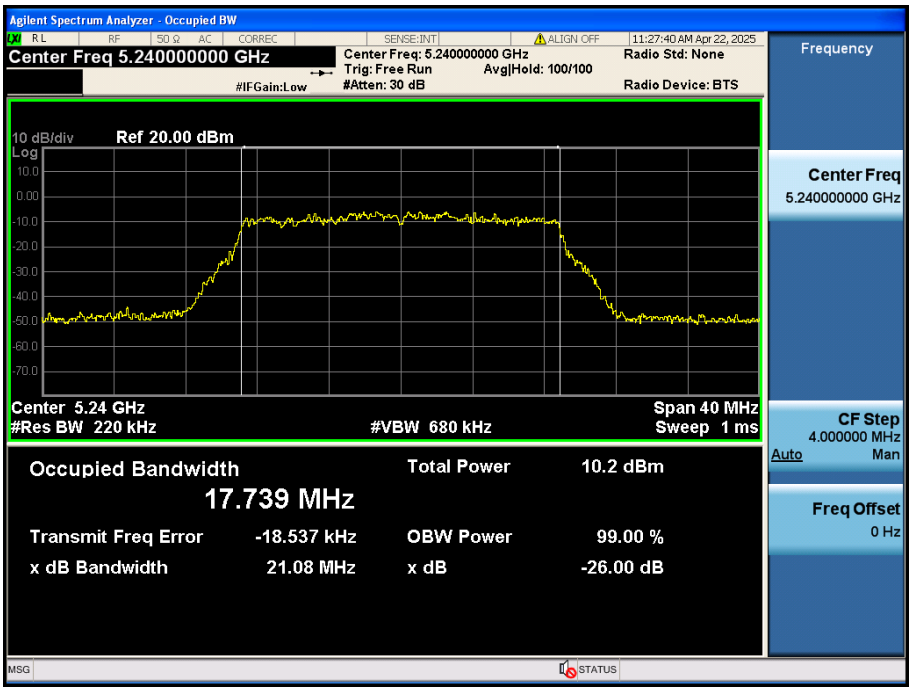
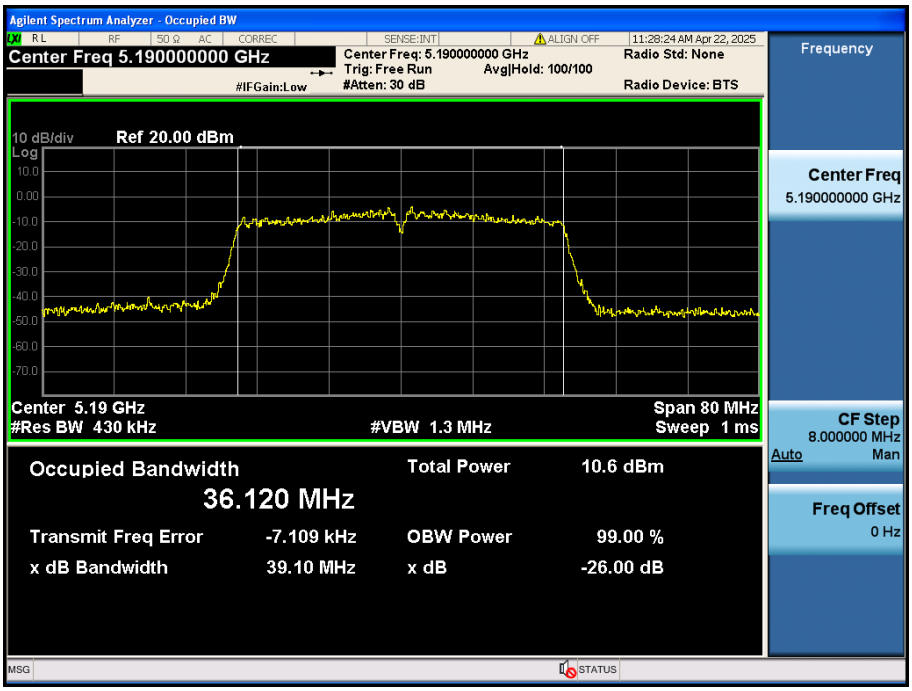


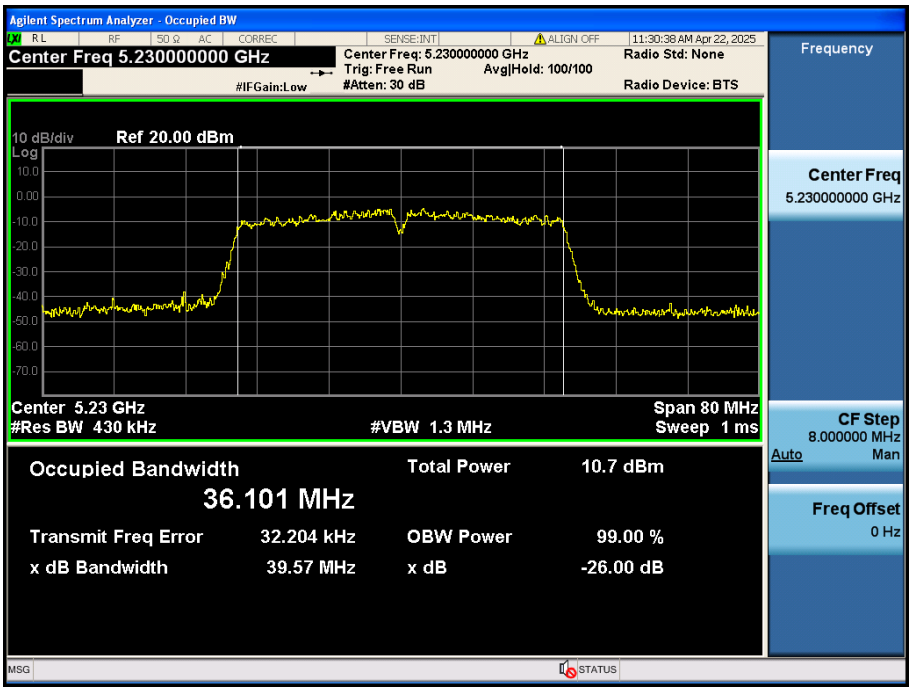
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.38



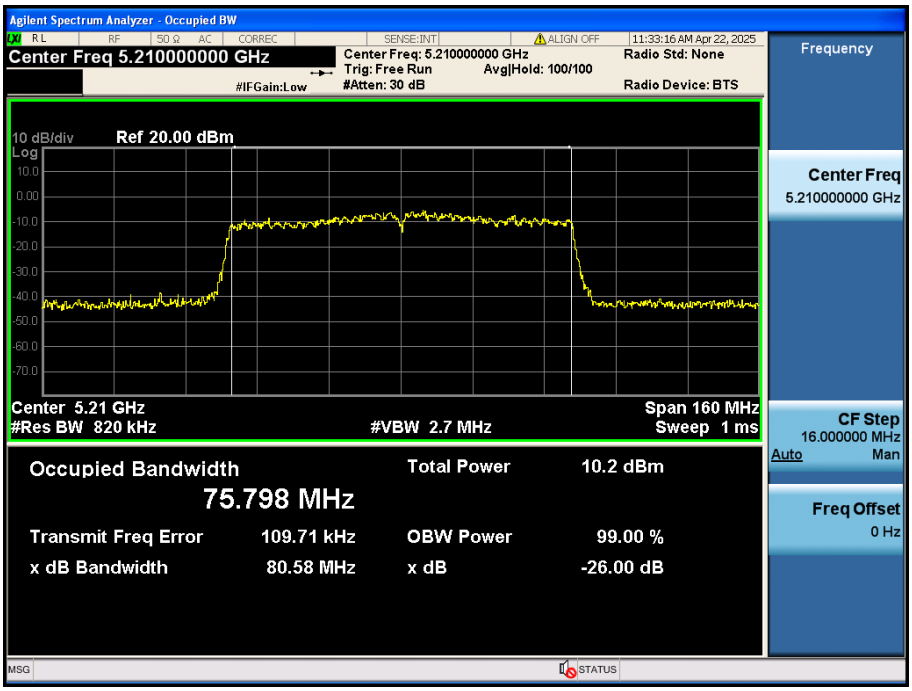
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.46



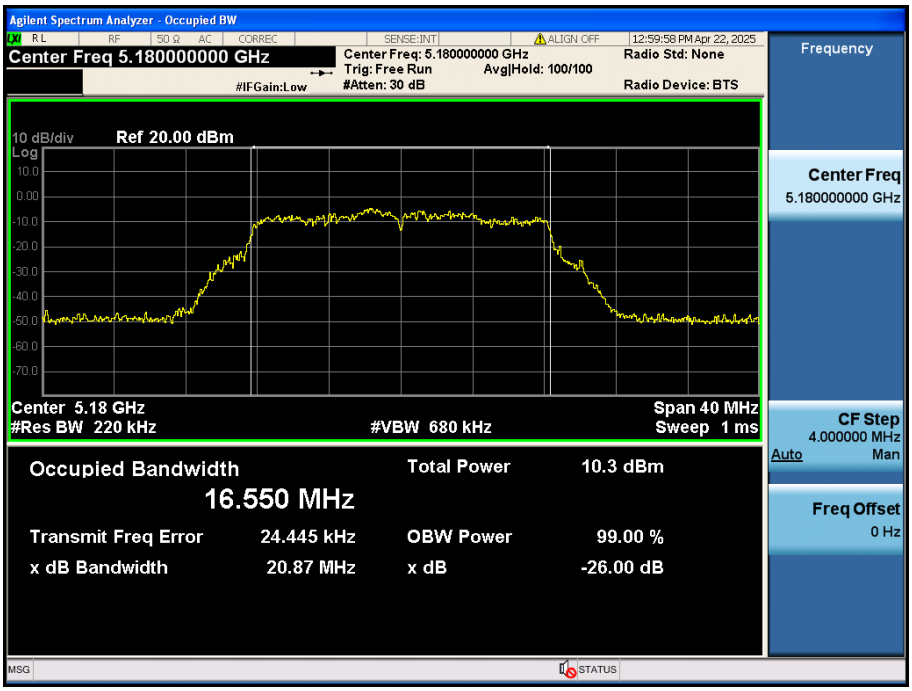
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 1 & Ch.42



26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.36

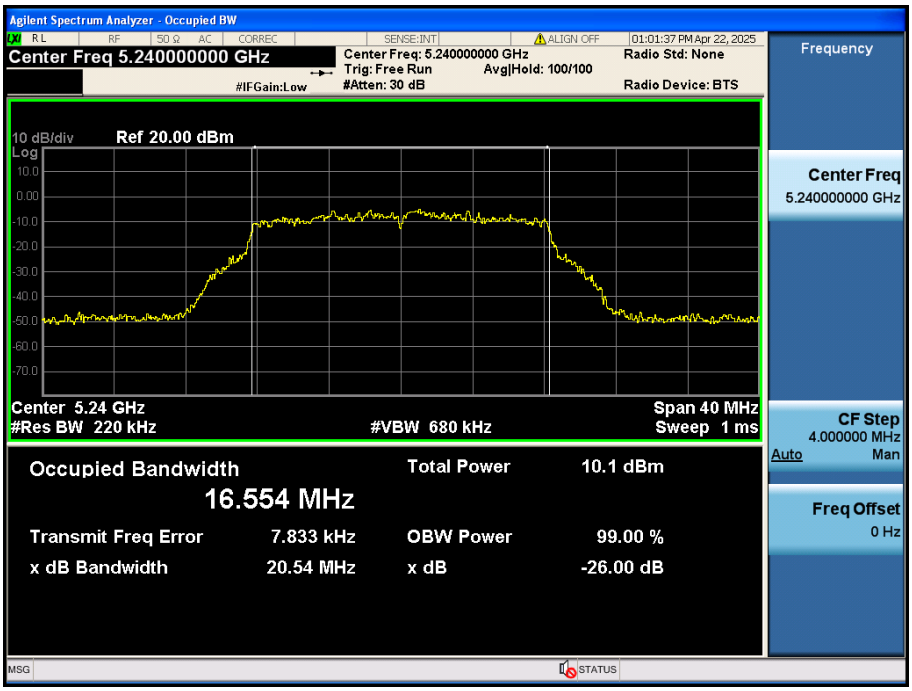


26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.40

26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.48



26 dB Bandwidth

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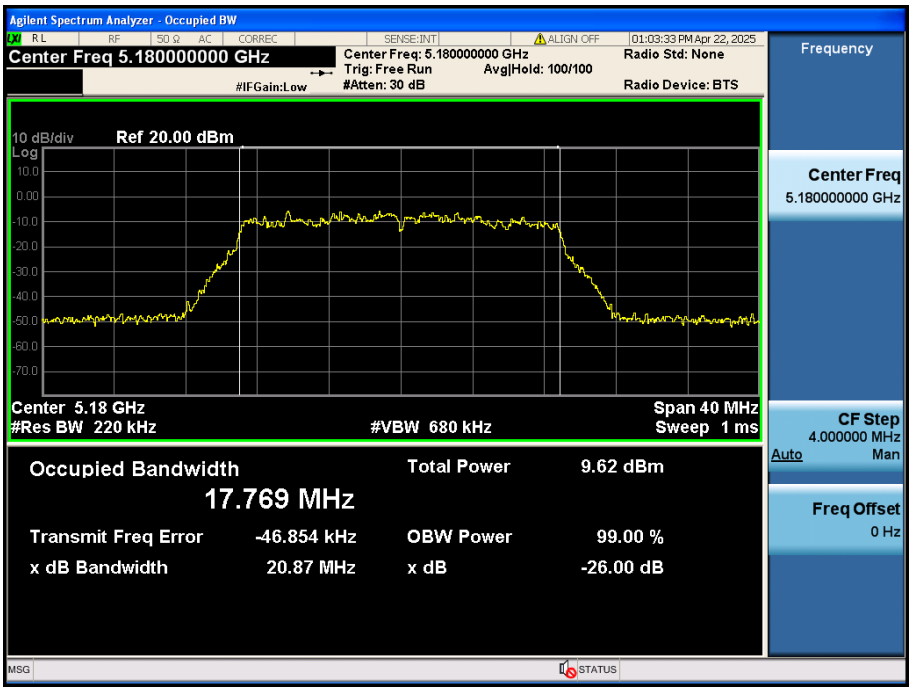

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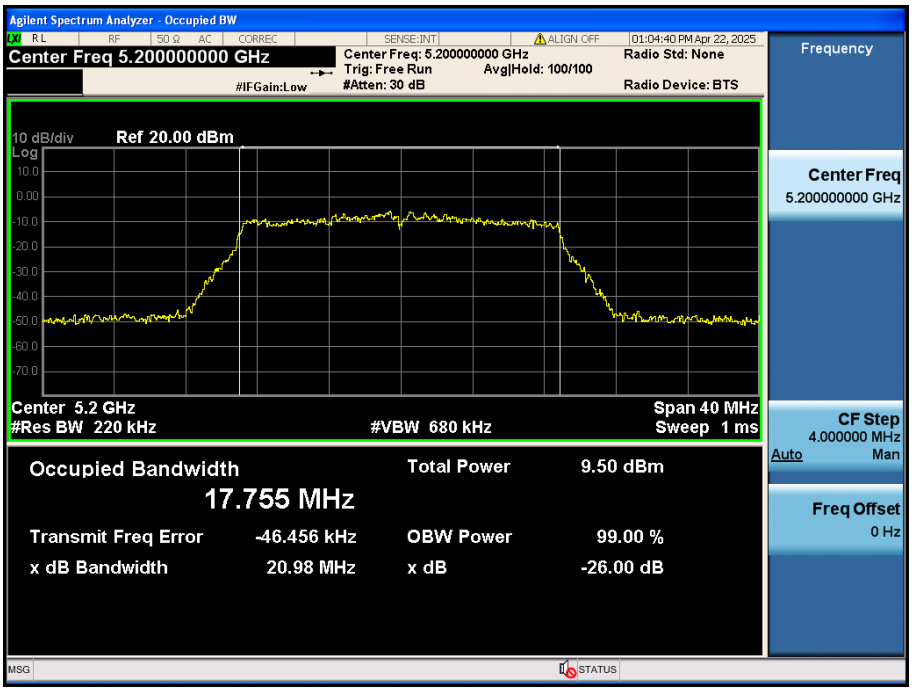
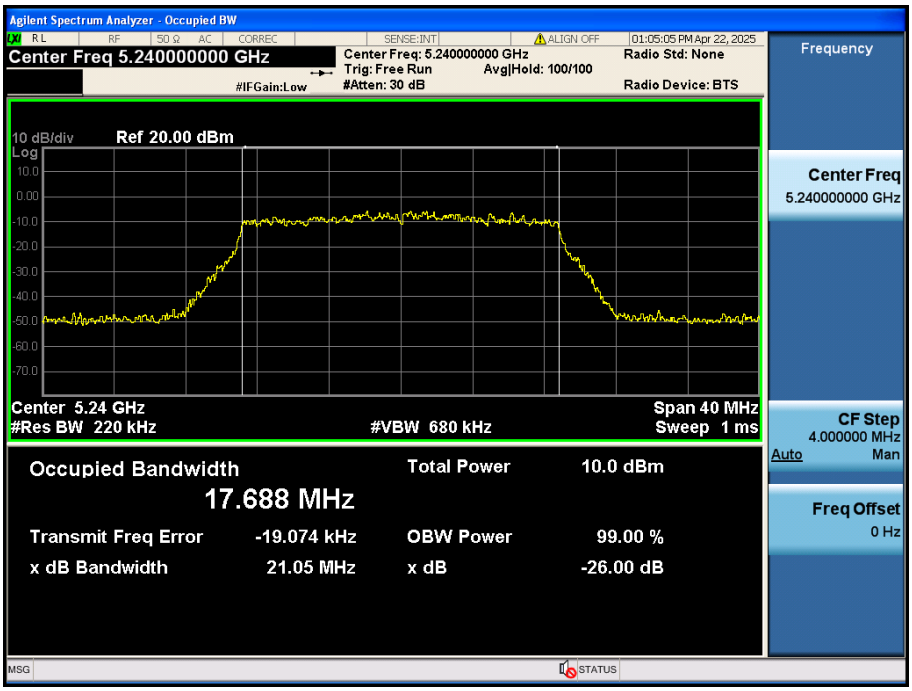


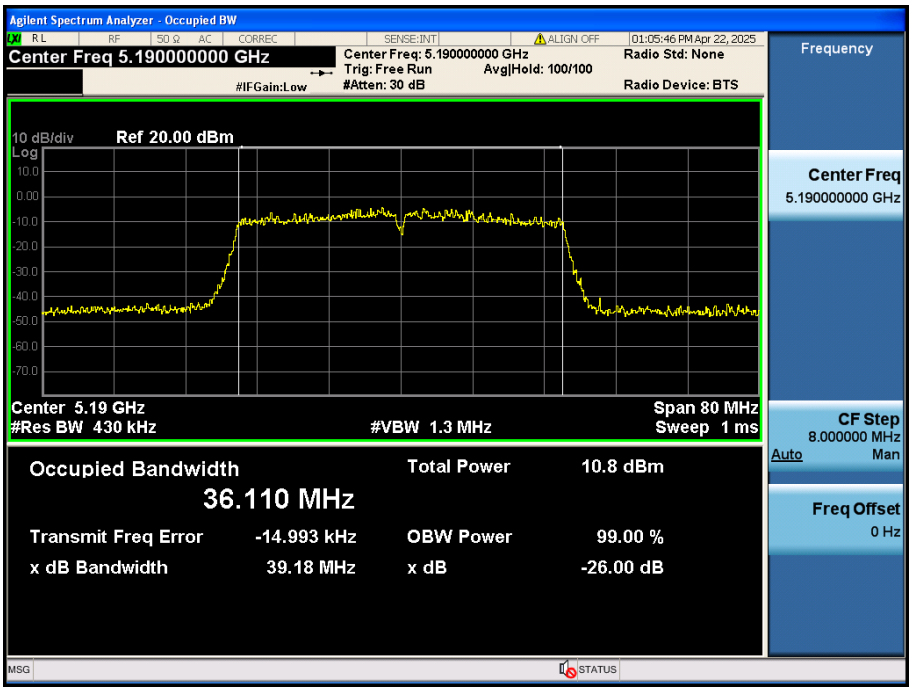
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.48



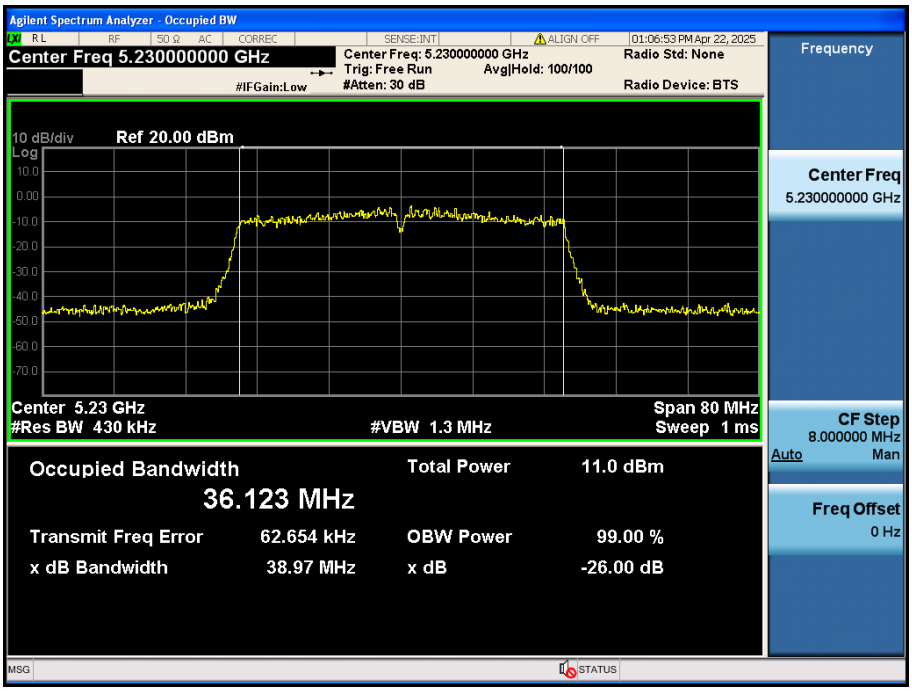
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.38



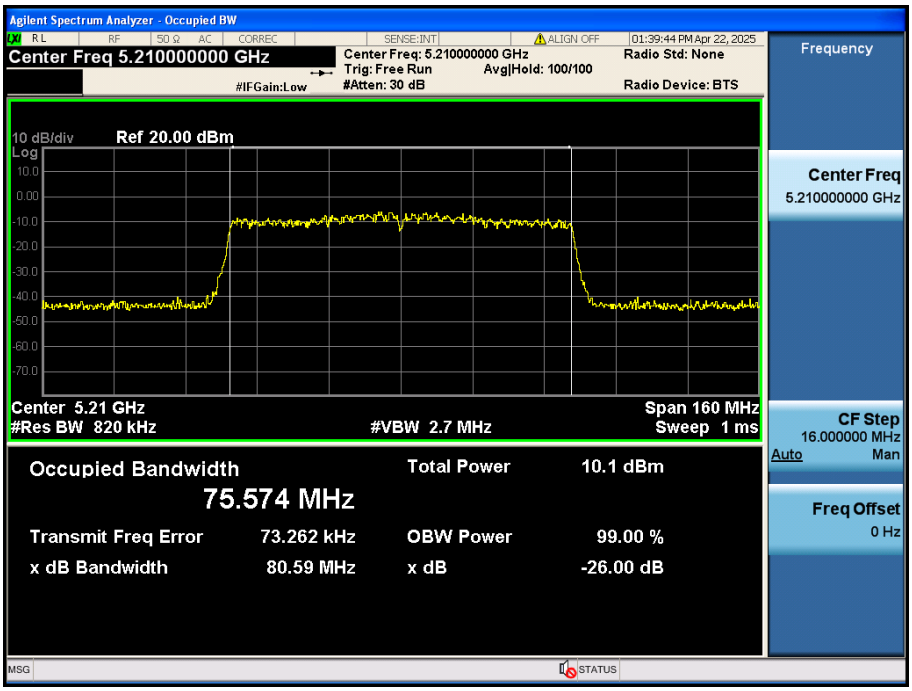
26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.46



26 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 2 & Ch.42



5.2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)

▣ Test Requirements

- Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

▣ Test Configuration

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

▣ Test Procedure

- Emission Bandwidth (6 dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB789033 D02v02r01**.

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz
2. Set the video bandwidth **≥ 3 x RBW**.
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **max hold**.

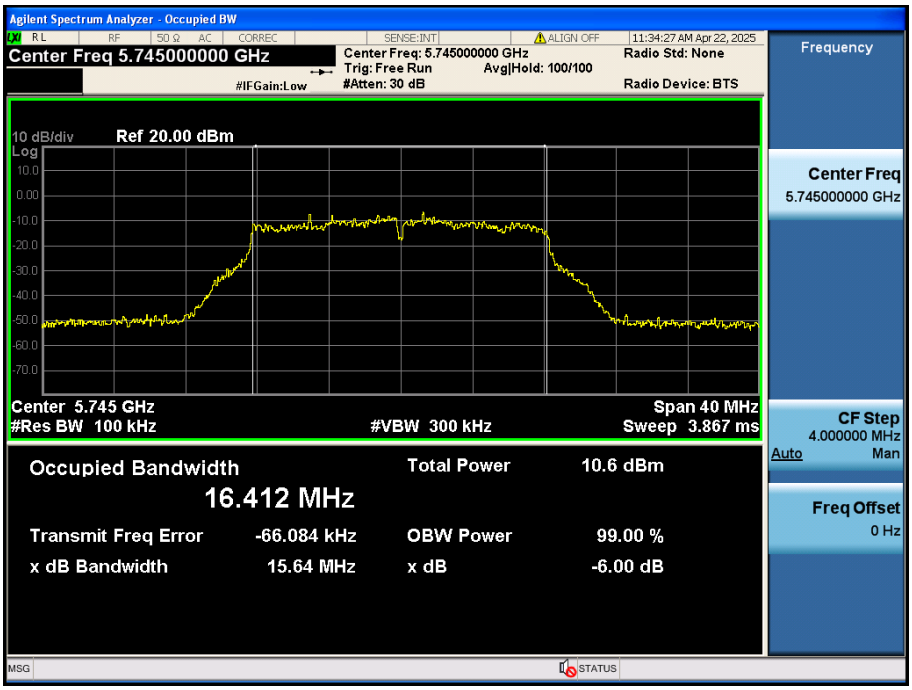
   Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

▣ Test Results: Comply

Test Mode	Band	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	6 dB BW(MHz)	
				ANT 1	ANT 2
TM 1	U-NII 3	149	5 745	15.64	16.40
		157	5 785	16.12	16.13
		165	5 825	16.09	16.35
TM 2	U-NII 3	149	5 745	17.32	17.62
		157	5 785	17.63	17.60
		165	5 825	16.98	17.61
TM 3	U-NII 3	151	5 755	35.51	35.73
		159	5 795	35.25	35.69
TM 4	U-NII 3	155	5 775	75.39	75.75

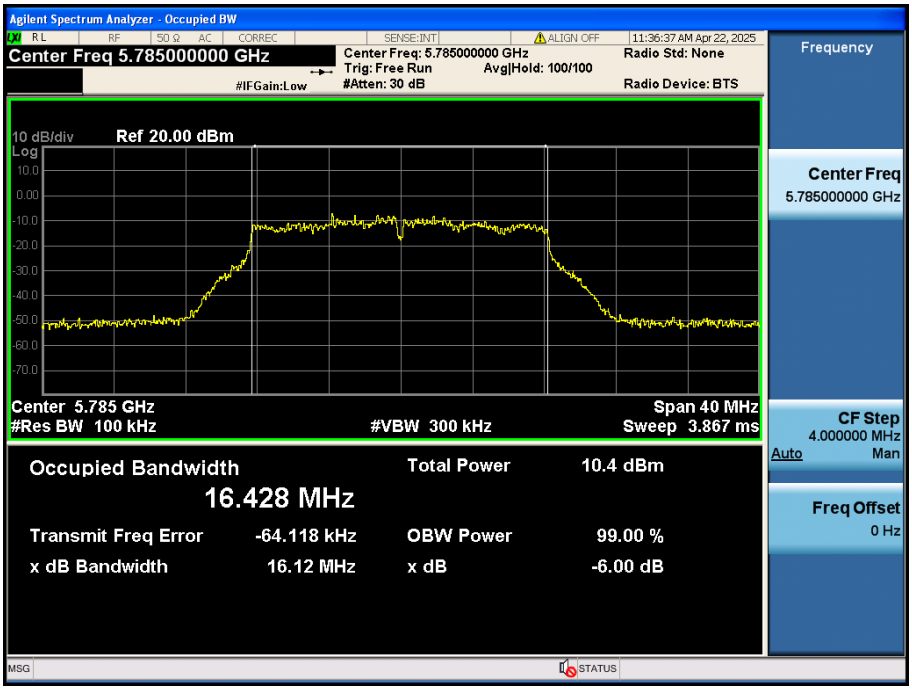
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.149



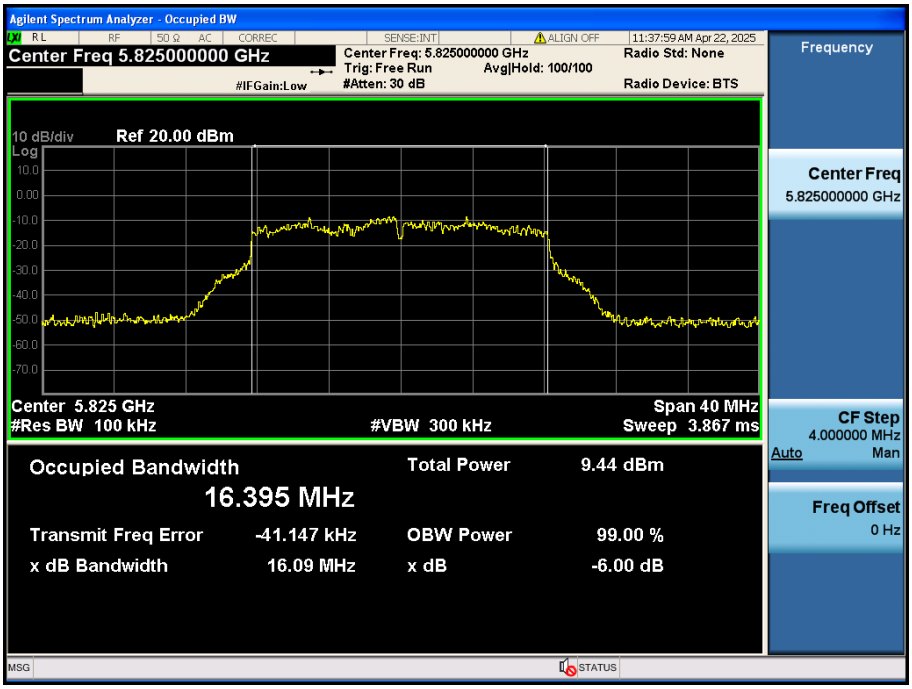
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.157



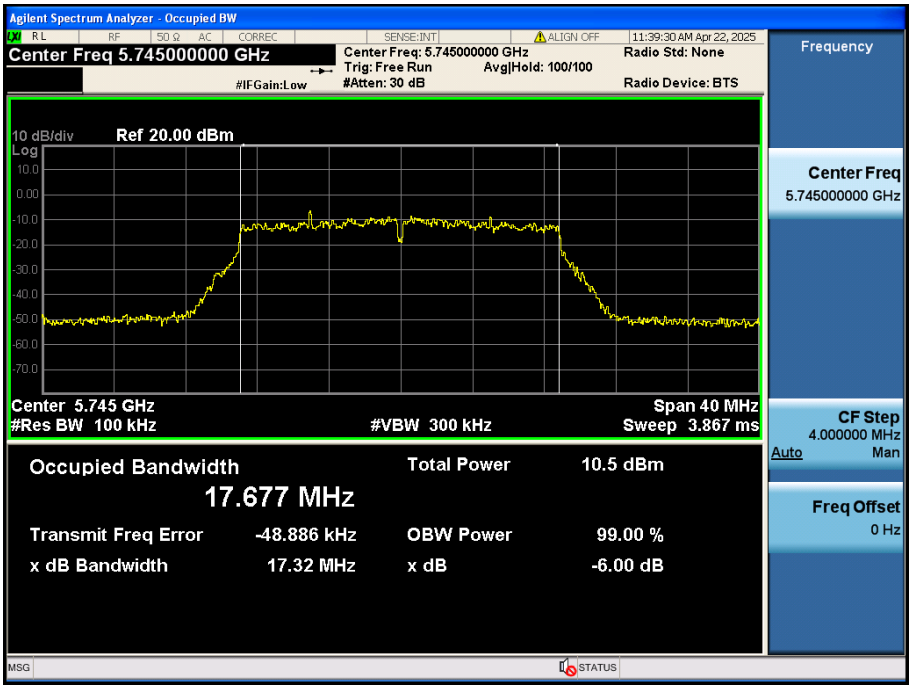
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.165



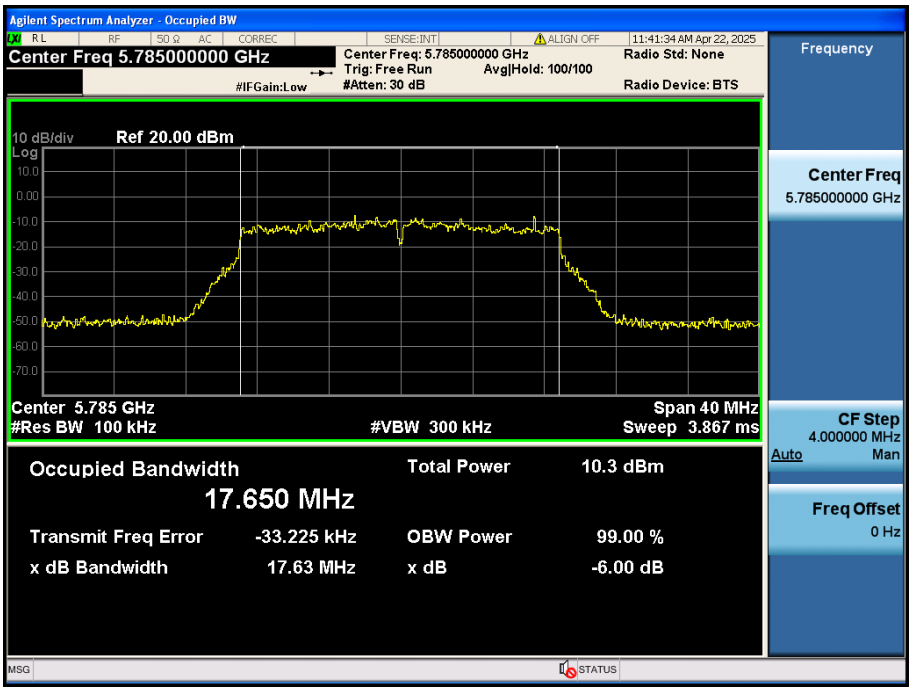
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.149



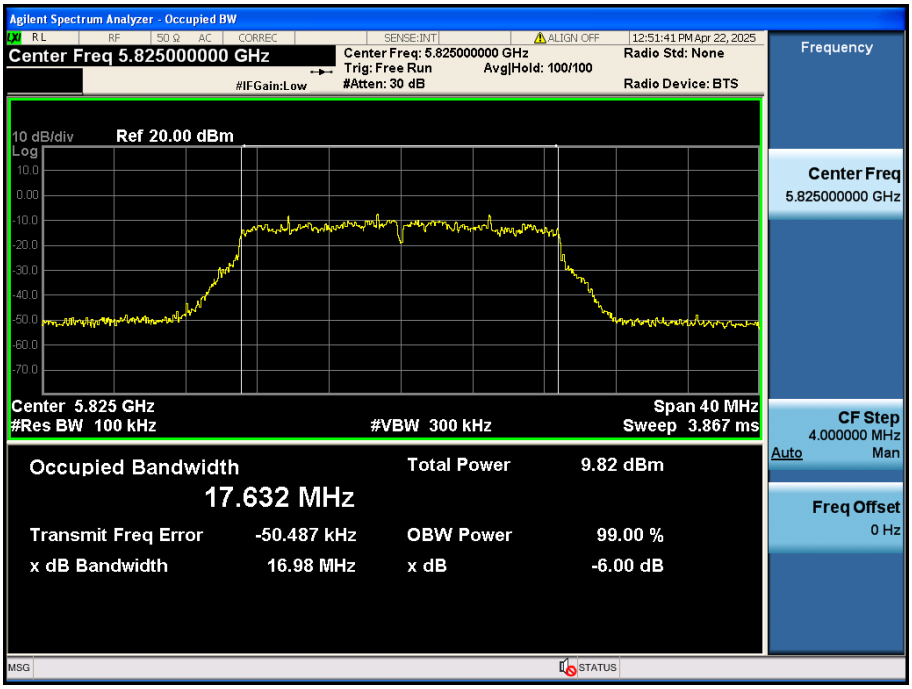
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.157



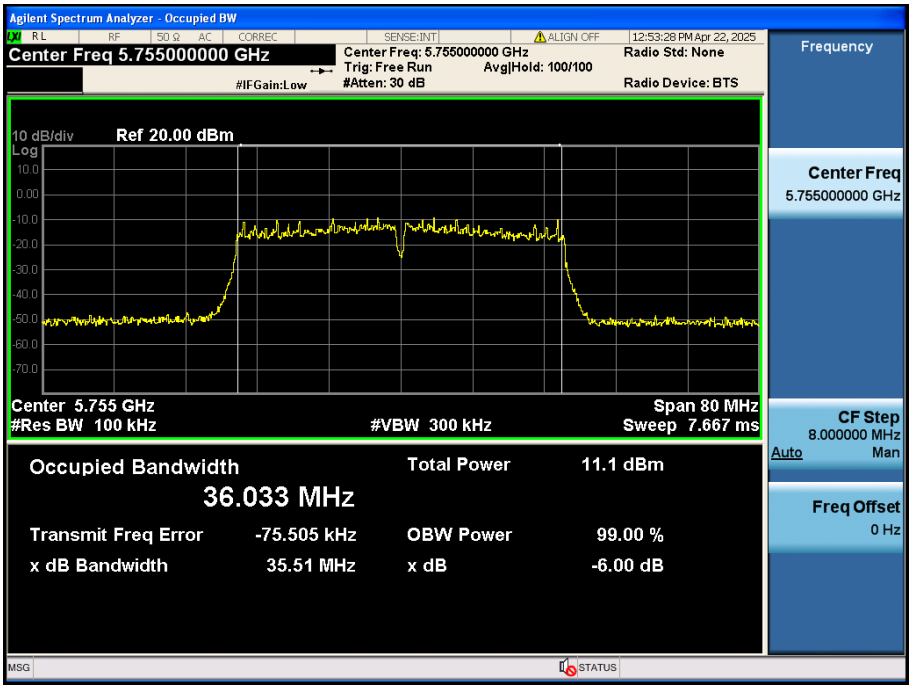
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.165



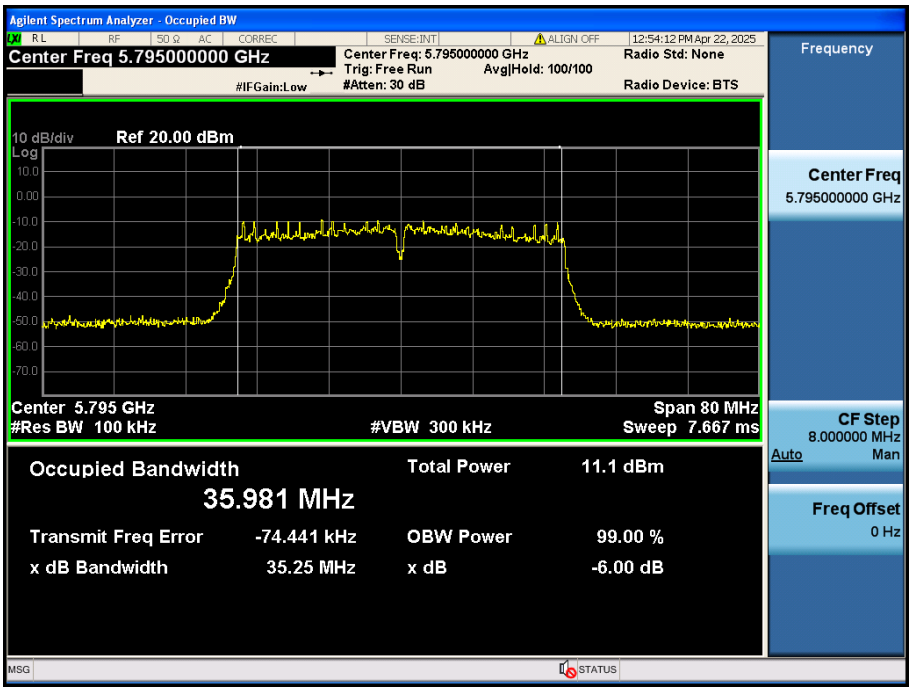
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.151



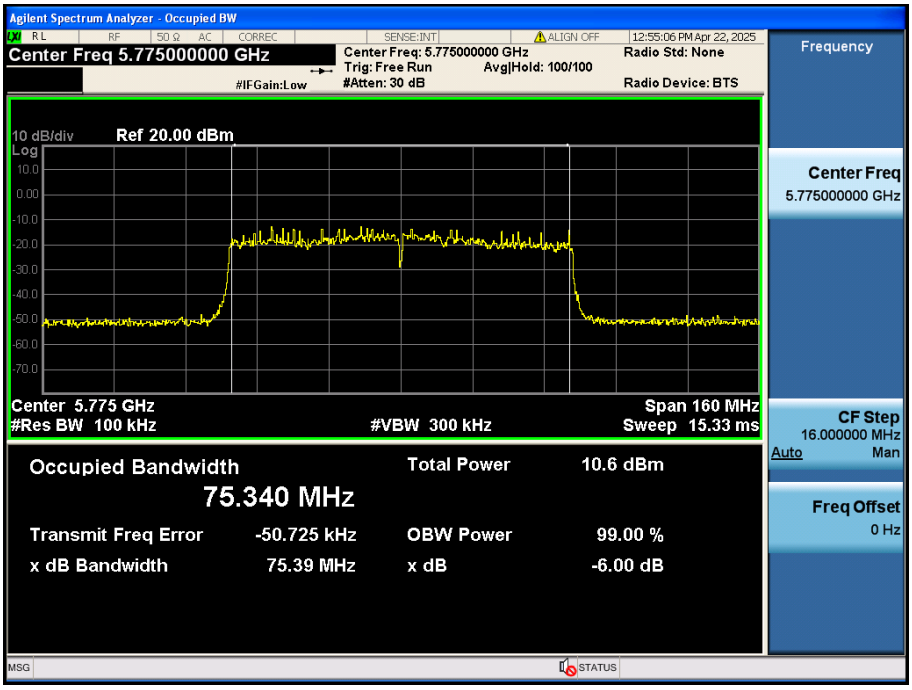
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.159



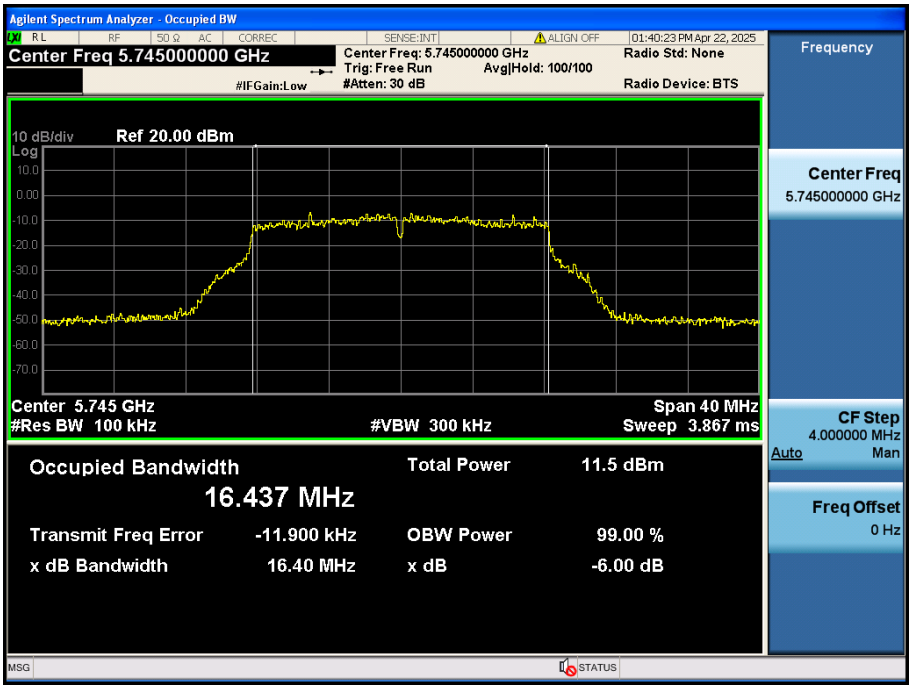
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 1 & Ch.155



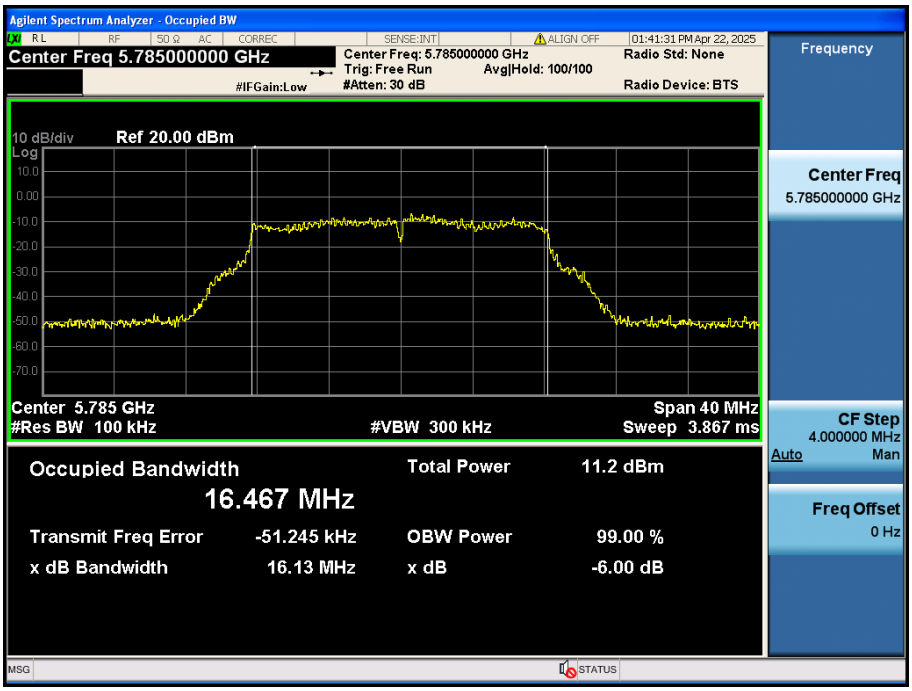
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.149



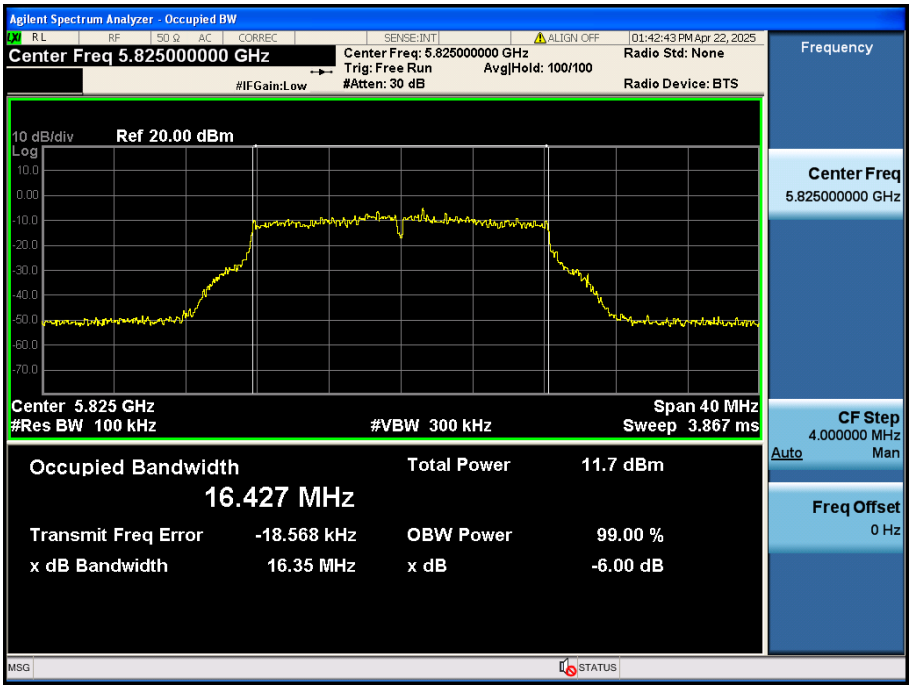
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.157



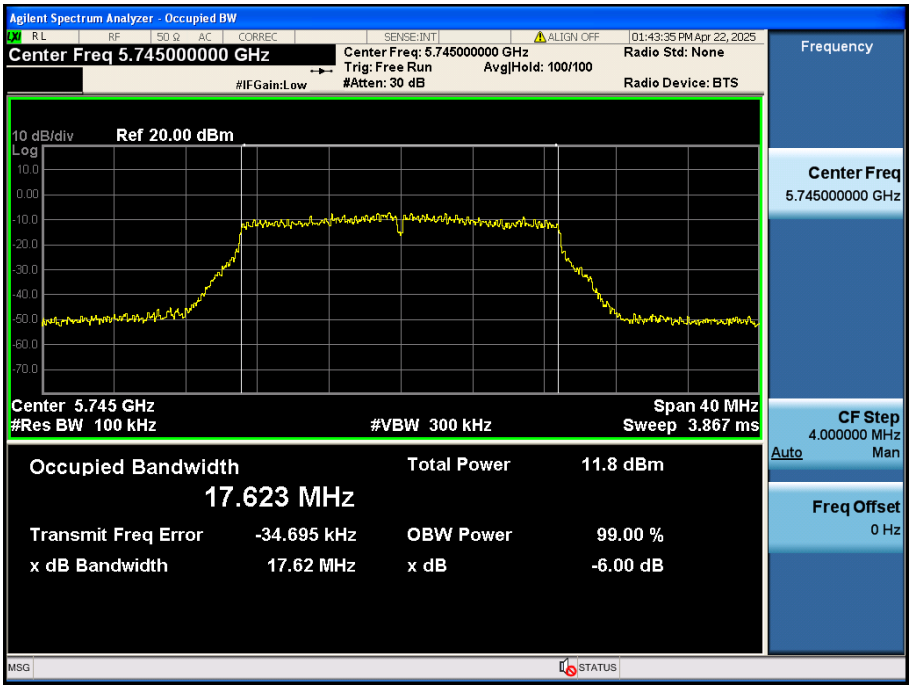
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.165



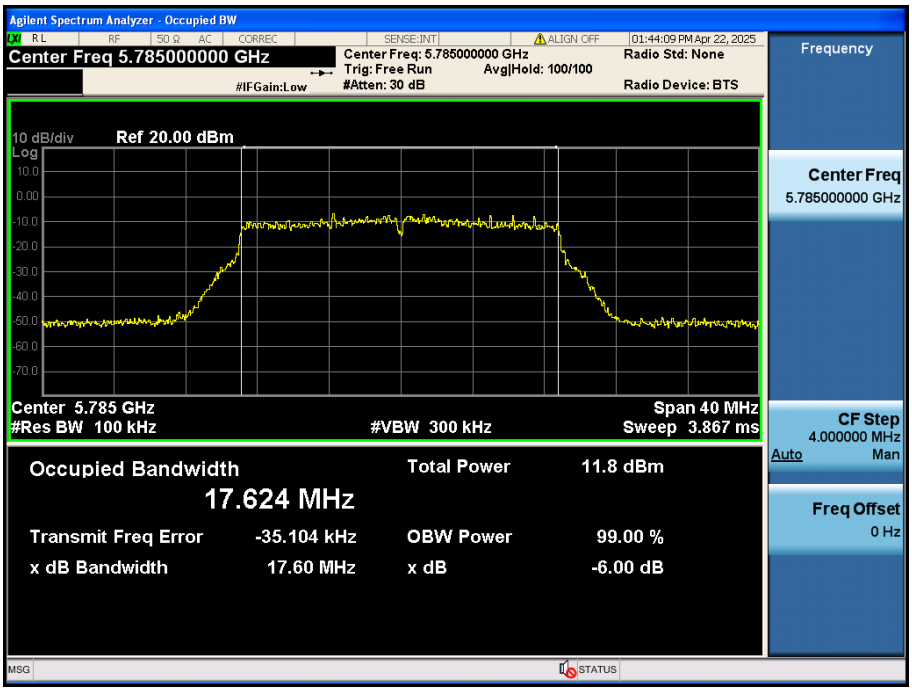
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.149



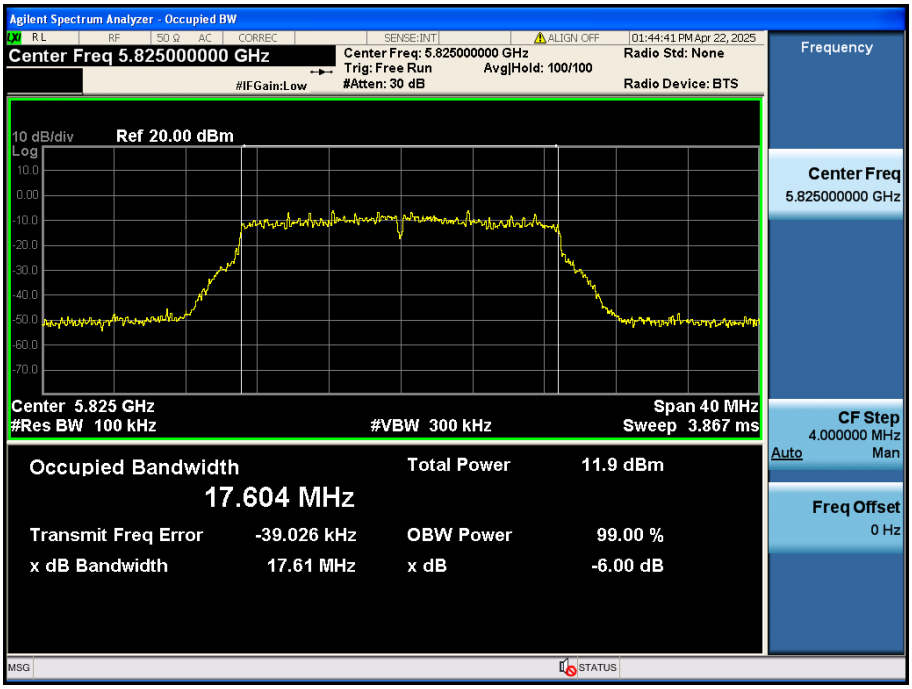
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.157



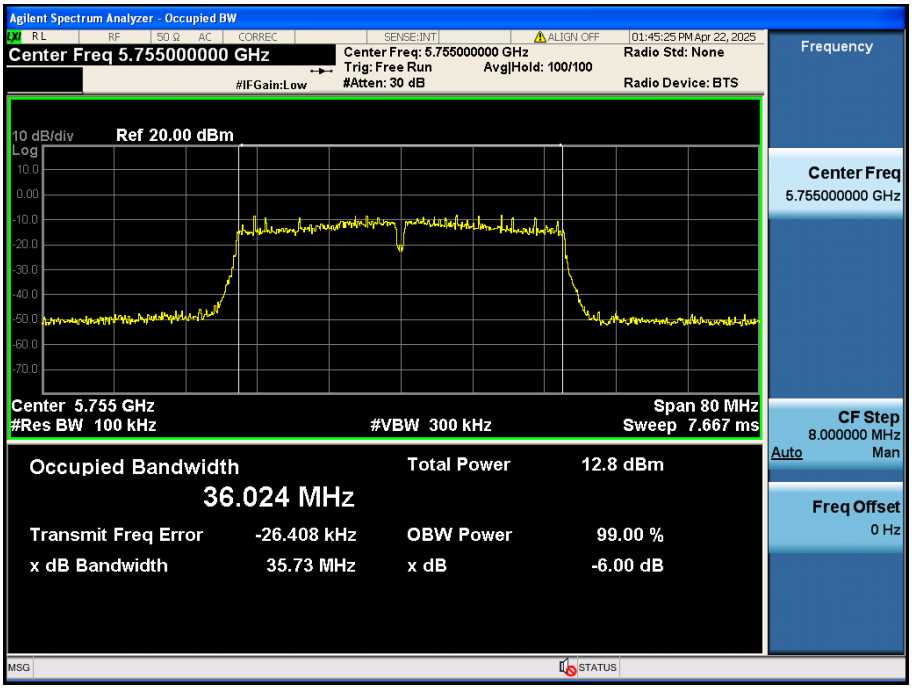
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.165



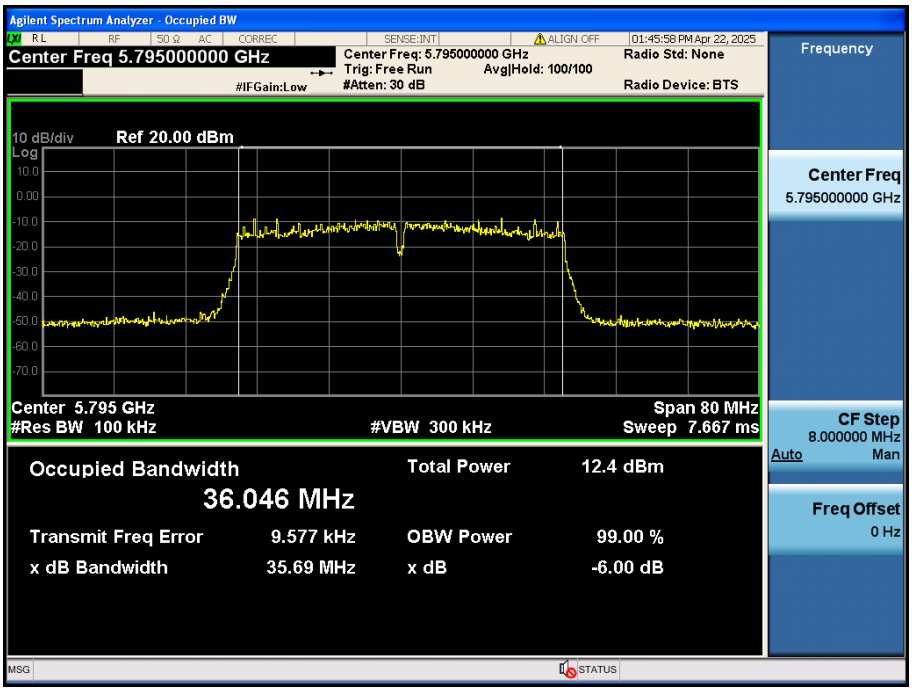
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.151



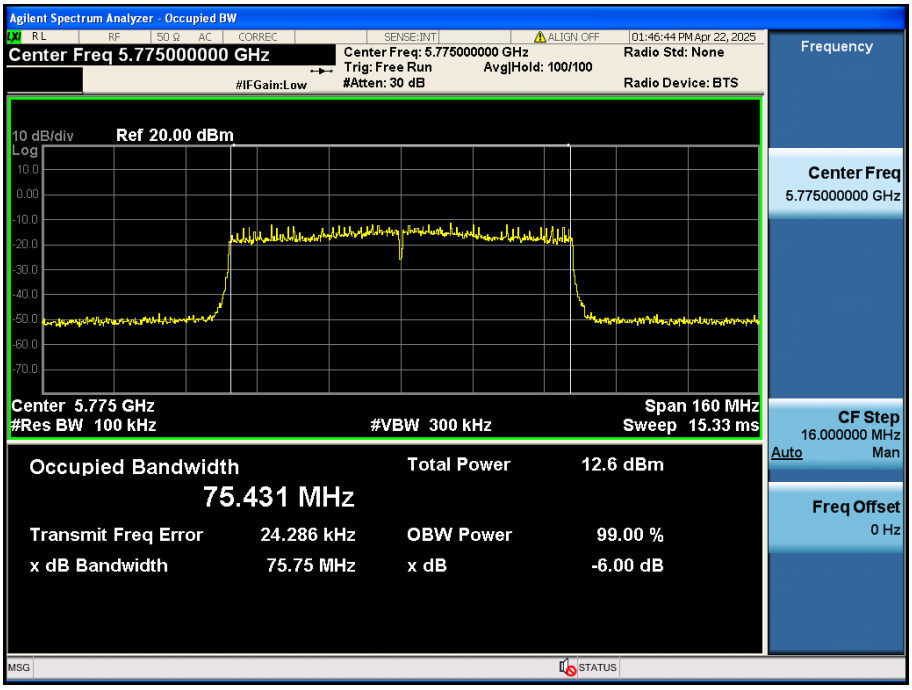
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.159



6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 2 & Ch.155



5.3. Maximum Conducted Output Power

▣ Test Requirements

Part. 15.407(a)

(1) For the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25 GHz - 5.35 GHz and 5.47 GHz - 5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725 GHz - 5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

▣ Test Configuration

Method PM-G

▣ Test Procedure

Method PM-G of KDB789033 D02v02r01

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

▣ **Test Results: Comply**

- Output Power : CDD

Mode	Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Test Result (dBm)		
				ANT 1	ANT 2	SUM
802.11a	U-NII 1	36	5 180	7.29	3.69	8.86
		40	5 200	7.28	3.96	8.94
		48	5 240	7.20	3.72	8.81
	U-NII 3	149	5 745	6.05	5.33	8.72
		157	5 785	6.30	5.52	8.94
		165	5 825	5.60	5.21	8.42
802.11n (HT20)	U-NII 1	36	5 180	7.35	3.87	8.96
		40	5 200	7.30	3.51	8.82
		48	5 240	7.30	3.84	8.92
	U-NII 3	149	5 745	5.98	5.41	8.71
		157	5 785	5.97	5.44	8.72
		165	5 825	5.48	4.96	8.24
802.11ac (VHT20)	U-NII 1	36	5 180	7.32	3.77	8.91
		40	5 200	7.13	3.40	8.66
		48	5 240	7.01	3.76	8.69
	U-NII 3	149	5 745	5.87	5.32	8.61
		157	5 785	5.94	5.39	8.68
		165	5 825	5.45	4.76	8.13
802.11n (HT40)	U-NII 1	38	5 190	8.15	4.43	**9.69**
		46	5 230	8.25	4.19	**9.69**
	U-NII 3	151	5 755	6.85	5.85	9.39
		159	5 795	6.60	6.01	9.33
802.11ac (VHT40)	U-NII 1	38	5 190	8.14	4.39	9.67
		46	5 230	8.24	4.15	9.67
	U-NII 3	151	5 755	6.89	5.78	9.38
		159	5 795	6.74	5.40	9.13
802.11ac (VHT80)	U-NII 1	42	5 210	7.84	3.61	9.23
	U-NII 3	155	5 775	6.15	5.52	8.86

5.4. Maximum Power Spectral Density

▣ Test requirements

Part. 15.407(a)

(1) For the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1

(2) For the 5.25 GHz - 5.35 GHz and 5.47 GHz - 5.725 GHz bands, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1

(3) For the band 5.725 GHz - 5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band.note1,note2

Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Note2: Fixed point - to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.

▣ Test Configuration

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

▣ **Test Procedure**

Maximum Power Spectral Density is measured using Measurement Procedure **of KDB789033 D02v02r01**

1) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA - 1, SA - 2, SA - 3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, “Compute power…”. (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)

2) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.

3) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:

a) If Method SA - 2 or SA - 2 Alternative was used, add 10 log(1 / x), where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

b) If Method SA - 3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g (viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.

4) The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.

5) For devices operating in the bands 5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz, 5.25 GHz - 5.35 GHz, and 5.47 GHz - 5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in §15.407(a). For devices operating in the band 5.725 GHz - 5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:

a) Set RBW ≥ 1 / T, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a). (Refer to Appendix II)

b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log(500 kHz / RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log(1 MHz / RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

▣ **Test Results: Comply**

- Multiple transmitting

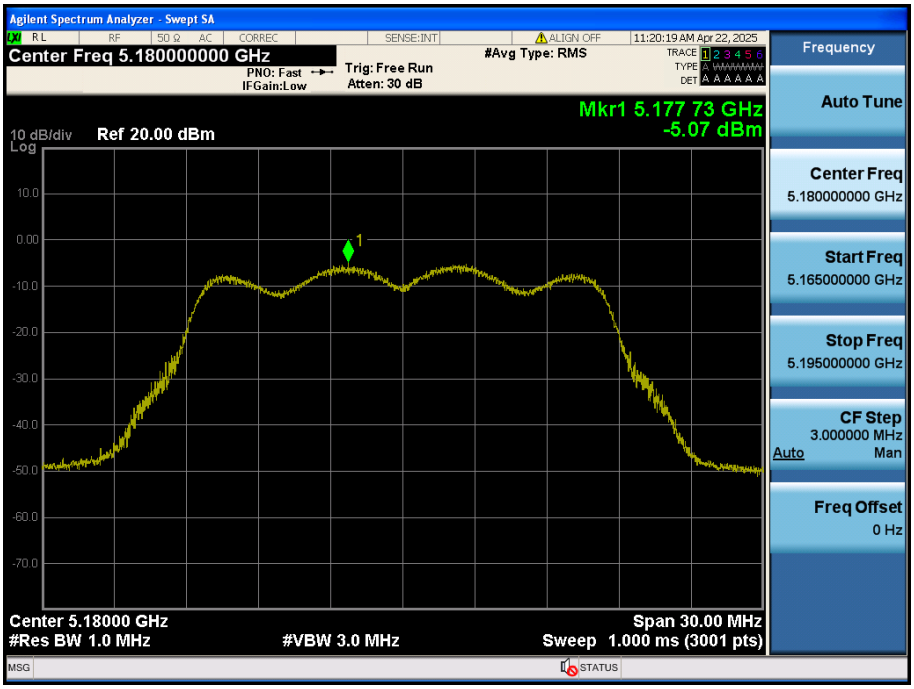
Mode	Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm)		TF Note 1 (dB)	Test Result (dBm)
				ANT 1	ANT 2		ANT1+ANT2+TF
TM 1	U-NII 1	36	5 180	-5.07	-4.78	0.21	-1.70
		40	5 200	-6.35	-6.16		-3.03
		48	5 240	-5.42	-5.68		-2.32
TM 2	U-NII 1	36	5 180	-6.53	-6.03	0.23	-3.03
		40	5 200	-6.71	-6.79		-3.51
		48	5 240	-6.23	-6.50		-3.12
TM 3	U-NII 1	38	5 190	-9.50	-9.09	0.45	-5.83
		46	5 230	-8.72	-8.85		-5.33
TM 4	U-NII 1	42	5 210	-12.71	-13.65	0.87	-9.28

Mode	Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBm/500kHz)		TF Note 1 (dB)	Test Result (dBm/500kHz)
				ANT 1	ANT 2		ANT1+ANT2+TF
TM 1	U-NII 3	149	5 745	-9.01	-7.78	0.21	-5.13
		157	5 785	-9.78	-7.18		-5.07
		165	5 825	-8.18	-8.08		-4.91
TM 2	U-NII 3	149	5 745	-9.91	-7.85	0.23	-5.52
		157	5 785	-9.94	-7.80		-5.50
		165	5 825	-9.10	-7.96		-5.25
TM 3	U-NII 3	151	5 755	-12.60	-10.57	0.45	-8.01
		159	5 795	-12.72	-11.03		-8.34
TM 4	U-NII 3	155	5 775	-16.84	-15.04	0.87	-11.96

Note 1: Power Spectral Density = Reading(Measurement Data) + DCCF
Note 2: “[TF] = DCCF"
Where, TF = Total Factor, DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor
For DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor) please refer to appendix II.

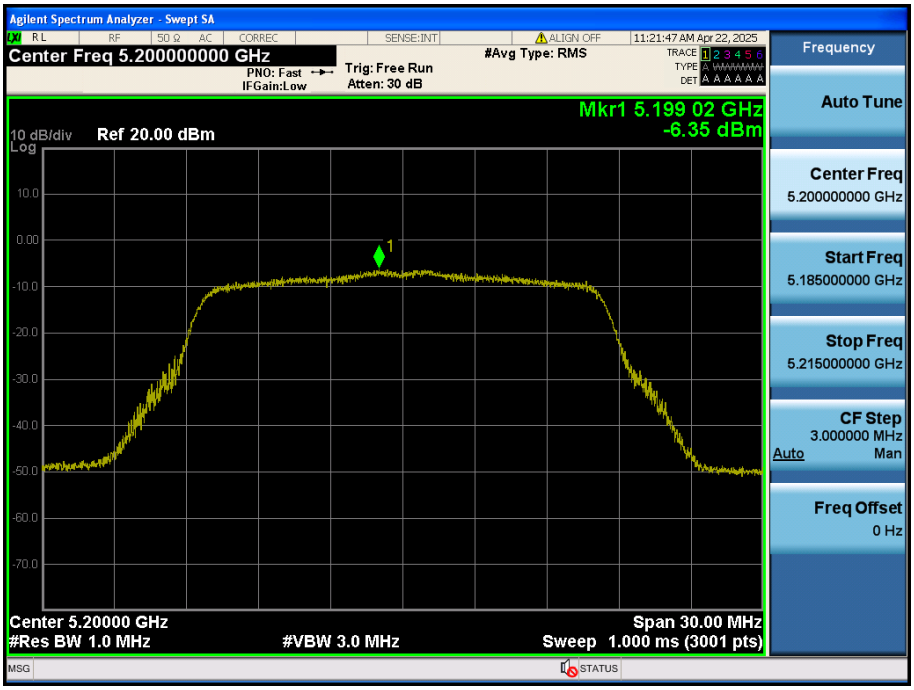
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.36



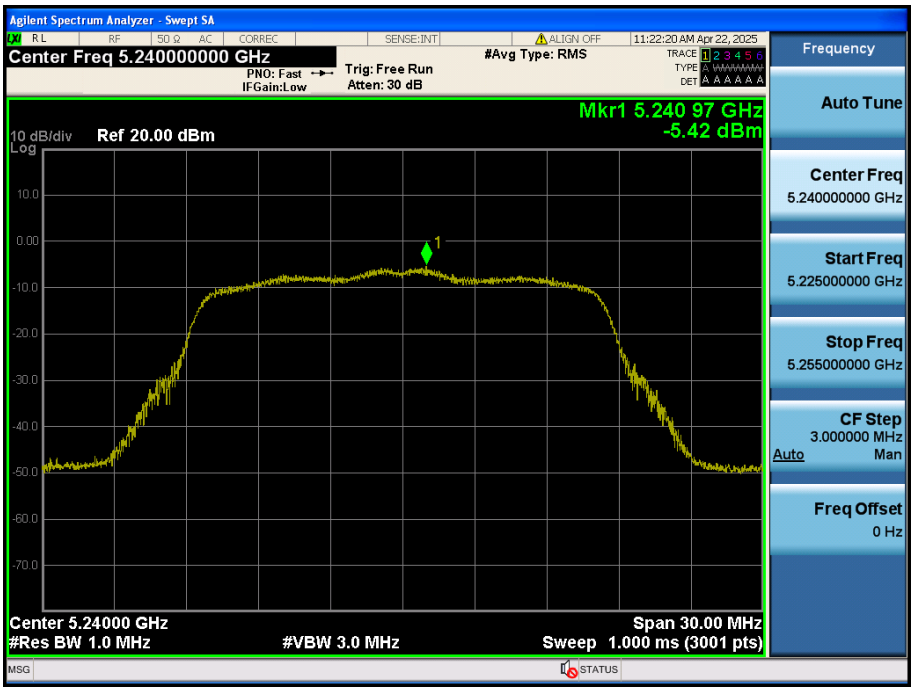
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.40



Maximum Power Spectral Density

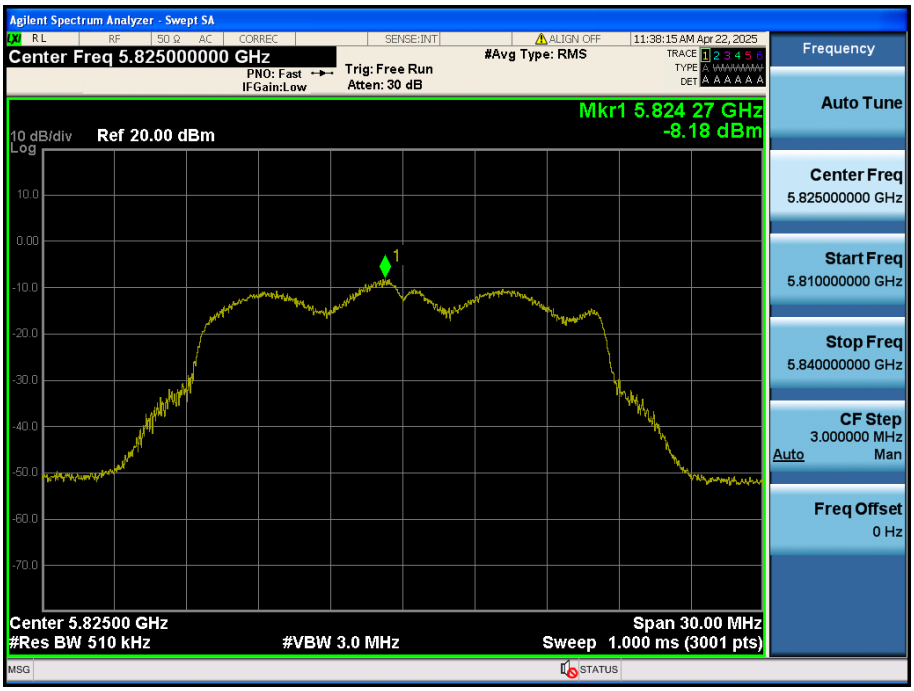
Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.48



Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.149

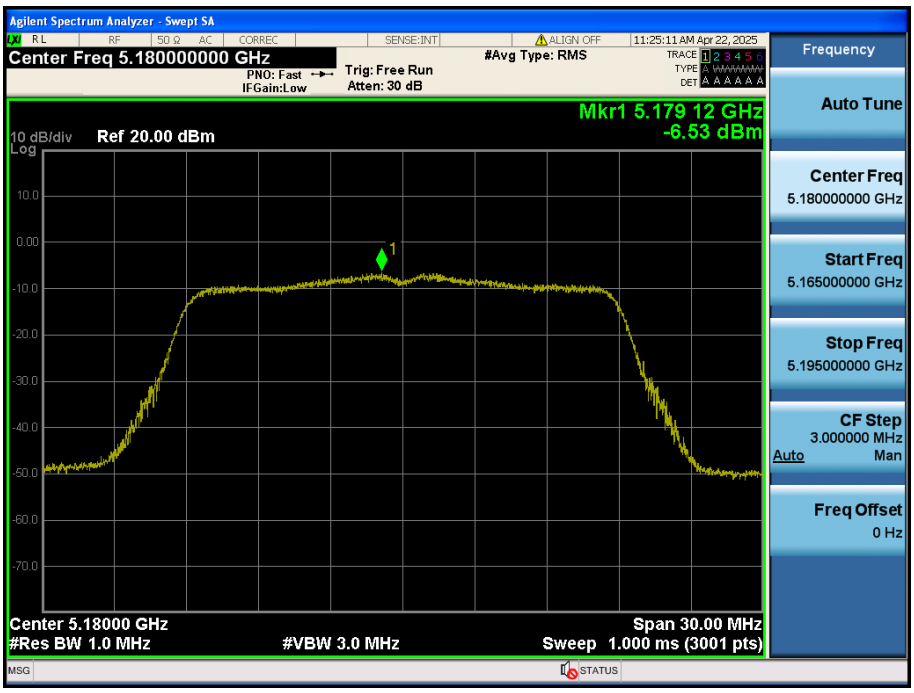
Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.157

Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 1 & Ch.165



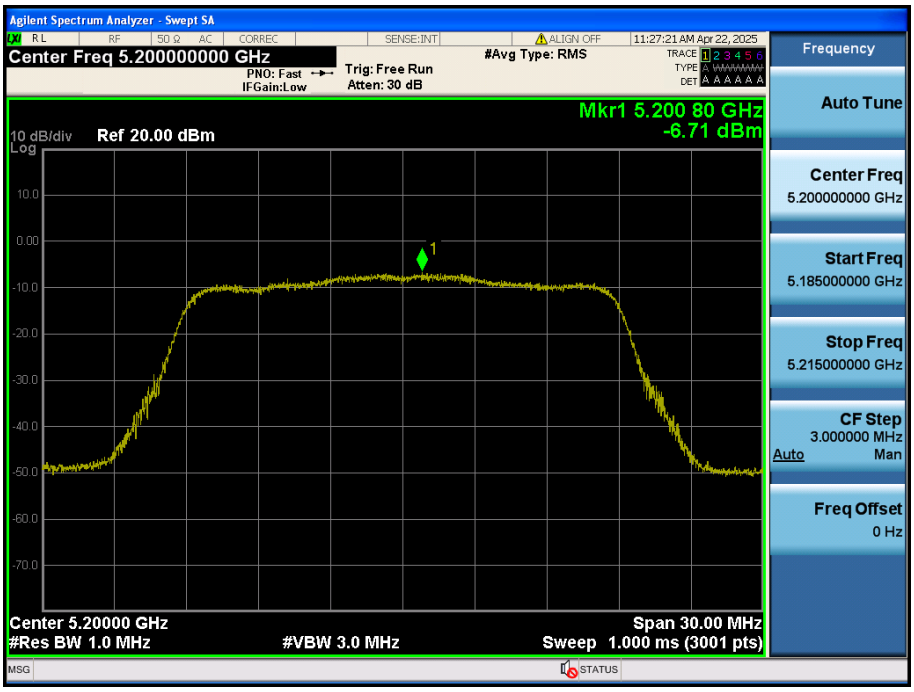
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.36



Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.40

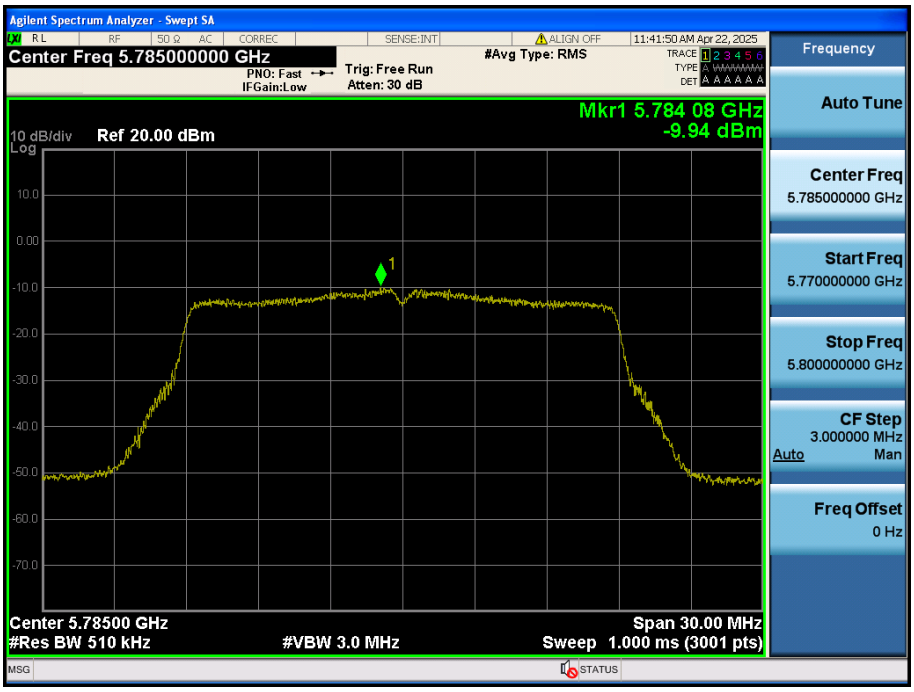


Maximum Power Spectral Density

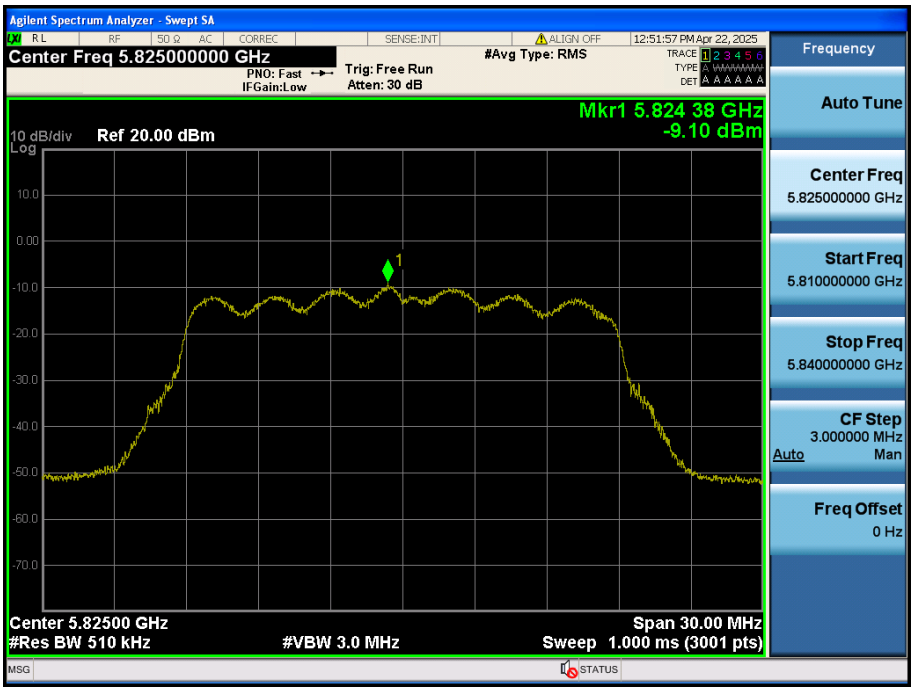
Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.48

Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.149

Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.157

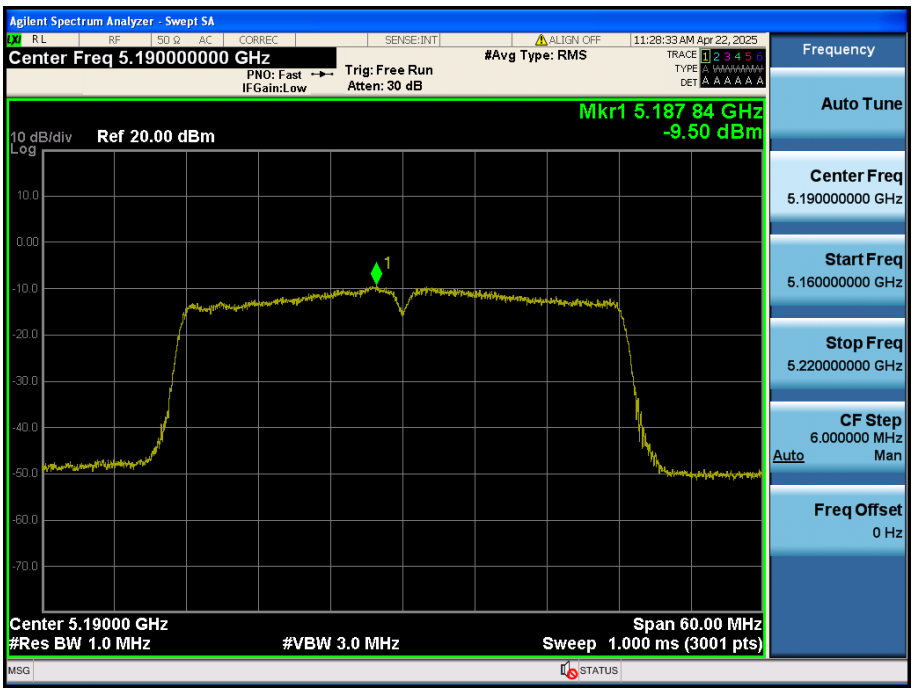


Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 1 & Ch.165



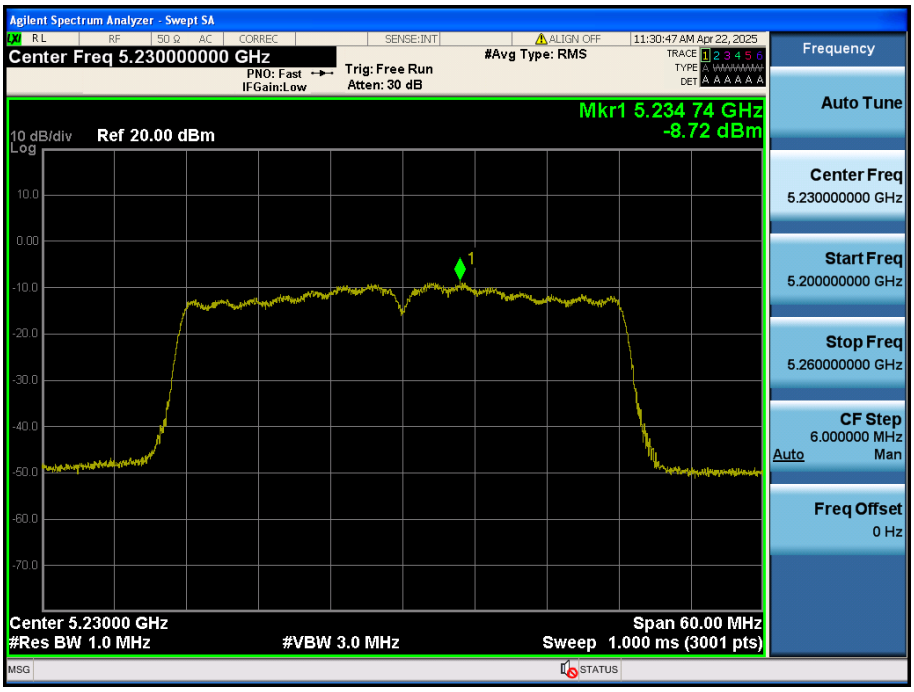
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.38



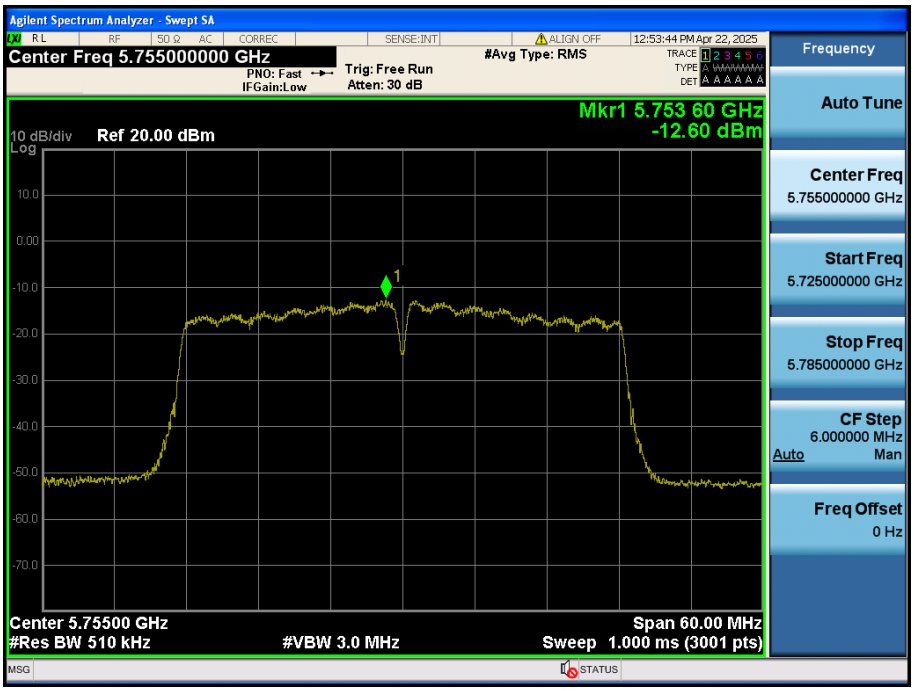
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.46



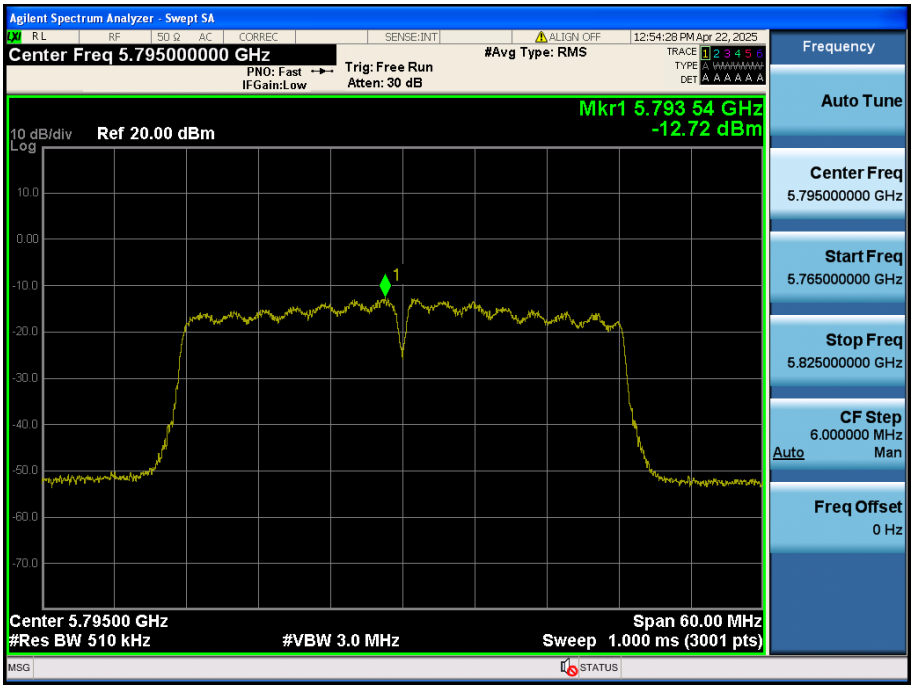
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.151

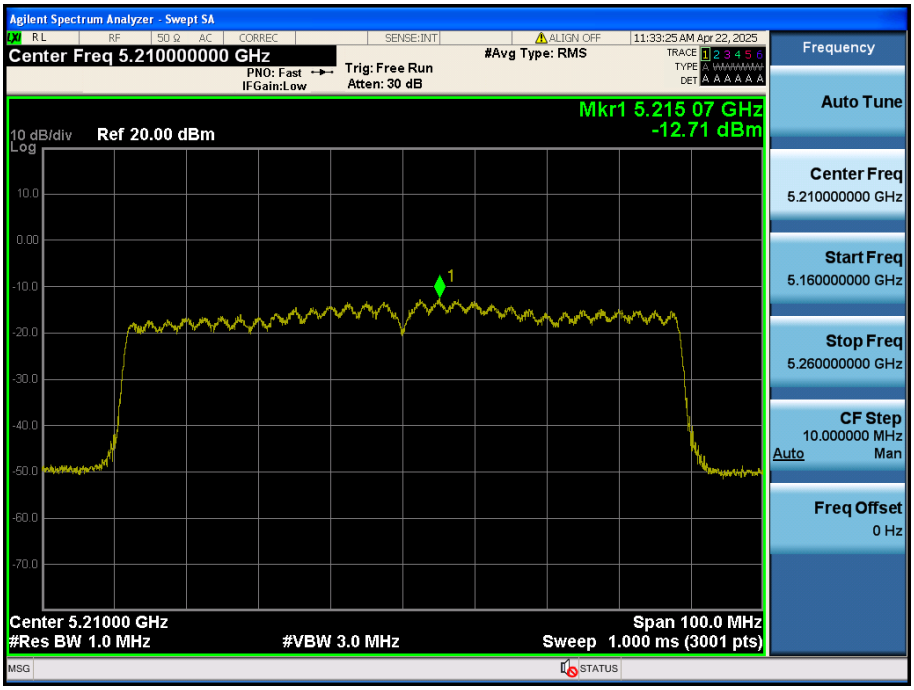


Maximum Power Spectral Density

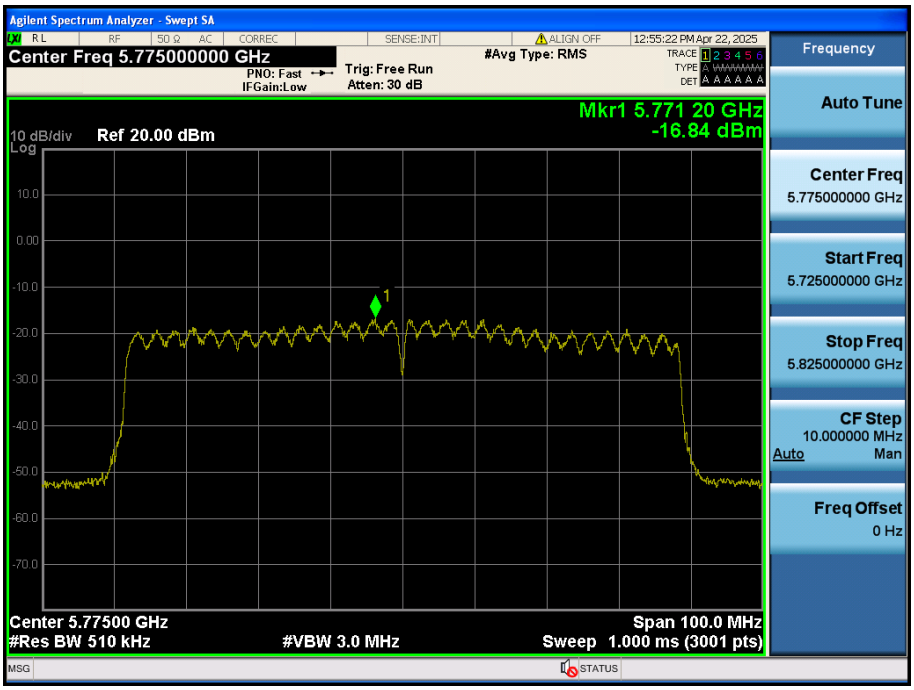
Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 1 & Ch.159



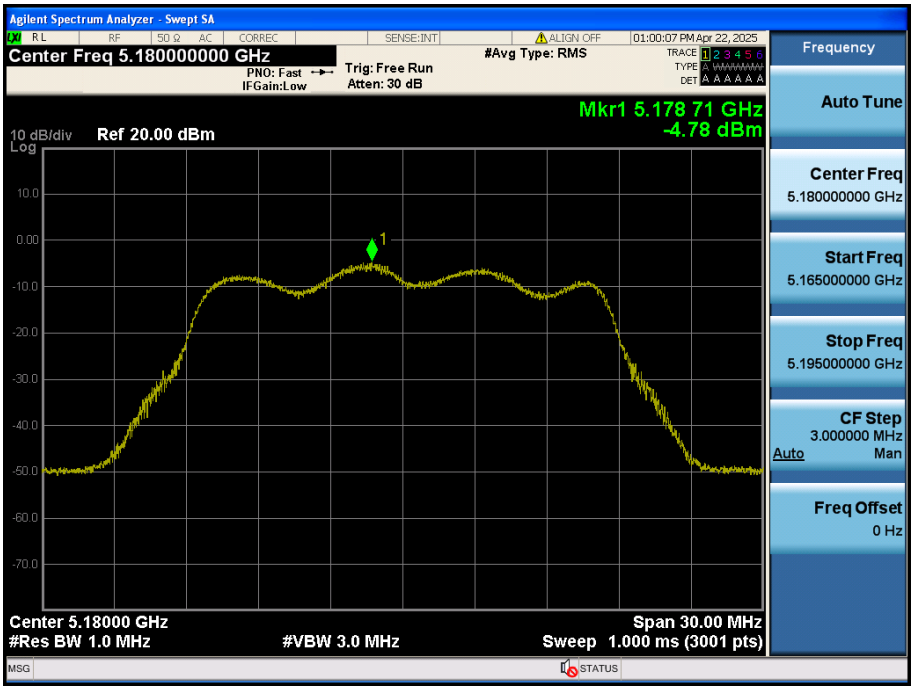
Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 1 & Ch.42



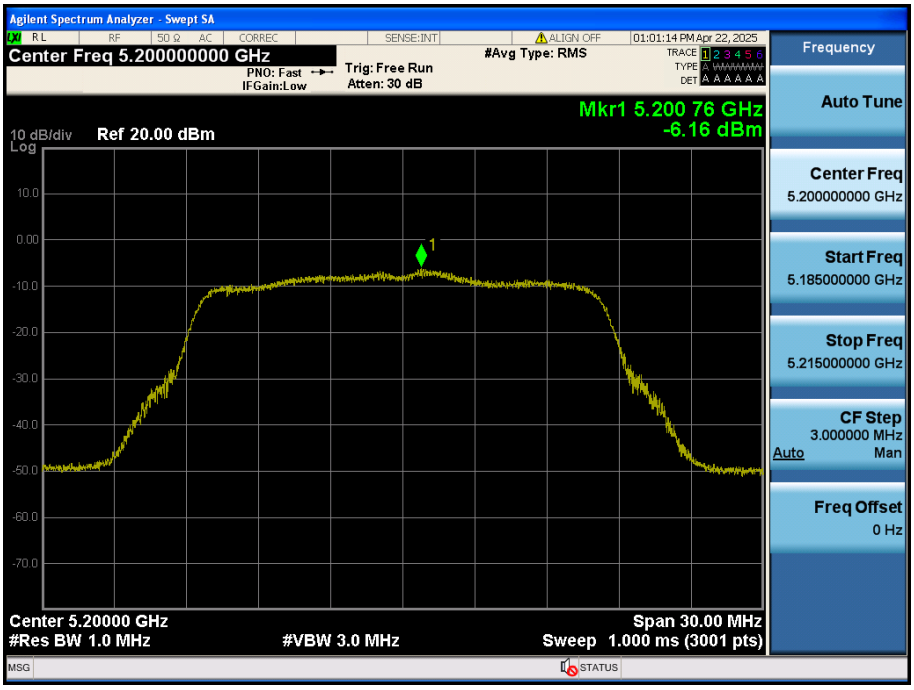
Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 1 & Ch.155



Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.36

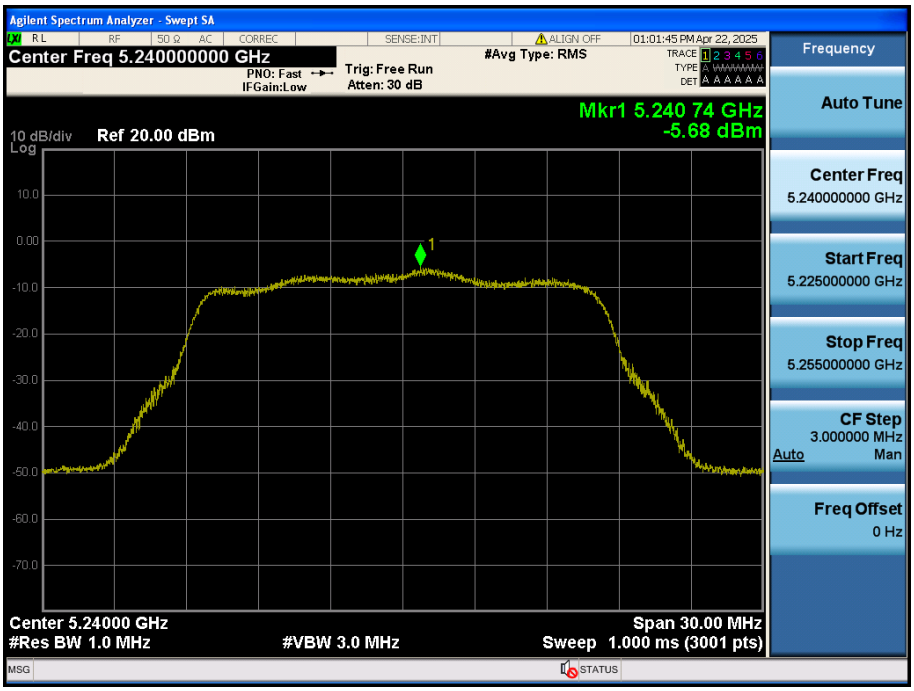


Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.40

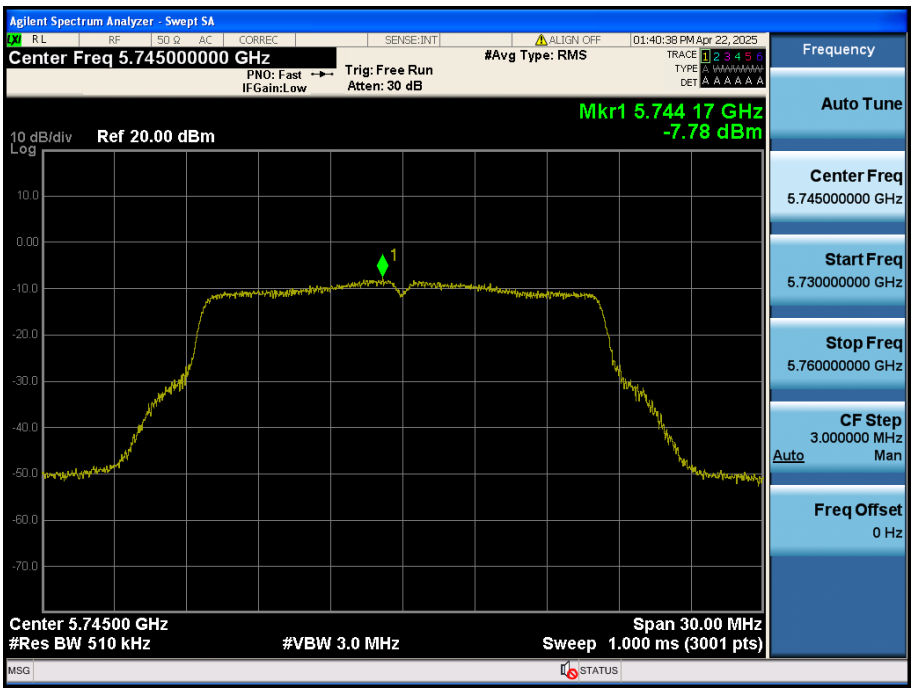


Maximum Power Spectral Density

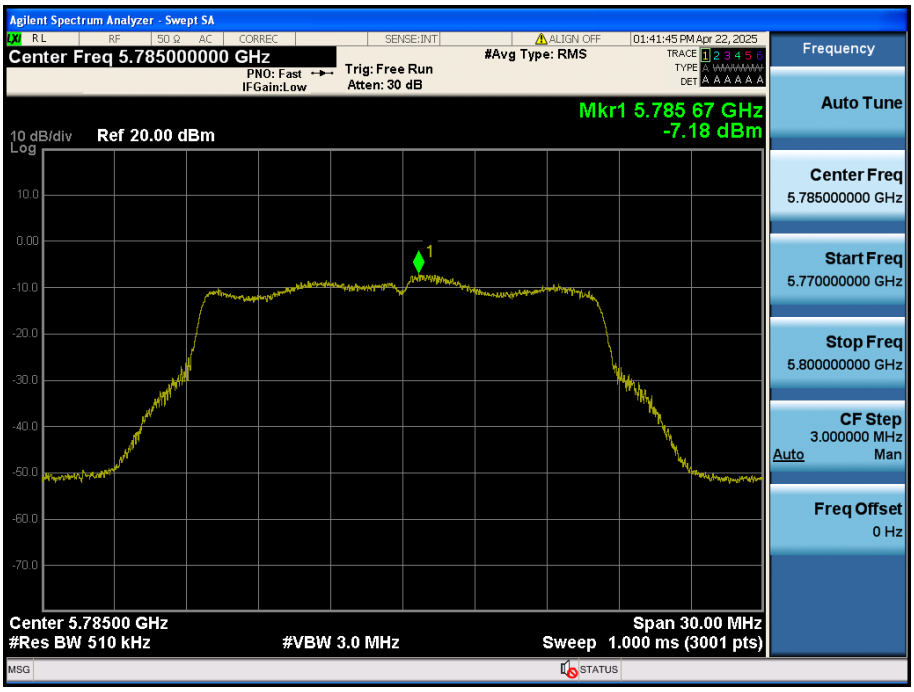
Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.48



Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.149

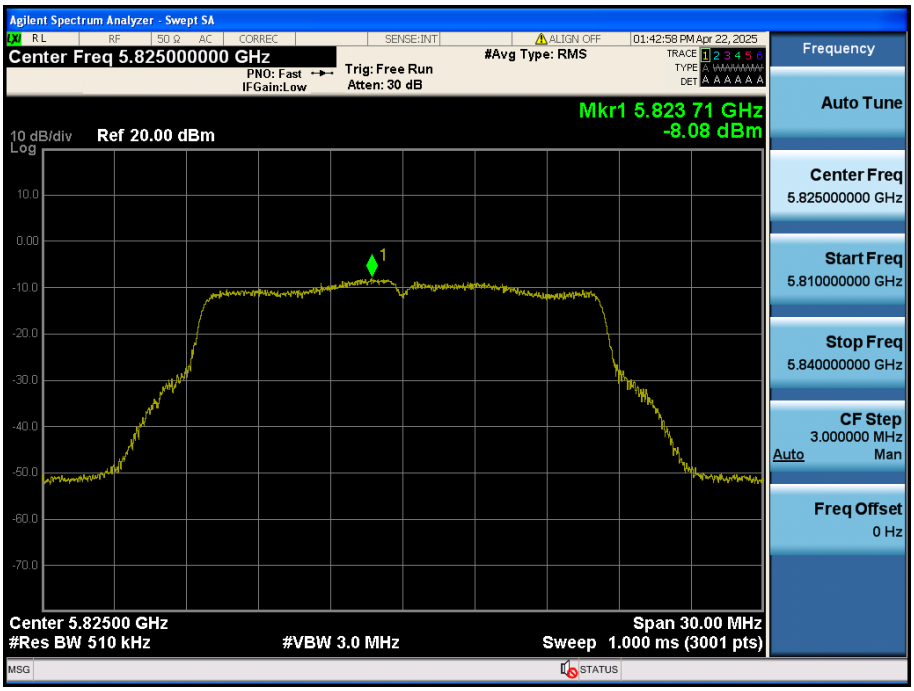


Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.157



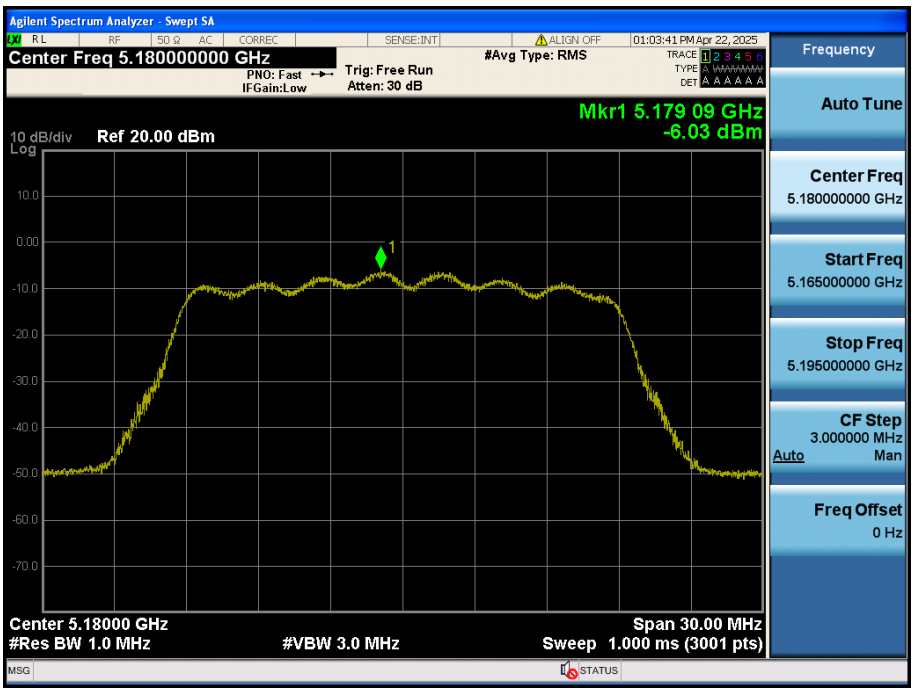
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 1 & ANT 2 & Ch.165



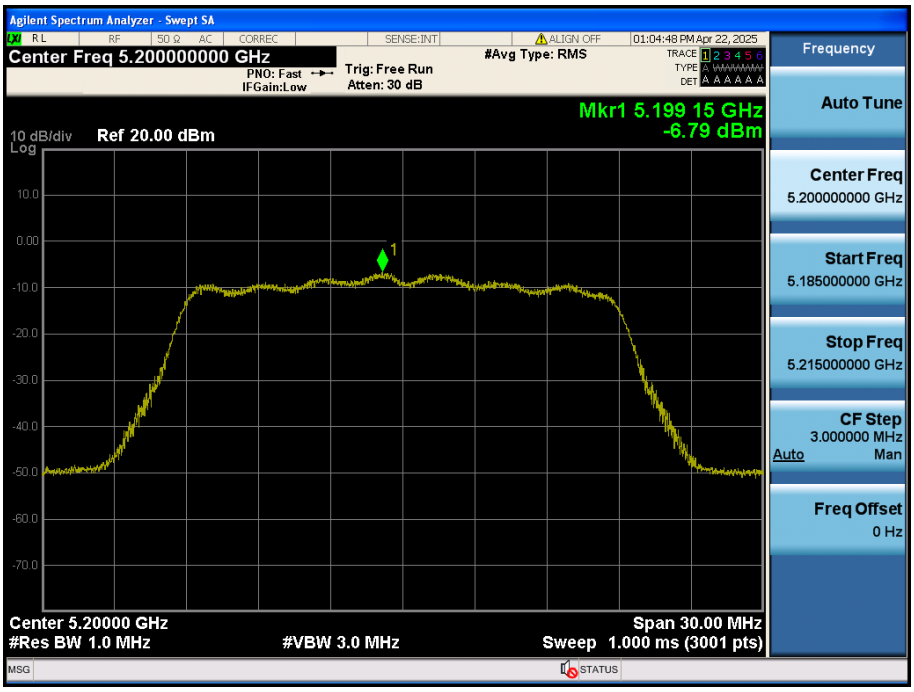
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.36



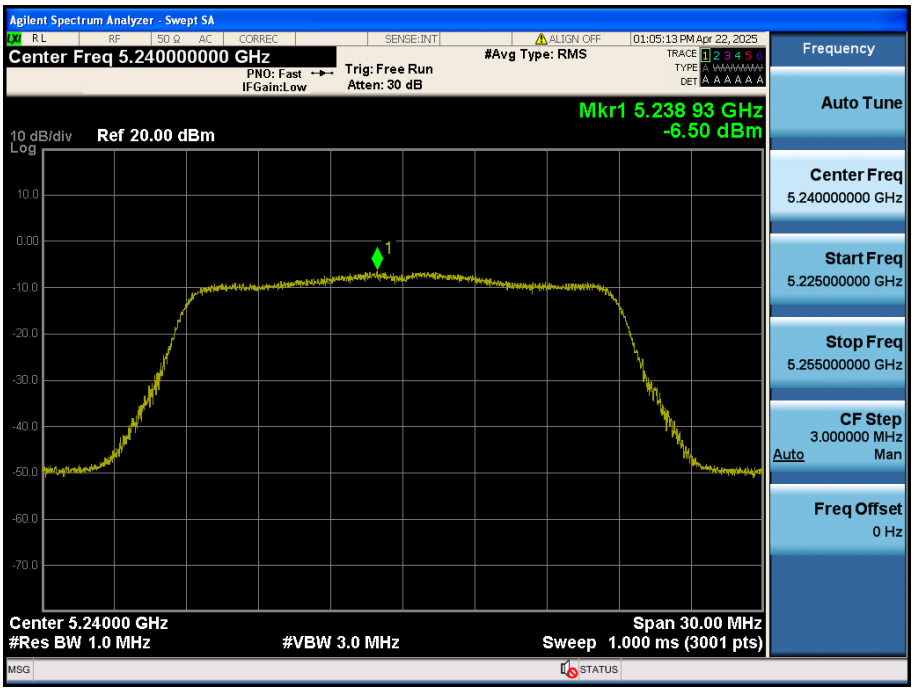
Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.40

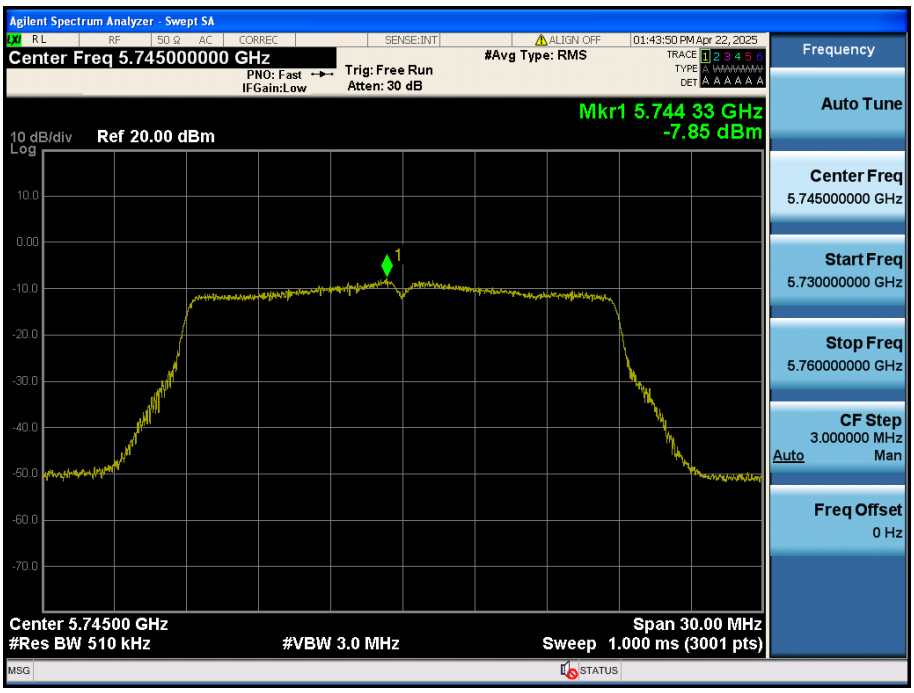


Maximum Power Spectral Density

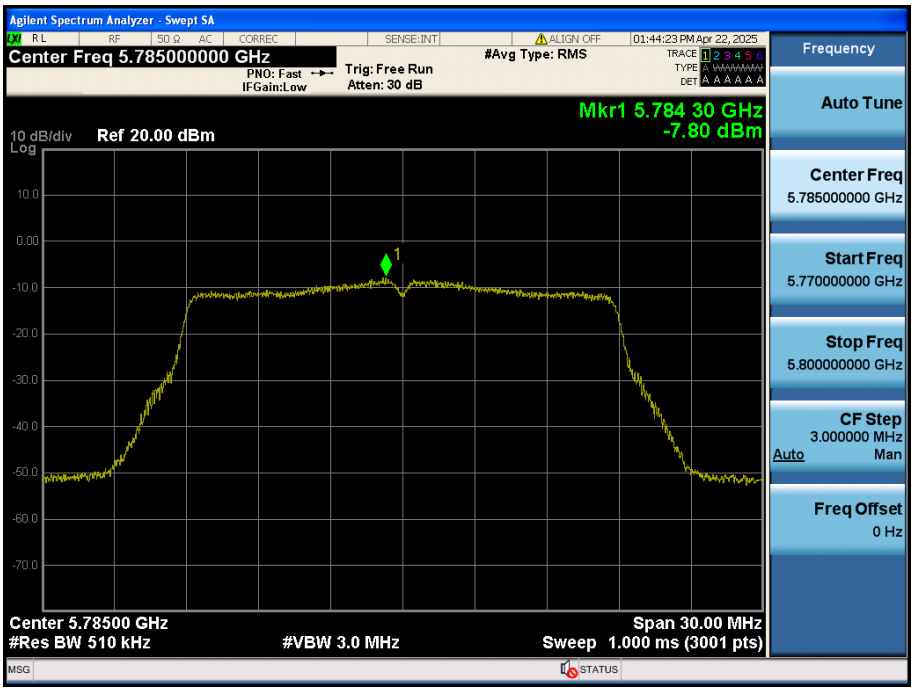
Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.48



Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.149



Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 2 & ANT 2 & Ch.157



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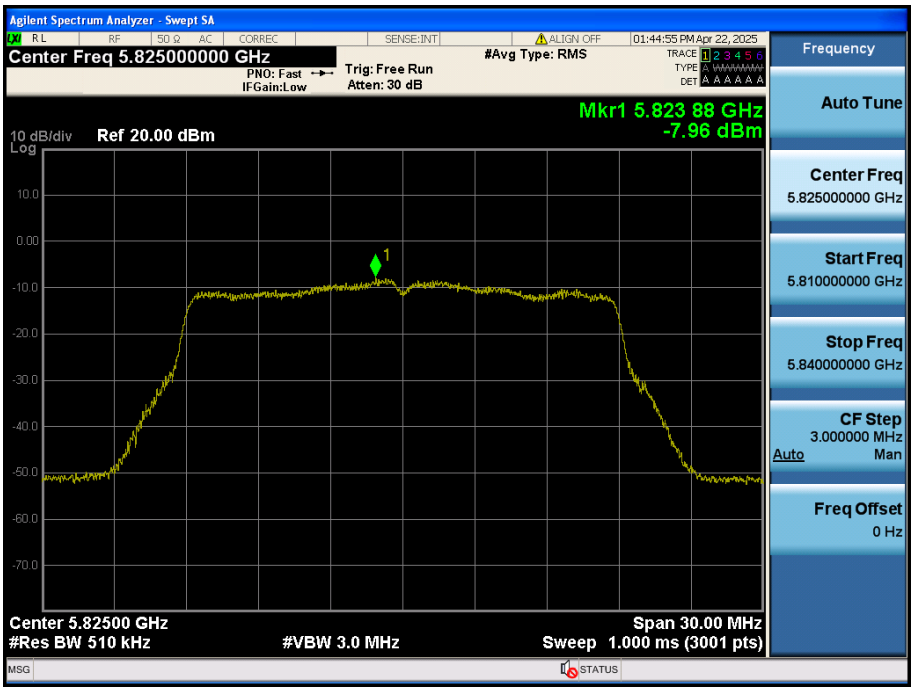
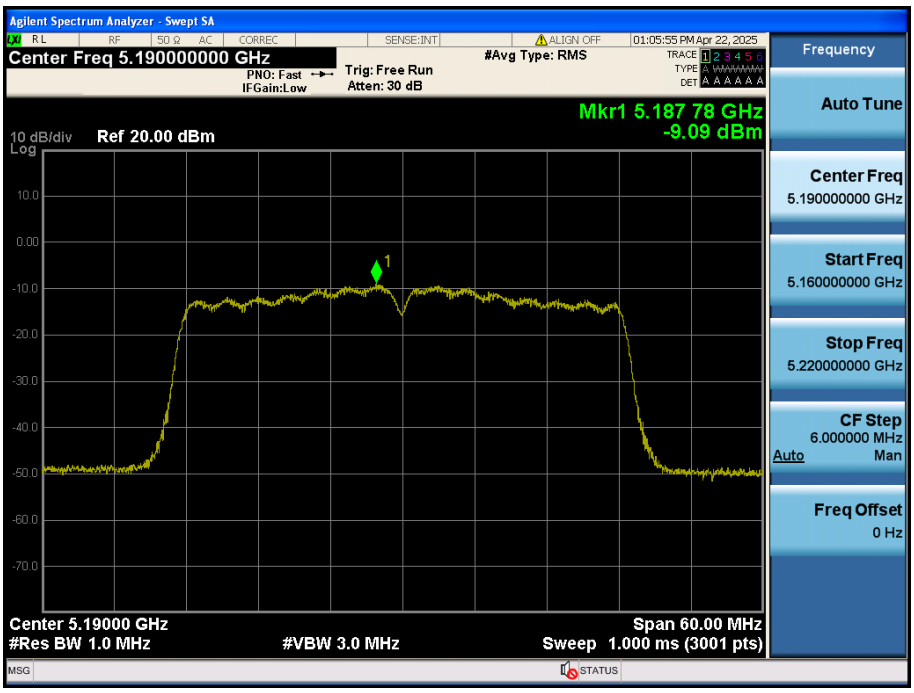
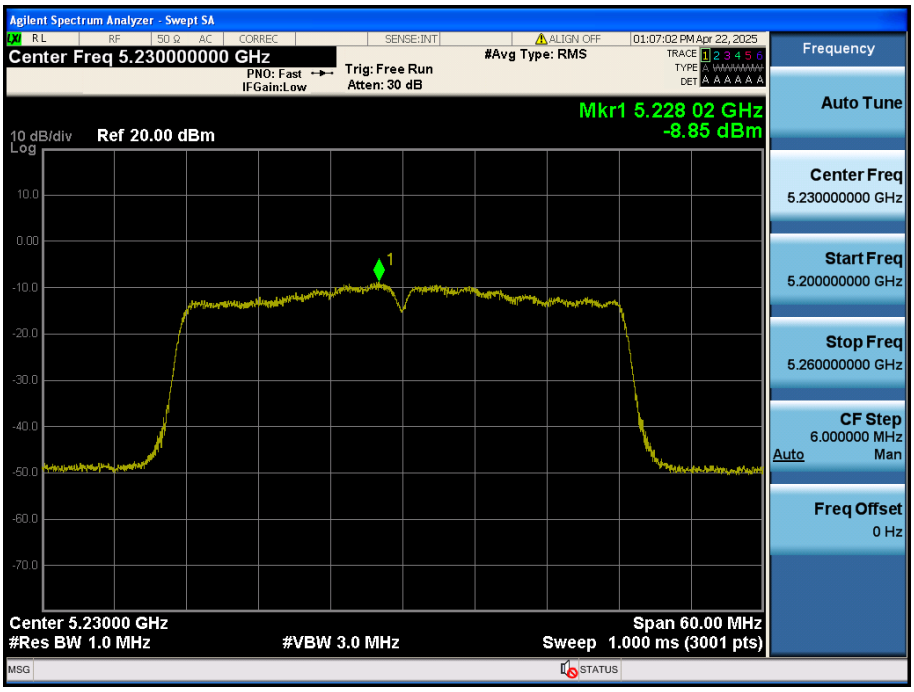


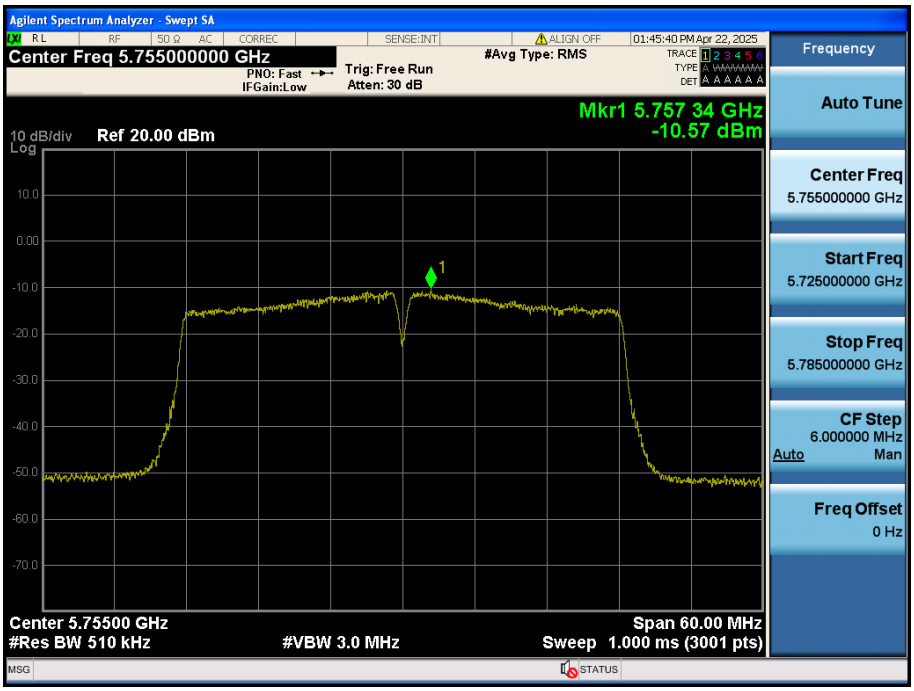
Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.38



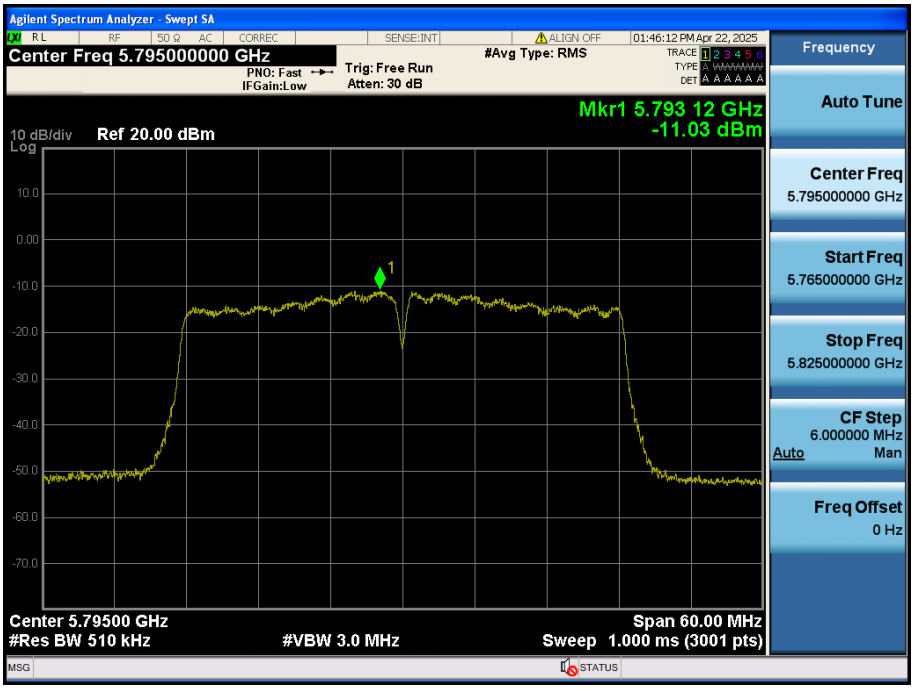
Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.46



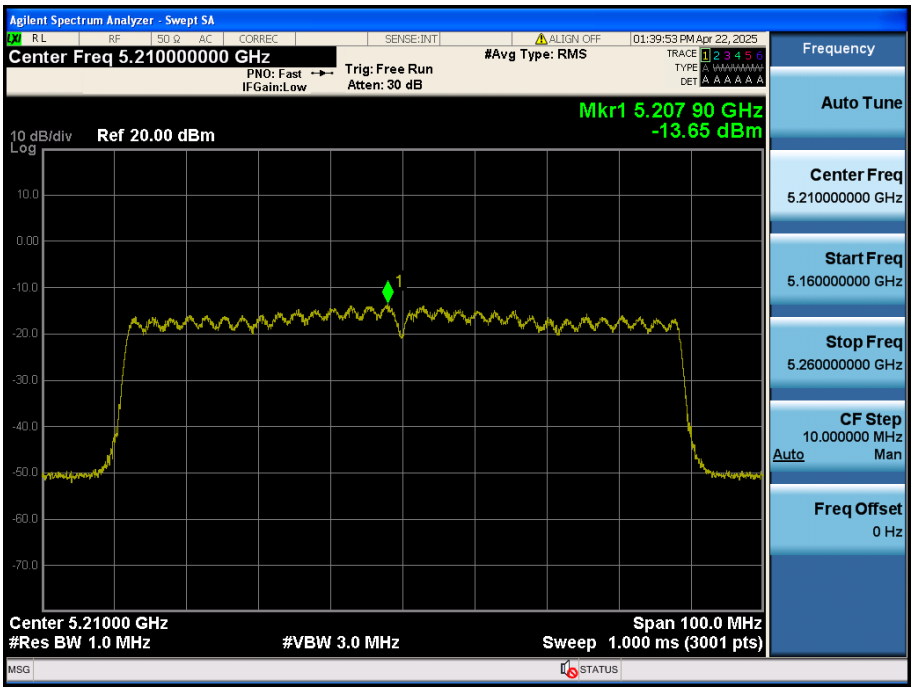
Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.151



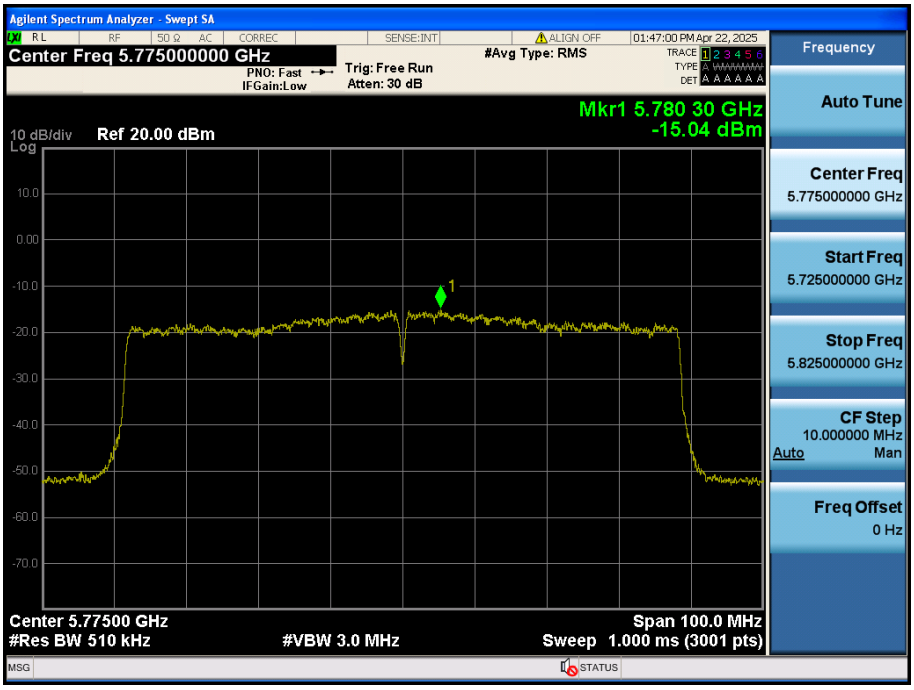
Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 3 & ANT 2 & Ch.159



Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 2 & Ch.42



Maximum Power Spectral Density Test Mode: TM 4 & ANT 2 & Ch.155



5.5 Unwanted Emissions

▣ Test Requirements

- Part 15.407(b)

Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the **5.15 GHz - 5.25 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15 GHz - 5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.

(2) For transmitters operating in the **5.25 GHz - 5.35 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.15 GHz - 5.35 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz**.

(3) For transmitters operating in the **5.47 GHz - 5.725 GHz band**: all emissions outside of the **5.47 GHz - 5.725 GHz band** shall not exceed an **EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.**

(4) For transmitters operating in the **5.725 GHz - 5.85 GHz band**: (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge. The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

(5) Unwanted emissions **below 1 GHz** must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in **Section 15.209**.
Further, any U-NII devices using an **AC power line** are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in **Section 15.207**.

- Part 15.209: General requirements

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	2 400 / F (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	2 4000 / F (kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

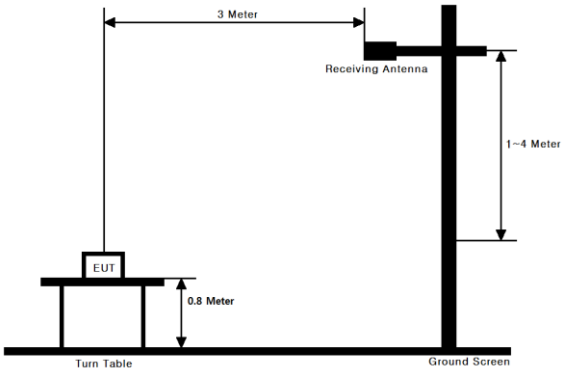
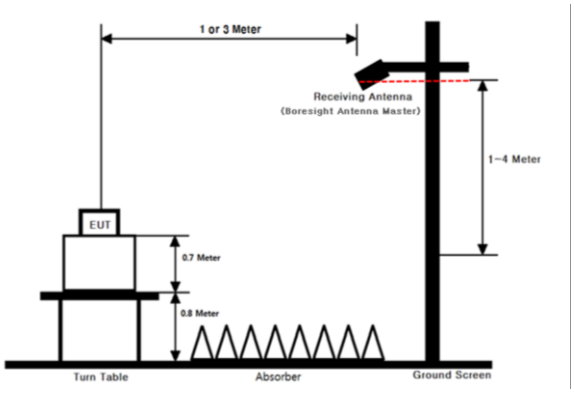
Frequency (MHz)	FCC Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

- Part 15.205(a): Restricted band of operation

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.414 25 ~ 8.414 75	108 ~ 121.94	1 300 ~ 1 427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1 435 ~ 1 626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.173 5 ~ 2.190 5	12.519 75 ~ 12.520 25	149.9 ~ 150.05	1 645.5 ~ 1 646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.576 75 ~ 12.577 25	156.524 75 ~ 156.525 25	1 660 ~ 1 710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.177 25 ~ 4.177 75	13.36 ~ 13.41	156.7 ~ 156.9	1 718.8 ~ 1 722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.207 25 ~ 4.207 75	16.42 ~ 16.423	162.012 5 ~ 167.17	2 200 ~ 2 300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	16.694 75 ~ 16.695 25	167.72 ~ 173.2	2 310 ~ 2 390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.267 75 ~ 6.268 25	16.804 25 ~ 16.804 75	240 ~ 285	2 483.5 ~ 2 500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.311 75 ~ 6.312 25	25.5 ~ 25.67	322 ~ 335.4	2 655 ~ 2 900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	37.5 ~ 38.25	399.90 ~ 410	3 260 ~ 3 267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	73 ~ 74.6	608 ~ 614	3 332 ~ 3 339		
8.376 25 ~ 8.386 75	74.8 ~ 75.2	960 ~ 1240	3 345.8 ~ 3 358		
			3 600 ~ 4 400		

▣ Test Configuration

Below 1 GHz	Above 1 GHz
	

▣ Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
2. The turn table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 1 m or 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

Radiated spurious emission measured using following Measurement Procedure **of KDB789033 D02v02r01**

► General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements

The following requirements apply to all unwanted emissions measurements, both in and outside of the restricted bands:

- EUT Duty Cycle

(1) The EUT shall be configured or modified to **transmit continuously** except as stated in (ii), below. The intent is to test at 100 percent duty cycle; however a small reduction in duty cycle (**to no lower than 98 percent**) is permitted if required by the EUT for amplitude control purposes. Manufacturers are expected to provide software to the test lab to permit such continuous operation.

(2) If **continuous transmission (or at least 98 percent duty cycle) cannot be achieved** due to hardware limitations of the EUT (e.g., overheating), the following additions to the measurement and reporting procedures are required:

- The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal.
- Adjustments to measurement procedures (e.g., increasing test time and number of traces averaged) shall be performed as described in the procedures below.
- The test report shall include the following additional information:
  - The reason for the duty cycle limitation.
  - The duty cycle achieved for testing and the associated transmit duration and interval between transmissions.
  - The sweep time and the amount of time used for trace stabilization during max-hold measurements for peak emission measurements.

(3) Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

► **Measurements below 1 000 MHz**

a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, “General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements”.

b) Compliance shall be demonstrated using **CISPR quasi-peak detection**; however, **peak detection** is permitted as an alternative to quasi-peak detection.

► **Measurements Above 1 000 MHz (Peak)**

a) Follow the requirements in section II.G.3, “General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements”.

b) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the analyzer as follows:

(i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**

(ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**

(iii) **Detector = Peak.**

(iv) Sweep time = Auto.

(v) Trace mode = Max hold.

(vi) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately 1/x, where x is the duty cycle. For example, at 50 percent duty cycle, the measurement time will increase by a factor of two relative to measurement time for continuous transmission.

► **Measurements Above 1000 MHz (Method AD)**

(i) **RBW = 1 MHz.**

(ii) **VBW ≥ 3 MHz.**

(iii) **Detector = RMS**, if span / (# of points in sweep) ≤ RBW / 2. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, the detector mode shall be set to peak.

(iv) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS)

• As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some analyzers require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

(v) Sweep time = Auto.

(vi) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of 1/x, where x is the duty cycle. For example, with 50 percent duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged.

(vii) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98 percent, a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

• **If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.** For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 3 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.

• If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step (iv) above, the correction factor is 20 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50 percent, then 6 dB must be added to the measured emission levels.

• If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Duty Cycle Correction factor

Test Mode	Date rate	T_{on}(ms)	T_{on+off} (ms)	x = T_{on} / (T_{on+off})	DCCF = 10 log(1/x) (dB)
TM 1	6 Mbps	2.064	2.165	0.953 3	0.21
TM 2	MCS 0	1.919	2.021	0.949 5	0.23
TM 3	MCS 0	0.944	1.046	0.902 0	0.45
TM 4	MCS 0	0.460	0.561	0.819 3	0.87

Note1: Where, T = Transmission duration / x = Duty cycle

Note2: Please refer to the appendix II for duty cycle plots.

▣ Test Results

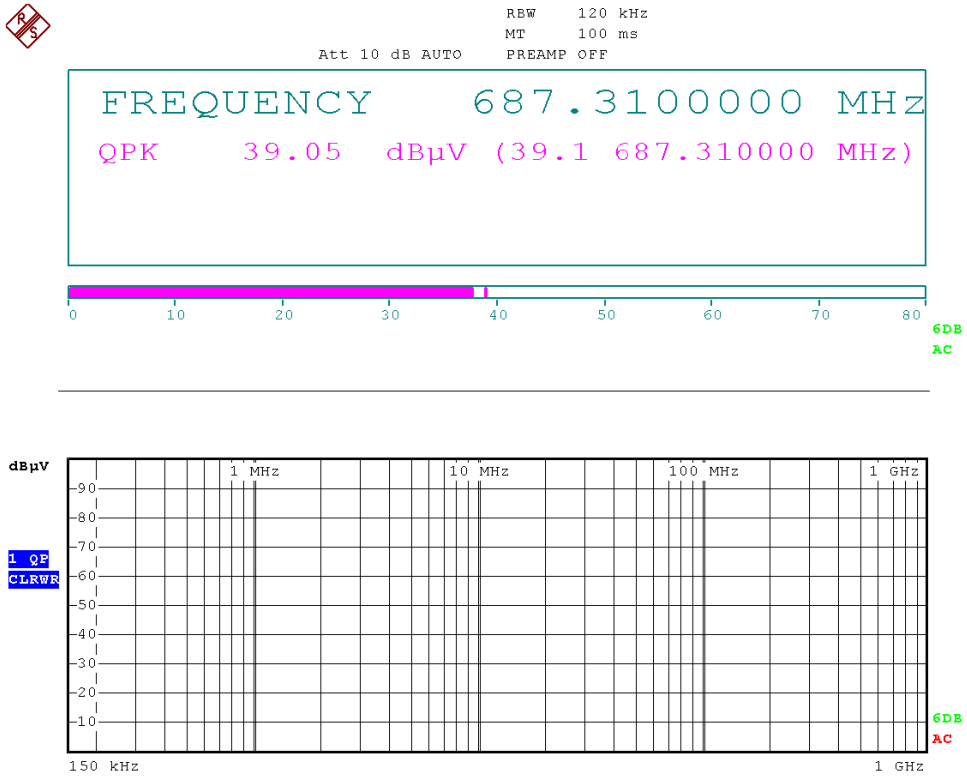
Test Notes

1. The radiated emissions below 1 GHz were investigated 9 kHz to 1 GHz and the worst case data was reported.
2. Information of Distance Correction Factor
   For finding emissions, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations.
   In this case, the distance factor is applied to the result.
   - Calculation of distance correction factor
   At frequencies below 30 MHz = 40 log(tested distance / specified distance)
   At frequencies at or above 30 MHz = 20 log(tested distance / specified distance)
   When distance factor is “N/A”, the measurements were performed at the specified distance and distance factor is not applied.
3. Sample Calculation.
   Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + TF+ DCCF + DCF / TF = AF + CL + HL + AL – AG
   Where, TF = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain, HL = High pass filter Loss, AL = Attenuator Loss, DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor

Radiated Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 1 GHz) : TM 1

Tested Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	TF (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)
5 180	687.31	H	X	QP	39.10	3.85	N/A	N/A	42.95	46.02	3.07
	700.68	H	X	QP	34.30	4.05	N/A	N/A	38.35	46.02	7.67
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TM 1 & 5 180 MHz & X axis & Hor Detector Mode : QP



Test Notes

1. The radiated emissions were investigated 1 GHz to 40 GHz. And no other spurious emissions were found below listed frequencies.
2. Information of Distance Correction Factor
   For finding emissions, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations.
   In this case, the distance factor is applied to the result.
   - Calculation of distance correction factor
   At frequencies below 30 MHz = 40 log(tested distance / specified distance)
   At frequencies at or above 30 MHz = 20 log(tested distance / specified distance)
   When distance factor is “N/A”, the measurements were performed at the specified distance and distance factor is not applied.
3. Sample Calculation.
   Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + TF+ DCCF + DCF / TF = AF + CL + HL + AL – AG
   Where, TF = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain, HL = High pass filter Loss, AL = Attenuator Loss,
   DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
4. The limit is converted to field strength.
   E(dBuV/m) = EIRP(dBm) + 95.2 dB = -27 dBm + 95.2 = 68.2 dBuV/m

Unwanted Emissions data(1 GHz ~ 40 GHz) : *TM 1*

Band	Tested Frequency (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	TF (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	5 180	5 149.90	H	X	PK	54.09	2.87	N/A	N/A	56.96	74.00	17.04
		5 149.03	H	X	AV	43.82	2.87	0.21	N/A	46.90	54.00	7.10
		10 360.08	V	X	PK	45.35	9.16	N/A	N/A	54.51	68.20	13.69
	5 200	10 399.77	V	X	PK	46.29	9.29	N/A	N/A	55.58	68.20	12.62
	5 240	10 480.06	V	X	PK	44.80	9.47	N/A	N/A	54.27	68.20	13.93
U-NII 3	5 745	5 638.78	H	X	PK	51.94	3.48	N/A	N/A	55.42	68.20	12.78
		5 670.15	H	X	PK	54.38	3.50	N/A	N/A	57.88	83.11	25.23
		11 489.63	V	X	PK	47.40	9.42	N/A	N/A	56.82	74.00	17.18
		11 489.88	V	X	AV	40.02	9.42	0.21	N/A	49.65	54.00	4.35
	5 785	11 569.65	V	X	PK	47.77	9.56	N/A	N/A	57.33	74.00	16.67
		11 569.87	V	X	AV	39.27	9.56	0.21	N/A	49.04	54.00	4.96
	5 825	5 880.13	H	X	PK	53.30	3.96	N/A	N/A	57.26	101.40	44.14
		5 977.90	H	X	PK	51.82	4.97	N/A	N/A	56.79	68.20	11.41
		11 650.04	V	X	PK	47.06	9.78	N/A	N/A	56.84	74.00	17.16
		11 650.01	V	X	AV	40.06	9.78	0.21	N/A	50.05	54.00	3.95

Unwanted Emissions data(1 GHz ~ 40 GHz) : *TM 2*

Band	Tested Frequency (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	TF (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	5 180	5 149.06	H	X	PK	53.53	2.87	N/A	N/A	56.40	74.00	17.60
		5 149.48	H	X	AV	43.57	2.87	0.23	N/A	46.67	54.00	7.33
		10 359.88	V	X	PK	44.63	9.16	N/A	N/A	53.79	68.20	14.41
	5 200	10 399.96	V	X	PK	45.33	9.29	N/A	N/A	54.62	68.20	13.58
	5 240	10 479.93	V	X	PK	44.84	9.47	N/A	N/A	54.31	68.20	13.89
U-NII 3	5 745	5 640.85	H	X	PK	51.79	3.48	N/A	N/A	55.27	68.20	12.93
		5 695.78	H	X	PK	55.50	3.54	N/A	N/A	59.04	102.08	43.04
		11 489.93	V	X	PK	47.60	9.42	N/A	N/A	57.02	74.00	16.98
		11 489.96	V	X	AV	40.26	9.42	0.23	N/A	49.91	54.00	4.09
	5 785	11 569.80	V	X	PK	46.42	9.56	N/A	N/A	55.98	74.00	18.02
		11 569.97	V	X	AV	39.16	9.56	0.23	N/A	48.95	54.00	5.05
	5 825	5 883.34	H	X	PK	52.25	4.00	N/A	N/A	56.25	99.03	42.78
		5 944.85	H	X	PK	50.74	4.76	N/A	N/A	55.50	68.20	12.70
		11 649.75	V	X	PK	47.71	9.77	N/A	N/A	57.48	74.00	16.52
		11 649.92	V	X	AV	40.56	9.78	0.23	N/A	50.57	54.00	3.43

Unwanted Emissions data(1 GHz ~ 40 GHz) : *TM 3*

Band	Tested Frequency (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	TF (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	5 190	5 149.69	H	X	PK	58.82	2.87	N/A	N/A	61.69	74.00	12.31
		5 149.86	H	X	AV	45.24	2.87	0.45	N/A	48.56	54.00	5.44
		10 379.87	V	X	PK	45.95	9.23	N/A	N/A	55.18	68.20	13.02
	5 230	10 460.12	V	X	PK	45.94	9.40	N/A	N/A	55.34	68.20	12.86
U-NII 3	5 755	5 637.98	H	X	PK	53.10	3.48	N/A	N/A	56.58	68.20	11.62
		5 672.48	H	X	PK	54.42	3.50	N/A	N/A	57.92	84.84	26.92
		11 509.84	V	X	PK	48.15	9.46	N/A	N/A	57.61	74.00	16.39
		11 509.88	V	X	AV	39.85	9.46	0.45	N/A	49.76	54.00	4.24
	5 795	5 896.08	H	X	PK	52.48	4.14	N/A	N/A	56.62	89.60	32.98
		5 964.72	H	X	PK	52.60	4.89	N/A	N/A	57.49	68.20	10.71
		11 589.90	V	X	PK	46.52	9.56	N/A	N/A	56.08	74.00	17.92
		11 589.89	V	X	AV	39.32	9.56	0.45	N/A	49.33	54.00	4.67

Unwanted Emissions data(1 GHz ~ 40 GHz) : *TM 4*

Band	Tested Frequency (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	TF (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
U-NII 1	5 210	5 149.86	H	X	PK	57.13	2.87	N/A	N/A	60.00	74.00	14.00
		5 149.87	H	X	AV	44.79	2.87	0.87	N/A	48.53	54.00	5.47
		10 420.01	V	X	PK	45.84	9.32	N/A	N/A	55.16	68.20	13.04
U-NII 3	5 775	5 628.63	H	X	PK	54.55	3.50	N/A	N/A	58.05	68.20	10.15
		5 676.80	H	X	PK	54.52	3.51	N/A	N/A	58.03	88.03	30.00
		5 908.04	H	X	PK	51.99	4.30	N/A	N/A	56.29	80.75	24.46
		5 932.12	H	X	PK	51.72	4.62	N/A	N/A	56.34	68.20	11.86
		11 549.71	V	X	PK	46.73	9.55	N/A	N/A	56.28	74.00	17.72
		11 549.90	V	X	AV	38.97	9.55	0.87	N/A	49.39	54.00	4.61

5.6 AC Power-Line Conducted Emissions

▣ Test Requirements, §15.207

An intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5.0	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

▣ Test Configuration

NA

▣ Test Procedure

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10-2013.

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

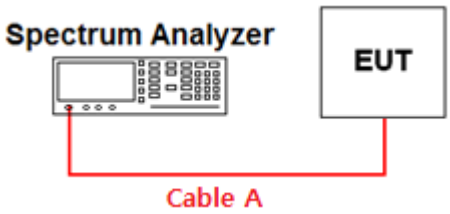
▣ Test Results:

NA

APPENDIX I

Conducted Test set up Diagram

▪ Conducted Measurement



APPENDIX II

Duty Cycle Information

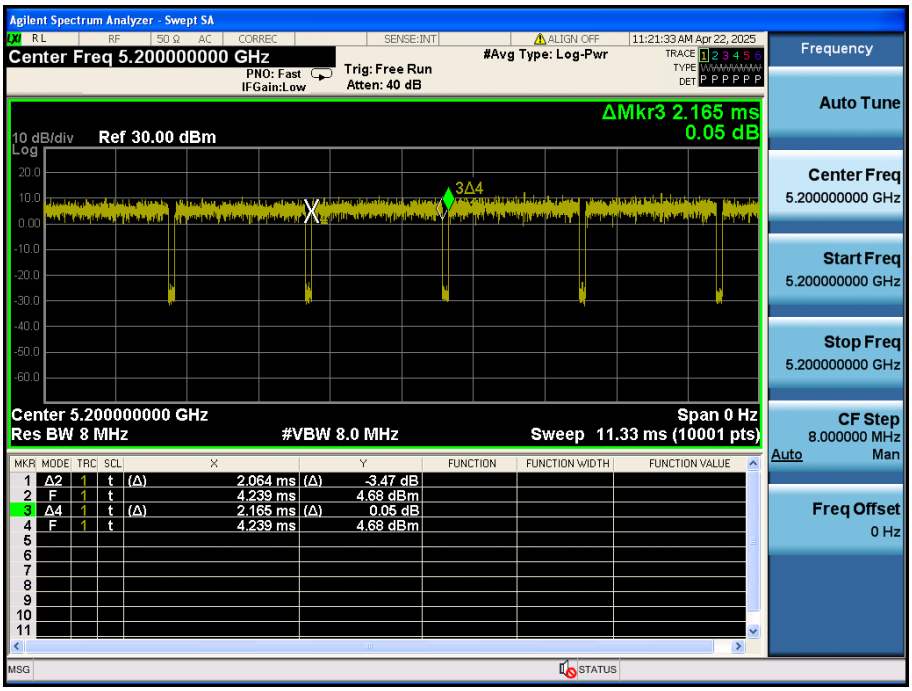
▣ Test Procedure

Duty Cycle [X = On Time / (On + Off time)] is measured using Measurement Procedure **of KDB789033 D02v02r01**

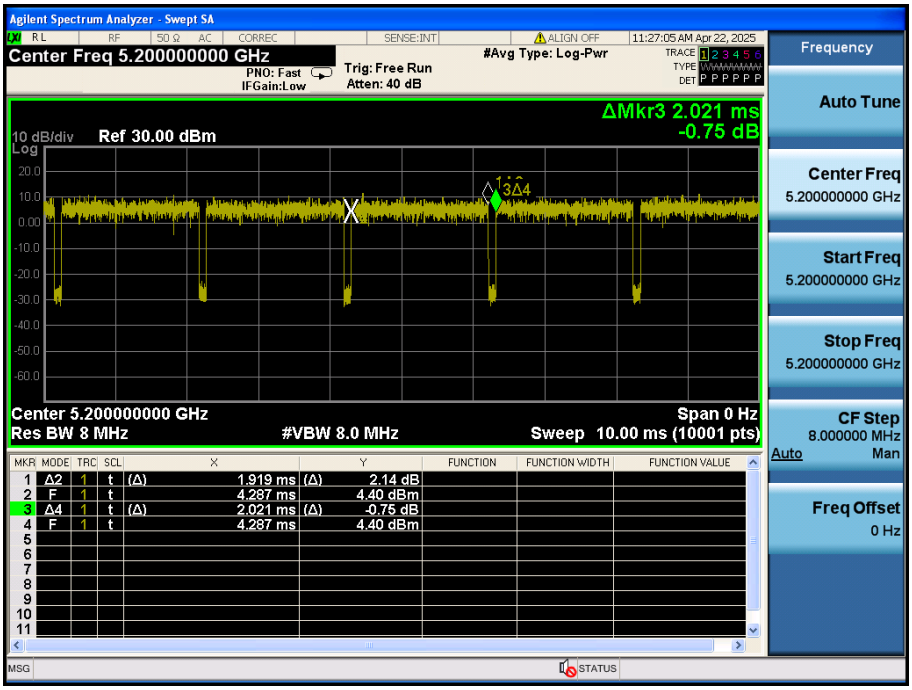
1. Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the center frequency of the transmission.
2. Set RBW ≥ EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
3. Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak.
4. Note : The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both **RBW and VBW are > 50 / *T***, where *T* is defined in section II.B.1.a), and **the number of sweep points across duration *T* exceeds 100**. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if *T* ≤ 16.7 microseconds.)

T : The minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.
(***T* = On time** of the above table since the EUT operates with above fixed Duty Cycle and it is the minimum On time)

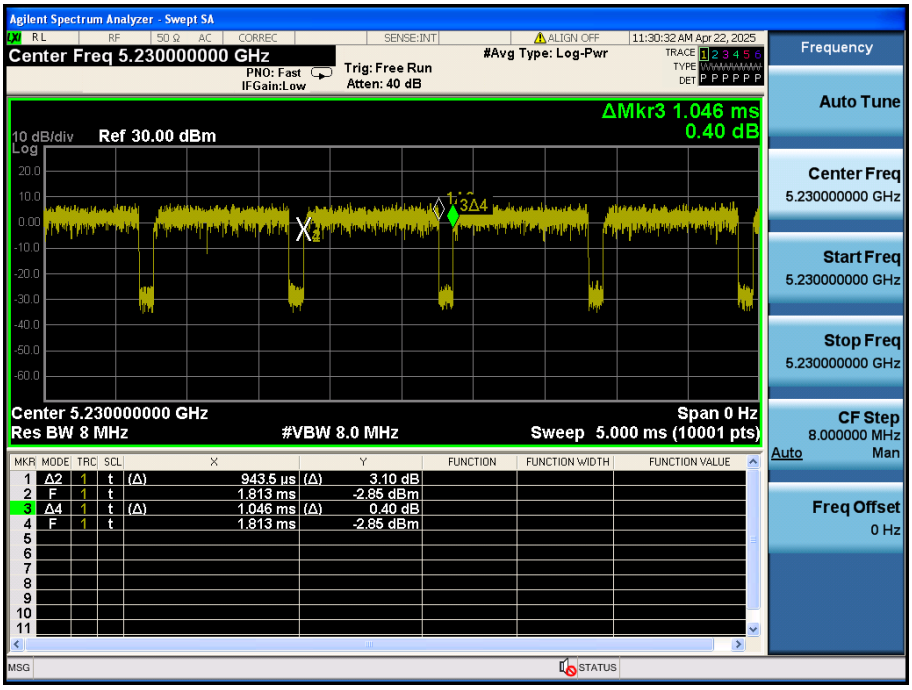
Duty Cycle Test Mode: TM 1 & Ch.40



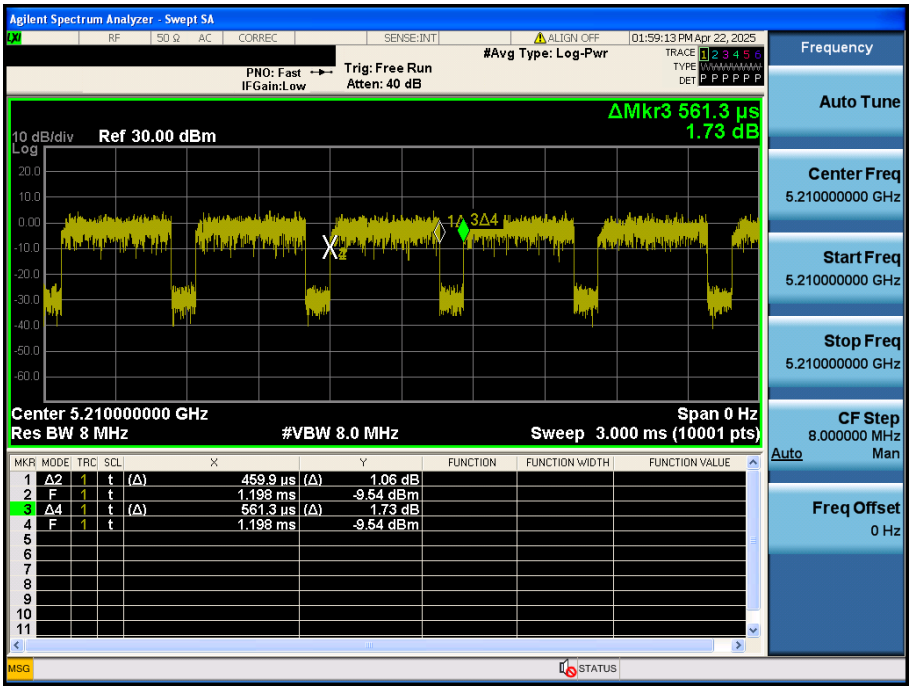
Duty Cycle Test Mode: TM 2 & Ch.40



Duty Cycle Test Mode: TM 3 & Ch.46



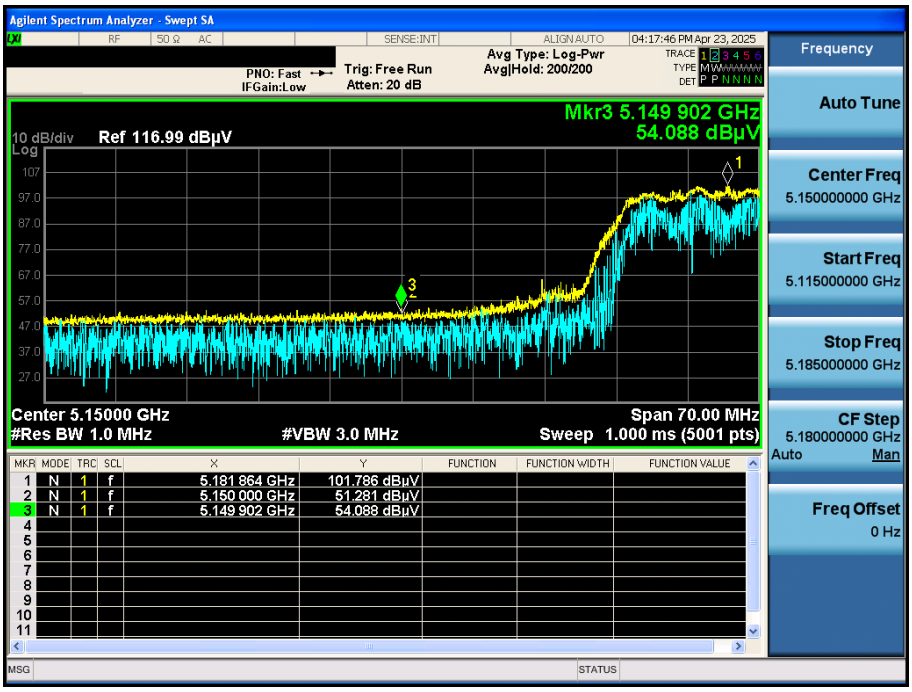
Duty Cycle Test Mode: TM 4 & Ch.42



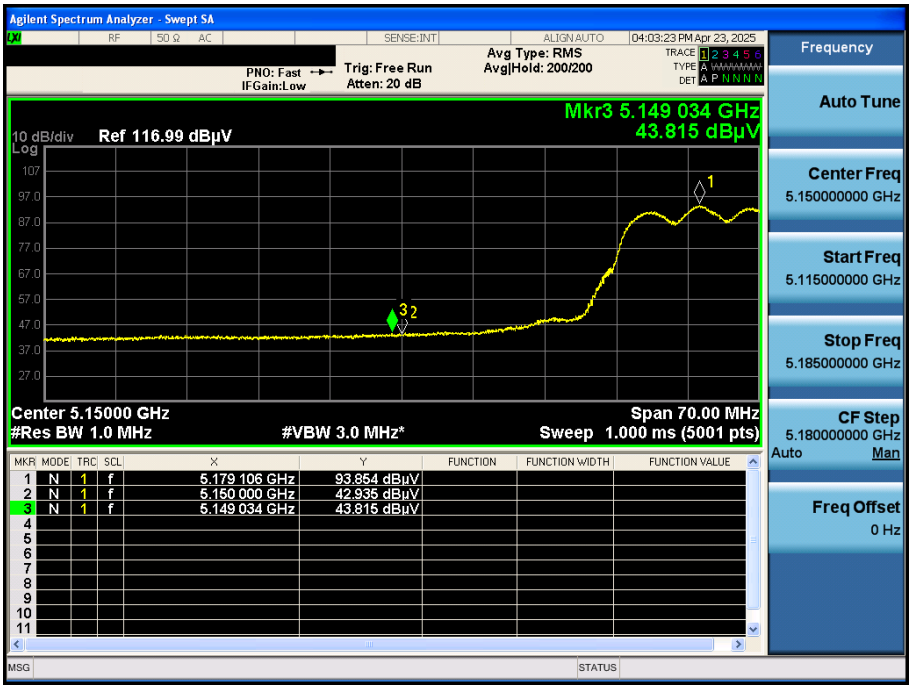
APPENDIX III

Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot:

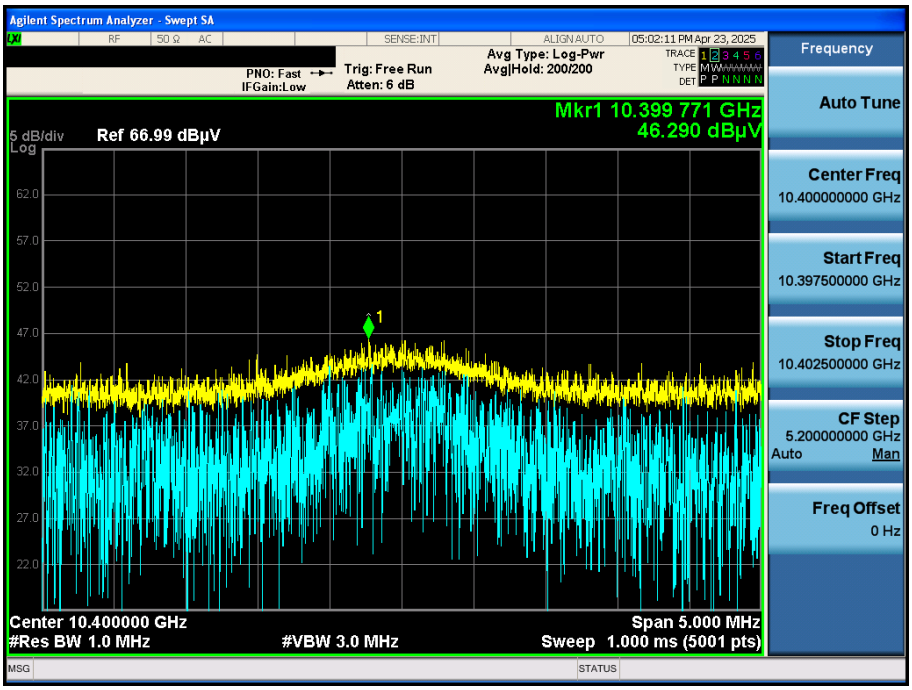
TM 1 & U-NII 1 & 5 180 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



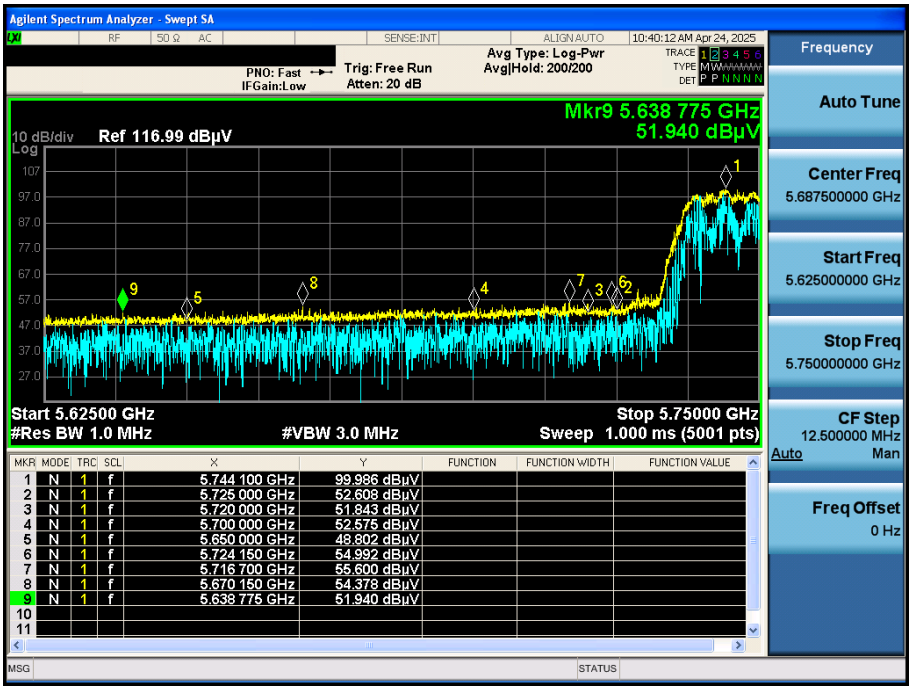
TM 1 & U-NII 1 & 5 180 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



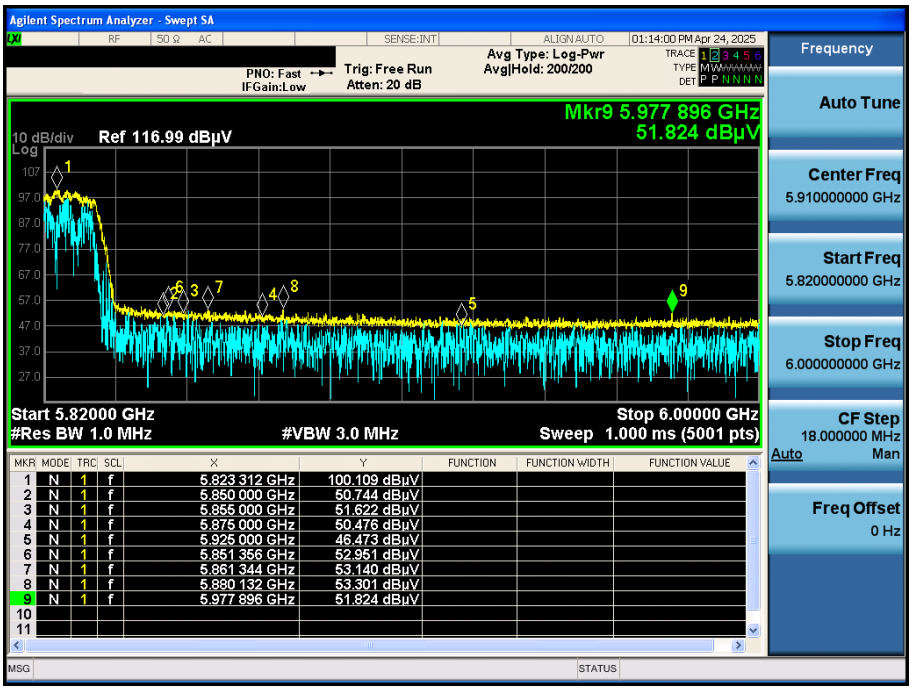
TM 1 & U-NII 1 & 5 200 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : PK**



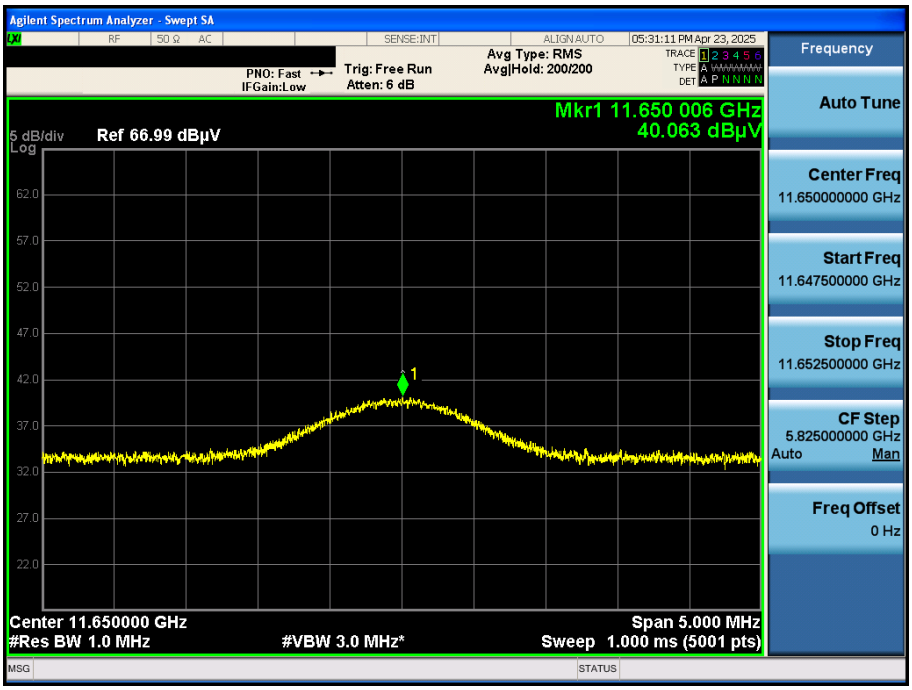
TM 1 & U-NII 3 & 5 745 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



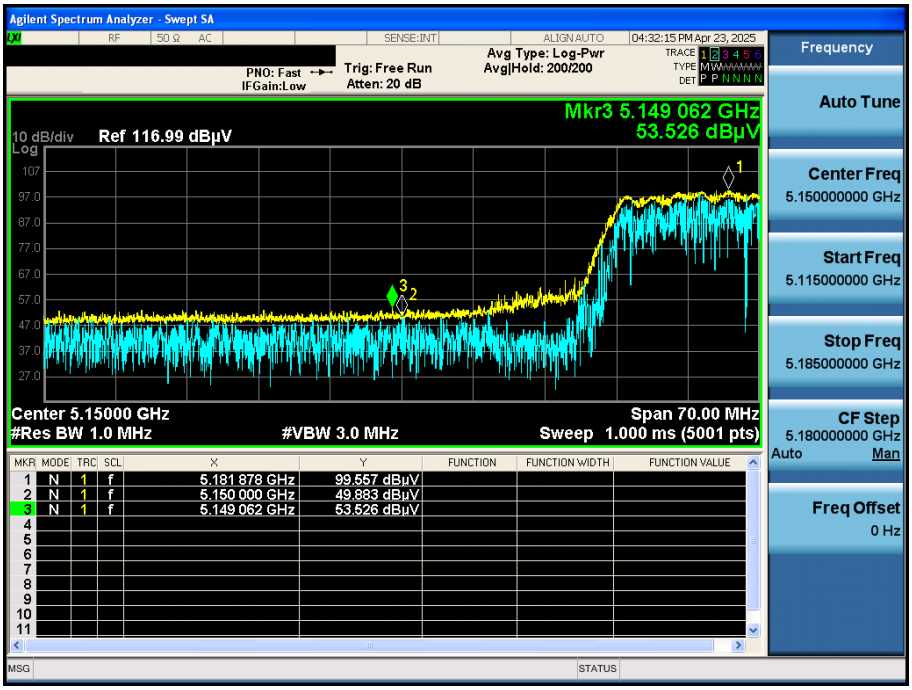
TM 1 & U-NII 3 & 5 825 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



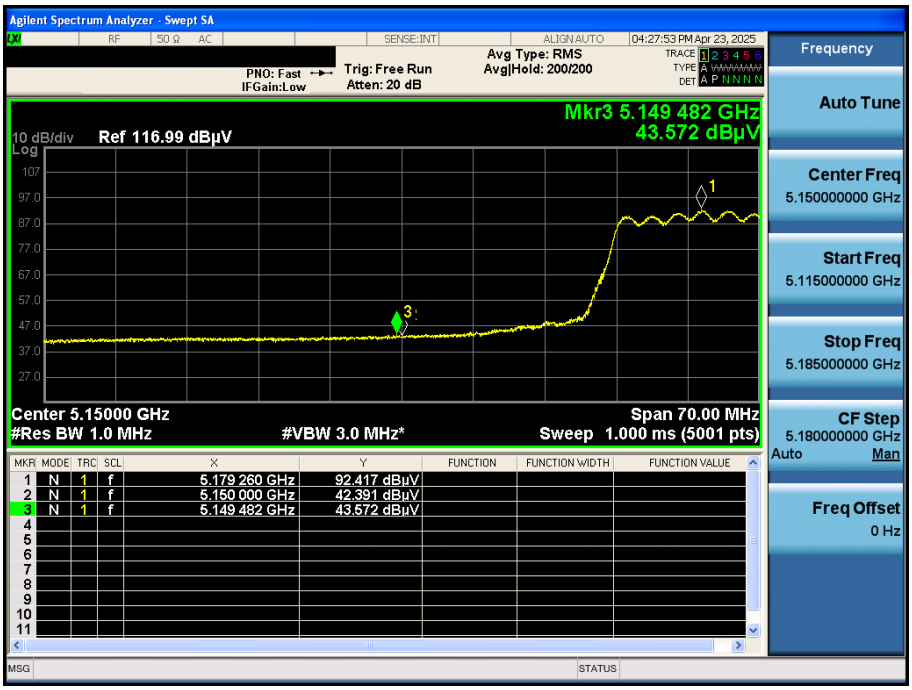
TM 1 & U-NII 3 & 5 825 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : AV**



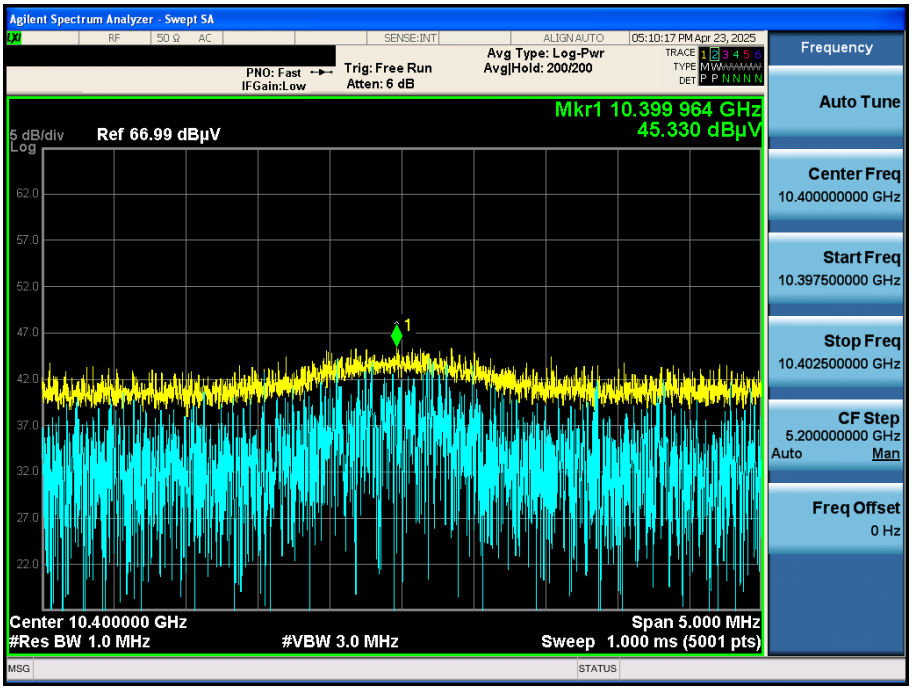
TM 2 & U-NII 1 & 5 180 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



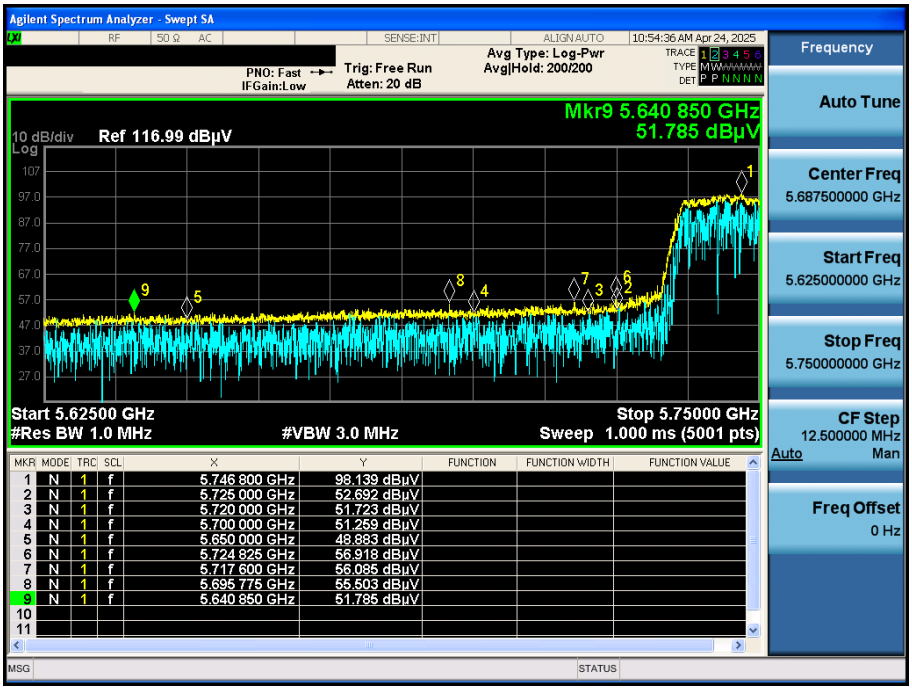
TM 2 & U-NII 1 & 5 180 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



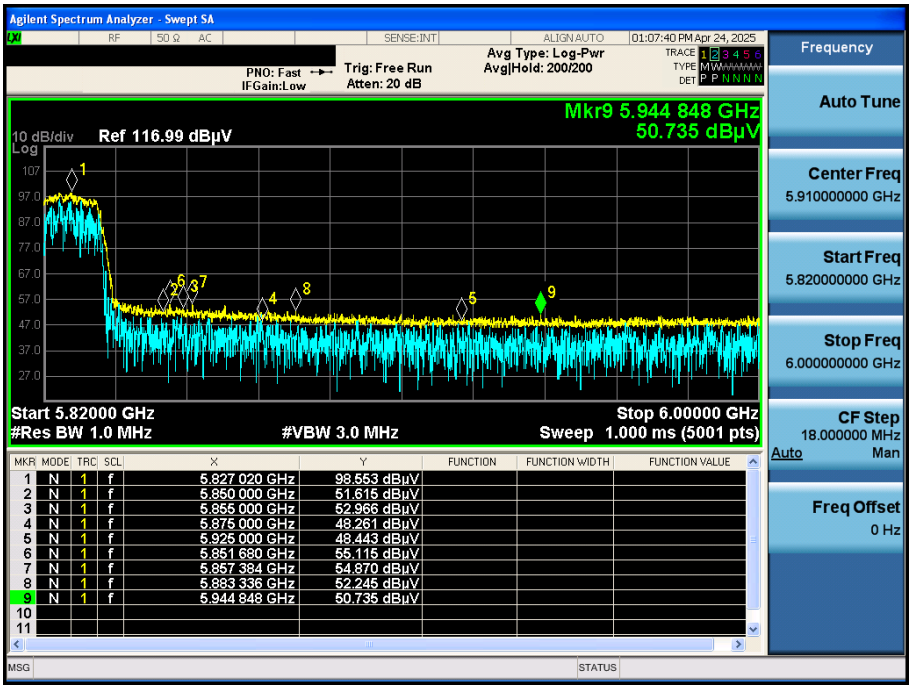
TM 2 & U-NII 1 & 5 200 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : PK**



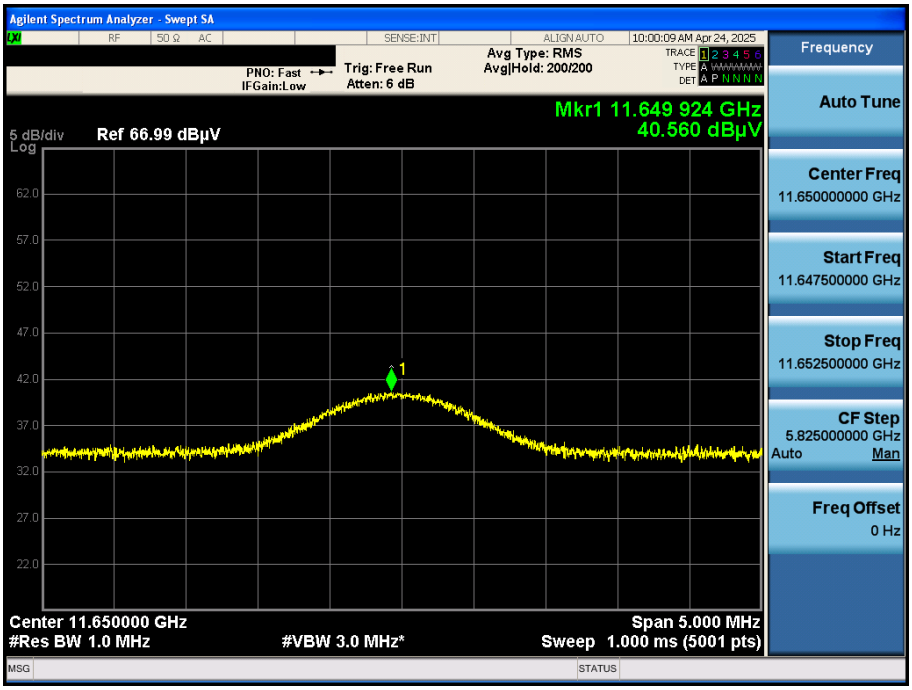
TM 2 & U-NII 3 & 5 745 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



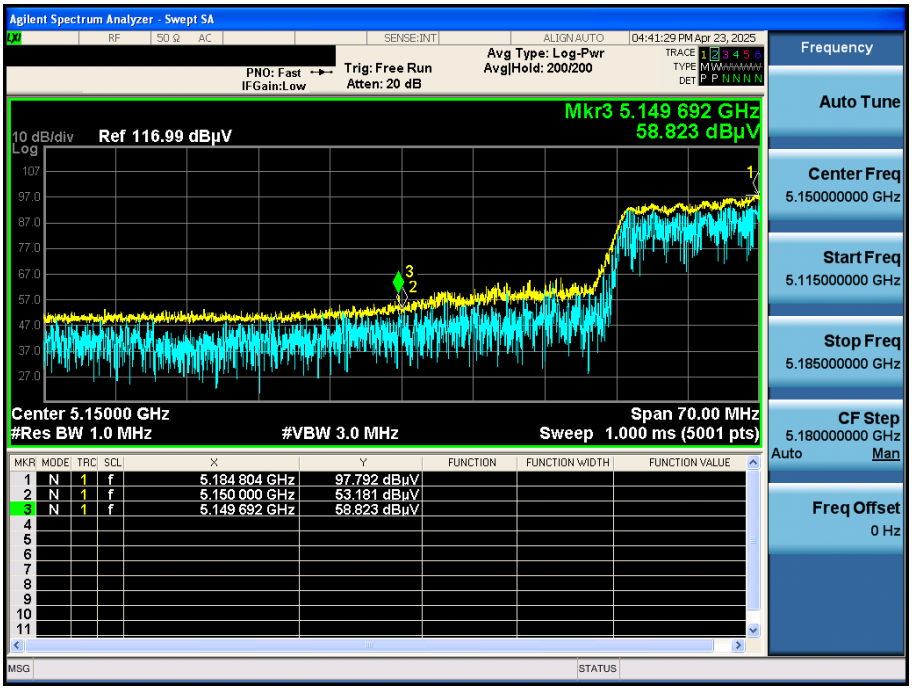
TM 2 & U-NII 3 & 5 825 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



TM 2 & U-NII 3 & 5 825 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : AV**

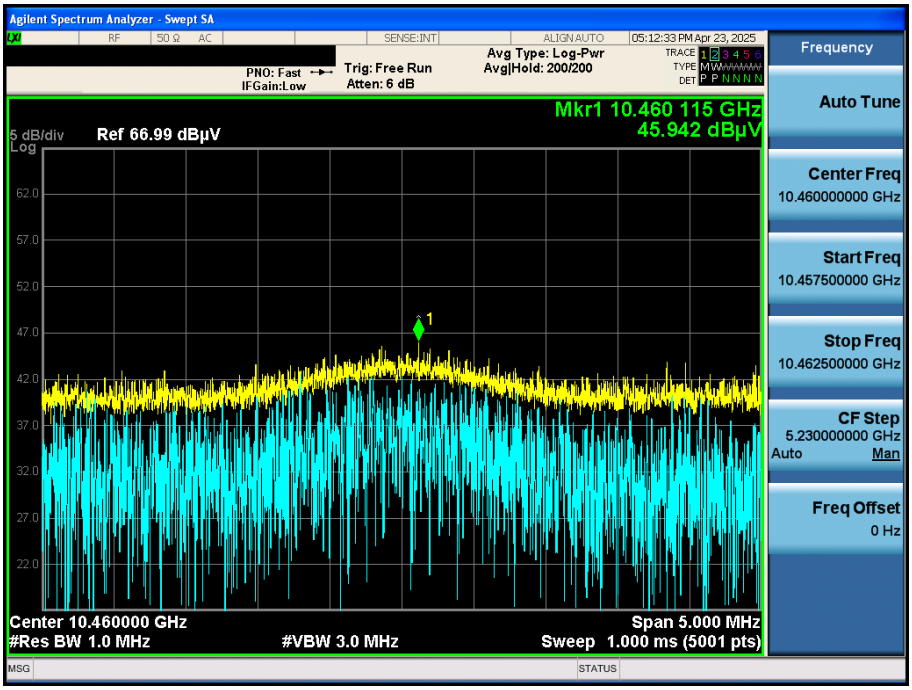


TM 3 & U-NII 1 & 5 190 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**

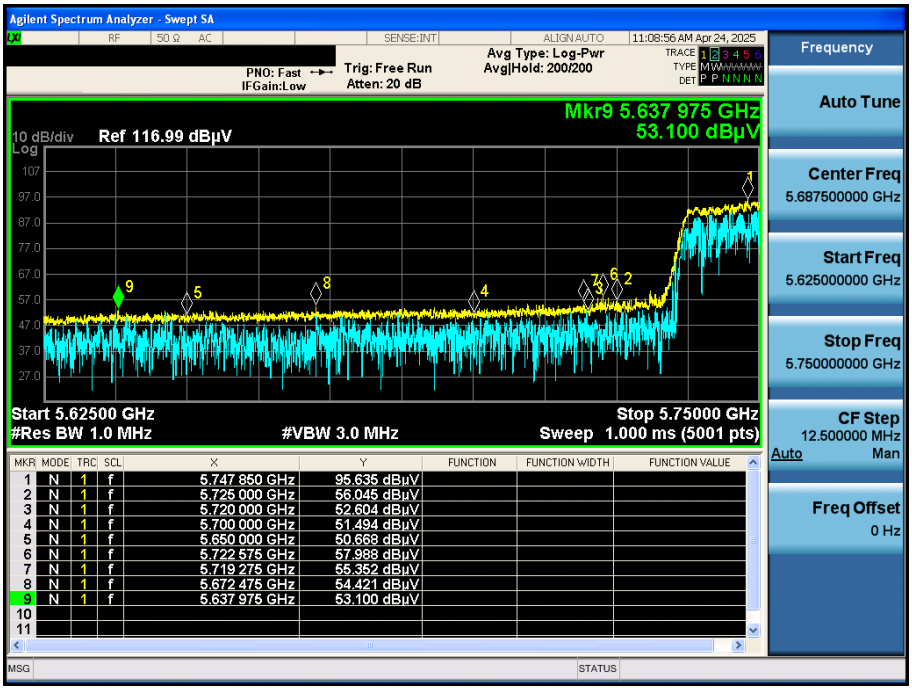


TM 3 & U-NII 1 & 5 190 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**

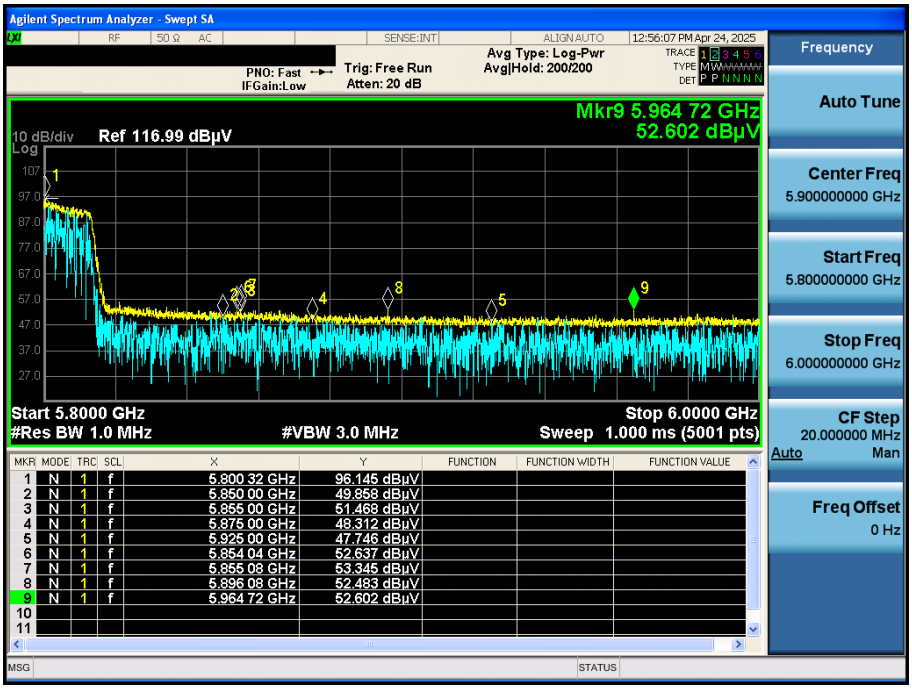
TM 3 & U-NII 1 & 5 230 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : PK**



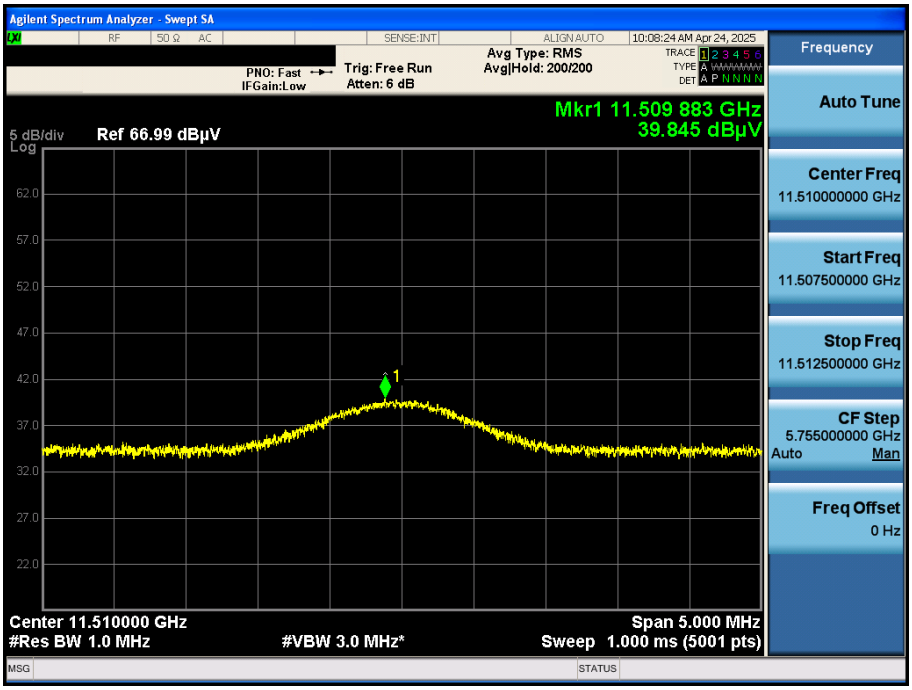
TM 3 & U-NII 3 & 5 755 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



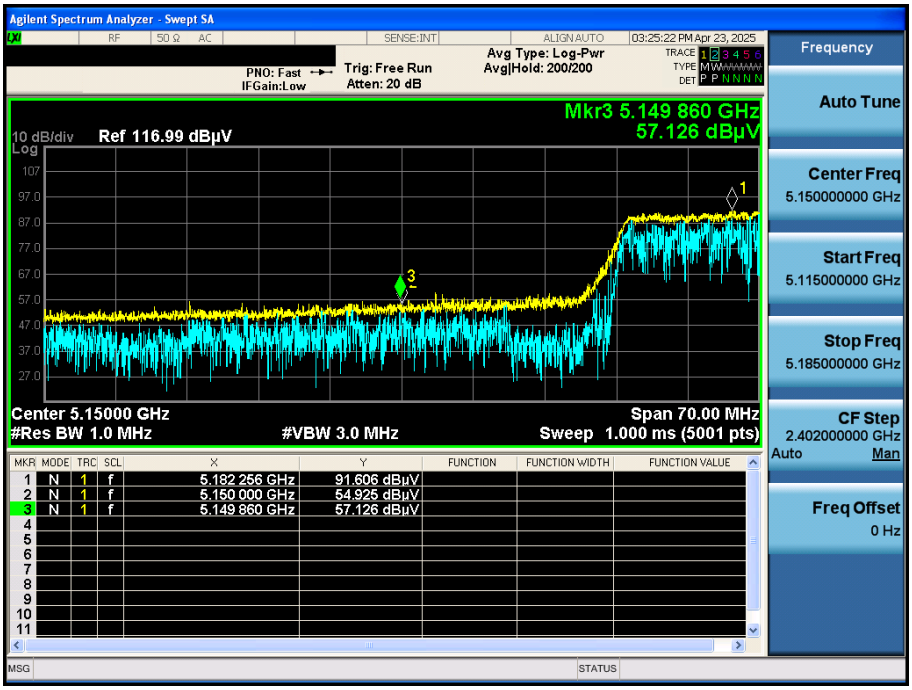
TM 3 & U-NII 3 & 5 795 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



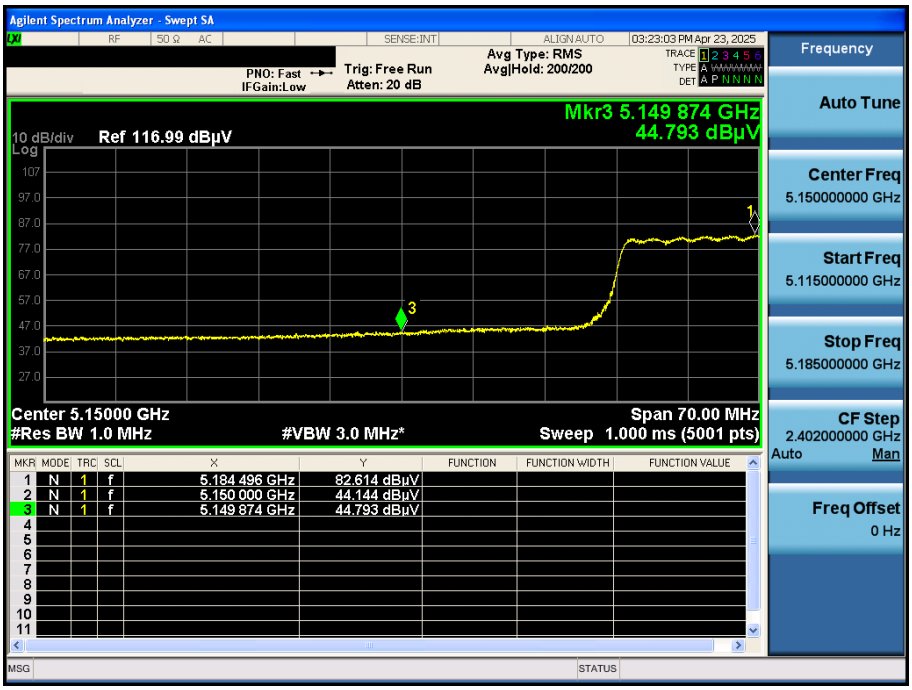
TM 3 & U-NII 3 & 5 755 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : AV**



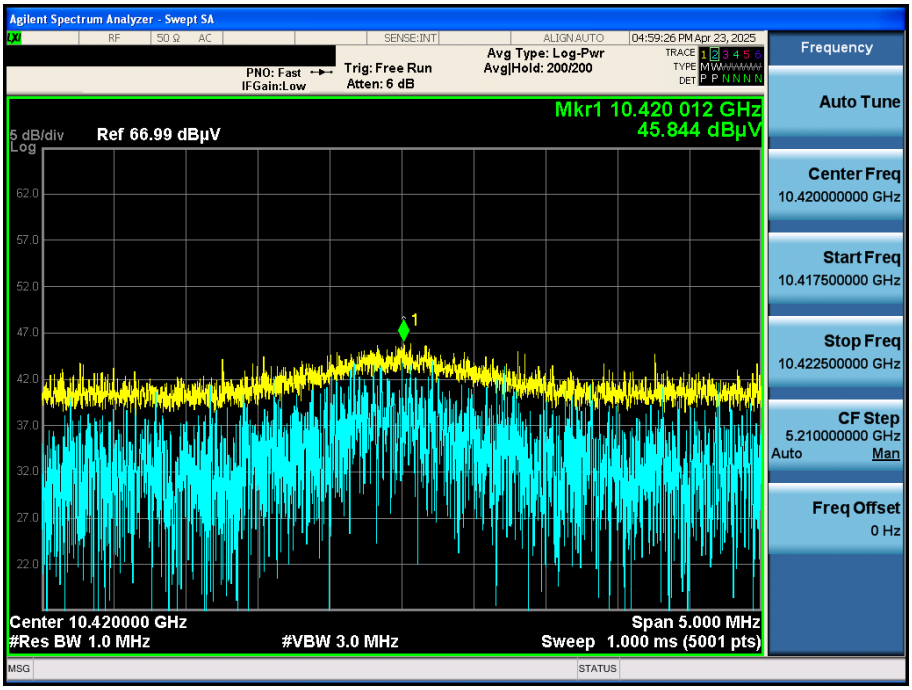
TM 4 & U-NII 1 & 5 210 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



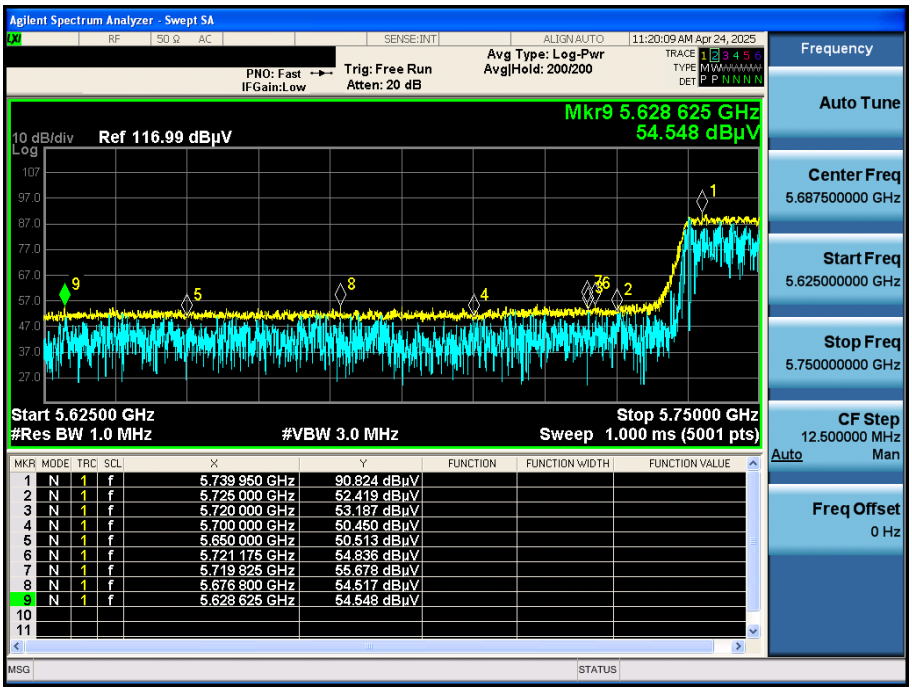
TM 4 & U-NII 1 & 5 210 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : AV**



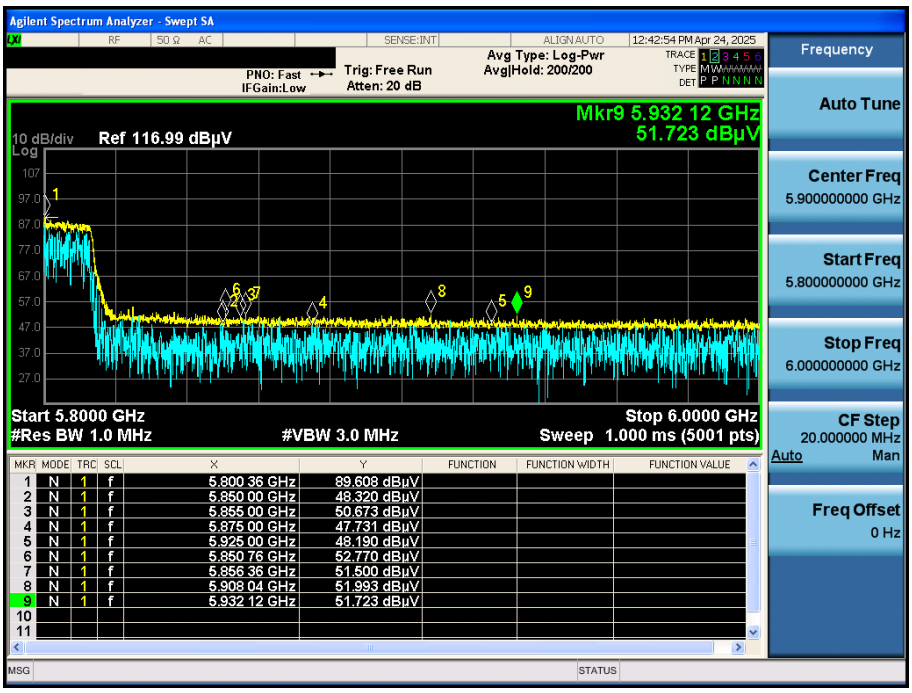
TM 4 & U-NII 1 & 5 210 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : PK**



TM 4 & U-NII 3 & 5 775 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



TM 4 & U-NII 3 & 5 775 MHz & X axis & Hor **Detector Mode : PK**



TM 4 & U-NII 3 & 5 775 MHz & X axis & Ver **Detector Mode : AV**