SAR Evaluation Report

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF
FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C
IC RSS 102 ISSUE 1 : 1999

FOR

CDMA800/1900 CELL-PCS MODULE

MODELS: PA3490U-1EVD

FCC ID: CJ6UPA3490G3

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10443-4

ISSUE DATE: AUGUST 4, 2006

Prepared for

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Revision History

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
--	August 4, 2006	Initial issue	HS

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

DATES OF TEST: August 3 and 4, 2006

APPLICANT: ADDRESS:	Toshiba Corporation Digital Media Network Company Ome Complex, 2-9, Suehiro-cho, Tokyo, 198-8710, Japan
FCC ID: MODEL:	CJ6UPA3490G3 PA3490U-1EVD
DEVICE CATEGORY: EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	Portable Device General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

CDMA 800/1900 CELL-PCS module is installed in Toshiba Satellite and is collocated with Bluetooth FCC ID: CJ6UPA3418BT and one WLAN at a time from the following list:

Intel bg FCC ID: CJ6UPA3440WL

Intel abg FCC ID: CJ6UPA3489WL

Atheros bg FCC: CJ6UPA3501WL

Atheros abg FCC: CJ6UPA3503WL

Test Sample is a:	Production unit
Antenna(s)	The radio utilizes two antennas for diversity (main and auxiliary). TMZ001, Monopole, Tyco Electronics AMP K.K.

Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest SAR Values [1g_mW/g]	Collocation SAR Values [1g_mW/g]
FCC 22H	824.7-848.31	0.083	0.158
FCC 24E	1851.25-1908.75	0.184	0.307

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01) and RSS 102.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

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Senior Engineer
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Ninous Davoudi
EMC Engineer
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION 5
2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION 6
3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION 7
3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS 8
4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK 9
4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT 10
5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK 12
5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS 13
6 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE 14
6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE 15
7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL 16
8 SAR MEASURMENT RESULTS 18
8.1 LCD EDGE POSITION-SECONDARY LANDSCAPE DISPLAY MODE 18
8.1.1 CDMA2000 1XRTT 19
8.1.2 CDMA2000 1XRTT-COLLOCATIONS 20
8.1.3 CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO 21
8.1.4 CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO-COLLOCATIONS 22
8.2 LAP HELD POSITION 23
8.2.1 CDMA2000 1XRTT 23
8.2.2 CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO 24
9 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY 25
9.1 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHZ – 3000 MHZ 25
10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION 26
11 PHOTOS 27
12 ATTACHMENTS 32

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1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION

CDMA 800/1900 CELL-PCS module is installed in Toshiba Satellite and is collocated with Bluetooth FCC ID: CJ6UPA3418BT and one WLAN at a time from the following list: Intel bg FCC ID: CJ6UPA3440WL Intel abg FCC ID: CJ6UPA3489WL Atheros bg FCC: CJ6UPA3501WL Atheros abg FCC: CJ6UPA3503WL	
Normal operation:	Lap-held position, and underarm position
Duty cycle:	100%
Host Device(s):	Toshiba Satellite
Antenna(s)	The radio utilizes two antennas for diversity (main and auxiliary). TMZ001, Monopole, Tyco Electronics AMP K.K.
Power supply:	Power supplied through the laptop computer (host device).

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2 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

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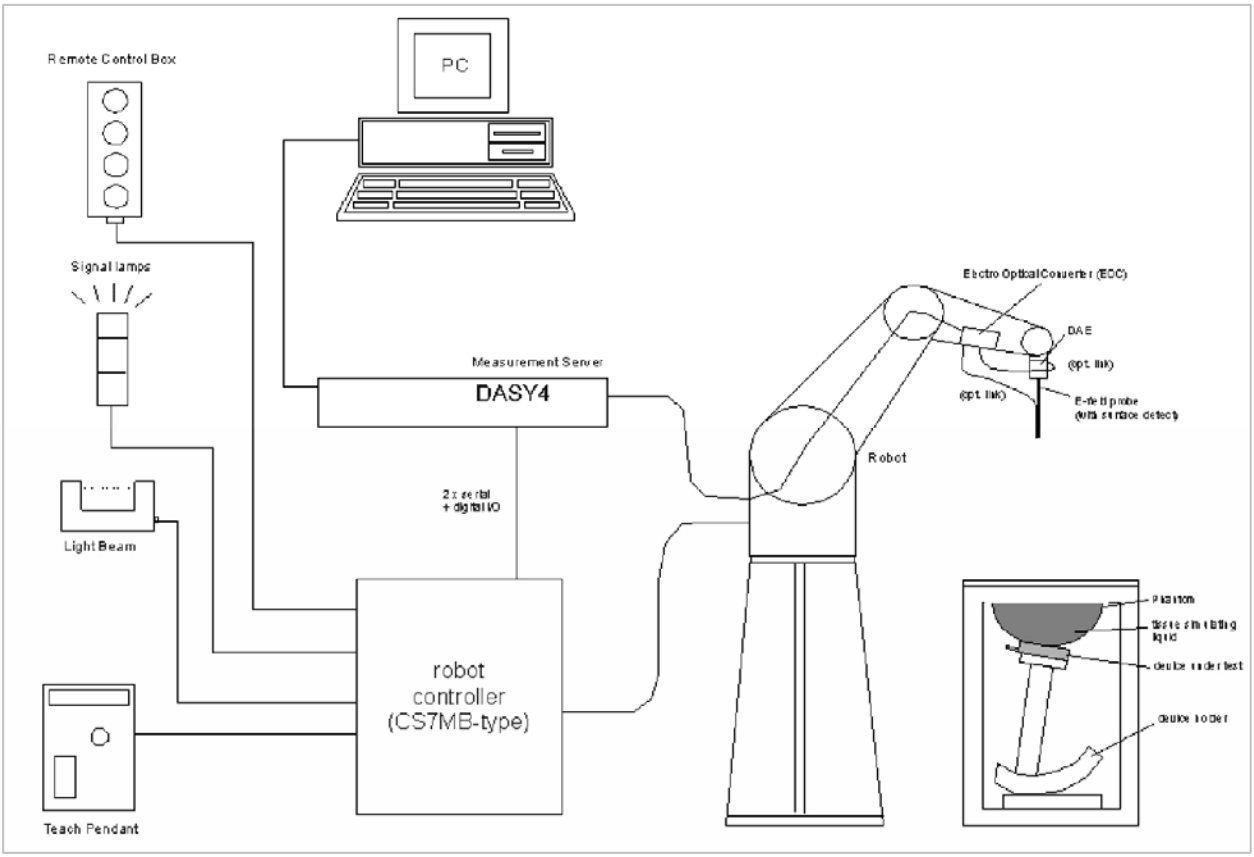
3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

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3.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATIG LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose
Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]
Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

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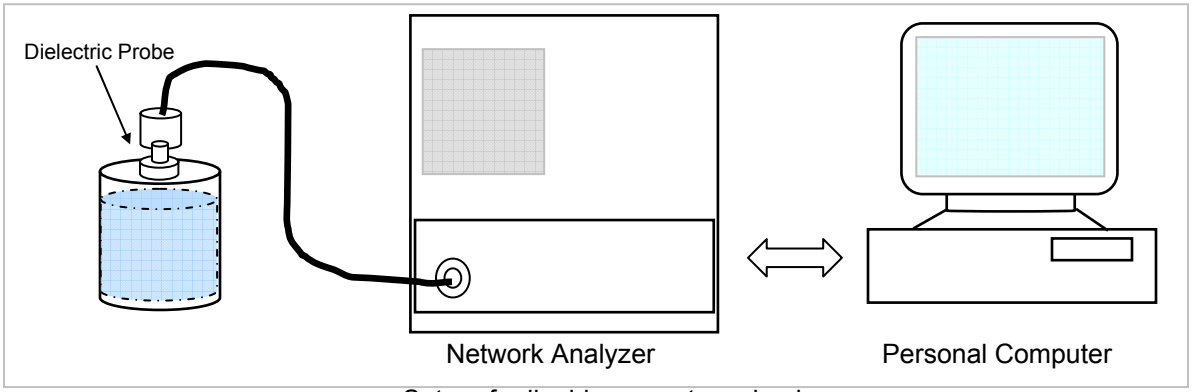
4 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETERS CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within ± 5% of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ε_r	σ (S/m)	ε_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m^3)

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4.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 835 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45% Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Simulating Liquid			Parameters			Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
835	22	15	e'	53.1572	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	53.1572	55.2	-3.70	± 5
			e"	20.6392	Conductivity (σ):	0.95873	0.97	-1.16	± 5

Liquid Check
Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C
August 03, 2006 08:39 AM

Frequency	e'	e"
800000000.	53.5014	20.7937
805000000.	53.4358	20.7846
810000000.	53.4130	20.7496
815000000.	53.3721	20.6931
820000000.	53.2915	20.6792
825000000.	53.2634	20.6690
830000000.	53.2002	20.6658
835000000.	53.1572	20.6392
840000000.	53.1055	20.6159
845000000.	53.0486	20.6057
850000000.	53.0180	20.5752
855000000.	52.9622	20.5327
860000000.	52.8894	20.5291
865000000.	52.8743	20.5044
870000000.	52.7991	20.4597
875000000.	52.7447	20.4394
880000000.	52.6926	20.4503
885000000.	52.6528	20.4355
890000000.	52.6188	20.4606
895000000.	52.5941	20.3985
900000000.	52.5565	20.4092

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \varepsilon_0 e''$$

where $f = \text{target } f * 10^6$

$\varepsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$

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Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameters Check Result @ Muscle 1900 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45% Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Simulating Liquid			Parameters			Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)							
1900	22	15	e'	52.1249	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	52.1249	53.3	-2.20	± 5
			e"	13.8143	Conductivity (σ):	1.46016	1.52	-3.94	± 5

Liquid Check
Ambient temperature: 23.0 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg C
August 04, 2006 8:45 AM

Frequency	e'	e"
1710000000.	52.7947	13.1703
1720000000.	52.7699	13.2201
1730000000.	52.7263	13.2309
1740000000.	52.6695	13.2891
1750000000.	52.6381	13.3228
1760000000.	52.6045	13.3513
1770000000.	52.5623	13.4015
1780000000.	52.5218	13.4254
1790000000.	52.4977	13.4536
1800000000.	52.4519	13.4752
1810000000.	52.4282	13.5284
1820000000.	52.3912	13.5430
1830000000.	52.3469	13.5677
1840000000.	52.3151	13.5963
1850000000.	52.2799	13.6351
1860000000.	52.2587	13.6833
1870000000.	52.2307	13.7054
1880000000.	52.1878	13.7447
1890000000.	52.1637	13.7710
1900000000.	52.1249	13.8143
1910000000.	52.1139	13.8469

The conductivity (σ) can be given as:

$$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_0 e'' = 2 \pi f \varepsilon_0 e''$$

where $f = target\ f * 10^6$

$\varepsilon_0 = 8.854 * 10^{-12}$

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5 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of ±10%.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
  For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5 x 5 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=7.5mm; dz=5mm).
  For 5 GHz band - Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
  For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	9.71	6.38	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	39.8	20.8	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

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5.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

System Validation Dipole: D835V2 SN:4d002

Date: August 3, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45% Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
835	22	15	1g	2.46	9.84	9.71	1.34	± 10
			10g	1.62	6.48	6.38	1.57	± 10

System Validation Dipole: D1900V2 SN:5d043

Date: August 4, 2006

Room Ambient Temperature = 23°C; Relative humidity = 45% Measured by: Ninous Davoudi

Body Simulating Liquid			SAR (mW/g)		Normalized to 1 W	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)						
1900	22	15	1g	9.45	37.8	39.8	-5.03	± 10
			10g	5.04	20.16	20.8	-3.08	± 10

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6 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.

b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=Z=30 mm is assessed by measuring 8 x 8 x 8 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

(i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

(ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot”- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal – algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.

(iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

(iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

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6.1 DASY4 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 8 x 8 x 8 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

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7 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set was used to control the channel and measure the conducted power. The cable loss of 0.4 dB (Cell band) and 0.6 dB (PCS band) were entered as an offset in the Agilent 8960 Communication Test Set to mmeasure the channel power.

The following setting was used during test for 1x RTT RC3 SO32 (+F-SCH):

Call Parms

Radio config: FWD3, RVS3

Service option: SO32 (+F-SCH)

Pwr Ctrl Parms: Active bits (Select “All Up bits” after linked to get maximum power)
Protocol Rev.: 6 (IS-2000-0)

CDMA 1x RTT RC3 SO 32 (+F-SCH) Cell Band

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
1013	824.70	25.0
384	836.52	25.1
777	848.31	25.1

CDMA 1x RTT RC3 SO 32 (+F-SCH) PCS Band

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
25	1851.25	24.6
600	1880.00	24.4
1175	1908.75	24.8

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The following setting was used during test for 1xEV-DO Rev.0

Call Parms:

Application Config: RTAP
FTAP Rate: 307.2 Kbps
RTAP Rate: 153.6 Kbps
Pwr Ctrl Parms: Active bits (Select "All Up bits" after linked to get maximum power)
Protocol Rev.: 0 (1xEV-DO)

Call Control:

Cell Parameters → Sector ID, Upper (Hex): 00800580
Sector ID, Lower (Hex): 00000000
AT Max Power: 23 dBm/1.23 MHz

CDMA 1xEV-DO Rev.0 Cell Band

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
1013	824.70	25.0
384	836.52	25.2
777	848.31	25.1

CDMA 1xEV-DO Rev.0 PCS Band

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Power (dBm)
25	1851.25	24.7
600	1880.00	24.4
1175	1908.75	24.8

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8 SAR MEASURMENT RESULTS

8.1 LCD EDGE POSITION-SECONDARY LANDSCAPE DISPLAY MODE

SAR test on **Secondary portrait** mode is skipped since the Wireless WAN modem has turned off the radio in **Secondary portrait** direction of display.

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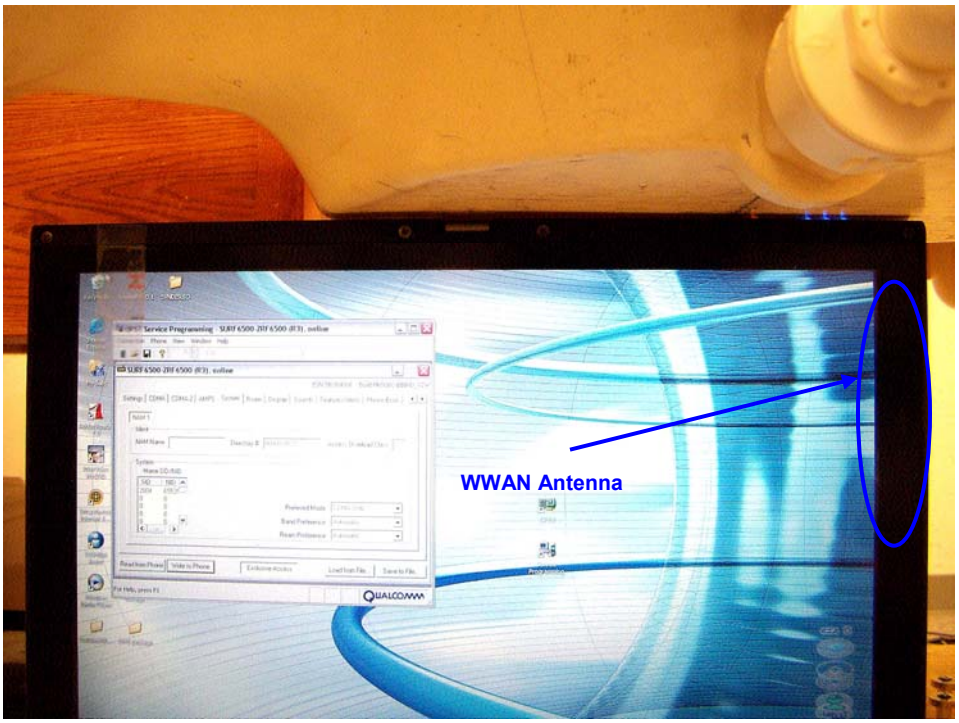
8.1.1 CDMA2000 1XRTT



CDMA2000 1XRTT Cell Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.079	0.000	0.079
384	836.52	0.082	0.000	0.082
777	848.31	0.081	0.000	0.081
CDMA2000 1XRTT PCS Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25	0.180	0.000	0.180
600	1880.00	0.145	0.000	0.145
1175	1908.75	0.179	0.000	0.179

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

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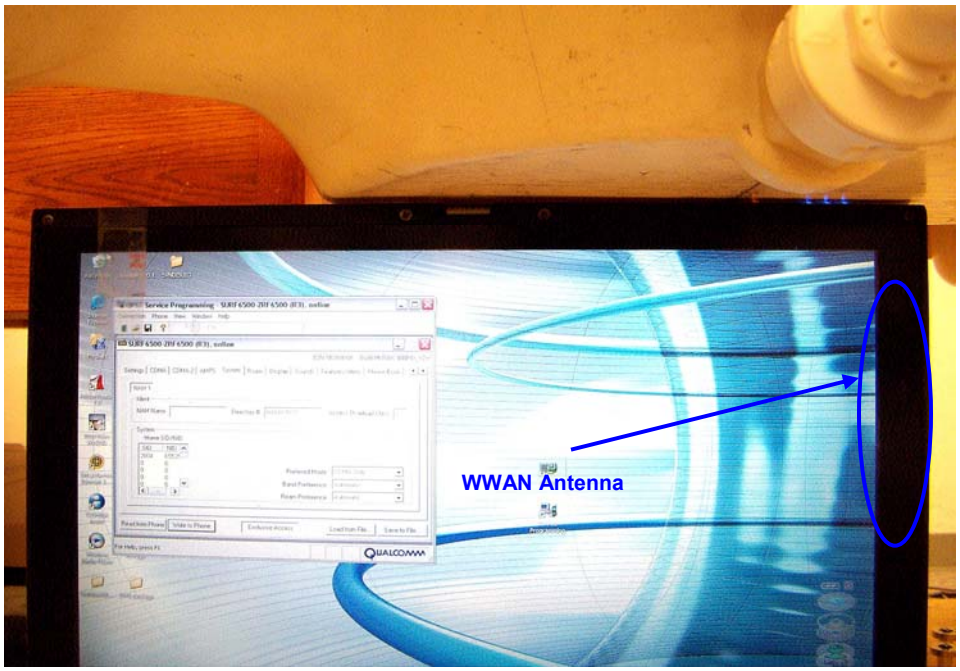
8.1.2 CDMA2000 1XRTT-COLLOCATIONS



CDMA2000 1XRTT Cell Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
384[4)]	836.52	0.146	0.000	0.146
384[5)]	836.52	0.154	-0.123	**0.158**
384[6)]	836.52	0.129	-0.125	0.133
384[7)]	836.52	0.141	-0.132	0.145
384[8)]	836.52	0.072	0.000	0.072
CDMA2000 1XRTT PCS Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
25[4)]	1851.25	0.270	0.000	0.270
25[5)]	1851.25	0.237	-0.034	0.239
25[6)]	1851.25	0.267	0.000	0.267
25[7)]	1851.25	0.266	0.000	0.266
25[8)]	1851.25	0.182	0.000	0.182

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
4) Collocation with Intel 802.11bg WLAN module.
5) Collocation with Intel 802.11abg WLAN module.
6) Collocation with Atheros 802.11bg WLAN module.
7) Collocation with Atheros 802.11abg WLAN module.
8) Collocation with Bluetooth.

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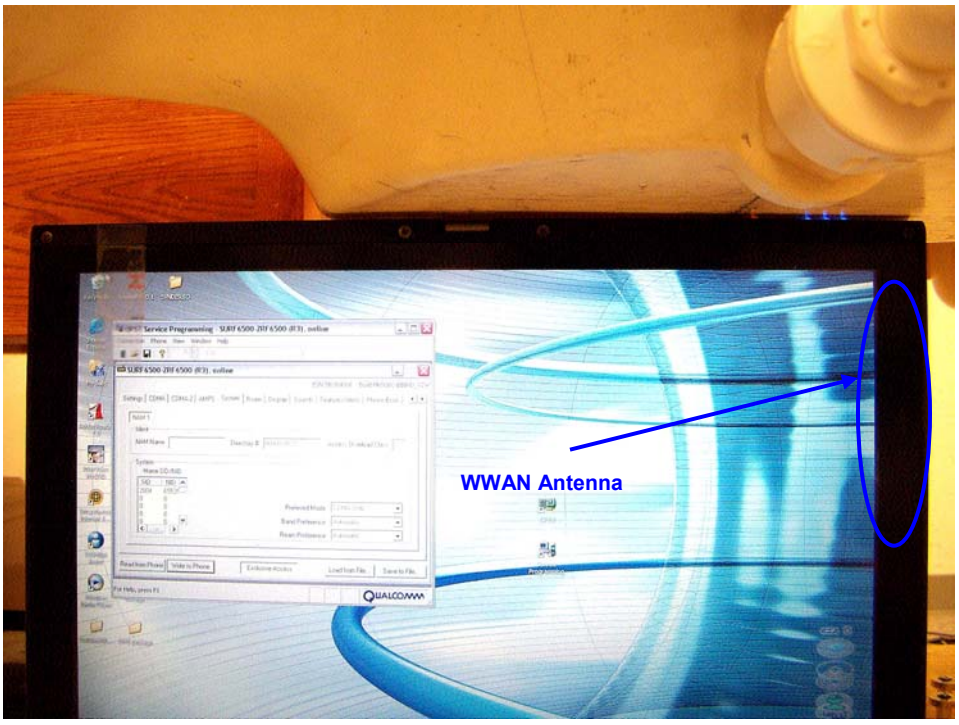
8.1.3 CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO



CDMA2000 1XEV-DO Cell Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013	824.70	0.078	0.000	0.078
384	836.52	0.083	0.000	**0.083**
777	848.31	0.081	0.000	0.081
CDMA2000 1XEV-DO PCS Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
25	1851.25	0.156	0.000	0.156
600	1880.00	0.119	0.000	0.119
1175	1908.75	0.184	0.000	**0.184**

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

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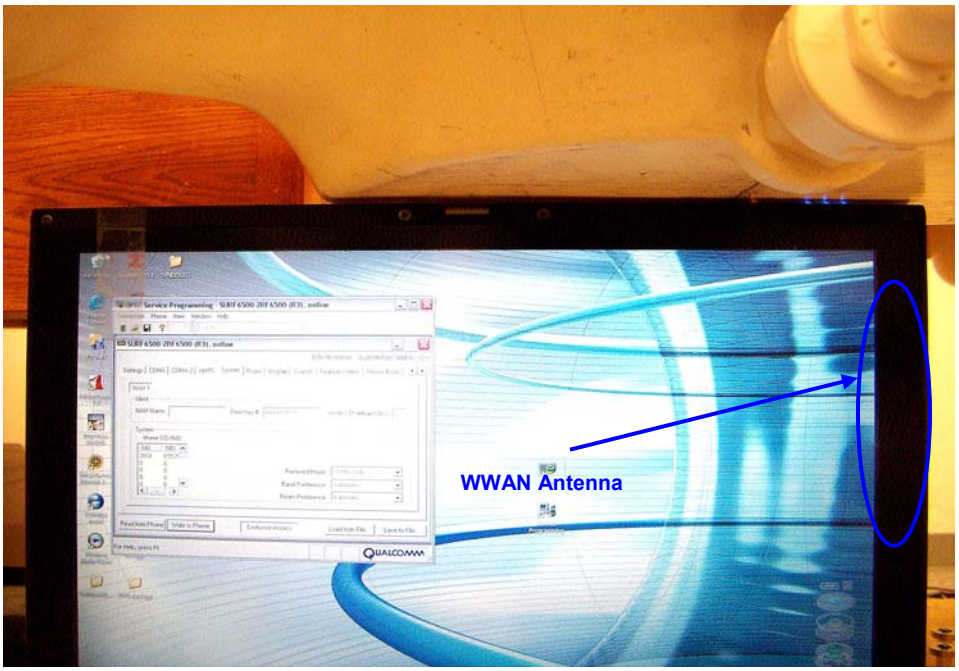
8.1.4 CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO-COLLOCATIONS



CDMA2000 1XEV-DO Cell Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
384[4)]	836.52	0.143	-0.143	0.148
384[5)]	836.52	0.153	-0.114	0.157
384[6)]	836.52	0.142	-0.007	0.142
384[7)]	836.52	0.133	-0.029	0.134
384[8)]	836.52	0.072	-0.121	0.074
CDMA2000 1XEV-DO PCS Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
1175[4)]	1908.75	0.297	-0.029	0.299
1175[5)]	1908.75	0.306	-0.015	**0.307**
1175[6)]	1908.75	0.274	0.000	0.274
1175[7)]	1908.75	0.297	-0.094	0.303
1175[8)]	1908.75	0.180	0.000	0.180

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.
4) Collocation with Intel 802.11bg WLAN module.
5) Collocation with Intel 802.11abg WLAN module.
6) Collocation with Atheros 802.11bg WLAN module.
7) Collocation with Atheros 802.11abg WLAN module.
8) Collocation with Bluetooth.

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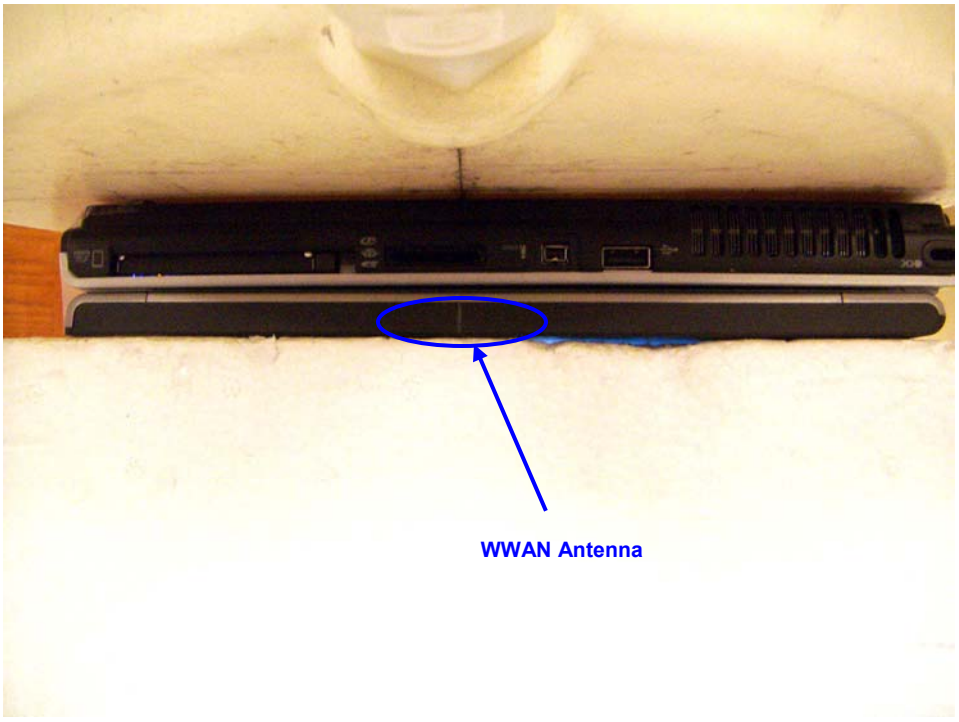
8.2 LAP HELD POSITION

8.2.1 CDMA2000 1XRTT



CDMA2000 1XRTT Cell Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013 384 777	824.70 836.52 848.31	0.068	-0.093	0.069
CDMA2000 1XRTT PCS Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.033	0.000	0.033

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

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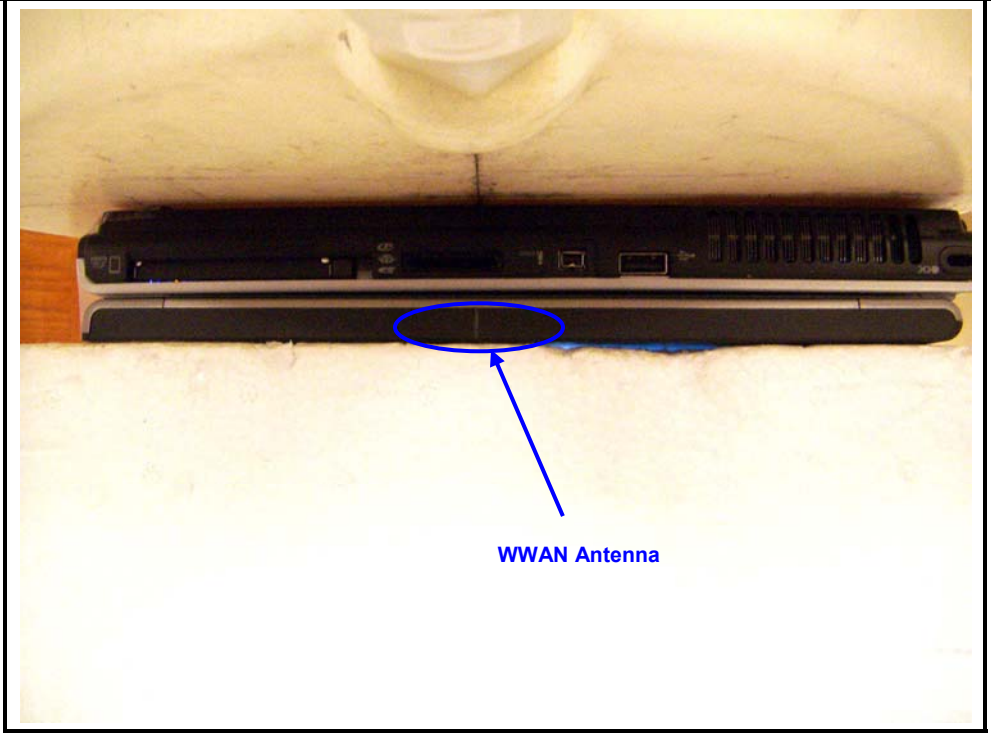
8.2.2 CDMA 2000 1XEV-DO



CDMA2000 1XEV-DO Cell Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
1013 384 777	824.70 836.52 848.31	0.067	-0.069	0.068
CDMA2000 1XEV-DO PCS Band				
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (mW/g)	Power Drift (dB)	Extrapolated[1)] SAR 1g (mW/g)
25 600 1175	1851.25 1880.00 1908.75	0.035	-0.177	0.036

Notes:

1) The exact method of extrapolation is Measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 system can be scaled up by the Power drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

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9 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY

9.1 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY FOR 300 MHz – 3000 MHz

Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Std. Unc.(±%)	
						Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	N	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	N	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00
Probe Positioner Mechnical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	N	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	N	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			11.44	10.49
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			K=2			22.87	20.98

Notesfor table
1. Tol. - tolerance in influence quaitity
2. N - Nomal
3. R - Rectangular
4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty
5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient

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10 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Cal. Due date
Robot - Six Axes	Stäubli	RX90BL	N/A	N/A
Robot Remote Control	Stäubli	CS7MB	3403-91535	N/A
DASY4 Measurement Server	SPEAG	SEUMS001BA	1041	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	261	N/A
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES-6	US39173569	2/9/07
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070C	N/A	N/A
E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3552	5/30/07
Thermometer	ERTCO	639-1S	1718	1/11/07
SAM Phantom (SAM1)	SPEAG	TP-1185	QD000P40CA	N/A
SAM Phantom (SAM2)	SPEAG	TP-1015	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	558	1/20/07
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d002	1/23/08
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d043	1/29/08
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	706	4/27/08
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	12/27/06
Power Sensor	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	12/27/07
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G	0360	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	D072701-5	N/A
Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E1968A	GB46160222	1/29/2007
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M835	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test
Simulating Liquid	CCS	M1900	N/A	Within 24 hrs of first test

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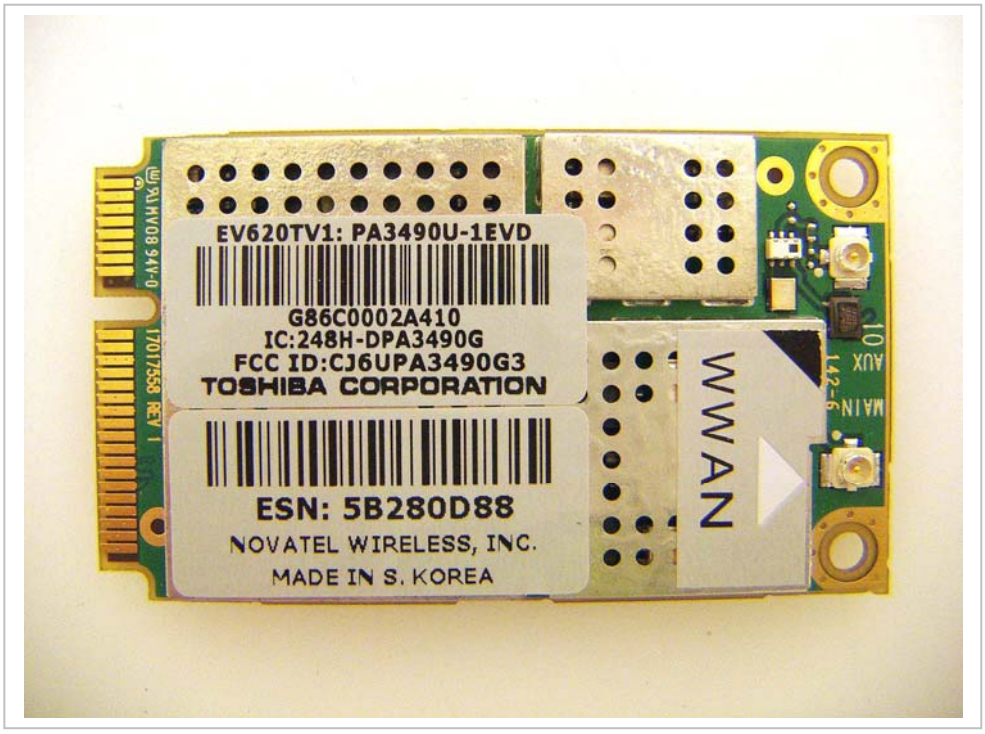
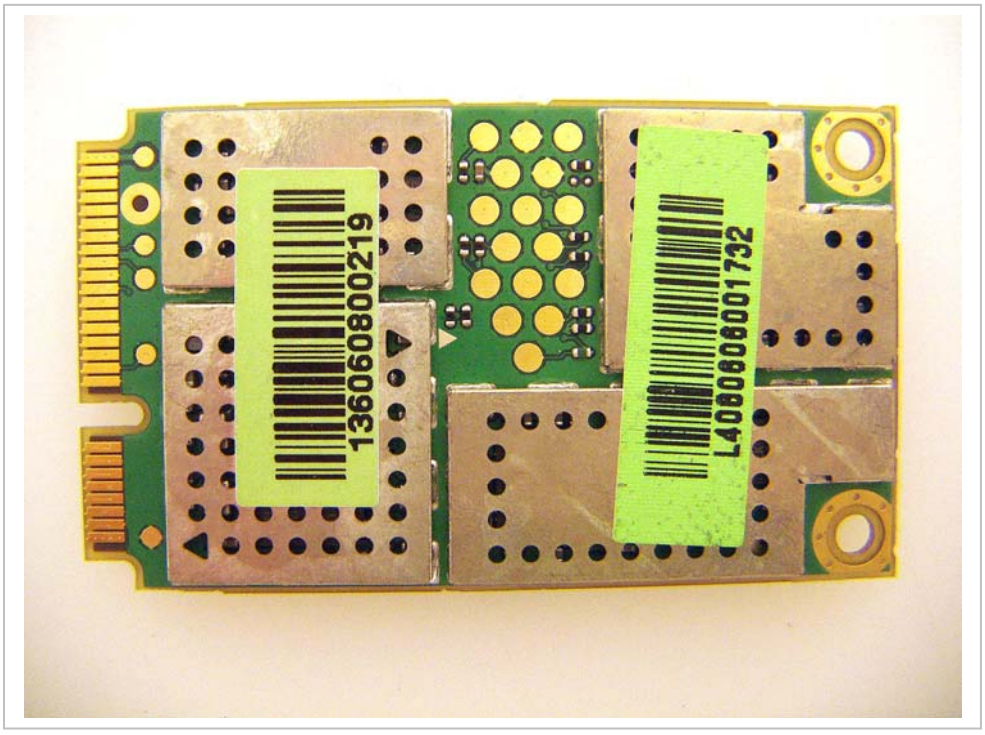
11 PHOTOS

CDMA 800/1900 CELL-PCS MODULE





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Toshiba Satellite

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Toshiba Satellite

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Antenna Location

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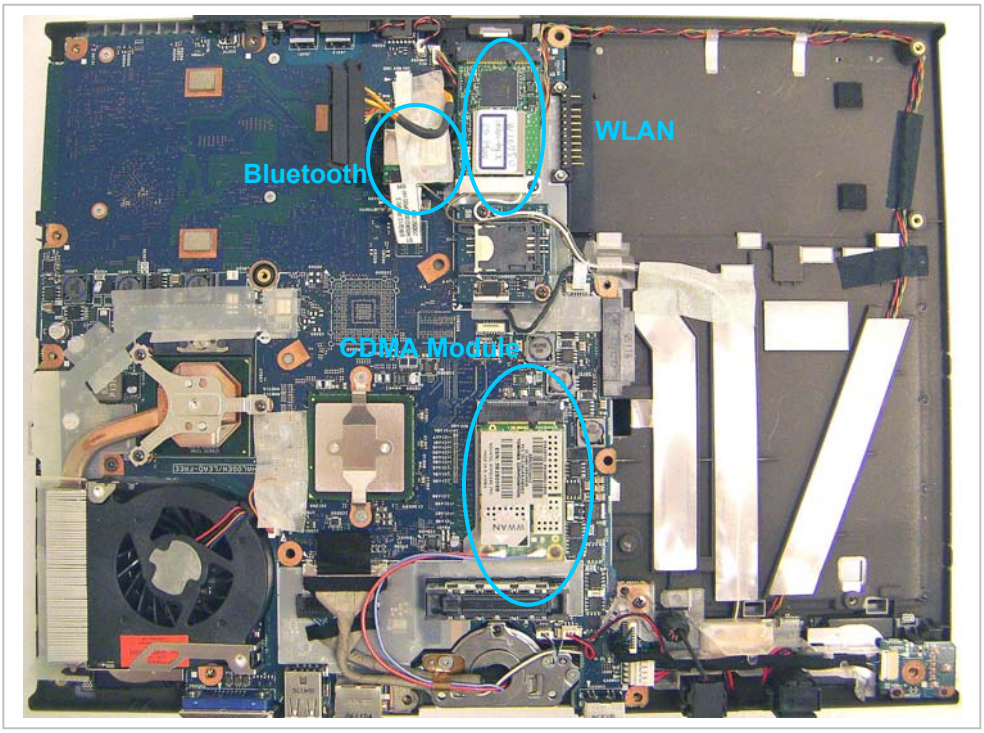
EUT Location



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12 ATTACHMENTS

No.	Contents	No. Of Pages
1	System Performance Check Plots	4
2-1	SAR Test Plots-Cell Band	18
2-2	SAR Test Plots-PCS Band	18
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EXDV4SN3552	9
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D835V2 SN:4d002	9
5	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D1900V2 SN:5d043	9

END OF REPORT

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