

TEST REPORT

Product Name: Party Speaker

Model Number: Party Rocker One Plus, HP110

FCC ID : ESXHP110

IC : 10485A-HP110

Prepared for : Guangzhou Panyu Juda Car Audio Equipment Co.,Ltd. Address : NO.5 Building ,No.139,Zhouxing Street, Dongchong

Town, Nansha District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Prepared by : EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

Address : Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District,

Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: (0755) 26954280 Fax: (0755) 26954282

Report Number : ENS2203300222W00601R

Date(s) of Tests : March 30, 2022 to June 16, 2022

Date of issue: June 16, 2022



Table of Contents

1	TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION						
2	EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION						
3	SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT						
4	TEST	METHODOLOGY	7				
	4.1 4.2 4.3	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDSMEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USEDDESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	7				
5	FACIL	ITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	9				
	5.1 5.2 5.3	FACILITIESEQUIPMENTLABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS	C				
6	TEST	SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY	10				
7	SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST						
	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5	RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUPBLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEMSUPPORT EQUIPMENT	11 13 14				
8	FREQ	UENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	15				
	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	STANDARD APPLICABLE EUT PSEUDORANDOM FREQUENCY HOPPING SEQUENCE EQUAL HOPPING FREQUENCY USE FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM					
9	TEST	REQUIREMENTS	17				
	9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6	20DB&99% BANDWIDTHCARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION					
	9.7	RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION	49				
	9.8 9.9	CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST					



1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Guangzhou Panyu Juda Car Audio Equipment Co.,Ltd.

Address : NO.5 Building ,No.139,Zhouxing Street, Dongchong Town,Nansha District,

Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Manufacturer : Guangzhou Panyu Juda Car Audio Equipment Co.,Ltd.

Address : NO.5 Building ,No.139,Zhouxing Street, Dongchong Town,Nansha District,

Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

EUT : Party Speaker

Model Name : Party Rocker One Plus, HP110

Trademark : Hisense

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS				
STANDARD	TEST RESULT			
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	PASS			
IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021) IC RSS-247 Issue 2(02-2017)	PASS			

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK(SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2, Part 15.247, IC RSS-247 Issue 2 and IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report

Date of Test :	March 30, 2022 to June 16, 2022
Prepared by :	Una yu
	Una Yu /Editor
Reviewer:	Tue Ha (SHENZHEN)
	Joe Xia/Supervisor

	PERTING
Approve & Authorized Signer:	Lisa Wang/Manager



Modified History

Version	Report No.	Revision Date	Summary
V1.0	ENS2203300222W00601R	/	Original Report





2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description			
Product:	Party Speaker			
Model Number:	Party Rocker One Plus, HP110 Note: Only the model name is different.			
Sample:	2#			
Device Type:	Bluetooth V5.0			
Data Rate:	1Mbps for GFSK modulation 2Mbps for pi/4-DQPSK modulation 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation			
Modulation:	GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK			
Operating Frequency Range(s) :	2402-2480MHz			
Number of Channels:	79 channels			
Transmit Power Max:	-0.24 dBm			
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna			
Antenna Gain:	5.65 dBi			
Firmware Version Id Number (FVIN):	V115			
Power supply:	AC100-240V~ 50/60Hz, DC 12V from DC Port, DC 7.4V from Battery			
Date of Received:	March 30, 2022			
Temperature Range:	0°C ~ +45°C			

Note: for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Part Clause	IC Part Clause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1 RSS-Gen.6.7	Emission Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	
15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247.5.4 RSS-Gen 6.12	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.209 15.205	RSS-Gen 8.9 RSS-Gen 8.10 RSS-Gen 6.13 RSS-247 3.3 RSS-247 5.5	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.207	RSS-Gen 8.8	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.203 15.247(b)	RSS-Gen 6.8 RSS-247 5.4	Antenna Application	PASS	
15.247 (a) (1)/g/h	-	Frequency Hopping System	PASS	

NOTE1: N/A (Not Applicable)

NOTE2: According to FCC OET KDB 558074, the report use radiated measurements in the restricted frequency bands. In addition, the radiated test is also performed to ensure the emissions emanating from the device cabinet also comply with the applicable limits.

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID:ESXHP110** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for IC:10485A-HP110 filing to comply with RSS-247 Rules.



4 TEST METHODOLOGY

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C

IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021)

IC RSS-247 Issue 2(02-2017)

FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Conducted Emission Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	101384	May 14, 2022	1 Year
L.I.S.N.	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	5	May 14, 2022	1 Year
L.I.S.N.	Kyoritsu	KNW-407	8-1492-9	May 15, 2022	1 Year

For Spurious Emissions Test

Equipment Manufacturer		Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 26	100154	May 14, 2022	1 Year
Pre-Amplifie	Lunar EM	LNA30M3G-25	J10100000070	May 14, 2022	1 Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	661	Aug. 22, 2021	2 Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1177	Jul. 04, 2020	2 Year
Pre-Amplifie SKET		LNPA_0118G-45	SK2019051801	May 14, 2022	1 Year
Loop Antenna Schwarzbeck		FMZB1519	1519-012	Jun. 12, 2021	2 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	100967	May 14, 2022	1 Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1178	Jul. 04, 2020	2 Year
Band reject Filter(50dB)	WI/DE	WRCGV-2400(2400 -2485MHz)	2	May 14, 2022	1 Year

For other test items:

TOT OUTOT LOOK ILOUTION					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Wireless Connectivity Tester	R&S	CMW270	102543	Aug. 27, 2021	1Year
Automatic Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	2118060480	Nov. 18, 2021	1Year
Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY60242456	Jan. 21, 2022	1Year
Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5173B	MY61252625	Oct. 29, 2021	1Year
UP/DOWN-Converter	R&S	CMW-Z800A	100274	Sep. 14, 2021	1Year
Vector Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY61252674	Oct. 28, 2021	1Year
Frequency Extender	KEYSIGHT	N5182BX07	MY59362541	Nov. 23, 2021	1Year
Temperature&Humidity test chamber	ESPEC	EL-02KA	12107166	Jul. 03, 2021	1 Year



4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for GFSK modulation(DH5); 2Mbps for pi/4-DQPSK modulation(2DH5); 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation(3DH5);)were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Frequency and Channel list for Bluetooth

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441		
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
				78	2480
Note: fc=2402MHz+(k-1)×1MHz k=1 to 79					

Test Frequency and channel for Bluetooth

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	78	2480



5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at:

EMTEK (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description	
EMC Lab.	 Accredited by CNAS The Certificate Registration Number is L2291. The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2017)
	Accredited by FCC Designation Number: CN1204 Test Firm Registration Number: 882943
	Accredited by A2LA The Certificate Number is 4321.01.
	Accredited by Industry Canada The Conformity Assessment Body Identifier is CN0008
Name of Firm Site Location	: EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.: Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone,Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China



6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Test Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	±1x10^-5
Maximum Peak Output Power Test	±1.0dB
Conducted Emissions Test	±2.0dB
Radiated Emission Test	±2.0dB
Power Density	±2.0dB
Occupied Bandwidth Test	±1.0dB
Band Edge Test	±3dB
All emission, radiated	±3dB
Antenna Port Emission	±3dB
Temperature	±0.5°C
Humidity	±3%

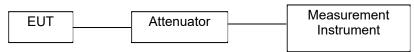
Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%



7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The Bluetooth component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.



7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m.The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

Above 30MHz:

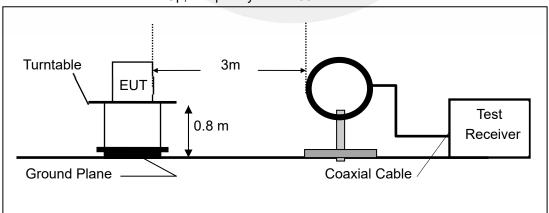
The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

Above 1GHz:

(Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.)

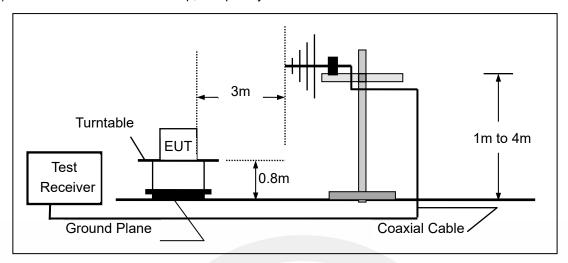
The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

(a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz

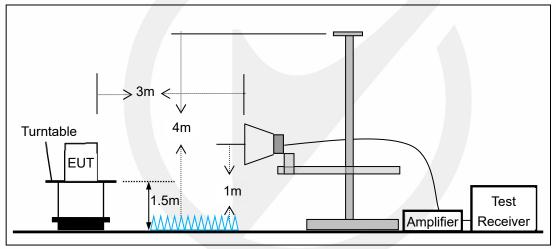




(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz



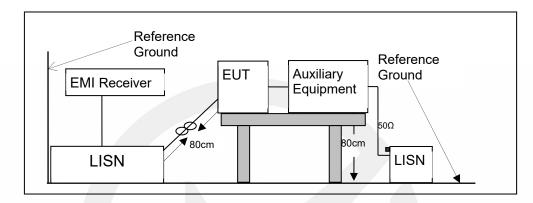


7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

The mains cable of the EUT (Perfect Share Mini) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

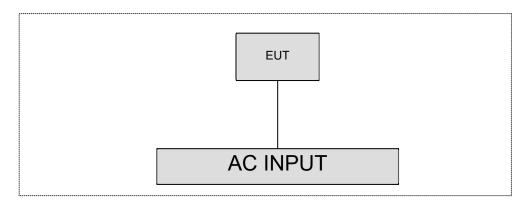
Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.8m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.





7.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM



7.5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Chielded/Llpabiolded	1400 (1400)
Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
1	1
	1

Auxiliary Cable List and Details				
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite	
1	/	1	1	

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details					
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number		
Adapter	Jache	T91-92-1001-1 Output: DC 12V, 2A	1		

Notes:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

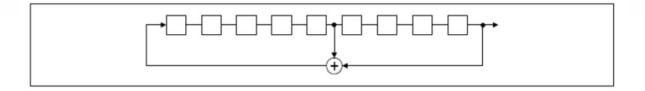
- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

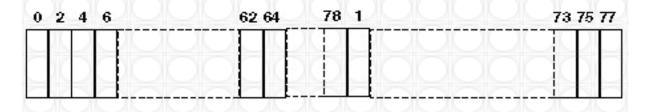
The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divide into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1 600 hops/s.

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence





Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53

Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter

8.4 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH- enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.



9 TEST REQUIREMENTS

9.1 20DB&99% BANDWIDTH

9.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) According to RSS-247.5.1

According to RSS-Gen.6.7

According to 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02 Section 9

According to ANSI C63.10 Section 6.9.2 and 6.9.3

9.1.2 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

9.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.1.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was operating in Bluetooth mode and controlled its channel. Printed out the test result from the spectrum by hard copy function.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously

Set RBW = 30 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) =100 kHz.

Set Span= approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth

Set Detector = Peak.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Set Sweep = auto couple.

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the markerdelta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

Measure and record the results in the test report.

Test Results

Temperature:	26° C	
Relative Humidity:	54%	
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar	

Note: N/A



20dB Emission Bandwidth

TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	20dB EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
		2402	0.996	2401.385	2402.381		
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.915	2440.430	2441.345		
		2480	0.999	2479.397	2480.396		
		2402	1.308	2401.253	2402.561		
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.281	2440.253	2441.534		
		2480	1.308	2479.241	2480.549		
		2402	1.290	2401.244	2402.534		
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.287	2440.238	2441.525		
		2480	1.284	2479.235	2480.519		













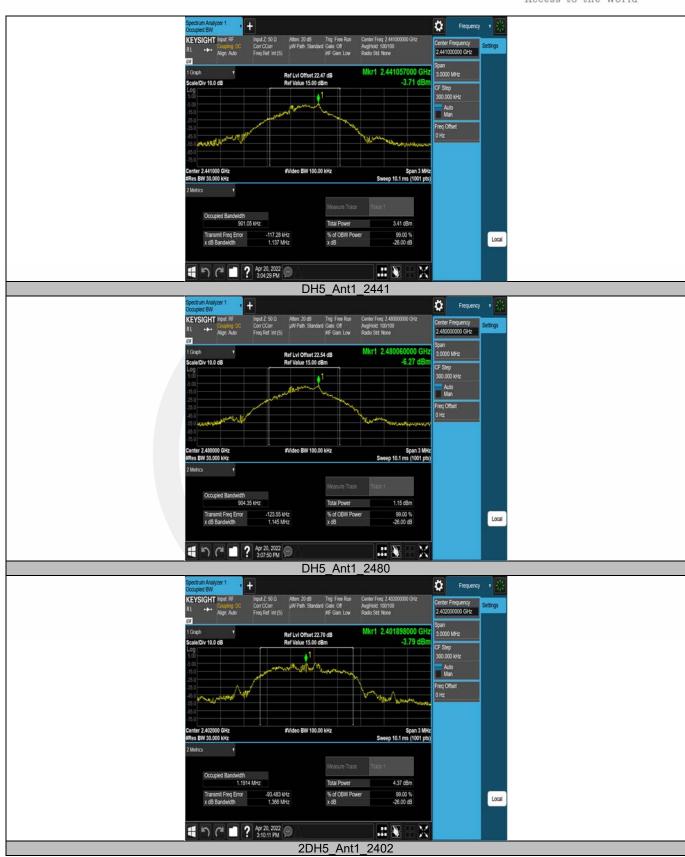


Occupied Channel Bandwidth

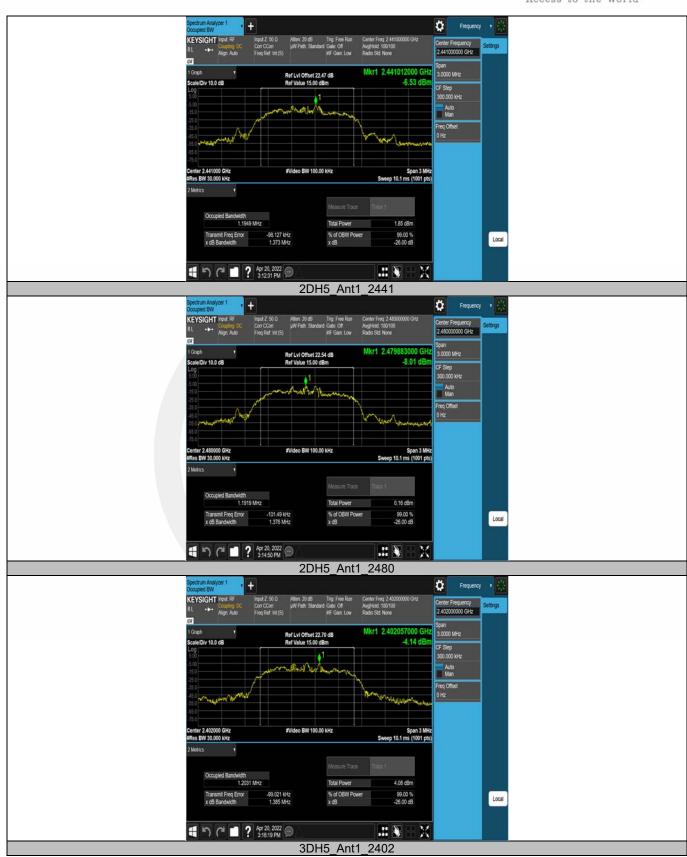
Occupied Ci	iaillei bailu	widtii					
TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
		2402	0.90764	2401.437	2402.345		
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.90105	2440.432	2441.333		
		2480	0.90435	2479.424	2480.329		
		2402	1.1914	2401.311	2402.502		
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.1949	2440.304	2441.499		
		2480	1.1919	2479.303	2480.494		
		2402	1.2031	2401.299	2402.503		
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.1910	2440.301	2441.492		
		2480	1.1952	2479.296	2480.491		

















9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION

9.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)
According to IC RSS-247.5.1
According to 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02 Section 9
According to ANSI C63.10 Section 7.8.2

9.2.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

In case of an output power less than 125mW, the frequency hopping system may have channels separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

9.2.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.2.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set the RBW =300kHz. Set VBW =300kHz.

Set the span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Detector = peak. Set Trace mode = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

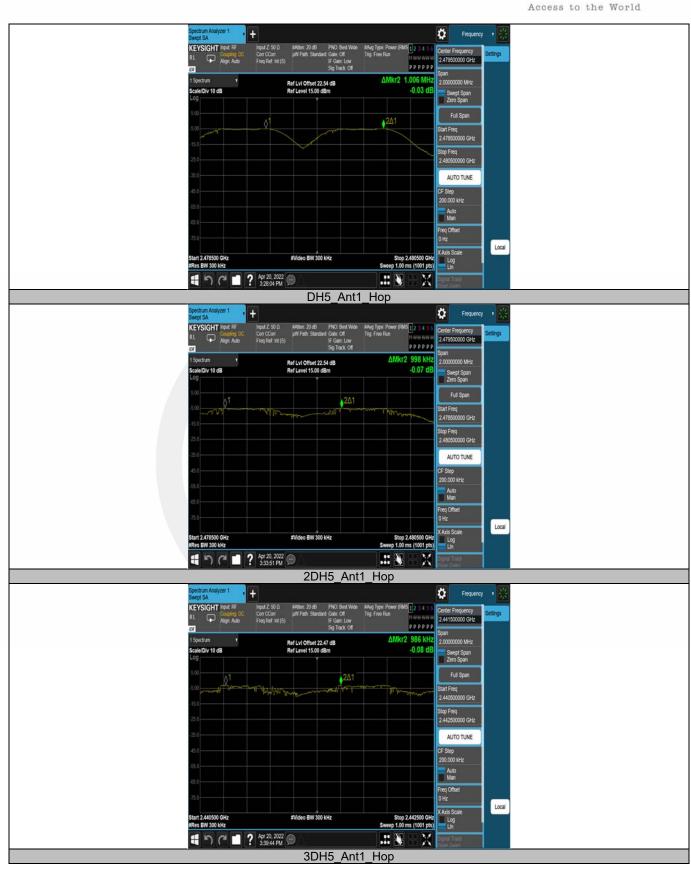
Test Results

Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: For Limit = 20dB bandwidth * 2/3

	TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
	DH5	Ant1	Нор	1.006	≥0.666	PASS
	2DH5	Ant1	Нор	0.998	≥0.872	PASS
Γ	3DH5	Ant1	Нор	0.986	≥0.860	PASS







9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

9.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)
According to IC RSS-247.5.1
According to 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02 Section 9
According to ANSI C63.10 Section 7.8.3

9.3.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.3.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = the frequency band of operation (2400-2483.5MHz)

RBW = 300KHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

Test Results

Temperature:	26° C	
Relative Humidity:	54%	
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar	

Note: N/A

TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Нор	79	≥15	PASS







9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

9.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)
According to IC RSS-247.5.1
According to 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02 Section 9
According to ANSI C63.10 Section 7.8.4

9.4.2 Conformance Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

9.4.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.4.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value

varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.),

repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

9.4.5 Test Results

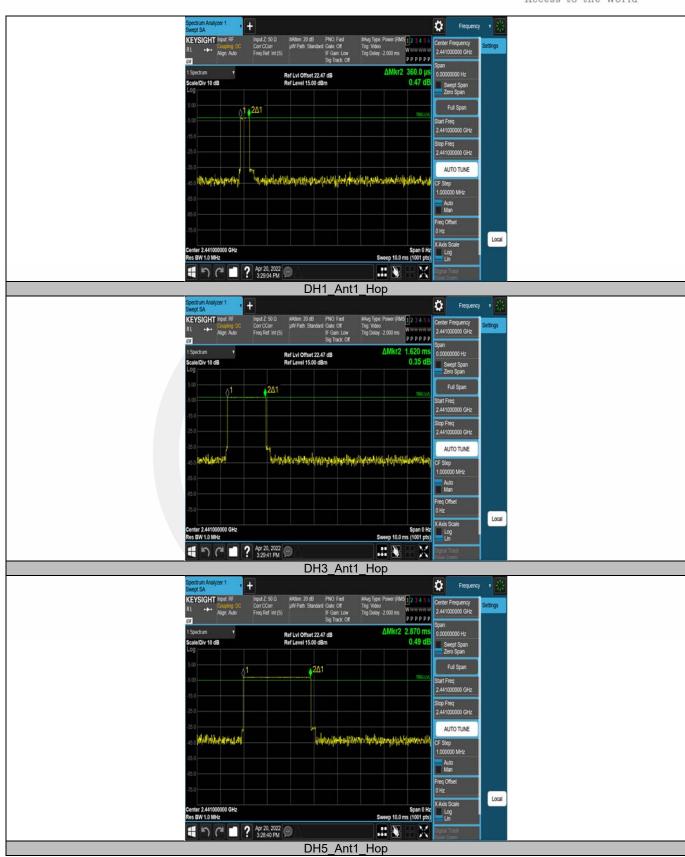
Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: TotalHops(DH1)=(1600/2/79)*31.6

TotalHops(DH3)=(1600/4/79)*31.6 TotalHops(DH5)=(1600/6/79)*31.6 Dwell Time= BurstWidth* TotalHops

TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Нор	0.36	320	0.115	≤0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Нор	1.62	160	0.259	≤0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Нор	2.87	106.67	0.306	≤0.4	PASS







9.5 MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.5.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)

According to RSS-247.5.4

According to RSS-Gen 6.12

According to 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02 Section 9

According to ANSI C63.10 Section 7.8.5

9.5.2 Conformance Limit

The max For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.5.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.5.4 Test Procedure

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel (about 8MHz)

Set RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured (about 3MHz)

Set VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = auto

Set Detector function = peak

Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission to determine the peak amplitude level.

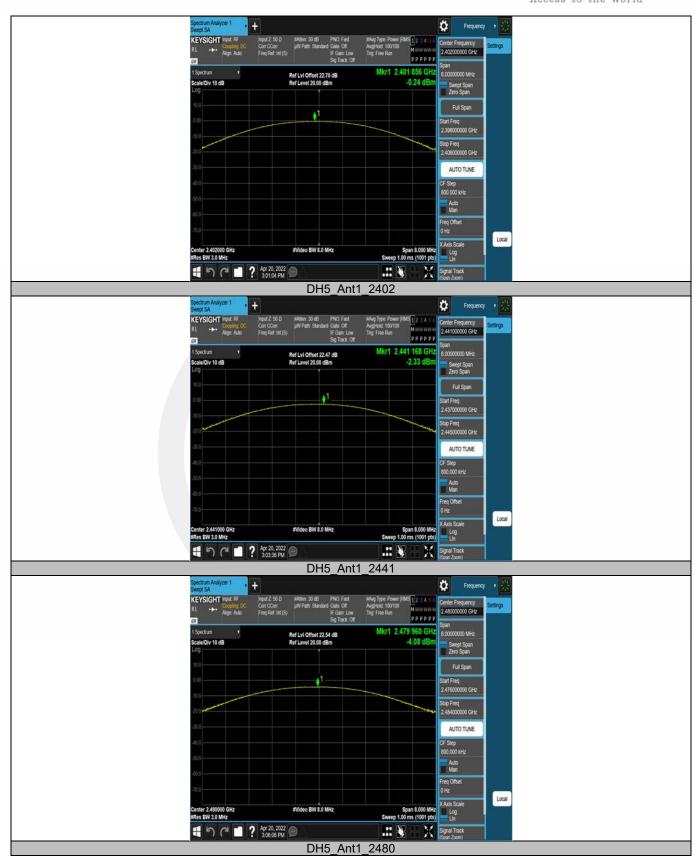
Test Results

Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

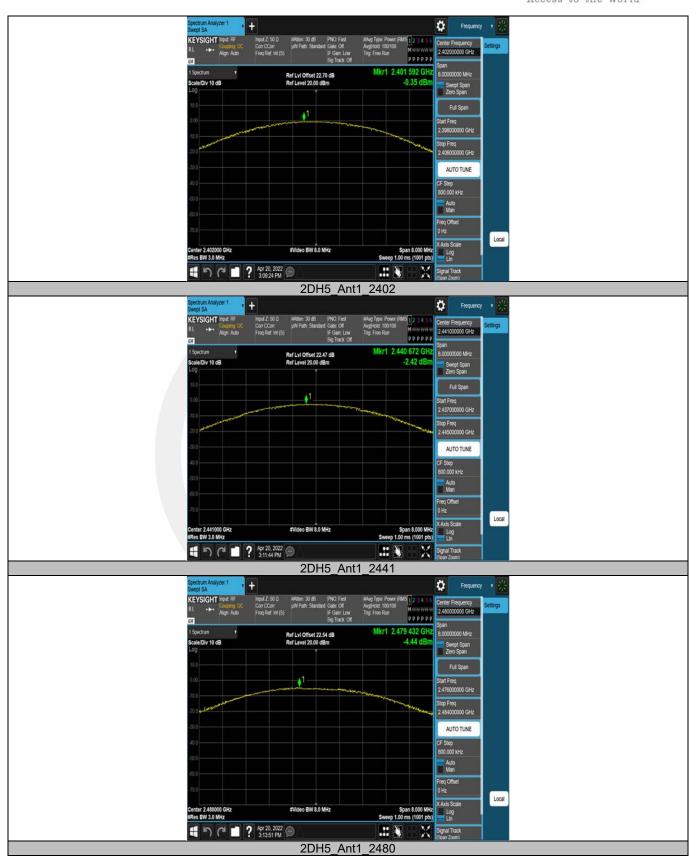
Note: N/A

Test Mode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Conducted Peak Powert[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
	Ant1	2402	-0.24	≤20.97	PASS
DH5		2441	-2.33	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-4.08	≤20.97	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	-0.35	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	-2.42	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-4.44	≤20.97	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	-0.41	≤20.97	PASS
		2441	-2.44	≤20.97	PASS
		2480	-4.16	≤20.97	PASS

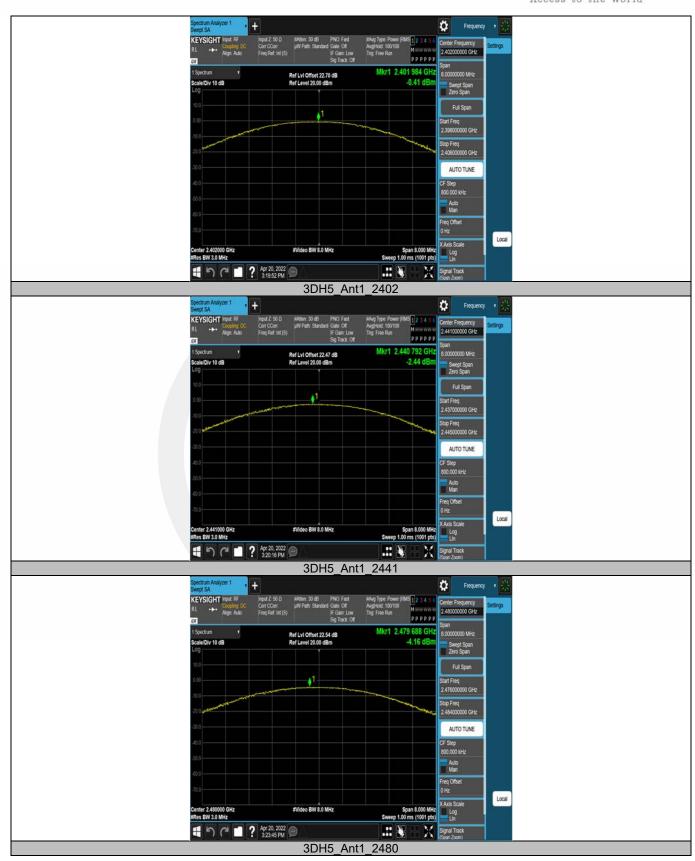














9.6 CONDUCTED SUPRIOUS EMISSION

9.6.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d)
According to IC RSS-247 5.5
According to 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02 Section 9
According to ANSI C63.10 Section 7.8.8

9.6.2 Conformance Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

9.6.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.6.4 Test Procedure

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer

■ Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DSS channel center frequency.

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Set Detector = peak. Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Trace mode = max hold. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum Maximum conduceted level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum conduceted level can be used to establish the reference level.

■ Band-edge measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band-edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

Set RBW ≥ 1% of the span=100kHz Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

Set Sweep = auto Set Detector function = peak Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit.

■ Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.(30MHz to 25GHz). Set RBW = 100 kHz Set VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = auto Set Detector function = peak Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.



9.6.5 Test Results

Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

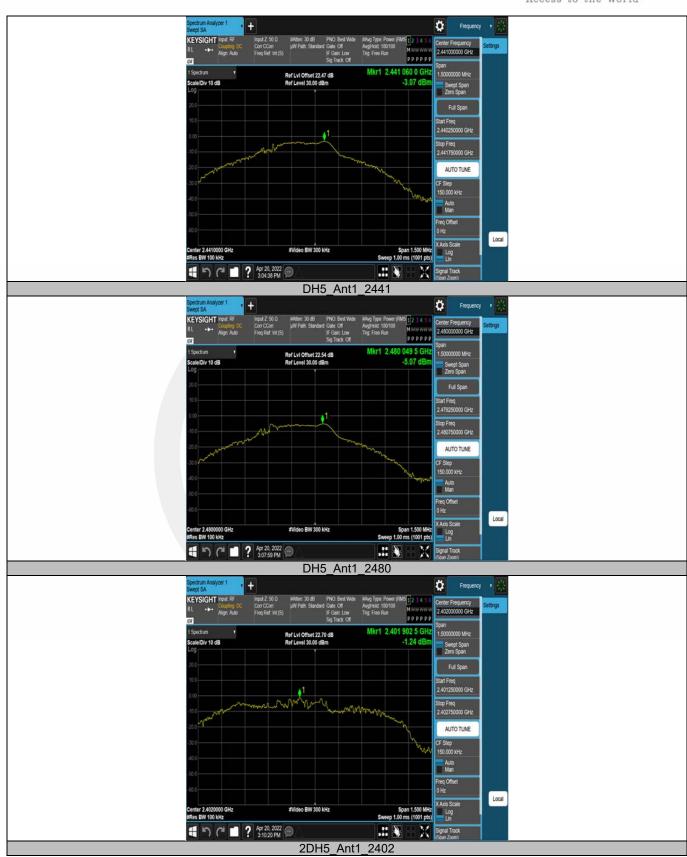
Note: N/A

Reference level measurement

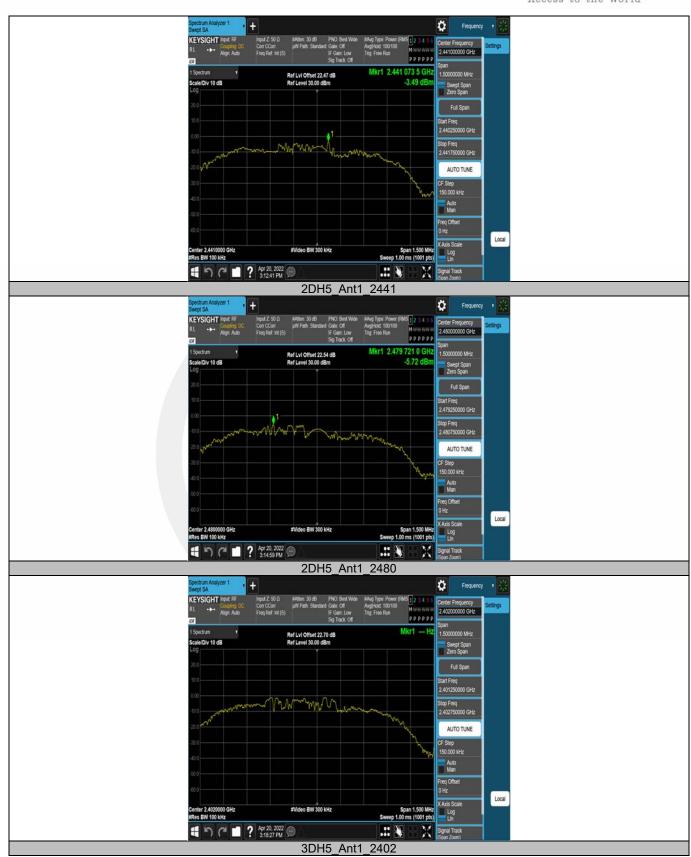
TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Max.Point[MHz]	Result[dBm]
DH5	Ant1	2402	2402.06	-0.91
		2441	2441.06	-3.07
		2480	2480.05	-5.07
2DH5	Ant1	2402	2401.90	-1.24
		2441	2441.07	-3.49
		2480	2479.72	-5.73
3DH5	Ant1	2402	2402.06	-1.01
		2441	2440.70	-3.28
		2480	2480.05	-5.00



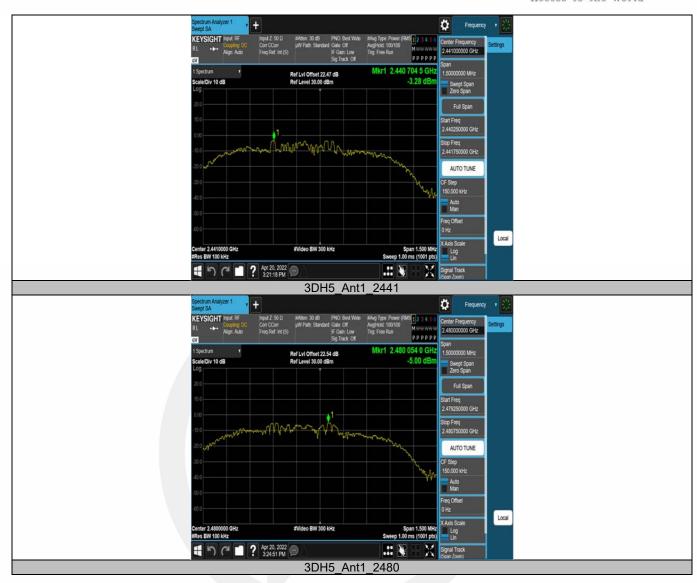












Band-edge measurement

TestMode	Antenna	ChName	Freq(MHz)	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
		Low	2402	-0.91	-35.48	≤-20.91	PASS
DH5	Ant1	High	2480	-5.07	-47.99	≤-25.07	PASS
טחט	Anti	Low	Hop_2402	-1.89	-47.26	≤-21.89	PASS
		High	Hop_2480	-4.70	-46.4	≤-24.7	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	-1.24	-35.59	≤-21.24	PASS
2000	AIILI	High	2480	-5.73	-48.48	≤-25.73	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	-1.01	-34.78	≤-21.01	PASS
	AIILI	High	2480	-5.00	-48.15	≤-25	PASS

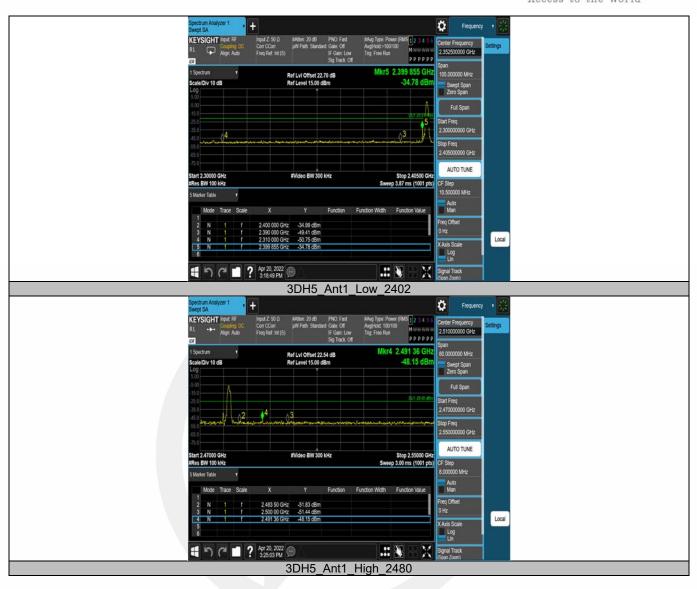








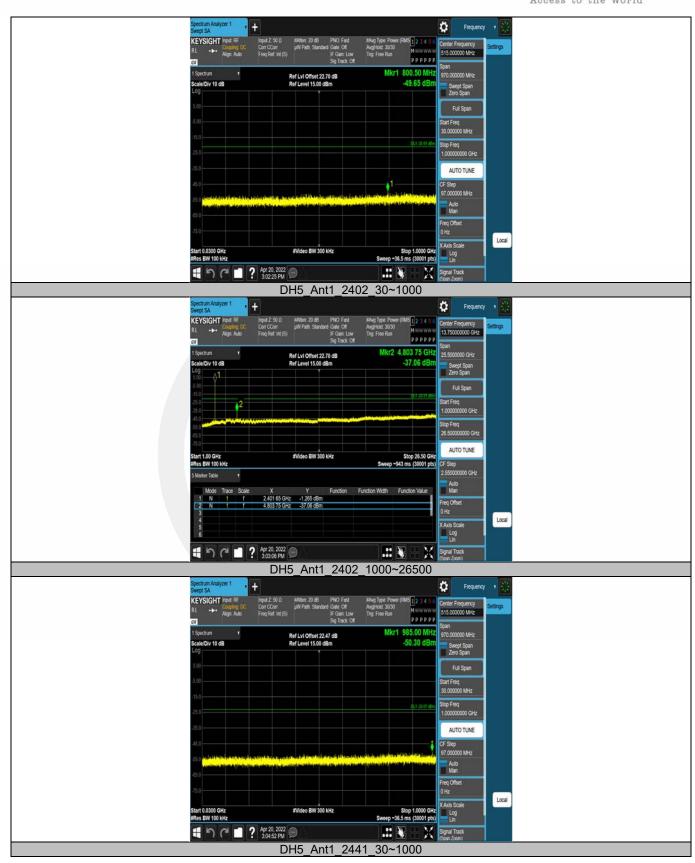




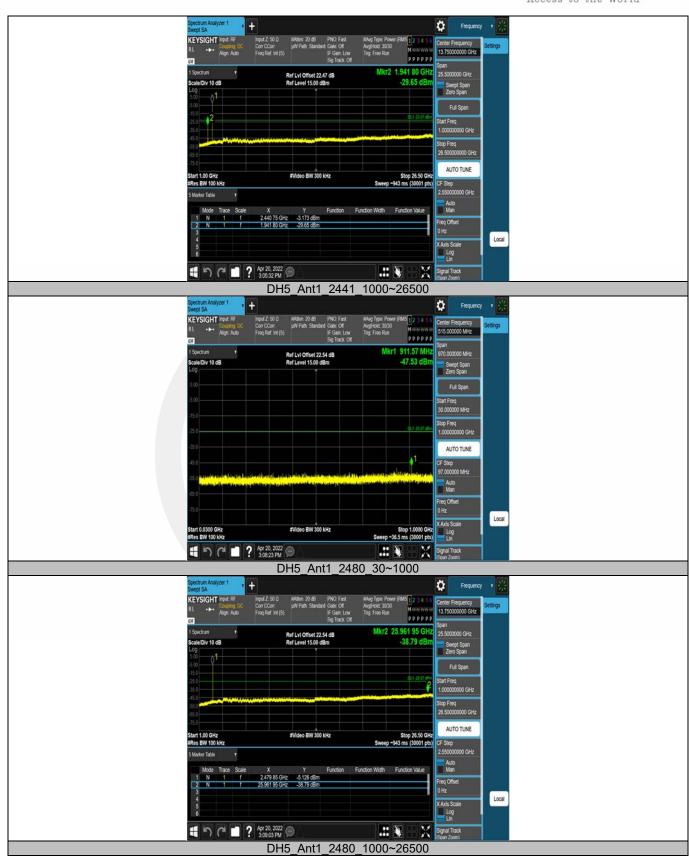
Emission level measurement

TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	FreqRange [MHz]	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
		2402	30~1000	-0.91	-49.65	≤-20.91	PASS
		2402	1000~26500	-0.91	-37.06	≤-20.91	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	30~1000	-3.07	-50.3	≤-23.07	PASS
рпэ	Anti	2441	1000~26500	-3.07	-29.65	≤-23.07	PASS
		2480	30~1000	-5.07	-47.53	≤-25.07	PASS
		2400	1000~26500	-5.07	-38.79	≤-25.07	PASS
		2402	30~1000	-1.24	-50.38	≤-21.24	PASS
			1000~26500	-1.24	-39.14	≤-21.24	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2441	30~1000	-3.49	-49.29	≤-23.49	PASS
20110	Anti		1000~26500	-3.49	-39.32	≤-23.49	PASS
			30~1000	-5.73	-49.92	≤-25.73	PASS
			1000~26500	-5.73	-39.69	≤-25.73	PASS
		2402	30~1000	-1.01	-49.87	≤-21.01	PASS
		2402	1000~26500	-1.01	-39.07	≤-21.01	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2441	30~1000	-3.28	-28.75	≤-23.28	PASS
ასია	Anti	2441	1000~26500	-3.28	-52.32	≤-23.28	PASS
		2480	30~1000	-5.00	-50.35	≤-25	PASS
		2400	1000~26500	-5.00	-39.34	≤-25	PASS

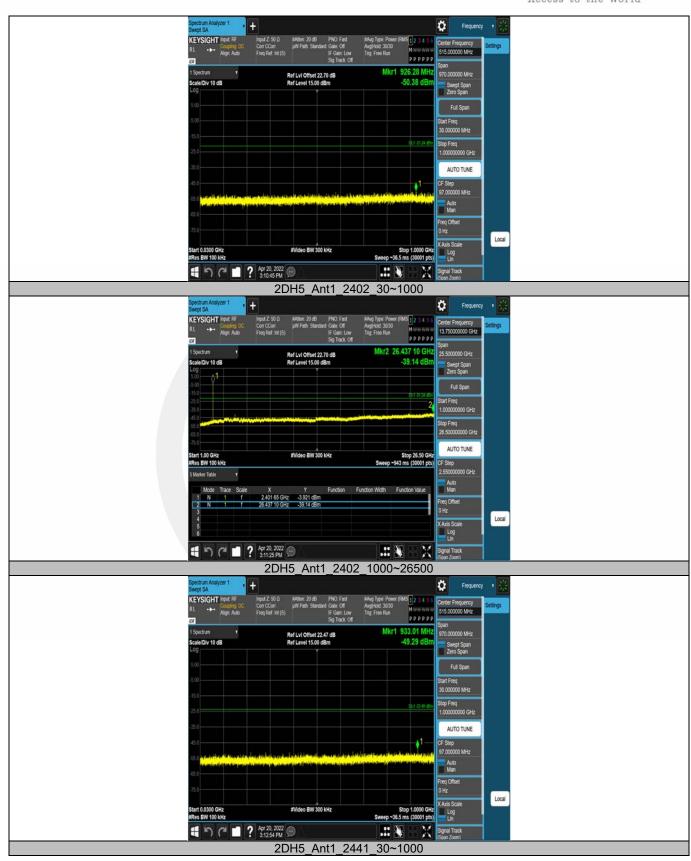




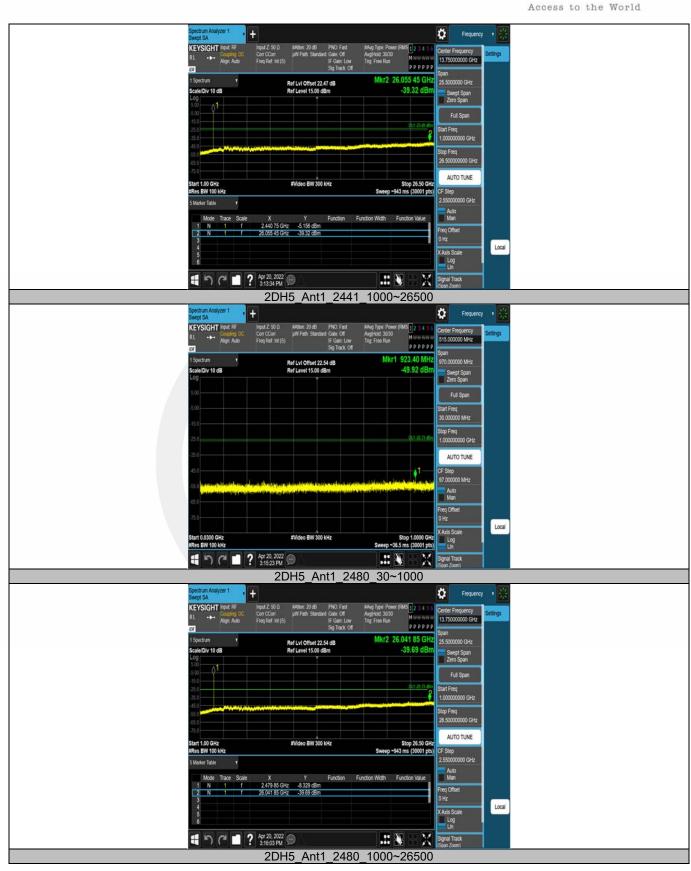




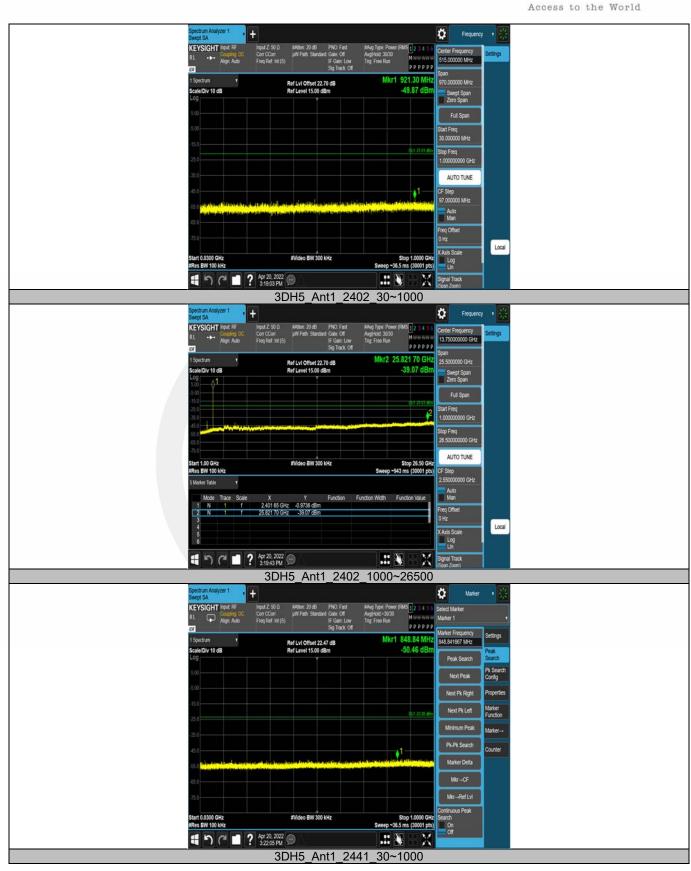


















9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.7.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209

According to RSS-Gen and RSS-247

According to 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02 Section 9

According to ANSI C63.10 Section 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6 and 6.10.5

9.7.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d): radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to FCC Part15.205, Restricted bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36-13.41			

According to FCC Part15.205, the level of any transmitter spurious emission in Restricted bands shall not exceed the level of the emission specified in the following table

Restricted Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	30
1.705-30	30	29.5	30
30-88	100	40	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

9.7.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.2 radio frequency test setup 2

9.7.4 Test Procedure

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Peak power measurement procedures for Above 1GHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz



VBW ≥ [3 × RBW]

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Average power measurement procedures for Above 1GHz:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle
- b) Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz.
- d) VBW \geq [3 × RBW].
- e) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if span / (# of points in sweep) \leq (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D \geq 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty cycle is not permitted. Determining compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission; it is not based on an average across ON and OFF times of the transmitter.

For Below 1GHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 100 kHz for

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For Below 30MHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 9kHz

 $VBW \ge RBW$

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For Below 150KHz:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 200Hz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.10 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the



emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit. Submit this data.

9.7.5 Test Results

■ Spurious Emission below 30MHz (9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature:	26° C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Freq. Ant.Pol.		Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
(IVIHZ)	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV

Note: the amplitude of spurious emission that is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible limit has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor =40log(Specific distance/ test distance)(dB);

Limit line=Specific limits(dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor



■ Spurious Emission Above 1GHz (1GHz to 25GHz) Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result was report as below:

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequ	ency: Ch	hannel 0: 2402MHz		
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Det	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	
4804.110	V	PK	63.53	74.00	-10.47	
4804.110	V	AV	52.55	54.00	-1.45	
11056.90	V	PK	53.66	74.00	-20.34	
11056.90	V	AV	35.78	74.00	-38.22	
17994.79	V	PK	64.03	74.00	-9.97	
17994.79	V	AV	46.88	74.00	-27.12	
4804.110	Н	PK	66.06	74.00	-7.94	
4804.110	Н	AV	52.11	54.00	-1.89	
8381.383	Н	PK	50.19	74.00	-23.81	
8381.383	Н	AV	32.24	54.00	-21.76	
17986.99	Н	PK	64.28	74.00	-9.72	
17986.99	Н	AV	48.15	54.00	-5.85	

Note:

- (1) PK RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak;
- (2) AV RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = RMS;
- (3) Emission Level = Reading Level + Correct Factor 1 + Correct Factor 2;
- (4) Correct Factor 1 = Ant_F + Cab_L Preamp;
- (5) Correct Factor 2 = 10 log (1 / D), where D is the duty cycle;
- (6) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency: C		nannel 39: 2441MHz		
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Det	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	
4882.503	V	PK	55.83	74.00	-18.17	
4882.503	V	AV	38.25	54.00	-15.75	
9257.571	V	PK	50.24	74.00	-23.76	
9257.571	V	AV	32.57	54.00	-21.43	
17945.45	V	PK	64.33	74.00	-9.67	
17945.45	V	AV	46.82	54.00	-7.18	
4882.503	Н	PK	55.12	74.00	-18.88	
4882.503	Н	AV	38.21	54.00	-15.79	
11167.71	Н	PK	53.26	74.00	-20.74	
11167.71	Н	AV	35.22	54.00	-18.78	
17888.48	Н	PK	63.99	74.00	-10.01	
17888.48	Н	AV	45.82	54.00	-8.18	

Note: (1) PK RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak;

- (2) AV RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = RMS;
- (3) Emission Level = Reading Level + Correct Factor 1 + Correct Factor 2;
- (4) Correct Factor 1 = Ant_F + Cab_L Preamp;
- (5) Correct Factor $2 = 10 \log (1 / D)$, where D is the duty cycle;
- (6) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency: Channel 78: 248			1Hz
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Det	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4960.023	V	PK	49.34	74.00	-24.66
4960.023	V	AV	31.24	54.00	-22.76
10652.23	V	PK	51.86	74.00	-22.14
10652.23	V	AV	35.63	54.00	-18.37
17924.71	V	PK	63.89	74.00	-10.11
17924.71	V	AV	45.78	54.00	-8.22
4960.023	Н	PK	50.55	74.00	-23.45
4960.023	Н	AV	32.16	54.00	-21.84
11227.58	Н	PK	54.04	74.00	-19.96
11227.58	Н	AV	36.33	54.00	-17.67
17839.43	Н	PK	65.64	74.00	-8.36
17839.43	Н	AV	48.27	54.00	-5.73

Note: (1) PK RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak;

- (2) AV RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = RMS;
- (3) Emission Level = Reading Level + Correct Factor 1 + Correct Factor 2;

- (4) Correct Factor 1 = Ant_F + Cab_L Preamp;
 (5) Correct Factor 2 = 10 log (1 / D), where D is the duty cycle;
 (6) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



■ Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz and 2483.5-2500MHz Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK, Hopping) mode have been tested, and the worst result was report as below:

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequ	annel 0: 2402Ml	Hz	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Det	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2379.960	V	PK	45.89	74.00	-28.11
2379.960	V	AV	29.70	54.00	-24.30
2383.130	Н	PK	45.75	74.00	-28.25
2383.130	Н	AV	28.90	54.00	-25.10

Note: (1) PK RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak;

- (2) AV RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = RMS;
- (3) Emission Level = Reading Level + Correct Factor 1 + Correct Factor 2;
- (4) Correct Factor 1 = Ant_F + Cab_L Preamp;
- (5) Correct Factor $2 = 10 \log (1 / D)$, where D is the duty cycle;
- (6) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequ	ency: Ch	Channel 78: 2480MHz		
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Det	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	
2484.954	V	PK	45.55	74.00	-28.45	
2484.954	V	AV	29.60	54.00	-24.40	
2484.651	Н	PK	45.39	74.00	-28.61	
2484.651	Н	AV	30.80	54.00	-23.20	

Note: (1) PK RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak;

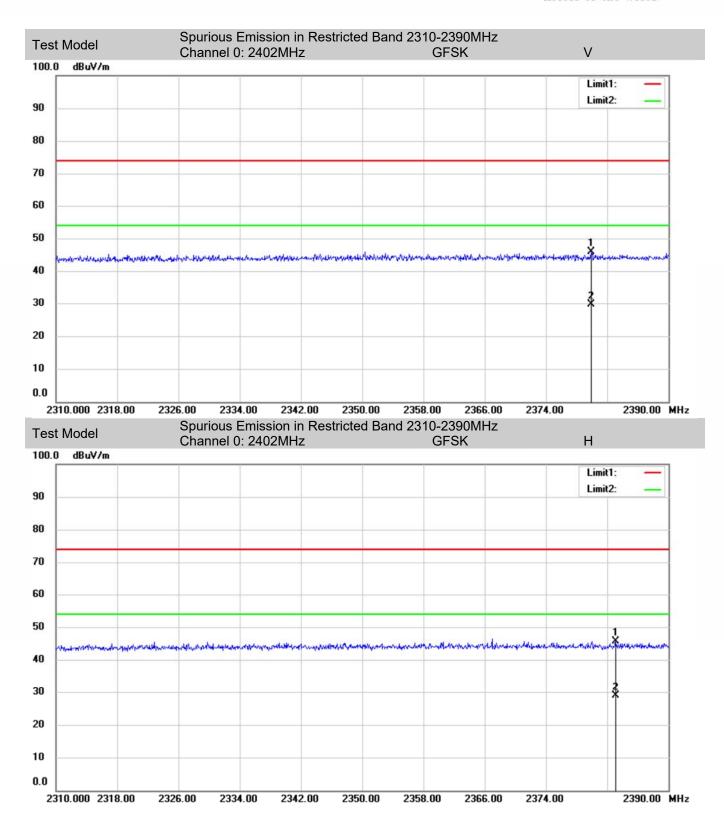
- (2) AV RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = RMS;
- (3) Emission Level = Reading Level + Correct Factor 1 + Correct Factor 2;
- (4) Correct Factor 1 = Ant_F + Cab_L Preamp;
- (5) Correct Factor 2 = 10 log (1 / D), where D is the duty cycle;
- (6) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

Test mode:	GFSK	Frequ	ency: Ho	pping	
Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol.	Det	Emission Level(dBuV/m)	Limit 3m(dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2400.000	V	PK	44.44	74.00	-29.56
2400.000	V	AV	28.30	54.00	-25.70
2483.500	V	PK	44.07	74.00	-29.93
2483.500	V	AV	27.20	54.00	-26.80
2400.000	Н	PK	46.38	74.00	-27.62
2400.000	Н	AV	29.50	54.00	-24.50
2483.500	Н	PK	44.97	74.00	-24.50
2483.500	Н	AV	28.40	54.00	-25.60

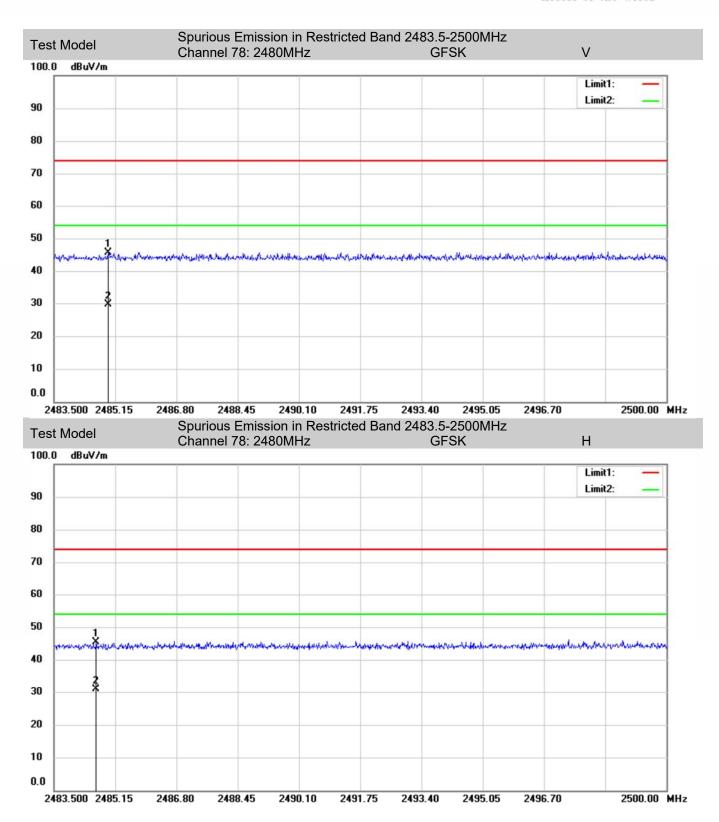
Note: (1) PK RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = Peak;

- (2) AV RBW = 1 MHz, VBW ≥ 3 × RBW, Detector = RMS;
- (3) Emission Level = Reading Level + Correct Factor 1 + Correct Factor 2;
- (4) Correct Factor 1 = Ant_F + Cab_L Preamp;
- (5) Correct Factor 2 = 10 log (1 / D), where D is the duty cycle;
- (6) The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

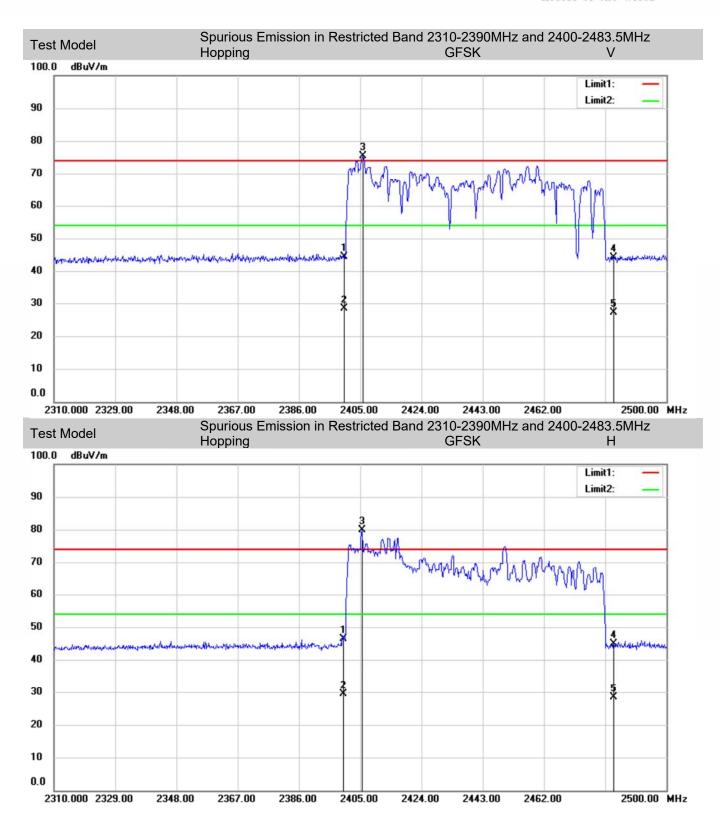














43 %

Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz) Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result was report as below:

Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)



Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15 CLASS B

Mode: BT 2402

Note:

No.	Mk.	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		32.3350	43.61	-14.41	29.20	40.00	-10.80	QP			
2		50.6748	39.56	-11.92	27.64	40.00	-12.36	QP			
3		102.4943	41.12	-14.54	26.58	43.50	-16.92	QP			
4	*	212.9218	53.90	-13.36	40.54	43.50	-2.96	QP			
5		278.5547	46.15	-10.01	36.14	46.00	-9.86	QP			
6		836.6110	28.68	2.71	31.39	46.00	-14.61	QP			



43 %

Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)



Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15 CLASS B

Mode:BT 2402

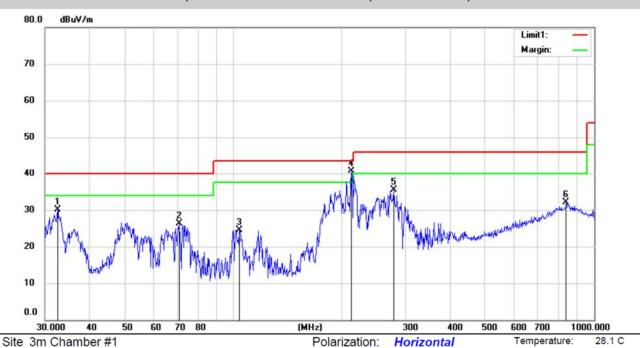
Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	ļ	32.7056	50.04	-14.35	35.69	40.00	-4.31	QP			
2	İ	36.4772	48.28	-13.47	34.81	40.00	-5.19	QP			
3	*	49.7940	49.13	-12.05	37.08	40.00	-2.92	QP			
4		100.8897	48.32	-14.69	33.63	43.50	-9.87	QP			
5	İ	184.7326	53.55	-13.65	39.90	43.50	-3.60	QP			
6		846.9420	30.16	2.91	33.07	46.00	-12.93	QP			



43 %

Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)



Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15 CLASS B

Mode: BT 2440

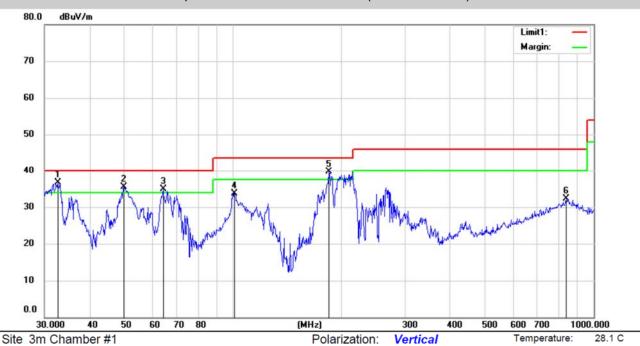
Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		32.6054	44.41	-14.37	30.04	40.00	-9.96	QP			
2		70.7074	39.59	-13.30	26.29	40.00	-13.71	QP			
3		103.8965	38.97	-14.42	24.55	43.50	-18.95	QP			
4	*	212.5488	54.01	-13.38	40.63	43.50	-2.87	QP			
5		278.6770	45.49	-10.00	35.49	46.00	-10.51	QP			
6		837.7118	29.26	2.76	32.02	46.00	-13.98	QP			



43 %

Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)



Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15 CLASS B

Mode:BT 2440

Note:

No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	*	32.6770	51.15	-14.36	36.79	40.00	-3.21	QP			
2	!	49.9470	47.57	-12.01	35.56	40.00	-4.44	QP			
3	İ	64.1512	46.95	-12.09	34.86	40.00	-5.14	QP			
4		100.9340	48.48	-14.69	33.79	43.50	-9.71	QP			
5	ļ	184.8946	53.28	-13.64	39.64	43.50	-3.86	QP			
6	•	841.0230	29.36	2.86	32.22	46.00	-13.78	QP			



43 %

Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)



Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15 CLASS B

Mode: BT 2480

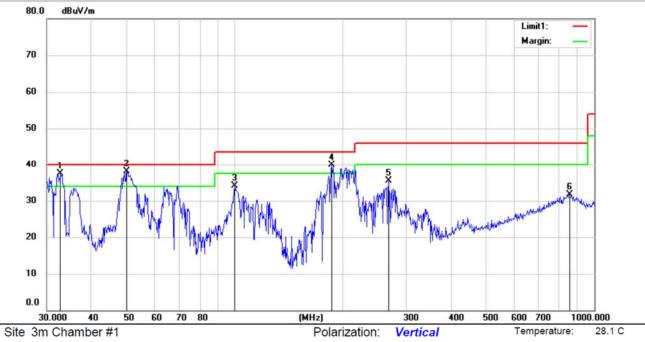
Note:

No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∀	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		32.6340	43.87	-14.36	29.51	40.00	-10.49	QP			
2		49.7504	39.40	-12.06	27.34	40.00	-12.66	QP			
3		69.2657	39.11	-13.01	26.10	40.00	-13.90	QP			
4		104.1245	39.02	-14.40	24.62	43.50	-18.88	QP			
5	*	216.2135	54.22	-13.27	40.95	46.00	-5.05	QP			
6		808.4915	29.52	1.77	31.29	46.00	-14.71	QP			



43 %

Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)



Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15 CLASS B

Mode:BT 2480

Note:

No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	Ţ	32.8205	51.92	-14.33	37.59	40.00	-2.41	QP			
2	*	50.1225	50.10	-11.99	38.11	40.00	-1.89	QP			
3		100.0530	48.89	-14.77	34.12	43.50	-9.38	QP			
4	İ	186.2775	53.66	-13.71	39.95	43.50	-3.55	QP			
5		268.7207	46.01	-10.52	35.49	46.00	-10.51	QP			
6		855.5234	29.26	2.52	31.78	46.00	-14.22	QP			



9.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

9.8.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.207 According to IC RSS-Gen 8.8

9.8.2 Conformance Limit

Conducted Emission Limit									
Frequency(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average							
0.15-0.5	66-56	56-46							
0.5-5.0	56	46							
5.0-30.0	60	50							

Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies

9.8.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.3 conducted emission test setup

9.8.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a table which is 0.8m above ground plane. Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

9.8.5 Test Results

Pass

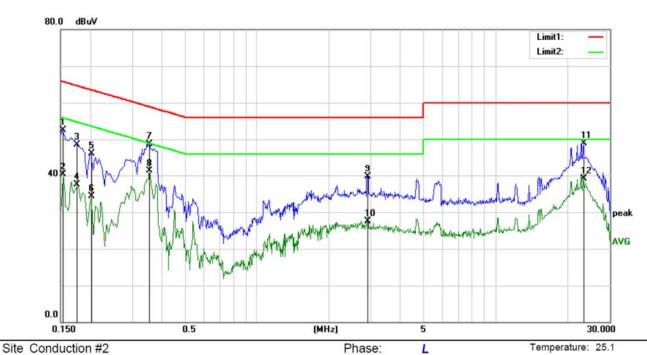
The AC120V &240V voltage have been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:

The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.



45 %

Conducted Emission



Power: AC 120V/60Hz

Limit: (CE)FCC PART 15 class B_QP

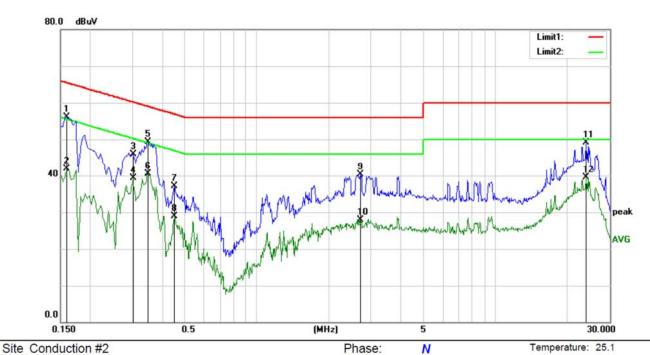
Mode: BT Note:

No. Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
	MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBu∨	dBu∨	dB	Detector	Comment
1	0.1540	42.12	10.48	52.60	65.70	-13.10	QP	
2	0.1540	29.86	10.48	40.34	55.78	-15.44	AVG	
3	0.1758	38.10	10.46	48.56	64.61	-16.05	QP	
4	0.1758	27.13	10.46	37.59	54.68	-17.09	AVG	
5	0.2020	35.64	10.43	46.07	63.46	-17.39	QP	
6	0.2020	23.92	10.43	34.35	53.53	-19.18	AVG	
7	0.3540	38.32	10.38	48.70	58.84	-10.14	QP	
8 *	0.3540	30.88	10.38	41.26	48.87	-7.61	AVG	
9	2.9140	29.43	10.37	39.80	56.00	-16.20	QP	
10	2.9140	17.20	10.37	27.57	46.00	-18.43	AVG	
11	23.3420	38.02	10.83	48.85	60.00	-11.15	QP	
12	23.3420	28.32	10.83	39.15	50.00	-10.85	AVG	



45 %

Conducted Emission



Power: AC 120V/60Hz

Limit: (CE)FCC PART 15 class B_QP

Mode: BT Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBu∨	dB	dBu∨	dBu∀	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1590	45.72	10.48	56.20	65.43	-9.23	QP	
2		0.1590	31.48	10.48	41.96	55.52	-13.56	AVG	
3		0.3020	35.50	10.40	45.90	60.15	-14.25	QP	
4		0.3020	28.91	10.40	39.31	50.19	-10.88	AVG	
5		0.3500	38.88	10.39	49.27	58.94	-9.67	QP	
6	*	0.3500	30.05	10.39	40.44	48.96	-8.52	AVG	
7		0.4500	26.76	10.36	37.12	56.87	-19.75	QP	
8		0.4500	18.63	10.36	28.99	46.88	-17.89	AVG	
9		2.7140	30.01	10.37	40.38	56.00	-15.62	QP	
10		2.7140	17.53	10.37	27.90	46.00	-18.10	AVG	
11		23.8780	38.25	10.84	49.09	60.00	-10.91	QP	
12		23.8780	28.66	10.84	39.50	50.00	-10.50	AVG	



9.9 ANTENNA APPLICATION

9.9.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard Requirement An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be FCC CRF Part 15.203 considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain (b) of the antenna exceeds 6dBi. The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each RSS-Gen Section 6.8 antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list. If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams, but does not emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device (i.e. the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc., and summed across all carriers or frequency channels) shall not exceed the applicable output RSS-247 Section 5.4 power limit. However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna/antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as the sum of 10 log (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or stave having the highest gain. 9.9.2 Result

Antenna use a permanently attached antenna which is not replaceable.

Please refer to the attached document Internal Photos to show the antenna connector.

Not using a standard antenna jack or electrical connector for antenna replacement The antenna has to be professionally installed (please provide method of installation)

PASS.

Note:

 $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$



Detail of factor for radiated emission

Frequency(MHz)	Ant_F(dB)	Cab_L(dB)	Preamp(dB)	Correct Factor(dB)
0.009	20.6	0.03	\	20.63
0.15	20.7	0.1	\	20.8
1	20.9	0.15	\	21.05
10	20.1	0.28	\	20.38
30	18.8	0.45	\	19.25
30	11.7	0.62	27.9	-15.58
100	12.5	1.02	27.8	-14.28
300	12.9	1.91	27.5	-12.69
600	19.2	2.92	27	-4.88
800	21.1	3.54	26.6	-1.96
1000	22.3	4.17	26.2	0.27
1000	25.6	1.76	41.4	-14.04
3000	28.9	3.27	43.2	-11.03
5000	31.1	4.2	44.6	-9.3
8000	36.2	5.95	44.7	-2.55
10000	38.4	6.3	43.9	0.8
12000	38.5	7.14	42.3	3.34
15000	40.2	8.15	41.4	6.95
18000	45.4	9.02	41.3	13.12
18000	37.9	1.81	47.9	-8.19
21000	37.9	1.95	48.7	-8.85
25000	39.3	2.01	42.8	-1.49
28000	39.6	2.16	46.0	-4.24
31000	41.2	2.24	44.5	-1.06
34000	41.5	2.29	46.6	-2.81
37000	43.8	2.30	46.4	-0.3
40000	43.2	2.50	42.2	3.5

*** End of Report ***