

# TEST REPORT



**DT&C Co., Ltd.**

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1. Report No : DRTFCC1710-0231

2. Customer

• Name : BLUEBIRD INC.

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Address (IC) : (Dogok-dong, SEI Tower13,14)39, Eonjuro30-gil, Gangnam-gu Seoul 06292

Korea (Republic Of)

3. Use of Report : FCC & IC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Printer intergrated Tablet / PT550

FCC ID : SS4PT550 / IC : 22515-PT550

5. Test Method Used : KDB558074 D01v04

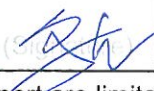

Test Specification : FCC Part 15.247

RSS-247 Issue 2 (2017-02), RSS-GEN Issue 4 (2014-11)

6. Date of Test : 2017.08.02 ~ 2017.08.30

7. Testing Environment : See appended test report.

8. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

Affirmation	Tested by	Technical Manager
	Name : JaeHyeok Bang 	Name : GeunKi Son 

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2017 . 10 . 26 .

**DT&C Co., Ltd.**

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to [report@dtnc.net](mailto:report@dtnc.net)

## Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1710-0231	Oct. 26, 2017	Initial issue

## Table of Contents

<b>1. EUT DESCRIPTION .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>INFORMATION ABOUT TESTING .....</b>	<b>5</b>
2.1 Test mode.....	5
2.2 Auxiliary equipment .....	5
2.3 Tested environment .....	6
2.4 EMI suppression Device(s) / Modifications .....	6
2.5 Measurement Uncertainty.....	6
<b>3. SUMMARY OF TESTS .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>4. TEST METHODOLOGY .....</b>	<b>8</b>
4.1 EUT configuration .....	8
4.2 EUT exercise .....	8
4.3 General test procedures .....	8
4.4 Description of test modes .....	8
<b>5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS.....</b>	<b>9</b>
6.1 Facilities .....	9
6.2 Equipment .....	9
<b>7. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>8. TEST RESULT .....</b>	<b>10</b>
8.1 6dB bandwidth.....	10
8.2 Maximum peak conducted output power.....	17
8.3 Maximum power spectral density .....	19
8.4 Out of band emissions at the band edge / conducted spurious emissions.....	26
8.5 Radiated spurious emissions.....	51
8.6 Power-line conducted emissions .....	57
8.7 Occupied Bandwidth.....	60
<b>9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT .....</b>	<b>67</b>
<b>APPENDIX I .....</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>APPENDIX I .....</b>	<b>71</b>

## 1. EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>FCC Equipment Class</b>	Digital Transmission System(DTS)
<b>Product</b>	Printer intergrated Tablet
<b>Model Name</b>	PT550
<b>Add Model Name</b>	NA
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 9 V
<b>Hardware version</b>	Rev0.2
<b>Software version</b>	R 1.0
<b>Frequency Range</b>	▪ 802.11b/g/n(20 MHz) : 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz
<b>Max. RF Output Power</b>	2.4GHz Band ▪ 802.11b : 17.58 dBm ▪ 802.11g : 20.54 dBm ▪ 802.11n (HT20) : 18.32 dBm
<b>Modulation Type</b>	▪ 802.11b: CCK, DSSS ▪ 802.11g/n: OFDM
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	<b>Antenna type:</b> Internal Antenna <b>Antenna gain:</b> Refer to the clause 7 in test report.

## Transmitting configuration of EUT

Mode	Data rate
802.11b	1~11 Mbps
802.11a	6~54Mbps
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0 ~ 7

## INFORMATION ABOUT TESTING

### 2.1 Test mode

Test mode	Worst case data rate	Tested Frequency(MHz)		
		Lowest	Middle	Highest
TM 1	802.11b 5.5 Mbps	2412	2437	2462
TM 2	802.11g 54 Mbps	2412	2437	2462
TM 3	802.11n(HT20) MCS 7	2412	2437	2462

Note 1: The worst case data rate is determined as above test mode according to the power measurements.

Also radiated spurious emission was performed at lowest data rate.

Note 2: The power measurement results for all modes and data rate were reported.

### 2.2 Auxiliary equipment

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	Manufacturer	Note
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

## 2.3 Tested environment

Temperature	: 24 ~ 25 °C
Relative humidity content	: 41 ~ 44 % R.H..
Details of power supply	: DC 9 V

## 2.4 EMI suppression Device(s) / Modifications

EMI suppression device(s) added and/or modifications made during testing  
→ None

## 2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C 63.4-2014 and ANSI C 63.10-2013. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Test items	Measurement uncertainty
Transmitter Output Power	0.7 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Conducted spurious emission	1.0 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
AC conducted emission	2.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below)	5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )
Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, $k = 2$ )

### 3. SUMMARY OF TESTS

FCC Part Section(s)	RSS Std.	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.247(a)	RSS-247 [5.2]	6 dB Bandwidth	> 500 kHz	Conducted	<b>C</b>
15.247(b)	RSS-247 [5.4]	Transmitter Output Power	< 1 Watt		<b>C</b>
15.247(d)	RSS-247 [5.5]	Out of Band Emissions / Band Edge	20 dBc in any 100 kHz BW		<b>C</b>
15.247(e)	RSS-247 [5.2]	Transmitter Power Spectral Density	< 8 dBm/3 kHz		<b>C</b>
-	RSS-Gen [6.6]	RSS-Gen [6.6]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)		<b>C</b>
15.247(d) 15.205 15.209	RSS-247 [5.5] RSS-GEN [8.9] RSS-GEN [8.10]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	FCC 15.209 limits	Radiated	<b>C</b> Note 2, 3
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Line Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 limits	AC Line Conducted	<b>C</b>
15.203	RSS-Gen [8.3]	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	<b>C</b>

Note 1: **C**=Comply **NC**=Not Comply **NT**=Not Tested **NA**=Not Applicable

Note 2: This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 3: For radiated emission tests below 30 MHz were performed on semi-anechoic chamber which is correlated with OATS.

## 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

Generally the tests were performed according to the KDB558074 D01v04, KDB662911 D01v02r01. And ANSI C63.10-2013 was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing

### 4.1 EUT configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 4.2 EUT exercise

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

### 4.3 General test procedures

#### Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB558074 D01v04.

So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector

#### Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB558074 D01v04. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10 as stated on section 12.1 of the KDB558074 D01V04.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axes.

### 4.4 Description of test modes

The EUT has been tested with all modes of operating conditions to determine the worst case emission characteristics. A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode.



## 5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

## 6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 6.1 Facilities

<b>DT&amp;C Co., Ltd.</b>		
The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements.		
- FCC MRA Accredited Test Firm No. : KR0034		
- IC Test site No. : 5740A-3		
<a href="http://www.dtnc.net">www.dtnc.net</a>		
Telephone	:	+ 82-31-321-2664
FAX	:	+ 82-31-321-1664

### 6.2 Equipment

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, loop, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and peak, quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

## 7. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

### 7.1 According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

**The antenna is attached on the device by means of unique coupling method (Spring Tension).  
Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203**

### 7.2 Directional antenna gain:

Bands	ANT gain [dBi]
2.4 GHz	1.924

## 8. TEST RESULT

### 8.1 6dB bandwidth

#### ■ Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

**The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.**

#### ■ Test Configuration:

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### ■ Test Procedure:

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB558074 D01V04**

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.  
**(RBW : 100 kHz / VBW : 300 kHz)**
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
5. Sweep = **Auto couple**.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

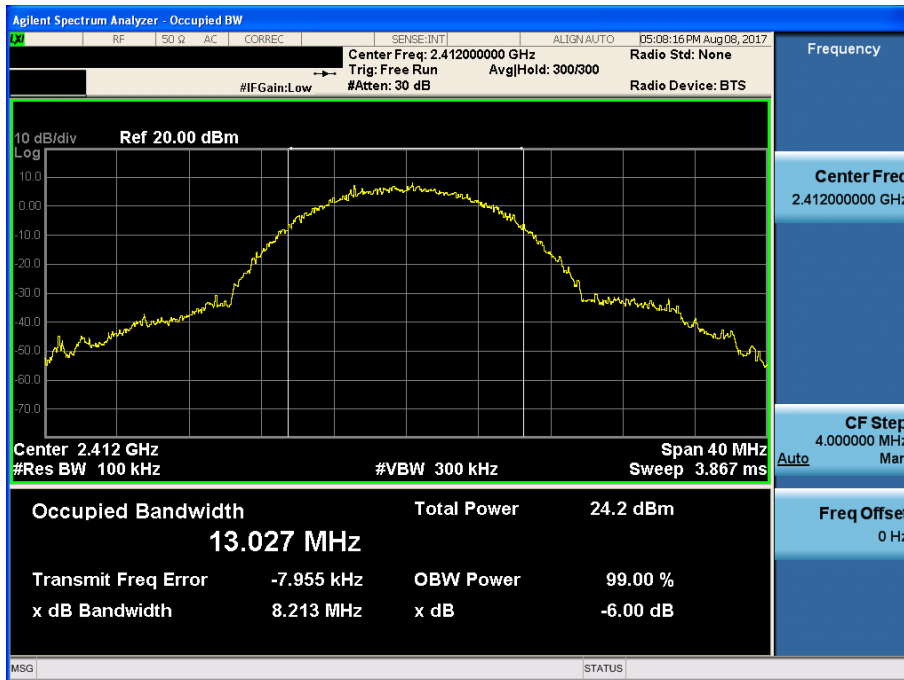
#### ■ Test Results: **Comply**

Test Mode	Frequency	Test Results[MHz]
TM 1	Lowest	8.213
	Middle	8.262
	Highest	8.284
TM 2	Lowest	16.470
	Middle	16.460
	Highest	16.470
TM 3	Lowest	17.720
	Middle	17.740
	Highest	17.700

## RESULT PLOTS

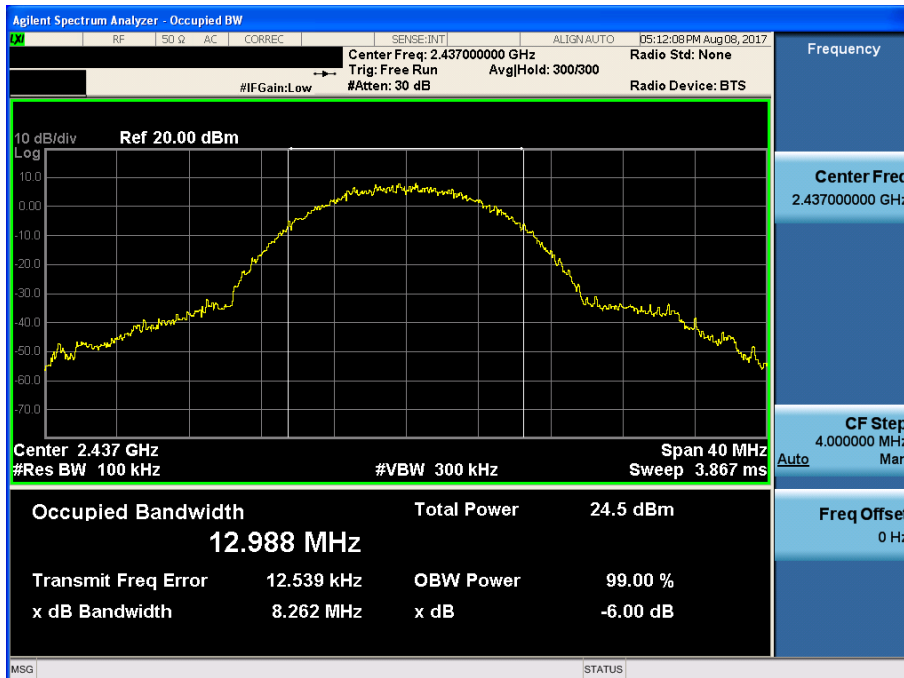
### 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 1 & Lowest



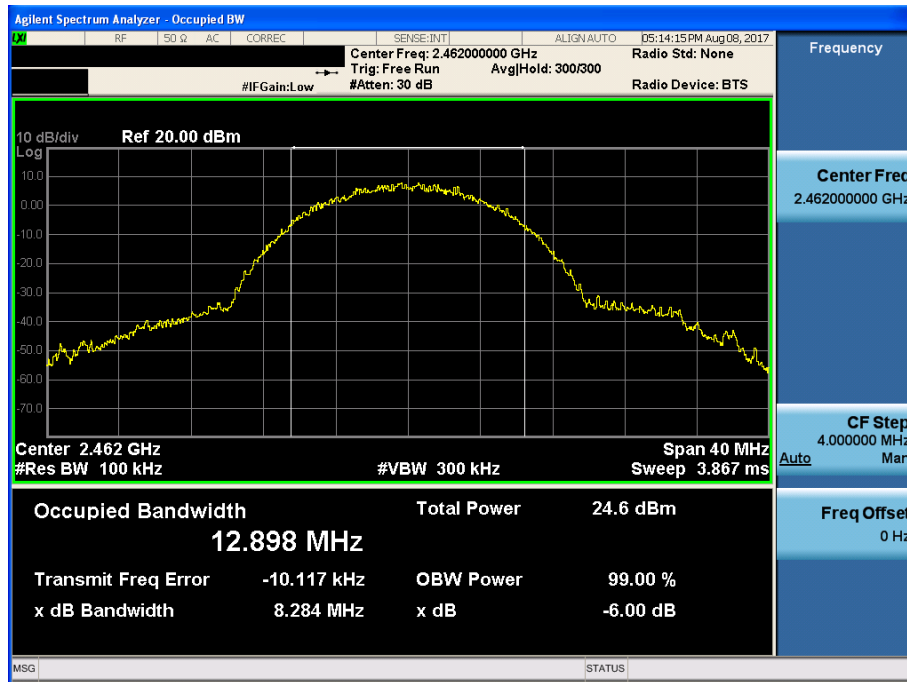
### 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 1 & Middle



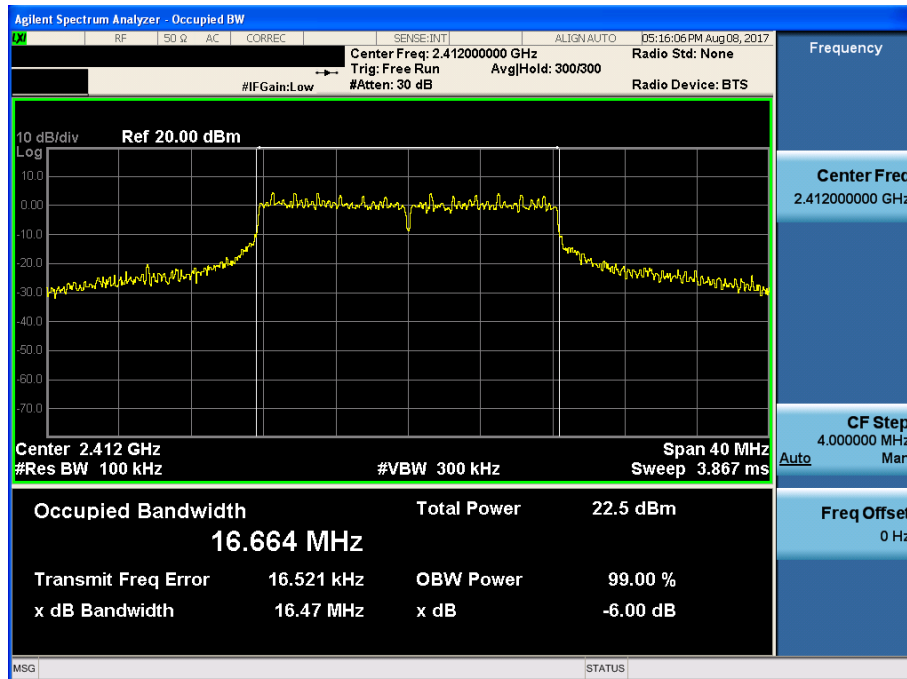
# 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 1 & Highest



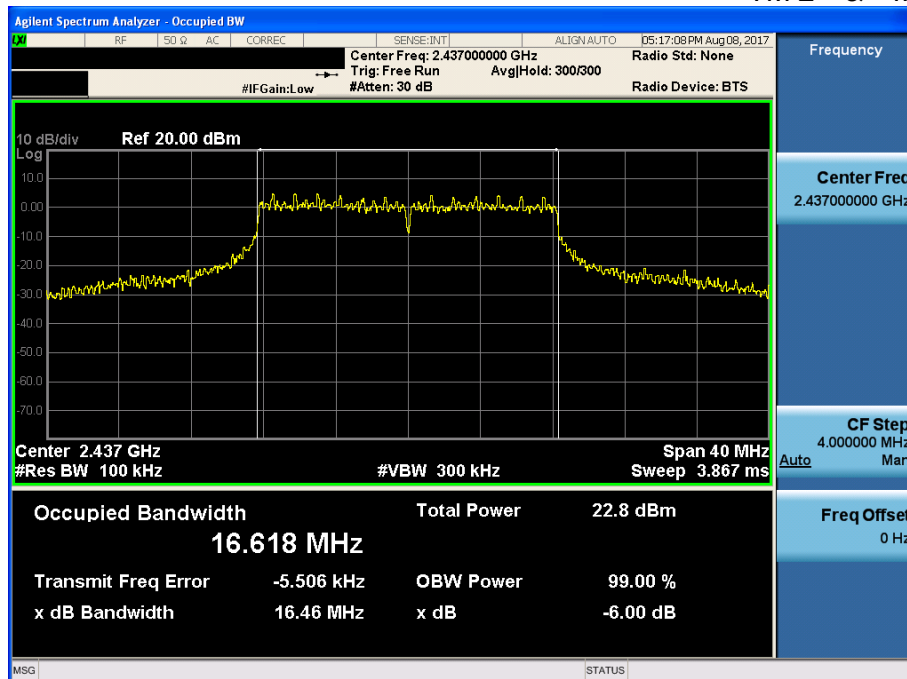
## 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 2 & Lowest



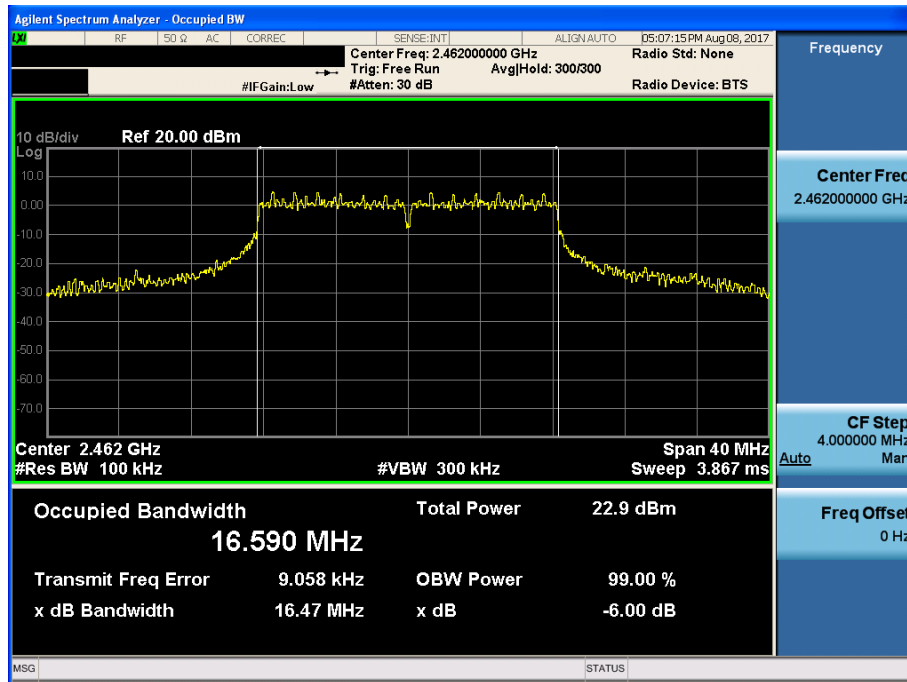
## 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 2 & Middle



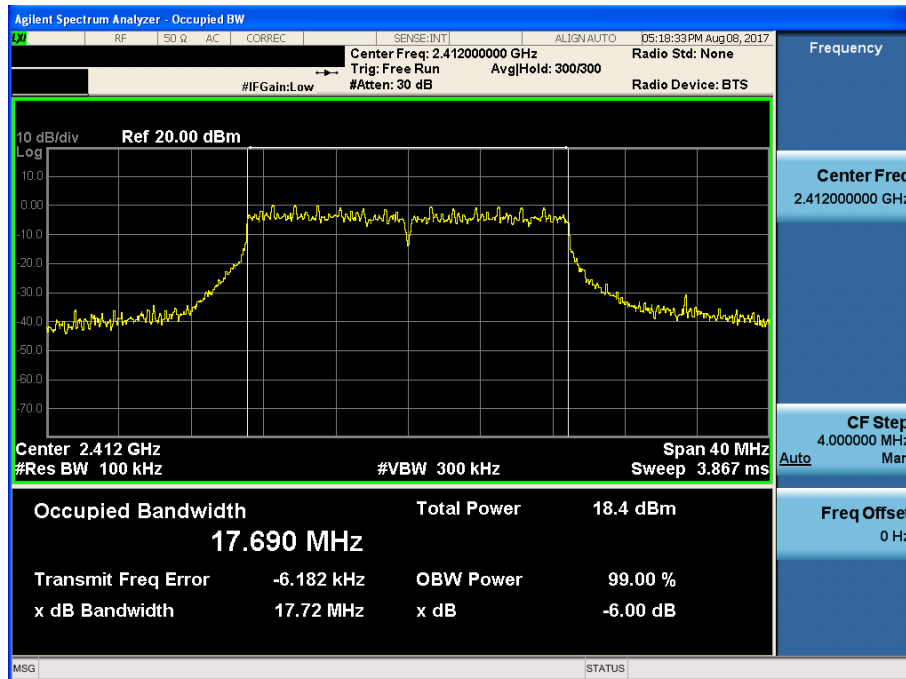
# 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 2 & Highest



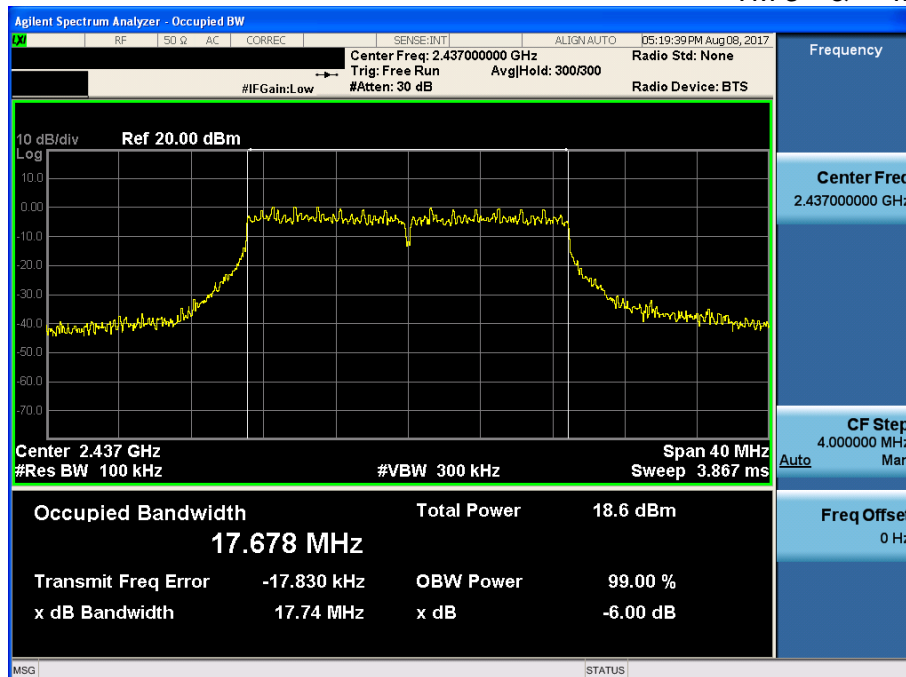
## 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 3 & Lowest



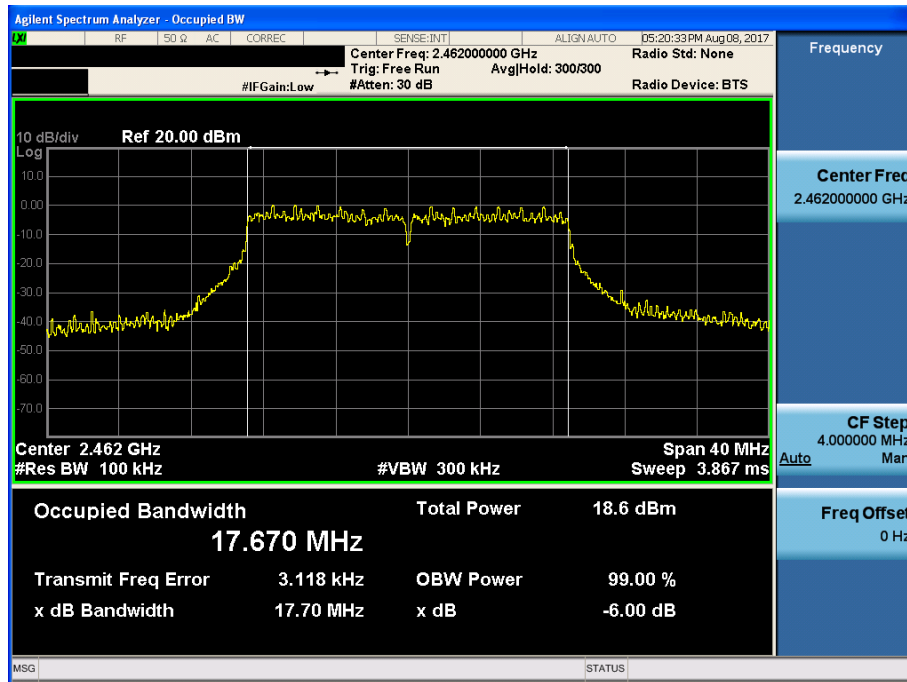
## 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 3 & Middle



# 6 dB Bandwidth

TM 3 & Highest



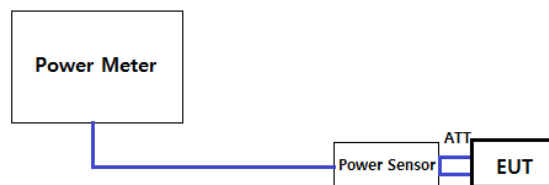


## 8.2 Maximum peak conducted output power

### ■ Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)

The maximum permissible conducted output power is **1 Watt**.

### ■ Test Configuration



### ■ Test Procedure

#### 1. PKPM1 Peak power meter method of KDB558074 D01V04

The maximum conducted output powers were measured using a broadband peak RF power meter which has greater video bandwidth than DUT's DTS bandwidth and utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

#### 2. Method AVGPM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter) of KDB558074 D01V04

The average conducted output powers were measured using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

Note: The measure-and-sum technique is used for test mode with multiple transmitting.

■ Test Results: **Comply**

Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for <u>802.11b</u>							
		Data Rate [Mbps]							
		1	2	5.5	11	-	-	-	-
2412	PK	17.47	17.44	<b>17.58</b>	17.46	-	-	-	-
	AV	15.06	15.09	15.46	15.31	-	-	-	-
2437	PK	17.43	17.32	17.41	17.46	-	-	-	-
	AV	14.95	15.01	15.28	15.23	-	-	-	-
2462	PK	17.42	17.47	17.53	17.57	-	-	-	-
	AV	14.98	15.04	15.33	15.21	-	-	-	-

Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for <u>802.11g</u>							
		Data Rate [Mbps]							
		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
2412	PK	20.15	20.13	20.17	20.28	20.36	20.43	20.41	<b>20.54</b>
	AV	14.07	14.05	14.12	14.26	14.32	14.41	14.45	14.56
2437	PK	20.14	20.18	20.14	20.23	20.27	20.14	20.27	20.43
	AV	13.97	14.02	14.07	14.28	14.33	14.35	14.42	14.53
2462	PK	20.16	20.21	20.32	20.26	20.34	20.33	20.36	20.53
	AV	14.08	14.12	14.15	14.24	14.29	14.34	14.38	14.48

Freq. (MHz)	Det.	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm) for <u>802.11n(HT20)</u>							
		Data Rate [MCS]							
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2412	PK	17.97	18.07	17.98	18.05	17.96	18.15	18.30	18.23
	AV	10.03	10.22	10.28	10.33	10.35	10.42	10.49	10.59
2437	PK	17.93	17.99	18.19	18.07	18.25	18.26	18.14	18.31
	AV	9.96	10.13	10.23	10.26	10.32	10.35	10.47	10.49
2462	PK	18.03	18.17	18.18	18.21	18.15	18.31	18.26	<b>18.32</b>
	AV	10.09	10.01	10.09	10.11	10.18	10.21	10.25	10.38

### 8.3 Maximum power spectral density

#### ■ Test requirements and limit, §15.247(e)

The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### ■ Test Configuration:

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### ■ Test Procedure

Method PKPSD of KDB558074 D01V04 is used.

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to **1.5 times** the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to : **3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz**
4. Set the VBW  **$\geq 3 \times$  RBW**
5. Detector = **Peak**
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple**
7. Trace mode = **Max hold.**
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the **peak marker function** to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

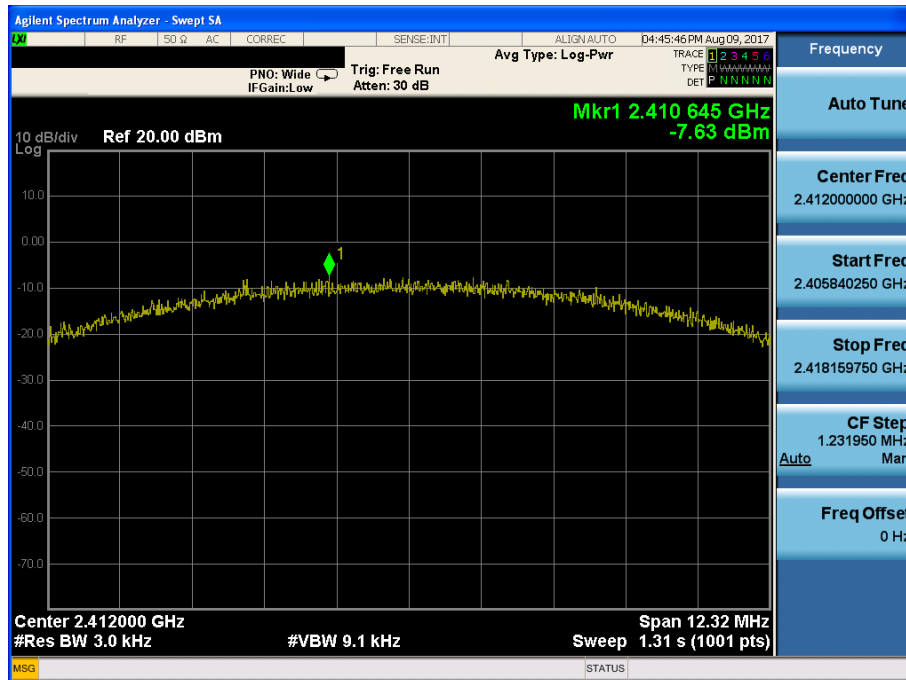
#### ■ Test Results: **Comply**

Test Mode	Frequency	RBW	PKPSD [dBm]
TM 1	Lowest	3 kHz	-7.63
	Middle	3 kHz	-5.84
	Highest	3 kHz	-6.23
TM 2	Lowest	3 kHz	-10.86
	Middle	3 kHz	-10.74
	Highest	3 kHz	-10.54
TM 3	Lowest	3 kHz	-15.29
	Middle	3 kHz	-14.39
	Highest	3 kHz	-14.97

## RESULT PLOTS

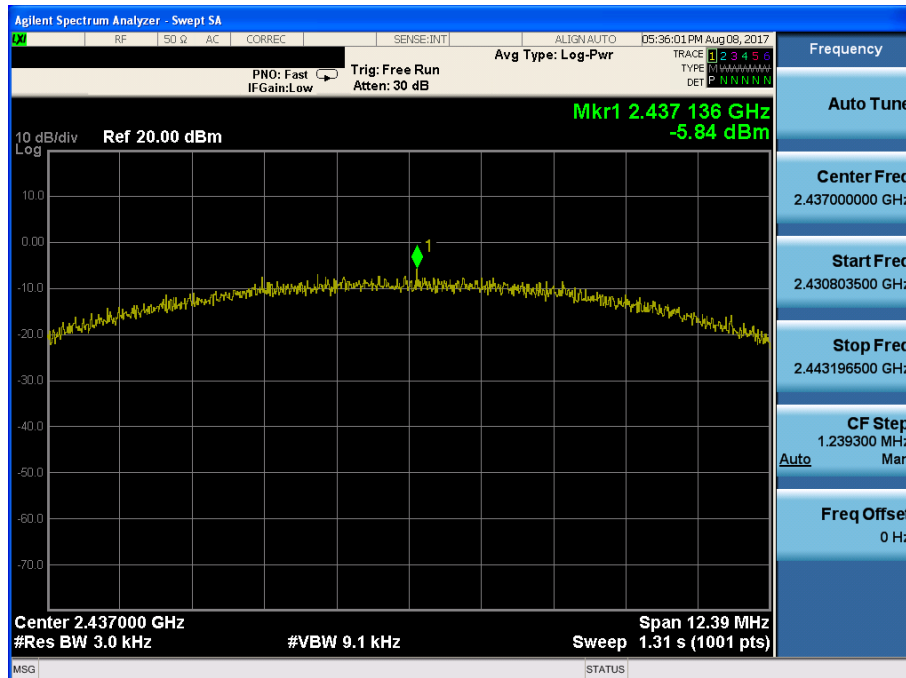
### Maximum PPSD

TM 1 & Lowest



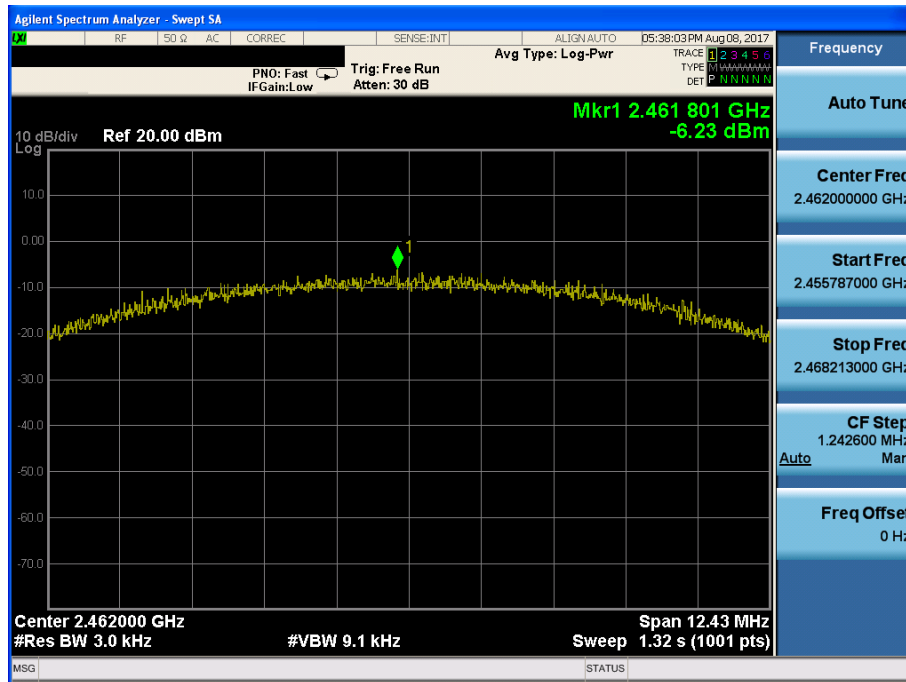
### Maximum PPSD

TM 1 & Middle



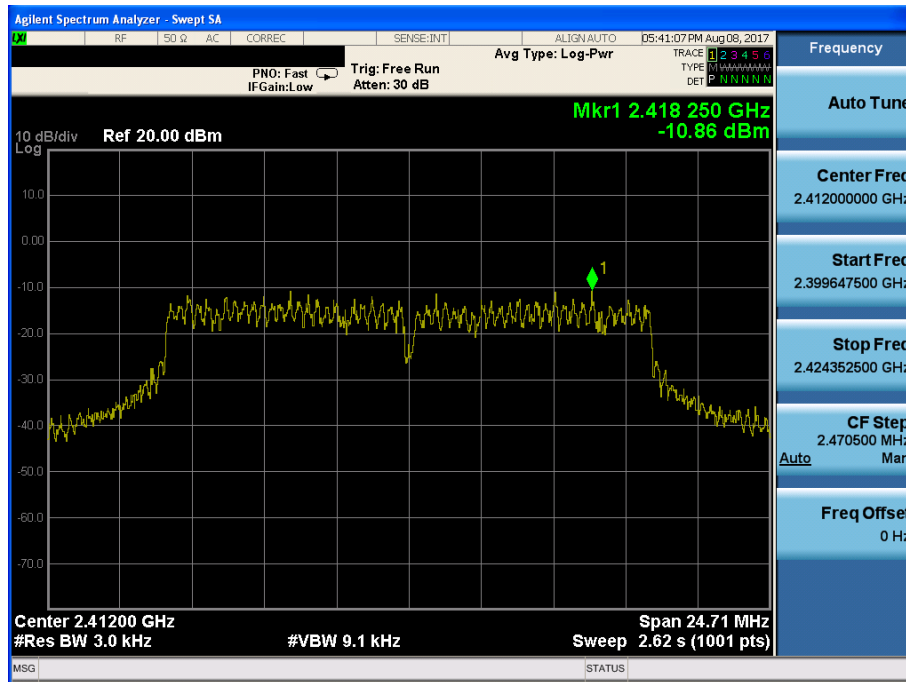
# Maximum PPSD

TM 1 & Highest



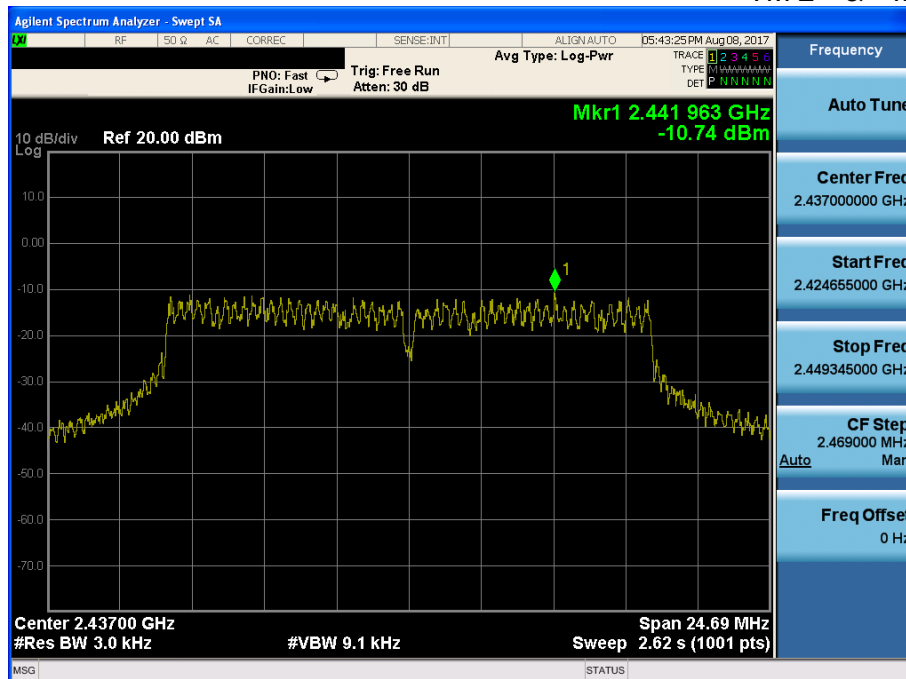
## Maximum PPSD

TM 2 & Lowest



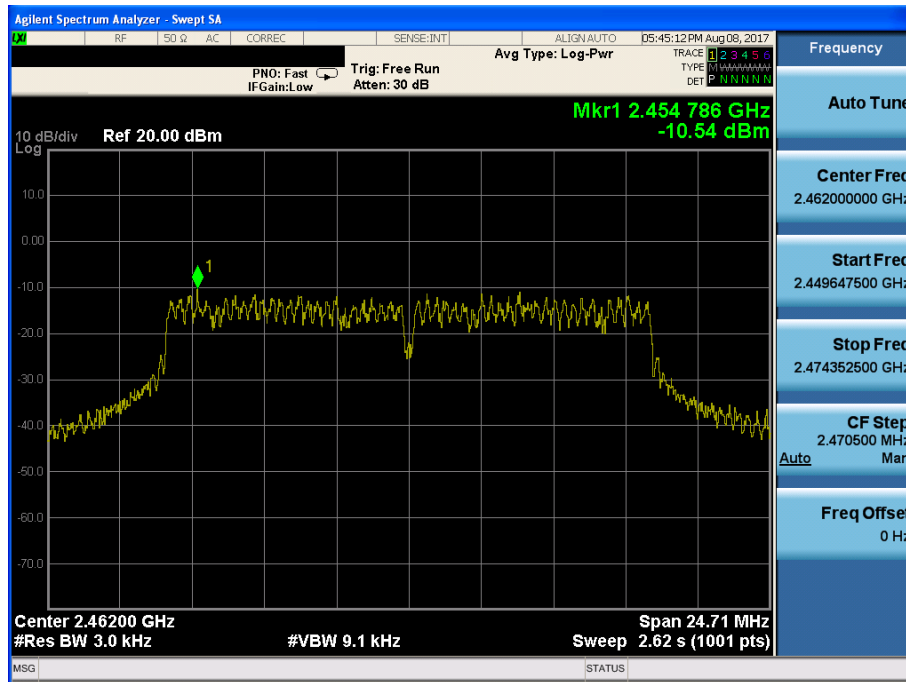
## Maximum PPSD

TM 2 & Middle



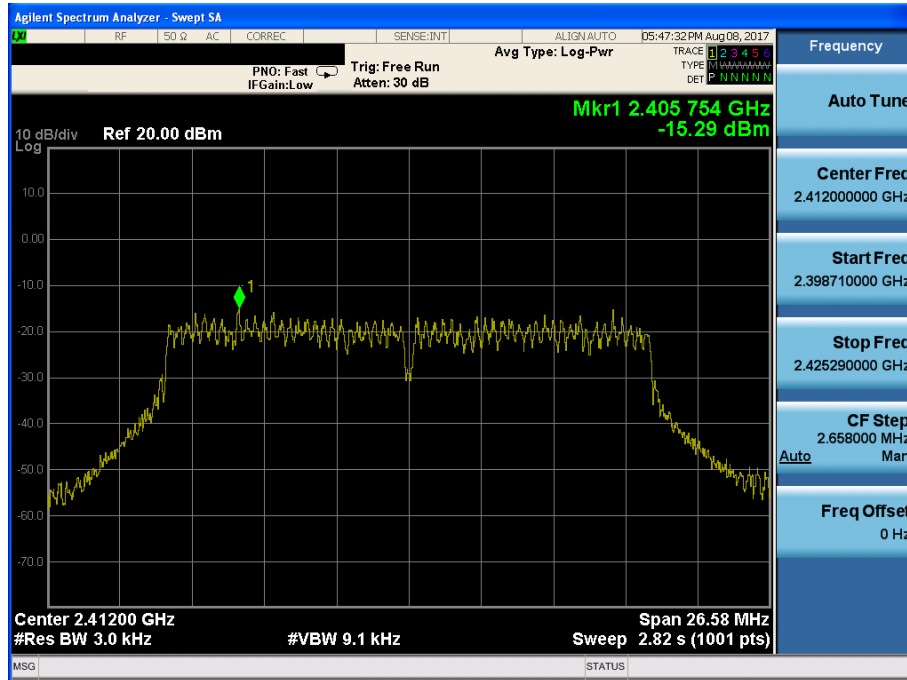
# Maximum PPSD

TM 2 & Highest



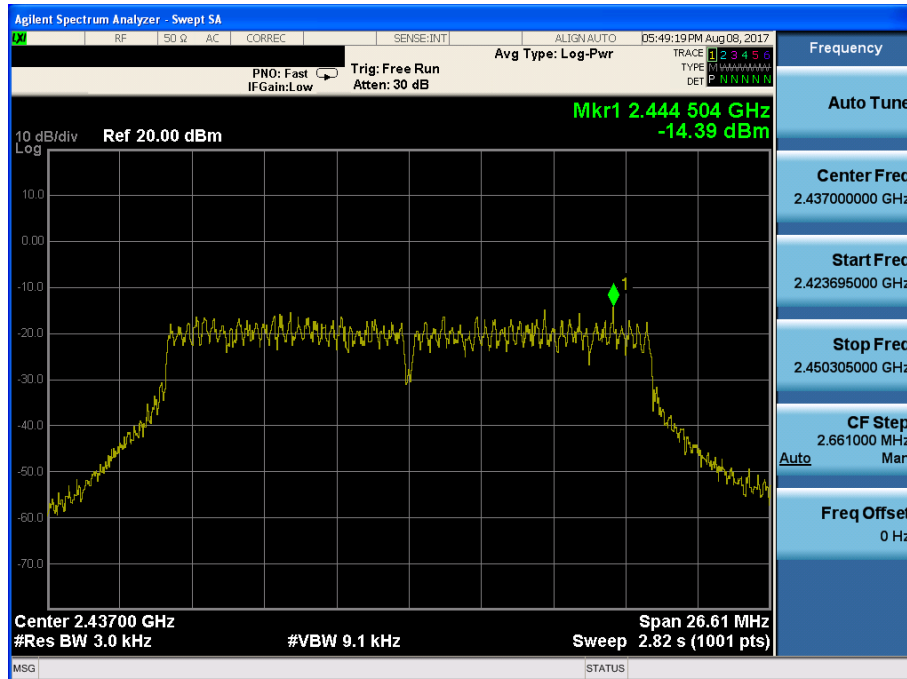
## Maximum PPSD

TM 3 & Lowest



## Maximum PPSD

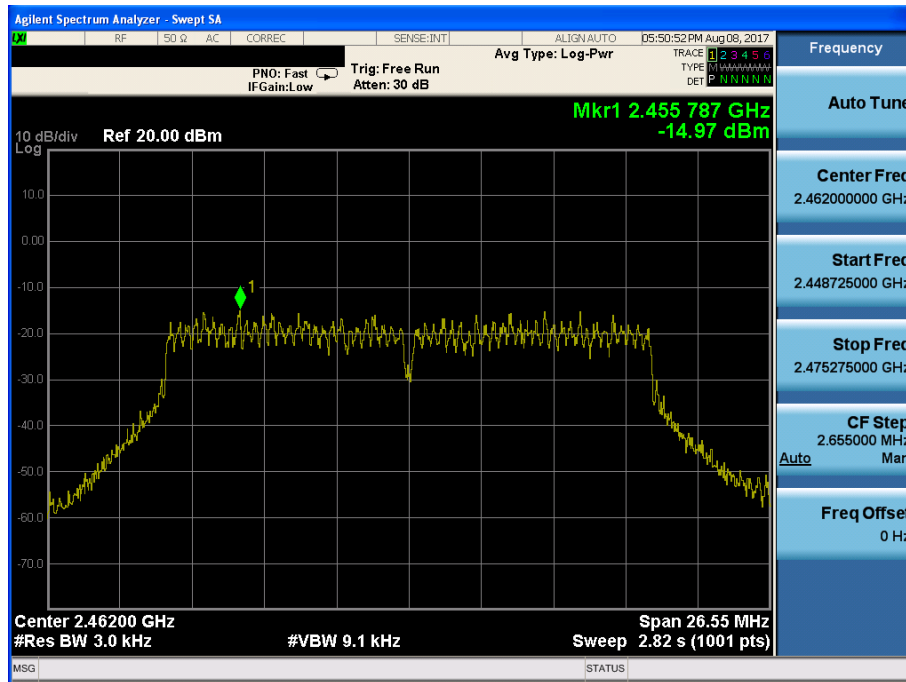
TM 3 & Middle





# Maximum PPSD

TM 3 & Highest



## 8.4 Out of band emissions at the band edge / conducted spurious emissions

### ■ Test requirements and limit, §15.247(d)

§15.247(d) specifies that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

If the **peak output power procedure** is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated **by at least 20 dB** relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.

If the average output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the power in any 100 kHz outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum measured in band average PSD level.

In either case, attenuation to levels below the general emission limits specified in **§15.209(a)** is not required.

### ■ Test Configuration:

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### ■ Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer.

#### - Measurement Procedure 1 – Reference Level of KDB558074 D01v04

1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW = **100 kHz**.
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
5. Detector = **Peak**.
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple**.
7. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
8. **Allow trace to fully stabilize.**
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

#### - Measurement Procedure 2 - Unwanted Emissions of KDB558074 D01v04

1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
2. Set the RBW = **100 kHz. (Actual 1 MHz, See below note)**
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW. **(Actual 3 MHz, See below note)**
4. Detector = **Peak**.
5. Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq$  Span / RBW.
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple**.
7. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
8. **Allow the trace to stabilize.** (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span)
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

**Note :** The conducted spurious emission was tested with below settings.

**Frequency range: 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz**

**RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001**

**Frequency range: 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz, 10 GHz ~25 GHz**

**RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001**

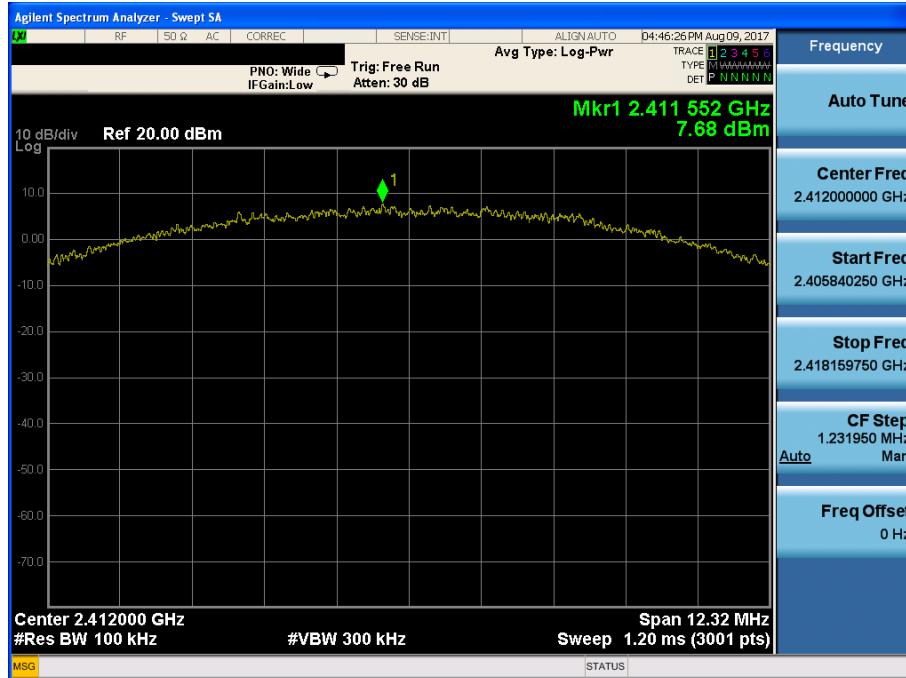
**LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)**

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

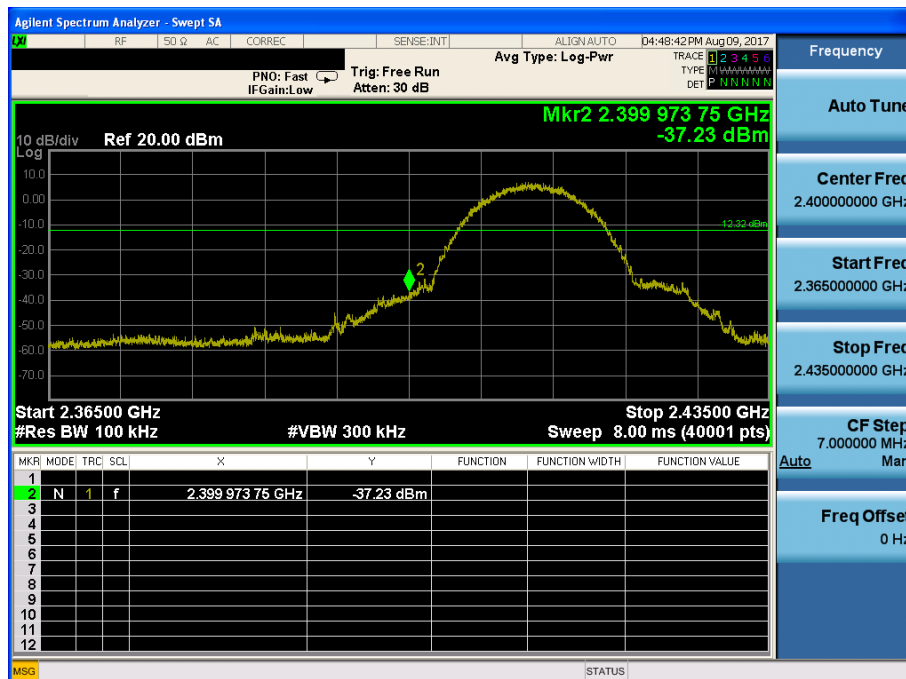
## RESULT PLOTS

### TM 1 & Lowest

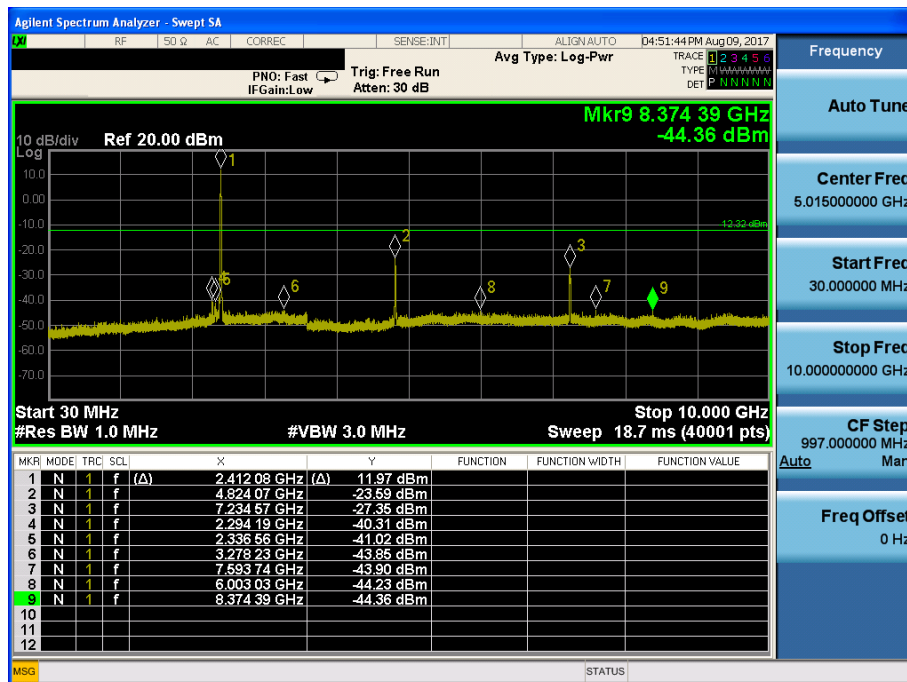
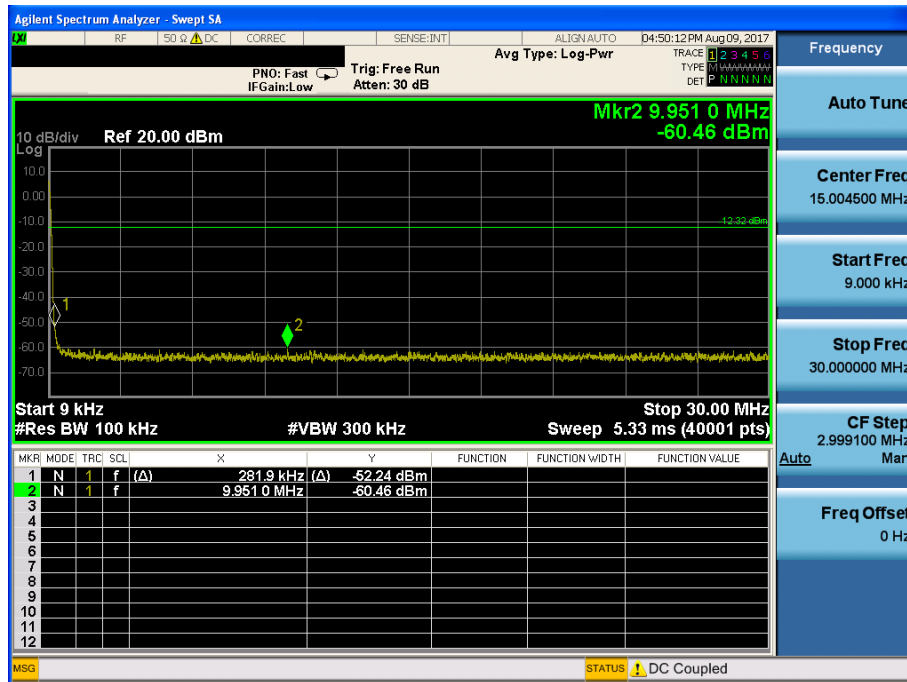
#### Reference



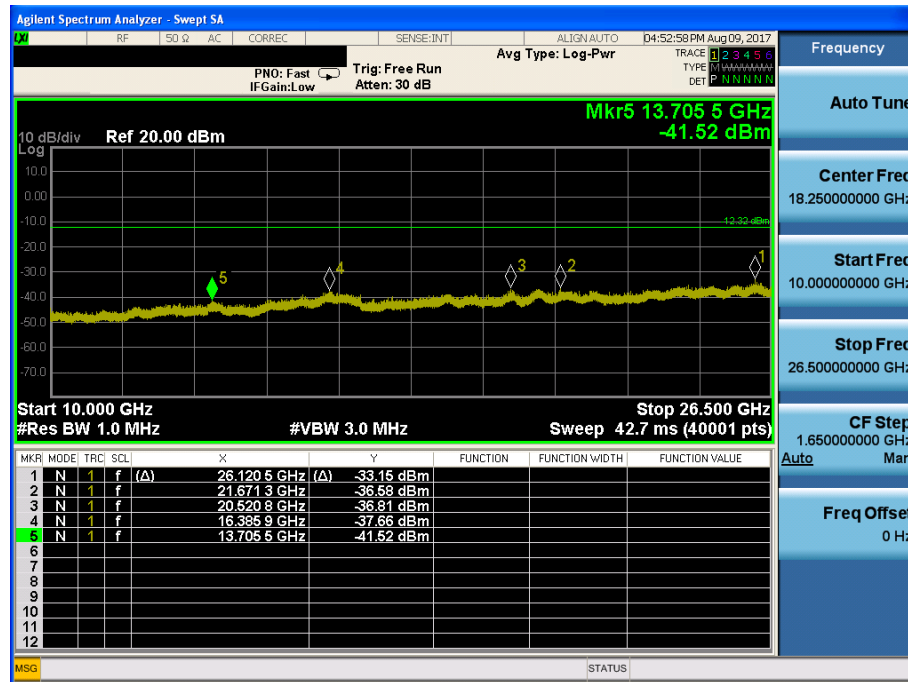
#### Low Band-edge



## Conducted Spurious Emissions

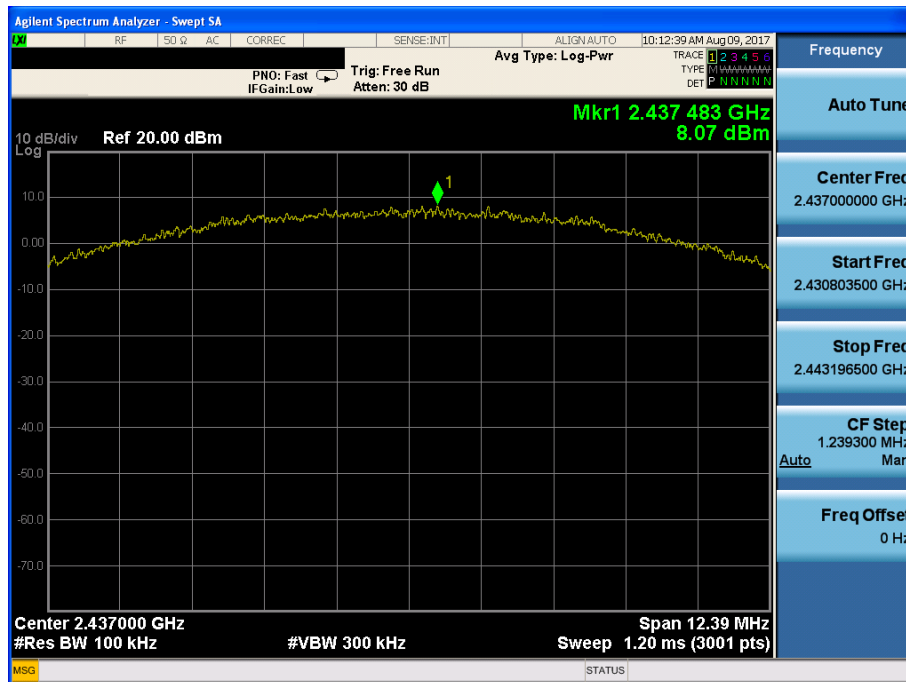


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

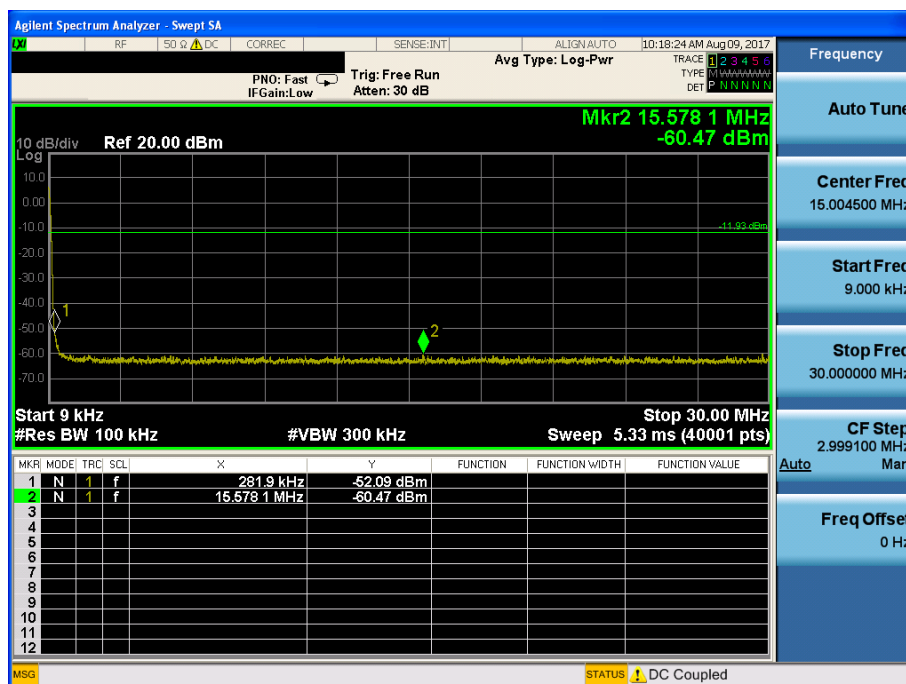


## TM 1 & Middle

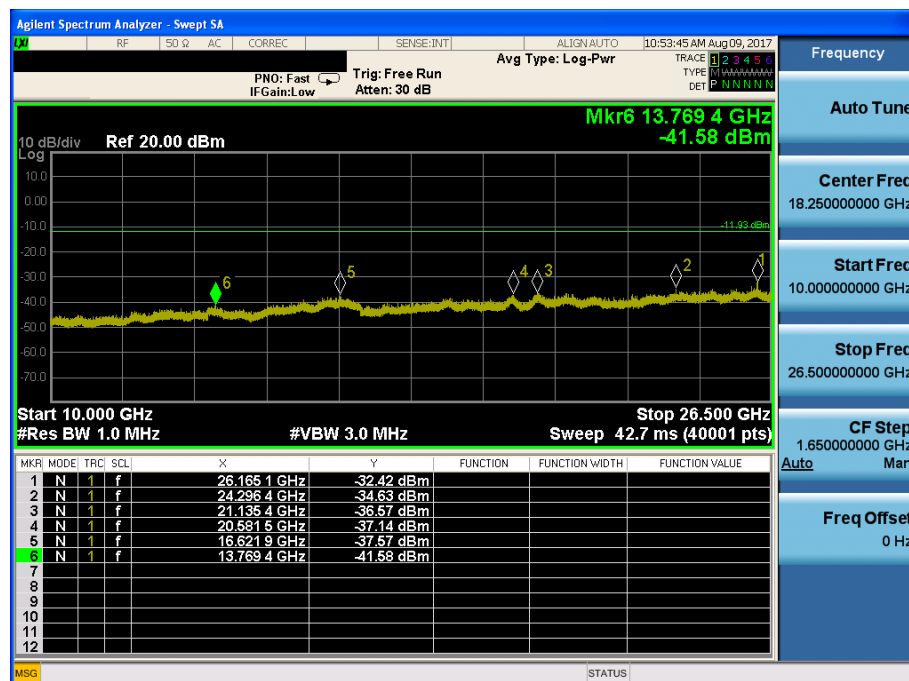
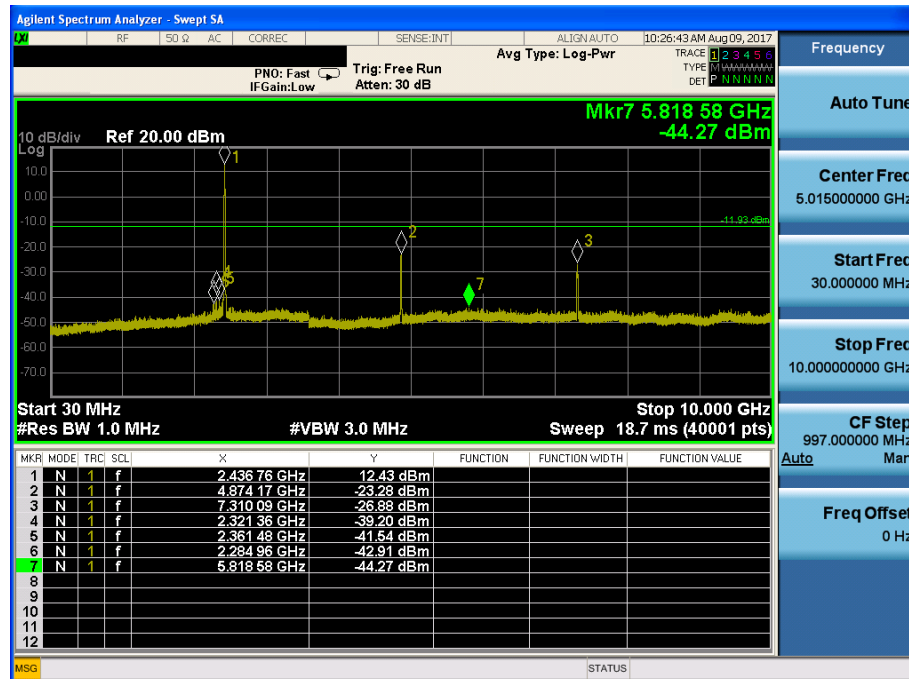
### Reference



### Conducted Spurious Emissions

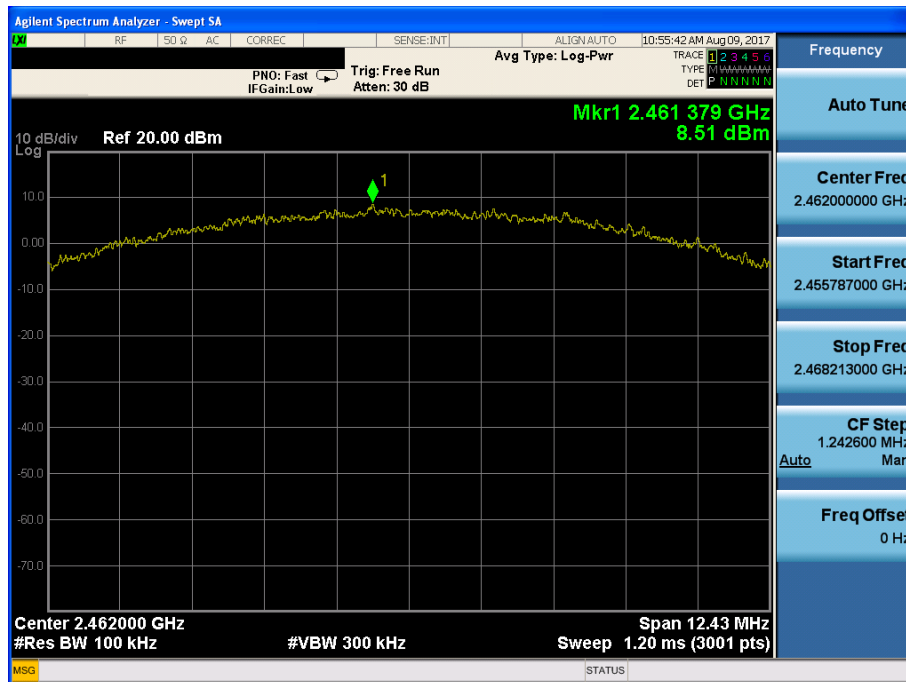


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

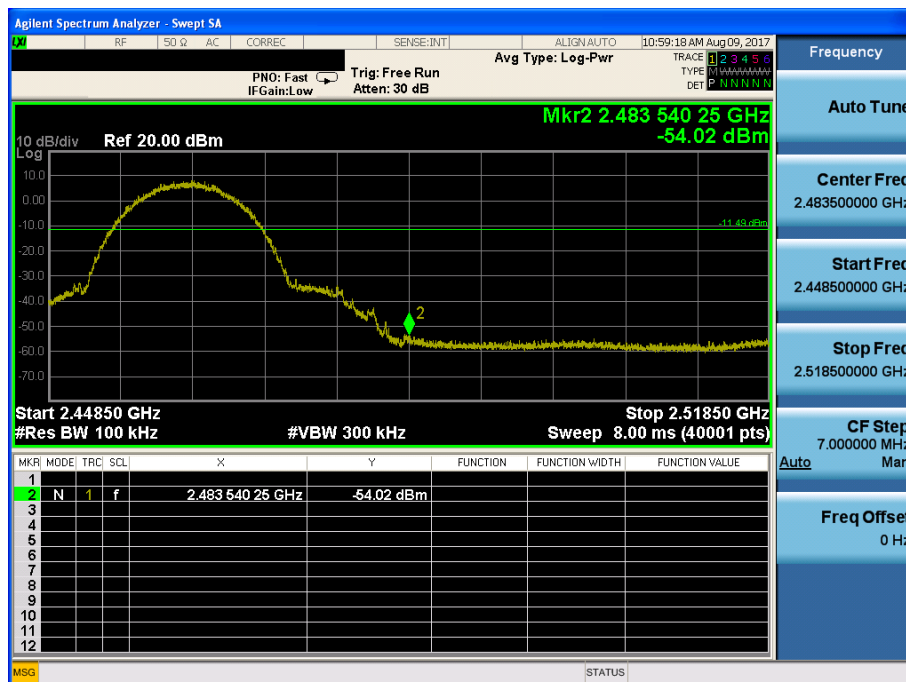


## TM 1 & Highest

### Reference

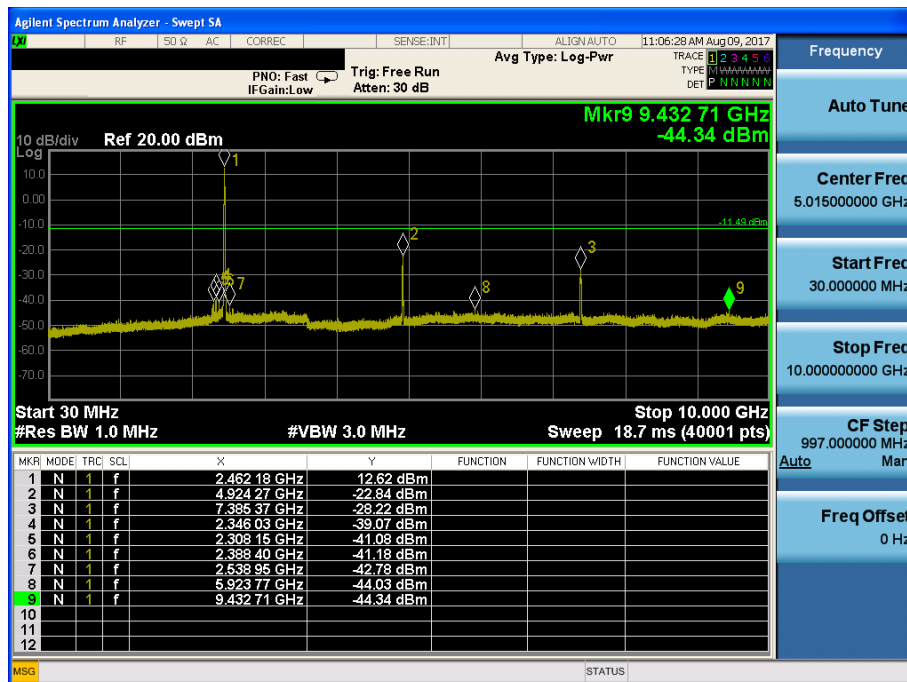
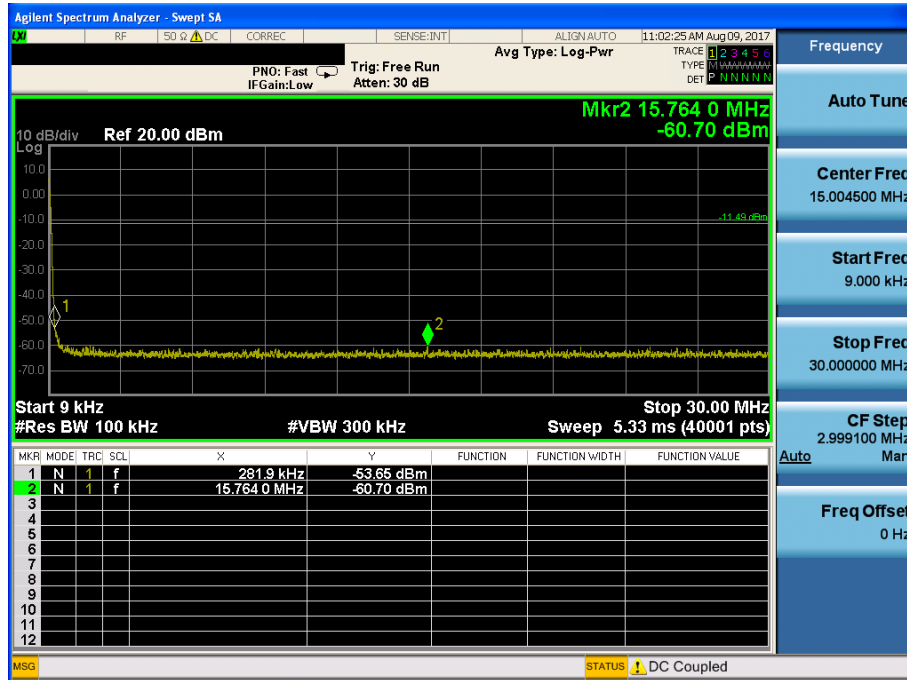


### High Band-edge

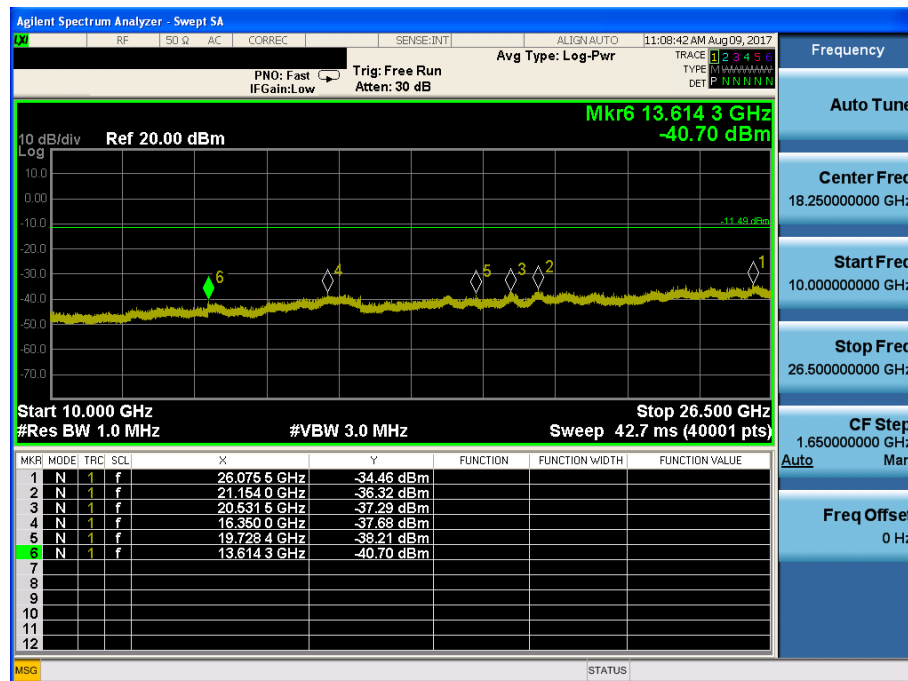




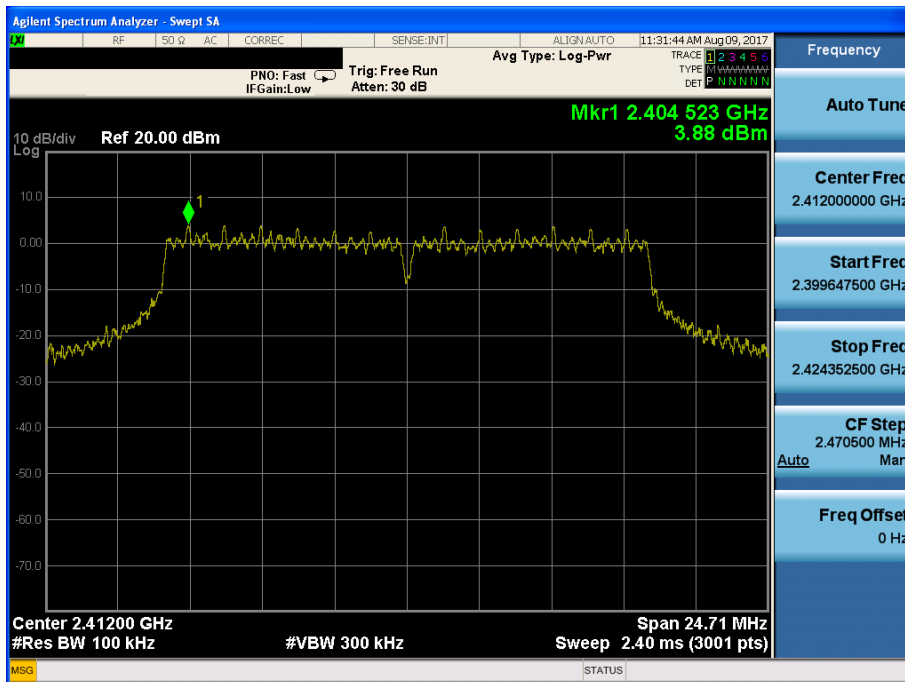
## Conducted Spurious Emissions



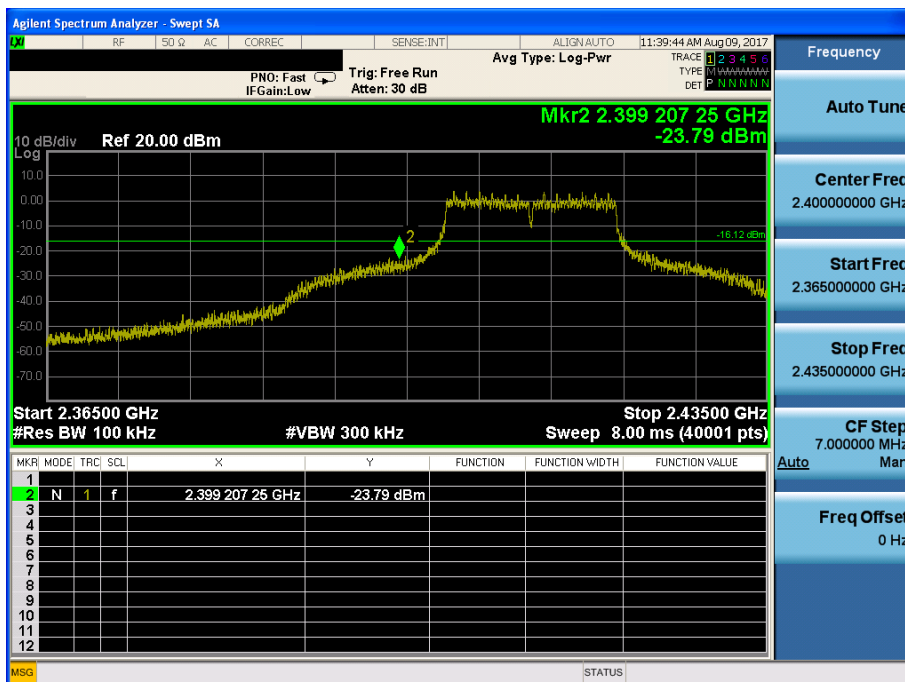
## Conducted Spurious Emissions



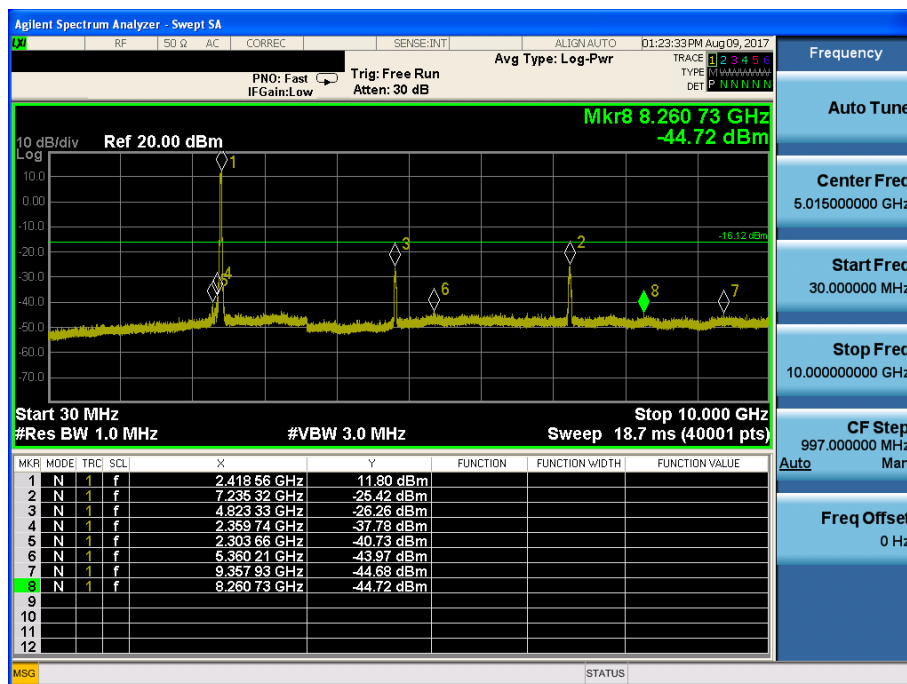
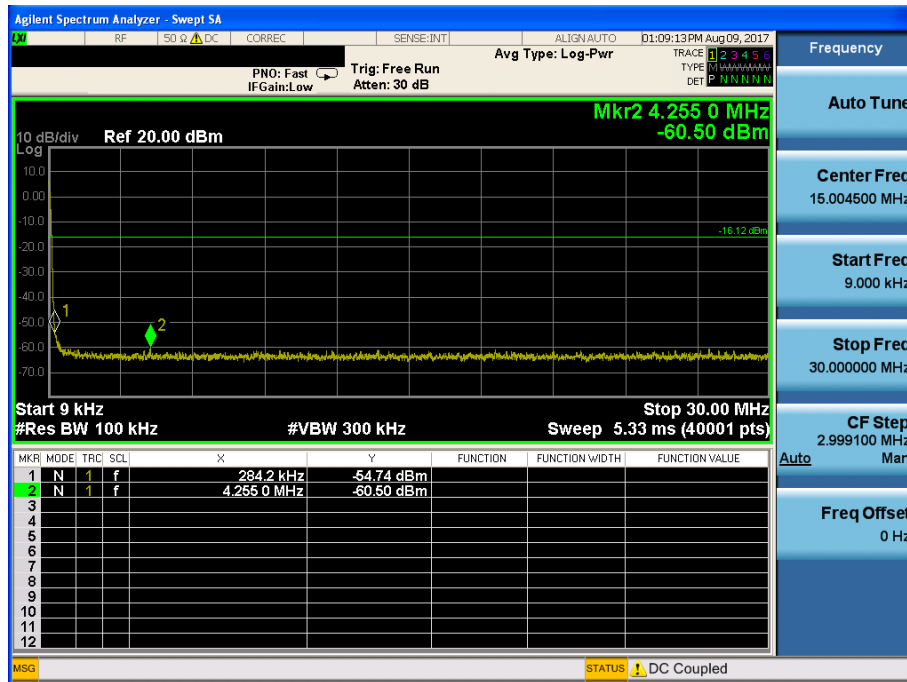
## TM 2 & Lowest Reference



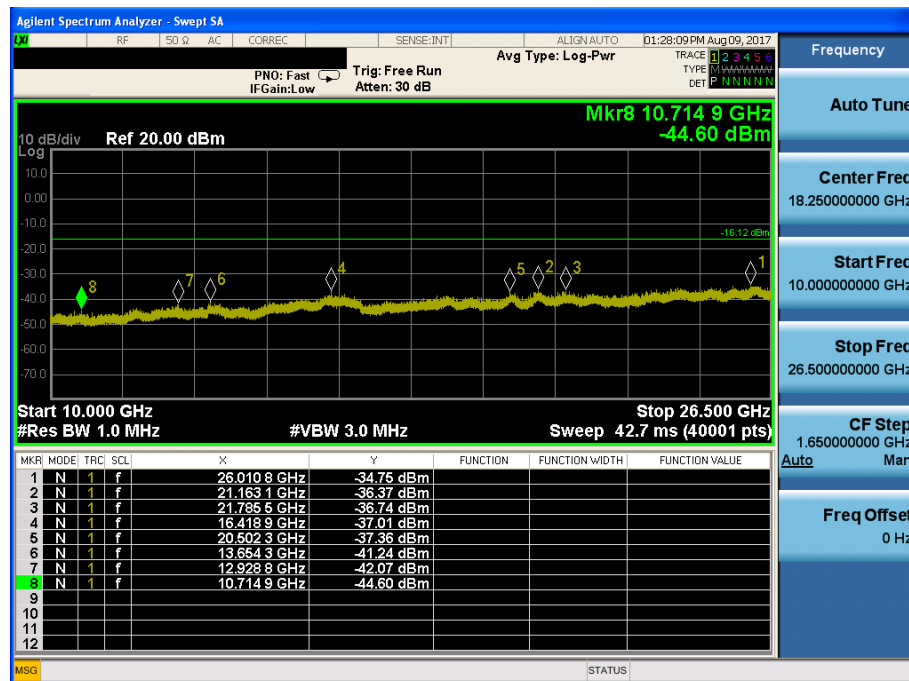
## Low Band-edge



## Conducted Spurious Emissions

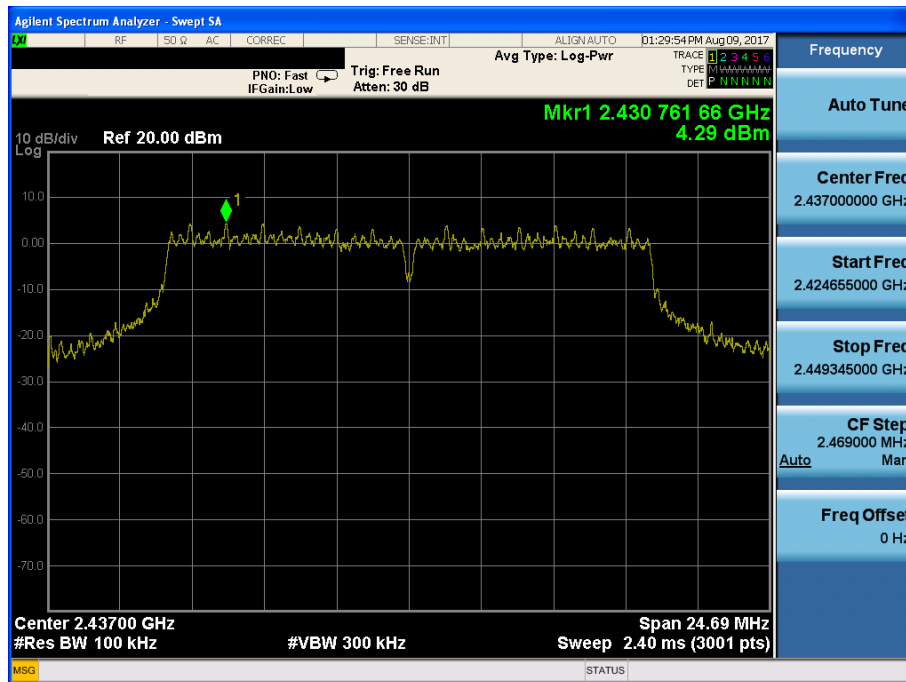


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

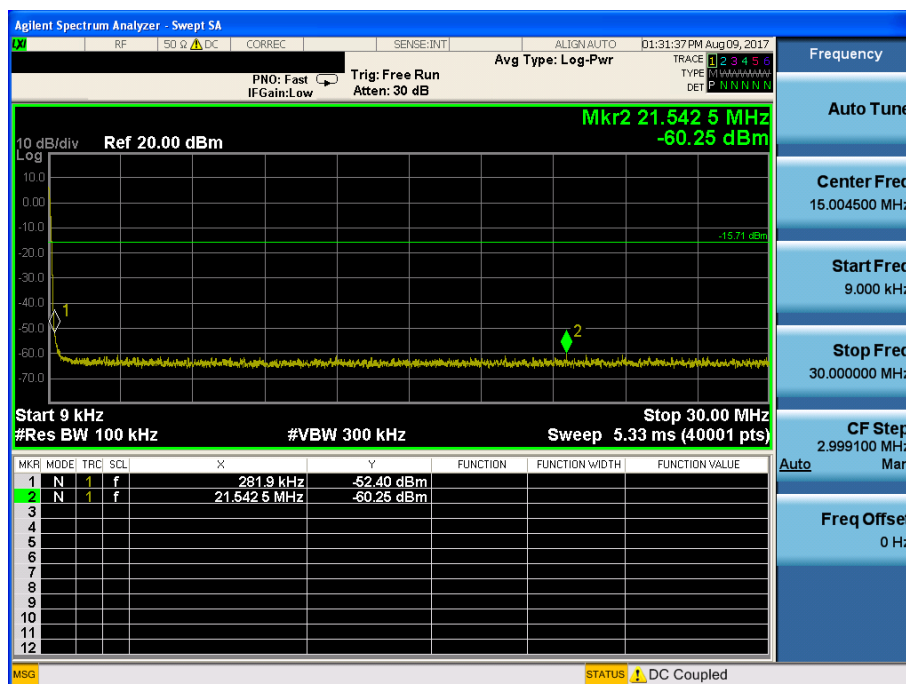


## TM 2 & Middle

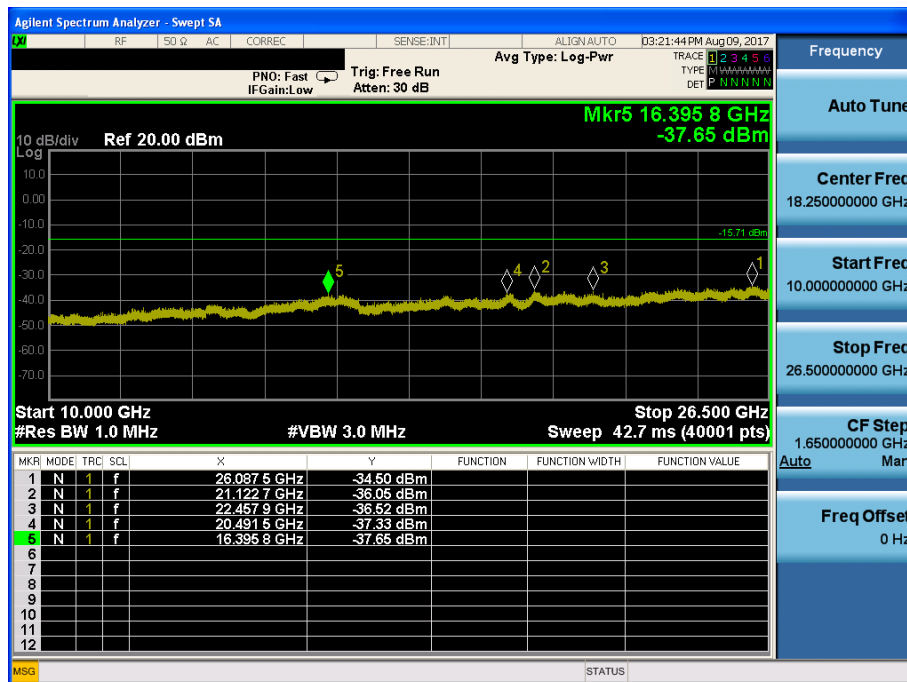
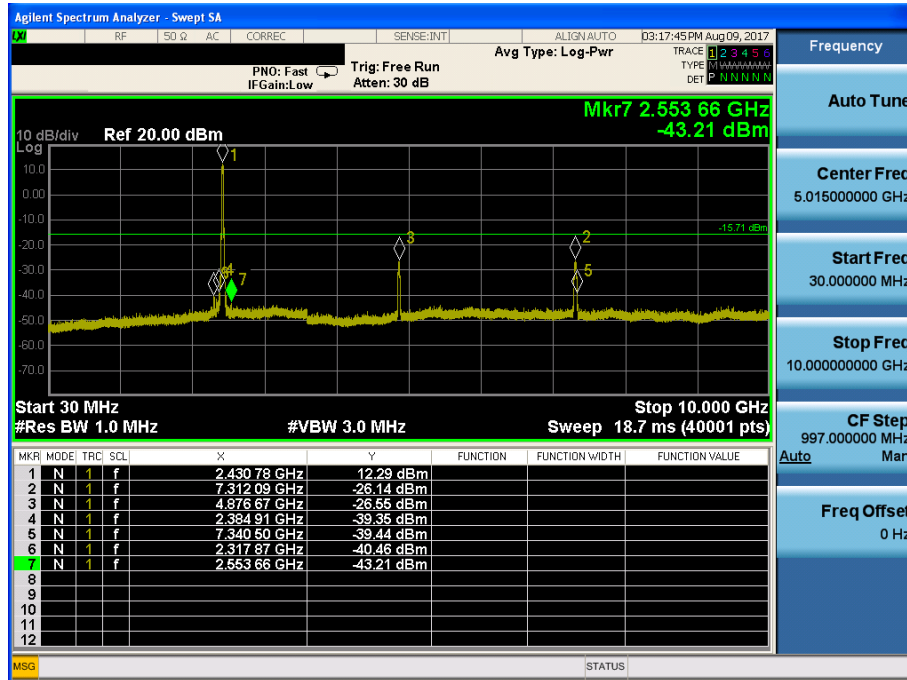
### Reference



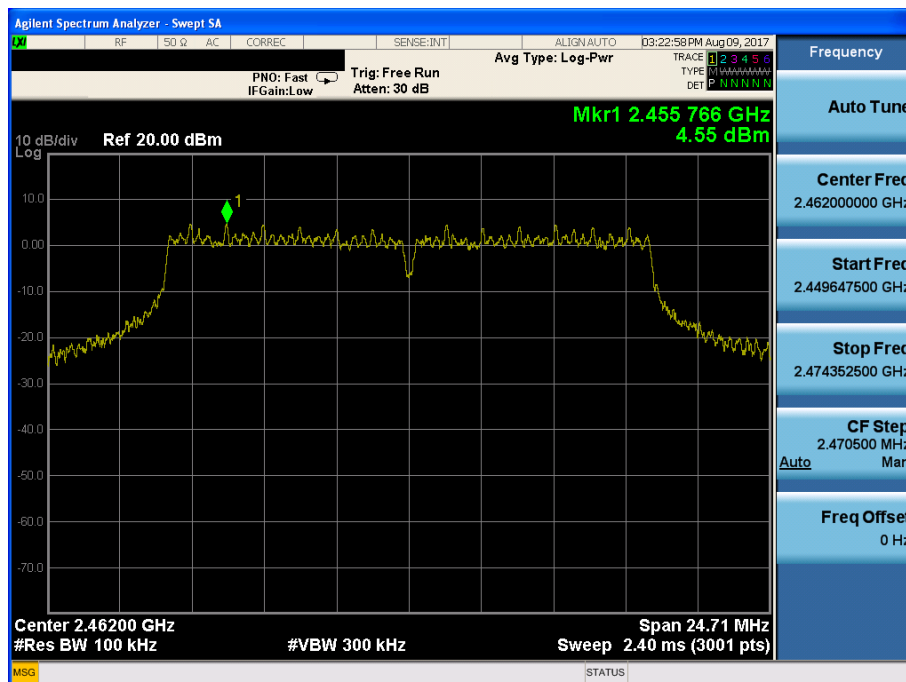
### Conducted Spurious Emissions



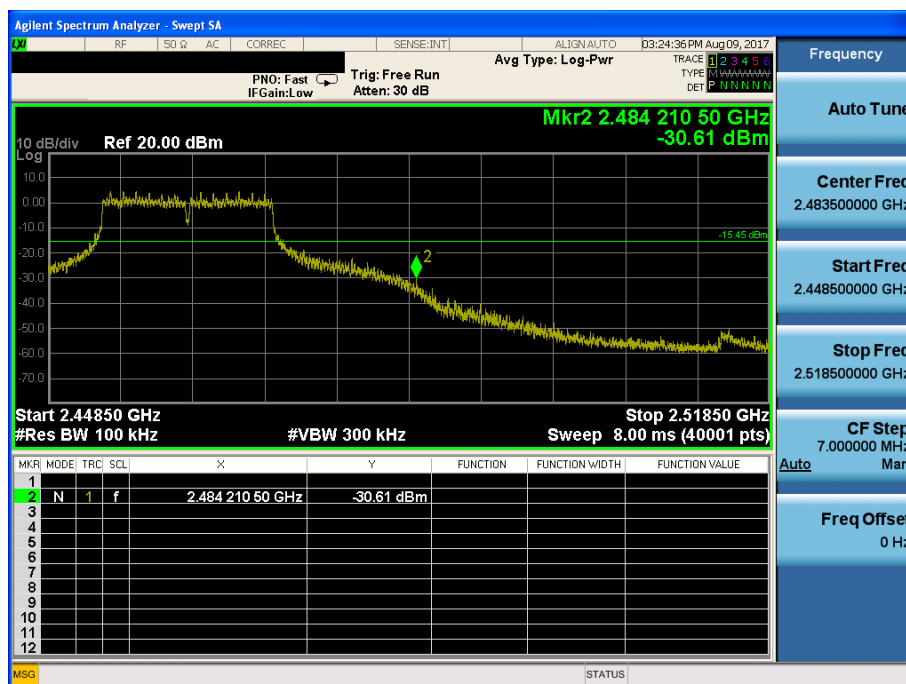
## Conducted Spurious Emissions



## TM 2 & Highest Reference

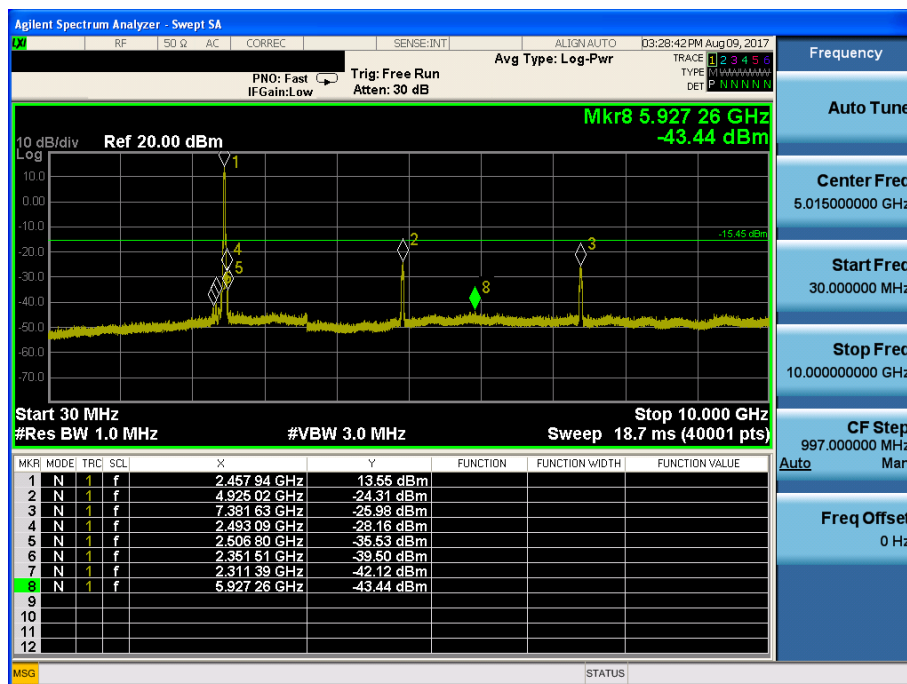
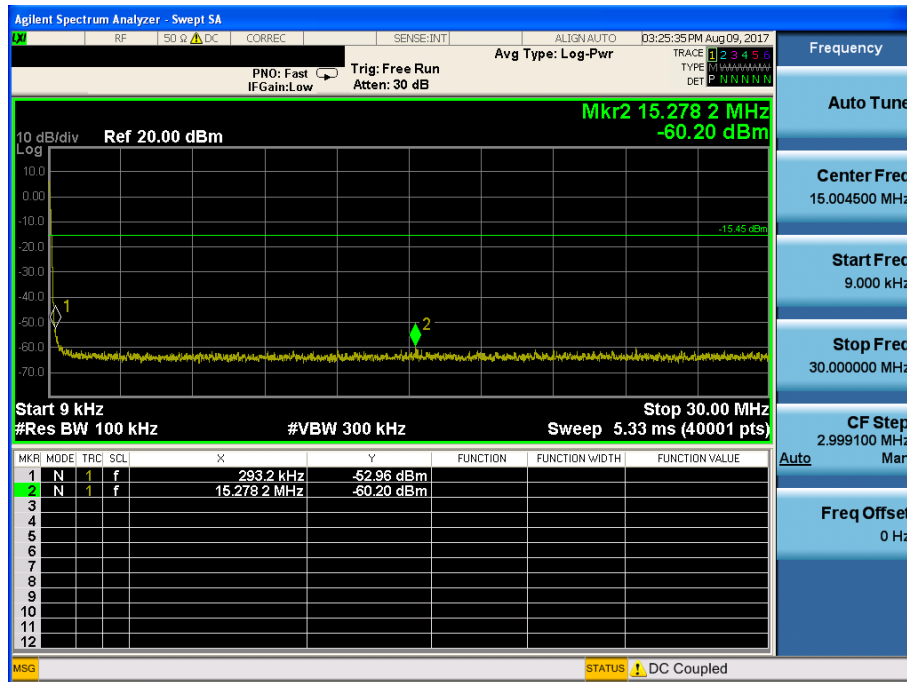


## High Band-edge

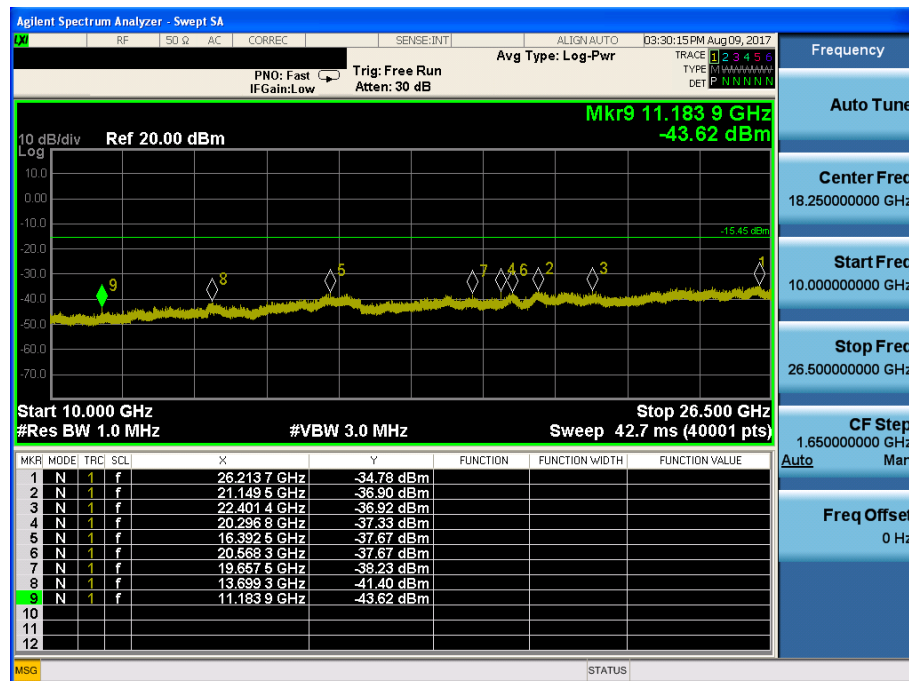




## Conducted Spurious Emissions

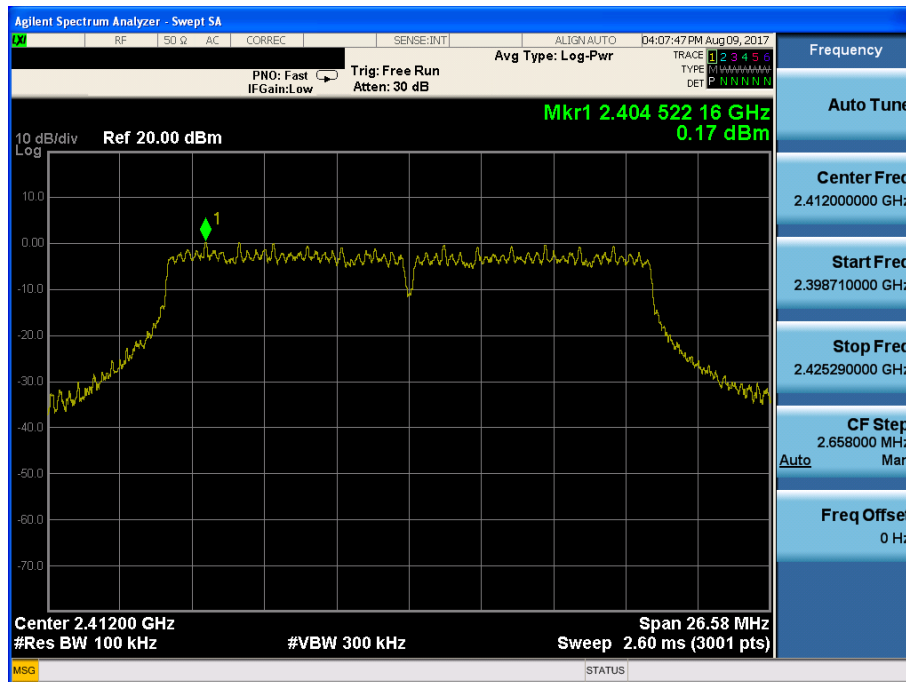


## Conducted Spurious Emissions



### TM 3 & Lowest

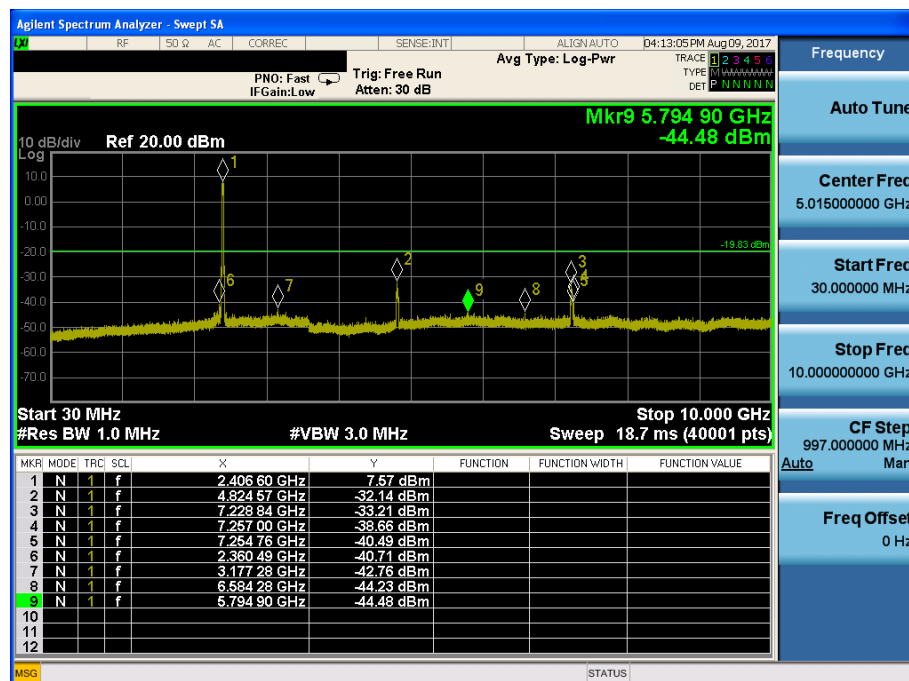
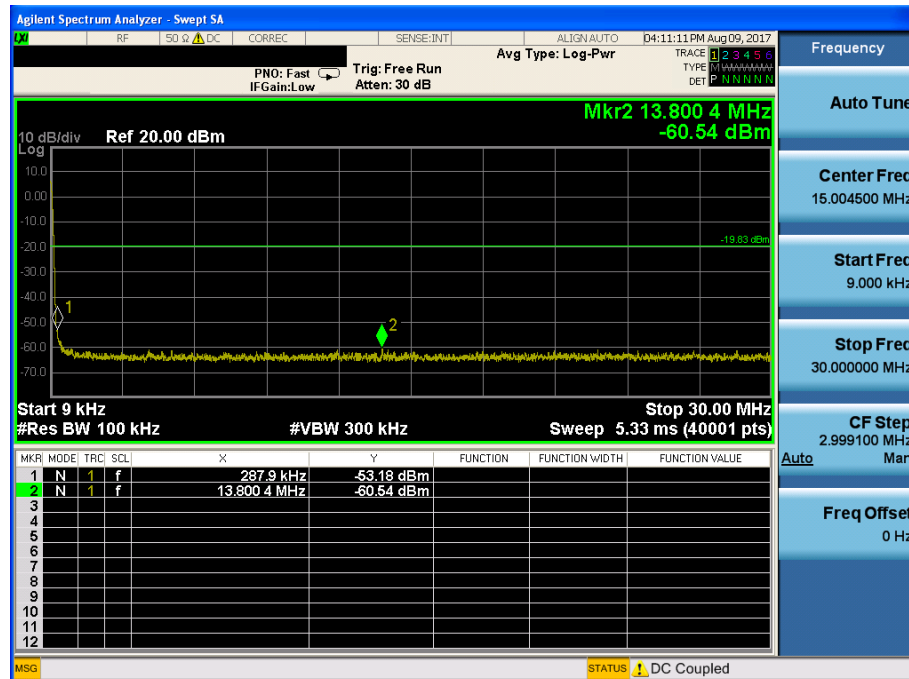
#### Reference



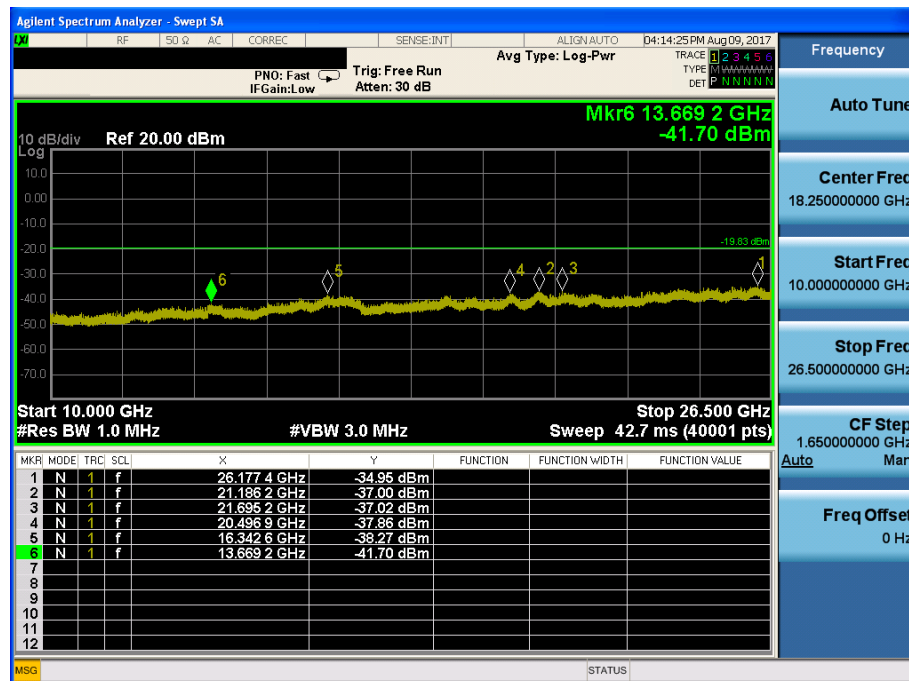
#### Low Band-edge



## Conducted Spurious Emissions

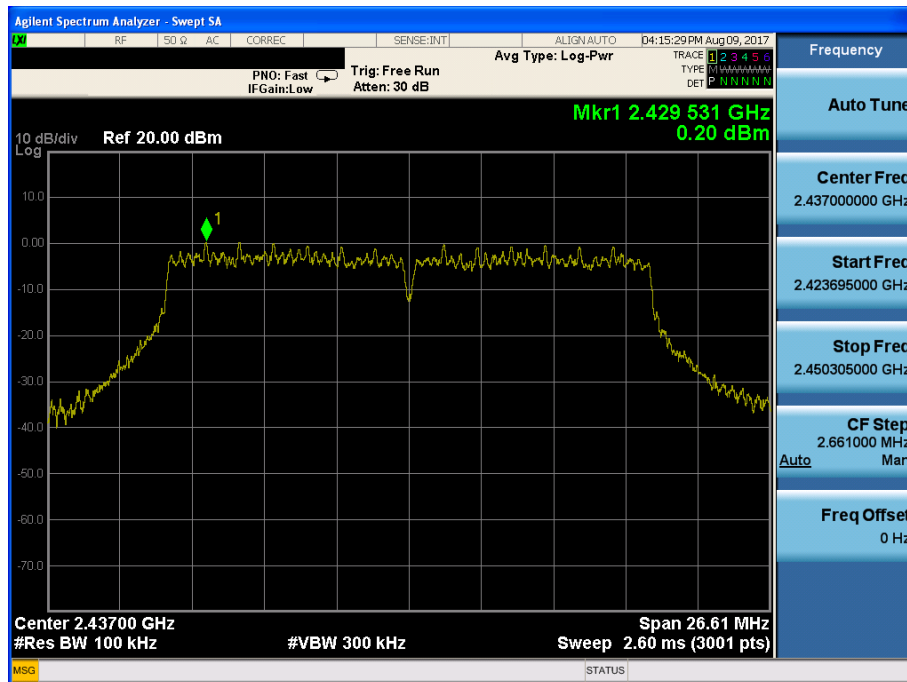


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

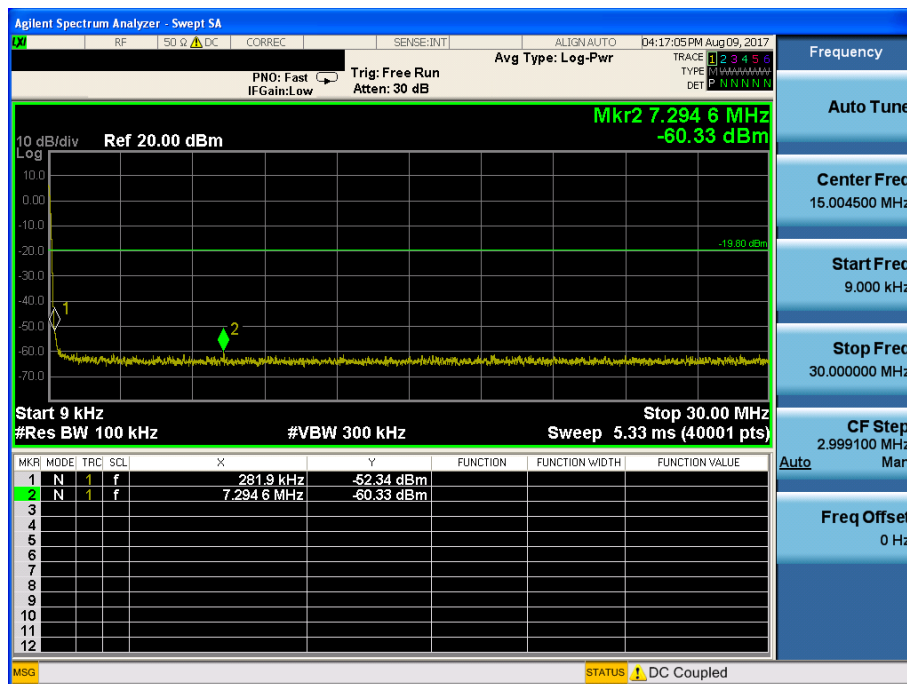


### TM 3 & Middle

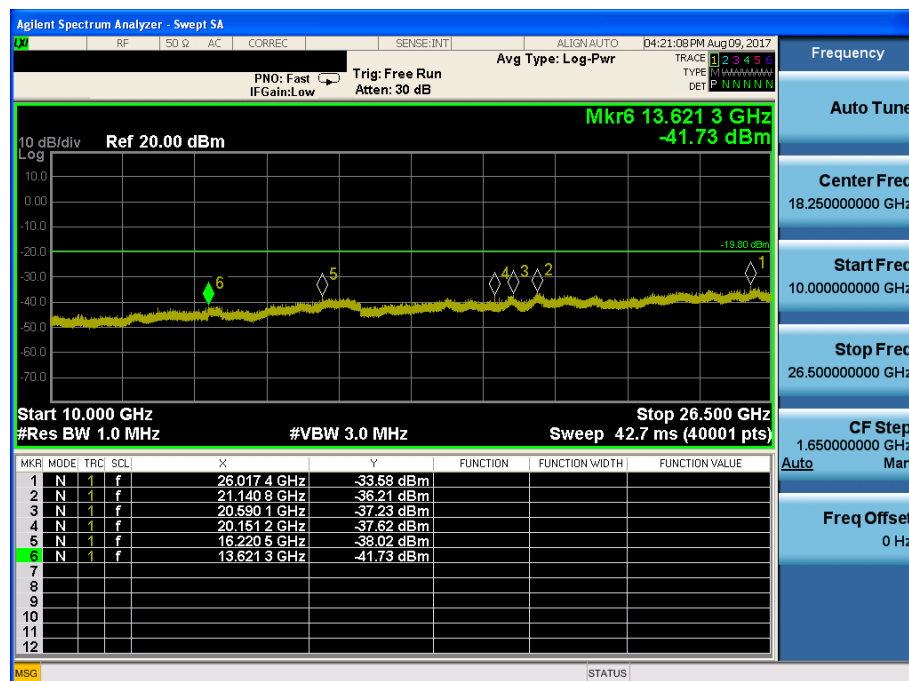
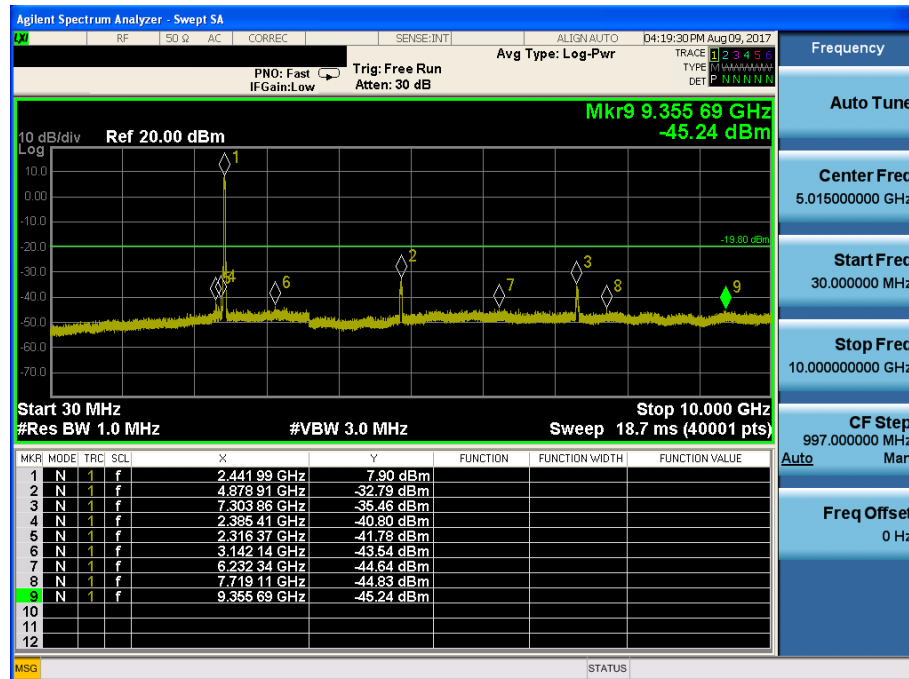
### Reference



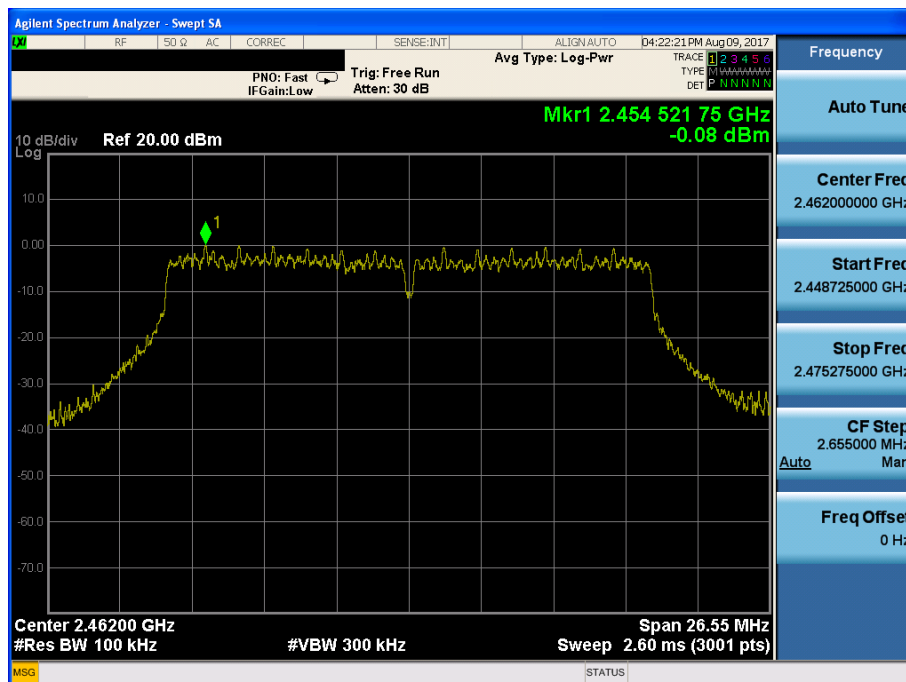
### Conducted Spurious Emissions



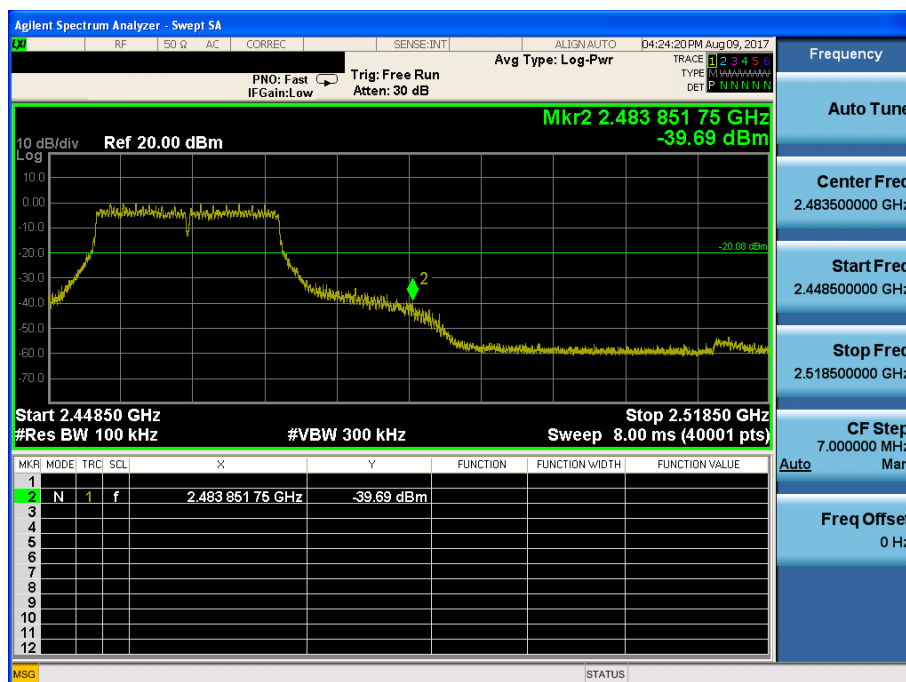
## Conducted Spurious Emissions



### TM 3 & Highest Reference

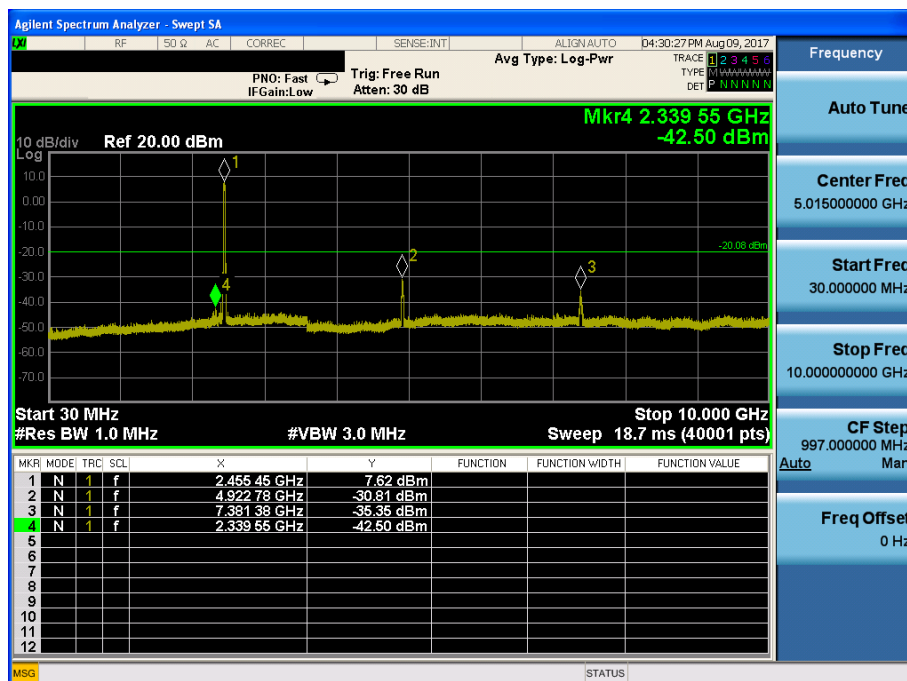
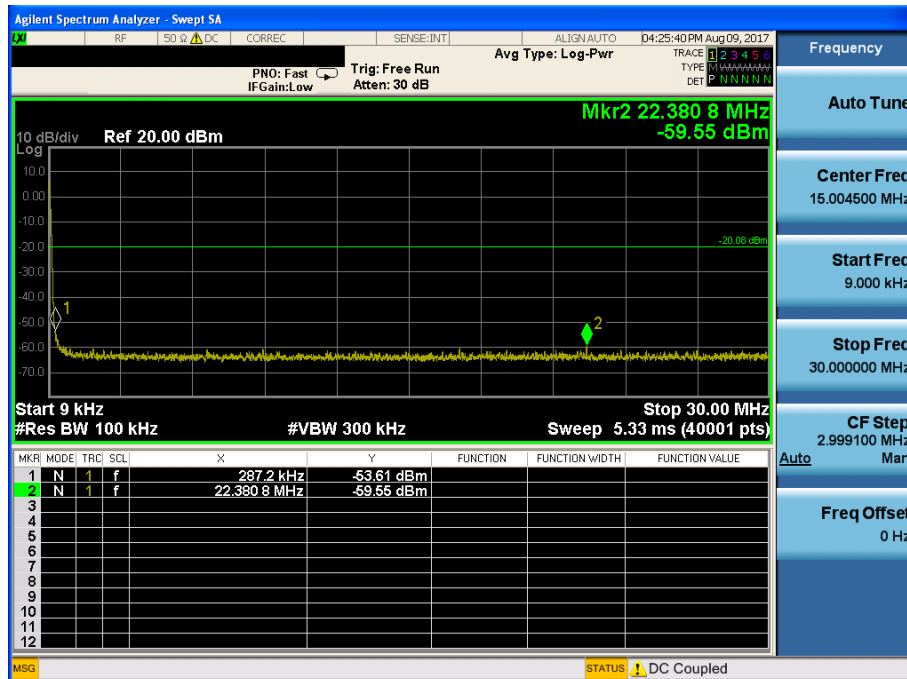


### High Band-edge

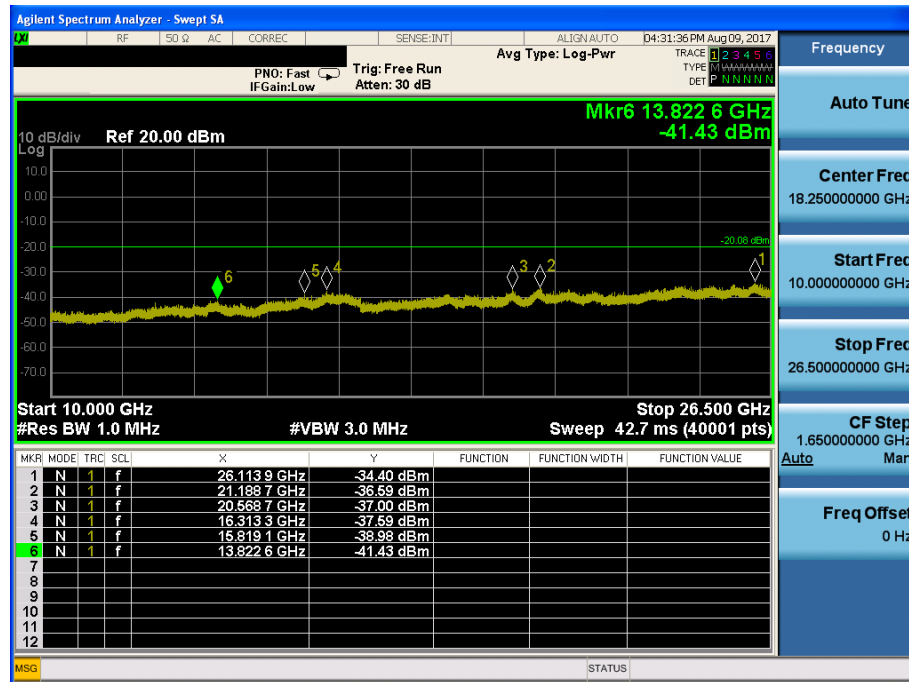




## Conducted Spurious Emissions



## Conducted Spurious Emissions



## 8.5 Radiated spurious emissions

### ■ Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 KHz bandwidth within the band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a) and (b), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

#### ▪ FCC Part 15.209(a) and (b)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

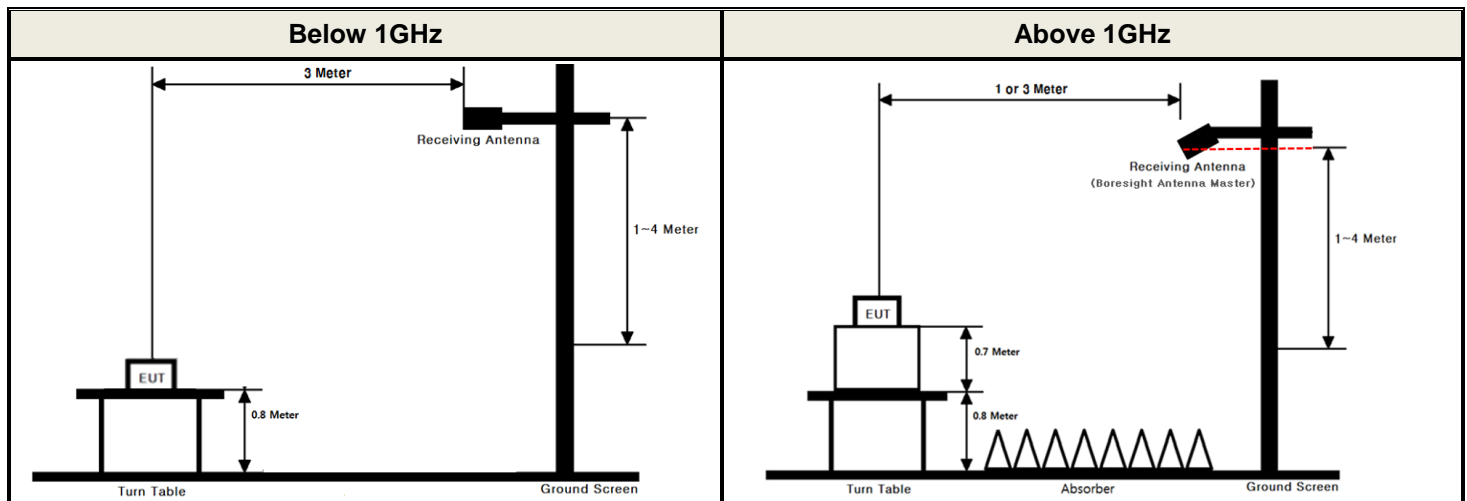
\*\* Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

#### ▪ FCC Part 15.205 (a): Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~ 12.52025	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.57675 ~ 12.57725	156.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	13.36 ~ 13.41	156.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	16.42 ~ 16.423	156.7 ~ 156.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	25.5 ~ 25.67	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	37.5 ~ 38.25	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	73 ~ 74.6	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	74.8 ~ 75.2	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
		960 ~ 1240	3600 ~ 4400		

▪ **FCC Part 15.205(b):** The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

## ■ Test Configuration



## ■ Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, emission measurements at below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm and above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 1 or 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

## ■ Measurement Instrument Setting for Radiated Emission Measurements.

The radiated emission was tested according to the section 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 with following settings.

### Peak Measurement

RBW = As specified in below table, VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak, Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes.

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

### Average Measurement:

1. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
2. VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
3. Detector = RMS (Number of points  $\geq 2 \times$  Span / RBW)
4. Averaging type = power. (i.e., RMS)
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
7. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq 98$  percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

### Duty Cycle Correction factor

Test Mode	Date rate	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
TM 1	1 Mbps	99.19	-
TM 2	6 Mbps	94.72	0.24
TM 3	MCS 0	94.64	0.24

Note: Please refer to the test report of the granted module.

## ■ Test Results: **Comply**

Please refer to next page for data table and the appendix I for worst data plots.

**Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 25 GHz) : Test Mode 1(TM 1)**

Tested Frequency	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
Lowest	2335.33	V	Z	PK	48.34	0.48	N/A	N/A	48.82	74.00	25.18
	2335.47	V	Z	AV	39.43	0.48	0.49	N/A	40.40	54.00	13.60
	4823.85	H	Z	PK	48.02	4.86	N/A	N/A	52.88	74.00	21.12
	4824.03	H	Z	AV	37.13	4.86	9.85	N/A	51.84	54.00	2.16
Middle	4873.79	V	Y	PK	45.39	5.07	N/A	N/A	50.46	74.00	23.54
	4873.80	V	Y	AV	35.19	5.07	9.85	N/A	50.11	54.00	3.89
Highest	2483.54	V	Z	PK	46.46	0.94	N/A	N/A	47.40	74.00	26.60
	2483.57	V	Z	AV	37.35	0.94	0.49	N/A	38.78	54.00	15.22
	4924.04	V	Z	PK	46.86	5.23	N/A	N/A	52.09	74.00	21.91
	4923.98	V	Z	AV	36.59	5.23	9.85	N/A	51.67	54.00	2.33

**Note.**

- The radiated emissions were investigated up to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.
- This device was tested under MIMO Multiple transmitting (Ant 1, 2) and the worst case data are reported in the table above.
- Sample Calculation.  

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.  
Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) :  $-9.54 \text{ dB} = 20 \cdot \log(1\text{m}/3\text{m})$
- Refer to page 70 for 2<sup>nd</sup> harmonic Duty Cycle Correction Factor.

**Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 25 GHz) : Test Mode 2(TM 2)**

Tested Frequency	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
Lowest	2389.93	V	Z	PK	68.77	0.70	N/A	N/A	69.47	74.00	4.53
	2390.00	V	Z	AV	48.37	0.70	3.34	N/A	52.41	54.00	1.59
	4823.31	H	Z	PK	55.51	4.86	N/A	N/A	60.37	74.00	13.63
	4822.78	H	Z	AV	43.26	4.86	3.34	N/A	51.46	54.00	2.54
Middle	4874.42	V	Y	PK	53.50	5.07	N/A	N/A	58.57	74.00	15.43
	4875.29	V	Y	AV	40.87	5.07	3.34	N/A	49.28	54.00	4.72
Highest	2483.98	V	Z	PK	67.28	0.94	N/A	N/A	68.22	74.00	5.78
	2483.57	V	Z	AV	47.98	0.94	3.34	N/A	52.26	54.00	1.74
	4925.72	V	Y	PK	52.20	5.23	N/A	N/A	57.43	74.00	16.57
	4925.55	V	Y	AV	40.21	5.23	3.34	N/A	48.78	54.00	5.22

**Note.**

- The radiated emissions were investigated up to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.
- This device was tested under MIMO Multiple transmitting (Ant 1, 2) and the worst case data are reported in the table above.
- Sample Calculation.  

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.  
Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) :  $-9.54 \text{ dB} = 20 \cdot \log(1\text{m}/3\text{m})$

**Radiated Spurious Emissions data(9 kHz ~ 25 GHz) : Test Mode 3(TM 3)**

Tested Frequency	Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCCF (dB)	DCF (dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
Lowest	2389.95	V	Z	PK	65.61	0.70	N/A	N/A	66.31	74.00	7.69
	2389.88	V	Z	AV	48.23	0.70	3.50	N/A	52.43	54.00	1.57
	4823.35	H	Y	PK	51.50	4.86	N/A	N/A	56.36	74.00	17.64
	4822.60	H	Y	AV	38.00	4.86	3.50	N/A	46.36	54.00	7.64
Middle	4871.81	H	Z	PK	49.50	5.07	N/A	N/A	54.57	74.00	19.43
	4872.81	H	Z	AV	37.58	5.07	3.50	N/A	46.15	54.00	7.85
Highest	2483.57	V	Z	PK	65.48	0.94	N/A	N/A	66.42	74.00	7.58
	2483.59	V	Z	AV	48.00	0.94	3.50	N/A	52.44	54.00	1.56
	4922.93	H	Z	PK	49.44	5.23	N/A	N/A	54.67	74.00	19.33
	4923.21	H	Z	AV	37.99	5.23	3.50	N/A	46.72	54.00	7.28

**Note.**

- The radiated emissions were investigated up to 25GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.
- This device was tested under MIMO Multiple transmitting (Ant 1, 2) and the worst case data are reported in the table above.
- Sample Calculation.  

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{DCCF} + \text{DCF} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
DCCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor, DCF = Distance Correction Factor
- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.  
Therefore Distance Correction Factor(DCF) :  $-9.54 \text{ dB} = 20 \cdot \log(1\text{m}/3\text{m})$



## 8.6 Power-line conducted emissions

### ■ Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

### ■ Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to the test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors – Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

### ■ Test Results: **Comply**(Refer to next page.)

The worst data was reported.

## ■ RESULT PLOTS

## AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)

Test mode 3(TM 3) &amp; Middle

Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

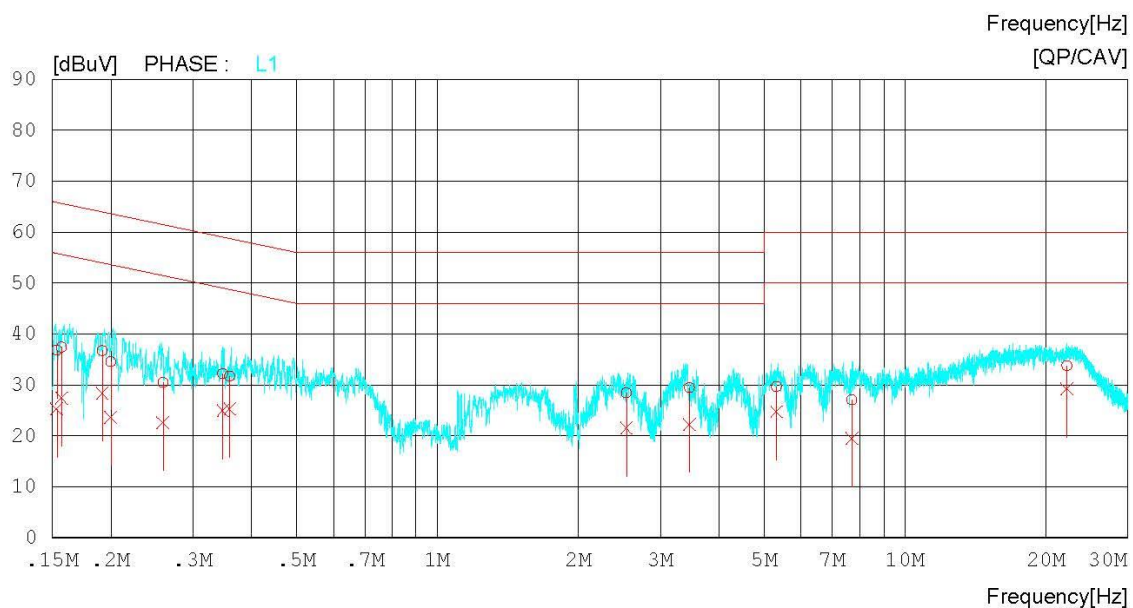
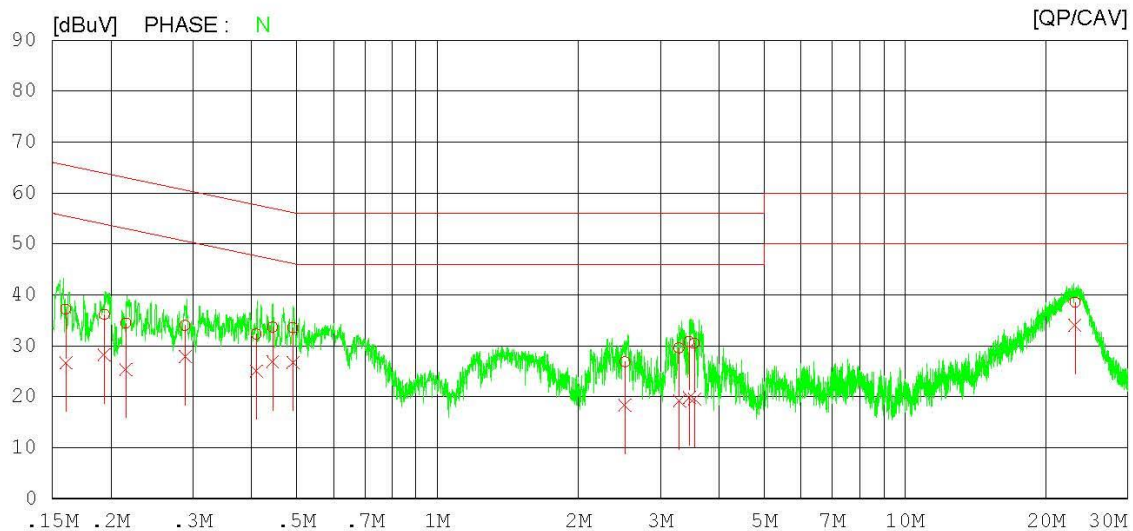
Date 2017-08-23

Order No.  
Model No.  
Serial No.  
Test Condition 802.11 n20

Reference No.  
Power Supply DC 9V  
Temp/Humi. 23 °C / 43 %  
Operator

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
FCC P15.207 AV



## AC Line Conducted Emissions (List)

Test mode 3(TM 3) & Middle

## Results of Conducted Emission

DTNC

Date 2017-08-23

Order No.  
Model No.  
Serial No.  
Test Condition 802.11 n20

Reference No.  
Power Supply  
Temp/Humi.  
Operator  
DC 9V  
23 °C / 43 %

Memo

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C.FACTOR [dB]	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	CAV [dBuV]	
1	0.16027	27.21	16.75	9.89	37.10	26.64	65.45	55.45	28.35	28.81	N
2	0.19384	26.21	18.36	9.90	36.11	28.26	63.87	53.87	27.76	25.61	N
3	0.21541	24.49	15.53	9.90	34.39	25.43	62.99	52.99	28.60	27.56	N
4	0.28862	24.10	18.01	9.90	34.00	27.91	60.56	50.56	26.56	22.65	N
5	0.41013	22.35	15.17	9.90	32.25	25.07	57.65	47.65	25.40	22.58	N
6	0.44410	23.74	16.97	9.90	33.64	26.87	56.98	46.98	23.34	20.11	N
7	0.49146	23.58	16.87	9.90	33.48	26.77	56.14	46.14	22.66	19.37	N
8	2.51840	16.87	8.34	9.96	26.83	18.30	56.00	46.00	29.17	27.70	N
9	3.29200	19.63	9.21	9.99	29.62	19.20	56.00	46.00	26.38	26.80	N
10	3.45400	20.81	9.87	10.00	30.81	19.87	56.00	46.00	25.19	26.13	N
11	3.54280	20.42	9.54	10.00	30.42	19.54	56.00	46.00	25.58	26.46	N
12	23.09880	28.25	23.75	10.31	38.56	34.06	60.00	50.00	21.44	15.94	N
13	0.15324	26.90	15.33	9.89	36.79	25.22	65.82	55.82	29.03	30.60	L1
14	0.15702	27.45	17.49	9.89	37.34	27.38	65.62	55.62	28.28	28.24	L1
15	0.19179	26.79	18.46	9.90	36.69	28.36	63.96	53.96	27.27	25.60	L1
16	0.19997	24.64	13.74	9.90	34.54	23.64	63.61	53.61	29.07	29.97	L1
17	0.25869	20.56	12.66	9.90	30.46	22.56	61.47	51.47	31.01	28.91	L1
18	0.34728	22.18	15.02	9.90	32.08	24.92	59.03	49.03	26.95	24.11	L1
19	0.35948	21.76	15.37	9.90	31.66	25.27	58.74	48.74	27.08	23.47	L1
20	2.53640	18.45	11.53	9.96	28.41	21.49	56.00	46.00	27.59	24.51	L1
21	3.45760	19.37	12.21	10.00	29.37	22.21	56.00	46.00	26.63	23.79	L1
22	5.31460	19.51	14.66	10.06	29.57	24.72	60.00	50.00	30.43	25.28	L1
23	7.70860	16.88	9.36	10.07	26.95	19.43	60.00	50.00	33.05	30.57	L1
24	22.19560	23.45	18.91	10.30	33.75	29.21	60.00	50.00	26.25	20.79	L1

## 8.7 Occupied Bandwidth

### Test Requirements, RSS-Gen [6.6]

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99 % emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

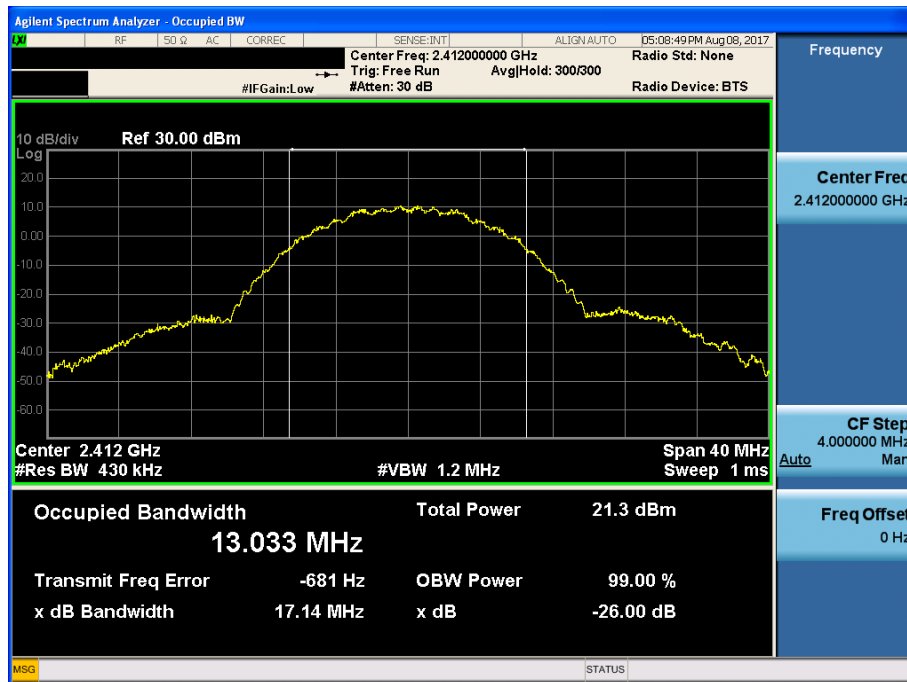
#### ■ TEST RESULTS: **Comply**

Test Mode	Data Rate	Frequency [MHz]	Test Results [MHz]
802.11b	5.5 Mbps	2412	13.033
		2437	12.962
		2462	13.020
802.11g	54 Mbps	2412	18.410
		2437	17.715
		2462	17.998
802.11n (HT20)	MCS 7	2412	18.166
		2437	18.159
		2462	18.163

## ■ RESULT PLOTS

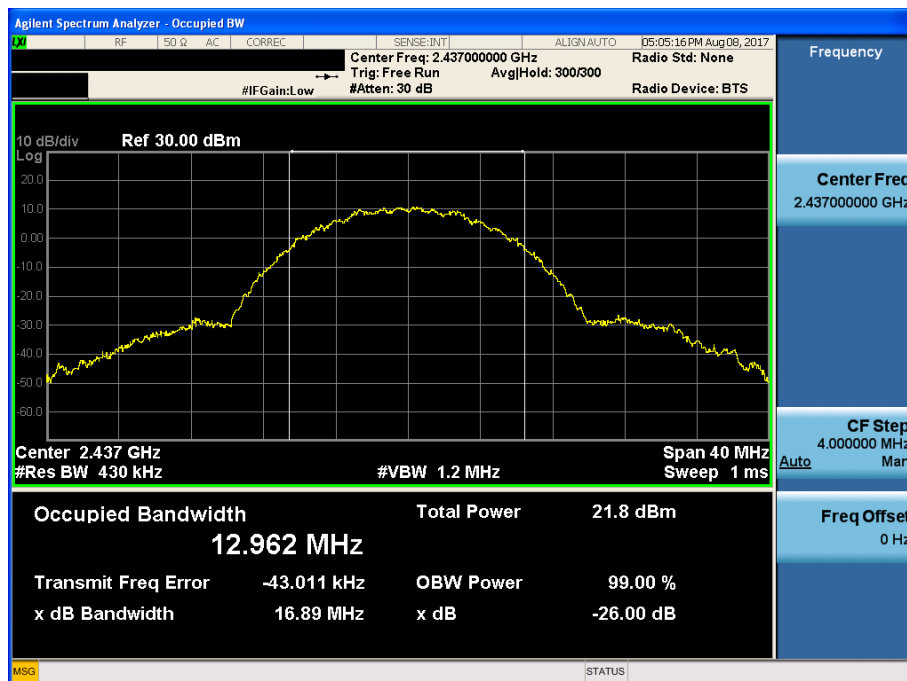
## Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11b &amp; 5.5 Mbps &amp; 2412 MHz



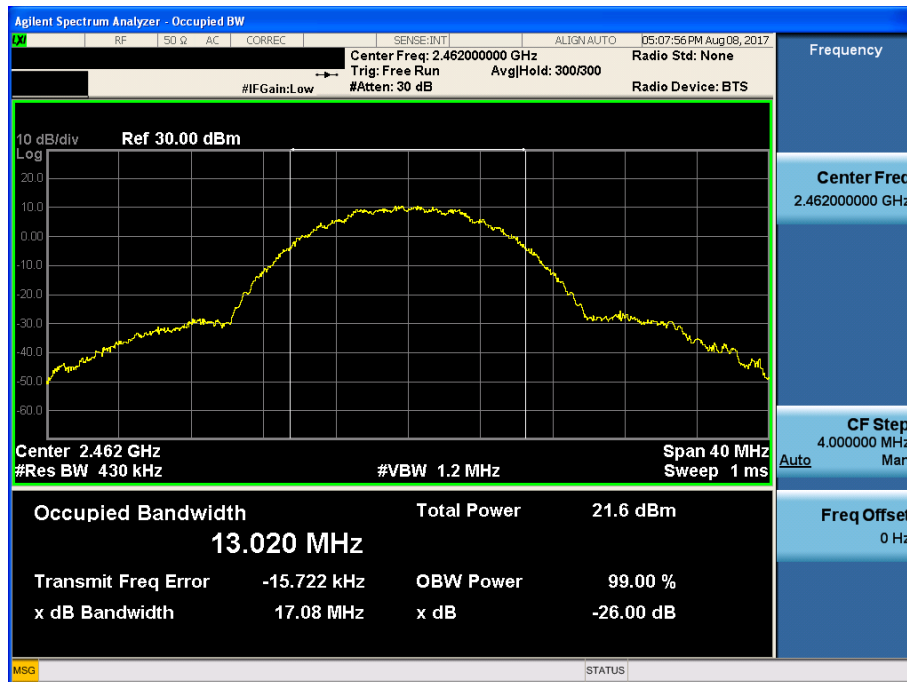
## Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11b &amp; 5.5 Mbps &amp; 2437 MHz



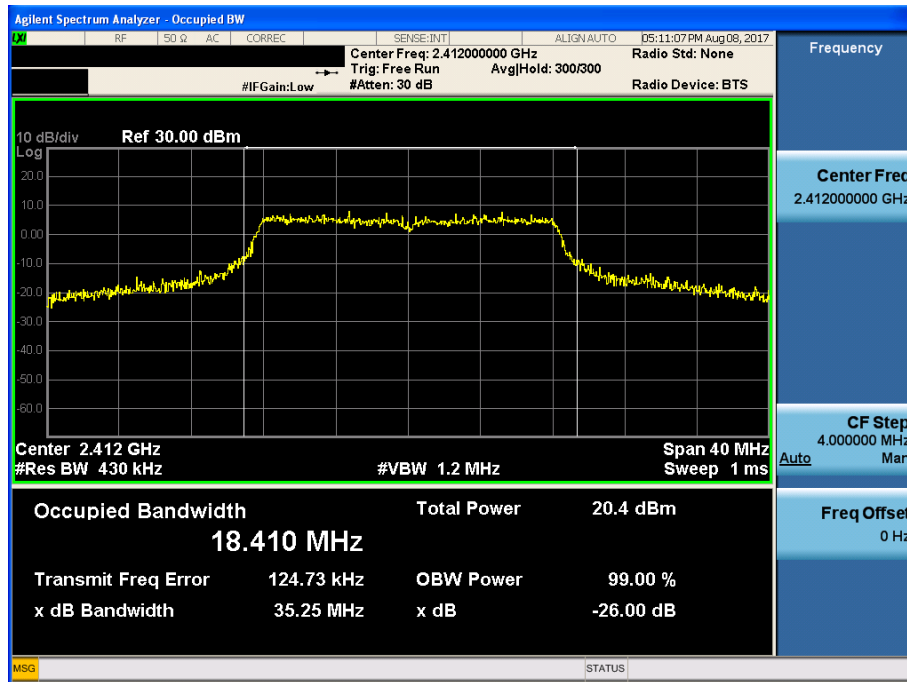
# Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11b & 5.5 Mbps & 2462 MHz



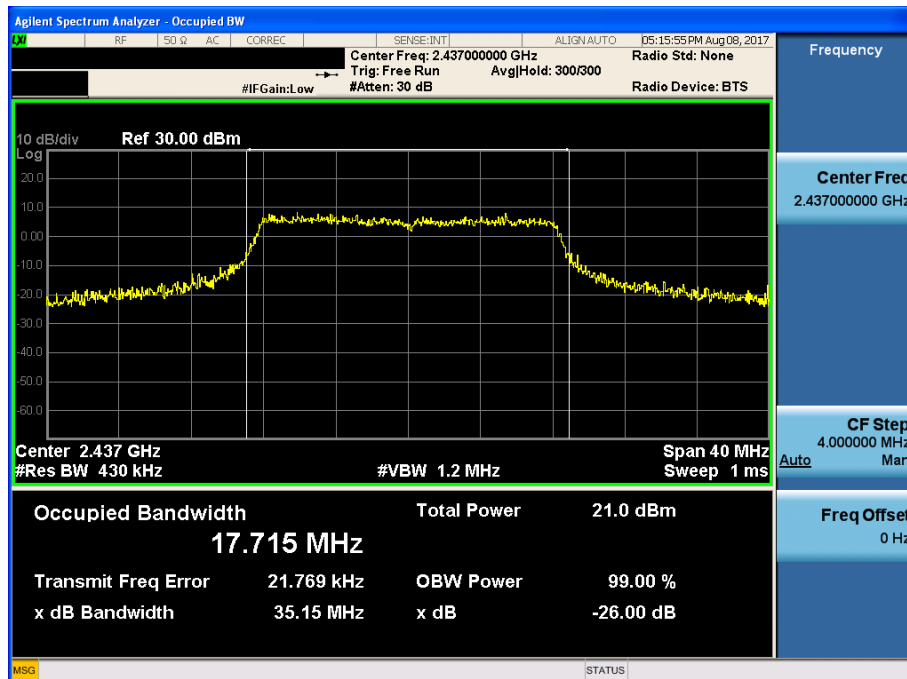
## Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11g & 54 Mbps & 2412 MHz



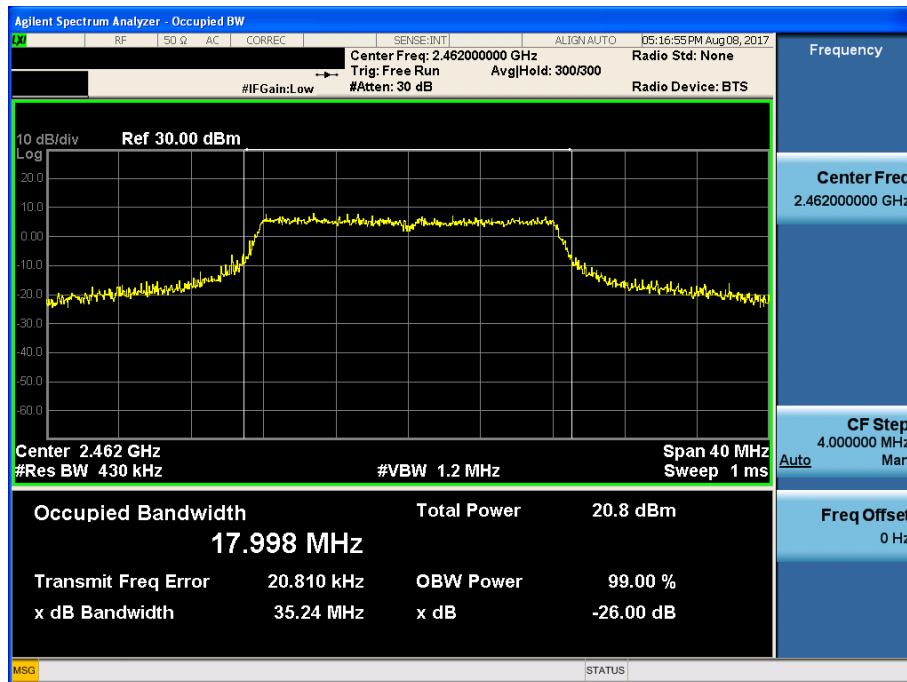
## Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11g & 54 Mbps & 2437 MHz



## Occupied Bandwidth

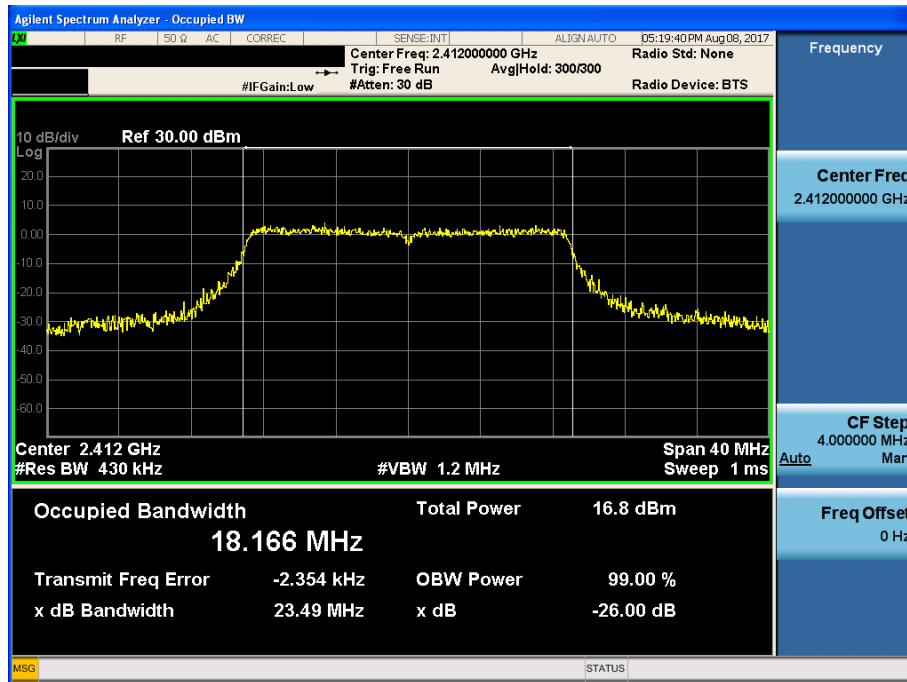
Test Mode: 802.11g & 54 Mbps & 2462 MHz





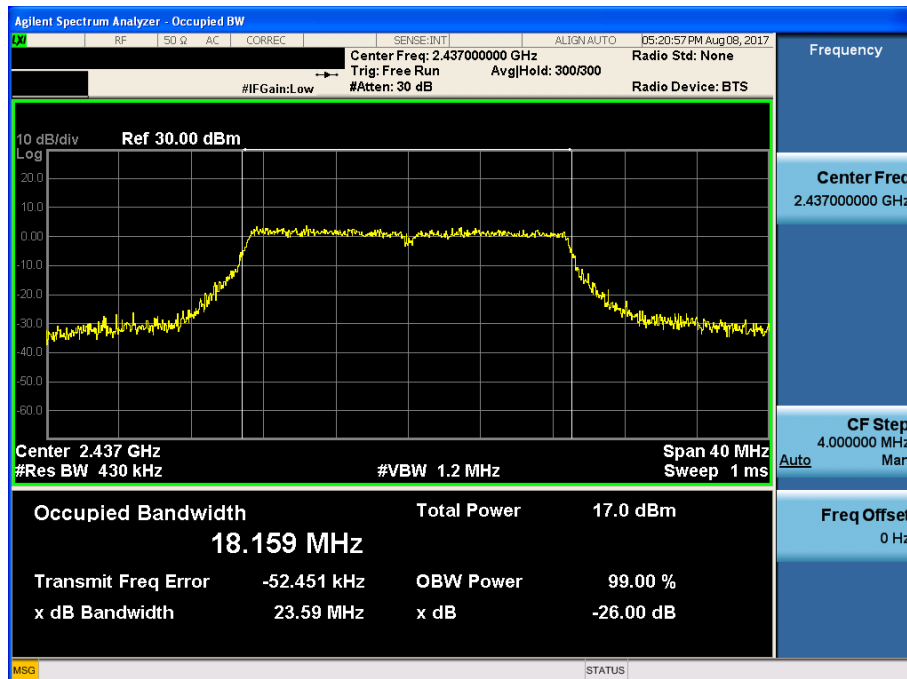
## Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & MCS 7 & 2412 MHz



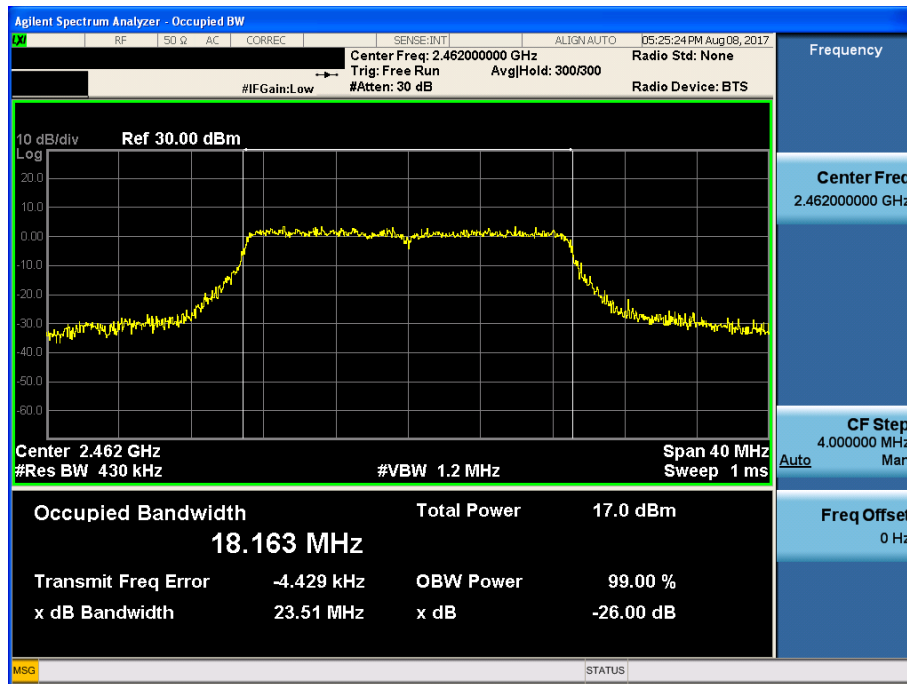
## Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & MCS 7 & 2437 MHz



## Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & MCS 7 & 2462 MHz



## 9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	17/07/12	18/07/12	MY46471601
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	16/10/11	17/10/11	MY46471251
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B	17/04/12	18/04/12	26030065WS
DC Power Supply	Agilent	66332A	17/01/11	18/01/11	US37473831
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	17/01/04	18/01/04	255571
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMF100A	17/04/21	18/04/21	102341
Thermohygrometer	HCT	HCT-1	16/09/09	17/09/09	NONE
50W 10dB ATT	SMAJK	SMAJK-50-10	16/10/18	17/10/18	2-50-10
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	16/04/22	18/04/22	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	16/05/13	18/05/13	3358
Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	16/05/03	18/05/03	00140394
Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	15/09/03	17/09/03	155
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	17/01/11	18/01/11	3008A00370
PreAmplifier	TSJ	MLA-010K01-B01-27	17/03/06	18/03/06	1844539
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde Schwarz	ESR7	17/02/16	18/02/16	101061
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-2580-3000-18000-80SS	16/09/09	17/09/09	3
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHNX6-6320-8000-26500-40CC	16/09/13	17/09/13	1
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2496A MA2411B	17/04/11	18/04/11	1338004 1306053
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	17/02/26	18/02/16	100364
PULSE LIMITER	Rohde Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	17/01/03	18/01/03	101334
SINGLE-PHASE MASTER	NF	4420	16/09/08	17/09/08	3049354420023
Artificial Mains Network	Rohde Schwarz	ESH2-Z5	16/09/08	17/09/08	828739/006

Note: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2006.

## APPENDIX I

### Duty cycle plots

#### ▪ Test Procedure

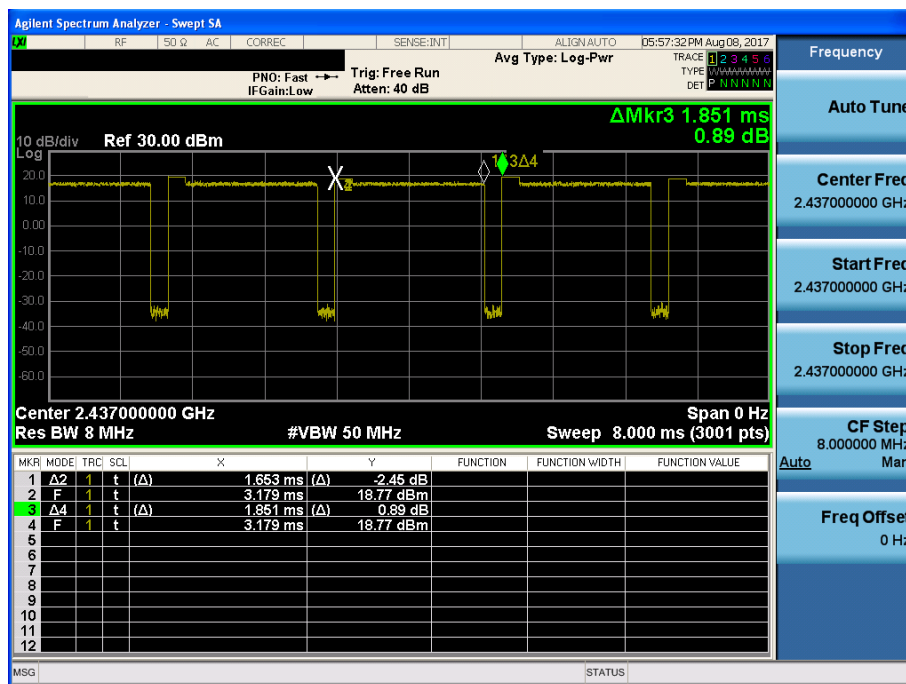
Duty Cycle was measured using **section 6.0 b) of KDB558074 D01V04** :

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set  $RBW \geq OBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

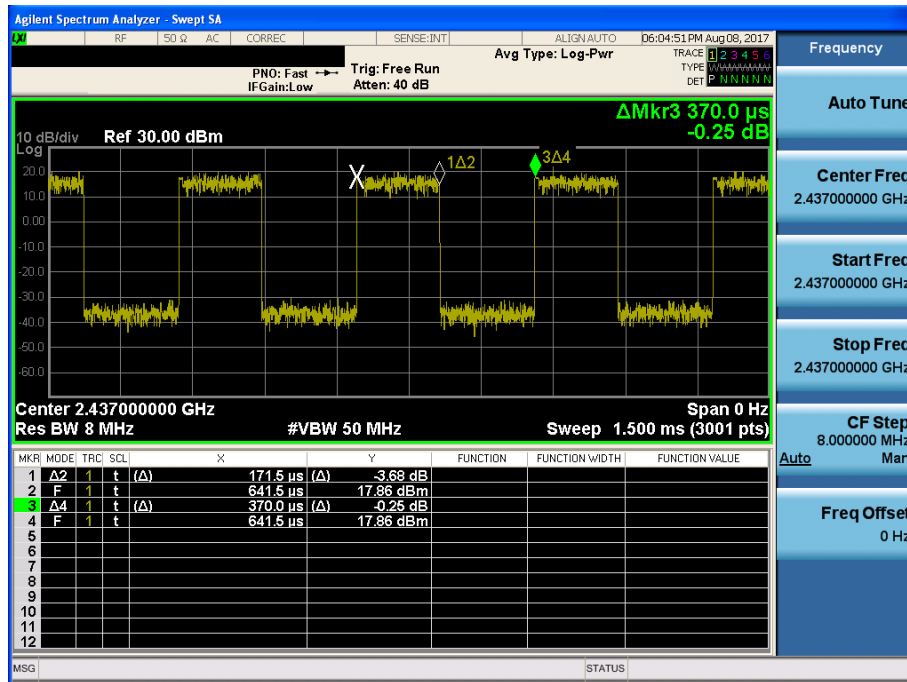
### Duty Cycle

TM 1 & Middle



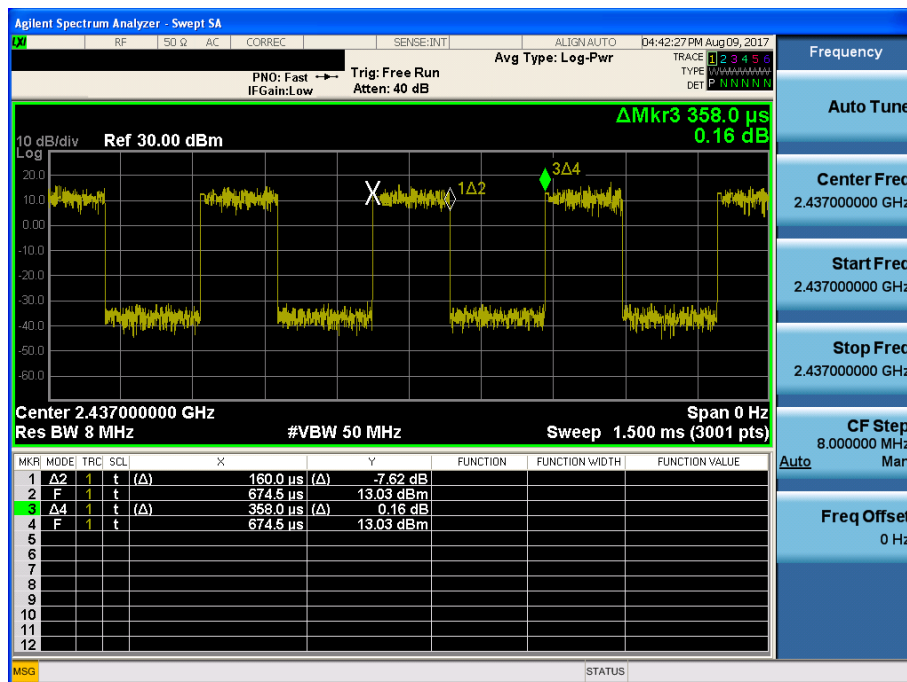
## Duty Cycle

TM 2 &amp; Middle



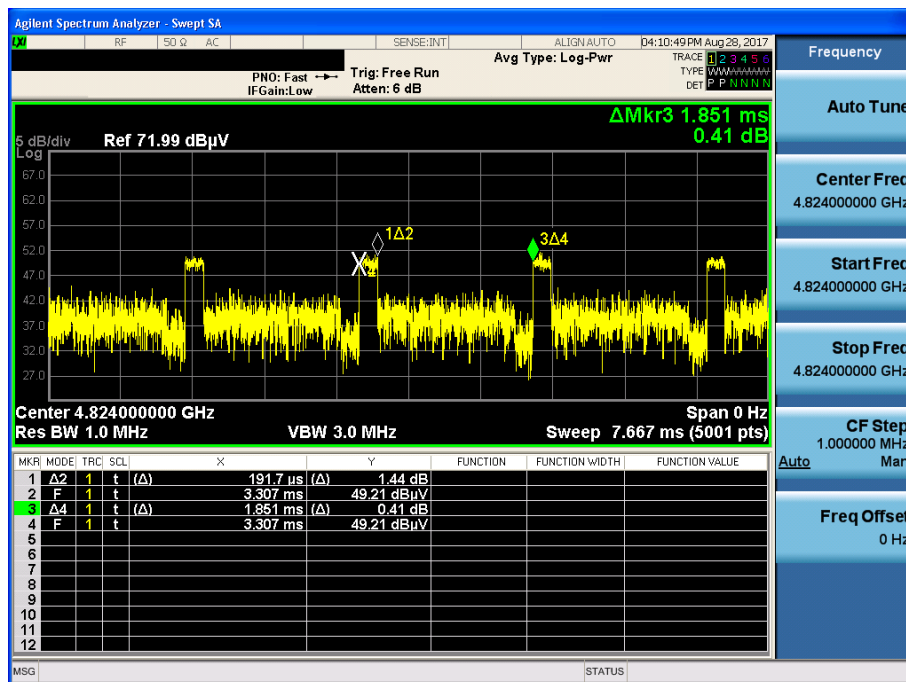
## Duty Cycle

TM 3 &amp; Middle



TM1 Harmonic duty cycle – Page 77 Marker2

TM 1 & Lowest

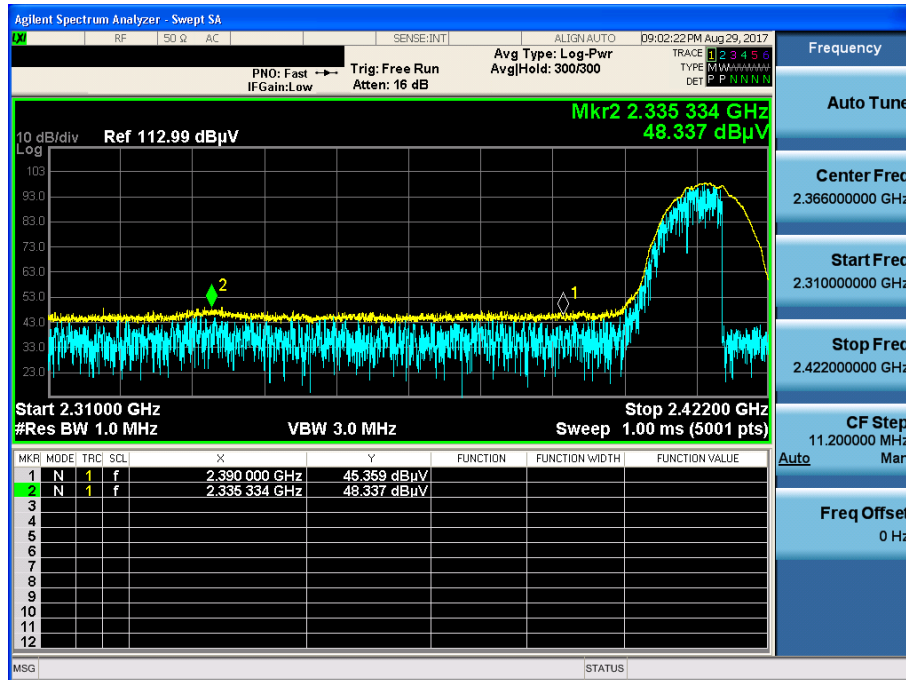


## APPENDIX I

### Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot

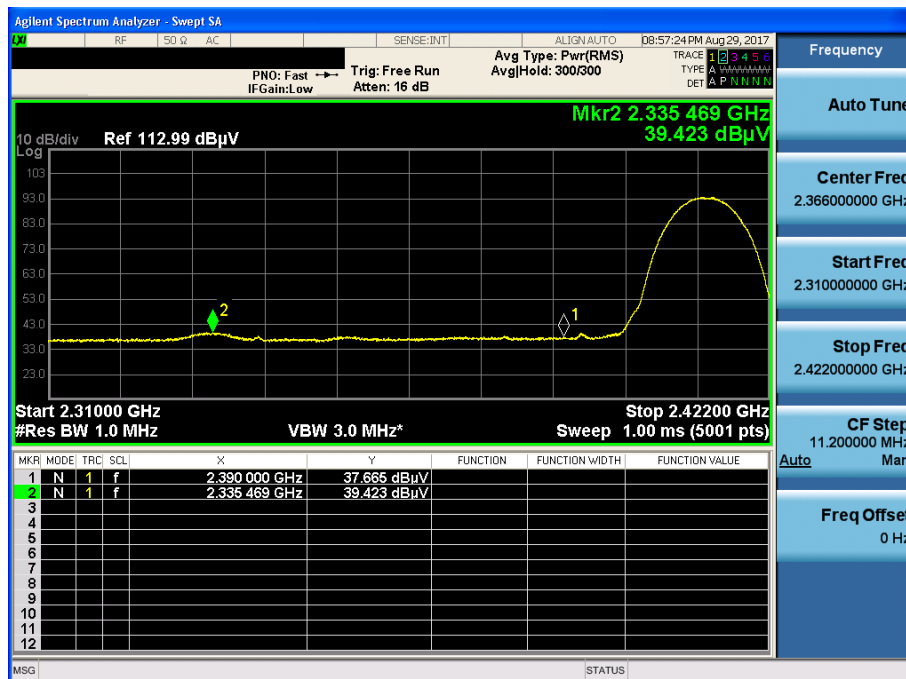
TM 1 & Lowest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



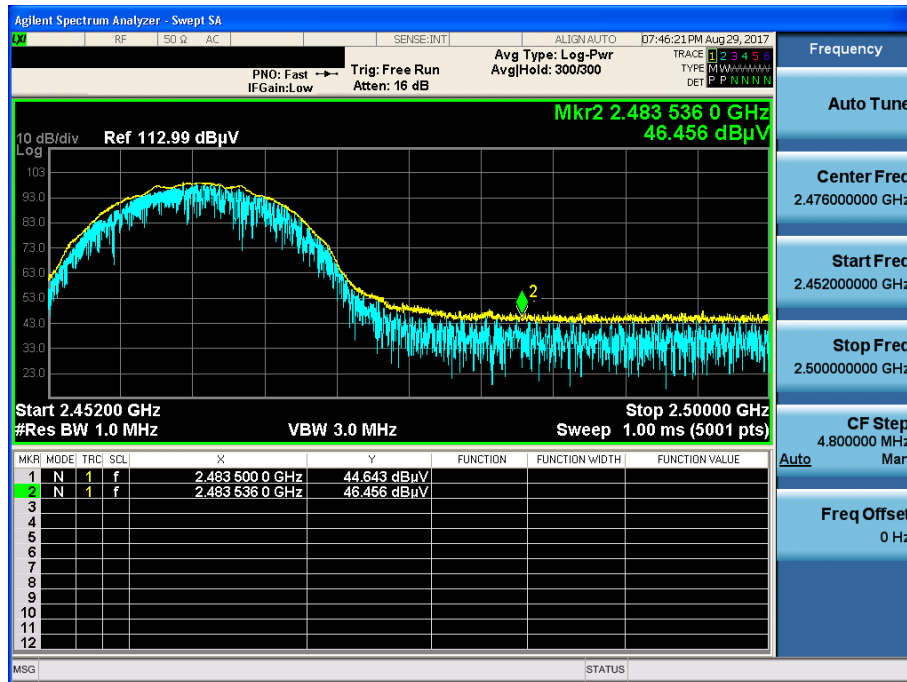
TM 1 & Lowest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



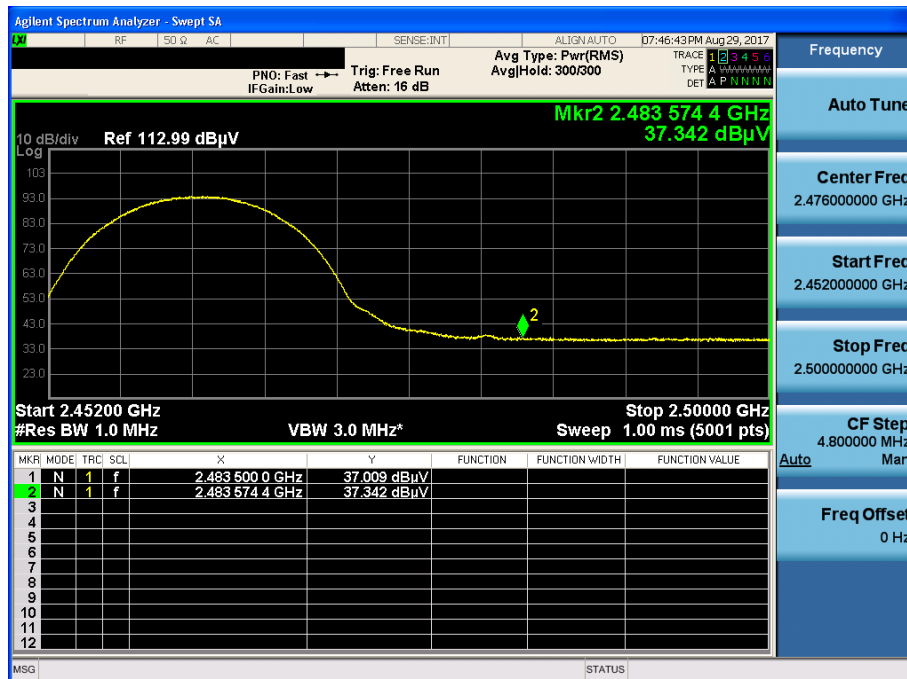
TM 1 & Highest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



TM 1 & Highest & Z axis & Ver

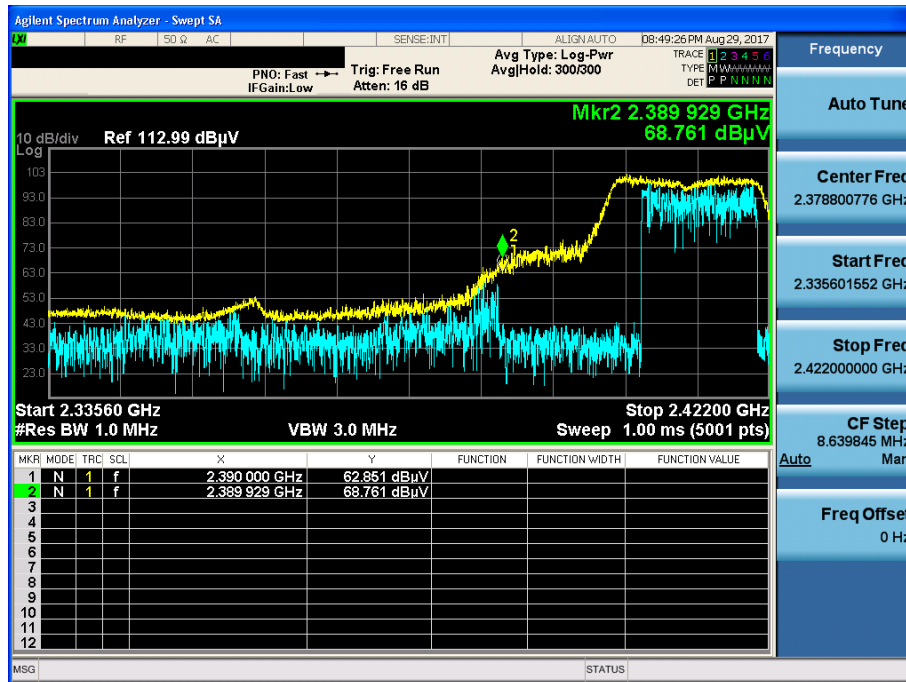
Detector Mode : AV





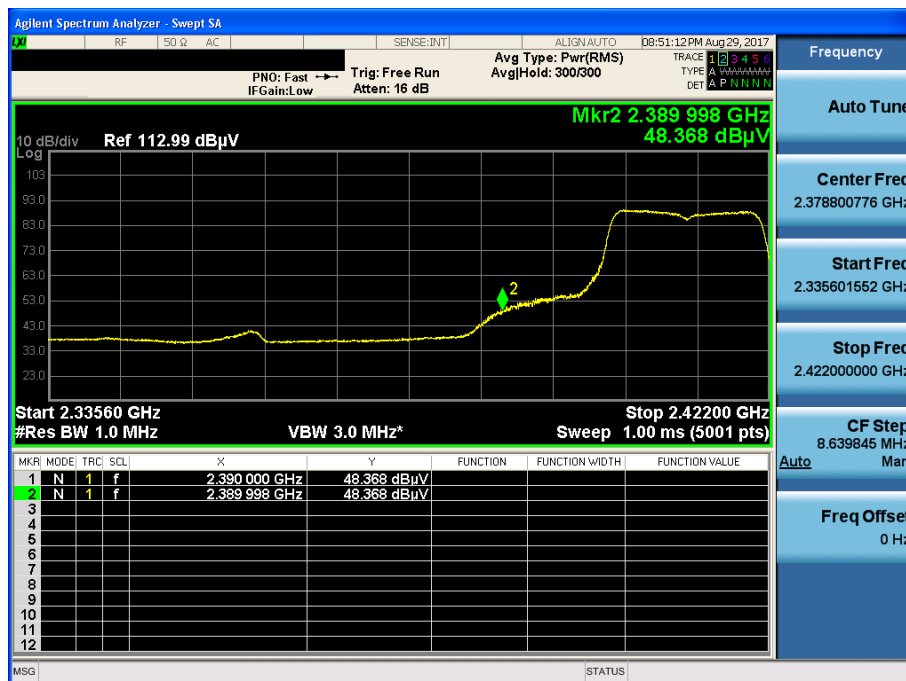
TM 2 & Lowest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



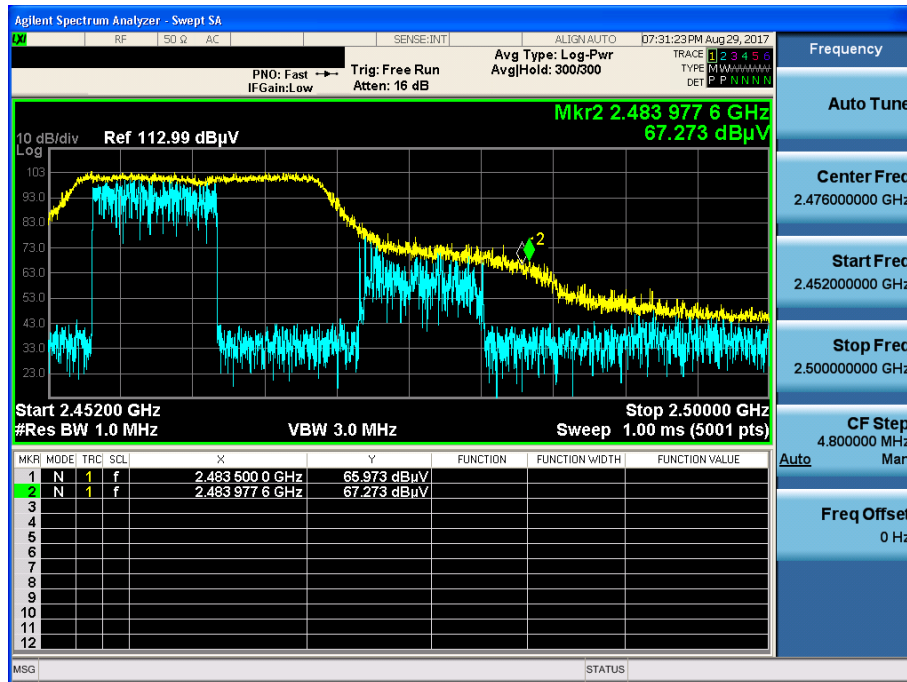
TM 2 & Lowest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



TM 2 & Highest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



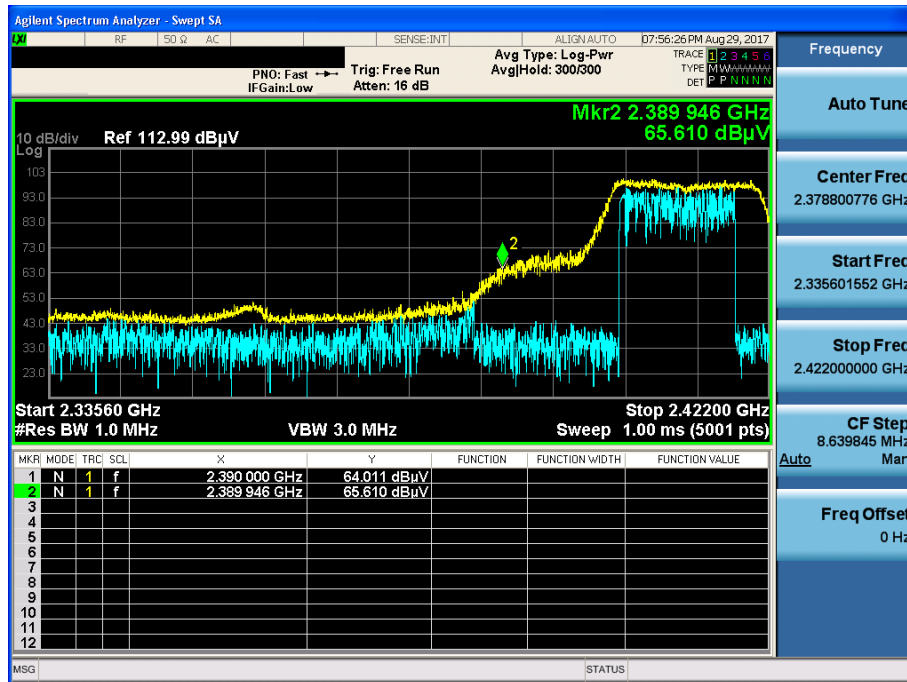
TM 2 & Highest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



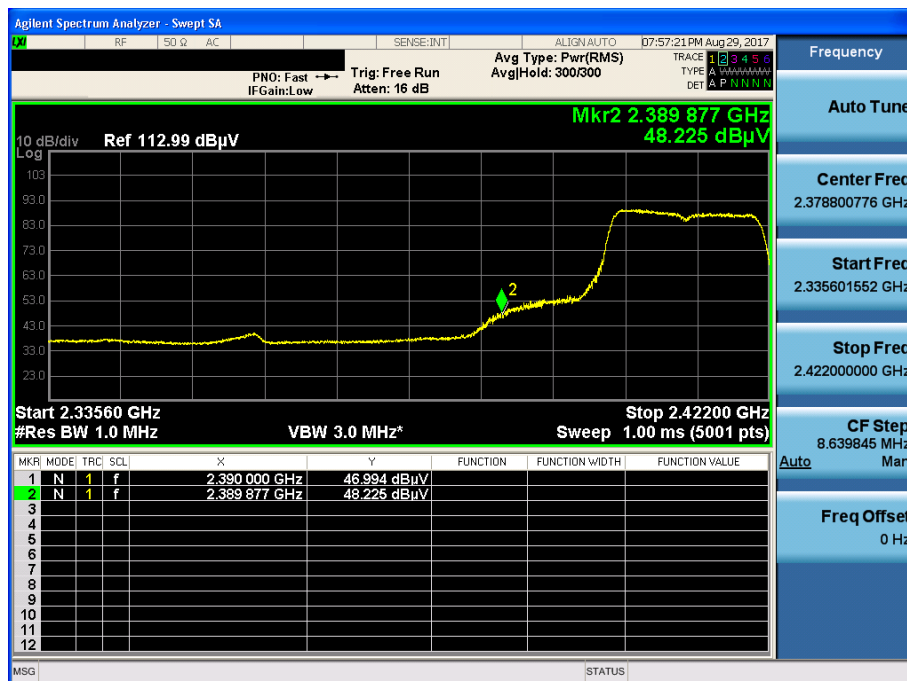
TM 3 & Lowest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



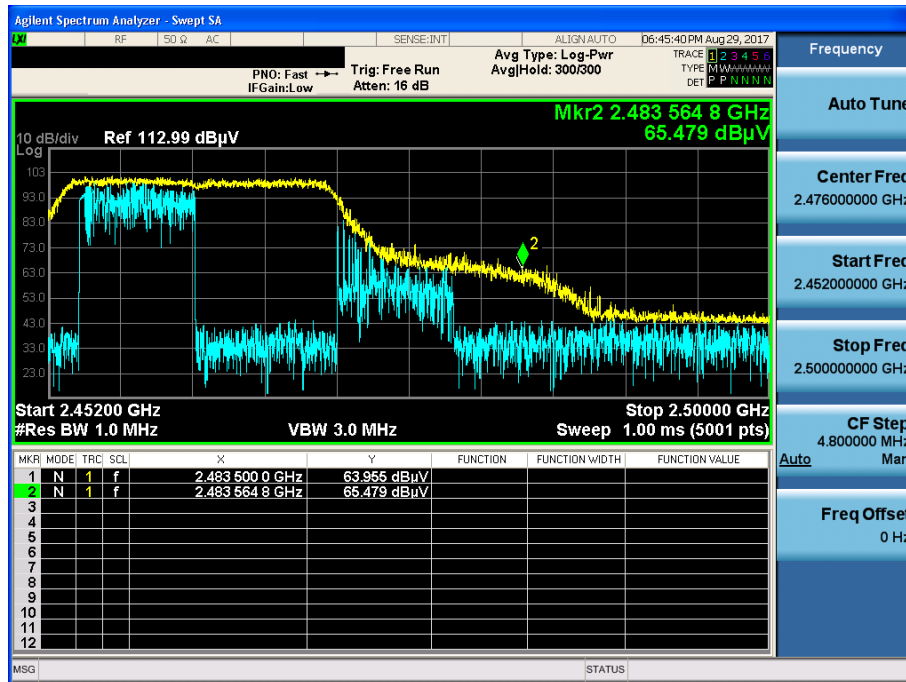
TM 3 & Lowest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



TM 3 & Highest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : PK



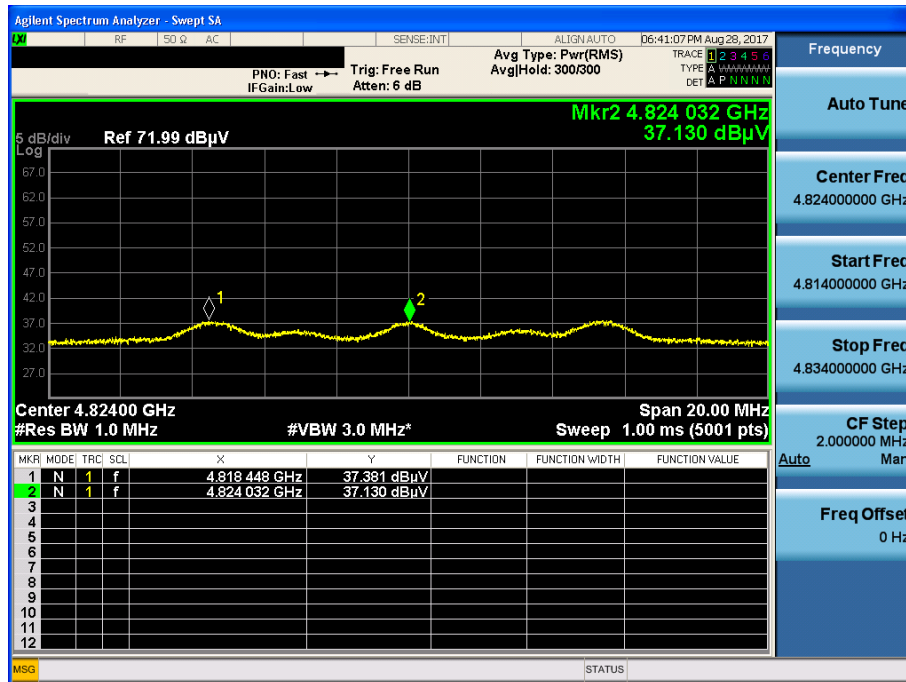
TM 3 & Highest & Z axis & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



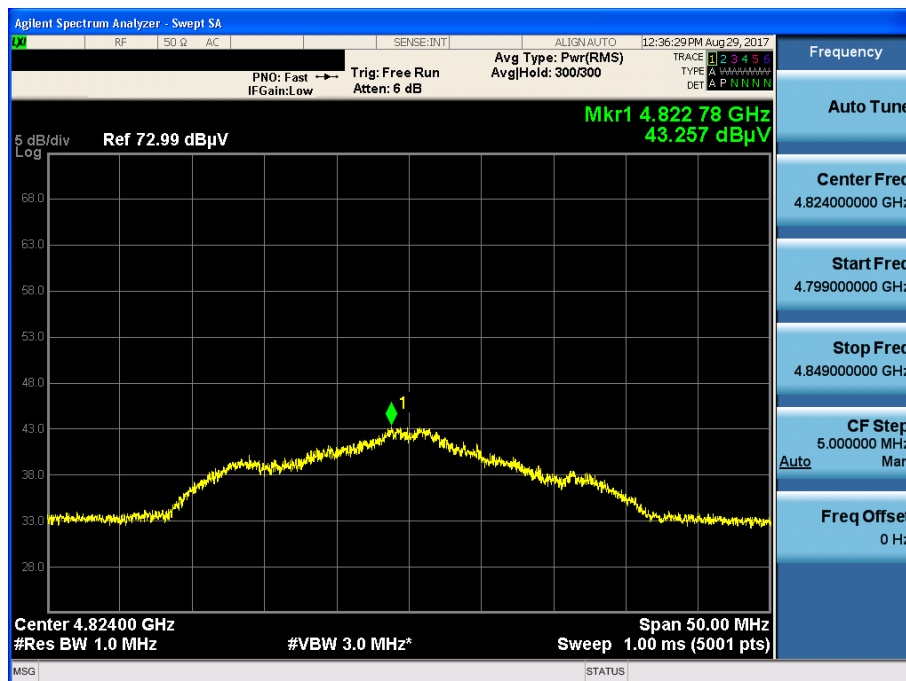
TM 1 & Lowest & Z axis & Hor

Detector Mode : AV



TM 2 & Lowest & Z axis & Hor

Detector Mode : AV



**Detector Mode : AV**

