

# **FCC TEST REPORT**

Test report
On Behalf of
VITURE Inc.
For
VITURE One Neckband
Model No.: V1218
FCC ID: 2BBOT-V1218

Prepared for: VITURE Inc.

95 Third Street, 2nd Floor, San Francisco, 94103, California, USA

Prepared By: Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd

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Date of Test: 2023/5/31~ 2023/6/15

Date of Report: 2023/7/13

Report Number: TZ230504409-E4

The test report apply only to the specific sample(s) tested under stated test conditions
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



## **TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

Applicant's name					
Address	. 95 Third Street, 2nd Floor, San Francisco, 94103, California, USA				
Manufacture's Name	Shenzhen SEI Robotics Co., Ltd.				
Address	4th Floor, Productivity Building D, #5 Hi-Tech Middle 2nd Road, Shenzhen Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China				
Product description					
Trade Mark	VITUR	E			
Product name	VITURE Or	ne Neckband			
Model and/or type reference:	V1218				
Standards	FCC Rules ANSI C63.1	and Regulations Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 10: 2013			
material. Shenzhen Tongzho liability for damages resulting placement and context.  Date of Test  Date (s) of performance of test Date of Issue  Test Result	u Testing C	2023/7/13 Pass			
Testing Engin	eer :	(Anna Hu)			
Technical Mar	nager :	Hugo Chen)			

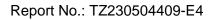
(Andy Zhang)

**Authorized Signatory** 



# **Revision History**

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	2023/7/13	Initial Issue	Andy Zhang





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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

**EUT** : VITURE One Neckband

Model Number : V1218 Model Declaration : N/A Test Model : V1218

Power Supply : 1,DC 3.85V by battery;2,Input: DC 5V

Hardware version : SMB.370.09

Software version : V1.1.230224.231304

Sample ID : TZ230504409-2#&TZ230504409-4#

Bluetooth

Bluetooth Version : V5.0

Operation Frenquency : 2402-2480 MHz

79 Channels for Bluetooth BR/EDR(DSS) Channel Number

40 Channels for BLE (DTS)

GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth BR/EDR (DSS) Modulation Technology

GFSK for BLE (DTS)

Bluetooth BR/EDR (DSS): 1/2/3Mbps **Data Rates** 

BLE (DTS): 1Mbps

Internal Antenna 1: Antenna Type And Gain

0.57dBi

WiFi

**WLAN** : Supported IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac

> IEEE 802.11b:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11g:2412-2462MHz

IEEE 802.11n HT20:2412-2462MHz / 5180-5240MHz / 5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40: 2422-2452MHz / 5190-5230MHz / 5755-5795MHz

WLAN FCC Operation

Frequency

IEEE 802.11a: 5180-5240MHz / 5745-5825MHz

IEEE 802.11ac VHT20: 5180-5240MHz / 5745-5825MHz IEEE 802.11ac VHT40: 5190-5230MHz / 5755-5795MHz

IEEE 802.11ac VHT80: 5210MHz / 5775MHz

11 Channels for 2412-2462MHz(IEEE 802.11b/g/n HT20) 7 Channels for 2422-2452MHz(IEEE 802.11n HT40)

4 Channels for 5180-5240MHz (IEEE 802.11a/ac VHT20/n HT20) 2 Channels for 5190-5230MHz (IEEE 802.11ac VHT40/n HT40)

WLAN Channel Number 1 Channels for 5210MHz (IEEE 802.11ac VHT80)

> 5 Channels for 5745-5825MHz(IEEE 802.11a/ac VHT20/n HT20) 2 Channels for 5755-5795MHz(IEEE 802.11ac VHT40/n HT40)

1 Channels for 5775MHz(IEEE 802.11ac VHT80)

IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK.DQPSK.DBPSK)

WLAN Modulation

Technology

IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) : IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)

IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)

Antenna 1:

0.57dBi (Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 2.4G Band) Antenna Type And Gain

1.97dBi (Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 5.2G Band) 1.73dBi (Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 5.8G Band)



Antenna 2:

-0.02dBi (Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 2.4G Band) 1.61dBi (Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 5.2G Band) -0.44dBi (Max.), for TX/RX (WLAN 5.8G Band)

Note 1: Antenna position refer to EUT Photos.

Note 2: the above information was supplied by the applicant.

## 1.2 EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

□supplied by the lab ☑ supplied by the manufacturer

Manufactur	er Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
PingShen	g N/A	TS-C137	N/A	N/A

### 1.3. External I/O Cable

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
Magnetic adsorption Port	1	N/A
Type-c Port	1	N/A

## 1.4. Description of Test Facility

#### **FCC**

**Designation Number: CN1275** 

Test Firm Registration Number: 167722

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has been listed on the US Federal Communications

Commission

list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

#### A2LA

Certificate Number: 5463.01

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

### IC

ISED#: 22033

CAB identifier: CN0099

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has been listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010



## 1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements" and is documented in the Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

## 1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item		Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty		9KHz~30MHz	±3.08dB	(1)
		30MHz~1000MHz	±4.42dB	(1)
		1GHz~40GHz	±4.06dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	:	150kHz~30MHz	±2.23dB	(1)

<sup>(1).</sup> This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

## 1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 kHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power that was determined to be **802.11a mode Ant1 Low Channel**.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9kHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be **802.11a mode Ant1 Low Channel** 

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

IEEE 802.11a Mode: 6 Mbps, OFDM. IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Mode: MCS0 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode: MCS0 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Mode: MCS0 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode: MCS0 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Mode: MCS0

#### Antenna & Bandwidth

Antenna	Single (Port.1)			Two (Port.1 + Port.2)		
Bandwidth Mode	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz
IEEE 802.11a				$\square$		
IEEE 802.11n				$\square$	$\square$	
IEEE 802.11ac				$\square$	$\square$	$\square$



## 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd

## 2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 and KDB 662911 are required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.407 UII device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E

### 2.3. General Test Procedures

#### 2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### 2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013

## 2.4. Test Sample

The application provides 2 samples to meet requirement;

Sample ID	Description
TZ230504409–2#	WLAN Engineer sample – continuous transmit
TZ230504409-4#	Normal sample – Intermittent transmit



3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Report No.: TZ230504409-E4

## 3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition.

## 3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (adb command) provided by application.

## 3.3. Special Accessories

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Length	shielded/ unshielded	Notes
1	PC	ASUS	X454L	15105-0038A100	1	1	1

## 3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

## 3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has not done any modification on the EUT.

## 3.6. Test Setup

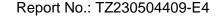
Please refer to the test setup photo.



# 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E						
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Sample ID	Result			
§15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	TZ230504409–2#	Compliant			
§15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	TZ230504409–2#	Compliant			
§15.407(a)	26dB Bandwidth	TZ230504409-2#	Compliant			
/	99% Occupied Bandwidth	TZ230504409–2#	Note 1			
045.407(1)	Radiated Emissions	TZ230504409-2#&	0 1: .			
§15.407(b)		TZ230504409-4#	Compliant			
§15.407(b)	Band edge Emissions	TZ230504409-2#	Compliant			
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	TZ230504409–2#	Compliant			
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	TZ230504409–2#	Compliant			
§15.207(a)	Line Conducted Emissions	TZ230504409-4#	Compliant			
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	N/A	Compliant			
§2.1093	RF Exposure	TZ230504409-2#	Compliant			

Note: only for report purpose. Remark: The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.





## 5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

## 5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

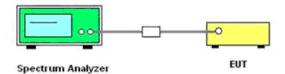
## 5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

### 5.1.3. Test Procedures

- 1. Set the centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
- 2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=10MHz, VBW=10MHz, Sweep time=5ms;
- 3. Detector = peak;
- 4. Trace mode = Single hold.

### 5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



## 5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

## 5.1.6. Test result

#### **Pass**

Remark:

1. Please refer to Appendix F of Appendix Test Data for RLAN(5.2G);



## 5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 5.2.1. Standard Applicable

### (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### 5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

#### 5.2.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

According to KDB 789033 D02 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

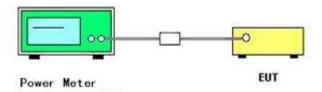
- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
  - The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
  - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.





- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10 log (1/x) where x is the duty cycle (e.g., 10 log (1/0.25) if the duty cycle is 25%).

### 5.2.4. Test Setup Layout



## 5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

## 5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

#### **Pass**

#### Remark:

- 1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Test results including cable loss;
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 4. For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;
  Directional gain = 10 log[(10G1 /10 + 10G2 /10 + ... + 10GN /10)/NANT] dBi, where antenna gains given by G1, G2, ..., GN dBi, NANT is the antennas total Number.
- 5. Report conducted power = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;
- 6. Please refer to Appendix B of Appendix Test Data for RLAN(5.2G);



## 5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 5.3.1. Standard Applicable

#### For 5150~5250MHz

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.<sup>note1</sup>
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.<sup>note1</sup>
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1
- Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### 5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

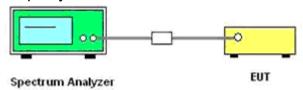
#### 5.3.3. Test Procedures

- 1. The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.
- 2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
- 3. Set the RBW = 1MHz.
- 4. Set the VBW ≥ 3MHz
- 5. Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- 6. Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 × span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- 7. Manually set sweep time  $\geq 10 \times \text{(number of points in sweep)} \times \text{(total on/off period of the transmitted signal)}$ .
- 8. Set detector = power averaging (rms).
- 9. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 10. Trace mode = max hold.
- 11. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 12. Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively,
- 13. Add 10  $\log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add 10  $\log (1/0.25) = 6$  dB if the duty cycle is 25%.
- 14. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 1MHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.





### 5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



### 5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

## 6.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

#### **Pass**

#### Remark:

- 1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Test results including cable loss;
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 4. For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;

  Directional gain = 10 log[(10G1/10 + 10G2/10 + ... + 10GN/10)/NANT] dBi, where antenna gains given by G1, G2, ..., GN dBi, NANT is the antennas total Number.
- 5. Report conducted PSD = Measured conducted PSD + Duty Cycle factor;
- 6. Please refer to Appendix C of Appendix Test Data for RLAN(5.2G);



## 5.4. 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Emission Bandwidth

### Measurement

### 5.4.1. Standard Applicable

No restriction limits. But resolution bandwidth within band edge measurement is 1% of the 99% occupied bandwidth.

## 5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

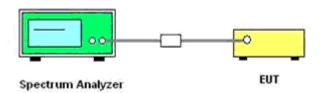
Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Span	> 26dB Bandwidth
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	100ms

#### 5.4.3. Test Procedures

- The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
- 2. Set the RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- 3. Set the VBW ≥ 3 \* RBW
- 4. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 26dB below carrier.

### 5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



## 5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.4.6. Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Emission Bandwidth

#### **Pass**

Remark:

- 1. Measured 99% and 26dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Test results including cable loss;
- 3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40; , IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 4. Please refer to Appendix A of Appendix Test Data for RLAN(5.2G);



## 5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

## 5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.Android 10-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293.	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(\2\)
13.36-13.41			

<sup>\1\</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz (68.2dBuV/m at 3m).

In addition, In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

## 5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to section 6 of equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 <sup>th</sup> carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

<sup>\2\</sup> Above 38.6



### 5.5.3. Test Procedures

## 1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

## Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement:**

- --- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- --- The antenna height is 1.3 meter.
- --- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

- --- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- --- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.



## 2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

## Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement:**

- --- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- --- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- --- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- --- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

- --- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- --- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- --- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



## 3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

### Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

#### **Premeasurement:**

- --- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- --- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- --- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- --- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

- --- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- --- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- --- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.



## 4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

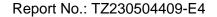
### Setup:

- --- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- --- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- --- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- --- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- --- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- --- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- --- The EUT was set into operation.

### **Premeasurement:**

--- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

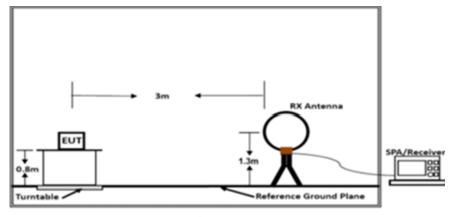
- --- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- --- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.



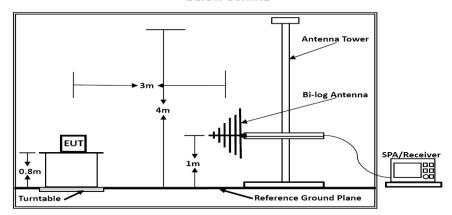


## 5.5.4. Test Setup Layout

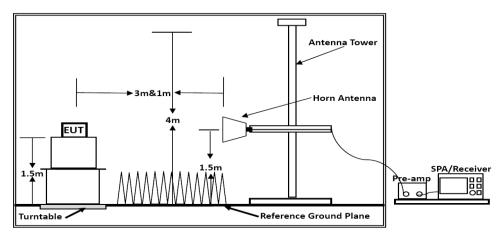
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 10 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade form 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor = 20 log (specific distance [3m] / test distance [1.5m]) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].



## 5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

## 5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature 24 <sup>°</sup> C		Humidity	55.2%	
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac	

Freq.	Level	Over Limit	Over Limit	Remark
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	
-			-	See Note

#### Note:

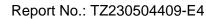
The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

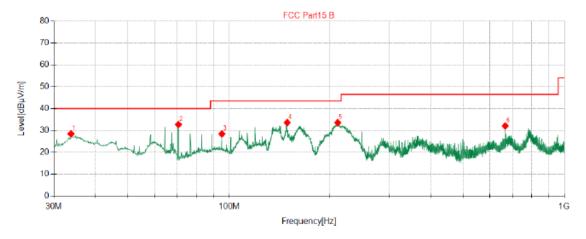
## 5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

Temperature 24°C		Humidity	55.2%	
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac	





# Note: The Worst Test result for 802.11a mode Ant1 Low Channel Vertical



#### QP Detector

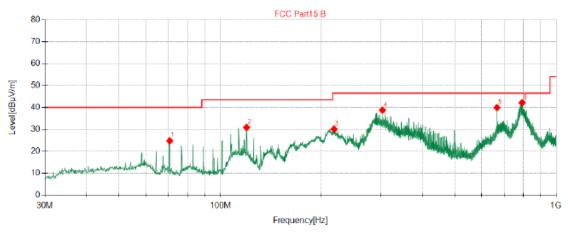
Susp	Suspected Data List													
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity						
1	33.758	-15.54	28.49	40.00	11.51	100	339	Vertical						
2	70.618	-17.44	32.69	40.00	7.31	100	85	Vertical						
3	95.232	-16.24	28.46	43.50	15.04	100	237	Vertical						
4	149.18	-17.69	33.59	43.50	9.91	100	256	Vertical						
5	210.90	-14.84	33.54	43.50	9.96	100	176	Vertical						
6	666.68	-5.80	32.04	46.50	14.46	100	313	Vertical						

### Note:

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m). Margin(dB)=Limit(dB $\mu$ V/m) – Result Level(dB $\mu$ V/m)







QP Detector

Susp	Suspected Data List													
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBµV/m]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity						
1	70.618	-18.33	24.81	40.00	15.19	100	11	Horizontal						
2	119.72	-17.59	30.89	43.50	12.61	100	4	Horizontal						
3	218.05	-14.87	30.12	46.50	16.38	100	236	Horizontal						
4	304.14	-12.69	38.77	46.50	7.73	100	51	Horizontal						
5	666.68	-4.77	39.88	46.50	6.62	100	344	Horizontal						
6	792.78	-3.00	42.18	46.50	4.32	100	242	Horizontal						

## Note:

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report. Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m). Margin(dB)=Limit(dB $\mu$ V/m) – Result Level(dB $\mu$ V/m)



## 5.5.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (1GHz~40GHz)

Temperature 24℃		Humidity	56%	
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac	

Remark: Measured all modes and recorded worst case;

## IEEE 802.11a Antenna 1

## Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac	Pre. Fac	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.54	64.20	37.87	46.92	2.38	57.53	68.20	-10.67	Peak	Horizontal
15.54	51.21	37.87	46.92	2.38	44.54	54.00	-9.46	Average	Horizontal
15.54	63.18	37.87	46.92	2.38	56.51	68.20	-11.69	Peak	Vertical
15.54	51.32	37.87	46.92	2.38	44.65	54.00	-9.35	Average	Vertical

## Channel 40 / 5200MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.60	66.82	37.92	46.90	2.39	60.23	68.20	-7.97	Peak	Horizontal
15.60	50.12	37.92	46.90	2.39	43.53	54.00	-10.47	Average	Horizontal
15.60	67.25	37.92	46.90	2.39	60.66	68.20	-7.54	Peak	Vertical
15.60	51.27	37.92	46.90	2.39	44.68	54.00	-9.32	Average	Vertical

## Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.72	67.63	38.02	46.86	2.40	61.19	68.20	-7.01	Peak	Horizontal
15.72	49.33	38.02	46.86	2.40	42.89	54.00	-11.11	Average	Horizontal
15.72	65.49	38.02	46.86	2.40	59.05	68.20	-9.15	Peak	Vertical
15.72	51.91	38.02	46.86	2.40	45.47	54.00	-8.53	Average	Vertical



## IEEE 802.11n-HT20 Antenna 1 Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac	Pre. Fac	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.54	65.92	37.87	46.92	2.38	59.25	68.20	-8.95	Peak	Horizontal
15.54	51.09	37.87	46.92	2.38	44.42	54.00	-9.58	Average	Horizontal
15.54	63.60	37.87	46.92	2.38	56.93	68.20	-11.27	Peak	Vertical
15.54	52.25	37.87	46.92	2.38	45.58	54.00	-8.42	Average	Vertical

## Channel 40 / 5200MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.60	67.17	37.92	46.90	2.39	60.58	68.20	-7.62	Peak	Horizontal
15.60	49.72	37.92	46.90	2.39	43.13	54.00	-10.87	Average	Horizontal
15.60	63.44	37.92	46.90	2.39	56.85	68.20	-11.35	Peak	Vertical
15.60	53.54	37.92	46.90	2.39	46.95	54.00	-7.05	Average	Vertical

## Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.72	65.99	38.02	46.86	2.40	59.55	68.20	-8.65	Peak	Horizontal
15.72	48.88	38.02	46.86	2.40	42.44	54.00	-11.56	Average	Horizontal
15.72	66.17	38.02	46.86	2.40	59.73	68.20	-8.47	Peak	Vertical
15.72	51.30	38.02	46.86	2.40	44.86	54.00	-9.14	Average	Vertical



## IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Antenna 1 Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac	Pre. Fac	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.54	67.71	37.87	46.92	2.38	61.04	68.20	-7.16	Peak	Horizontal
15.54	50.23	37.87	46.92	2.38	43.56	54.00	-10.44	Average	Horizontal
15.54	65.07	37.87	46.92	2.38	58.40	68.20	-9.80	Peak	Vertical
15.54	51.49	37.87	46.92	2.38	44.82	54.00	-9.18	Average	Vertical

## Channel 40 / 5200MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.60	66.18	37.92	46.90	2.39	59.59	68.20	-8.61	Peak	Horizontal
15.60	50.57	37.92	46.90	2.39	43.98	54.00	-10.02	Average	Horizontal
15.60	66.05	37.92	46.90	2.39	59.46	68.20	-8.74	Peak	Vertical
15.60	52.52	37.92	46.90	2.39	45.93	54.00	-8.07	Average	Vertical

## Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.72	66.53	38.02	46.86	2.40	60.09	68.20	-8.11	Peak	Horizontal
15.72	51.58	38.02	46.86	2.40	45.14	54.00	-8.86	Average	Horizontal
15.72	67.15	38.02	46.86	2.40	60.71	68.20	-7.49	Peak	Vertical
15.72	49.40	38.02	46.86	2.40	42.96	54.00	-11.04	Average	Vertical



# IEEE 802.11n HT40 Combined Ant1 and Ant2

## Channel 38 / 5190 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.57	65.56	37.89	46.91	2.38	58.92	68.20	-9.28	Peak	Horizontal
15.57	52.39	37.89	46.91	2.38	45.75	54.00	-8.25	Average	Horizontal
15.57	64.46	37.89	46.91	2.38	57.82	68.20	-10.38	Peak	Vertical
15.57	48.73	37.89	46.91	2.38	42.09	54.00	-11.91	Average	Vertical

## Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.69	63.80	38.00	46.87	2.39	57.32	68.20	-10.88	Peak	Horizontal
15.69	50.07	38.00	46.87	2.39	43.59	54.00	-10.41	Average	Horizontal
15.69	65.48	38.00	46.87	2.39	59.00	68.20	-9.20	Peak	Vertical
15.69	52.42	38.00	46.87	2.39	45.94	54.00	-8.06	Average	Vertical

## IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Combined Ant1 and Ant2

## Channel 38 / 5190 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.57	65.84	37.89	46.91	2.38	59.20	68.20	-9.00	Peak	Horizontal
15.57	50.14	37.89	46.91	2.38	43.50	54.00	-10.50	Average	Horizontal
15.57	67.64	37.89	46.91	2.38	61.00	68.20	-7.20	Peak	Vertical
15.57	52.05	37.89	46.91	2.38	45.41	54.00	-8.59	Average	Vertical

## Channel 46 / 5230 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.69	66.32	38.00	46.87	2.39	59.84	68.20	-8.36	Peak	Horizontal
15.69	53.42	38.00	46.87	2.39	46.94	54.00	-7.06	Average	Horizontal
15.69	63.11	38.00	46.87	2.39	56.63	68.20	-11.57	Peak	Vertical
15.69	53.36	38.00	46.87	2.39	46.88	54.00	-7.12	Average	Vertical



## IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Combined Ant1 and Ant2

#### Channel 42 / 5210 MHz

Freq GHz	Read Level dBuV	Ant. Fac dB/m	Pre. Fac dB	Cab.Los dB	Measured Level dBuV	Limit Line dBuV/m	Over limit dB	Remark	Pol/Phase
15.63	66.72	38.00	46.87	2.39	60.24	68.20	-7.96	Peak	Horizontal
15.63	53.32	38.00	46.87	2.39	46.84	54.00	-7.16	Average	Horizontal
15.63	66.32	38.00	46.87	2.39	59.84	68.20	-8.36	Peak	Vertical
15.63	52.04	38.00	46.87	2.39	45.56	54.00	-8.44	Average	Vertical

#### Notes:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~40 GHz, No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequencies to 30MHz.
- 2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~40GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 5. Measured = Reading + Ant. Fac Pre. Fac. + Cab. Loss; Over limit dB = Measured Level- Limit Line





### 5.6. Power line conducted emissions

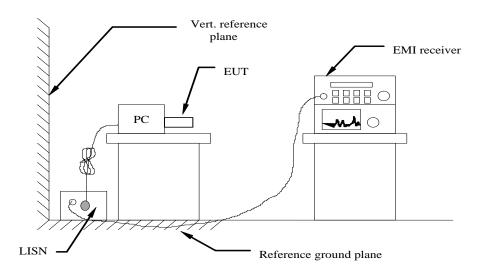
## 5.6.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range	Limits (dBµV)				
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*			
0.50 to 5	56	46			
5 to 30	60	50			

<sup>\*</sup> Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

## 5.6.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup

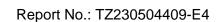


### 5.6.3 Test Results

PASS.

Temperature	24.4℃	Humidity	55.2%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

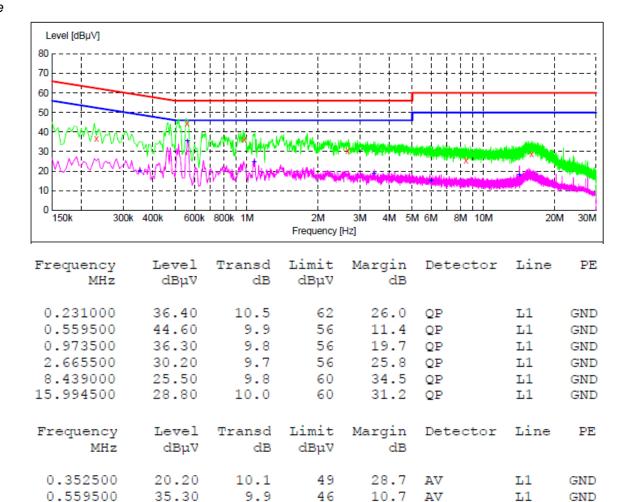
The test data please refer to following page.





### Note: The worst result for 802.11a mode Ant1 Low Channel

#### Live



46

46

50

50

21.4

27.1

35.0

32.1

ΑV

ΑV

ΑV

ΑV

ь1

ь1

ь1

L1

GND

GND

GND

GND

### Note:

1). Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report

9.8

9.7

9.8

9.8

2). Emission level (dBuV) = 20 log Emission level (uV).

24.60

18.90

15.00

17.90

3). Margin=Limit-Level

1.072500

3.453000

6.004500

14.176500



PΕ

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

GND

Line

Ν

Ν

Ν

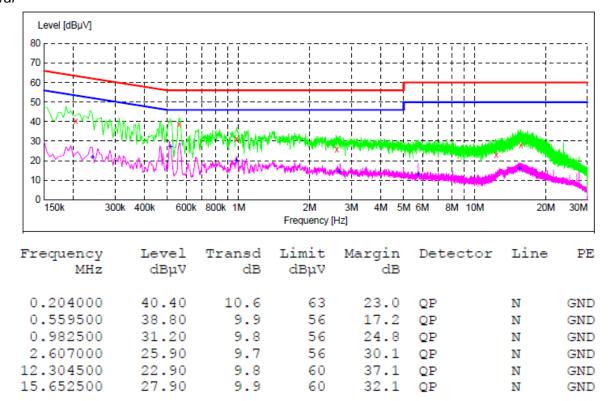
Ν

Ν

Ν







Limit

dBuV

52

46

46

46

50

50

Margin

dB

30.4

18.8

25.8

31.7

36.9

34.2

Detector

ΑV

ΑV

ΑV

ΑV

ΑV

ΑV

ΛI	$\triangle$	•

1). Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report

Transd

dB

10.5

9.9

9.8

9.7

9.8

9.9

2). Emission level (dBuV) = 20 log Emission level (uV).

Level

dBμV

21.70

27.20

20.20

14.30

13.10

15.80

3). Margin=Limit-Level

Frequency

0.240000

0.514500

0.978000

2.665500

5.761500

15.373500

MHz



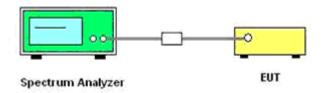
## 5.7 Undesirable Emissions Measurement

### 5.7.1 LIMIT

According to  $\xi$ 15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (a) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (b) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (c) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
- (d) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
- (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
- (ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.
- (e) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (f) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.
- (g) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (h) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

#### 5.7.2 TEST CONFIGURATION



#### 5.7.3 TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Section G: Unwanted Emission Measurement

- 1. Unwanted Emissions in the Restricted Bands
- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, measurements performed using the peak and average measurement procedures described in sections II.G.5. and II.G.6, respectively, must satisfy the respective peak and average limits. If all peak measurements satisfy the average limit, then average measurements are not required.
- d) For conducted measurements above 1000 MHz, EIRP shall be computed as specified in section II.G.3.b) and then field strength shall be computed as follows (see KDB Publication 412172):
  - i)  $E[dB\mu V/m] = EIRP[dBm] 20 log (d[meters]) + 104.77$ , where E = field strength and d = distance at which field strength limit is specified in the rules;
  - ii)  $E[dB\mu V/m] = EIRP[dBm] + 95.2$ , for d = 3 meters
- e) For conducted measurements below 1000 MHz, the field strength shall be computed as specified in d), above, and then an additional 4.7 dB shall be added as an upper bound on the field strength that



would be observed on a test range with a ground plane for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, or an additional 6 dB shall be added for frequencies below 30 MHz.

- 2. Unwanted Emissions that fall Outside of the Restricted Bands
- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, use the procedure for maximum emissions described in section II.G.5., "Procedure for Unwanted Maximum Unwanted Emissions Measurements Above 1000 MHz."
- d) Section 15.407(b) (1-3) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-1 and 2 bands. As specified, emissions above 1000 MHz that are outside of the restricted bands are subject to a peak emission limit of -27 dBm/MHz. However, an out-of-band emission that complies with both the average and peak limits of Section 15.209 is not required to satisfy the -27 dBm/MHz dBm/MHz peak emission limit.
- i) Section 15.407(b) (4) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-3 band. A band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (i). An alternative to the band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (ii). The alternative limits are based on the highest antenna gain specified in the filing. There are also marketing and importation restrictions for the alternative limit.
- e) If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:
- i)  $EIRP = ((E \times d)^2) / 30$

Where:

- E is the field strength in V/m;
- d is the measurement distance in meters;
- EIRP is the equivalent isotopically radiated power in watts;
- ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to: EIRP [dBm] = E [dB\u03c4V/m] + 20 log (d [meters]) - 104.77
- iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:

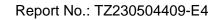
 $EIRP [dBm] = E [dB\mu V/m] - 95.23$ 

3) Radiated versus Conducted Measurements.

The unwanted emission limits in both the restricted and non-restricted bands are based on radiated measurements; however, as an alternative, antenna-port conducted measurements in conjunction with cabinet emissions tests will be permitted to demonstrate compliance provided that the following steps are performed:

- (i) Cabinet emissions measurements. A radiated test shall be performed to ensure that cabinet emissions are below the emission limits. For the cabinet-emission measurements the antenna may be replaced by a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna.
- (ii) Impedance matching. Conducted tests shall be performed using equipment that matches the nominal impedance of the antenna assembly used with the EUT.
- (iii) EIRP calculation. A value representative of an upper bound on out-of-band antenna gain (in dBi) shall be added to the measured antenna-port conducted emission power to compute EIRP within the specified measurement bandwidth. (For emissions in the restricted bands, additional calculations are required to convert EIRP to field strength at the specified distance.) The upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands or 2 dBi, whichever is greater.³ However, for devices that operate in multiple bands using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest to the out-of-band frequency being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when measuring emissions at frequencies within 20% of the absolute frequency at the nearest edge of that band, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be selected.
- (iv) EIRP adjustments for multiple outputs. For devices with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band (e.g., MIMO or beamforming devices), compute the total EIRP as follows:
  - Compute EIRP for each output, as described in (iii), above.
  - Follow the procedures specified in KDB Publication 662911 for summing emissions across the outputs or adjusting emission levels measured on individual outputs by 10 log (N<sub>ANT</sub>), where N<sub>ANT</sub> is the number of outputs.
  - Add the array gain term specified in KDB Publication 662911 for out-of-band and spurious signals.
- (v) Direction of maximum emission.

For all radiated emissions tests, measurements shall correspond to the direction of maximum emission level for each measured emission (see ANSI C63.10 for guidance).

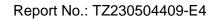




Temperature	25.5℃	Humidity	55%
Test Engineer	Anna Hu	Configurations	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

Mode	ChName	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result  Level  (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
		4500	54.08	29.19	30.13	10.65	63.79	68.2	4.41	Peak	Horizontal
		4500	38.92	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.63	54	5.37	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		4500	54.03	29.19	30.13	10.65	63.74	68.2	4.46	Peak	Vertical
	1	4500	39.14	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.85	54	5.15	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	Low	5150	53.23	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.7	68.2	4.5	Peak	Horizontal
		5150	27.19	29.15	29.63	10.95	37.66	54	16.34	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5150	54.05	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.52	68.2	3.68	Peak	Vertical
11ASISO		5150	27.82	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.29	54	15.71	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
TIASISO		5350	56.48	29.19	30.13	10.65	66.19	68.2	2.01	Peak	Horizontal
		5350	40.87	29.19	30.13	10.65	50.58	54	3.42	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5350	55.93	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.64	68.2	2.56	Peak	Vertical
	High	5350	39.34	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.05	54	4.95	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	піgп	5460	55.28	29.15	29.63	10.95	65.75	68.2	2.45	Peak	Horizontal
		5460	28.98	29.15	29.63	10.95	39.45	54	14.55	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5460	52.24	29.15	29.63	10.95	62.71	68.2	5.49	Peak	Vertical
		5460	26.4	29.15	29.63	10.95	36.87	54	17.13	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical

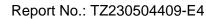
Mode	ChName	Freq	Read Level	Antenna Factor	PRM	Cable	Result	Limit	Margin	Detector	Polarization
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB/m)	Factor	Loss	Level		(dB)		
					(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)			
		4500	53.74	29.19	30.13	10.65	63.45	68.2	4.75	Peak	Horizontal
		4500	39.41	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.12	54	4.88	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		4500	53.94	29.19	30.13	10.65	63.65	68.2	4.55	Peak	Vertical
		4500	39.11	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.82	54	5.18	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	Low	5150	53.71	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.18	68.2	4.02	Peak	Horizontal
		5150	28.2	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.67	54	15.33	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5150	53.84	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.31	68.2	3.89	Peak	Vertical
11N20		5150	27.77	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.24	54	15.76	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
MIMO		5350	56.18	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.89	68.2	2.31	Peak	Horizontal
		5350	40.9	29.19	30.13	10.65	50.61	54	3.39	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5350	55.93	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.64	68.2	2.56	Peak	Vertical
	Himb	5350	39.76	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.47	54	4.53	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	High	5460	55.1	29.15	29.63	10.95	65.57	68.2	2.63	Peak	Horizontal
		5460	30.8	29.15	29.63	10.95	41.27	54	12.73	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5460	52.57	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.04	68.2	5.16	Peak	Vertical
		5460	27.34	29.15	29.63	10.95	37.81	54	16.19	AV[1]	Vertical





Mode	ChName	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result  Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
		4500	54.53	29.19	30.13	10.65	64.24	68.2	3.96	Peak	Horizontal
		4500	38.54	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.25	54	5.75	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		4500	54.73	29.19	30.13	10.65	64.44	68.2	3.76	Peak	Vertical
	Low	4500	38.73	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.44	54	5.56	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	LOW	5150	53.75	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.22	68.2	3.98	Peak	Horizontal
		5150	27.43	29.15	29.63	10.95	37.9	54	16.1	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5150	53.58	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.05	68.2	4.15	Peak	Vertical
11N40		5150	26.11	29.15	29.63	10.95	36.58	54	17.42	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
MIMO		5350	56.38	29.19	30.13	10.65	66.09	68.2	2.11	Peak	Horizontal
		5350	40.38	29.19	30.13	10.65	50.09	54	3.91	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5350	56.03	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.74	68.2	2.46	Peak	Vertical
	High	5350	39.93	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.64	54	4.36	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	riigii	5460	54.82	29.15	29.63	10.95	65.29	68.2	2.91	Peak	Horizontal
		5460	29.8	29.15	29.63	10.95	40.27	54	13.73	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5460	52.39	29.15	29.63	10.95	62.86	68.2	5.34	Peak	Vertical
		5460	28.25	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.72	54	15.28	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical

Mode	ChName	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor	Cable	Result Level	Limit	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
		, ,	` ` ` `	(d	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)			
		4500	54.1	29.19	30.13	10.65	63.81	68.2	4.39	Peak	Horizontal
		4500	38.92	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.63	54	5.37	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		4500	54.45	29.19	30.13	10.65	64.16	68.2	4.04	Peak	Vertical
	Low	4500	39.33	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.04	54	4.96	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	Low	5150	53.68	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.15	68.2	4.05	Peak	Horizontal
		5150	28.45	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.92	54	15.08	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5150	53.97	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.44	68.2	3.76	Peak	Vertical
11AC20		5150	25.17	29.15	29.63	10.95	35.64	54	18.36	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
MIMO		5350	56.1	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.81	68.2	2.39	Peak	Horizontal
		5350	40.55	29.19	30.13	10.65	50.26	54	3.74	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5350	55.84	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.55	68.2	2.65	Peak	Vertical
	∐iah	5350	39.41	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.12	54	4.88	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	High	5460	54.97	29.15	29.63	10.95	65.44	68.2	2.76	Peak	Horizontal
		5460	30.32	29.15	29.63	10.95	40.79	54	13.21	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5460	52.96	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.43	68.2	4.77	Peak	Vertical
		5460	27.72	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.19	54	15.81	AV[1]	Vertical





Mode	ChName	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
		4500	53.96	29.19	30.13	10.65	63.67	68.2	4.53	Peak	Horizontal
		4500	39.3	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.01	54	4.99	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		4500	54.35	29.19	30.13	10.65	64.06	68.2	4.14	Peak	Vertical
	Low	4500	39.5	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.21	54	4.79	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	LOW	5150	53.25	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.72	68.2	4.48	Peak	Horizontal
		5150	26.72	29.15	29.63	10.95	37.19	54	16.81	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5150	53.51	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.98	68.2	4.22	Peak	Vertical
11AC40		5150	26.65	29.15	29.63	10.95	37.12	54	16.88	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
MIMO		5350	56.21	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.92	68.2	2.28	Peak	Horizontal
		5350	40.54	29.19	30.13	10.65	50.25	54	3.75	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5350	56.06	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.77	68.2	2.43	Peak	Vertical
	∐iah	5350	39.42	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.13	54	4.87	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	High	5460	54.76	29.15	29.63	10.95	65.23	68.2	2.97	Peak	Horizontal
		5460	29.81	29.15	29.63	10.95	40.28	54	13.72	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5460	52.82	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.29	68.2	4.91	Peak	Vertical
		5460	28.56	29.15	29.63	10.95	39.03	54	14.97	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical

Mode	ChName	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBµV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor	Cable	Result Level	Limit	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
			(-   )	(* * )	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)			
		4500	54.54	29.19	30.13	10.65	64.25	68.2	3.95	Peak	Horizontal
		4500	38.55	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.26	54	5.74	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		4500	54.7	29.19	30.13	10.65	64.41	68.2	3.79	Peak	Vertical
	Low	4500	38.93	29.19	30.13	10.65	48.64	54	5.36	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	LOW	5150	53.15	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.62	68.2	4.58	Peak	Horizontal
		5150	25.37	29.15	29.63	10.95	35.84	54	18.16	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5150	54.02	29.15	29.63	10.95	64.49	68.2	3.71	Peak	Vertical
11AC80		5150	27.75	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.22	54	15.78	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
MIMO		5350	56.53	29.19	30.13	10.65	66.24	68.2	1.96	Peak	Horizontal
		5350	40.73	29.19	30.13	10.65	50.44	54	3.56	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5350	55.88	29.19	30.13	10.65	65.59	68.2	2.61	Peak	Vertical
	∐iah	5350	39.44	29.19	30.13	10.65	49.15	54	4.85	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical
	High -	5460	55.11	29.15	29.63	10.95	65.58	68.2	2.62	Peak	Horizontal
		5460	28.11	29.15	29.63	10.95	38.58	54	15.42	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Horizontal
		5460	53.2	29.15	29.63	10.95	63.67	68.2	4.53	Peak	Vertical
		5460	28.66	29.15	29.63	10.95	39.13	54	14.87	AV <sup>[1]</sup>	Vertical

### Remark:

- 1. Measured Undesirable emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
- 2. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40, IEEE 802.11ac VHT20, IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 and IEEE 802.11ac VHT80;
- 3. Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor PRM + Cable Loss
- 4. Margin= Limit Result Level



## 5.8. Antenna Requirements

## 5.8.1. Standard Applicable

#### For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

#### 5.8.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The directional gains of antenna refer to section 1.1, and the antenna is an internal antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

5.8.3. Results: Compliance.



## 5.9. Frequency Stability

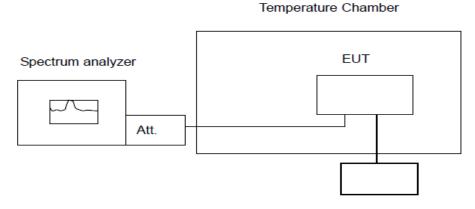
#### 5.9.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC §15.407(g) "Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user manual."

According to FCC §2.1055(a) "The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:"

- (1) From −30° to + 50° centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.
- (2) From -20° to + 50° centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Maritime Services under part 80 of this chapter, except for Class A, B, and S Emergency Position Indicating Radiobeacons (EPIRBS), and equipment to be licensed for use above 952 MHz at operational fixed stations in all services, stations in the Local Television Transmission Service and Point-to-Point Microwave Radio Service under part 21 of this chapter, equipment licensed for use aboard aircraft in the Aviation Services under part 87 of this chapter, and equipment authorized for use in the Family Radio Service under part 95 of this chapter.
- (3) From 0° to + 50° centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Radio Broadcast Services under part 73 of this chapter.

#### 5.9.2 Test Configuration



Variable Power Supply

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low engouh to obtain the desired frequency resoluation and measure EUT 20 degree operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -30 degree. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10 degree increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50 degree reached.

#### 5.9.4 Test Results

#### **PASS**

#### Remark:

- 1. Measured all conditions and recorded worst case.
- 2. Please refer to Appendix E of Appendix Test Data for RLAN(5.2G);



# 6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	MXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9020A	MY52091623	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY5365004	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
3	Power Meter	Agilent	U2531A	TW53323507	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
4	Loop Antenna	schwarzbeck	FMZB1519B	00023	2022/11/13	2025/11/12
5	Wideband Antenna	schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	958	2022/11/13	2025/11/12
6	Horn Antenna	schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	01989	2022/11/13	2025/11/12
7	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100849/003	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
8	Controller	MF	MF7802	N/A	N/A	N/A
9	Amplifier	schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	209	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
10	Amplifier	Tonscend	TSAMP-0518SE		2022/12/28	2023/12/27
11	RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	N/A	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
12	RF Cable(above 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	N/A	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
12	Artificial Mains	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ENV 216	101333-IP	2022/12/28	2023/12/27
14	EMI Test Software	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESK1	V1.71	N/A	N/A
15	RE test software	Tonscend	JS32-RE	V2.0.2.0	N/A	N/A
16	Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-3	V2.5.77.0418	N/A	N/A
17	Horn Antenna	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	J211020657	2022/10/12	2024/10/11
18	Amplifier	CDSA	PAP-1840	17021	2022/10/10	2023/10/09
19	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP40	100550	2023/1/10	2024/1/9



## 7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

## 8. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

## 9. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.
THE END OF REPORT