ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992



in accordance with the requirements of

FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62, and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C

TEST REPORT

For

TATUNG COMPANY

TABLET PC

Model: TTAB-B12D

Trade Name: HTC

Prepared for

TATUNG COMPANY 22 Chungshan N. Rd., 3 Sec. Taipei ,Taiwan ,10451 R.O.C.

Prepared by

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Dates of Tests: February 10, 2004

TATUNG COMPANY

Applicant: 22 Chungshan N. Rd., 3 Sec.

Taipei, Taiwan ,10451 R.O.C.

Model Number: TTAB-B12D

FCC ID: BJM-TTABB12DBG

Device Category: PORTABLE DEVICES

Exposure Category: GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

Test Sample is a: Production unit

Modulation type: 802.11b

Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum

802.11g

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing

(OFDM)

Tx Frequency: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz

Max. O/P Power: 17.74dBm

(Conducted/Peak)

Max. SAR (1g): 0.876 W/kg
Application Type: Certification

FCC Rule Part(s): 15C

Note: This Report is only applicable for 802.11b/g.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (released on 6/29/2001 see Test Report).

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Approved by: Reviewed by:

Jonson Lee / Director Compliance Certification Services Inc. James Lee / Senior engineer Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Tomes Lee

FFF 233



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1. EUT DESCRIPTION

TATUNG COMPANY

Applicant: 22 Chungshan N. Rd., 3 Sec.

Taipei, Taiwan ,10451 R.O.C.

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15C **FCC Rule Part(s):**

Metal PIFA Ant. **Antennas:**





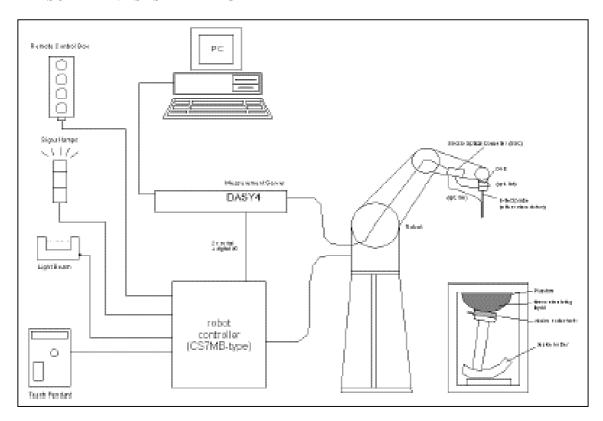
2. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6]. According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

3. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6-SN: 1762 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and EN50361.

3.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (St aubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.

3.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

DASY4 Measurement Server



The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 166MHz low-power Pentium, 32MB chip disk and 64MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE3 electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY4 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.

The PC-operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with two expansion slots which are reserved for future applications. Please note that the expansion slots do not have a standardized pinout and therefore only the expansion cards provided by SPEAG can be inserted. Expansion cards from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server. Calibration: No calibration required.

Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gainswitching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



ET3DV6 Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system (ET3DV6 only)

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)

Calibration: Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-2500 MHz.

Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800

CF-Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request.

Frequency: 10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz) Directivity:

 \pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Optical Surface

Dimensions:

Dynamic Range: $2 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

Detection: ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over

> diffuse reflecting surfaces (ET3DV6 only) Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetric measurements up to 3 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

(ET3DV6)



Interior of probe



E-Field probe



SAM Phantom (V4.0)

Construction: The shell corresponds to the specifications of the

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness: $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions: Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width:

500mm



Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

Construction: In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0 or Twin SAM, the

Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



System Validation Kits

Construction: Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint

impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain

simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor.

Frequency: 450, 900, 1800, 2450, 5800 MHz

Return loss: > 20 dB at specified validation position

 $\textbf{Power capability:} \ > 100 \ W \ (f < 1 GHz); > 40 \ W \ (f > 1 GHz)$

Dimensions: 450V2: dipole length: 270 mm; overall height: 330 mm

D900V2: dipole length: 149 mm; overall height: 330 mm D1800V2: dipole length: 72 mm; overall height: 300 mm

D2450V2: dipole length: 51.5 mm; overall height: 300 mm D5GHzV2: dipole

length: 25.5 mm; overall height: 290 mm





4. EVALUATION PROCEDURES **DATA EVALUATION**

The DASY4 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

> Probe parameters: - Sensitivity $Norm_i$, a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}

> > - Conversion factor $ConvF_i$ dcp_i

- Diode compression point

Device parameters: - Frequency f

> - Crest factor cf

Media parameters: - Conductivity σ

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DCtransmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

 V_i = Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

= Input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

= Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \bullet ConvF}}$$

 $H_i = \sqrt{Vi} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$ H-field probes:

= Compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)with

> $Norm_i$ = Sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

> > $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E0field Probes

ConvF = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

= Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij

f = Carrier frequency (GHz)

Ei= Electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = Magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m



The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

• Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Date of Issue: February 03, 2004

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. The scan area is defined by an editable grid. This grid is anchored at the grid reference point of the selected section in the phantom. When the area scan's property sheet is brought-up, grid was at to **10 mm by 10 mm** and can be edited by a user.

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default zoom scan measures **5x5x7** points within a cube whose base faces are centered around the maximum found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. If the preceding Area Scan job indicates more then one maximum, the number of Zoom Scans has to be enlarged accordingly (The default number inserted is 1).

• Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have DASY4 software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

• Z-Scan

The Z Scan job measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. A user can anchor the grid to the current probe location. As with any other grids, the local Z-axis of the anchor location establishes the Z-axis of the grid.



5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| Un | CERTAINTY B | UDGE ACCORI | OING TO IE | EEE P152 | 8 | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Error Description | Uncertainty Value ±% | Probability distribution | Divisor | C ₁ 1g | Standard unc.(1g) ±% | V ₁ or V _{eff} |
| Measurement System | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ±4.8 | normal | 1 | 1 | ±4.8 | |
| Axial isotropy of probe | ±4.6 | rectangular | 3 | $(1-Cp)^{1/2}$ | ±1.9 | |
| Sph. Isotropy of probe | ±9.7 | rectangular | 3 | $(Cp)^{1/2}$ | ±3.9 | |
| Probe linearity | ±4.5 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±2.7 | |
| Detection Limit | ±0.9 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±0.6 | |
| Boundary effects | ±8.5 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±4.8 | |
| Readoutelectronics | ±1.0 | normal | 1 | 1 | ±1.0 | |
| Response time | ±0.9 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±0.5 | |
| Integration time | ±1.2 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±0.8 | |
| Mech Constrains of robot | ±0.5 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±0.2 | |
| Probe positioning | ±2.7 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±1.7 | |
| Extrap. And integration | ±4.0 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±2.3 | |
| RF ambient conditiona | ±0.54 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±0.43 | |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | |
| Device positioning | ±2.2 | normal | 1 | 1 | ±2.23 | 11 |
| Device holder uncertainty | ±5 | normal | 1 | 1 | ±5.0 | 7 |
| Power drift | ±5 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±2.9 | |
| Phantom and Set up | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty | ±4 | rectangular | 3 | 1 | ±2.3 | |
| Liquid conductivity | ±5 | rectangular | 3 | 0.6 | ±1.7 | |
| Liquid conductivity | ±5 | rectangular | 3 | 0.6 | ±3.5/1.7 | |
| Liquid permittivity | ±5 | rectangular | 3 | 0.6 | ±1.7 | |
| Liquid permittivity | ±5 | rectangular | 3 | 0.6 | ±1.7 | |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | ±12.14/11.76 | |
| Coverage Factor for 95% | | kp=2 | | | | |
| Expanded Standard Uncertainty | | | | | ±24.29/23.51 | |

Table: Worst-case uncertainty for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE P1528.

The budge is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz to 3G Hz and represents a worst-case analysis.

Date of Issue: February 03, 2004

6. EXPOSURE LIMIT

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles Whole-Body

0.4 8.0 2.0

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Partial-Body Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles Whole-Body

0.08 1.6

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any

1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the

shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE PARTIAL BODY LIMIT 1.6 W/kg

7. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

7.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. The system performance check results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an E-fileld probe ET3DV6 SN: 1762 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy= 7.5 mm, dz= 3 mm).
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3.0 mm.
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR values

The reference SAR values were using measurement results indicated in the dipole calibration document (see table below)

| Frequency (MHz) | 1g SAR | 10g SAR | Local SAR at Surface (Above Feed Point) | Local SAR at Surface (y = 2cm offset from feed point) |
|-----------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| 900 | 10.3 | 6.57 | 16.4 | 5.4 |
| 1800 | 38.2 | 20.3 | 69.5 | 6.8 |
| 2450 | 54.8 | 24.2 | 104.2 | 7.7 |

SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

Dipole: D2450V2 SN: 728 Date: February 10, 2004

Ambient condition: Temperature 24.5°C; Relative humidity: 57%

| Head | Head Simulating Liquid | | | Target | Measured | Deviation[%] | Limited[%] | |
|---------|------------------------|------------|---------------|--------|----------|--------------|------------|--|
| f(MHz) | Temp. [°C] | Depth [cm] | Parameters | Target | Measured | Deviation[%] | Limited[%] | |
| | 23.60 | 15.00 | Permitivity: | 39.20 | 38.87 | -0.84 | ± 5 | |
| 2450.00 | | | Conductivity: | 1.80 | 1.83 | 1.67 | ± 5 | |
| | | | 1g SAR: | 54.80 | 54.80 | 0.00 | ± 5 | |



7.2 TEST LIQUID CONFIRMATION

SIMULATING LIQUIDS PARAMETER CHECK

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below. 5% may not be easily achieved at certain frequencies. Under such circumstances, 10% tolerance may be used until more precise tissue recipes are available

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 RECOMMENDED TISSUE DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

| Target Frequency | Не | ead | Во | ody |
|------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| (MHz) | $\epsilon_{ m r}$ | σ (S/m) | $\epsilon_{ m r}$ | σ (S/m) |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 61.9 | 0.80 |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 58.2 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 56.7 | 0.94 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 55.2 | 0.97 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 55.0 | 1.05 |
| 915 | 41.5 | 0.98 | 55.0 | 1.06 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 54.0 | 1.30 |
| 1610 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 53.8 | 1.40 |
| 1800-2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 45.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 |

SIMULATING LIQUIDS PARAMETER CHECK RESULTS

Ambient condition: Temperature: 24.5°C; Relative humidity: 57% **Date:** February 10, 2004

| Body Simulating Liquid | | | Parameters | Target | Measured | Deviation[%] | Limited[%] | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|---------------|--------|----------|--------------|------------|--|
| f (MHz) | Temp. [°C] | Depth (cm) | Farameters | Target | Measured | Deviation[%] | Limited[%] | |
| 2450.00 | 22.60 | 15.00 | Permitivity: | 52.70 | 51.20 | -2.85 | ± 5 | |
| | 23.60 | 15.00 | Conductivity: | 1.95 | 1.98 | 1.54 | ± 5 | |



7.3 EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURES

The following procedure had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

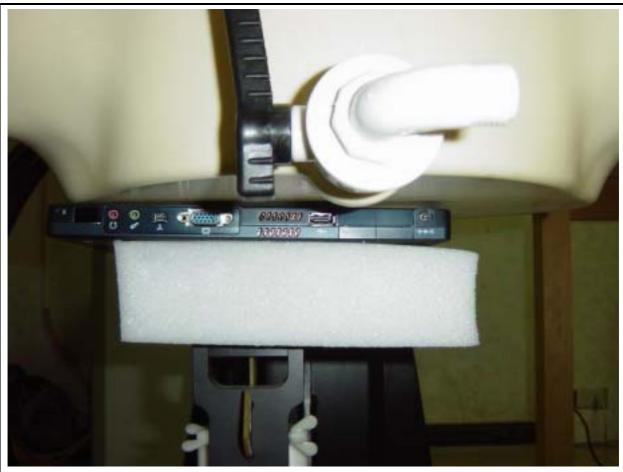
- The client supplied a special driver to program the EUT, allowing it to continually transmit the specified maximum power and change the channel frequency.
- The conducted power was measured at the high, middle and low channel frequency before and after the SAR measurement.
- o The output power(dBm) we measured before SAR test in different transition rate and channel

IEEE802.11b:

| EEE002,110. | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rate CH | 1M | 2M | 5.5M | 11M | | | | | |
| 1 | 17.41 | 17.52 | 17.64 | 17.74 | | | | | |
| 6 | 17.13 | 17.23 | 17.32 | 17.42 | | | | | |
| 11 | 16.41 | 16.52 | 16.51 | 16.61 | | | | | |

7.4 SAR MEASUREMENTS RESULTS

EUT Setup Configuration 1



802.11b (DSSS): Duty Cycle =100 %, Crest Factor: 1.

| Depth | of lie | mid. | 15 0 | cm |
|-------|--------|-------|------|------|
| Debin | OI IIC | iuia: | 15.0 | CIII |

| | ~~~, | -) | , , , | | | | | |
|-----------|---------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|-------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Sep. [mm] | Antenna | ntenna Channel | Frequency | *Conducted Power_dBm | | Liquid Temp | SAR | Limit |
| | | | [MHz] | Before | After | [°C] | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| 0 | Main | 1 | 2412 | | | | | 1.6 |
| 0 | Main | 6 | 2437 | 17.41 | 17.39 | 23.6 | 0.104 | 1.6 |
| 0 | Main | 11 | 2462 | | | | | 1.6 |

- 1. *: Peak power.
- 2. Bottom face in parallel with flat phantom.
- 3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



802.11b (DSSS): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Factor: 1.

Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

| Sep. [mm] | Antenna | ntenna Channel | Frequency [MHz] | *Conducted | Power_dBm | Liquid Temp [°C] | G.L.D. | Limit (W/kg) |
|-----------|---------|----------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | | Before | After | | SAR (W/kg) | |
| | | | | Before | After | | | |
| 0 | Aux | 1 | 2412 | | | | | 1.6 |
| 0 | Aux | 6 | 2437 | 17.39 | 17.37 | 23.6 | 0.036 | 1.6 |
| 0 | Aux | 11 | 2462 | | | | | 1.6 |

- 1. *: Peak power.
- 2. Bottom face in parallel with flat phantom.
- 3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



802.11b (DSSS): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Factor: 1. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

| 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------|----------------|--------|--------|--|
| Sep. [mm] | Antenna | Channel | Frequency | Frequency *Conducted Power_dB | | Liquid Temp | SAR | Limit | |
| | Antonia | Chamici | [MHz] | Before | After | [°C] | (W/kg) | (W/kg) | |
| 0 | Main | 1 | 2412 | 17.71 | 17.69 | 23.6 | 0.839 | 1.6 | |
| 0 | Main | 6 | 2437 | 17.40 | 17.37 | 23.6 | 0.692 | 1.6 | |
| 0 | Main | 11 | 2462 | 16.59 | 16.57 | 23.6 | 0.587 | 1.6 | |

- 1. *: Peak power.
- 2. Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.
- 3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



| 302.11b (DSSS): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Factor: 1. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Δntenna | Antenna Channel | Frequency [MHz] | *Conducted | *Conducted Power_dBm | | SAR | Limit | | |
| Antoma | | | Before | After | [°C] | (W/kg) | (W/kg) | | |
| Aux | 1 | 2412 | 17.74 | 17.72 | 23.6 | 0.876 | 1.6 | | |
| Aux | 6 | 2437 | 17.42 | 17.40 | 23.6 | 0.452 | 1.6 | | |
| Aux | 11 | 2462 | 16.61 | 16.58 | 23.6 | 0.344 | 1.6 | | |
| FDM): Duty | Cycle = 10 | 00 %, Crest Facto | r: 1. | | Depth o | of liquid: 15.0 |) cm | | |
| Amtonno | Channal | Frequency | *Conducted | Power_dBm | Liquid | SAR | Limit | | |
| Antenna | Intenna Channel | [MHz] | Before | After | [°C] | (W/kg) | (W/kg) | | |
| Aux | 1 | 2412 | 12.96 | 12.94 | 23.6 | 0.229 | 1.6 | | |
| | Antenna Aux Aux Aux PFDM): Duty Antenna | Antenna Channel Aux 1 Aux 6 Aux 11 PFDM): Duty Cycle = 10 Antenna Channel | Antenna Channel Frequency [MHz] Aux 1 2412 Aux 6 2437 Aux 11 2462 0FDM): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Facto Frequency [MHz] | Antenna Channel Frequency [MHz] *Conducted Before Aux 1 2412 17.74 Aux 6 2437 17.42 Aux 11 2462 16.61 0FDM): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Factor: 1. *Conducted Information Frequency [MHz] *Conducted Information Frequency [MHz] | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |

12.68

12.00

12.66

11.98

23.6

23.6

0.179

0.149

1.6

1.6

Notes:

0

1. *: Peak power.

Aux Aux

2. Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.

6

11

2437

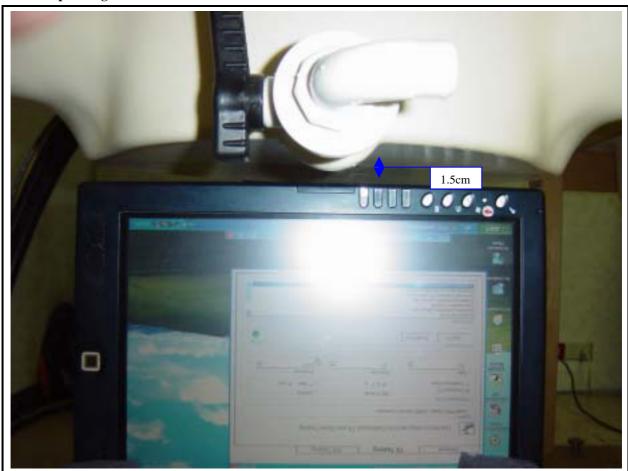
2462

3. See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



| Sep. [mm] | Antenna Channel | Channel | Frequency | *Conducted Power_dBm | | Liquid Temp | SAR | Limit |
|--------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|-------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Sep. [illin] | Antenna | Chamici | [MHz] | Before | After | [°C] | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| 15 | Main | 1 | 2412 | | -1 | - | | 1.6 |
| 15 | Main | 6 | 2437 | 17.41 | 17.39 | 23.6 | 0.041 | 1.6 |
| 15 | Main | 11 | 2462 | | | | | 1.6 |

- 1. *: Peak power.
- 2. Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.
- $3. \quad \text{See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.} \\$



802.11b (DSSS): Duty Cycle = 100 %, Crest Factor: 1. Depth of liquid: 15.0 cm

| Sep. [mm] Ai | Antenna Channel | Frequency | *Conducted Power_dBm | | Liquid Temp | SAR | Limit | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------|--------|----------------|------|--------|--------|
| Sep. [illin] | Antenna | Chamici | [MHz] | Before | After | [°C] | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| 15 | Aux | 1 | 2412 | | 1 | | - | 1.6 |
| 15 | Aux | 6 | 2437 | 17.39 | 17.37 | 23.6 | 0.055 | 1.6 |
| 15 | Aux | 11 | 2462 | | | | | 1.6 |

- 1. *: Peak power.
- 2. Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.
- $3. \quad \text{See attachment for the result presentation in plot format.} \\$

8. EUT PHOTOS







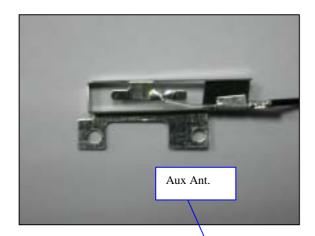


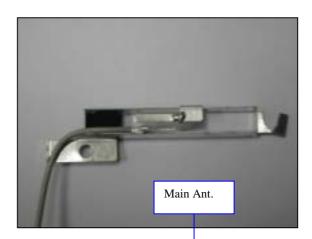
















9. EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION STATUS

| Name of Equipment | Manufacturer | Type/Model | Serial Number | Calibration Due |
|---|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| S-Parameter Network Analyzer | Agilent | E8358A | US40280243 | 03/24/04 |
| Electronic Probe kit | Hewlett Packard | 85070D | N/A | N/A |
| Power Meter | Boonton | 4531 | 13061 | 07/13/04 |
| Power Sensor | Boonton | 56218 | 2240 | 07/13/04 |
| Power Meter | Agilent | E4416A | GB41291611 | 03/15/04 |
| Power Sensor | Agilent | E9327A | US40441097 | 03/15/04 |
| Thermometer | Amarell | 4046 | 24775 | 10/10/13 |
| Thermometer | Amarell | 4046 | 23641 | 12/12/12 |
| Universal Radio Communication Tester | Rohde & Schwarz | CMU 200 | 1100.0008.02 | N/A |
| Signal Generator | Agilent | E8257C | US542340383 | 04/22/04 |
| Amplifier | Mini-Circuit | ZHL-1724HLN | N/A | N/A |
| DC Power generator | ABM | 8301HD | | N/A |
| Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE) | SPEAG | DAE3 | 558 | 03/07/04 |
| Dosimetric E-Field Probe | SPEAG | ET3DV6 | 1762 | 03/31/04 |
| 900 MHz System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D900V2 | 179 | 03/31/04 |
| 1800 MHz System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D1800V2 | 2d026 | 04/01/04 |
| 2450 MHz System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 728 | 03/05/04 |
| Probe Alignment Unit | SPEAG | LB (V2) | 348 | N/A |
| Robot | Staubli | RX90B L | F02/5T69A1/A/01 | N/A |
| SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 | SPEAG | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Devices Holder | SPEAG | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Head 835 MHz | CCS | H835A | N/A | N/A |
| Muscle 835 MHz | CCS | M835A | N/A | N/A |
| Head 900 MHz | CCS | H900A | N/A | N/A |
| Muscle 900 MHz | CCS | M900A | N/A | N/A |
| Head 1800 MHz | CCS | H1800A | N/A | N/A |
| Muscle 1800 MHz | CCS | M1800A | N/A | N/A |
| Head 1900 MHz | CCS | H1900A | N/A | N/A |
| Muscle 1900 MHz | CCS | M1900A | N/A | N/A |
| Head 2450 MHz | CCS | H2450A | N/A | N/A |
| Muscle 2450 MHz | CCS | M2450A | N/A | N/A |

10. FACILITIES

| PERFECTION OF COMMENTS OF COMM |
|--|
| No. 199, Chunghsen Road, Hsintien City, Taipei Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. |
| Tip, No. 181, Sec. 1, Tatung Rd, Hsijr City, Taipei Hsien, (221) Taiwan. |
| No. 81-1, Lane 210, Bade Rd. 2, Luchu Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. |
| All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at |

11. REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, \Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environ-mental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.
- [2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O_ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.
- [3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, \Automated E-_eld scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105{113, Jan. 1996.
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- [6] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
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- [8] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, \E-_eld probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23{25 June, 1996, pp. 172{175.
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- [14] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, \Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results", Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 10



12. ATTACHMENTS

| Exhibit | Content |
|---------|---|
| 1 | Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)-DAE3, S/N: 558 |
| 2 | Dosimetric E-Field Probe - ET3DV6, S/N: 1762 |
| 3 | Validation Dipole - D2450V2, S/N: 728 |
| 4 | System Performance Check Plots |
| 5 | SAR Test Plots |

END OF REPORT

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

| CALIBRATION C | ERTIFICAT | E | ALC: A MARKET LANGE |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Object(s) | DAE3 - SN:558 | | |
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-06.v2 Calibration proc | cedure for the data acquisi | ition unit (DAE) |
| Calibration date: | March 07, 2003 | | |
| Condition of the calibrated item | In Tolerance (ad | ccording to the specific ca | libration document) |
| This calibration statement document 17025 international standard. | its traceability of M&TE | used in the calibration procedures and | conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC |
| All calibrations have been conducte | d in the closed laborator | ry facility: environment temperature 22 | +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%. |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&TE | critical for calibration) | | |
| Model Type | ID# | Cal Date | Scheduled Calibration |
| Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 | SN: 6295803 | 3-Sep-01 | Sep-03 |
| Ta, | | | |
| | * | | |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Eric Hainfeld | Technician | Ask. |
| Approved by: | Fin Bornholt | R&D Director | T. Bruholf |
| | | | Date issued: March 07, 2003 |

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

1. DC Voltage Measurement

DA - Converter Values from DAE

High Range: $1LSB = 6.1\mu V$, full range = 400 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = 4 mV

Software Set-up: Calibration time: 3 sec Measuring time: 3 sec

| Setup | X | Y | Z |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| High Range | 405.010098 | 404.9037428 | 405.0817835 |
| Low Range | 3.972 | 3.95185 | 3.96828 |
| Connector Position | | 86° | - |

| High Range | Input | Reading in µV | % Error |
|-------------------|-------|---------------|---------|
| Channel X + Input | 200mV | 200000 | 0.00 |
| | 20mV | 20003.4 | 0.02 |
| Channel X - Input | 20mV | -19993 | -0.04 |
| Channel Y + Input | 200mV | 200001 | 0.00 |
| | 20mV | 20002.7 | 0.01 |
| Channel Y - Input | 20mV | -19993 | -0.04 |
| Channel Z + Input | 200mV | 200000 | 0.00 |
| | 20mV | 20000.8 | 0.00 |
| Channel Z - Input | 20mV | -19997.7 | -0.01 |
| | | | |

| Low Range | Input | Reading in µV | % Error |
|-------------------|-------|---------------|---------|
| Channel X + Input | 2mV | 2000.2 | 0.01 |
| | 0.2mV | 200.04 | 0.02 |
| Channel X - Input | 0.2mV | -200.81 | 0.41 |
| Channel Y + Input | 2mV | 2000.1 | 0.00 |
| | 0.2mV | 199.47 | -0.27 |
| Channel Y - Input | 0.2mV | -201.01 | 0.50 |
| Channel Z + Input | 2mV | 1999.9 | 0.00 |
| | 0.2mV | 198.68 | -0.66 |
| Channel Z - Input | 0.2mV | -201.1 | 0.55 |
| | | | |

2. Common mode sensitivity

Software Set-up

Calibration time: High/Low Range

3 sec, Measuring time: 3 sec

| in μV | Common mode Input Voltage | High Range Reading | Low Range Reading |
|-----------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Channel X | 200mV | -1.0284 | -1.5716 |
| | - 200mV | 3.9204 | 1.3725 |
| Channel Y | 200mV | 6.7686 | 5.874 |
| | - 200mV | -6.8145 | -8.0898 |
| Channel Z | 200mV | 2.1943 | 2.766 |
| | - 200mV | -2.52 | -4.6218 |

3. Channel separation

Software Set-up

Calibration time: High Range

3 sec, Measuring time:

3 sec

| in μV | Input Voltage | Channel X | Channel Y | Channel Z |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Channel X | 200mV | | 0.88082 | 0.19177 |
| Channel Y | 200mV | 0.049124 | | 0.25676 |
| Channel Z | 200mV | -2.1226 | -0.89508 | |

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

| in LSB | Low Range | High Range |
|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Channel X | 16492 | 16236 |
| Channel Y | 16307 | 15690 |
| Channel Z | 16461 | 16033 |

5. Input Offset Measurement

Measured after 15 min warm-up time of the Data Acquisition Electronic. Every Measurement is preceded by a calibration cycle.

Software set-up:

Calibration time:

3 sec

Measuring time:

3 sec

Number of measurements: 100, Low Range

Input 10MQ

| in μV | Average | min. Offset | max. Offset | Std. Deviation |
|-----------|---------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| Channel X | -0.52 | -1.64 | 0.60 | 0.43 |
| Channel Y | -2.05 | -3.65 | 0.06 | 0.51 |
| Channel Z | -0.34 | -2.05 | 0.43 | 0.37 |

Input shorted

| in μV | Average | min. Offset | max. Offset | Std. Deviation |
|-----------|---------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| Channel X | 0.04 | -0.84 | 1.09 | 0.41 |
| Channel Y | -0.77 | -2.08 | 0.17 | 0.40 |
| Channel Z | -1.01 | -1.68 | -0.38 | 0.24 |

6. Input Offset Current

| in fA | Input Offset Current |
|-----------|----------------------|
| Channel X | < 25 |
| Channel Y | < 25 |
| Channel Z | < 25 |

7. Input Resistance

| | Calibrating | Measuring |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Channel X | 200 kΩ | 200 MΩ |
| Channel Y | 200 kΩ | 200 ΜΩ |
| Channel Z | 200 kΩ | 200 MΩ |

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage

| in V | Alarm Level |
|----------------|-------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | 7.66 V |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.53 V |

9. Power Consumption

| in mA | Switched off | Stand by | Transmitting |
|----------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | 0.000 | 5.83 | 14.1 |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.011 | -7.86 | -9.13 |

10. Functional test

| Touch async pulse 1 | ok |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Touch async pulse 2 | ok |
| Touch status bit 1 | ok |
| Touch status bit 2 | ok |
| Remote power off | ok |
| Remote analog Power control | ok |
| Modification Status | B-C |
| | |
| | |

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

C&C (Auden)

| Object(s) | ET3DV6 - SN:1782 | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-01 v2 Calibration procedu | ure for dosimetric E-field probes | 5 |
| Calibration date: | March 31, 2003 | | |
| Condition of the calibrated item | In Tolerance (acco | ording to the specific calibration | document) |
| This calibration statement document 17025 international standard. | is traceability of M&TE, used it | n the calibration procedures and conformity of the | ne procedures with the locklist |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte | d in the closed laboratory facil | n the calibration procedures and conformity of the calibration procedures are calibration procedures. | |
| 17025 international standard. | d in the closed laboratory facil | | |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE | d in the closed laboratory facili- critical for calibration) | ity: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees (| Celsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration In house check; Aug-05 |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A | d in the closed laboratory feel oritical for calibration) ID # US3642U01700 MY41495277 | Cal Date 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) | Celsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration In house check; Aug-05 Mar-03 |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A | d in the closed laboratory feels critical for calibration) ID # US3842U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 | Cel Date 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) Mar-02 18-Sep-02 | Celsius and humidity < 75%. Scheduled Calibration In house check; Aug-05 Mar-03 Bep-03 |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B | d in the closed laboratory facilities of calibration) ID # US3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 | Cal Date 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) Mar-02 18-Sep-02 | Scheduled Calibration In house check; Aug-05 Mar-03 Bep-03 Bep-03 |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B Network Analyzer HP 8753E | d in the closed laboratory facility oritical for celibration) ID # US3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 US38432426 | Cal Date 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) Mar-02 18-Sep-02 13-Sep-02 3-May-00 | Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Mar-03 Sep-03 In house check: May 03 |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B Network Analyzer HP 8753E | d in the closed laboratory facilities of calibration) ID # US3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 | Cal Date 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) Mar-02 18-Sep-02 | Scheduled Calibration In house check; Aug-05 Mar-03 Bep-03 Bep-03 |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B | d in the closed laboratory facility oritical for celibration) ID # US3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 US38432426 | Cal Date 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) Mar-02 18-Sep-02 13-Sep-02 3-May-00 | Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Mar-03 Sep-03 In house check: May 03 |
| 17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B Network Analyzer HP 8753E | d in the closed laboratory facility oritical for calibration) ID # US3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 US38432426 SN: 6295803 | Cel Date 4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02) Mar-02 18-Sep-02 13-Sep-02 3-May-00 3-Sep-01 | Scheduled Calibration In house check; Aug-05 Mar-03 Sep-03 Sep-03 In house check: May 03 Sep-03 |

Date issued: April 2, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1762

Manufactured: Last calibration: January 20, 2003 March 31, 2003

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ET3DV6 SN:1762 March 31, 2003

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1762

Sensitivity in Free Space Diode Compression

| NormX | 1.90 μV/(V/m) ² | DCP X | 96 | mV |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|----|----|
| NormY | 1.78 µV/(V/m) ² | DCP Y | 96 | mV |
| NormZ | 1.82 µV/(V/m) ² | DCP Z | 96 | mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Head | 900 MHz | $z_z = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
|------|----------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Head | 835 MHz | $v_{v} = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ | σ = 0.90 ± 5% mho/m |
| | ConvF X | 6.7 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 6.7 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Alpha 0.67 |
| | ConvF Z | 6.7 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Depth 1.74 |
| Head | 1800 MHz | $e_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ | $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ |
| Head | 1900 MHz | $v_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ | σ = 1.40 ± 5% mho/m |
| | ConvF X | 5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Alpha 0.50 |
| | ConvF Z | 5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Depth 2.63 |

Boundary Effect

| Head | 900 MHz | Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm |
|------|---------|----------------------------------|
|------|---------|----------------------------------|

| Probe Tip t | o Boundary | 1 mm | 2 mm |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|------|------|
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 8.8 | 4.5 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.1 | 0.2 |

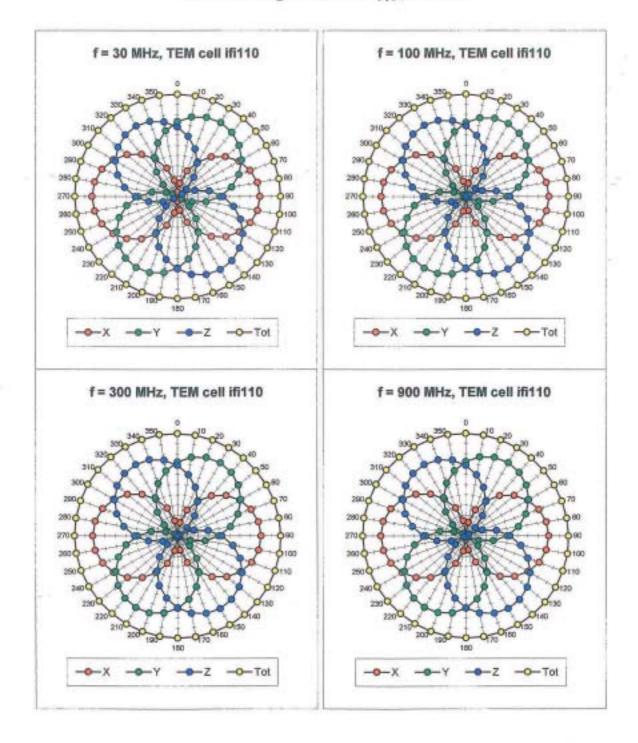
| Head | 1800 MHz | Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm |
|--------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| 110000 | TOOD INITIAL | Typical orac gradients to 10 par min |

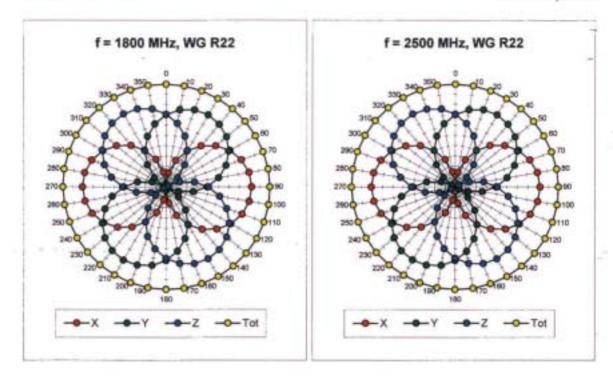
| Probe Tip t | o Boundary | 1 mm | 2 mm |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|------|------|
| SAR _{se} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 13.8 | 9.3 |
| SAR ₆₀ [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.2 | 0.1 |

Sensor Offset

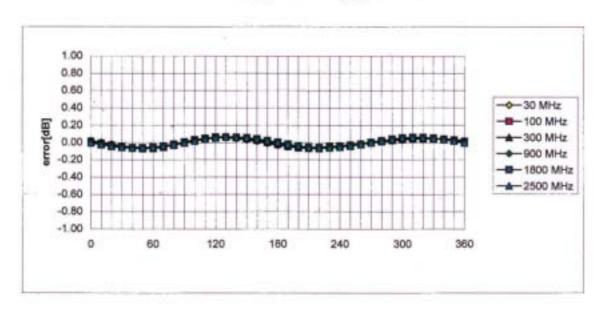
| Probe Tip to Sensor Center | 2.7 | mm |
|----------------------------|---------------|----|
| Optical Surface Detection | 1.4 ± 0.2 | mm |

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$



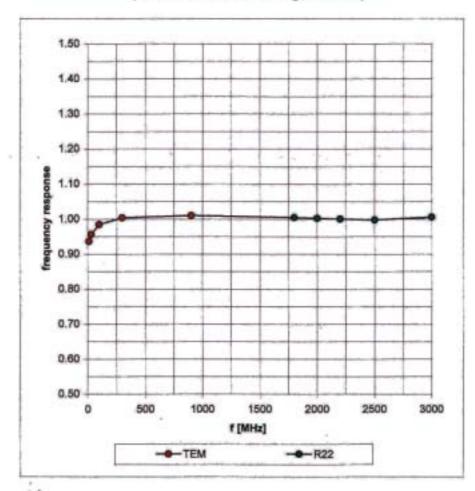


Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$



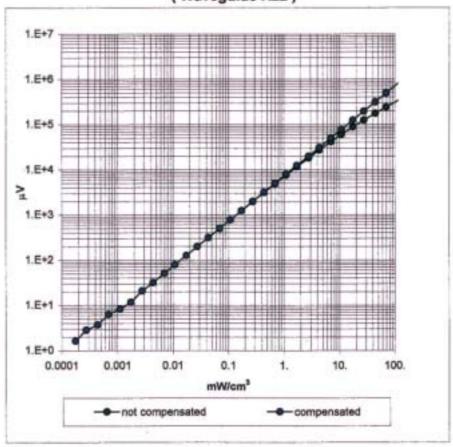
Frequency Response of E-Field

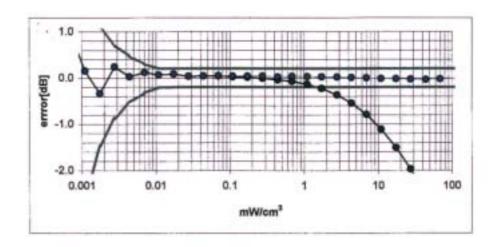
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



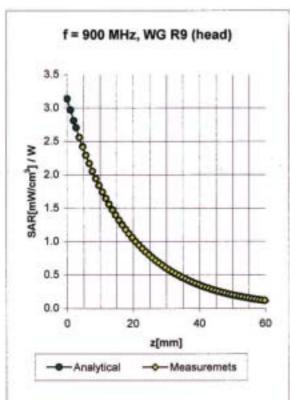
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain})

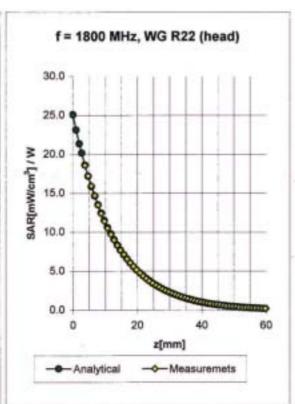
(Waveguide R22)





Conversion Factor Assessment

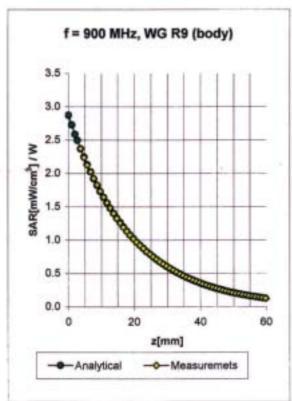


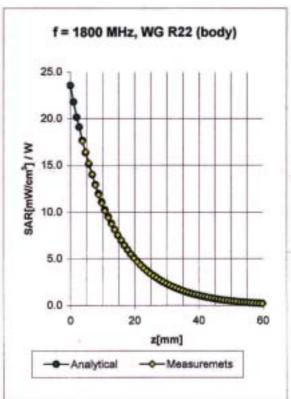


| Head | 900 MHz | | $e_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ | σ= | 0.97 ± 5% n | nho/m |
|------|---------|-----|-----------------------------------|----|-------------|--------|
| Head | 835 MHz | | $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ = 41.5 ± 5% | σ= | 0.90 ± 5% n | nho/m |
| | ConvF X | 6.7 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | | Boundary el | ffect: |
| | ConvF Y | 6.7 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | | Alpha | 0.67 |
| | ConvF Z | 6.7 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | | Depth | 1.74 |

| Head | 1800 MHz | | $\varepsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ | a = | 1.40 ± 5% m | nho/m |
|------|----------|-----|--------------------------------|-----|-------------|-------|
| Head | 1900 MHz | | ϵ_r = 40.0 ± 5% | σ= | 1.40 ± 5% m | nho/m |
| | ConvF X | 5.4 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | | Boundary ef | fect: |
| | ConvF Y | 5.4 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | | Alpha | 0.50 |
| | ConvF Z | 5.4 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | | Depth | 2.63 |

Conversion Factor Assessment

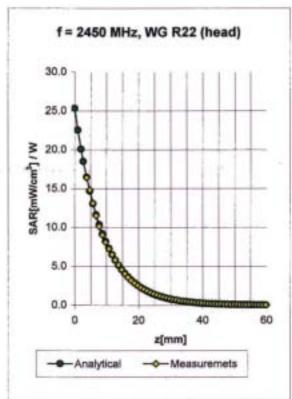


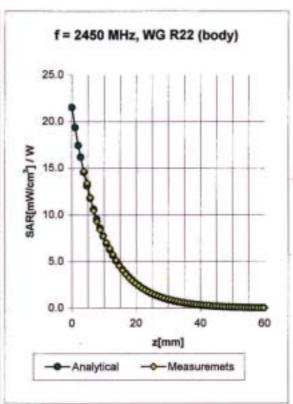


| Body | 900 MHz | | ϵ_r = 55.0 ± 5% | g = 1.05 ± 59 | 6 mho/m |
|------|---------|-----|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------|
| Body | 835 MHz | | ϵ_r = 55.2 ± 5% | σ = 0.97 ± 5% mho/m | |
| | ConvF X | 6.5 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | Boundary | effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 6.5 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | Alpha | 0.43 |
| | ConvF Z | 6.5 | ± 9.5% (k=2) | Depth | 2.34 |

| Body | 1800 MHz | $v_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ | σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m |
|------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Body | 1900 MHz | ϵ_r = 53.3 ± 5% | σ = 1.52 ± 5% mho/m |
| | ConvF X | 5.0 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Boundary effect: |
| | ConvF Y | 5.0 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Alpha 0.57 |
| | ConvF Z | 5.0 ± 9.5% (k=2) | Depth 2.65 |

Conversion Factor Assessment

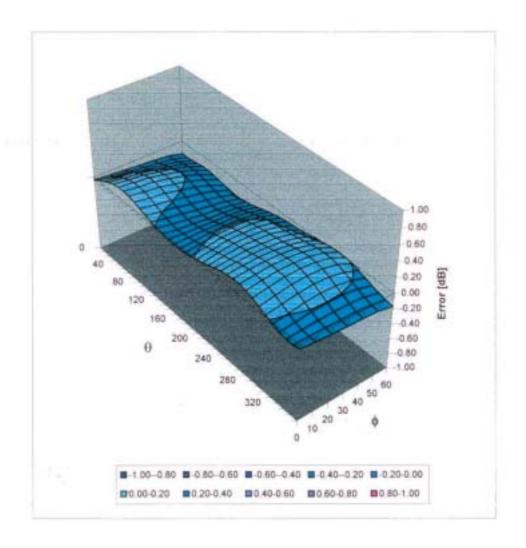




| Head | 2450 | MHz | | $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ = 39.2 ± 5% | $\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\%$ (| mho/m |
|------|---------|-----|-----|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| | ConvF X | | 5.1 | ± 8.9% (k=2) | Boundary e | ffect: |
| | ConvF Y | | 5.1 | ± 8.9% (k=2) | Alpha | 1.32 |
| | ConvF Z | | 5.1 | ± 8.9% (k=2) | Depth | 1.61 |
| - | | * | | | | |
| Body | 2450 | MHz | | ϵ_r = 52.7 ± 5% | σ = 1.95 ± 5% r | nho/m |
| | ConvF X | | 4.6 | ± 8.9% (k=2) | Boundary e | effect: |
| | ConvF Y | | 4.6 | ± 8.9% (k=2) | Alpha | 1.39 |
| | ConvF Z | | 4.6 | ± 8.9% (k=2) | Depth | 1.60 |
| | | | | | | |

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ,ϕ) , f = 900 MHz



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

C&C (Auden)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)

D2450V2 - SN:728

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05,v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 5, 2003

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Model Type | ID# | Cal Date | Scheduled Calibration |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|
| RF generator R&S SML-03 | 100698 | 27-Mar-2002 | In house check: Mar-05 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 | Oct-04 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 30-Oct-02 | Oct-03 |
| Power meter EPM E442 | GB37480704 | 30-Out-02 | Oct-03 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US38432426 | 3-May-00 | In house check: May 03 |

Calibrated by:

Name Function
Noo Vetters Technicien

D. Vellet

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic Laboratory Cirector

Date issued: April 2, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D2450V2

Serial: 728

Manufactured: January 9, 2003

Calibrated: March 5, 2003

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 37.4 \pm 5% Conductivity 1.88 mho/m \pm 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ES3DV2 (SN:3013, Conversion factor 4.8 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2 SN:3013 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 54.8 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 24.2 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.153 ns (e

(one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.997

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz:

 $Re{Z} = 53.7 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = 3.8 \Omega$

Return Loss at 2450 MHz

-25.9 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 03/05/03 12:24:05

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland File Name: SN728 SN3013 HSL2450 050303.da4

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN728

Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 2450 MHz; ($\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 37.4$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

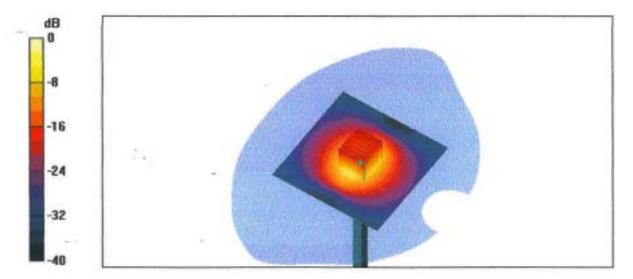
- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3013; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 1/19/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 105

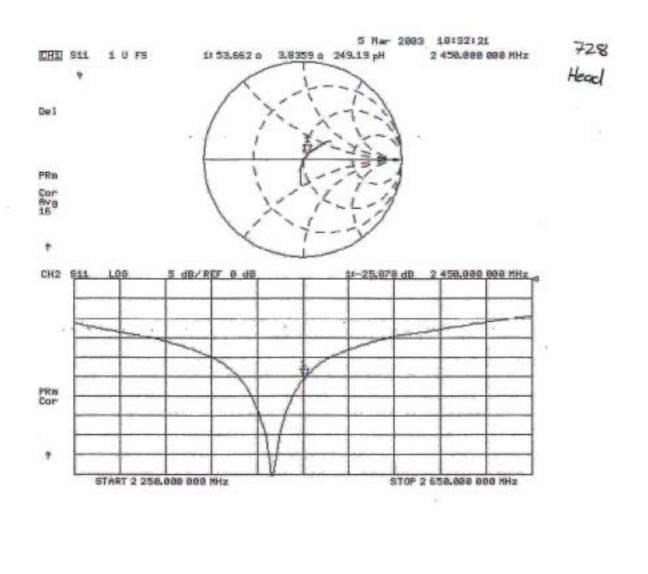
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.6 V/m Peak SAR = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.02 dB





Date/Time: 02/10/04 13:40:37

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

D2450V2 SN 728

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 728

Communication System: CW2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.83 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 38.87, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 95.5 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1dB

Maximum value of SAR = 10.6 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.5 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 18.4 mW/g

Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm,

dz=5mm

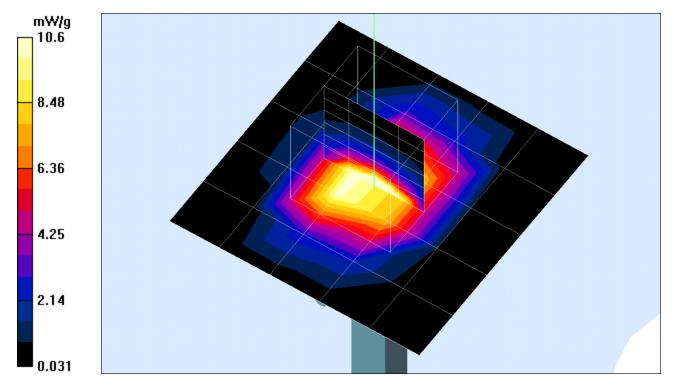
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

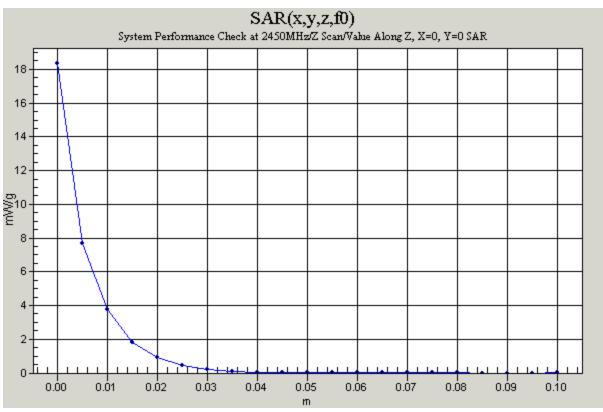
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 mW/g

Reference Value = 95.5 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1dB

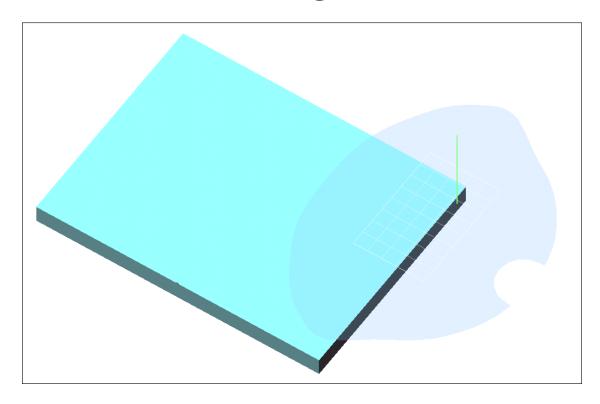
Maximum value of SAR = 15.4 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Comfiguration-1



Date/Time: 02/10/04 17:52:26

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-2

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 6 Rate=1M/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 4.79 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.115 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.79 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.090 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

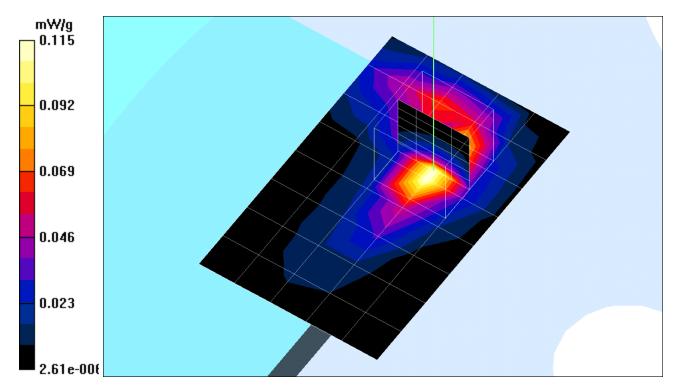
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg

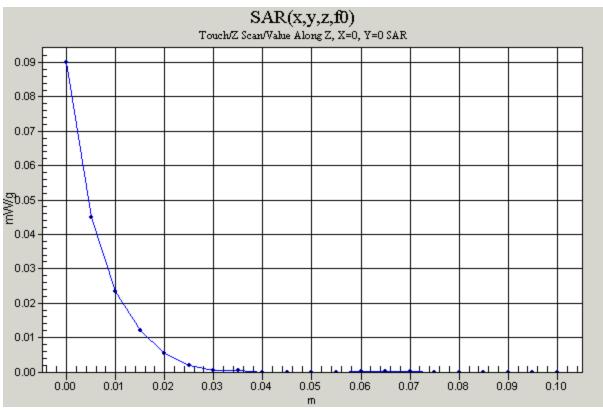
SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/g

Reference Value = 4.79 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

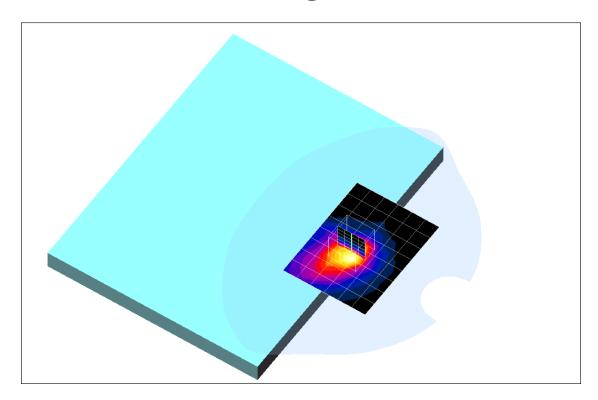
Maximum value of SAR = 0.117 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-2



Date/Time: 02/10/04 15:05:40

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-2

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 6 Rate=1M/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 4.36 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.032 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.36 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.029 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

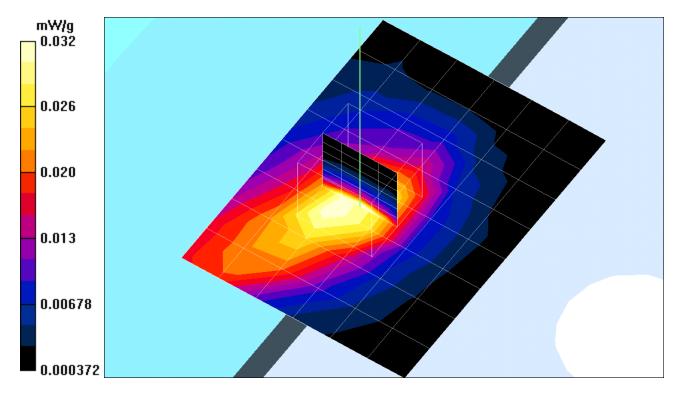
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.082 W/kg

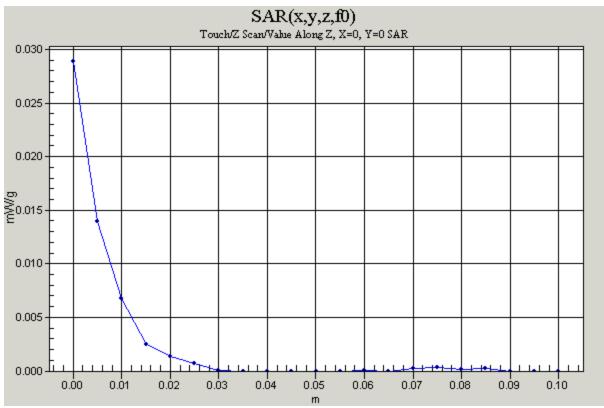
SAR(1 g) = 0.036 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Reference Value = 4.36 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

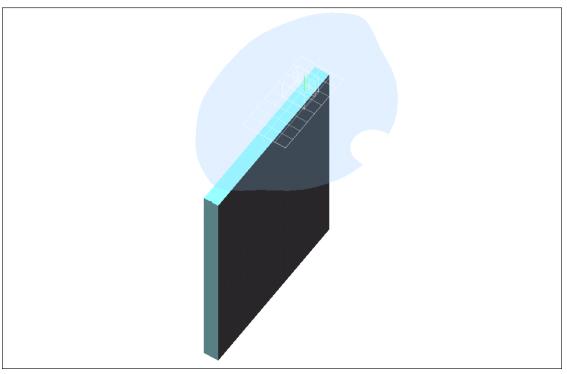
Maximum value of SAR = 0.038 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-3



0 dB = 0.540 mW/g

Date/Time: 02/10/04 16:45:16

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-1

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 1 Rate=1 M/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.848 mW/g

CH 1 Rate=1 M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.792 mW/g

CH 1 Rate=1 M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

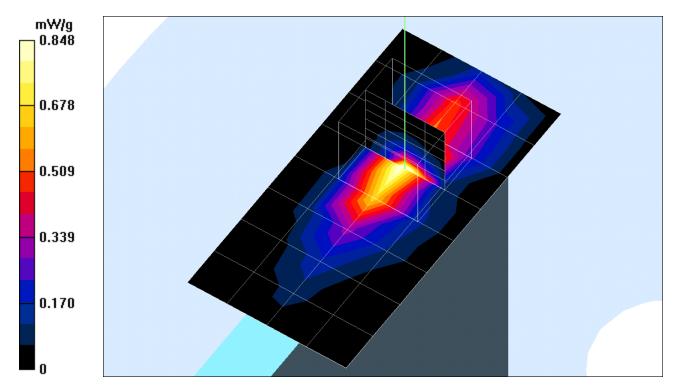
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.18 W/kg

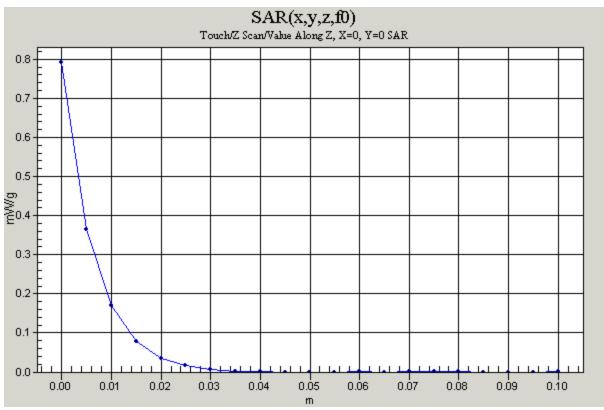
SAR(1 g) = 0.839 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 mW/g

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.986 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/10/04 16:30:37

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-1

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 6 Rate=1 M/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.761 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1 M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.672 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1 M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

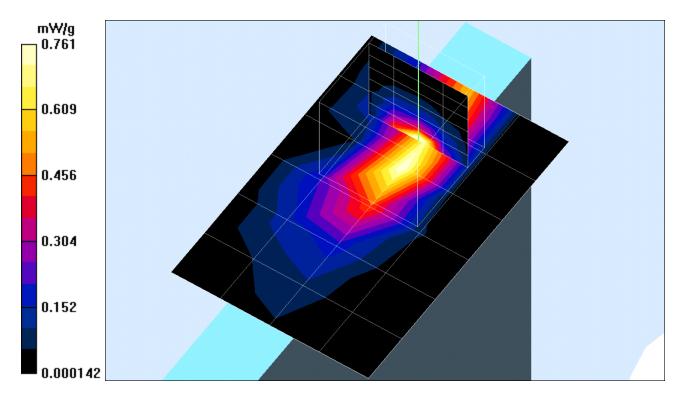
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg

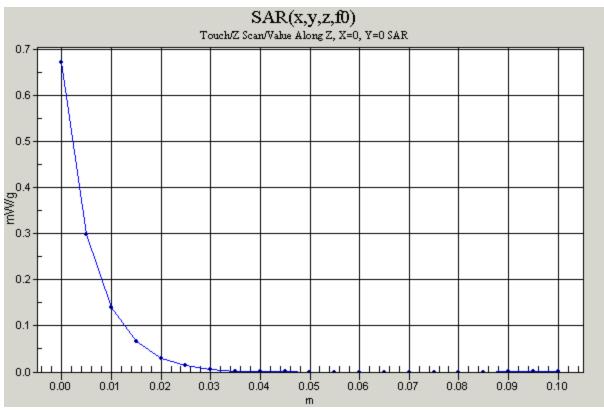
SAR(1 g) = 0.692 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 mW/g

Reference Value = 13.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.878 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/10/04 16:38:44

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-1

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 11 Rate=1 M/Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 13 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.669 mW/g

CH 11 Rate=1 M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.561 mW/g

CH 11 Rate=1 M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

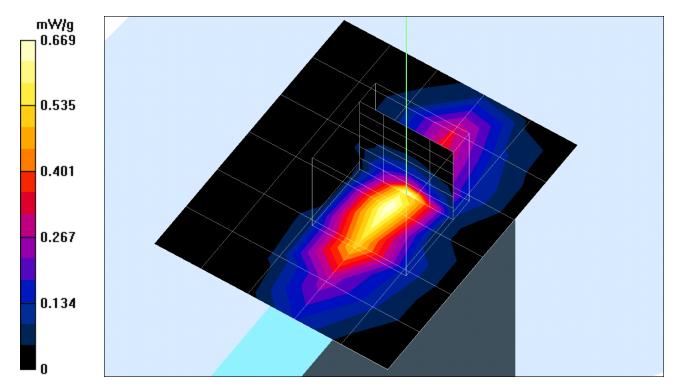
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

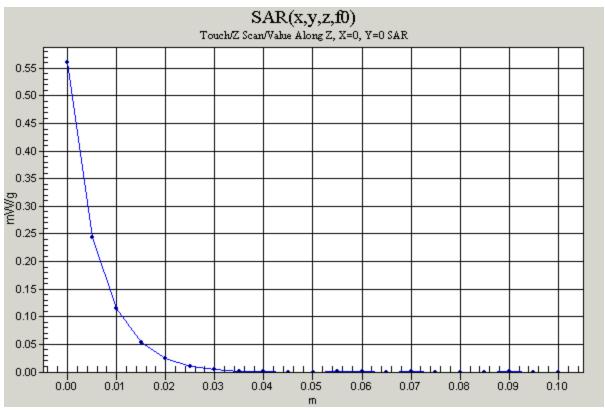
SAR(1 g) = 0.587 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 mW/g

Reference Value = 13 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

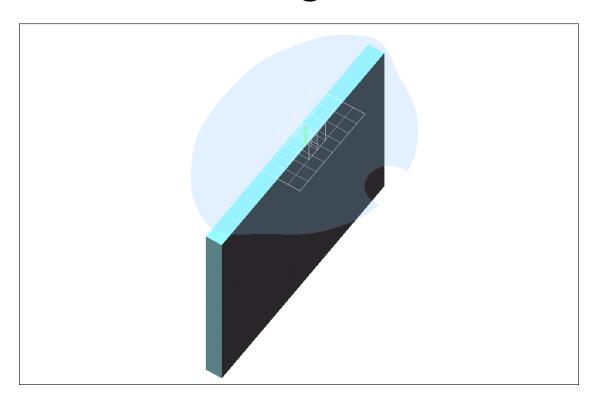
Maximum value of SAR = 0.724 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-4



Date/Time: 02/10/04 13:45:09

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-1

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 1 Rate=1M/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 16.0V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.580 mW/g

CH 1 Rate=1M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.0V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.794 mW/g

CH 1 Rate=1M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

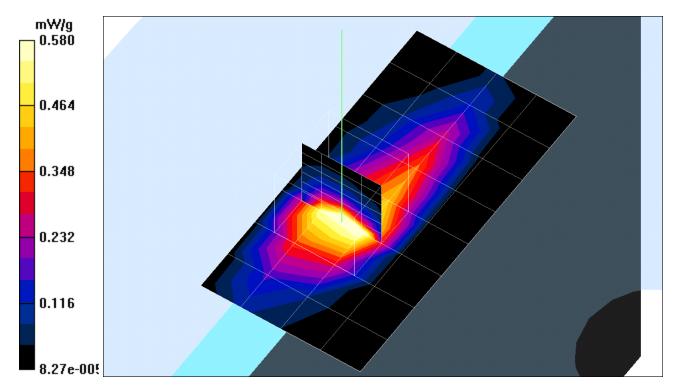
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg

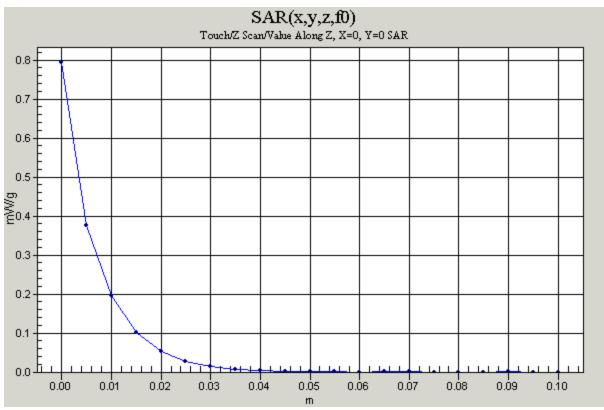
SAR(1 g) = 0.876 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.384 mW/g

Reference Value = 16.0 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.954 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/10/04 14:23:54

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-1

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 6 Rate=1M/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.493 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.309 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

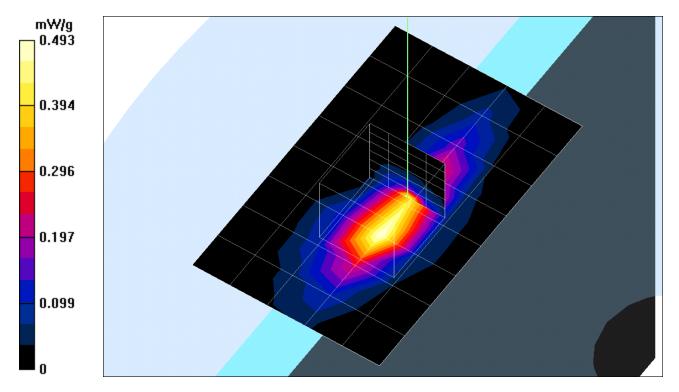
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

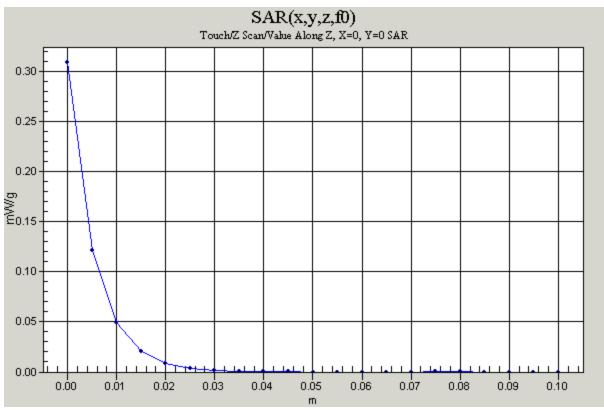
SAR(1 g) = 0.452 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 mW/g

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.475 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/10/04 15:00:18

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch-1

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 11 Rate=1M/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.312 mW/g

CH 11 Rate=1M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.351 mW/g

CH 11 Rate=1M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

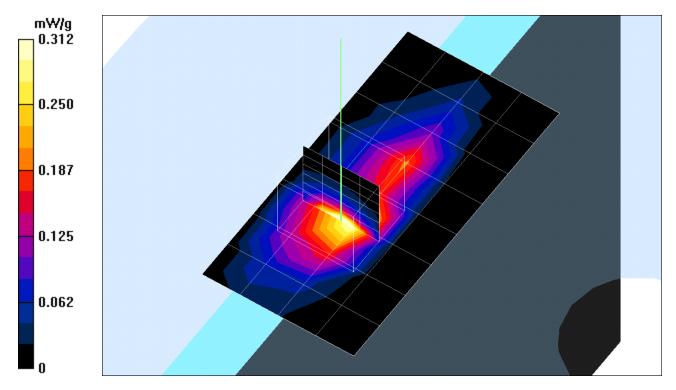
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.862 W/kg

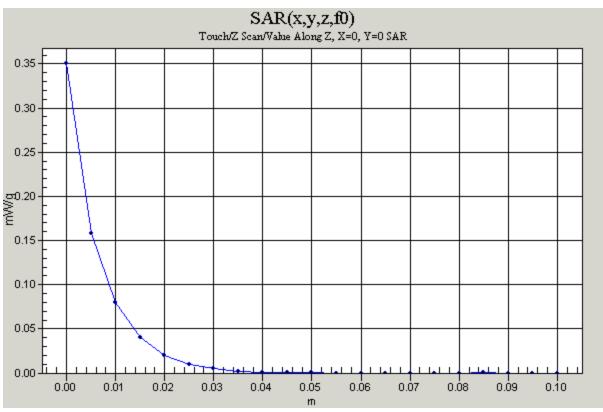
SAR(1 g) = 0.344 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.393 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/10/04 18:20:28

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: OFDM; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 1/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 6.99 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.169 mW/g

CH 1/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.99 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.202 mW/g

CH 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

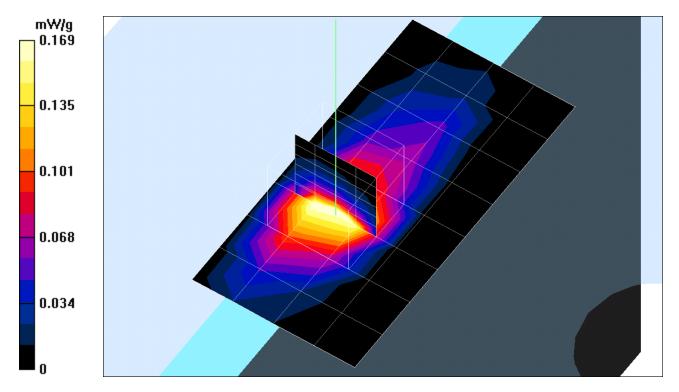
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.579 W/kg

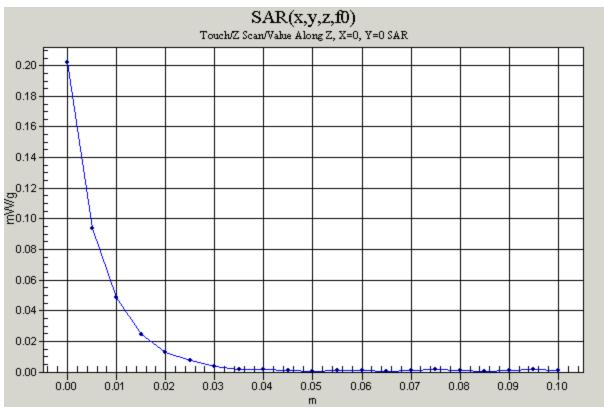
SAR(1 g) = 0.229 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 mW/g

Reference Value = 6.99 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.243 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/10/04 18:20:28

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: OFDM; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 6 Rate=11M/Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 6.18 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.183 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=11M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.18 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.158 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=11M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

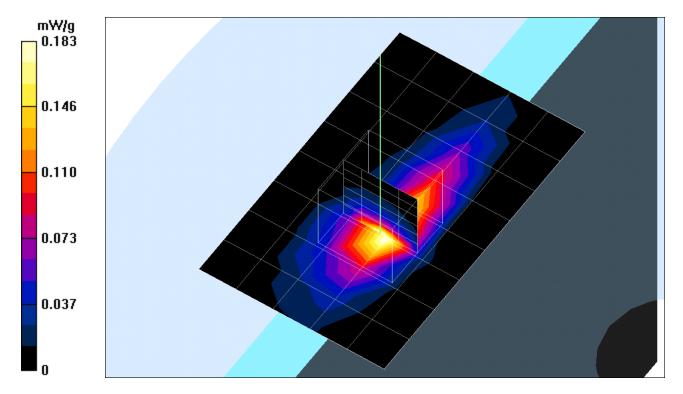
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

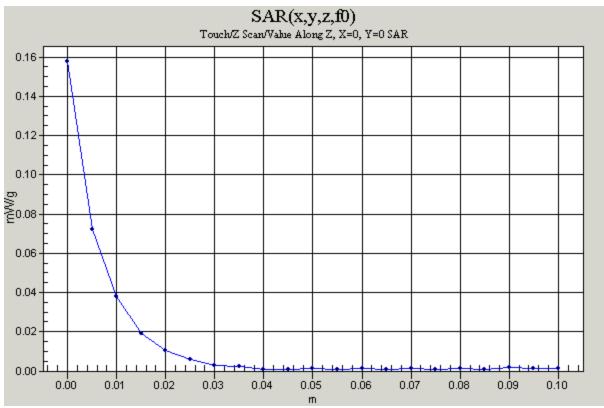
SAR(1 g) = 0.179 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 mW/g

Reference Value = 6.18 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.189 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/10/04 18:20:28

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Touch

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: OFDM; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.96 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 11/Area Scan (5x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 5.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.109 mW/g

CH 11/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.128 mW/g

CH 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

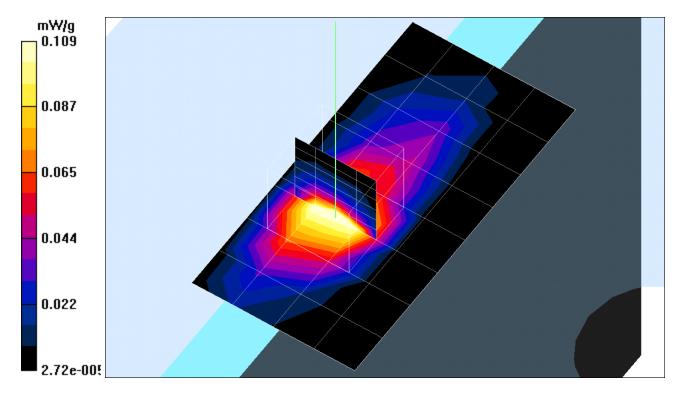
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.390 W/kg

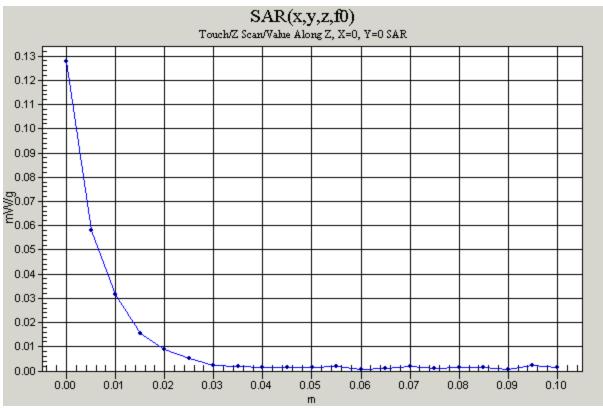
SAR(1 g) = 0.149 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g

Reference Value = 5.7 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

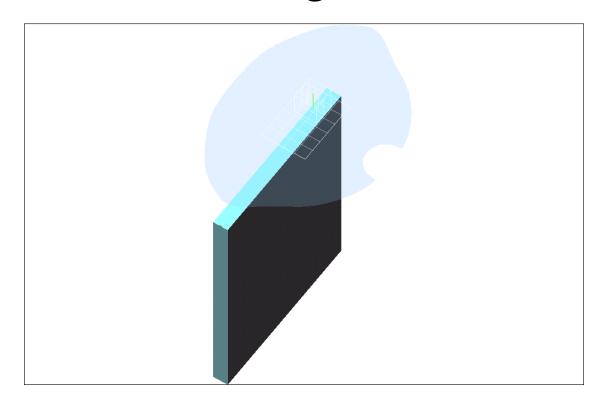
Maximum value of SAR = 0.157 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-5



Date/Time: 02/10/04 17:00:19

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

15mm

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 (σ = 1.96 mho/m, ϵ_r = 51, ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

Air Temperature 24.3 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.3 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 6 Rate=11M/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 3.4 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.043 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=11M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.4 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.038 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=11M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

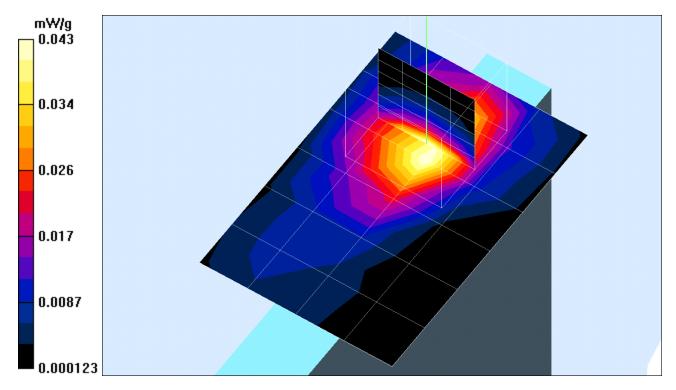
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.085 W/kg

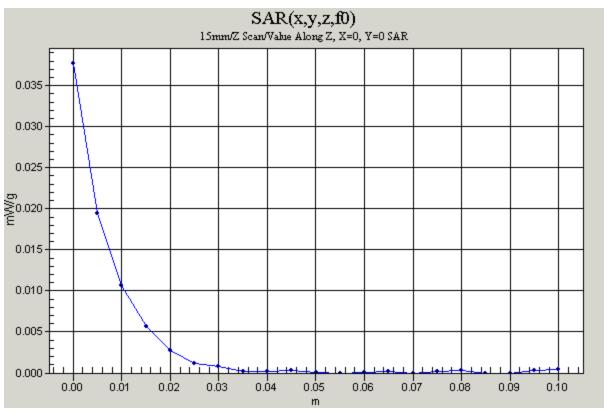
SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Reference Value = 3.4 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

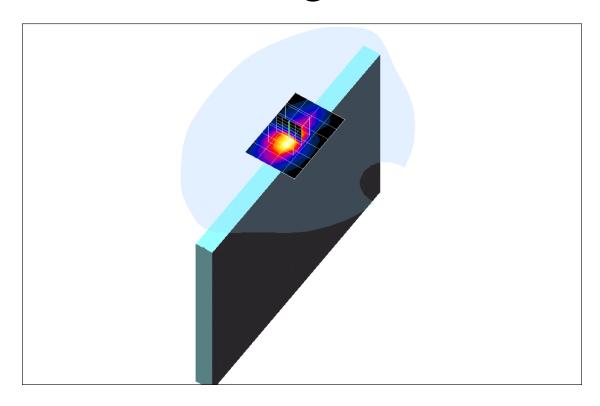
Maximum value of SAR = 0.045 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Test Configuration-6



Date/Time: 02/10/04 14:29:59

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

15mm

DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ($\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}, \epsilon_r = 51.2, \rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Air Temperature 24.5 deg C; Liquid Temperature 23.6 deg

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 62

CH 6 Rate=1M/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 4.51 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.057 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Z Scan (1x1x21): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.51 V/m

Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.047 mW/g

CH 6 Rate=1M/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.055 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g

Reference Value = 4.51 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.060 mW/g

