

ENGINEERING REPORT NO. 05102001-A

REGARDING THE RF INTERFERENCE FROM

A MODEL VER-1780 REV.1 PERSONNEL BADGE TRANSMITTER

Report By: Robert Wiser

Test Date:

May 10, 2001

DESCRIPTION OF TEST ITEM: Personnel Badge Transmitter

MODEL NO: VER-1780

MANUFACTURER: Versus Technology, Inc.

APPLICABLE SPECIFICATIONS: FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C

QUANTITY OF ITEMS TESTED: One (1)

TEST PERFORMED BY: ELITE ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING COMPANY Radio Interference Consultants Downers Grove, Illinois 60515

DATE RECEIVED: May 10, 2001

DATE TESTED: May 10, 2001

PERSONNEL (OPERATIONS, OBSERVERS, AND COORDINATORS): CUSTOMER: Robert Wiser of Versus Technology, Inc. was present. ELITE ELECTRONIC: Dan Crowder was test engineer

ABSTRACT: The model VER-1780 Personnel Badge does meet the radiated emission requirements of

the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15 Subpart C, Sections 15.205 et seq. For

Intentional Radiators, when tested per ANSI C63.4-1992. The radiated emission level closest to the

limit (worst case) occurred at 867.90 MHz. The emission level at this frequency was 2dB within the

limit. See page 20 for more details.

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Table I – Equipment List

Total Number of pages in this document, (including data sheets): Twenty-one (21) THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED, EXCEPT IN FULL, WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF VERSUS TECHNOLOGY, INC.

Measurement of RF Interference from

A Model VER-1780 Personnel Badge Transmitter

1.0 Introduction:

1.1 Description of Test Item: On May 10, 2001, a series of radio interference measurements were performed on a model VER-1780 Personnel Badge Transmitter, (hereinafter referred to as the test item) serial number (not assigned). The test item was designed to transmit at approximately 433.9 MHz using an internal metallic antenna. The tests were performed for Versus Technology, Inc. of Traverse City, Michigan.

1.2 Purpose: The test series was performed to determine if the test item meets the radiated RF emission requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, Sections for Intentional Radiators. Testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992.

1.3 Deviations, Additions and Exclusions: There were no deviations, additions to, or exclusions from the test specification during this test series.

1.4 Applicable Documents: The following documents of the exact issue designated form part of this document to the extent specified herein:

- Federal Communications Commission "Code of Federal Regulations", Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, dated 1 October 1999
- ANSI C63.4-1992, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz"

1.5 Subcontractor Identification: This series of tests was performed by the Elite Electronic

Engineering Company, of Downers Grove, Illinois. The laboratory is accredited by the National Institute of

Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

(NVLAP). NVLAP Lab Code: 100278-0.

1.6 Laboratory Conditions: The temperature at the time of the test was 20°C and the relative humidity was 25%.

2.0 Test Item Setup and Operation:

2.1 Power Input: The test item received 3.0 VDC from internal battery.

2.2 Grounding: Since the test item was powered with 3.0 VDC through a battery, it was ungrounded during the tests.

2.3 Peripheral Equipment: There wasn't any peripheral equipment.

2.4 Interconnect Cables: There were no interconnect cables.

2.5 Operational Mode: For all tests the test item was energized and placed on a 80cm high nonconductive stand. For all tests, the test item was set to CW mode, thereby setting the unit to transmit continuously. The battery voltage was periodically checked to ensure proper operation at maximum level. The tests were performed with the test item operating at 433.9MHz.

3.0 Test Equipment:

3.1 Test Equipment List: A list of the test equipment used can be found on Table I page 15. All equipment was calibrated per the instruction manuals supplied by the manufacturer.

The fundamental, harmonics and spurious emissions were measured with an HP 8566B spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer peak-detected readings were converted to average readings using a duty cycle factor. All measurements were taken with the resolution and video bandwidth of the measuring instrument adjusted to 100kHz below 1GHz and 1MHz above 1GHz.

The duty cycle factor was calculated from the pulse train for the test item. A data plot was obtained to determine the duty cycle factor. The duty cycle factor was computed as the Word On-Time divided by the Word-Period (On-Time + Off-Time). The duty cycle factor in $dB = 20 \log$ (Word On / Word Period). If the

Word Period is more than 100 milliseconds, then the duty cycle would be computed on the maximum Word On-Time during a 100 millisecond period.

3.2 Calibration Traceability: Test equipment is maintained and calibrated on a regular basis. All calibrations are traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

3.3 Measurement Uncertainty: All measurements are an estimate of their true value. The measurement uncertainty characterizes, with a specified confidence level, the spread of values which may be possible for a given measurement system.

The measurement uncertainty budgets were based on guidelines in "ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurements" and NAMAS NIS81 "The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements."

The measurement uncertainty for these tests is presented below:

Radiated Emission Measurements:		
Combined Standard Uncertainty	2.26	-2.18
Expanded Uncertainty (95% confidence)	4.5	-4.4

4.0 Requirements, Procedures and Results:

4.1 Powerline Conducted Emissions:

4.1.1 Requirements: Since the test item was powered by internal battery, no conducted

emissions tests were performed.

4.2 Duty Cycle Factor Measurements:

4.2.2 Procedures: The duty cycle factor was used to convert peak-detected readings to average readings. This factor was computed from the time domain trace of the pulse modulation signal.

With the transmitter set up to transmit for maximum pulse density, the time domain trace was displayed on the spectrum analyzer. This trace was obtained by tuning center frequency to the transmitter frequency and then setting a zero span width with 10msec/div. The amplitude setting was adjusted so that the on/off transitions cleared the fourth division from the bottom of the display. The markers were set at beginning and end of a Word Period. If the Word Period exceeded 100 msec, the Word Period was set to 100 msec. The On-Time and Off-Time are then measured. The On-time was total time signal level exceeds the fourth division. Off-Time is time under for the Word Period. The duty cycle is then computed as the (On-Time/Word Period) where the Word Period = (On-Time + Off-Time).

4.2.3 Results: The plot of the duty cycle is shown on page 16. The duty cycle factor was computed to be -15.0dB. Worst-case calculations of duty cycle are shown on page 21.

4.3 Radiated measurements:

4.3.1 Requirements: The test item must comply with the requirements of FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, Section 15.205 et seq.

Fundamental Frequency MHz	Field Intensity uV/m @ 3 meters	Field Strength Harmonics and Spurious @ 3 meters
260 to 470 *- Linear Interpolation	1,500 to 5,000* on	150 to 500*

Paragraph 15.231 (e) has the following radiated emission limits:

For 433.9 MHz, the limit at the fundamental is 4383.3uV/m @ 3m and the limit on the harmonics below 960 MHz is 438.3uV/m @ 3m. The limit of the harmonics above 960 MHz is 500 uV/m.

In addition, emissions appearing in the Restricted Bands of Operation listed in paragraph 15.205 (a) shall not exceed the general requirements shown in paragraph 15.209.

4.3.2 Procedures: All tests were performed in a 32ft. x 20ft. x 18ft. hybrid ferritetile/anechoic absorber lined test chamber. The floor and ceiling of the shielded chamber are lined with ferrite tiles. Anechoic absorber material is installed over the ferrite tile. The floor of the chamber issued as the ground plane. The chamber complies with ANSI C63.4-1992 for site attenuation.

The shielded enclosure prevents emissions from other sources, such as radio and TV stations from interfering with the measurements. All power lines and signal lines entering the enclosure pass through filters on the enclosure wall. The power line filters prevent extraneous signals from entering the enclosure on these leads.

Since a quasi-peak detector requires long integration times, it is not practical to automatically sweep through the quasi-peak levels. Therefore, radiated emissions from the test item were first scanned using a peak detector and automatically plotted. The broadband measuring antenna was positioned at a 3-meter distance from the test item. The frequency range from 30MHz to 5000MHz was investigated using a peak detector function with the receive antenna at horizontal antenna polarization. The frequencies where significant emission levels were noted were then re-measured using the quasi-peak detector.

Final radiated emissions were performed on all significant broadband and

narrowband emissions found in the preliminary sweeps using the following methods:

- 1) Measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector and a broadband bi-log antenna.
- 2) To ensure that maximum, or worst case, emission levels were measured, the following steps were taken:
 - (a) The test item was rotated so that all of its sides were exposed to the receiving antenna.
 - (b) Since the measuring antenna is linearly polarized, both horizontal and vertical field components were measured.
 - (c) The measuring antenna was raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters for each antenna polarization to maximize the readings.

4.3.3 Results: The preliminary plot, with the test item transmitting at 433.9 MHz, is

presented on pages 17 and 18. The plots are presented for a reference only and are not used as official data.

The final open area radiated levels, with the test item transmitting at 433.9 MHz, are presented on data page 20. As can be seen from the data, all emissions measured from the test item were within the specification limits.

The emissions level closest to the limit (worst case) occurred at 867.90MHz. The emissions level at this frequency was 2dB within the limit. See data page 20 for details. A picture of the test configuration which yielded the highest, or worst case, radiated emission levels are shown on Figure 1A.

4.4 Occupied Bandwidth Measurements:

4.4.1 Requirements: In accordance with paragraph 15.231 (c), all emissions within 20dB of the peak amplitude level of the center frequency are required to be within a band less than 0.25% of the center frequency wide.

4.4.2 Procedures: The test item was placed on an 80cm high non-conductive stand. The unit was set to transmit in CW mode. With an antenna positioned nearby, occupied bandwidth emissions were displayed on the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth was set to 30 kHz and span was set to 2 MHz. The frequency spectrum near the fundamental was plotted.

4.4.3 Results: The plot of the emissions near the fundamental frequency are presented on data page 19. As can be seen from this data page, the transmitter met the occupied bandwidth requirements.

5.0 Conclusion:

It was found that the Versus Technology, Inc. model VER-1780 Personnel Badge Transmitter

does meet the radiated emission requirements of the FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47, Part

15, Subpart (c), Section 15.205 et seq. for Intentional Radiators, when tested per ANSI C63.4-1992.

6.0 Certification:

Versus Technology, Inc. certifies that the information contained in this report was obtained under conditions, which meet or exceed those specified in the test specification.

The data presented in this test report pertains only to the test item at the test date as operated by Versus Technology, Inc. personnel. Any electrical or mechanical modification made to the test item subsequent to the specified test date will serve to invalidate the data and void this certification.

7.0 Endorsement Disclaimer:

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.

FIGURE 1A TEST SETUP



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FIGURE 1B TEST SETUP



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TRANSMITTER BOARD TOP



TRANSMITTER BOARD BOTTOM

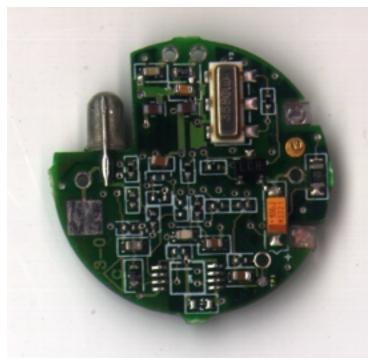


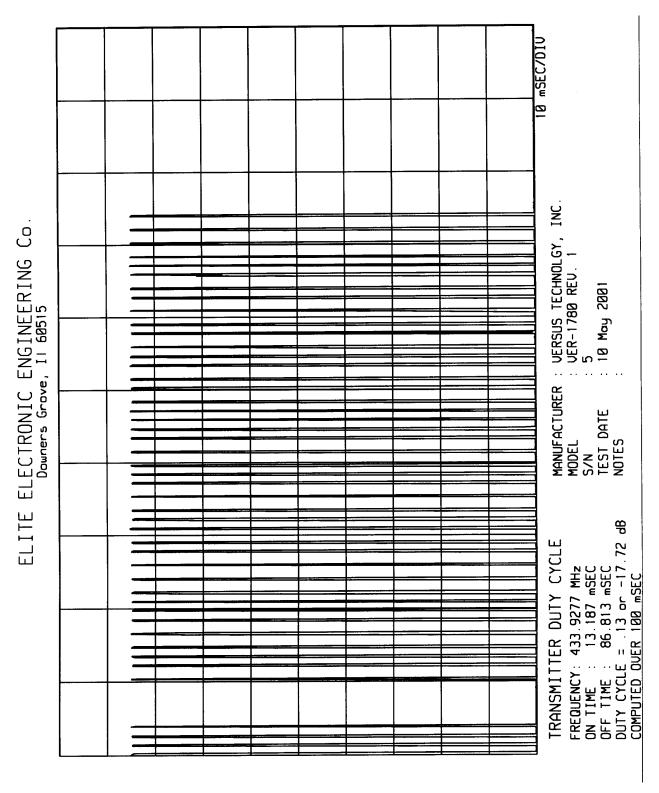
TABLE 1 (EQUIPMENT LIST)

ENGINEERING TEST REPORT NO.

TABLE 1: TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

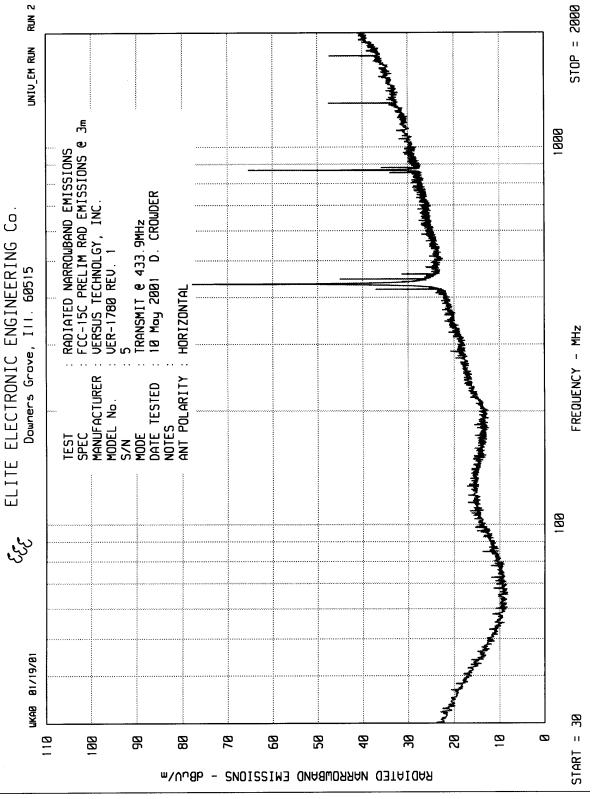
	ELITE ELECTRONIC ENG. INC. Page: 1								
) Equipment Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.		Cal Date			
Fouir	ment Type: ACCESSORIES, MIS							••••••	
	ATTENUATOR/SWITCH DRIVER		117174	7/70/0272/					
		REPLETT PACKARD	117138	3433802124		01/31/00	NZA		
	ment Type: AMPLIFIERS								
APKO	PRE-AMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	84498	3008A00662	1-26.5GHZ	02/15/01	12	02/15/02	
Equip	ment Type: ANTENNAS								
		EMCO			400-1000MHz			11/29/01	
		CHASE EMC LTD. EMCO	BILOG CBL611 3105		0.03-2GHZ 1-12.4GHGZ	05/09/01 08/01/00	12 12	05/09/02 08/01/01	
Equip	ment Type: CONTROLLERS								
	COMPUTER	HEWLETT PACKARD	D4171A#ABA	U\$61654645			87A		
CKA0	MULTI-DEVICE CONTROLLER	EMCO	2090	9701-1213			N/A		
Equipment Type: PRINTERS AND PLOTTERS									
HRE1	LASER JET 5P	HEWLETT PACKARD	C3150A	USHB061052	•••		N/A		
Equipment Type: RECEIVERS									
RAC1		HEWLETT PACKARD		3407A08369	100HZ-22GHZ	01/16/01		01/16/02	
RACB RAF3		HEWLETT PACKARD HEWLETT PACKARD		3506A01491 3303A01775	20HZ-2GHZ 0.01-1000MHZ	05/09/01 01/17/01		05/09/02	
						, ,			

Cal. Interval: Listed in Months I/O: Initial Only N/A: Not Applicable Note 1: For the purpose of this test, the equipment was calibrated over the specified frequency range, pulse rate, or modulation prior to the test or monitored by a calibrated instrument.



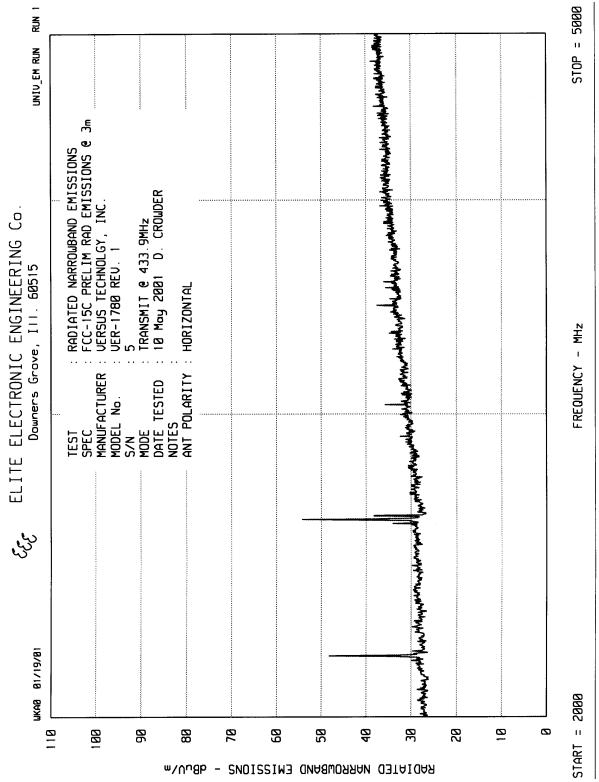
TRANSMITTER DUTY CYCLE

Engineering Test Report No. 05102001-A



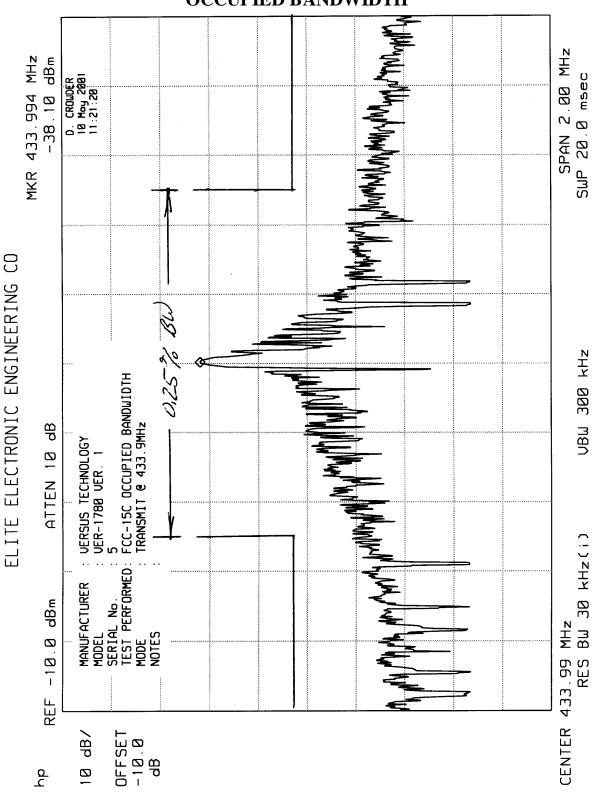
RADIATED NARROWBAND EMISSIONS

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RADIATED NARROWBAND EMISSIONS

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OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

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EMISSIONS DATA AT 3 METERS

ETR No. DATA PAGE

SPECIFICATION : MANUFACTURER :			94) '	TRANSMITTER	OPEN	FIELD	DATA
MODEL :	VER-1780 REV. 1						
S/N :	5						
TEST DATE :	10 May 2001						
NOTES :							
TEST ANTENNA :	ROBERTS DIPOLE	& DRWG A	NTENN	AS			
(PERIODIC RATE:	S EXCEEDED)						
FREQUENCY ANT	MTR CBL	ANT	DUTY	TOTAL	TOTA	AL LI	I TIMI

FREQUENCY MHz	ANT POL	MTR RDG dBuV	CBL FAC dB	ANT FAC dB	DUTY CYCLE dB	TOTAL dBuV/m @3m	TOTAL uV/m @3m	LIMIT NC uV/m @3m	TES
433.90	Н	57.4	2.3	21.2	-15.0	65.9	1976.9	4398.3	
433.90	v	37.4	2.3	21.2	-15.0	45.9	197.7	4398.3	
867.90	Н	34.9	3.2	27.4	-15.0	50.6	337.8	439.8	
867.90	v	25.9	3.2	27.4	-15.0	41.6	119.9	439.8	
1301.90	Н	30.3	4.2	25.0	-15.0	44.5	167.8	500.0	*
1301.90	V	20.8	4.2	25.0	-15.0	35.0	56.2	500.0	*
1735.90	Н	27.2	5.1	26.6	-15.0	43.9	156.8	500.0	
1735.90	v	20.2	5.1	26.6	-15.0	36.9	70.0	500.0	
2169.90	Н	20.8	6.0	28.1	-15.0	39.9	98.8	500.0	
2169.90	v	12.8	6.0	28.1	-15.0	31.9	39.3	500.0	
2603.80	Н	13.7	6.8	29.2	-15.0	34.7	54.4	500.0	
2603.80	V	13.5	6.8	29.2	-15.0	34.5	53.2	500.0	
3037.80	Н	11.7	7.6	30.5	-15.0	34.8	54.8	500.0	
3037.80	V	9.5	7.6	30.5	-15.0	32.6	42.5	500.0	
3471.80	Η	6.8	8.5	31.6	-15.0	31.9	39.6	500.0	
3471.80	v	7.1	8.5	31.6	-15.0	32.2	41.0	500.0	
3905.70	н	6.1	9.5	32.7	-15.0	33.3	46.0	500.0	*
3905.70	V	7.4	9.5	32.7	-15.0	34.6	53.4	500.0	*
4339.70	Н	6.3	10.4	32.8	-15.0	34.6	53.4	500.0	*
4339.70	V	6.4	10.4	32.8	-15.0	34.7	54.1	500.0	*

* DENOTES A FREQUENCY CONFLICT WITH RESTRICTED BANDS

checked by:

<u>M</u> D. CROWDER 1

WORST-CASE DUTY CYCLE CALCULATIONS

Calculated Duty Cycle of Versus Technolgy RF Transmitter 1.2mSeconds is a "0" 1.8mSeconds is a "1" Total number of bits sent (includes 4 pre-amble bits) 46 Total on time of bit 2.50E-04 Total on time of packet 1.15E-02 Number of spaces between bits 44 Seconds for a "0" 0.0012 Seconds for a "1" 0.0018 Seconds for preamble space 0.0018 Total off time for a "0" 0.0546 Total off time for a "1" 0.081 Total on/off time if all "0" 6.43E-02 Total on/off time if all "1" 9.07E-02 Duty cycle of RF with all "0" 0.177655678 Duty cycle of RF with all "1" 0.119753086 (dB) Duty cycle of RF with all "0" -15.00841817 (dB) Duty cycle of RF with all "1" -18.43426569