

 Test report No.
 : 12812927S-A

 Page
 : 1 of 117

 Issued date
 : August 22, 2019

FCC ID : AZDBM72065

# SAR TEST REPORT

## Test Report No.: 12812927S-A

Applicant Type of Equipment Model No. FCC ID Test Standard Test Result : Canon Inc.

: Wireless LAN module in Flat Panel Detector

: BM72065 (Wireless LAN module) (\*. Installed into the platform (5))

: AZDBM72065

: FCC 47CFR §2.1093

: Complied (Refer to Section 3.5)

Highest Reported SAR [W/kg]			g]		Pl	atform			Remarl	cs (DTS)			Remarl	cs (U-NII)		Dafaranaa													
Body-	Body-touch Next-of-head Hand				-	Output	power (	Burst ave.) [	dBml	Outpu	t nower (	Burst ave.)	dBml	SAR test															
Limit:	l.6 (1g)	Limit:	l.6 (1g)	Limit:	4(10g)	No.	Туре	Model		ompu	.poner (	Subture)[	abiiij	oupu	eponer (	Dalora (el)	abing	report											
DTS	U-NII	DTS	U-NII	DTS	U-NII					[MHz]	Mode	Measured	Max.	[MHz]	Mode	Measured	Max	report											
0.21	1.00	0.22	1.07	*. Evab	uated by	5	Flat Panel	W/M5A15	Body	2412	b	13.06	14	5825	n20	11.37	13	12812927S-A											
0.31	1.09	0.32	1.07	SAF	R(1g)	5	Detector	WWAATS	Head	2412	b	13.06	14	5825	а	11.40	13	(This report)											
*. This V	Vireless	LAN M	odule ha	ad instal	led into	the fo	ollowing platfor	ms.																					
							Distal	CVDI 710C Window	Body	2462	b	12.07	14	5825	n20	11.74	13												
0.32	0.67	0.35	0.66	0.62	0.62 0.91	1	Radiography (WM5A11)	(WM 45 A 11)	Head	2462	b	12.07	14	5825	n20	11.74	13	11355753S-A											
								Hand	2462	g	12.03	14	5240	а	11.78	13													
							Digital	CVDI 810C Wimless	Body	2462	b	12.12	14	5180	а	11.33	13												
0.28	0.40	0.34	0.45	0.54	1.02	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Digital	(W/M5 A 12)	Head	2462	n20	12.10	14	5190	n40	11.42	13	11528791S-A
							Radiography	(WMJA12)	Hand	2462	g	12.12	14	5500	а	11.90	13												
							Digital	CVDL 410C Windows	Body	2462	n20	12.98	14	5825	а	12.06	13												
0.32	0.32 0.54 0.34 0.63		0.55	0.97	3	Digital	$(WM5 \Lambda 12)$	Head	2462	n20	12.98	14	5825	а	12.06	13	11528792S-A												
							Radiography	(WMJAIJ)	Hand	2462	b	13.02	14	5320	n20	11.67	13												
0.22	0.00	0.20	1.02	*. Eval	uated by	4	Flat Panel WA45 A 14	W/M5 A 14	Body	2412	b	13.09	14	5500	n20	11.45	13	128120145-4											
0.23	0.99	0.20	1.02	SAF	R(1g)	+	Detector	r WM5A14		2412	g	12.94	14	5500	n20	11.45	13	120127143-A											

Highest reported SAR of all test configurations and in this platform for body-worn and next-of-head are 1.09 W/kg and 1.07 W/kg, respectively.
 Since highest reported SAR (1g) on this platform obtained in accordance with KDB447498 D01 (v06) was kept under 1.2 W/kg, the EUT was approved to operate single platform. The platform "Digital Radiography" and "Flat Panel Detector" are "flat panel type product" series with the same outward appearance.

\*. Max:Maximum, (Mode) b: IEEE 802.11b, g: IEEE 802.11g, a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n(20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n(40HT).

1. This test report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of UL Japan, Inc.

2. The results in this report apply only to the sample tested.

3. This sample tested is in compliance with the limits of the above regulation.

4. The test results in this test report are traceable to the national or international standards

5. This test report must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by any agency of the Federal Government.

6. This test report covers Radio technical requirements.

It does not cover administrative issues such as Manual or non-Radio test related Requirements. (if applicable)

7. The all test items in this test report are conducted by UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.

8. The opinions and the interpretations to the result of the description in this report are outside scopes where UL Japan has been accredited.

9. The information provided from the customer for this report is identified in SECTION 1.

Date of test:

July 17 ~ July 26, 2019

**Test engineer:** 

Hiroshi Naka Engineer, Consumer Technology Division

Approved by:

Toyokazu Imamura Leader, Consumer Technology Division



The testing in which "Non-accreditation" is displayed is outside the accreditation scopes in UL Japan.

There is no testing item of "Non-accreditation".

## UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.

Test report No. : 12812927S-A Page : 2 of 117 Issued date : August 22, 2019

FCC ID : AZDBM72065

### **REVISION HISTORY**

Revision	Test report No.	Date	Page revised	Contents		
Original	12812927S-A	August 22, 2019	-	-		
*. By issue of new revision report, the report of an old revision becomes invalid.						

## CONTENTS

CONTENTS	PA	GE
<b>REVISION HISTO</b>	RY	2
CONTENTS	, 	2
SECTION 1:	Customer information	3
SECTION 2:	Equipment under test (EUT)	3
21	Identification of FUT	3
2.1	Product Description	3
SECTION 3.	Test specification procedures and results	4
31	Test specification	4
3.2	Exposure limit	4
3.3	Addition, deviation and exclusion to the test procedure	4
3.4	Test location	4
3.5	Procedure and result	5
3.6	SAR measurement procedure	6
<b>SECTION 4:</b>	Operation of EUT during testing	7
4.1	Operation modes for SAR testing	7
4.2	RF exposure conditions	7
4.3	SAR test exclusion considerations accordance to KDB 447498 D01	8
<b>SECTION 5:</b>	Uncertainty assessment (SAR measurement/Daily check)	9
<b>SECTION 6:</b>	Confirmation before testing	10
6.1	SAR reference power measurement (antenna terminal conducted average power of EUT)	10
6.2	Comparison of power of EMC sample	11
SECTION 7:	SAR Measurement results	12
7.1	Liquid parameters	12
7.2	SAR results: 2.4GHz band	13
7.3	SAR results: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A	14
7.4	SAR results: U-NII-2C band	15
7.5	SAR results: U-NII-3 band	16

## **Contents of appendixes**

<b>APPENDIX 1:</b>	Photographs of EUT and SAR test setup	
Appendix 1-1	Photograph of platform and antenna position	
Appendix 1-2	EUT, Platform and support equipment	
Appendix 1-3	Photograph of test setup	19
<b>APPENDIX 2:</b>	SAR Measurement data	
	SAR plot of worst reported SAR	
	SAR plot of other SAR test conditions	
<b>APPENDIX 3:</b>	Test instruments	
Appendix 3-1	Equipment used	74
Appendix 3-2	Configuration and peripherals	75
Appendix 3-3	Test system specification	
Appendix 3-4	Simulated tissues composition and parameter confirmation	77
Appendix 3-5	Daily check results	77
Appendix 3-6	Daily check measurement data	
Appendix 3-7	Calibration certificate: E-Field Probe (EX3DV4)	83
Appendix 3-8	Calibration certificate: Dipole (D2450V2)	
Appendix 3-9	Calibration certificate: Dipole (D5GHzV2)	101

Test report No. : 12812927S-A Page : 3 of 117 Issued date : August 22, 2019

FCC ID : AZDBM72065

## **SECTION 1:** Customer information

Company Name	Canon Inc.
Address	9-1, Imaikamicho, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki, Kanagawa 211-8501, Japan
Telephone Number	+81-3-3758-2111
Contact Person	Tatsuya Yamazaki

The information provided from the customer is as follows;

Applicant, Type of Equipment, Model No., FCC ID on the cover and other relevant pages

SECTION 1: Customer information

SECTION 2: Equipment under test (EUT)

SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing

Appendix 1: The part of Antenna location information, Description of EUT and Support Equipment -

\* The laboratory is exempted from liability of any test results affected from the above information in SECTION 2, SECTION 4 and Appendix 1.

## **SECTION 2:** Equipment under test (EUT)

#### 2.1 Identification of EUT

		-					
	EUT	Platform					
Type of Equipment	Wireless LAN Module	BM72065's Platform (5): Flat Panel Detector					
Model Number	BM72065	WM5A15					
Serial Number	f48139ff8b6d	19MED-0124					
Condition of FUT	Engineering prototype	Engineering prototype					
Condition of EO I	(*. Not for sale: These samples are equivalent to mass-produced items.)						
Receipt Date of Sample	July 2, 2019 (*. No modification by the Lab.)						
Country of Mass-production	Japan	Japan					
Category Identified	Portable device						
Rating	DC3.3V supplied form the platform *. The EUT is installed into the specified the platform test, the platform which had built-in EUT was operat	n that was operated by the re-chargeable Li-ion battery. Therefore, each SAR ted with full-charged battery.					
	The EUT is a Wireless LAN Module, ma	odel: BM72065 which installs into the specified platform:					
Feature of EUT	Digital Radiography and Flat Panel Detector. (*. The platform "Digital Radiography" and "Flat Panel						
	Detector" are flat panel type product serie	es with the same outward appearance.)					
SAR Accessory	None						

#### 2.2 Product Description (Wireless LAN Module: BM72065)

Fraguency band	2 4CHz bond		5GHz band							
Frequency Danu		.4GHZ Dallu	-	U-NII-1 (W52)	U-NII-2A (W53)	U-NII-2C (W56)	U-NII-3 (W58)			
	b,g,	2412~2462	a,	5180~5240	5260~5320	5500~5580, 5660~5700	5745~5825			
Frequency of operation	n(20HT)	(ch.1~11)	n(20HT)	(ch.36~48)	(ch.52~64)	(ch.100~116, 132~140)	(ch.149~165)			
(MHz) (*.ch.: channel)	p(401FT)	2422~2452	n(401 IT)	5190,5230	5270,5310	5510, 5550, 5670	5755, 5795			
	11(40111)	(ch3~9)	11(40111)	(ch.38,46)	(ch.54,62)	(ch.102,110,134)	(ch.151,159)			
Channel spacing (MHz)	5	(11b,g,n(20HT))			20 (11b,g,n(20HT	)) / 40 (11n(40HT))				
Pondwidth (MHz)	20	(11b,g,n(20HT))			20(11h a m) = 200000000000000000000000000000000000	1 / 40 (11 - (40 + T))				
Dalidwidul (Ivil IZ)	/40 (11n(40HT))			20 (110,g,fl(2011))/ 40 (11fl(40H1))						
Type of modulation	DSSS: DBPSK		DQPSK	DQPSK, CCK (11b), OFDM: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM (11g,a,n(20HT),n(40HT))						
	h	12.0±2	a:	11.0±2	11.0±2	$11.0\pm 2$	11.0±2			
	U	(ch.1~11, 1~11Mbps)		(ch.36~48, 6~54Mbps)	(ch.52~64, 6~54Mbps)	(ch.100~140, 6~54Mbps)	(ch.149~165, 6~54Mbps)			
Transmit power (typical and	g, 12.0 ±2 (ch1~11, n(20HT) 6~54Mbps, MCS0~7) n(40HT) 11.0 ±2	12.0 ±2 (ch1~11,	n(20UT)	$11.0\pm 2$	$11.0\pm 2$	$11.0\pm 2$	$11.0\pm 2$			
tolerance (as manufacture		1(2011)	(ch.36~48, MCS0~7)	(ch.52~64, MCS0~7)	(ch.100~140, MCS0~7)	(ch.149~165, MCS0~7)				
variation))(dBm)		$11.0\pm 2$	n(40HT)	$11.0\pm 2$	$11.0\pm 2$	$11.0\pm 2$	$11.0\pm 2$			
	n( ioiii)	(ch.3~9, MCS0~7)	n(-10111)	(ch.38,46, MCS0~7)	(ch.54,62, MCS0~7)	(ch.102~134, MCS0~7)	(ch.151,159, MCS0~7)			
	*. The measured Tx output power (conducted) refers to Section 6 in this report.									
Power supply	DC 3.3	V *.The dc power of l	BM7206	5 is supplied from the	constant voltage circu	uit of the platform.				
Radio type	Transceiver									
Antenna quantity / model	1 pc. 146153-100 (cable length: 100 mm) <molex></molex>									
Antenna type / connector type Pattern antenna (34.9mm × 9mm) / Connector; RF module side: U-FL connector compatible, Antenna side: soldered					side: soldered					
Antenna gain (max.peak)	3.0 dBi (2.4GHz ~ 2.5 GHz) / 4.5 dBi (5.15GHz ~ 5.85 GHz), *.including cable loss.									

ch: channel; (Mode) b: IEEE 802.11b, g: IEEE 802.11g, a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n(20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n(40HT).

\*.

The EUT do not use the special transmitting technique such as "beam-forming" and "time-space code diversity." Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is conducted burst average power and is defined by a customer as Duty cycle 100% (continuous transmitting). \*.

### UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab. 1-22-3 Megumigaoka, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa-ken, 259-1220 JAPAN Telephone: +81 463 50 6400 / Facsimile: +81 463 50 6401

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 4 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019

FCC ID : AZDBM72065

## SECTION 3: Test specification, procedures and results

### 3.1 Test specification

FCC47CFR §2.1093: Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992. The device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling in accordance with the following measurement procedures.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Parts 2, IEEE Std.1528-2013 (latest), the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures, and TCB workshop updates.

KDB 447498 D01 (v06):	General RF exposure guidance
KDB 248227 D01 (v02r02):	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters
KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04):	SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz
IEEE Std. 1528-2013:	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

### 3.2 Exposure limit

Environments of exposure limit	Whole-Body (averaged over the entire body)	Partial-Body (averaged over any 1g of tissue)	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles (averaged over any 10g of tissue)	
(A) Limits for Occupational /Controlled Exposure (W/kg)	0.4	8.0	20.0	
(B) Limits for General population /Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)	0.08	1.6	4.0	

\*. Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

\*. General Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

### The limit applied in this test report is;

General population / Uncontrolled exposure, Partial-Body (averaged over any 1g of tissue) limit: 1.6 W/kg (Partial-Body)

### 3.3 Addition, deviation and exclusion to the test procedure

No addition, exclusion nor deviation has been made from the test procedure.

### 3.4 Test Location

### UL Japan, Inc., Shonan EMC Lab.

1-22-3 Megumigaoka, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa-ken 259-1220 JAPAN

Telephone number: +81 463 50 6400 / Facsimile number: +81 463 50 6401

A2LA Certificate Number: 1266.03 (FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 626366, ISED Lab Company Number: 2973D)

Used?	Place	Width x Depth x Height (m)	Size of reference ground plane (m)/ horizontal conducting plane	Maximum measurement distance
	No.1 Semi-anechoic chamber	20.6×11.3×7.65	20.6 × 11.3	10 m
	No.2 Semi-anechoic chamber	$20.6 \times 11.3 \times 7.65$	20.6×11.3	10 m
	No.3 Semi-anechoic chamber	$12.7 \times 7.7 \times 5.35$	12.7 × 7.7	5 m
	No.4 Semi-anechoic chamber	$8.1 \times 5.1 \times 3.55$	8.1 × 5.1	-
	No.1 Shielded room	$6.8 \times 4.1 \times 2.7$	6.8 × 4.1	-
	No.2 Shielded room	$6.8 \times 4.1 \times 2.7$	6.8 × 4.1	-
	No.3 Shielded room	$6.3 \times 4.7 \times 2.7$	6.3 × 4.7	-
	No.4 Shielded room	$4.4 \times 4.7 \times 2.7$	4.4 × 4.7	-
	No.5 Shielded room	$7.8 \times 6.4 \times 2.7$	$7.8 \times 6.4$	-
	No.6 Shielded room	$7.8 \times 6.4 \times 2.7$	7.8 × 6.4	-
X	No.7 Shielded room	$2.76 \times 3.76 \times 2.4$	2.76 × 3.76	-
	No.8 Shielded room	$3.45 \times 5.5 \times 2.4$	3.45 × 5.5	-
	No.1 Measurement room	$2.55 \times 4.1 \times 2.5$	$2.55 \times 4.1$	-

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 5 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019
FCC ID	: AZDBM72065

Test Procedure			SAR meas	surement: KI	DB 447498	8 D0	1, KDB 248	227 D01, KD	B 865664 D(	)1, IEC Std. 15	528			
Category	F	CC 47CFR §2.1093 (Portable device)				SAR	R type Partial-Body							
Band		Wi-F	Wi-Fi (DTS) Wi-Fi (U-NII-1)				Wi-Fi (	U-NII-2A)	Wi-Fi (U	J-NII-2C)	Wi-Fi (U-NII-3)			
Operation frequency	MHz]	2412	~2462	5180	-5240		5260	-5320	5500	~5700	5745	5~5825		
Results		Complied (Refer to Section 7.2)		Complied (Refer to Section 7.3)		)	Complied (Refer to Section 7.3)		Complied (Refer to Section 7.4)		Complied (Refer to Section 7.5)			
SAR limit [W/k	g	1.6 W	1.6 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)			1.6 W	/kg (1g)	1.6 W	/kg (1g)	1.6 W	//kg (1g)			
SAR type		Body touch	Next of head	Body touch	Next of h	lead	Body touch	Next of head	Body touch	Next of head	Body touch	Next of head		
Liquid type teste	d	Body	Head	Body	Head	l	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head		
Reported SAR (1g)	[W/kg]	<mark>0.309</mark>	<mark>0.319</mark>	0.775	0.734	1	0.824	0.769	1.015	0.969	<mark>1.094</mark>	<mark>1.069</mark>		
Measured SAR (1g) [	W/kg]	0.249	0.257	0.651	0.617	7	0.659	0.610	0.695	0.664	0.749	0.737		
Mode (Data rate	e)	b (1Mbps)	b (1Mbps)	a(6Mbps)	n20(MCS	S0) 1	n40(MCS0)	n20(MCS0)	n20(MCS0)	n20(MCS0)	n20(MCS0)	a(6Mbps)		
Frequency [MHz	z]	2412	2412	5180	5180	)	5310	5320	5500	5500	5825	5825		
Burst average power	[dBm]	13.06	13.06	12.26	12.26	5	12.02	11.99	11.37	11.37	11.37	11.40		
Tune-up limit [dB	m]	14.0	14.0	13.0	13.0		13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0		
Tune-up factor [	-]	1.24	1.24	1.19	1.19		1.25	1.26	1.46	1.46	1.46	1.45		
Duty cycle [%]		100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100	100	100		
Duty scaled factor	[-]	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		

#### 3.5 **Procedures and Results**

Note: UL Japan's SAR Work Procedures No.13-EM-W0429 and 13-EM-W0430. No addition, deviation nor exclusion has been made from standards

SAR test was applied to U-NII-1 band, even though the reported SAR 1g of U-NII-2A was enough lower than 1.2 W/kg. Since Wii-Fi of 2.4GHz and Wi-Fi of 5GHz are used a same antenna, DTS band and UNII band do not transmit simultaneously.

\* (Calculating formula)

Corrected SAR to max.power (\*. Reported SAR) (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (Duty scaled factor) × (Tune-up factor)

where; Tune-up factor  $[-] = 1/(10^{(4)})/(2000)/($ 

"yellow marker" in the table; The highest reported SAR(1g) of each operation band (DTS, U-NII) is shaded with yellow marker.

Test outline: Where the EUT (model: BM72065) is built into a new platform (5), it was verified whether multiplatform conditions can be suited in according with section 2) of 5.2.2 in KDB447498 D01 (v06).

<u>Consideration of the test results:</u> The highest reported SAR (1g) of this platform (5) was kept;  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg (SAR(1g))

Since highest reported SAR (1g) on this platform (5) obtained in accordance with KDB447498 D01 (v06) was kept under 1.2 W/kg, the EUT was approved to operate single platform (Flat Panel type product series).

: 12812927S-A
: 6 of 117
: August 22, 2019

#### 3.6 SAR measurement procedure

#### 3.6.1 Normal SAR measurement procedure

#### Step 1: Confirmation before SAR testing

Before SAR test, the RF wiring for the sample had been switched to the antenna conducted power measurement line from the antenna line and the average power was measured. The SAR test reference power measurement and the SAR test were proceeded with the lowest data rate (which has the higher time-based average power typically) on each operation mode. Therefore, the average output power was measured on the lower, middle (or near middle), upper and specified channels with the lowest data rate of each operation mode. The power of other data rate was also measured to confirm the time-base average power and when it's required. The power measurement result is shown in Section 6.

The EUT transmission power was verified that it was within 2dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit when it was set the rated power. (Clause 4.1, KDB447498 D01 (v06))

#### Step 2: Power reference measurement

Measurement of the E-field at a fixed location above the central position of flat phantom (or/and furthermore an interpolated peak SAR location of area scan in step 2) was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

#### Step 3: Area Scan (Area scan parameters: KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04).)

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of head or body position was measured at a distance of each device from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the antenna of EUT and suitable horizontal grid spacing of EUT. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by splines interpolation.

	$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ GHz :\leq 12 \ mm \\ 4-6 \ GHz :\leq 10 \ mm \end{array}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx <sub>Area</sub> , Δy <sub>Area</sub>	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	f the test device, in the on, is smaller than the above, must be $\leq$ the corresponding levice with at least one st device.

#### Step 4: Zoom Scan and post-processing (Zoom scan parameters: KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04).)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure.

A volume of 30 mm (X)  $\times$  30 mm (Y)  $\times$  30 mm (Z) (or more) was assessed by measuring  $7 \times 7 \times 7$  points (or more),  $\leq$  3GHz.

A volume of 28 mm  $(X) \times 28$  mm  $(Y) \times 24$ mm (Z) (or more) was assessed by measuring 8×8×7 points (or more) (by "Ratio step" method (\*1)), > 3 GHz. When the SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are proceeded for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	olution: Δx <sub>zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>zoom</sub>	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ 4-5 \text{ GHz:} \leq 3 \text{ mm} \\ 5-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 2 \text{ mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 3 \text{ mm} \\ 4-5 \text{ GHz:} \leq 2.5 \text{ mm} \\ 5-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 2 \text{ mm} \end{array}$	
	grid	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta$	z <sub>Zoom</sub> (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		$\geq$ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	
Note: δ is the penetrati P1528-2011 for c When zoom scan is KDP 447498 is < 1	on depth o letails. required a	f a plane-wave at normal nd the <u>reported</u> SAR from	incidence to the tissue medi in the area scan based <i>1-g SA</i> .	um; see draft standard IEEE <i>R estimation</i> procedures of	

2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

#### Step 5: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 2. It was checked that the power drift is within The measurement procedure is the same as Step 2. If was checked that the power drift is within  $\pm 5\%$  in the evaluation procedure of SAR testing. The verification of power drift during the SAR test is that DASY system calculates the power drift by measuring the e-filed at the same location at beginning and the end of the scan measurement for each test position. The result is shown in SAR plot data of APPENDIX 2. \*. DASY system calculation Power drift value[dB] =20log(Ea)/(Eb) (where, Before SAR testing: Eb[V/m] / After SAR testing: Ea[V/m]) Limit of power drift[W] =  $\pm 5\%$ ; Power drift limit (X) [dB] = 10log(P\_drift)=10log(1.05/1) = 10log(1.05)-10log(1) = <u>0.21dB</u> from E-filed relations with power;  $s=E\times H=E^{-2}/\eta=P/(4\times\pi\times^{-2})$  ( $\eta$ : Space impedance)  $\rightarrow P=(E^{-2}\times4\times\pi\times^{-2})/\eta$ Therefore. The correlation of power and the E-filed

Power drift limit (X)  $dB=10\log(P_drift) = 10\log(E_drift)^2=20\log(E_drift)$ 

From the above mentioned, the calculated power drift of DASY system must be the less than (±) 0.21dB.

#### Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

The all SAR tests were conservatively performed with test separation distance 0 mm. The phantom bottom thickness is approx. 2mm. Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers is 1mm. The distance between the SAR probe tip to the surface of test device which is touched the bottom surface of the phantom is approx. 3 mm for 2.4GHz band and 2.4 mm for 5GHz band.

"Ratio step" method parameters used; the first measurement point: "1.4mm" from the phantom surface, the initial z grid separation: "1.4mm", subsequent graded grid ratio: "1.4". These parameters comply with the requirement of KDB 865664 D01 and recommended by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 manual).

## UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.

Therefore, The correlation of power and the E-filed

Test report No. : 12812927S-A Page : 7 of 117 : August 22, 2019 Issued date

FCC ID : AZDBM72065

#### **SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing**

#### 4.1 **Operating modes for SAR testing**

The EUT has IEEE 802.11b, 11g, 11a, 11n(20HT) and 11n(40HT) continuous transmitting modes. The frequency and the modulation used in the SAR testing are shown as a following.

Operati	ion mode	<b>)</b>	b	g	n20	n40	a	n20	n40	a	n20	n40	a	n20	n40	a	n20	n40
ba	and			DTS				U-NII-1		U-NII-2A		U-NII-2C				U-NII-3		
Tx band [MHz]		2	2412~246	52	2422 ~2452	2422 ~2452 5180~5240		5190, 5230	5260~5320		5270, 5310	5500~5580, 5660~5700		5510, 5550, 5670	5745~5825		5755, 5795	
Bandwie	dth [MHz	-	20	20	20	40	20	20	40	20	20	40	20	20	40	20	20	40
Max.pov	wer [dBn	ı]	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Modulation		DSSS	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	OFDM	
Data ra	te [Mbps]		1	6	MCS0	MCS0	6	MCS0	MCS0	6	MCS0	MCS0	6	MCS0	MCS0	6	MCS0	MCS0
Frequency	SAR SAF	<b>iy,</b> ≀1g	2412, 2437, 2462	2412, 2437, 2462	2412, 2437, 2462	2437 (*1)	5180, 5220, 5240	5180, 5220, 5240	5190, 5230	5260, 5300, 5320	5260, 5300, 5320	5270, 5310	5500, 5580, 5700	5500, 5580, 5700	5510, 5550, 5670	5745, 5785, 5825	5745, 5785, 5825	5755, 5795
[MHz]	type SAF	ad, tlg	2412, 2437, 2462	2412, 2437, 2462	2412, 2437, 2462	2437 (*1)	5180, 5220, 5240	5180, 5220, 5240	5190, 5230	5260, 5300, 5320	5260, 5300, 5320	5270, 5310	5500, 5580, 5700	5500, 5580, 5700	5510, 5550, 5670	5745, 5785, 5825	5745, 5785, 5825	5755, 5795
Controllo	"rftest" mode (for the power measurement and the SAR test)																	

(0:20MHz, 1:40MHz)", "Power(dBm, 12 or 11)", "data rate (0: 1Mbr 6Mbps, 14: MCS0)", "on/off (2:on/18:off)" by host PC via LAN cable.

\*1. Since reported SAR(1g) values of DSSS channel which has highest tune-up limit power were shown lower than 0.8 W/kg, SAR test of OFDM mode (which has same power or smaller power) was omitted.

(mode) b: IEEE 802.11b, g: IEEE 802.11g, a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n (20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n (40HT).

#### 4.2 **RF** exposure conditions

After considering the outline of Flat Panel Sensor, the SAR test was carried out on the following setup conditions.

Setup	<b>Explanation of platform setup position</b> (*. Refer to Appendix 1 for test setup photographs.)	Antenna separation [mm]	SAR Tested /Reduced	SAR type
Back	(*. Initial setup) The back surface (operator side, metal plate with the antenna radiated slit) of platform was touched to the Flat phantom.	5.8	Tested	
Front	The front surface (patient side, metal plate ) of platform was touched to the Flat phantom.	9.7	Tested	
Right	The right edge surface (near an antenna side) of platform was touched to the Flat phantom.	22	Tested	Body
Left	The left side edge surface of platform was touched to the Flat phantom.	403	Reduced (≥ 200 mm)	/Head touch
Тор	The top side edge surface of platform was touched to the Flat phantom.	133.4	Reduced	
Bottom	The bottom side edge surface of platform was touched to the Flat phantom.	317.6	Reduced (≥ 200 mm)	

Separation: Antenna separation distance. It is the distance from the antenna to the outer surface of platform which a human may touch.

Size of platform:  $460 \text{ (W)} \times 460 \text{ (D)} \times 15.7 \text{ (thickness)} \text{ [mm]} (*. Size of EUT: 28 (W) \times 32 \text{ (D)} \times 2.8 \text{ (thickness)} \text{ [mm]})$ Refer to Appendix 1 for the antenna location and the test setup photographs which had been tested.

\*.

Test report No. Page Issued date	: 12812927S-A : 8 of 117 : August 22, 2019
FCC ID	: AZDBM72065

### 4.3 SAR test exclusion considerations accordance to KDB 447498 D01

The following is based on KDB447498D01;

Step 1) The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

- $[(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min.test separation distance, mm)] \times [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0 (for SAR(1g)), 7.5 (for SAR(10g)) \cdots formula (1) If power is calculated from the upper formula (1);$ 
  - $[SAR(1g) \text{ test exclusion thresholds, mW}] = 3 \times [\text{test separation distance, mm}] / [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \cdots formula (2)$
  - 1. The upper frequency of the frequency band was used in order to calculate standalone SAR test exclusion considerations.
  - 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
  - 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 4. The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

When the calculated threshold value by a numerical formula above-mentioned in the following table is 3.0 or less, SAR test can be excluded.

- Step 2) At 1500 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following,
  - [test exclusion thresholds, mW] = [(Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50mm in formula (1))] + [(test separation distance, mm) (50mm)] × 10 ····· formula (3) 1. The upper frequency of the frequency band was used in order to calculate standalone SAR test exclusion considerations.
  - 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

When output power is less than the calculated threshold value by a numerical formula above-mentioned in the following table, SAR test is excluded.

[SAR exclusion calculations for step 1) antenna ≤50mm from the user, and for step 2) antenna > 50mm from the user.]

							Step 2)					
					SAR ex	clusion calculation	nm from the user.	> 50mm from the user				
		Upper	Ipper         Max. output power           quency         conducted			Calculated threshold value						
Band	Tx mode	Frequency			Setup	up Back Front		Right	Top, Bottom, Left			
		[MHz]	[dBm]	[mW]	D[mm]	6	10	22	>133			
2.4GHz	b,g,n20	2462	14	25	Judge	6.5, Measure	3.9, Measure	1.8, Reduce	$\geq$ 926mW (133mm), Reduce			
2.4GHz	n40	2452	13	20	Judge	5.2, Measure	3.1, Measure	1.4, Reduce	$\geq$ 926mW (133mm), Reduce			
U-NII-1	a,n20/40	5240	13	20	Judge	7.6, Measure	4.6, Measure	2.1, Reduce	$\geq$ 896 mW(133mm), Reduce			
U-NII-2A	a,n20/40	5320	13	20	Judge	7.7, Measure	4.6, Measure	2.1, Reduce	$\geq$ 895 mW(133mm), Reduce			
U-NII-2C	a,n20/40	5700	13	20	Judge	8.0, Measure	4.8, Measure	2.2, Reduce	$\geq$ 893 mW(133mm), Reduce			
U-NII-3	a,n20/40	5825	13	20	Judge	8.0, Measure	4.8, Measure	2.2, Reduce	$\geq$ 892 mW(133mm), Reduce			

\*. D: Antenna separation distance, Max.: Maximum, (mode) b: IEEE 802.11b, g: IEEE 802.11g, a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n(20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n(40HT).

Notes: 1. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

#### <Conclusion for consideration for SAR test reduction>

- The setup of "Back", "Front" and "Right" are evaluated for body-touch SAR by using body-liquid and head-touch SAR by using head-liquid. The SAR test of other surfaces ("Top", "Bottom" and "Left" setups) are reduced because the SAR test exclusion judge value (exclusion power) shows "SAR test can be reduced".
- 2) The all SAR tests were conservatively performed with test separation distance 0mm.

By the determined test setup shown above, the SAR test was applied in the following procedures.

-	
	On 2.4GHz band,
Step 1	In body liquid, worst SAR search (for body-touch SAR) by DSSS mode with a highest measurement output power channel. Add
	test for OFDM mode, if it's necessary.
	In head liquid, worst SAR search (for head-touch SAR) by DSSS mode with a highest measurement output power channel. Add
	test for OFDM mode, if it's necessary.
	On 5 GHz band,
	In body liquid, worst SAR search (for body-touch SAR) by BW40MHz mode with a highest measurement output power channel.
Step 2	Add test to BW20MHz mode to check SAR of Low/Middle/High channels on each operation band.
	In head liquid, worst SAR search (for head-touch SAR) by BW40MHz mode with a highest measurement output power channel.
	Add test to BW20MHz mode to check SAR of Low/Middle/High channels on each operation band, if it's necessary.

\*. During SAR test, the radiated power is always monitored by Spectrum Analyzer.

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 9 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019
FCC ID	: AZDBM72065

## SECTION 5: Uncertainty Assessment (SAR measurement/Daily check)

\*. Although this standard determines only the limit value of uncertainty, there is no applicable rule of uncertainty in this. Therefore, the following results are derived depending on whether or not laboratory uncertainty is applied. Table of uncertainties are listed for ISO/IEC 17025.

	Uncertainty of SAR measurement (2.	.4-6GHz) (*.ε&	σ:≤±5%, DAK3.5, Tx:≈	100% duty c	ycle) (v08)	1	g SAR	10g SAR	ĺ
	Combined measurement uncer	rtainty of the me	asurement system (l	<b>(=1</b> )		±	13.7%	±13.6%	
	Expande	d uncertainty (k=	=2)			±	27.4%	±27.2%	
	Error Description (2.4-6GHz) (v08)	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	Vi, veff
Α	Measurement System (DASY5)						(std. uncertainty)	(std. uncertainty)	
1	Probe Calibration Error	±6.55%	Normal	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	8
2	Axial isotropy Error	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
3	Hemispherical isotropy Error	±9.6 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√0.5	√0.5	±3.9%	±3.9%	8
4	Linearity Error	±4.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	8
5	Probe modulation response	±2.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	00
6	Sensitivity Error (detection limit)	±1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6 %	00
7	Boundary effects Error	±4.3%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.5 %	±2.5 %	00
8	Readout Electronics Error(DAE)	±0.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	00
9	Response Time Error	$\pm 0.8$ %	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.8$ %	$\pm 0.8$ %	00
10	Integration Time Error (≈100% duty cycle)	±0 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0%	0 %	00
11	RF ambient conditions-noise	±3.0%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	00
12	RF ambient conditions-reflections	±3.0%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	00
13	Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	±3.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.9%	±1.9%	00
14	Probe Positioning with respect to phantom shell	±6.7 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	00
15	Max. SAR evaluation (Post-processing)	±4.0%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	00
B	Test Sample Related								
16	Device Holder or Positioner Tolerance	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
17	Test Sample Positioning Error	±5.0%	Normal	1	1	1	±5.0%	±5.0%	145
18	Power scaling	±0%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0 %	±0 %	00
19	Drift of output power (measured, <0.2dB)	±2.3%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9%	00
С	Phantom and Setup								
20	Phantom uncertainty (shape, thickness tolerances)	±7.5 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±4.3 %	±4.3 %	00
21	Algorithm for correcting SAR (e',σ: ≤5%)	±1.2 %	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.2 %	±0.97 %	00
22	Measurement Liquid Conductivity Error (DAK3.5)	±3.0%	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.3 %	±2.1 %	7
23	Measurement Liquid Permittivity Error (DAK3.5)	±3.1 %	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	±0.7 %	$\pm 0.8$ %	7
24	Liquid Conductivity-temp.uncertainty (<2deg.C.)	±5.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±2.4 %	±2.2 %	00
25	Liquid Permittivity-temp.uncertainty (<2deg.C.)	±0.9 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	00
	Combined Standard Uncertainty						±13.7 %	±13.6 %	733
	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						±27.4 %	±27.2 %	
*.	This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by	IEEE Std.1528(2013	3) and determined by Sc	hmid & Pa	rtner Engir	eering AC	GDASY5 Unc	ertainty Budget)	. Per KDF

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE Std.1528(2013) and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 Uncertainty Budget). Per KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04) SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, Section 2.8.1., when the highest measured SAR(1g) within a frequency band is < 1.5W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std.1528 (2013) is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

	Uncertainty of daily check (2.4-	-6GHz) (*.8&0 to	lerance:≤±5%, DAK3.5,	CW) (v08)			1g SAR	10g SAR	
	Combined measurement uncer	rtainty of the mea	asurement system (l	k=1)		=	=11.0 %	±10.9 %	1
	Expanded	d uncertainty (k=	=2)			3	= 22.1 %	±21.8 %	
	Error Description (v08)	Uncertainty Value	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci(lg)	ci (10g)	ui (1g)	ui (10g)	Vi, veff
Α	Measurement System (DASY5)						(std. uncertainty)	(std. uncertainty)	
1	Probe Calibration Error	±6.55 %	Normal	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55%	00
2	Axial isotropy error	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	√0.5	√0.5	±1.9 %	±1.9%	00
3	Hemispherical isotropy error	±9.6%	Rectangular	√3	0	0	0 %	0%	00
4	Probe linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	00
5	Probe modulation response (CW)	±0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0%	0%	00
6	System detection limit	±1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	00
7	Boundary effects	±4.8 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.8 %	±2.8 %	00
8	System readout electronics (DAE)	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	00
9	Response Time Error (<5ms/100ms wait)	±0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0%	0%	00
10	Integration Time Error (CW)	±0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0%	0%	00
11	RF ambient conditions-noise	±3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	00
12	RF ambient conditions-reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	00
13	Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	±3.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.9 %	±1.9%	00
14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	±6.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±3.9 %	±3.9%	00
15	Max. SAR evaluation (Post-processing)	±4.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	8
B	Test Sample Related								
16	Deviation of the experimental source	±3.5 %	Normal	1	1	1	±3.5 %	±3.5 %	00
17	Dipole to liquid distance (10mm±0.2mm,<2deg.)	±2.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	8
18	Drift of output power (measured, <0.2dB)	±2.3 %	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.3 %	±1.3 %	00
С	Phantom and Setup								
- 19	Phantom uncertainty	±2.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2%	00
20	Algorithm for correcting SAR (e',σ: ≤5%)	±1.2 %	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.2 %	±0.97 %	00
21	Liquid conductivity (meas.) (DAK3.5)	±3.0%	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.3 %	±2.1 %	00
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.) (DAK3.5)	±3.1 %	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	±0.7 %	±0.8 %	00
23	Liquid Conductivity-temp.uncertainty (<2deg.C.)	±5.3 %	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±2.4 %	±2.2 %	00
24	Liquid Permittivity-temp.uncertainty (<2deg.C.)	±0.9%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	00
	Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.0 %	±10.9 %	
	Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						±22.1 %	±21.8 %	1

\* This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE Std. 1528(2013) and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY5 Uncertainty Budget).

## UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab. 1-22-3 Megumigaoka, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa-ken, 259-1220 JAPAN

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 10 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019
FCC ID	: AZDBM72065

#### **SECTION 6: Confirmation before testing**

#### 6.1 SAR reference power measurement (antenna terminal conducted average power of EUT) - Worst data rate/channel determination

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
Mode         Hopenery         rate         Jordar         factor         power         factor         power         factor         power         factor         power         factor         power         factor         power         power         power         power         power         power         power         factor	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	(S
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
2402         11         0         12         100         0.00         1.00         12.94         19.08         12.94         19.08         12         14         -1.06         1.25         no (typical)           2412         1         MCS0         12         100         0.00         1.00         13.02         20.04         13.02         20.04         12         14         -0.98         1.25         no (typical)         -           n20         2437         6         MCS0         12         100         0.00         1.00         13.16         20.70         13.16         20.70         12         14         -0.98         1.25         no (typical)         -           2462         11         MCS0         12         100         0.00         1.00         12.96         19.77         12         14         -1.04         1.27         no (typical)         -           2462         11         MCS0         12         100         0.00         1.00         12.32         17.06         12.32         17.06         11         13         -0.68         1.17         no (typical)         -           2422         3         MCS0         11         100 <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
100       12       100       0.00       1.00       13.02       20.04       12       14       -0.36       1.25       no (typica)         120       2437       6       MCS0       12       100       0.00       1.00       13.16       20.70       13.16       20.70       12       14       -0.36       1.25       no (typica)         2462       11       MCS0       12       100       0.00       1.00       12.96       19.77       12.96       19.77       12       14       -1.04       1.27       no (typica)         2462       11       MCS0       12       100       0.00       1.00       12.32       17.06       12.32       17.06       11       13       -0.68       1.17       no (typica)         140       2437       6       MCS0       11       100       0.00       1.00       12.32       17.06       11       13       -0.68       1.17       no (typica)         140       2437       6       MCS0       11       100       0.00       12.32       17.06       12.32       17.06       11       13       -0.38       1.09       no (typica)         140       2437       6	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
2402         11         MCS0         12         100         0.00         12.90         19.77         12.30         19.77         12         14         -1.04         1.27         no (typical)           2422         3         MCS0         11         100         0.00         1.00         12.32         17.06         12.32         17.06         11         13         -0.68         1.17         no (typical)           n40         2437         6         MCS0         11         100         0.00         12.02         18.28         12.62         18.28         11         13         -0.38         1.09         no (typical)           n40         2437         6         MCS0         11         100         0.00         12.02         18.28         12.62         18.28         11         13         -0.38         1.09         no (typical)	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
140 $2437$ 0 $100$ $100$ $100$ $100$ $100$ $1202$ $1626$ $1202$ $1626$ $11$ $13$ $-0.36$ $100$	
2432 7 191C30 11 100 0.00 1.00 1232 17.00 12.32 17.00 11 13 -0.00 1.17 n0(191ca) -	
$3200 - 40 = 0 = 11 - 100 - 0.00 - 12.14 - 10.57 - 11 - 15 - 0.00 - 1.22 - 100(y_{\text{Dec}})$	
3220 44 0 11 100 0.00 1.00 1.242 17.40 12.42 17.40 11 13 0.03 1.14 no (typica) -	
3240 48 0 11 100 0.00 1.00 12.47 10.73 12.24 10.75 11 13 -0.76 1.19 no(typica) -	
3200 $32$ $0$ $11$ $100$ $0.00$ $1.00$ $1.2.47$ $17.00$ $11$ $13$ $-0.33$ $1.13$ n0 (typica) - 100 $100$ $1.2.47$ $17.00$ $1.13$ $100$ $1.00$ $1.13$ $100$ (typica) - 100 $100$ $1.00$	
3280 30 0 11 100 0.00 12.19 10.30 12.19 10.30 11 13 -0.61 1.21 no(typica)	
a 3300 60 0 11 100 0.00 12.37 17.20 12.37 17.20 11 13 -0.05 1.10 no(typica)	
3200 04 0 11 100 0.00 12.05 10.05 12.05 10.05 11 15 -0.55 1.24 no (typica) -	
3300 100 0 11 100 0.00 1.00 1.39 13.77 11.39 13.77 11 13 -1.01 1.49 no (typica) -	
5/00 140 0 11 100 0.00 10.0 11.70 13.00 11.70 13.00 11 13 -1.24 13.5 no(typical) -	
5/43 $149$ $0$ $11$ $100$ $0.00$ $1.00$ $1.34$ $14.20$ $11.34$ $14.20$ $11$ $13$ $-1.40$ $1.40$ $1.40$ $1.40$ $1.00$ $100$ $1.51$ $1$	
5765 127 - 0 - 11 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 1140 - 12.00 - 11.40 - 13.00 - 11 - 13 - 1.00 - 1.45 - 100	
5225 165 0 11 100 0.00 1.00 1.40 15.00 11.40 15.00 11 15 -1.00 1.45 no(typical)	
5160 50 MCSU 11 100 000 100 1220 10.5 1220 10.5 11 13 -0.7 112 1000 1000	
5200 44 MCS0 11 100 1000 100 1245 1758 1245 1758 11 12 055 114 mc(min)	
5220 44 MCS0 11 100 1000 100 1245 17.56 1245 17.56 11 13 1-0.55 144 10 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
5240 46 MCS0 11 100 0.00 1.00 12.23 10.77 12.25 10.77 11 15 -0.75 1.19 10(9)cal -	
5200 52 MCS0 11 100 0.00 120 1231 1231 1235 1131 13 00 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
5200 50 MCS0 11 100 1000 100 1034 1714 1234 1714 11 13 506 112 10 1006 100	
$n_{20} = 3300 - 60 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 12.54 - 17.14 - 11 - 130.00 - 1.10 - 10$	
520 04 MCS0 11 100 0.00 100 11.37 13.51 11.57 13.51 11 13 -1.01 1.20 10(typical) -	
500 10 MCS0 11 10 100 100 113 13 15 6 15 7 15 1 13 13 10 10 10 100 100 100 100 100 10	
5360 140 MCS0 11 100 1000 100 1200 1209 1207 1520 11 12 122 120 1000	
5705 140 MCS0 11 100 0.00 100 1157 13.36 11.07 13.36 11 13 -1.13 1.30 10(9)	
5785 157 MCS0 11 100 1000 100 1043 1320 11.54 1320 11 13 1357 1.40 100000	
5025 195 MCS0 11 100 000 100 11137 1371 1177 1371 11 13 163 146 100000	
5025 16 MCS0 11 100 0.00 100 1137 15./1 11.57 15./1 11 15 -1.00 11.40 10(9)200 = 500 12.00 12.00 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	I
530 46 MCS0 11 100 000 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	<u>-</u>
5250 -40 MCS0 11 100 0.00 100 12.15 10.50 12.15 10.50 11 15 -0.61 1.21 10((pta)) =	I
1 220 1 37 1 MCSO 1 11 - 100 1 000 1 100 1 1200 1 1202 1 1202 1 1302 1 13 1 0.08 1 132 1 100 1 100 1 100 1 100 1	<u>-</u>
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
5670 1 134 MCS0 1 11 100 1000 100 100 111535 1126 1535 111 1 13 1 112 1 130 1 100 1000 H Hintel for t	 1
5755 151 MCS0 11 100 0.00 100 1139 1377 1139 1377 11 13 -141 145 10 (19) 41 141 1454	
5795 [ 159 ] MCS0 [ 11 ] 100 [ 000 ] 100 [ 101 ] 1121 [ 1221 ] 1321 [ 1321 ] 113 [ 170 ] 131 [ 151 ] 100 [ 100 ] 100 ]	÷
* The SAR test novers by setting typical power we not more than 2dB lower than maximum time an nover (KDB 447498 DOI (v/o6 powinement)	

CH: Chanel; Max: Maximum; D/R: Data Rate; b: IEEE 802.11b, g: IEEE 802.11g, a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n (20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n (40HT). Initial SAR test channel was chosen. (shaded yellow marker) This mode has the highest tune-up power, highest duty cycle and lowest modulation. According to KDB248227 D01, SAR is required for g, n20 and n40 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS

specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is >1.2 W/kg. When the same transmission mode configurations have the same maximum output power on the same channel for the a/n/ac modes, the channel with the largest \* bandwidth and the lowest data rate is selected.

When the specified maximum output power is the same for both U-NII-1 band and U-NII-2A band, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band, and if the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A band is; < 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band /> 1.2 W/kg, both bands should be tested independently for SAR.

Calculating formula: Burst power (dBm) = (P/M Reading, dBm) + (Cable loss, dB) + (Attenuator, dB) + (duty factor, dB) + (duty factor, dB) + (duty factor, dB) + (duty factor, dB) + (duty factor) + (dut

Duty cycle: (duty cycle, %) = (Tx on time, ms)/(1 cycle time, ms) × 100, where Duty factor (dBm) =  $10 \times \log (100/(duty cycle, %))$ Duty cycle scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100(%)/(duty cycle, %) $\Delta$ Max. (Deviation form maximum power, dB) = (Burst power measured (average, dBm)) - (Max.tune-up limit power (average, dBm)) Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor [-] = 1 / (10 ^ ("Deviation from max., dB" / 10)) Date measured: July 16, 2019 / Measured by: H. Naka/ Place: Preparation room of No. 7 shield room. ((24-25) deg.C./ (55-60) %RH)

\*

Uncertainty of antenna port conducted test; (±) 0.81 dB (Average power).

\*.

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 11 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019
FCC ID	: AZDBM72065

\*. Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate and data rate associated with the highest power were chosen for full test in following tables.

	Data rate (D/R) vs Time average power (dBm) (*. Duty cycle of all modes = $100\%$ )																								
b, 2412MHz g, 2412MHz n20, 2412MHz							n40, 24	22MH	z		a, 550	0MHz		1	n20, 55	00MF	Ιz	n40, 5510MHz							
Max.:1	4 dBm		Max.:1	4 dBm			Max.:1	4 dBn	1		Max.:1	3 dBm	l		Max.:1	3 dBm			Max.:1	3 dBn	1		Max.:1	3 dBm	
D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power	D/R	Power
[Mbps]	[dBm]	[Mbps]	[dBm]	[Mbps]	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]	[Mbps]	[dBm]	[Mbps]	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]	MCS	[dBm]
1	13.06	6	13.04	24	12.94	0	13.02	4	13.01	0	12.32	4	12.24	6	11.39	24	11.36	0	11.37	4	11.30	0	11.35	4	11.28
2	13.02	9	13.02	36	12.97	1	12.99	5	13.02	1	12.32	5	12.20	9	11.28	36	11.25	1	11.35	5	11.35	1	11.28	5	11.30
5.5	13.06	12	13.00	48	12.93	2	12.99	6	13.02	2	12.28	6	12.26	12	11.31	48	11.31	2	11.36	6	11.36	2	11.33	6	11.30
11	13.06	18	13.03	56	12.93	3	13.01	7	13.02	3	12.22	7	12.23	18	11.35	56	11.34	3	11.36	7	11.33	3	11.28	7	11.24

### 6.2 Comparison of power of EMC sample

		Data norvan	Deference	Average power [dBm] ("Bold letter": Highest) (D/R: Data rate [Mbps])													
	RF serial No.	measured	report#	11	b: Max.p	ower=14	dBm	11a: Max.power=13dBm									
		measured	тероня	D/R	2412	2437	2462	D/R	5180	5260	5320	5500	5580	5700	5745	5785	5825
EMC (Ref.)	60128BCC1E18	Sep. 20, 2016	11355752S-N,-P.	11	12.45	12.26	12.20	9	11.92	11.91	11.95	12.16	12.24	12.49	12.38	12.38	12.23
SAR test (1)	60128BCC1DCA	Sep. 30, 2016	11355753S-A	1	12.50	12.30	12.07	6	11.86	11.89	12.00	12.60	12.68	12.84	12.26	11.84	11.76
SAR test (2)	60128BCC1E6A	Dec., 19, 2016	11528791S-A	1	12.19	12.02	12.12	6	11.33	11.48	11.37	11.90	12.34	11.70	11.75	11.59	11.89
SAD tost (3)	60128PCC1E10	Dm 10 2016	115287028 4	1	12.93	12.80	13.02	6	11.54	11.52	11.67	12.01	12 10	11.80	11.92	11.60	12.05
SAR test (5)	00128BCC1E10	Dec., 19, 2010	115267925-A	1		*. tuned		0	11.54	11.52	11.07	12.01	12,19	11.09	11.65	11.00	12.03
SAR test (4)	f48139ff8b65	June 27, 2019	12812914S-A	1	13.09	13.12	13.01	6	11.88	12.45	12.23	11.61	11.36	11.32	11.49	11.22	11.05
SAR test (5)	f48139ff8b6d	July 16, 2019	12812927S-A	1	13.06	13.11	13.01	6	12.26	12.47	12.05	11.39	12.12	11.76	11.54	11.40	11.40

 Test report No.
 : 12812927S-A

 Page
 : 12 of 117

 Issued date
 : August 22, 2019

FCC ID : AZDBM72065

### SECTION 7: SAR Measurement results

### 7.1 Liquid parameters

					Li	iquid para	ameters	(*a)				ΔSA	R Coeffi	cients(*b)	
Liquid	Frequency	Р	ermittivi	ty (ɛr) [-]		C	onductiv	ity [S/m]		Tomm	Donth	ASAD	0.107.1	Correction	Data maggurad
type	[MHz]	Towart	Meas	sured	Limit	Towart	Mea	sured	Limit	Idea C1	[mm]	ДЗАГ	⊾ [70]	required?	Date measureu
		Target	Value	<b>∆er</b> [%]	[%]	Target	Value	Δσ[%]	[%]	[ucg.C.]	լոոոյ	(1g)	(10g)	(*c)	
	5745	35.36	34.69	-1.9		5.214	5.032	-3.5				+0.54	-	Not Required.	
	5755	35.35	34.67	-1.9		5.224	5.047	-3.4				+0.54	-	Not Required.	
Head	5785	35.32	34.67	-1.8	±5	5.255	5.071	-3.5	±5	22.1	149	+0.52	-	Not Required.	July 17, 2019, before SAR test.
	5795	35.31	34.64	-1.97	Į.	5.265	5.094	-3.2				+0.52	-	Not Required.	
	5825	35.27	34.60	-1.9		5.296	5.111	-3.5				+0.54	-	Not Required.	
	5500	35.64	35.02	-1.8	Į.	4.963	4.781	-3.7				+0.50	-	Not Required.	
	5510	35.63	34.98	-1.8	Į.	4.973	4.792	-3.6				+0.52	-	Not Required.	
Head	5550	35.59	34.92	-1.9	+ 5	5.014	4.830	-3.7	+ 5	22.1	149	+0.53	-	Not Required.	July 18 2019 before SAR test
11000	5580	35.55	34.91	-1.8		5.045	4.862	-3.6	_0			+0.52	-	Not Required.	ouly 10, 2019, 001010 01 11 100
	5670	35.45	34.78	-1.9	Į.,	5.137	4.964	-3.4				+0.53	-	Not Required.	
	5700	35.41	34.75	-1.9		5.168	4.985	-3.5				+0.53	-	Not Required.	
	5180	36.01	35.40	-1.7		4.635	4.465	-3.7				+0.43	-	Not Required.	
	5190	36.00	35.40	-1./		4.645	4.4/2	-3.7				+0.42	-	Not Required.	
	5220	35.96	35.35	-1./		4.6/6	4.503	-3.7				+0.44	-	Not Required.	
	5230	35.95	35.37	-1.0		4.080	4.522	-3.5				+0.42	-	Not Required.	
Head	5240	35.94	35.34	-1./	±5	4.090	4.522	-3./	±5	22.1	149	+0.44	-	Not Required.	July 19, 2019, before SAR test.
	5260	35.92	35.31	-1./	{ .	4./1/	4.54/	-3.6				+0.45	-	Not Required.	
	52/0	35.91	35.29	-l./	{ .	4./2/	4.555	-3.0				+0.46	-	Not Required.	4
	5300	35.8/	35.22	-1.8		4./58	4.388	-3.0				+0.48	-	Not Required.	4
	5310	35.80	35.25	-1.8	{ .	4./08	4.595	-3.0				+0.47	-	Not Required.	4
	5745	33.03	<u> </u>	-1.0		4.//0	4.399	-5.0				+0.48	-	Not Required.	
	5755	40.27	46.21	4.5	{ .	5.950	6.064	+2.1				+0.75	-	Not Required.	
Dody	5785	40.20	46.21	4.5	+ 5	5.947	6.117	+2.0	+ 5	22.0	140	$\pm 0.70$	-	Not Required.	hiki 22, 2010 hafam SAD taat
Douy	5705	40.22	46.10	4.2	5	5.001	6.131	+2.2	15	23.0	149	+0.73	-	Not Required.	July 22, 2019, belote SAR lest.
	5825	40.21	46.12	-4.2	{ ·	6.020	6 160	+2.3				+0.75	-	Not Required.	
	5500	48.61	46.63	41		5.650	5 717	+1.2				+0.75		Not Required.	
	5510	48 59	46.64	40		5.661	5 736	+1.2				+0.70	-	Not Required.	
	5550	48.52	46.53	4.0	{ ·	5 708	5 788	+1.5				+0.75	-	Not Required.	
Body	5580	48.50	46.50	-4.1	±5	5.743	5.836	+1.6	±5	23.0	149	+0.75	-	Not Required.	July 23, 2019, before SAR test.
	5670	48.38	46.32	-4.3		5.848	5.970	+2.1				+0.75	-	Not Required	
	5700	48.34	46.32	-4.2	ł ·	5.883	5.995	+1.9				+0.74	-	Not Required.	
	5180	49.04	47.16	-3.8		5.276	5.310	+0.7				+0.76	-	Not Required.	
	5190	49.03	47.14	-3.9	i ·	5.288	5.317	+0.6				+0.76	-	Not Required.	
	5220	48.99	47.11	-3.8		5.323	5.363	+0.8				+0.75	-	Not Required.	
	5230	48.97	47.05	-3.9	ĺ	5.334	5.364	+0.6				+0.77	-	Not Required.	
D. 1.	5240	48.96	47.08	-3.8	1.5	5.346	5.385	+0.7	1.5	22.0	140	+0.75	-	Not Required.	L1 04 0010 1 C CAD / /
Body	5260	48.93	47.02	-3.9	±3	5.369	5.417	+0.9	±3	23.0	149	+0.76	-	Not Required.	July 24, 2019, before SAR test.
	5270	48.92	47.03	-3.9		5.381	5.430	+0.9				+0.75	-	Not Required.	1
	5300	48.88	46.96	-3.9		5.416	5.465	+0.9				+0.76	-	Not Required.	
	5310	48.87	46.94	-3.9		5.428	5.474	+0.9				+0.76	-	Not Required.	
	5320	48.85	46.93	-3.9		5.439	5.491	+1.0				+0.76	-	Not Required.	
	2412	39.27	37.89	-3.5		1.766	1.809	+2.4				+1.98	-	Not Required.	
Head	2437	39.22	37.79	-3.7	±5	1.788	1.840	+2.9	±5	24.0	150	+2.21	-	Not Required.	July 25, 2019, before SAR test.
	2462	39.18	37.69	-3.8		1.813	1.866	+2.9				+2.24	-	Not Required.	
	2412	52.75	50.74	-3.8	Į	1.914	1.952	+2.0				+1.83	-	Not Required.	
Body	2437	52.72	50.63	-4.0	±5	1.938	1.985	+2.4	±5	22.3	150	+2.06	-	Not Required.	July 26, 2019, before SAR test.
	2462	52.68	50.54	-4.1		1.967	2.018	+2.6				+2.15	-	Not Required.	

\*a. The target values of (2000, 2450, 3000 and 5800) MHz are parameters defined in Appendix A of KDB 865664 D01. For other frequencies, the target nominal dielectric values shall be obtained by linear interpolation between the higher and lower tabulated figures. Above 5800MHz were obtained using linear extrapolation.

\*b. Calculating formula:  $\Delta SAR(1g) = Cer \times \Delta er + C\sigma \times \Delta \sigma, Cer = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 + 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = 9.804E - 3 \times t^3 - 8.661E - 2 \times t^2 + 2.981E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.7829 = 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 + 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 + 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 + 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 + 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -9.804E - 3 \times t^3 - 8.661E - 2 \times t^2 + 2.981E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 - 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 - 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 - 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 - 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 - 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^6 - 0.2026 / C\sigma = -7.854E - 4 \times t^3 - 9.402E - 3 \times t^2 - 2.742E - 2 \times t^2 - 2.7$ 

\*c. Since the calculated  $\Delta$ SAR values of the tested liquid had shown positive correction, the measured SAR was not converted by  $\Delta$ SAR correction.

Calculating formula:  $\Delta$ SAR corrected SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (100 - ( $\Delta$ SAR(%))/100

\*. Calibration frequency of the SAR measurement probe (and used conversion factors)

The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

111	The uncertainty is the root of the contribution in equation in equation in the uncertainty for the induction of currents											
Liquid	SAR test frequency	Probe calibration frequency	Validity	<b>Conversion factor</b>	Uncertainty							
Body	(2412, 2437, 2462) MHz	2450 MHz	within ±50MHz of calibration frequency	7.37	$\pm 12.0\%$							
Body	(5180, 5190, 5220, 5230, 5240, 5260, 5270, 5300, 5310, 5320) MHz	5250 MHz	within ±110 MHz of calibration frequency	4.42	$\pm 13.1 \%$							
Body	(5500, 5510, 5550, 5580, 5670, 5700) MHz	5600 MHz	within $\pm 110$ MHz of calibration frequency	3.83	$\pm 13.1\%$							
Body	(5745, 5755, 5785, 5795, 5825) MHz	5750 MHz	within ±110 MHz of calibration frequency	4.01	$\pm 13.1 \%$							
Head	(2412, 2437, 2462) MHz	2450 MHz	within ±50MHz of calibration frequency	7.23	$\pm 12.0\%$							
Head	(5180, 5190, 5220, 5230, 5240, 5260, 5270, 5300, 5310, 5320) MHz	5250 MHz	within ±110 MHz of calibration frequency	5.17	$\pm 13.1\%$							
Head	(5500, 5510, 5550, 5580, 5670, 5700) MHz	5600 MHz	within ±110 MHz of calibration frequency	4.59	±13.1%							
Head	(5745, 5755, 5785, 5795, 5825) MHz	5800 MHz	within ±110 MHz of calibration frequency	4.65	±13.1%							

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 13 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019
FCC ID	: AZDBM72065

#### 7.2 SAR results: 2.4 GHz band

### [SAR measurement results (2.4GHz band)]

	SAR (1g) measurement results										Re	eported S	d			
Test s	etup		Mada	Frequency	Data	Measu	red SAI	R [W/kg]	SAD	Duty	v cvcle	Output	burst a	verage		
		_	ween .	[MHz]	rate	Max.va	ue of m	ulti-peak	plot#in	corr	ection	powe	er corre	ction	SAR	Remarks
Position	Gap	Battery	Initial	(Channel)	[Mbps],		ΔSAR	ASAR	Appendix	Duty	Duty	Measured.	Max.	Tune-up	Corrected (*a)	
· . muai setup	լուոյ	Ш	mode.	"": Initial ch.	[MCS#]	Measured	sign	corrected	2-2	[%]	scaled	[dBm].	[dBm]	factor	(°a)	
Step 1a: 2.4G	Hz B	and / ]	Body-	SAR(1g), b	y body	liquid										
	0	#11		2412(1)		0.249	Positive	n/a	<u>1a-1</u>	100	$\times 1.00$	13.06	14.0	×1.24	<mark>0.309</mark>	*.Higher, body, 2.4GHz
	0	#11	b*	2437(6)*	1	0.216	Positive	n/a	1a-2	100	$\times 1.00$	13.11	14.0	×1.23	0.266	-
	0	#11		2462(11)		0.181	Positive	n/a	1a-3	100	$\times 1.00$	13.01	14.0	×1.26	0.228	-
	0	#11		2412(1)		0.241	Positive	n/a	1a-4	100	$\times 1.00$	13.04	14.0	×1.25	0.301	-
	0	#11	g	2437(6)*	6	0.210	Positive	n/a	1a-5	100	$\times 1.00$	13.09	14.0	×1.23	0.258	-
Back*	0	#11		2462(11)		0.158	Positive	n/a	1a-6	100	$\times 1.00$	12.94	14.0	×1.28	0.202	-
(Initial setup)	0	-		2412(1)		0.242	Positive	n/a	1a-7	100	$\times 1.00$	13.02	14.0	×1.25	0.303	-
	0	#11	n20	2437(6)*	MCS0	0.211	Positive	n/a	1a-8	100	$\times 1.00$	13.16	14.0	×1.21	0.255	-
	0	-		2462(11)		0.158	Positive	n/a	1a-9	100	$\times 1.00$	12.96	14.0	×1.27	0.201	-
	0	-		2422(3)		n/a	Positive	n/a	=	100	$\times 1.00$	12.32	13.0	×1.17	n/a	-
	0	#11	n40	2437(6)*	MCS0	0.188	Positive	n/a	1a-10	100	$\times 1.00$	12.62	13.0	×1.09	0.205	*.lower power than b,g.
	0	-		2452(9)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	$\times 1.00$	12.32	13.0	×1.17	n/a	-
	0	-		2412(1)		n/a	Positive	n/a	=	100	$\times 1.00$	13.06	14.0	×1.24	n/a	-
Front	0	#14	b*	2437(6)*	1	0.00332	Positive	n/a	1a-11	100	$\times 1.00$	13.11	14.0	×1.23	0.004	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
	0	-		2462(11)		n/a	Positive	n/a		100	×1.00	13.01	14.0	×1.26	n/a	-
<b>D</b> : 14	0	-	1.5	2412(1)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	13.06	14.0	×1.24	<u>n/a</u>	-
Right	0	#14	b*	2437(6)*	1	0.00773	Positive	n/a	1a-12	100	×1.00	13.11	14.0	×1.23	0.010	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
Ci 11 0 40	0	-		2462(11)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	13.01	14.0	×1.26	n/a	-
Step 10: 2.4G	HZB	and /	Head	-SAK(1g), I	by nead	<b>nquid</b>				100	1.00	12.00	140	1.24	0.210	
	0	#11	1.*	2412(1)		0.257	Positive	n/a	<u>10-1</u>	100	×1.00	13.06	14.0	×1.24	0.245	*.Higher, head, 2.4GHz
	0	#11	D	2437(6)*	1	0.199	Positive	n/a	10-2	100	×1.00	13.11	14.0	×1.23	0.245	-
	0	#11		2462(11)		0.18/	Positive	n/a	1b-3	100	×1.00	13.01	14.0	×1.26	0.230	-
	0	#11		2412(1)		0.255	Positive	n/a	1b-4	100	×1.00	13.04	14.0	×1.25	0.310	-
Dealet	0	#11	g	2437(6)*	6	0.218	Positive	n/a	lb-5	100	×1.00	13.09	14.0	×1.23	0.208	-
Back"	0	#14		2462(11)	-	0.164	Positive	n/a	1b-6	100	×1.00	12.94	14.0	×1.28	0.210	-
(Initial setup)	0	#11	20	2412(1)		0.251	Positive	n/a	1b-7	100	×1.00	13.02	14.0	×1.25	0.314	-
	0	#11	n20	2437(6)*	MCS0	0.218	Positive	n/a	1b-8	100	×1.00	13.16	14.0	×1.21	0.204	-
	0	#14		2462(11)	-	0.184	Positive	n/a	1b-9	100	×1.00	12.96	14.0	×1.2/	0.234	-
	0	-	40	2422(3)	10000	n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	12.32	13.0	×1.1/	n/a	-
	0	#14	n40	2437(6)*	MCS0	0.195	Positive	n/a	1b-10	100	×1.00	12.62	13.0	×1.09	0.213	*.lower power than b,g.
	0	-		2452(9)	<u> </u>	n/a n/a	Positive	n/a n/a	-	100	×1.00	12.52	13.0	×1.1/	n/a	-
Front	0	- #11	b*	2412(1)	1	11/a	Positin-	11/a	- 1h 11	100	~1.00	13.00	14.0	×1.24 ×1.23	0.003	* Small enough (< 0.1 W/km)
FIOID	0	#11	0	2457(0)	1	0.0021 n/a	Positive	11/a n/a	10-11	100	~1.00	13.11	14.0	~1.23	n/9	. Sman chough (> 0.1 w/kg)
	0	-		2412(1)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	13.06	14.0	×1.20	n/a	-
Right	0	#11	b*	2437(6)*	1	0.0105	Positive	n/a	1b-12	100	×1.00	13.11	14.0	×1.23	0.013	* Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
. ugin	Õ	-	ľ	2462(11)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	13.01	14.0	×1.26	n/a	-
	0	-		2462(11)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	13.01	14.0	×1.26	n/a	-

The higher reported SAR on each configuration in this operation band is marked (shaded yellow marker). Notes: \*.

(mode) b: IEEE 802.11b, g: IEEE 802.11g, n20: IEEE 802.11n(20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n(40HT); Max.: maximum.; n/a: not applied.

Gap: It is the separation distance between the platform surface and the bottom outer surface of phantom; Battery ID: Refer to Appendix 1. During test, the EUT was operated with full charged battery and connected to the host PC via a I/F cable.

Reported SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (Duty scaled) × (Tune-up factor) \*a. Calculating formula:

Duty scaled = Duty scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100(%) / (duty cycle, %) Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor  $[-] = 1/(10^{(0)})$  ("Deviation from max., dB"/10))

### (Clause 5.2, 2.4GHz SAR Procedures, in KDB248227 D01 (v02r02))

5.2.1 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the reported  $\widehat{SAR}$  of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, no further SAR testing. is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported 2) SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

5.2.2 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3, including sub-sections). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration. 1)

When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is < 1.2 W/kg. 2) SAR test of OFDM mode was reduced, because the estimate reported SAR of OFDM mode was < 1.2 W/kg by using the highest reported SAR of DSSS mode.

					077016 1 1					<u> </u>		1
OFDM	Maxı	mum tune-u	ıp toleraı	nce limit	OFDM scaled	Dee	Supported SAD	volue	Estimated SAD values	Exclusion	Standalone	
mada	Ľ	DSSS	0	FDM	factor [-]	D35.	S reported SAN	c value	DEDM (W/l-al	limit	SAR test	
mode	[dBm]	[mW] (a)	[dBm]	[mW](b)	(b)/(a)×100	SAR type	Setup	[W/kg]	OF DIVI [W/Kg]	[W/kg]	require?	
g, n20	14.0	25	14.0	25	1.00	Body	Back	0.309	0.309	≤ 1.2	No	
n40	14.0	25	13.0	20	0.80	Body	Back	0.309	0.247	≤ 1.2	No	
g, n20	14.0	25	14.0	25	1.00	Head	Back	0.319	0.319	≤ 1.2	No	
n40	14.0	25	13.0	20	0.80	Head	Back	0.319	0.255	≤1.2	No	

## UL Japan, Inc. Shonan EMC Lab.

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 14 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019

: AZDBM72065

FCC ID

7.3 SAR results: U-NII-2A (& U-NII-1) band

## [SAR measurement results (II-NII-2A (& II-NII-1) hand)]

	SAR (1g) measurement results												Reported SAR (1g) [W/kg]						
Tests	setup		Mada	Frequency	Data	Measu	red SAI	R [W/kg]	CAD.	Dut	v cycle	Output	burst a	average					
D **			were :	[MHz]	rate	Max.va	lue of m	ulti-peak	SAR plot#in	corr	ection	powe	r corre	ction	SAR	Remarks			
Position	Gap	Battery	Initial	(Channel)	[Mbps],	Maria	ΔSAR	<b>ASAR</b>	Appendix	Duty	Duty	Measured.	Max.	Tune-up	Corrected				
. muai scup	լուույ	Ш	mode.	"": Initial ch.	[MCS#]	Measured	sign	corrected	2-2	[%]	scaled	[dBm].	[dBm]	factor	( a)				
Step 2a: U-N	<u>П-2А</u>	(and U	U-NII	-1) Band / 1	Body-S	AR(1g), b	<mark>y body</mark>	liquid		100		10.05			0.01.4	1			
	0	#11		5270(54)*		0.684	Positive	n/a	2a-2	100	×1.00	12.25	13.0	×1.19	0.814	-			
	0	#11	n/0*	5310(62)	MCS0	0.659	Positive	n/a	<u>2a-1</u>	100	$\times 1.00$	12.02	13.0	×1.25	<mark>0.824</mark>	*.Higher, body, U-NII-2A *. < 1.2 W/kg, U-NII-2A.			
	0	#14	11-0	5190(38)*	IVIC 50	0.627	Positive	n/a	2a-3	100	×1.00	12.25	13.0	×1.19	0.746	-			
	0	#14		5230(46)		0.597	Positive	n/a	2a-5	100	×1.00	12.19	13.0	×1.21	0.722	-			
	0	#11		5260(52)*		0.701	Positive	n/a	2a-4	100	$\times 1.00$	12.47	13.0	×1.13	0.792	-			
	0	#11		5300(60)		0.688	Positive	n/a	2a-6	100	$\times 1.00$	12.37	13.0	×1.16	0.798	-			
	0	#11		5320(64)	6	0.645	Positive	n/a	2a-7	100	$\times 1.00$	12.05	13.0	×1.24	0.800				
Back*	0	#14	a	5180(36)	0	0.651	Positive	n/a	2a-8	100	$\times 1.00$	12.26	13.0	×1.19	<mark>0.775</mark>	*.Higher, body, U-NII-1			
(Initial setup)	0	#11		5220(44)*		0.595	Positive	n/a	2a-9	100	$\times 1.00$	12.42	13.0	×1.14	0.678	-			
	0	#11		5240(48)		0.576	Positive	n/a	2a-10	100	×1.00	12.24	13.0	×1.19	0.685	-			
	0	#11		5260(52)*		0.701	Positive	n/a	2a-11	100	×1.00	12.53	13.0	×1.11	0.778	-			
	0	#11		5300(60)		0.687	Positive	n/a	2a-12	100	×1.00	12.34	13.0	×1.16	0.797	-			
	0	#14	n20	5320(64)	MCS0	0.640	Positive	n/a	2a-13	100	×1.00	11.99	13.0	×1.26	0.806	-			
	0	#14		5180(36)	-	0.649	Positive	n/a	2a-14	100	×1.00	12.26	13.0	×1.19	0.//2				
	0	#11		5220(44)*		0.590	Positive	n/a	2a-15	100	×1.00	12.45	13.0	×1.14	0.082	-			
	0	#11		5270(54)*		0.307	Positive	n/a	2a-16	100	×1.00	12.25	13.0	×1.19	0.075	-			
Front	0	- #14	n40*	5210(54)	MCS0	11/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	12.23	13.0	×1.19 ×1.25	11/a	* Smallenouch (< 0,1 W/ka)			
	0	#14		5270(54)*		0.00021 n/a	Positive	11/a	2a-17	100	×1.00	12.02	13.0	×1.23	0.000 n/a				
Right	0	#11	n40*	5310(62)	MCS0	0.027	Positive	n/a		100	×1.00	12.23	13.0	×1.15	0.034	* Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)			
Step 2b: U-N	III-2A	(and	U-NII	-1) Band / ]	Head-S	AR(1g), t	ov head	liquid	24 10	100		12:02	1010		0.001	8-(			
	0	#11		5270(54)*		0.618	Positive	n/a	2b-2	100	×1.00	12.25	13.0	×1.19	0.735	-			
	0	#11	40*	5310(62)	MCCO	0.610	Positive	n/a	2b-3	100	$\times 1.00$	12.02	13.0	×1.25	0.763	*. < 1.2 W/kg, U-NII-2A.			
	0	#11	n40°	5190(38)*	MCS0	0.584	Positive	n/a	2b-4	100	$\times 1.00$	12.25	13.0	×1.19	0.695	-			
	0	#11		5230(46)		0.554	Positive	n/a	2b-5	100	$\times 1.00$	12.19	13.0	×1.21	0.670	-			
	0	#11		5260(52)*		0.668	Positive	n/a	2b-6	100	$\times 1.00$	12.47	13.0	×1.13	0.755	-			
	0	#14		5300(60)		0.570	Positive	n/a	2b-7	100	$\times 1.00$	12.37	13.0	×1.16	0.661	-			
	0	#11	а	5320(64)	6	0.607	Positive	n/a	2b-8	100	×1.00	12.05	13.0	×1.24	0.753	-			
Back*	0	#11		5180(36)		0.611	Positive	n/a	2b-9	100	×1.00	12.26	13.0	×1.19	0.727	-			
(Initial setup)	0	#11		5220(44)*		0.568	Positive	n/a	2b-10	100	×1.00	12.42	13.0	×1.14	0.648	-			
	0	#11		5240(48)		0.601	Positive	n/a	2b-11	100	×1.00	12.24	13.0	×1.19	0.715	-			
	0	#14 #14		5260(52)*		0.038	Positive	n/a	2b-12	100	×1.00	12.53	13.0	×1.11	0.708	-			
	0	#14		5300(60)	-	0.502	Positive	n/a	20-13 2h 1	100	×1.00	12.34	13.0	×1.10	0.052	*IEshan haad UNII 24			
	0	#11 #14	n20	5180(26)	MCS0	0.010	Positive	n/a	<u>20-1</u> 2h 14	100	~1.00	12.29	13.0	×1.20	0.709	*Higher head UNII 1			
	0	#11		5220(44)*		0.561	Positive	n/a	20-14 2b-15	100	×1.00	12.20	13.0	×1.19	0.640				
	0	#11		5240(48)	1	0.598	Positive	n/a	20-15 2b-16	100	×1.00	12.75	13.0	×1.14	0.712	-			
<u> </u>	0	-		5270(54)*		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	12.25	13.0	x1.19	n/a	-			
Front	0	#14	n40*	5310(62)	MCS0	0.00857	Positive	n/a	2b-17	100	×1.00	12.02	13.0	×1.25	0.011	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)			
	Ő	-	100	5270(54)*		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	12.25	13.0	×1.19	n/a				
Right	0	#11	n40*	5310(62)	MCS0	0.027	Positive	n/a	2b-18	100	×1.00	12.02	13.0	×1.25	0.034	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)			

Notes: \*. The higher reported SAR on each configuration in this operation band is marked (shaded yellow marker).

(mode) a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n(20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n(40HT); Max.: maximum.; n/a: not applied.

Gap: It is the separation distance between the platform surface and the bottom outer surface of phantom; Battery ID: Refer to Appendix 1. During test, the EUT was operated with full charged battery and connected to the host PC via a I/F cable.

\*a. Calculating formula: Reported SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (Duty scaled) × (Tune-up factor)

Duty scaled = Duty scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100(%) / (duty cycle, %) Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor  $[-] = 1/(10^{\circ}("Deviation from max., dB"/10))$ 

\*. Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure. According to KDB248227D01

Highest reported SAR(1g) is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required. Highest reported SAR(1g) is  $\geq 0.4$  W/kg. Due to the highest reported SAR for this test position, other test positions in standalone exposure condition were 2) evaluated until a SAR(1g) ≤ 0.8 W/kg was reported.

<u>3)</u> For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR(1g) is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR(1g) is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required test channels are considered.

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 15 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019
FCCID	· 47DDM72065
rtt	: ALDDN1/2005

7.4 SAR results: U-NII-2C band

### [SAR measurement results (U-NII-2C hand)]

SAR (1g) measurement results												eported				
Test setup						Measured SAR [W/kg] SAD				Duty cycle Output burst average				average		
D '4'	~	_	wer:	[MHz]	Data rate	Max.value of multi-peak			plot#in	correction		power correction			SAR	Remarks
***** Initial setup	Gap	Battery	Initial	(Channel)	[Mbps],	Maammad	ΔSAR	ΔSAR	Appendix	Duty	Duty	Measured.	Max.	Tune-up	Corrected (*a)	
. muur sourp	լուույ	Ш	mode.	"": Initial ch.	[MCS#]	Measured	sign	corrected	2-2	[%]	scaled	[dBm].	[dBm]	factor	( a)	
Step 3a: U-NII-2C Band / Body-SAR(1g), by body liquid																
Back*	0	#14	n40*	5510(102)	MCS0	0.673	Positive	n/a	3a-2	100	×1.00	11.35	13.0	×1.46	0.983	*.Higher SAR CH.
	0	#14		5550(110)		0.648	Positive	n/a	3a-3	100	×1.00	11.68	13.0	×1.36	0.881	-
	0	#14		5670(134)*		0.434	Positive	n/a	3a-4	100	×1.00	11.86	13.0	×1.30	0.564	-
	0	#14		5500(100)	6	0.698	Positive	n/a	3a-5	100	×1.00	11.39	13.0	×1.45	1.012	-
(Initial setup)	0	#11	а	5580(116)*		0.619	Positive	n/a	3a-6	100	×1.00	12.12	13.0	×1.22	0.755	-
(minar setup)	0	#11		5700(140)		0.435	Positive	n/a	3a-7	100	×1.00	11.76	13.0	×1.33	0.579	-
	0	#14		5500(100)		0.695	Positive	n/a	<u>3a-1</u>	100	$\times 1.00$	11.37	13.0	×1.46	<b>1.015</b>	*.Higher, body, U-NII-2C
	0	#11	n20	5580(116)*	MCS0	0.619	Positive	n/a	3a-8	100	×1.00	12.03	13.0	×1.25	0.774	-
	0	#11		5700(140)		0.439	Positive	n/a	3a-9	100	$\times 1.00$	11.87	13.0	×1.30	0.571	-
Front	0	#14		5510(102)	MCS0	0.00492	Positive	n/a	3a-10	100	$\times 1.00$	11.35	13.0	×1.46	0.007	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
	0	-	n40*	5550(110)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	$\times 1.00$	11.68	13.0	×1.36	n/a	-
	0 -		5670(134)*		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	11.86	13.0	×1.30	n/a	-	
	0	#11		5510(102)	MCS0	0.036	Positive	n/a	3a-11	100	×1.00	11.35	13.0	×1.46	0.053	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
Right	0	-	n40*	5550(110)		n/a	Positive	n/a	=	100	×1.00	11.68	13.0	×1.36	n/a	-
	0	-		5670(134)*		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	11.86	13.0	×1.30	n/a	-
Step 3b: U-N	II-2C	Band	/ Hea	ud-SAR(1g)	, by hea	ad liquid					-				0.020	
	0	#14		5510(102)		0.643	Positive	n/a	3b-2	100	×1.00	11.35	13.0	×1.46	0.939	*.Higher SAR CH.
	0	#14	n40*	5550(110)	MCS0	0.611	Positive	n/a	3b-3	100	×1.00	11.68	13.0	×1.36	0.831	-
	0	#14		5670(134)*		0.404	Positive	n/a	3b-4	100	×1.00	11.86	13.0	×1.30	0.525	-
Back*	0	#11		5500(100)	6	0.656	Positive	n/a	3b-5	100	×1.00	11.39	13.0	×1.45	0.951	-
(Initial setup)	0	#11	а	5580(116)*		0.596	Positive	n/a	3b-6	100	×1.00	12.12	13.0	×1.22	0.727	-
(minum setup)	0	#14		5700(140)		0.460	Positive	n/a	3b-7	100	$\times 1.00$	11.76	13.0	×1.33	0.612	-
	0	#14		5500(100)	* MCS0	0.664	Positive	n/a	<u>3b-1</u>	100	$\times 1.00$	11.37	13.0	×1.46	<mark>0.969</mark>	*.Higher, head, U-NII-2C
	0	#11	n20	5580(116)*		0.590	Positive	n/a	3b-8	100	$\times 1.00$	12.03	13.0	×1.25	0.738	-
	0	#11		5700(140)		0.418	Positive	n/a	3b-9	100	$\times 1.00$	11.87	13.0	×1.30	0.543	-
Front	0	#14		5510(102)	MCS0	0.011	Positive	n/a	3b-10	100	$\times 1.00$	11.35	13.0	×1.46	0.016	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
	0	-	n40*	5550(110)		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	×1.00	11.68	13.0	×1.36	n/a	-
	0	-		5670(134)*		n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	$\times 1.00$	11.86	13.0	×1.30	n/a	-
Right	0	#11		5510(102)		0.037	Positive	n/a	3b-11	100	$\times 1.00$	11.35	13.0	×1.46	0.054	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
	0	-	n40*	5550(110)	MCS0	n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	$\times 1.00$	11.68	13.0	×1.36	n/a	-
	0	-		5670(134)*		n/a	Positive	n/a	<u>-</u>	100	×1.00	11.86	13.0	×1.30	n/a	-

Notes: \*

(mode) a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n(20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n(40HT); Max .: maximum .; n/a: not applied.

Gap: It is the separation distance between the platform surface and the bottom outer surface of phantom; Battery ID: Refer to Appendix 1. During test, the EUT was operated with full charged battery and connected to the host PC via a I/F cable.

\*a. Calculating formula:

Reported SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (Duty scaled) × (Tune-up factor) Duty scaled = Duty scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100(%) / (duty cycle, %) Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor  $[-] = 1/(10^{(100)} (\text{"Deviation from max}, dB"/10))$ 

\*.

 

 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure. According to KDB248227D01

 1)
 Highest reported SAR(1g) is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

 2)
 Highest reported SAR(1g) is ≥ 0.4 W/kg. Due to the highest reported SAR for this test position, other test positions in standalone exposure condition were

 evaluated until a SAR(1g)  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg was reported.

3) For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR(1g) is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR(1g) is < 1.2 W/kg or all required</p> test channels are considered.

Test report No.	: 12812927S-A
Page	: 16 of 117
Issued date	: August 22, 2019

: AZDBM72065

FCC ID

#### 7.5 SAR results: U-NII-3 band

### [SAR measurement results (U-NIL-3 hand)]

SAR (1g) measurement results											R	eported S				
Test setup		Mode	Frequency	Data	Measured SAR [W/kg]			SAR	Duty cycle		Output burst average			SAD		
Position	Gan	Batters	··**":	[MHz]	rate Max.		alue of multi-peak		plot#in	correction		power correction			SAK Corrected	Remarks
"": Initial setup	[mm]	ID	Initial mode.	(Channel) "*": Initial ch.	[Mbps], [MCS#]	Measured	∆SAR sign	ASAR corrected	Appendix 2-2	Duty [%]	Duty scaled	Measured. [dBm].	Max. [dBm]	Tune-up factor	(*a)	
Step 4a: U-NII-3 Band / Body-SAR(1g), by body liquid																
	0	#11	n40*	5755(151)*	MCSO	0.472	Positive	n/a	4a-2	100	$\times 1.00$	11.39	13.0	×1.45	0.684	-
	0	#11	1140	5795(159)	IVIC 50	0.607	Positive	n/a	4a-3	100	$\times 1.00$	11.21	13.0	×1.51	0.917	*.Higher SAR CH.
	0	#11		5745(149)*	6	0.451	Positive	n/a	4a-4	100	$\times 1.00$	11.54	13.0	×1.40	0.631	-
Back*	0	#11	а	5785(157)		0.580	Positive	n/a	4a-5	100	$\times 1.00$	11.40	13.0	×1.45	0.841	-
(Initial setup)	0	#11		5825(165)		0.748	Positive	n/a	4a-6	100	$\times 1.00$	11.40	13.0	×1.45	1.085	-
	0	#11		5745(149)*	MCS0	0.449	Positive	n/a	4a-7	100	$\times 1.00$	11.54	13.0	×1.40	0.629	-
	0	#11	n20	5785(157)		0.519	Positive	n/a	4a-8	100	$\times 1.00$	11.43	13.0	×1.44	0.747	-
	0	#11		5825(165)		0.749	Positive	n/a	<u>4a-1</u>	100	$\times 1.00$	11.37	13.0	×1.46	<b>1.094</b>	*.Higher, body, U-NII-3.
Enert	0	-	40*	5755(151)*	MCCO	n/a	Positive	n/a	=	100	$\times 1.00$	11.39	13.0	×1.45	n/a	-
Front	0	#14	n40*	5795(159)	IVICS0	0.00736	Positive	n/a	4a-9	100	$\times 1.00$	11.21	13.0	×1.51	0.011	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
D:-14	0	-	40*	5755(151)*	MCCO	n/a	Positive	n/a	=	100	$\times 1.00$	11.39	13.0	×1.45	n/a	-
Right	0	#11	n40°	5795(159)	INICS0	0.056	Positive	n/a	4a-10	100	$\times 1.00$	11.21	13.0	×1.51	0.085	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
Step 3b: U-N	II-3 B	and / ]	Head	-SAR(1g), l	oy head	liquid										
	0	#11	n40*	5755(151)*	MCS0	0.509	Positive	n/a	4b-2	100	$\times 1.00$	11.39	13.0	×1.45	0.738	-
	0	#11	1140	5795(159)		0.583	Positive	n/a	4b-3	100	$\times 1.00$	11.21	13.0	×1.51	0.880	*.Higher SAR CH.
	0	#11		5745(149)*	6	0.437	Positive	n/a	4b-4	100	$\times 1.00$	11.54	13.0	×1.40	0.612	-
Back*	0	#11	а	5785(157)		0.551	Positive	n/a	4b-5	100	$\times 1.00$	11.40	13.0	×1.45	0.799	-
(Initial setup)	0	#14		5825(165)		0.737	Positive	n/a	<u>4b-1</u>	100	$\times 1.00$	11.40	13.0	×1.45	1.0687	*.Higher, head, U-NII-3.
	0	#11		5745(149)*	MCS0	0.433	Positive	n/a	4b-6	100	$\times 1.00$	11.54	13.0	×1.40	0.606	-
	0	#11	n20	5785(157)		0.556	Positive	n/a	4b-7	100	$\times 1.00$	11.43	13.0	×1.44	0.801	-
	0	#11		5825(165)		0.732	Positive	n/a	4b-8	100	$\times 1.00$	11.37	13.0	×1.46	1.0687	-
Front	0	-	n40*	5755(151)*	MCS0	n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	$\times 1.00$	11.39	13.0	×1.45	n/a	-
	0	#14	1140.	5795(159)		0.00282	+	n/a	4b-9	100	$\times 1.00$	11.21	13.0	×1.51	0.004	*. Small enough (< 0.1 W/kg)
Right	0	-	n40*	5755(151)*	MCS0	n/a	Positive	n/a	-	100	$\times 1.00$	11.39	13.0	×1.45	n/a	-
	0	#11	1140.	5795(159)		0.045	+	n/a	4b-10	100	$\times 1.00$	11.21	13.0	×1.51	0.068	*. Small enough (< 0.2 W/kg)
Notes: *.	The	higher	report	ed SAR on	each co	nfiguratio	n in this	s operation	band is r	narke	d <mark>(shad</mark> e	ed yellow	marke	r).		
* (mode) a: IFFE 802 11a n20: IFFE 802 11n(20HT) n40: IFFE 802 11n(40HT); Max : maximum : n/a: not applied																

(mode) a: IEEE 802.11a, n20: IEEE 802.11n(20HT), n40: IEEE 802.11n(40HT); Max.: maximum.; n/a: not applied. Gap: It is the separation distance between the platform surface and the bottom outer surface of phantom; Battery ID: Refer to Appendix 1. During

\*a. Calculating formula:

 Coap: It is the separation distance between the platform sufface and the bottom outer sufface of phantom; Battery ID: Refer to Appendix 1. During test, the EUT was operated with full charged battery and connected to the host PC via a *I/F* cable.

 ng formula:
 Reported SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (Duty scaled) × (Tune-up factor)

 Duty scaled = Duty scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100(%) / (duty cycle, %)

 Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor [-] = 1 / (10 ^ (\*Deviation from max., dB"/10))

\*. Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure. According to KDB248227D01

Highest reported SAR(1g) is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

2) Highest reported SAR(1g) is > 0.4 W/kg. Due to the highest reported SAR for this test position, other test positions in standalone exposure condition were evaluated until a SAR(1g)  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg was reported.

3) For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR(1g) is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR(1g) is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required test channels are considered.