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# for CERTIFICATION to FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247) & RSS-210

FCC ID: EJE-WB0005 Industry Canada ID: 337J-WB0005

Test Sample: Mini-PCI WLAN (Atheros 11a+b/g) & Bluetooth Module

WLAN Model: WLL4030 Bluetooth Model: UGXZ5-102A

Report Number M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_2.4\_BT

Tested for: Fujitsu Australia Ltd.

Issue Date: 29th April 2004

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NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 5292

#### **EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION**

to

### FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247) & RSS-210

#### EMC Technologies Report No. M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_2.4\_BT

Issue Date: 29th April 2004

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# EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION to FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247) & RSS-210

Report Number: M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_2.4\_BT

Test Sample: Mini-PCI WLAN (Atheros 11a+ b/g) & Bluetooth Module

WLAN Model Number: WLL4030

WLAN Manufacturer: Askey Computer Corp.

Interface Type: Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module

Bluetooth Model Number: UGXZ5-102A
Bluetooth Manufacturer: Fujitsu Japan Ltd

FCC ID: EJE-WB0005 Industry Canada ID: 337J-WB0005

**Equipment Type:** Intentional Radiator (Transceiver)

Manufacturer (LifeBook): Fujitsu Limited

Address: 1405, Ohamaru, Inagi-shi, Tokyo 206-8503, Japan

Contact: Mr. Kanbe Katsuhito

**Tested for:** Fujitsu Australia Ltd **Address:** 5 Lakeside Drive,

Burwood East, VIC 3151 Australia

**Phone:** +613 9845 4300 **Fax:** +613 9845 4600

Contact: Mr Praveen Rao – Senior Compliance Engineer

**Test Standards:** FCC Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

FCC Part 15.247, 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Operation Band

ANSI C63.4 – 1992 OET Bulletin No. 63

RSS-210 Issue 5 Low Power Licence-Exempt RadioCommunication

Devices: 6.2.2 (o) 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Spread Spectrum

RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional), Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety

Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

**Test Dates:** 8<sup>th</sup> February to 28<sup>th</sup> April 2004

Test Officer:

Chieu Huynh B.Eng (Hons) Electronics

**Attestation:** I hereby certify that the device(s) described herein were tested as

described in this report and that the data included is that which was

obtained during such testing.

Authorised Signatory: Chris Zombolas

**Technical Director** 

**EMC Technologies Pty Ltd** 



# EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION to FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247) & RSS-210

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

EMI testing was performed on test sample Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (Atheros 11a+b/g), Model WLL4030 & ALPS Bluetooth Module, Model UGXZ5-102A.

The Atheros module supports IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11g configurations. Tests were performed in all three configurations and also on the Bluetooth module. The results for configurations IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and the Bluetooth module are reported in this test report. The results for IEEE 802.11a module are reported separately (refer to EMC Technologies' test report: M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_5.2\_BT).

Test results and procedures were performed in accordance with the following Federal Communications Commission (FCC) standards/regulations:

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart C: Rules for intentional radiators (particularly section 15.247)

Section 15.203: Antenna requirements

Section 15.205: Restricted bands of operation Section 15.207: Conducted Emission Limits

Section 15.209: Radiated Emission Limits (General requirements)

Section 15.247: Operation in the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz,

5725-5850 MHz

The test sample **complied** with the requirements of 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C - Section 15.247.

The test sample also complied with the Industry Canada RSS-210 issue 5 (Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands)) clause 6.2.2(o) and the RF exposure requirements of RSS-102.

#### 1.1 Summary of Results

#### 1.1.1 WLAN, Atheros 802.11b/g - FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	Not Applicable
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	Complies
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	Complies
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	Complies
15.247 (a)(2)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Channel Bandwidth	Complies
15.247 (b)(3)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	Complies
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	Complies
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	Complies
15.247 (d)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Complies

Refer to Results - Part 1

1.1.2 WLAN, Atheros 802.11a - FCC PART 15 Subpart E (Section 15.407)

FCC Part 15, Subpart E Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	Not Applicable
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	Complies
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	Complies
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	Complies
15.407 (a)(4)	6.2.2(q1)	Peak Transmit Power	Complies
15.407 (a)(5)	6.2.2(q1)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Complies
15.407 (a)(6)		Peak Excursion	Complies
15.407 (b)	6.2.2(q1)	Undesirable Emission	Complies
15.407 (f)		Radio Frequency Hazard	Complies
15.407 (g)	6.4	Frequency Stability	Complies

Refer to EMC Technologies Report No: M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_5.2\_BT

1.1.3 Bluetooth Module - FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247)

FCC Part 15,	Industry Canada	Test Performed	Result
Subpart C	RSS-210		
Clauses	Clauses		
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	Not Applicable
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	Complies
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	Complies
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	Complies
15.247 (a)(1)&(3)	6.2.2(o)(ii)	Channel Occupancy/Bandwidth	Complies
15.247 (b)(1)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	Complies
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	Complies
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	Complies

Refer to Results - Part 2

The measurement procedure used was in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 and OET Bulletin No. 96-43. The instrumentation conformed to the requirements of ANSI C63.2-1987.

#### 1.2 Modifications by EMC Technologies

No modifications were required.

#### 2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

(Information supplied by the Client)

#### 2.1 Product Details

**Test Sample:** Mini-PCI WLAN (Atheros 11a+b/g) and Bluetooth Module

WLAN Model Number: WLL4030

**WLAN Manufacturer:** Askey Computer Corp.

Interface Type: Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module

**Bluetooth Model Number:** UGXZ5-102A **Bluetooth Manufacturer:** Fujitsu Japan Ltd

FCC ID: EJE-WB0005 Industry Canada ID: 337J-WB0005

**Equipment Type:** Intentional Radiator (Transceiver)



**Host PC:** LifeBook E Series **Model Number:** E8010 (with Calexico2)

E8010D (with Atheros)

**Code Name: Emilia** 

Serial Number: Pre-production Sample **FUJITSU LIMITED** Manufacturer:

**CPU Type and Speed:** Dothan 1.8 GHz

Banias 1.7 GHz Celeron-M 1.7 GHz

SDRAM: 512 MB

LCD Screen: 14"XGA / 15"XGA / 15"SXGA / 15"UXGA

**Hard Disk Drive:** 20 GB

Wired LAN: Broadcom 10/100 Base-Tx (On Board)

> Broadcom GbLAN (On Board) MBH7MD33 / MBH7MD35

Modem: Atheros 11a+b/g (WLL4030) Wireless LAN (WLAN) Module:

Calexico2 11b/g (WM3B2200BG)

**Port Replicator Model:** FPCPR48 / FPCPR48AP **Bluetooth Module:** ALPS Bluetooth Module

**Bluetooth Model Number: UGXZ5-102A** 

**AC Adapter Model:** SEB100P2-19.0 **Alternate Models:** CA01007-092X

19 V Voltage: 4.22 A **Current Specs:** Watts: 80 W

#### 2.2 **Technical Specifications**

#### **WLAN Transmitter Specifications** 2.2.1

Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module Transmitter #1:

Wireless Module: Atheros

**Model Number:** WLL4030 (11a+b/g module) Manufacturer: Askey Computer Corp.

Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS for 802.11b) **Modulation Type:** 

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM for 802.11g)

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM for 802.11a)

802.11a BPSK - 6Mbps, 9Mbps

QPSK - 12Mbps, 18Mbps 16QAM – 24Mbps, 36Mbps 64QAM - 48Mbps, 54Mbps

BPSK - 6Mbps, 9Mbps 802.11g

QPSK – 12Mbps, 18Mbps 16QAM - 24Mbps, 36Mbps 64QAM - 48Mbps, 54Mbps

DBPSK - 1Mbps 802.11b

DQPSK - 2Mbps

CCK - 5.5Mbps, 11Mbps



**Maximum Data Rate:** 802.11b = 11Mbps, 802.11g and 802.11a = 54Mbps

Frequency Range: 2.4 –2483.5 GHz for 11b/g

5.15 - 5.35 GHz and 5.725 - 5.825 GHz for 11a

Number of Channels: 11 maximum (for 11b/11g)

12 maximum (for 11a) \*Passive Scan only

Antenna Type: Inverted-F Antenna – PN: CP115412-01

Max. Output Power: 802.11b = 15 dBm

802.11g = 14.5 dBm

802.11a Band 1 (5.15 to 5.25 GHz) = 13.5 dBm 802.11a Band 2 (5.25 to 5.35 GHz) = 14 dBm 802.11a Band 3 (5.725 to 5.825 GHz) = 14.5 dBm

**Power Supply:** 3.3 VDC from PCI bus **Chipset Used:** Atheros AR5212, AR5112

**Turbo Mode:** For 802.11g & 802.11a only

Data rate (Turbo): 12 MBps to 108 Mbps

Frequency allocation for 802.11b/g:

Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Turbo mode Frequency (MHz) FOR 802.11g ONLY
1	2412	
2	2417	
3	2422	
4	2427	
5	2432	
6	2437	2437
7	2442	
8	2447	
9	2452	
10	2457	
11	2462	

#### Frequency allocation for 802.11a:

Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Turbo mode Frequency (MHz)
36	5180	5210
40	5200	
44	5220	
48	5240	5250
52	5260	
56	5280	5290
60	5300	
64	5320	
149	5745	
153	5765	5760
157	5785	
161	5805	5800

#### 2.2.2 Bluetooth Transmitter Specifications

Transmitter#2:

Module: ALPS Bluetooth Module

Model Number:UGXZ5-102AManufacturer:Fujitsu Japan Ltd

Network Standard: Bluetooth<sup>™</sup> RF Test Specification

Modulation Type: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)

Frequency Range: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz

Number of Channels: 79 Carrier Spacing: 1.0 MHz

Antenna Types: Inverted-F Antenna – PN: CP115412-01

Max. Output Power: 12dBm

**Reference Oscillator:** 16 MHz (Built-in) **Power Supply:** 3.3 VDC from host.

Frequency allocation:

Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)
1	2402
2	2403
3	2404
	•
39	2440
40	2441
41	2442
	•
77	2478
78	2479
79	2480

#### 2.3 Operational Description

The EUT is a Mini-PCI Wireless LAN (WLAN) Module (Atheros 11a+b/g, Model WLL4030) & ALPS Bluetooth Module, Model UGXZ5-102A (installed in Host PC – LifeBook E Series, Model E8010D (Emilia).

The WLAN module is an OEM product from Askey Computer Corp., which is already certified by FCC ID: H8NWLL4030 and IC: 1353A-WLL4030 and re-certified by Fujitsu Ltd under FCC ID: EJE-WB0002 and IC:337J-WB0002. The ALPS Bluetooth module was previously certified by Fujitsu Ltd under FCC ID: EJE-WB0002 and IC: 337J-WB0002.

The intention of this application is to certify the WLAN module and Bluetooth module in LifeBook E Series, Model E8010D (Emilia).

The measurements reported in this test report are for (Atheros 11a+b/g, Model WLL4030) WLAN and Bluetooth (UGXZ5-102A) with Inverted F Antenna in Host PC, LifeBook E Series, Model E8010D (Emilia).

#### 2.4 Test Configuration

The Askey software and the BlueSuiteCasira software were used to set-up the WLAN module and Bluetooth devices respectively to continuously transmit during the tests. The LCD screen was observed for the transmitter status shown for the respective software.

#### **Antenna**

The Atheros (11a+b/g) WLAN, Model WLL4030 and ALPS Bluetooth device, Model UGXZ5-102A are configured with a Inverted-F antenna, PN: CP1115412-01. The installation of the OEM WLAN module, Bluetooth Device and the Antenna in Fujitsu LifeBook E Series, Model E8010D (Emilia) is in a controlled environment. The installation is performed during the production/assembly process at the Fujitsu factory.

Refer to Appendix O – Antenna Information.

#### **AC Adapter**

The AC adapter model: SEB100P2-19.0 was tested with this notebook. The adapter alternate model number is CA01007-092X. Details of the AC adapters are supplied in section 2.1 of this report. The manufacturer has stated that the alternate model number: CA01007-092x of this adapter is identical electrically and mechanically. The optional adapter listed in table above is to be modular approved in this application.

#### 2.5 Block Diagram

Refer to Appendix D - Block Diagram



#### 2.6 Support Equipment

**External Monitor/s:** 

Conducted EMI Videocom, Model DCM-1588VAE, FCC ID: H79DCM-1588 Radiated EMI Hewlett Packard 15" Color monitor, Model D2827A,

FCC ID: C5F7NFCMC1515X

Printer: Diconix, Model: 150, FCC ID: E759WG-RBCN150
USB Floppy Drives: Fujitsu Model: FPCFDD11, P/N CP032173-01
Fujitsu Model: FPCFDD12, P/N CP078720-01

USB OMNI Floppy Drive Model # USB F3501 SN W316000096

**Headphones:** Verbatim Multimedia Stereo headset **PS2 Keyboard** Logitech, Model: YBA9, S/N MCT94602411

LAN Hub: Kingston SOHO Hub Model: KNE8TP/H (FCC ID: JICKNE8TP-HO)
PCMCIA Slot: 6 MB Compact flash card with Adapter, Apacer P/N 88.10200030

#### 2.7 Test Procedure

Emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4-1992. Radiated emissions tests were performed at a distance of 3 and 10 metres from the EUT. OET Bulletin 63 dated October 1993 was used for reference.

#### 2.8 Test Facility

#### 2.8.1 General

Radiated Emission measurements were performed at EMC Technologies open area test site (OATS) situated at Lerderderg Gorge, near the township of Bacchus Marsh in Victoria, Australia. Conducted emission measurements were performed at EMC Technologies' laboratory in Tullamarine, Victoria Australia.

The above sites have been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC office, and accepted in a letter dated June 14, 2002, **FCC Registration Number 90560**.

EMC Technologies open area test site (OATS) has also been accepted by Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements in accordance with RSS 212, Issue 1 (Provisional). **Industry Canada File Number, IC 4161,** (Registration Date - November 5<sup>th</sup> 2001).

#### 2.8.2 NATA Accreditation

EMC Technologies is accredited in Australia to test to the following standards by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA).

"FCC Part 15 unintentional and intentional emitters in the frequency range 9kHz to 18 GHz excluding TV receivers (15.117 and 15.119), TV interface devices (15.115), cable ready consumer electronic equipment (15.118), cable locating equipment (15.213) and unlicensed national information infrastructure devices (Sub part E)."

The current full scope of accreditation can be found on the NATA website: <a href="www.nata.asn.au">www.nata.asn.au</a> It also includes a large number of emission, immunity, SAR, EMR and Safety standards.

NATA is the Australian national laboratory accreditation body and has accredited EMC Technologies to operate to the IEC/ISO17025 requirements. A major requirement for accreditation is the assessment of the company and its personnel as being technically competent in testing to the standards. This requires fully documented test procedures, continued calibration of all equipment to the National Standard at the National Measurements Laboratory (NML) and an internal quality system to ISO 9002. NATA has mutual recognition agreements with the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) and the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A<sup>2</sup>LA).



#### 2.9 Units of Measurements

#### 2.9.1 Conducted Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt. ( $dB\mu V$ ).

#### 2.9.2 Radiated Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt per metre ( $dB\mu V/m$ ).

#### 2.10 Test Equipment Calibration

All measurement instrumentation and transducers were calibrated in accordance with the applicable standards by an independent NATA registered laboratory such as Agilent Technologies (Australia) Pty Ltd or the National Measurement Laboratory (NML). All equipment calibration is traceable to Australia national standards at the National Measurements Laboratory. The reference antenna calibration was performed by NML and the working antennas (biconical and log-periodic) calibrated by the NATA approved procedures. The complete list of test equipment used for the measurements, including calibration dates and traceability is contained in Appendix A

#### 2.11 Ambients at OATS

The Open Area Test Site (OATS) is an area of low background ambient signals. No significant broadband ambients are present however commercial radio and TV signals exceed the limit in the FM radio, VHF and UHF television bands. Radiated prescan measurements were performed in the shielded enclosure to check for possible radiated emissions at the frequencies where the OATS ambient signals exceeded the test limit.



# RESULTS - PART 1 WLAN Module - Atheros 802.11b/g (WLL4030)

#### 1.0 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.207

#### 1.1 Test Procedure

The arrangement specified in ANSI C63.4-1992 was adhered to for the conducted EMI measurements. The EUT was placed in the RF screened enclosure and a CISPR EMI Receiver as defined in ANSI C63.2-1987 was used to perform the measurements.

The EMI Receiver was operated under program control using the Max-Hold function and automatic frequency scanning, measurement and data logging techniques. The specified 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz frequency range was sub-divided into sub-ranges to ensure that all short duration peaks were captured.

## 1.2 Peak Maximising Procedure

The various operating modes of the system were investigated. For each of the sub-ranges, the EMI receiver was set to continuous scan with the Peak detector set to Max-Hold mode. The Quasi-Peak detector and the Average detector were then invoked to measure the actual Quasi-Peak and Average level of the most significant peaks, which were detected.

#### 1.3 Calculation of Voltage Levels

The voltage levels were automatically measured in software and compared to the test limit. The method of calculation was as follows:

**VEMI = VRx + LBPF** 

Where: **VEMI** = the Measured EMI voltage in  $dB\mu V$  to be compared to the limit.

VRx = the Voltage in dB $\mu$ V read directly at the EMI receiver. LBPF = the insertion loss in dB of the cables and the Limiter and

Pass Filter.

### 1.4 Plotting of Conducted Emission Measurement Data

The measurement data pertaining to each frequency sub-range were then concatenated to form a single graph of (peak) amplitude versus frequency. This was performed for both Active and Neutral lines and the composite graph were subsequently plotted. A list of the highest relevant peaks and the respective Quasi-Peak and Average values were also plotted on the graph.



#### 1.5 Results of Conducted Emission Measurements (AC Mains Ports)

Conducted Emission Measurements were performed on the LifeBook E Series, Model E8010D with WLAN module (Atheros 11a+b/g, WLL4030) and Bluetooth module (UGXZ5-102A).

Initial investigations were performed with the WLAN in both configurations (802.11b and 802.11g) and all modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously operated with configuration 802.11g on the high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK) and the Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated on the low (Channel 1, 2402 MHz) frequency channel.

The reported frequencies in the tables below are mainly concerned with the Host PC emissions and not directly related to the WLAN module & Bluetooth module emissions.

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Level dB <sub>µ</sub> V	QP Limit dBμV	ΔQP ±dB	Measured AV Level dB <sub>µ</sub> V	AV Limit dBμV	ΔAV ±dB
0.298	Active	47.9	60.3	-12.4	41.0	50.3	-9.3
0.298	Neutral	47.3	60.3	-13.0	40.9	50.3	-9.4
0.314	Active	49.1	59.9	-10.8	37.0	49.9	-12.9
0.310	Neutral	47.4	60.0	-12.5	36.7	50.0	-13.3
0.207	Active	49.2	63.3	-14.1	39.5	53.3	-13.8
0.205	Neutral	47.9	63.4	-15.6	39.6	53.4	-13.8
0.496	Active	40.0	56.1	-16.1	30.2	46.1	-15.9
0.609	Active	39.3	56.0	-16.7	25.4	46.0	-20.6
0.620	Neutral	39.2	56.0	-16.8	23.2	46.0	-22.8
18.93	Neutral	39.4	60.0	-20.7	28.6	50.0	-21.4
18.71	Active	38.9	60.0	-21.1	28.0	50.0	-22.0

The worst case conducted EMI occurred at 0.298 MHz and complied with the quasi peak and average limits by margins of 12.4 dB and 9.3 dB respectively. The measurement uncertainty was  $\pm 2.0$  dB. Refer to Appendix I for plots of the conducted EMI measurements.



#### 2.0 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

#### 2.1 Test Procedure

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(c).

Radiated emission measurements were performed to the limits as per section 15.209. The measurements were made at the open area test site.

The EUT was set up on the table top (placed on turntable) of total height 80 cm above the ground plane, and operated as described in section 2 of this report. The EMI Receiver was operated under software control via the PC Controller through the IEEE.488 Interface Bus Card Adaptor. The test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. A calibrated Biconical antenna was used for measurements between 30 MHz to 232 MHz and a calibrated Logperiodic antenna used for measurements between 230 MHz to 1000 MHz. Calibrated EMCO 3115 and EMCO 3116 Horn antennas were used for measurements between 1 to 25 GHz.

The measurement of emissions between 30 - 1000 MHz was measured with the resolution bandwidth of 120 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz.

The measurement of emissions above 1000 MHz, appearing in the restricted bands, was made using an average detector with a bandwidth of 1.0 MHz.

The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. This was performed for two antenna heights. When an emission was located, it was positively identified and its maximum level found by rotating the automated turntable, and by varying the antenna height. Each significant peak was investigated with the Quasi-Peak/Average Detectors. The software for cable losses automatically corrected the measurement data for each frequency range, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. This process was performed for both horizontal and vertical antenna polarisations.

#### 2.2 Calculation of field strength

The field strength was calculated automatically by the software using all the pre-stored calibration data. The method of calculation is shown below:

E = V + AF - G + L Where:

 $\mathbf{E}$  = Radiated Field Strength in dB $\mu$ V/m.

V = EMI Receiver Voltage in dBμV. (measured value)

AF = Antenna Factor in dB(m<sup>-1</sup>). (stored as a data array)

G = Preamplifier Gain in dB. (stored as a data array)

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L = Cable insertion loss in dB. (stored as a data array of Insertion Loss versus frequency)

#### • Example Field Strength Calculation

Assuming a receiver reading of 34.0 dB $_{\mu}V$  is obtained at 90 MHz, the Antenna Factor at that frequency is 9.2 dB. The cable loss is 1.9 dB while the preamplifier gain is 20 dB. The resulting Field Strength is therefore as follows:

$$34.0 + 9.2 + 1.9 - 20 = 25.1 dB\mu V/m$$

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests  $(1000 \text{ MHz} - 18,000 \text{ MHz}) \pm 4.1 \text{ dB}$   $(30 \text{ MHz} - 1,000 \text{ MHz}) \pm 3.7 \text{ dB}$ 



#### 2.3 Results - Out of Band Emissions (Spurious and Harmonics)

#### 2.3.1 Frequency Band: 1 - 25 GHz

All measurements above 1 GHz were initially made over a distance of 3 metres. This was decreased to 1.0 metre as the emission levels from the device were very low.

The 54 dB $\mu$ V/m limit at 3 metres has been converted to 64 dB $\mu$ V/m at 1 metre using a factor of 20 dB per decade where emissions were located in the restricted bands.

Testing was performed while both the WLAN transmitter and Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated. Harmonics related to the WLAN transmitter are reported below. For harmonics related to the Bluetooth transmitter, Refer to Part 2 of this test report.

The field strength at 2483.5 MHz when the EUT was operating at its highest channel (2462 MHz), was 41.9 dB $_{\mu}$ V/m peak (noise floor) and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the inband carrier.

The field strength at 2400 MHz when the EUT was operating at its lowest channel (2412 MHz), was 41.2 dB $\mu$ V/m peak (noise floor) and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the inband carrier.

Measurements for the WLAN were made on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

#### 2.3.1.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 11 Mbps (CCK).

**Channel 1 - 2412 MHz** 

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2412	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4824	52.0	39.2	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7236	61.3	47.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
9648	51.5	38.5	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12060	52.6	39.3	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14472	53.9	40.9	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
16884	55.1	42.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19296	56.4	43.8	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21708	57.6	45.1	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24120	60.1	46.6	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 6 - 2437 MHz

Frequency MHz		evel uV/m	Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2437	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4874	53.8	40.3	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7311	62.6	48.5	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9748	52.1	39.0	Vert/Hort	İ	-	Pass
12185	52.4	38.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14622	53.5	40.8	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17059	54.7	42.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19496	56.7	43.7	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21933	57.6	45.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24370	60.9	46.5	Vert/Hort	-	_	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 11 - 2462 MHz

Frequency MHz		evel uV/m	Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2462	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4924	55.2	42.6	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7386	63.6	49.9	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9848	52.4	39.8	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12310	52.1	38.5	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14772	53.8	40.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17234	55.0	42.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19696	56.7	43.9	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
22158	58.0	45.6	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
24620	60.3	46.5	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Harmonics were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz and complied with the FCC Class B average limits by a margin of 4.1 dB. Harmonics were below the limit in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.



#### 2.3.1.2 Configuration 802.11g - Normal Operating Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK).

**Channel 1 - 2412 MHz** 

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2412	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4824	48.7	36.5	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7236	57.9	45.9	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
9648	50.2	36.1	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12060	51.0	39.3	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14472	52.1	40.6	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
16884	54.1	42.5	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19296	55.3	43.4	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21708	58.8	45.7	Vert/Hort	1	-	Pass
24120	60.6	47.0	Vert/Hort	ı	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

#### Channel 6 - 2437 MHz

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Frequency		evel	Antenna	Peak	Average	Result
MHz	aBi	uV/m	Polarization	Limit	Limit	
	Peak	Average		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
	Detector	Detector				
2437	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4874	48.3	36.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7311	56.7	45.0	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9748	49.1	35.5	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12185	51.6	39.2	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14622	52.8	40.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17059	54.3	43.6	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19496	55.9	43.4	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21933	58.0	45.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24370	60.6	47.8	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 11 - 2462 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2462	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4924	48.9	36.3	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7386	58.5	45.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9848	49.2	35.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12310	51.4	39.0	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14772	52.1	40.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17234	54.6	42.9	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19696	55.6	43.1	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
22158	58.3	45.3	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
24620	60.7	47.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Harmonics were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz and complied with the FCC Class B average limits by a margin of 8.2 dB. Harmonics were below the limit in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.

Result: Complies

#### 2.3.1.3 Configuration 802.11g - Turbo Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 108 Mbps (64QAM).

Channel 6 - 2437 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2437	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4874	48.0	36.2	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7311	51.3	39.5	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9748	49.8	36.6	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12185	51.6	39.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14622	52.5	40.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17059	54.7	43.5	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19496	55.9	43.7	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21933	57.6	45.0	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24370	60.4	47.1	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Harmonics were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz and complied with the FCC Class B average limits by a margin of greater than 10 dB. Harmonics were below the limit in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.



#### 2.3.2 Frequency Band: 30 - 1000 MHz

Testing was performed at a distance of 10 metres.

Initial investigations were performed with the WLAN in both configurations (802.11b and 802.11g) and all modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously operated with configuration 802.11g on the high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK) and the Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated on the low (Channel 1, 2402 MHz) frequency channel.

The reported frequencies in the tables below are mainly concerned with the Host PC emissions and not directly related to the WLAN module & Bluetooth module emissions.

**Vertical Polarity** 

Frequency MHz	Polarisation	QP Measured dBμV/m	QP Limit dBμV/m	∆QP ± dB
336.14	Vertical	33.0	36.0	-3.0
240.09	Vertical	32.9	36.0	-3.1
108.84	Vertical	26.8	33.5	-6.7
374.54	Vertical	29.0	36.0	-7.0
107.91	Vertical	25.7	33.5	-7.8
200.26	Vertical	25.7	33.5	-7.8
117.73	Vertical	25.6	33.5	-8.0
127.01	Vertical	24.4	33.5	-9.1
233.16	Vertical	26.5	36.0	-9.5
214.15	Vertical	23.4	33.5	-10.1
992.00	Vertical	33.1	44.0	-10.9
73.50	Vertical	19.0	30.0	-11.0
81.93	Vertical	19.0	30.0	-11.1
198.29	Vertical	22.1	33.5	-11.4
199.22	Vertical	21.2	33.5	-12.3
666.73	Vertical	23.7	36.0	-12.3

**Horizontal Polarity** 

Frequency	Polarisation	QP Measured	QP Limit	ΔQP
MHz		dBμV/m	dBμV/m	± dB
336.13	Horizontal	33.4	36.0	-2.7
616.11	Horizontal	31.8	36.0	-4.2
111.04	Horizontal	27.0	33.5	-6.5
112.15	Horizontal	26.0	33.5	-7.5
73.50	Horizontal	22.1	30.0	-8.0
200.25	Horizontal	25.5	33.5	-8.0
92.69	Horizontal	25.4	33.5	-8.1
77.69	Horizontal	21.8	30.0	-8.2
101.47	Horizontal	25.2	33.5	-8.3
374.57	Horizontal	27.5	36.0	-8.5
159.70	Horizontal	24.9	33.5	-8.6
82.01	Horizontal	20.2	30.0	-9.8
108.74	Horizontal	22.3	33.5	-11.2
199.42	Horizontal	20.2	33.5	-13.3
269.01	Horizontal	22.1	36.0	-13.9
203.23	Horizontal	18.9	33.5	-14.7

The highest radiated emission peak occurred at 336.13 MHz (Horizontal polarity)) and complied with FCC quasi peak limit by a margin of 2.7 dB. The measurement uncertainty in this band was  $\pm$  3.7 dB. Refer to tables above for results.



#### 2.3.3 Band Edge Measurements

The highest emission level that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the operating band.

Testing was performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (2412 MHz) and high frequency (2462 MHz) channel.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 100 kHz were utilised.

#### 2.3.3.1 Atheros (WLL4030) - Configuration 802.11b

Refer to Appendix K1 for Band Edge plots

NB: D1 line indicates the highest level of the transmitter

D2 line indicates 20 dB limit below D1.

#### 2.3.3.2 Atheros (WLL4030) - Configuration 802.11g

Refer to Appendix K2 for Band Edge plots

NB: D1 line indicates the highest level of the transmitter

D2 line indicates 20 dB limit below D1.

Result: Complies.

#### 3.0 PEAK OUTPUT POWER - Section 15.247 (b)(1) & (3)

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(b)(3).

Measurements were performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously transmitted.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The Peak Output Power (P) was calculated as follows:

P = R + G + C where R is the recorded peak power

G is the antenna gain in dBi &

C is the cable loss

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

Variation by +/- 15% of the supply voltage, in accordance with Section 15.31(e), to the computer power supply did not vary the output power observed.



#### 3.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). Power with CCK modulation (rate = 11 Mbps) was observed to be slightly worst (approximately 0.5 dB). Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operating with the modulation rate of 11 Mbps (CCK).

The resolution bandwidth of 20 MHz and the video bandwidth of 20 MHz were utilised.

Frequency MHz	R dBm	Coax Loss dB	G dBi	P dBm	Limit dBm	P mW	Limit mW
2412	17.55	-0.6	1.59	18.54	30	71.45	1000
2437	17.79	-0.6	1.59	18.78	30	75.51	1000
2462	17.91	-0.6	1.59	18.90	30	77.62	1000

The specification limit is 1W (30 dBm).

Refer to Appendix M1 for Peak Power plots

Result: Complies.

# 3.2 Configuration 802.11g - Normal Operating Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). Power with BPSK modulation (rate = 6 Mbps) was observed to be slightly worst (approximately 0.5 dB). Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK).

The resolution bandwidth of 20 MHz and the video bandwidth of 20 MHz were utilised.

	Frequency MHz	R dBm	Coax Loss dB	G dBi	P dBm	Limit dBm	P mW	Limit mW
I	2412	20.33	-0.6	1.59	21.32	30	135.52	1000
	2437	20.56	-0.6	1.59	21.55	30	142.89	1000
	2462	20.46	-0.6	1.59	21.45	30	139.64	1000

The specification limit is 1W (30 dBm).

Refer to Appendix M2 for Peak Power plots

Result: Complies

### 3.3 Configuration 802.11g - Turbo Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in power were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 108 Mbps (64QAM).

The resolution bandwidth of 50 MHz and the video bandwidth of 50 MHz were utilised.

Frequency MHz	R dBm	Coax Loss dB	G dBi	P dBm	Limit dBm	P mW	Limit mW
2437	20.13	-0.6	1.59	21.12	30	129.42	1000

The specification limit is 1W (30 dBm).

Refer to Appendix M2 for Peak Power plots



#### 4.0 CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(a)(2)

In the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz the minimum 6 dB bandwidth was at least 500 kHz. The 6 dB bandwidth was measured while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low, middle and high frequency channel.

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilised

Measurements were made on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

#### 4.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in bandwidth were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operating with the modulation rate of 11 Mbps (CCK).

Frequency MHz	Bandwidth MHz	Result	6 dB Bandwidth Plots
2412.0	11.17	Complies	Appendix J1
2437.0	10.52	Complies	Appendix J1
2462.0	10.47	Complies	Appendix J1

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth is at least 500 kHz

Result: Complies

#### 4.2 Configuration 802.11g - Normal Operating Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in bandwidth were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 54 Mbps (64QAM).

	Frequency MHz	•		6 dB Bandwidth Plots
Ī	2412.0	16.53	Complies	Appendix J2
Ī	2437.0	16.53	Complies	Appendix J2
Ī	2462.0	16.53	Complies	Appendix J2

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth is at least 500 kHz

Result: Complies

#### 4.3 Configuration 802.11g - Turbo Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in bandwidth were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 108 Mbps (64QAM).

Frequency	Bandwidth	Result	6 dB Bandwidth
MHz	MHz		Plots
2437.0	32.77	Complies	Appendix J2

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth is at least 500 kHz



#### 5.0 RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE (HAZARD) INFORMATION

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(b)(5)

Spread spectrum transmitters operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band are required to be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to RF energy levels in accordance with CFR 47, Section 1.1307(b)(1).

In accordance with this section and also section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 20 cm normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

In accordance with Section 1.1310, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limit for the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure of 1.0 has been applied, i.e 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

Friis transmission formula: Pd =  $(P*G) / (4*\pi*r^2)$ 

where:  $Pd = power density (mW/cm^2)$ 

P = power input to the antenna (mW)

G = antenna gain (numeric)

r = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (cm)

#### The result was extracted from Part 1, section 3.0 of this report. (WLAN Module):

Maximum peak output power at the antenna terminal = 20.56dBm = 113.8mW

Antenna (Inverted-F) gain (typical) = 1.59 dBi = 1.442 numeric

Prediction distance = 20 cm

Prediction frequency = 2437 MHz

MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency = 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Therefore, the power density at prediction frequency (Pd) =  $0.0326 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

#### The result was extracted from Part 2, section 3.0 of this report. (Bluetooth Module):

Maximum peak output power at the antenna terminal = 10.13dBm = 10.3mW

Antenna (Inverted-F) gain (typical) = 3.06 dBi = 2.023numeric

Prediction distance = 20 cm

Prediction frequency = 2441 MHz

MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency = 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Therefore, the power density at prediction frequency (Pd) = 0.0041mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

The total power density (TPd) for WLAN and Bluetooth transmitters continuously operated:

TPd = 0.0326 (WLAN) + 0.0041 (Bluetooth) = 0.0367 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

Calculations show that this device with described antenna does meet the MPE requirements for portable devices falling below the 20 cm clearance required.



#### 6.0 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY - Section 15.247(d)

Testing was performed accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(d)

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 3 kHz and the video bandwidth of 30 kHz were utilised

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

#### 6.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in peak power spectral density were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operating with the modulation rate of 11 Mbps (CCK).

Frequency MHz	Level dBm	Limit dBm	Result	Spectral Density plots
2412.0	- 9.32	8.0	Complies	Appendix L1
2437.0	- 6.81	8.0	Complies	Appendix L1
2462.0	- 6.48	8.0	Complies	Appendix L1

The specification limit is 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during a continuous transmission.

Result: Complies

#### 6.2 Configuration 802.11g - Normal Operating Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in peak power spectral density were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 54 Mbps (64QAM).

Frequency Hz	Level dBm	Limit dBm	Result	Spectral Density plots
2412.0	- 8.73	8.0	Complies	Appendix L2
2437.0	- 6.34	8.0	Complies	Appendix L2
2462.0	- 6.43	8.0	Complies	Appendix L2

The specification limit is 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during a continuous transmission.

Result: Complies

#### 6.3 Configuration 802.11g - Turbo Mode

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in peak power spectral density were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 108 Mbps (64QAM).

Frequency Hz	Level dBm	Limit dBm	Result	Spectral Density plots
2437.0	- 6.95	8.0	Complies	Appendix L2

The specification limit is 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during a continuous transmission.



#### 7. 0 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Testing to the requirements of FCC Part 15.203 was not applicable as this intentional radiator was designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

#### 8.0 COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Mini-PCI Wireless LAN (WLAN) Module, Model WLL4030 (Atheros 11a+b/g) and Bluetooth Module, Model UGXZ5-102A, tested on behalf of Fujitsu Australia Ltd, **comply** with the requirements of 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C - Rules for Radio Frequency Devices (intentional radiators), Section 15.247 -Operation in the frequency band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz.

The test sample also complies with the Industry Canada RSS-210 issue 5 (Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands)) clause 6.2.2(o) 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Spread Spectrum requirements and the RF exposure requirements of RSS-102.

#### Results were as follows:

WLAN Module, Atheros 802.11b/g

FCC Part 15, Subpart C	Industry Canada RSS-210	Test Performed	Result
Clauses	Clauses		
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	Not Applicable
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	Complies
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	Complies
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	Complies
15.247 (a)(2)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Channel Bandwidth	Complies
15.247 (b)(3)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	Complies
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	Complies
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	Complies
15.247 (d)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Complies

#### **Bluetooth Module**

FCC Part 15,	Industry Canada	Test Performed	Result
Subpart C	RSS-210		
Clauses	Clauses		
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	Not Applicable
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	Complies
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	Complies
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	Complies
15.247 (a)(1)&(3)	6.2.2(o)(ii)	Channel Occupancy/Bandwidth	Complies
15.247 (b)(1)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	Complies
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	Complies
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	Complies

Refer to Results - Part 2

NB: Refer to EMC Technologies' Report M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_5.2\_BT for Atheros 802.11a results.



## RESULTS – PART 2 Bluetooth Module, Model UGXZ5-102A

#### 1.0 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.207

#### 1.1 Test Procedure

The arrangement specified in ANSI C63.4-1992 was adhered to for the conducted EMI measurements. The EUT was placed in the RF screened enclosure and a CISPR EMI Receiver as defined in ANSI C63.2-1987 was used to perform the measurements.

The EMI Receiver was operated under program control using the Max-Hold function and automatic frequency scanning, measurement and data logging techniques. The specified 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz frequency range was sub-divided into sub-ranges to ensure that all short duration peaks were captured.

#### 1.2 Peak Maximising Procedure

The various operating modes of the system were investigated. For each of the sub-ranges, the EMI receiver was set to continuous scan with the Peak detector set to Max-Hold mode. The Quasi-Peak detector and the Average detector were then invoked to measure the actual Quasi-Peak and Average level of the most significant peaks, which were detected.

#### 1.3 Calculation of Voltage Levels

The voltage levels were automatically measured in software and compared to the test limit. The method of calculation was as follows:

VEMI = VRx + LBPF

Where: **VEMI** = the Measured EMI voltage in dBµV to be compared to the limit.

VRx = the Voltage in  $dB\mu V$  read directly at the EMI receiver. LBPF = the insertion loss in dB of the cables and the Limiter and

Pass Filter.

#### 1.4 Plotting of Conducted Emission Measurement Data

The measurement data pertaining to each frequency sub-range were then concatenated to form a single graph of (peak) amplitude versus frequency. This was performed for both Active and Neutral lines and the composite graph were subsequently plotted. A list of the highest relevant peaks and the respective Quasi-Peak and Average values were also plotted on the graph.

#### 1.5 Results of Conducted Emission Measurements (AC Mains Ports)

Refer to Results Part 1, Section 1.5.



#### 2.0 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

#### 2.1 **Test Procedure**

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(c).

Radiated emission measurements were performed to the limits as per section 15.209. The measurements were made at the open area test site.

The EUT was set up on the table top (placed on turntable) of total height 80 cm above the ground plane, and operated as described in section 2 of this report. The EMI Receiver was operated under software control via the PC Controller through the IEEE.488 Interface Bus Card Adaptor. The test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. A calibrated Biconical antenna was used for measurements between 30 MHz to 232 MHz and a calibrated Logperiodic antenna used for measurements between 230 MHz to 1000 MHz. Calibrated EMCO 3115 and EMCO 3116 Horn antennas were used for measurements between 1 to 25 GHz.

The measurement of emissions between 30 - 1000 MHz was measured with the resolution bandwidth of 120 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz.

The measurement of emissions above 1000 MHz, appearing in the restricted bands, was made using an average detector with a bandwidth of 1.0 MHz.

The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. This was performed for two antenna heights. When an emission was located, it was positively identified and its maximum level found by rotating the automated turntable, and by varying the antenna height. Each significant peak was investigated with the Quasi-Peak/Average Detectors. The software for cable losses automatically corrected the measurement data for each frequency range, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. This process was performed for both horizontal and vertical antenna polarisations.

#### 2.2 Calculation of field strength

The field strength was calculated automatically by the software using all the pre-stored calibration data. The method of calculation is shown below:

E = V + AF - G + L Where:

Ε Radiated Field Strength in dBuV/m.

V EMI Receiver Voltage in dBµV. (measured value) ΑF = Antenna Factor in dB(m<sup>-1</sup>). (stored as a data array) G =

Preamplifier Gain in dB. (stored as a data array)

Cable insertion loss in dB. (stored as a data array of Insertion Loss versus frequency)

#### **Example Field Strength Calculation**

Assuming a receiver reading of 34.0 dB<sub>µ</sub>V is obtained at 90 MHz, the Antenna Factor at that frequency is 9.2 dB. The cable loss is 1.9 dB while the preamplifier gain is 20 dB. The resulting Field Strength is therefore as follows:

$$34.0 + 9.2 + 1.9 - 20 = 25.1 dB\mu V/m$$

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests  $(1000 \text{ MHz} - 18,000 \text{ MHz}) \pm 4.1 \text{ dB}$  $(30 \text{ MHz} - 1,000 \text{ MHz}) \pm 3.7 \text{ dB}$ 



#### 2.3 Results - Out of Band Emissions (Spurious and Harmonics)

#### 2.3.1 Frequency Band: 1 - 25 GHz

All measurements above 1 GHz were initially made over a distance of 3 metres. This was decreased to 1.0 metre as the emission levels from the device were very low.

The 54 dB $\mu$ V/m limit at 3 metres has been converted to 64 dB $\mu$ V/m at 1 metre using a factor of 20 dB per decade where emissions were located in the restricted bands.

Testing was performed while both the WLAN transmitter and Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated. Harmonics related to the Bluetooth transmitter are reported below. For harmonics related to the WLAN transmitter, Refer to Part 1 of this test report (802.11b/g) and EMC Technologies' Report M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_5.2\_BT (802.11a).

The field strength at 2483.5 MHz when the EUT was operating at its highest channel (2480 MHz), was 41.5 dB $\mu$ V/m peak (noise floor) and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the inband carrier.

The field strength at 2400 MHz when the EUT was operating at its lowest channel (2402 MHz), was 41.2 dB $\mu$ V/m peak (noise floor) and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the inband carrier.

Measurements for the WLAN were made on a low (channel 1, 2402 MHz), middle (channel 40, 2441 MHz) and high (Channel 79, 2480 MHz) frequency channel.

Channel 1 - 2402 MHz

Frequency MHz		evel uV/m	Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2402	Transmitter	Fundamental		-	-	
4804	51.1	38.4	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7206	61.6	47.6	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
9608	49.9	36.5	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12010	51.7	39.0	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14412	52.5	40.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
16814	54.2	42.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19216	55.8	43.4	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21618	57.6	46.5	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24020	60.7	47.0	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

#### Channel 40 - 2441 MHz

Frequency MHz		evel uV/m	Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2441	Transmitter	Fundamental		-	-	
4882	51.6	39.2	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7323	65.2	50.9	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9764	49.8	36.9	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12205	51.4	39.0	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14646	52.7	40.1	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17087	54.8	42.6	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19528	55.5	43.4	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21969	58.4	46.5	Vert/Hort	ı	-	Pass
24410	61.3	47.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

#### Channel 79 - 2480 MHz

Frequency MHz		evel uV/m	Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit	Average Limit	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector		dBuV/m	dBuV/m	
2480	Transmitter	Fundamental		-	-	
4960	51.8	39.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7440	66.3	52.7	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9920	49.5	36.6	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12400	51.2	39.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14880	52.9	40.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17360	54.7	42.9	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19840	55.7	43.4	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
22320	58.8	46.2	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
24800	61.0	47.8	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

<sup>\*</sup>Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Harmonics were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz and complied with the FCC Class B average limits by a margin of 1.3 dB. Harmonics were below the limit in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was  $\pm 4.1$  dB.



#### 2.3.2 Frequency Band: 30 - 1000 MHz

Refer to Results Part 1, Section 2.3.2

#### 2.3.3 Band Edge Measurements

The highest emission level that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the operating band.

Testing was performed while the Bluetooth transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (2402 MHz) and high frequency (2480 MHz) channel.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 100 kHz were utilised.

Refer to Appendix K3 for Band Edge plots

NB: D1 line indicates the highest level of the transmitter

D2 line indicates 20 dB limit below D1.

Result: Complies.

#### 3.0 PEAK OUTPUT POWER - Section 15.247 (b)(1) & (3)

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(b)(3).

Measurements were performed while the Bluetooth transmitter continuously transmitted.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and the video bandwidth of 3 MHz were utilised.

The Peak Output Power (P) was calculated as follows:

P = R + G + C where R is the recorded peak power G is the antenna gain in dBi &

C is the cable loss

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2402 MHz), middle (channel 40, 2441 MHz) and high (Channel 79, 2480 MHz) frequency channel.

Variation by +/- 15% of the supply voltage, in accordance with section 15.31(e), to the computer power supply power did not cause any variations to the RF output power.

Frequency MHz	R dBm	Coax Loss dB	G dBi	P dBm	Limit dBm	P mW	Limit mW
2402.0	10.12	- 0.6	3.06	12.58	30	18.11	1000
2441.0	10.13	- 0.6	3.06	12.59	30	18.16	1000
2480.0	9.93	- 0.6	3.06	12.39	30	17.34	1000

The specification limit is 1W (30 dBm).

Refer to Appendix M3 for Peak Power plots



#### 4.0 CHANNEL BANDWIDTH & CHANNEL OCCUPANCY

Testing was carried out in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i)&(iii)

The EUT was a Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum transmitter and operated as described in section 2 of this report.

#### 4.1 Channel Bandwidth

In the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz the hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

A resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz and the video bandwidth of 100 kHz were utilised.

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2402 MHz), middle (channel 40, 2441 MHz) and high (Channel 79, 2480 MHz) frequency channel.

Frequency MHz	Bandwidth kHz	Result	20 dB Bandwidth Plots
2402	739	Complies	Appendix J3
2441	733	Complies	Appendix J3
2480	745	Complies	Appendix J3

#### 4.2 Channel Occupancy

This measurement was made on a channel using a spectrum analyser with a 0 Hz span and a sweep time of 5 mS.

79 channels were observed operating between 2400-2483.5 MHz. Refer to Appendix N for number of channel plot.

The channel separation of 1 MHz was recorded.

The device was observed to have a dwell time of 410.8 uS. Refer to Appendix N for dwell time plot.

The specification allows for a dwell time not exceeding 0.4 seconds.

The maximum period is 79 channels x 0.4 seconds = 31.6 seconds

During the test the transmitter was observed to activate on average 315 times in 31.6 seconds.

The transmitter therefore occupies in one channel for 315 x 410.8uS = 0.129 seconds



# 5.0 RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE (HAZARD) INFORMATION

Refer to Results Part 1, Section 5.0

#### 6. 0 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Testing to the requirements of FCC Part 15.203 was not applicable as this intentional radiator was designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

#### 7.0 COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Mini-PCI Wireless LAN (WLAN) Module, Model WLL4030 (Atheros 11a+b/g) and Bluetooth Module, Model UGXZ5-102A, tested on behalf of Fujitsu Australia Ltd, **comply** with the requirements of 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C - Rules for Radio Frequency Devices (intentional radiators), Section 15.247 -Operation in the frequency band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz.

The test sample also complies with the Industry Canada RSS-210 issue 5 (Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands)) clause 6.2.2(o) 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Spread Spectrum requirements and the RF exposure requirements of RSS-102.

#### Results were as follows:

#### **Bluetooth Module**

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	Not Applicable
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	Complies
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	Complies
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	Complies
15.247 (a)(1)&(3)	6.2.2(o)(ii)	Channel Occupancy/Bandwidth	Complies
15.247 (b)(1)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	Complies
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	Complies
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	Complies

#### WLAN Module, Atheros 802,11b/a

FCC Part 15,	Industry Canada	Test Performed	Result
Subpart C	RSS-210	Toot I offormed	rtoount
Clauses	Clauses		
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	Not Applicable
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	Complies
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	Complies
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	Complies
15.247 (a)(2)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Channel Bandwidth	Complies
15.247 (b)(3)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	Complies
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	Complies
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	Complies
15.247 (d)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Complies

Refer to Results - Part 1

NB: Refer to EMC Technologies' Report M040405\_Cert\_Emilia\_Atheros\_5.2\_BT for Atheros 802.11a results.



#### TEST REPORT APPENDICES

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APPENDIX I: GRAPHS of EMI MEASUREMENTS APPENDIX J: CHANNEL BANDWIDTH PLOTS

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APPENDIX N: BLUETOOTH CHANNEL OCCUPANCY PLOTS APPENDIX O: ANTENNA INFORMATION (INVERTED-F ANTENNA)

APPENDIX P: USER MANUAL

**Attachment 1: RF Exposure Information** 

Attachment 2: FCC DOC for LifeBook Emilia (E8010/E8010D)

