

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.15.2020 09:06:55

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 825 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.972 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.992$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**GSM 850 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement**

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.864 W/kg

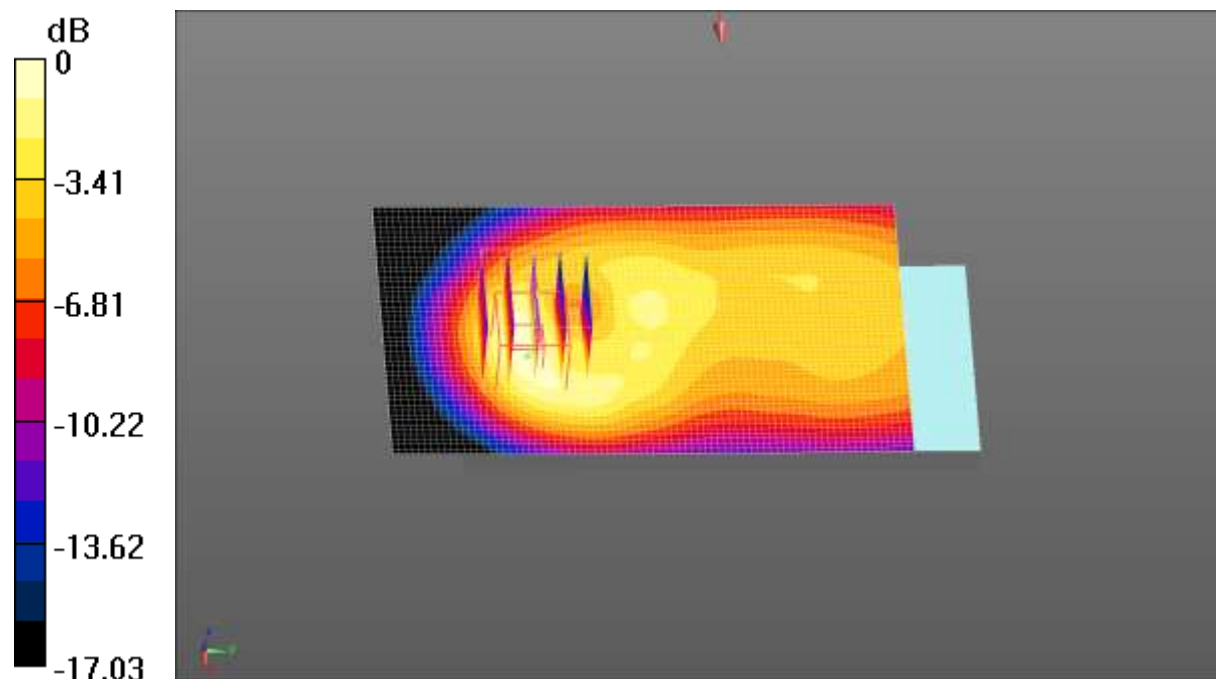
**SAR(1 g) = 0.463 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.698 W/kg

**GSM 850 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid:**

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.714 W/kg



0 dB = 0.714 W/kg = -1.46 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.12.2020 09:09:52

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.529 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.420$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**GSM 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement  
grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.003 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

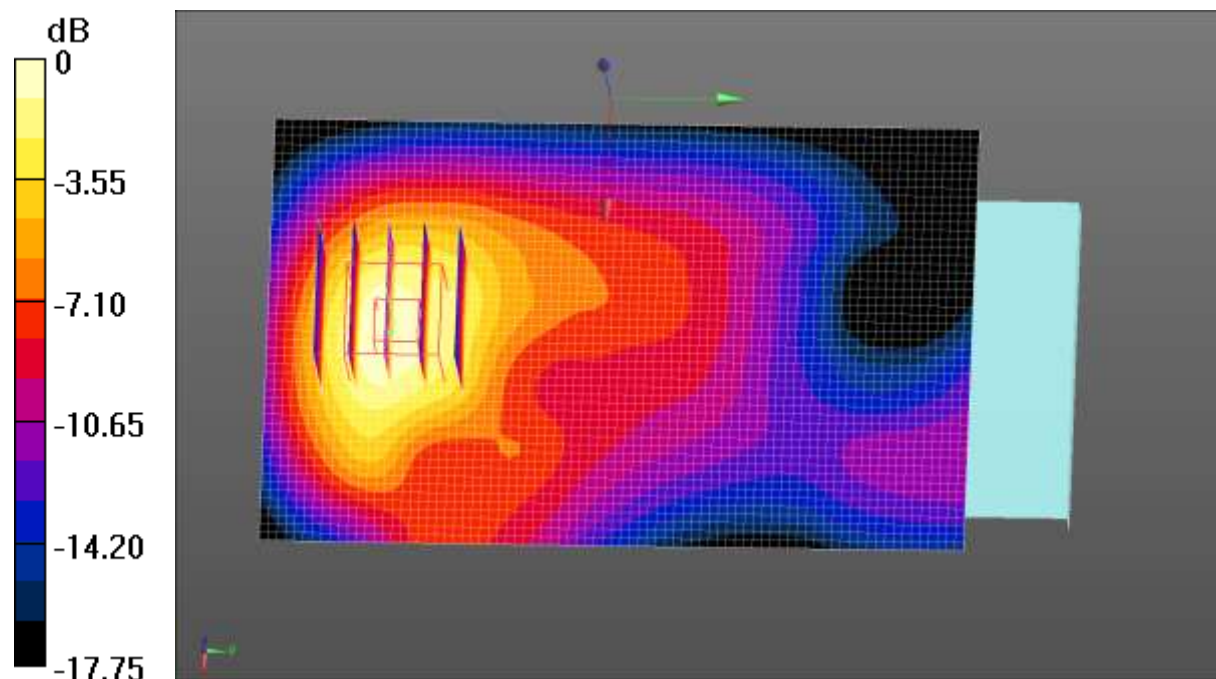
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.584 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.328 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.877 W/kg

**GSM 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  
 $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.744 W/kg



0 dB = 0.744 W/kg = -1.28 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.15.2020 11:05:09

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 826.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.974$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.918$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## WCDMA 850 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.571 W/kg

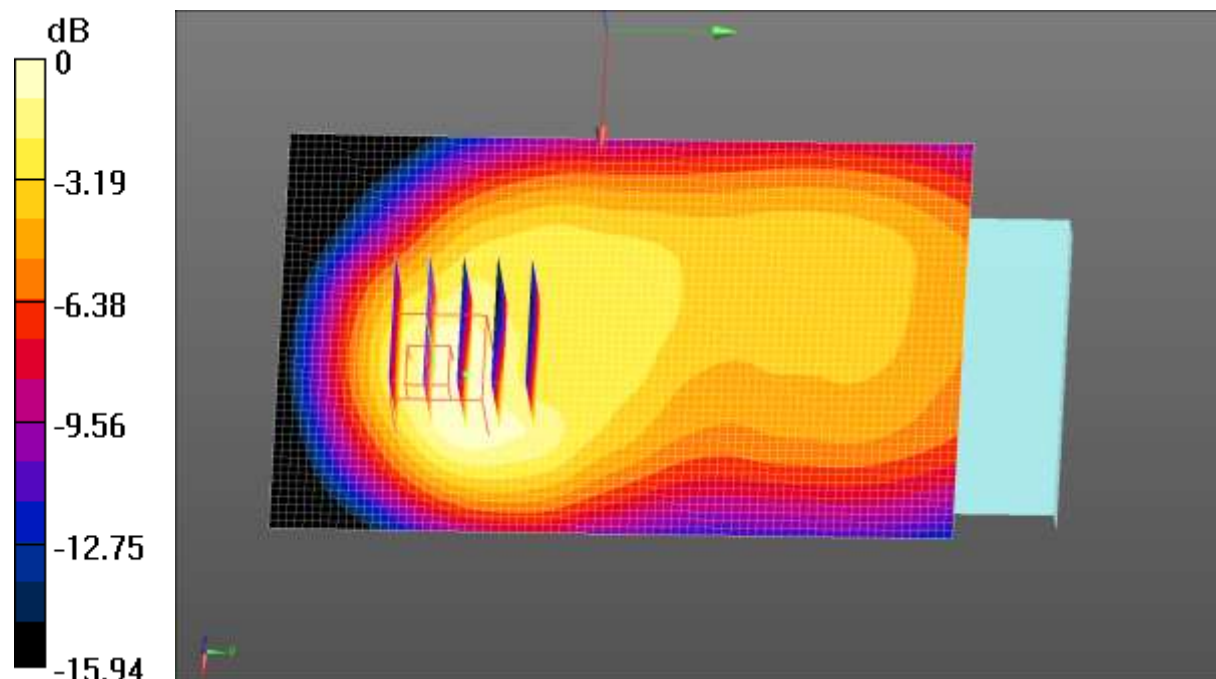
**SAR(1 g) = 0.302 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 W/kg

## WCDMA 850 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.446 W/kg



0 dB = 0.446 W/kg = -3.51 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 14:13:13

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1732.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.454$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.816$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WCDMA 1700 Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.934 W/kg

**WCDMA 1700 Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

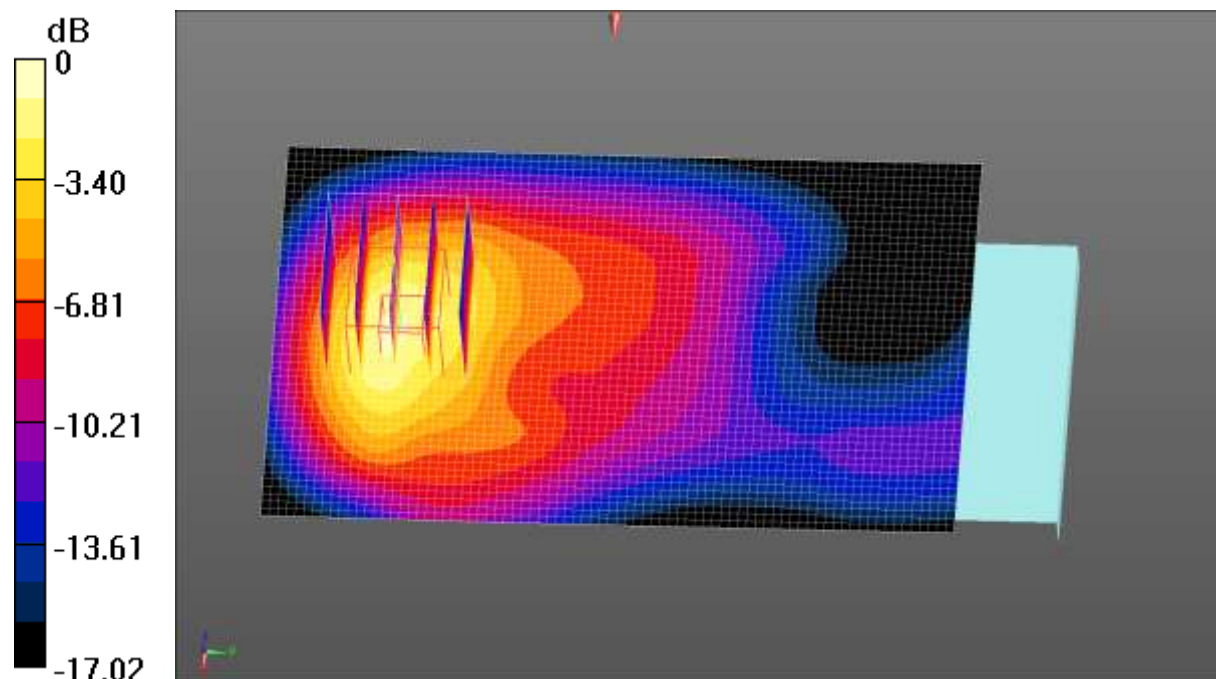
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.793 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.452 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



0 dB = 1.15 W/kg = 0.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 19:43:39

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.537$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.904$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WCDMA 1900 Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.698 W/kg

**WCDMA 1900 Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

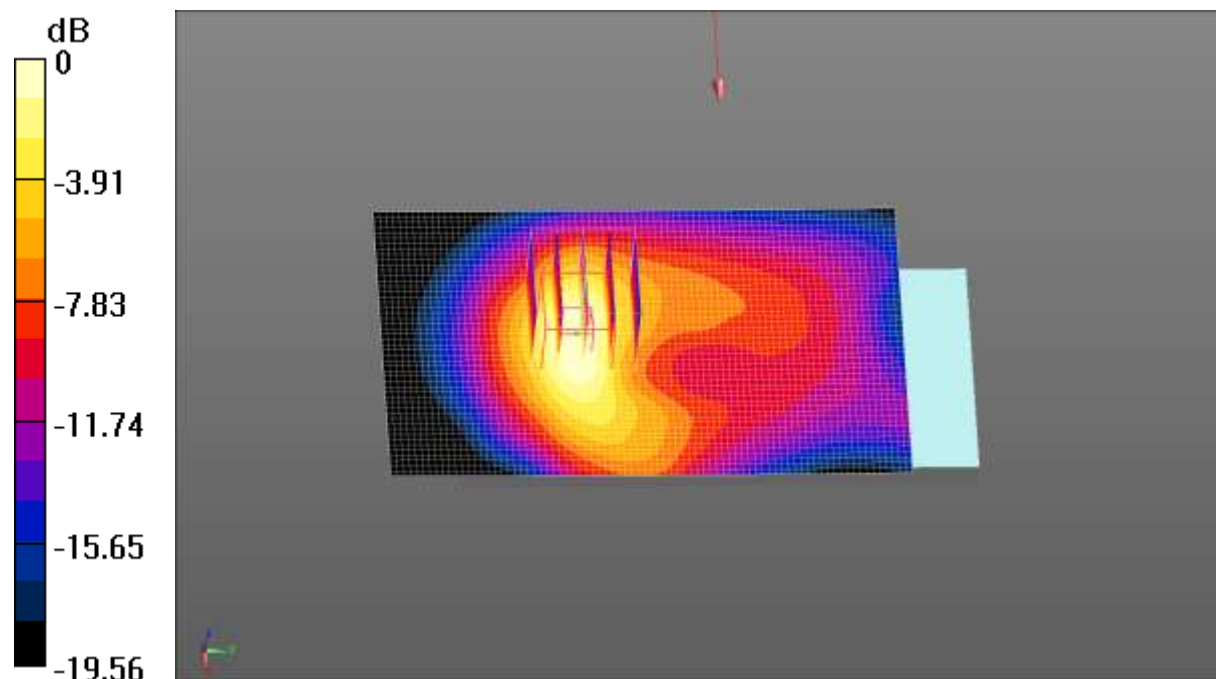
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.967 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.853 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.471 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 W/kg



0 dB = 0.691 W/kg = -1.61 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 21:06:47

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.537 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.904$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan****(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 8.654 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

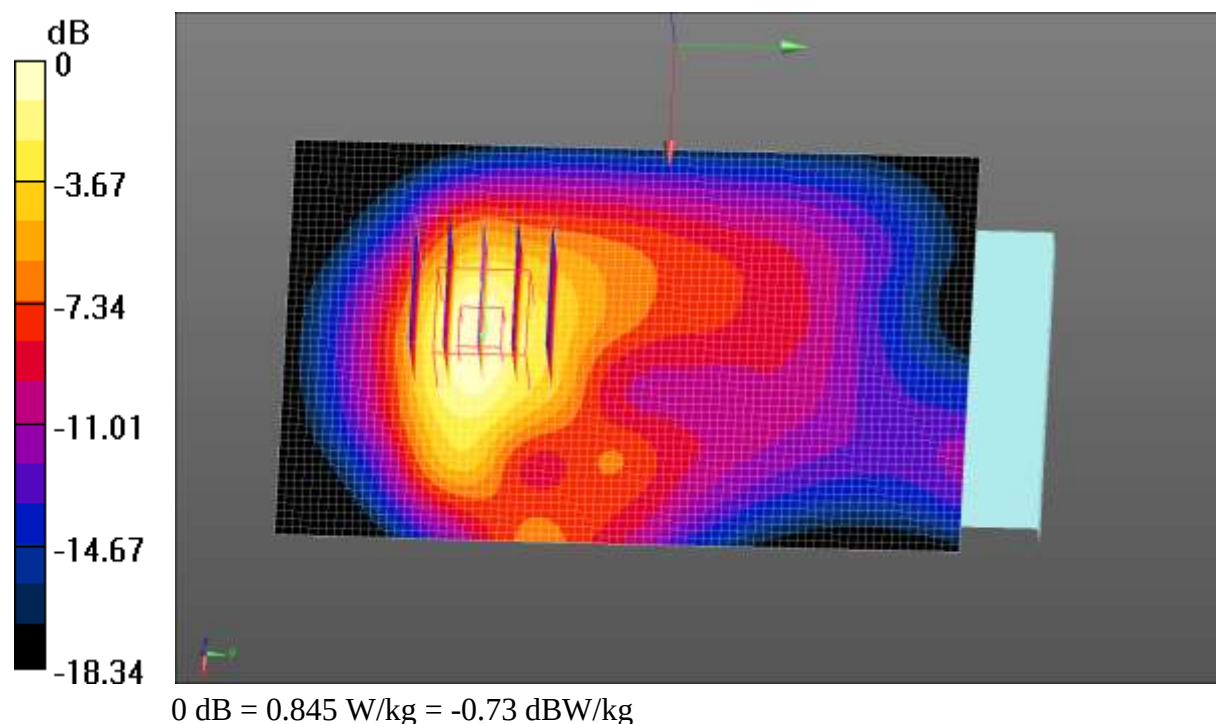
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.587 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.879 W/kg

**LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):**Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.845 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 17:05:58

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.454$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.816$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## **LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan**

**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.085 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.839 W/kg

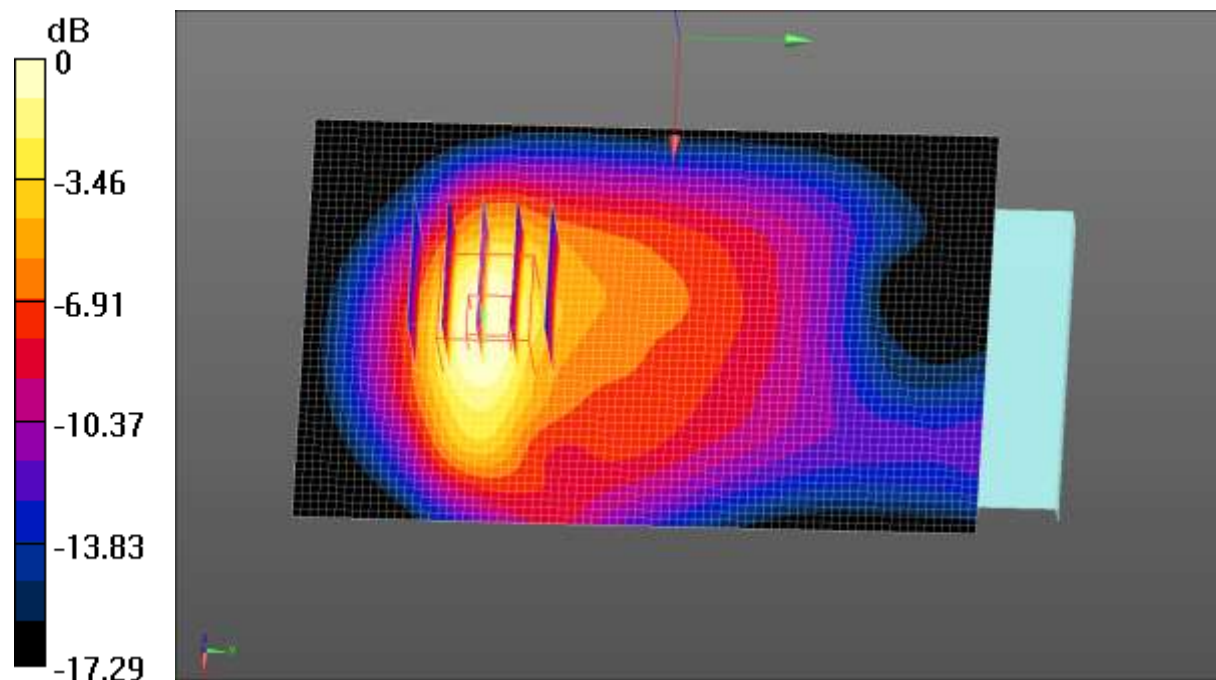
**SAR(1 g) = 0.476 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 W/kg

## **LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.650 W/kg



0 dB = 0.650 W/kg = -1.87 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.15.2020 12:06:13

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.984$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.857$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 W/kg

**LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan**

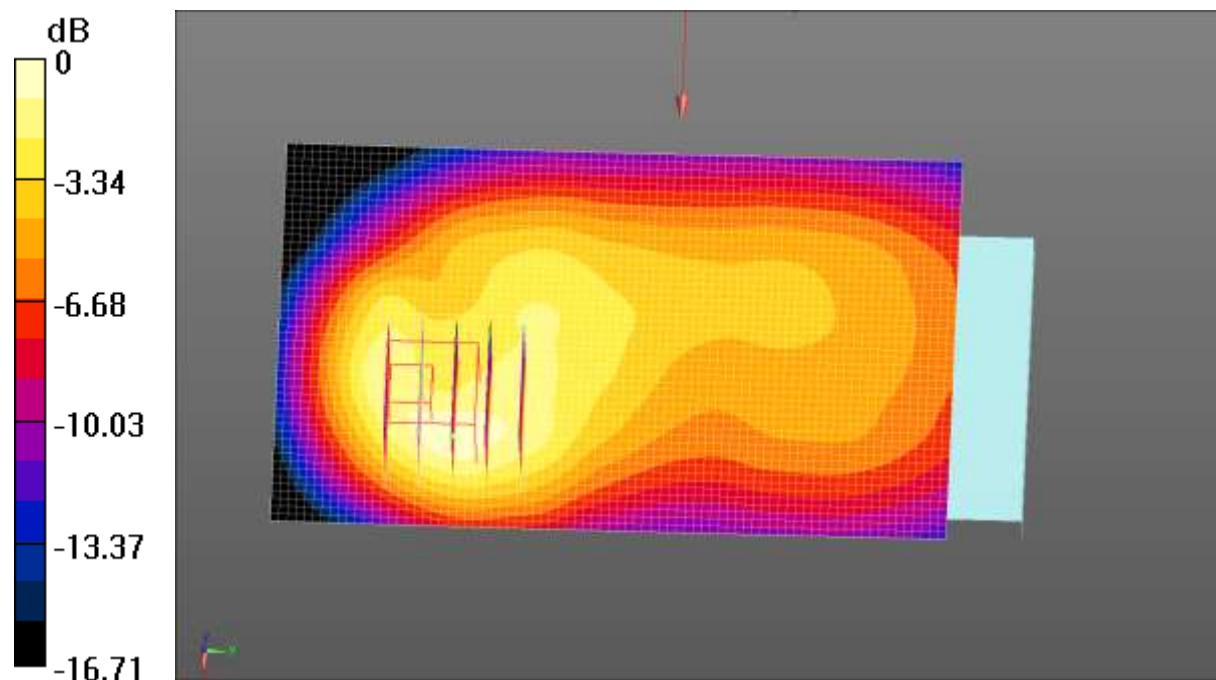
**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.326 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.479 W/kg



0 dB = 0.479 W/kg = -3.20 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.15.2020 14:30:57

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 711 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.943 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.839$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan

**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.352 W/kg

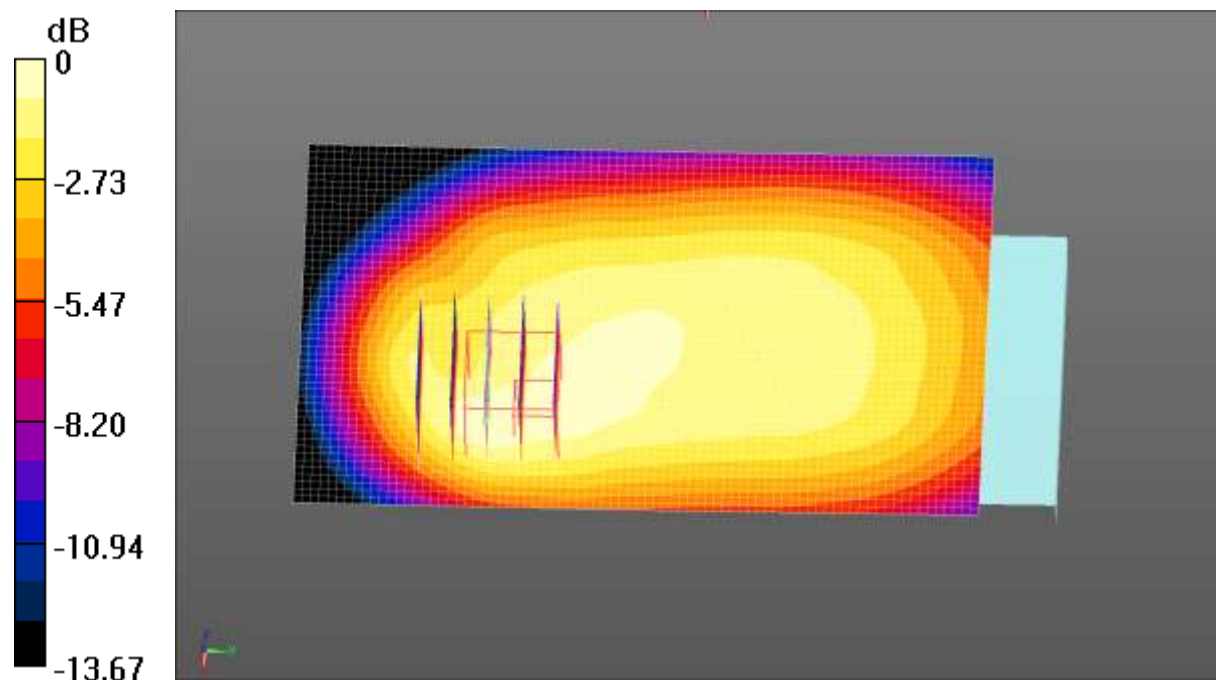
**SAR(1 g) = 0.190 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 W/kg

## LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.291 W/kg



0 dB = 0.291 W/kg = -5.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 21:36:42

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1860$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.531$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.962$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.439 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.774 W/kg

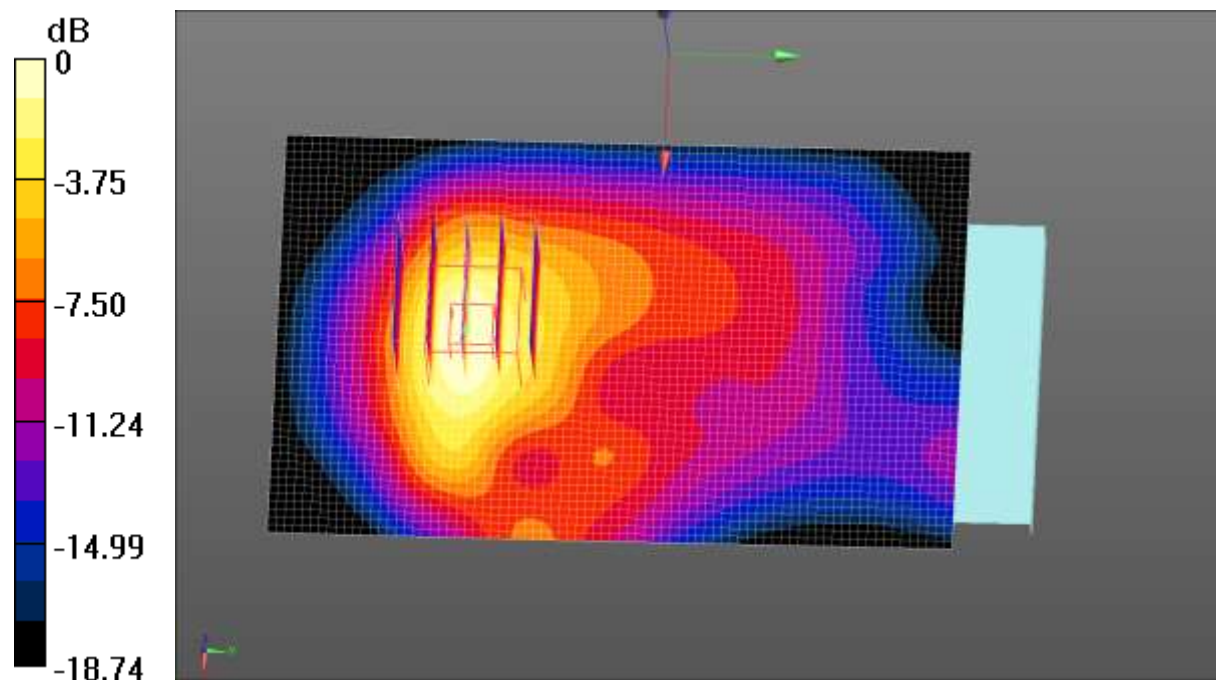
**SAR(1 g) = 0.426 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 W/kg

## LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.605 W/kg



0 dB = 0.605 W/kg = -2.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 17:48:21

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.454$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.816$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

### **LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan**

**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.932 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.662 W/kg

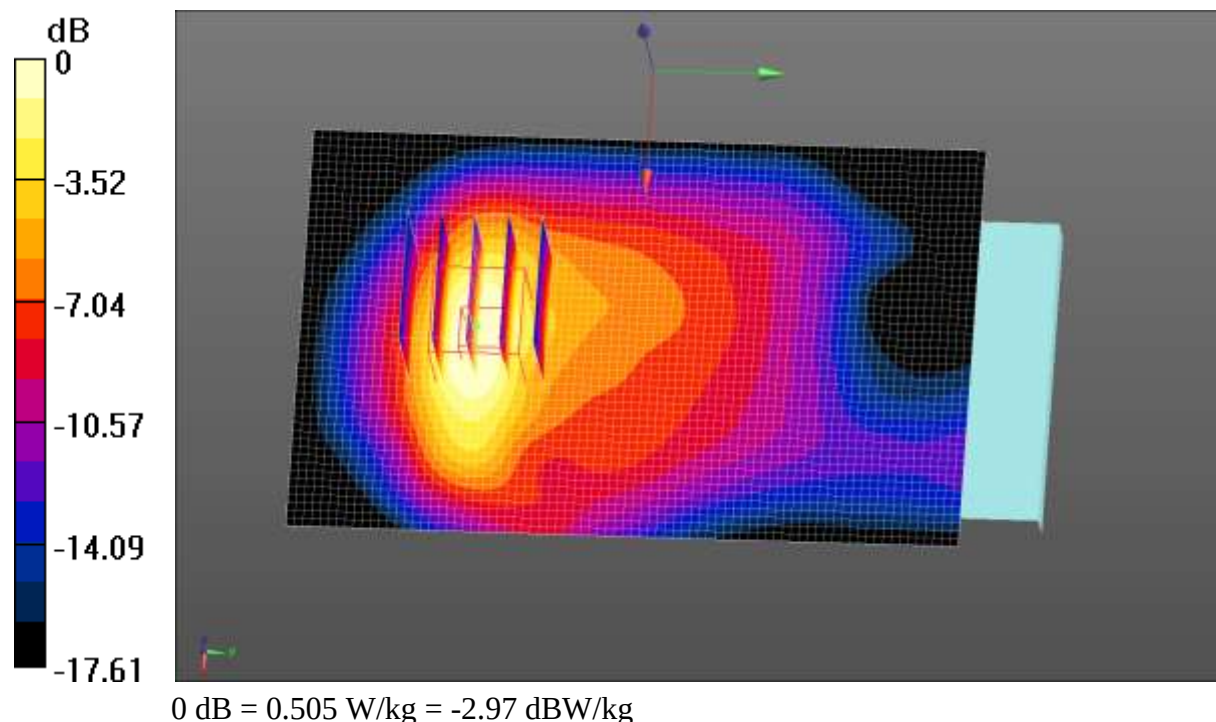
**SAR(1 g) = 0.374 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 W/kg

### **LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan**

**(51x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.505 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.15.2020 14:01:18

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.974 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.918$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):**

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $0.337 \text{ W/kg}$

**LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan**

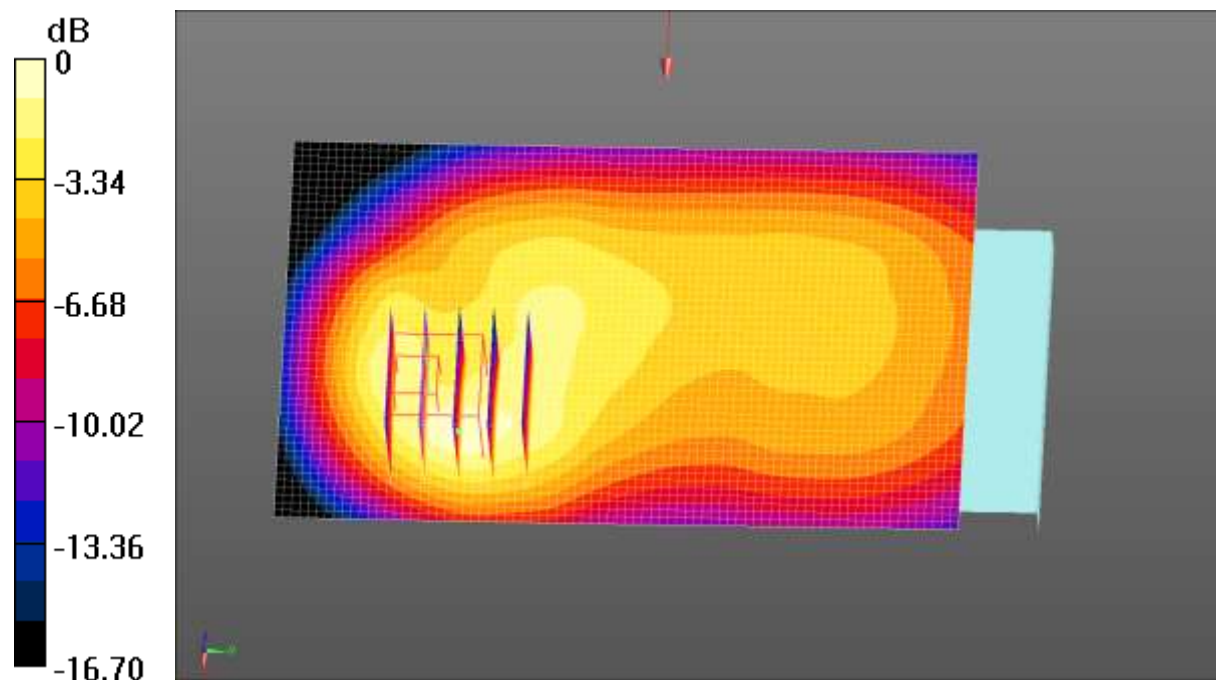
**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $12.47 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.12 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.453 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $0.243 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.138 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.358 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $0.358 \text{ W/kg}$  =  $-4.46 \text{ dBW/kg}$



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.15.2020 15:41:27

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 711 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.943 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.839$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## **LTE Band 12 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan**

**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.220 W/kg

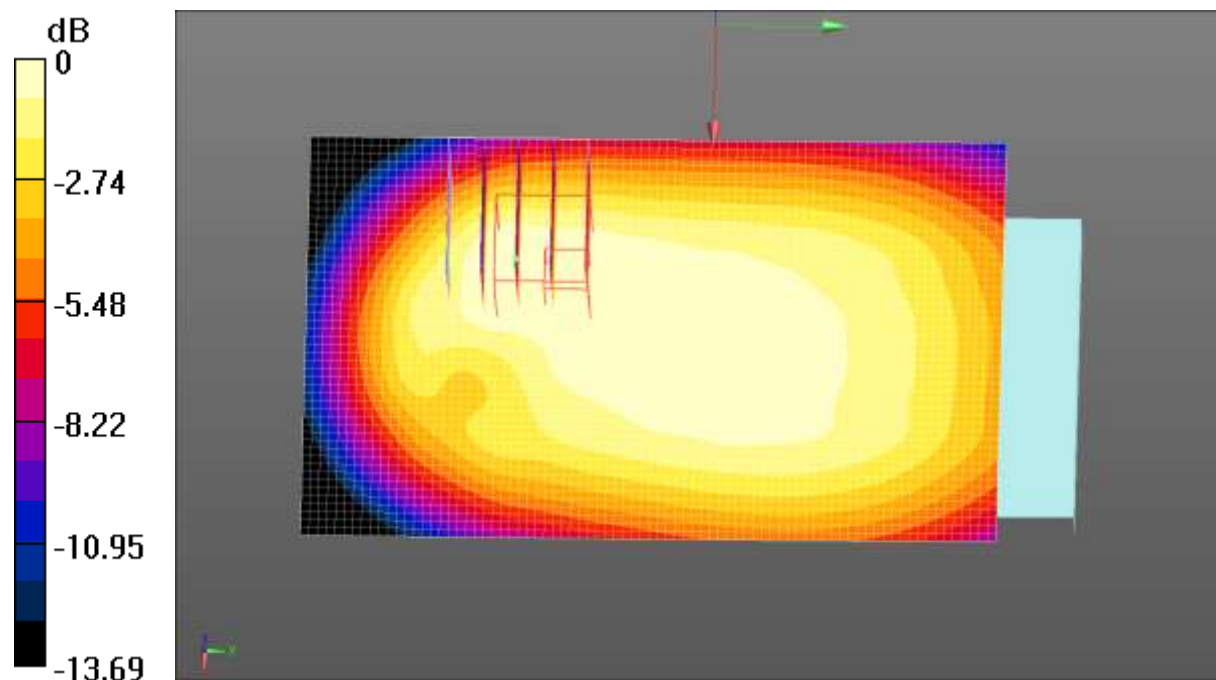
**SAR(1 g) = 0.128 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg

## **LTE Band 12 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):**

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.175 W/kg



0 dB = 0.175 W/kg = -7.57 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.13.2020 22:51:29

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.949$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.458$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.51, 7.51, 7.51); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

$dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 14.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.29 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.498 W/kg

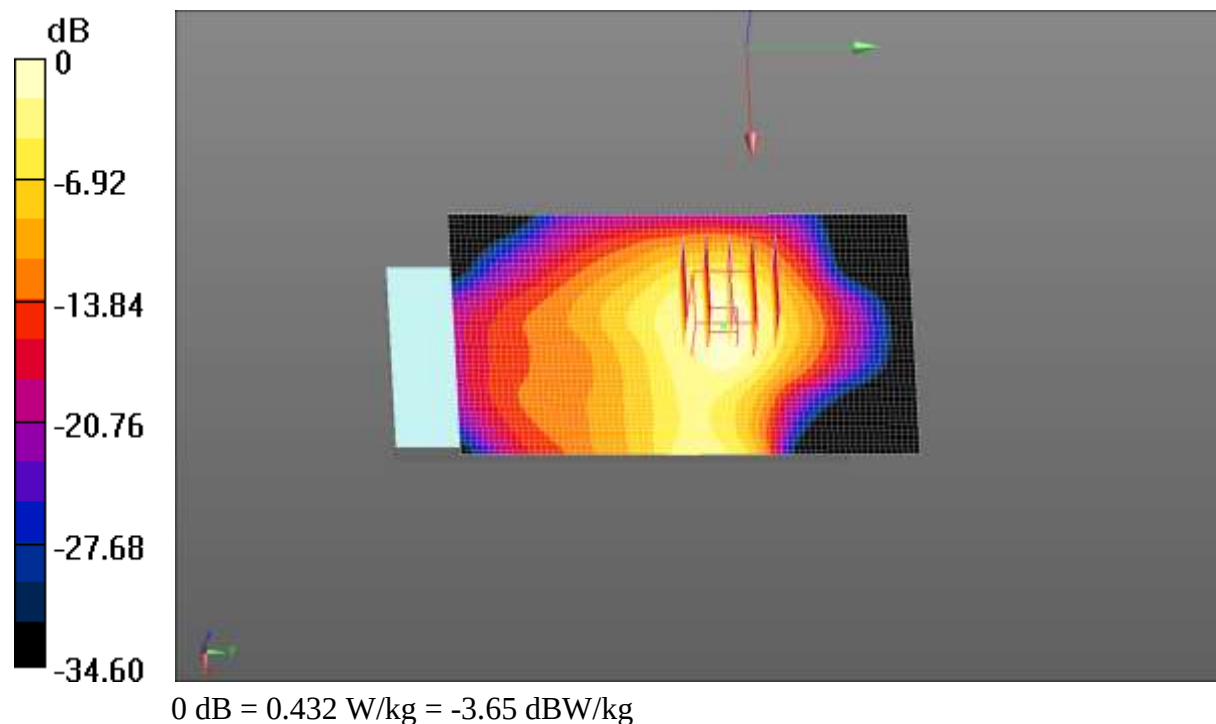
**SAR(1 g) = 0.235 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 W/kg

**WIFI Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.200$  mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.15.2020 09:50:46

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(2 Slots) (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77971

Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.984 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.857$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**GPRS 850 2Slots Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 19.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

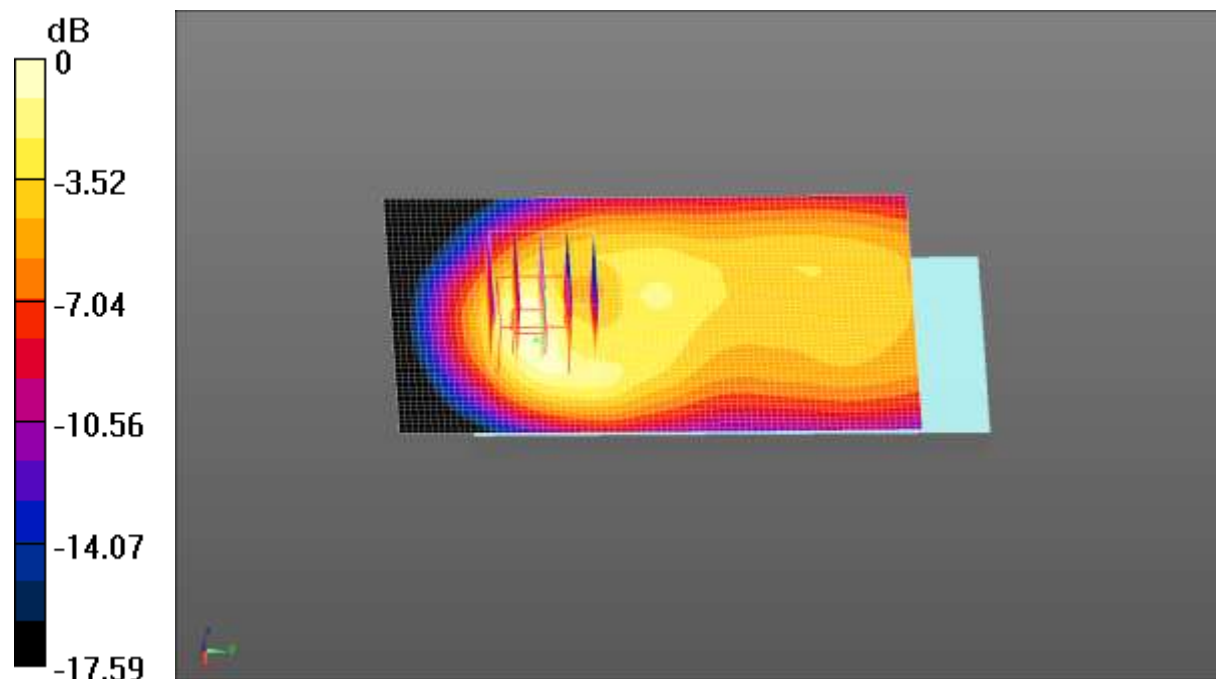
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.779 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.417 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 W/kg

**GPRS 850 2Slots Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.672 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.12.2020 10:33:43

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(4 Slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.553 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.072$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**GPRS 1900 4Slots Body Bottom Repeat/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):**

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $1.94 \text{ W/kg}$

**GPRS 1900 4Slots Body Bottom Repeat/High Channel/Zoom Scan**

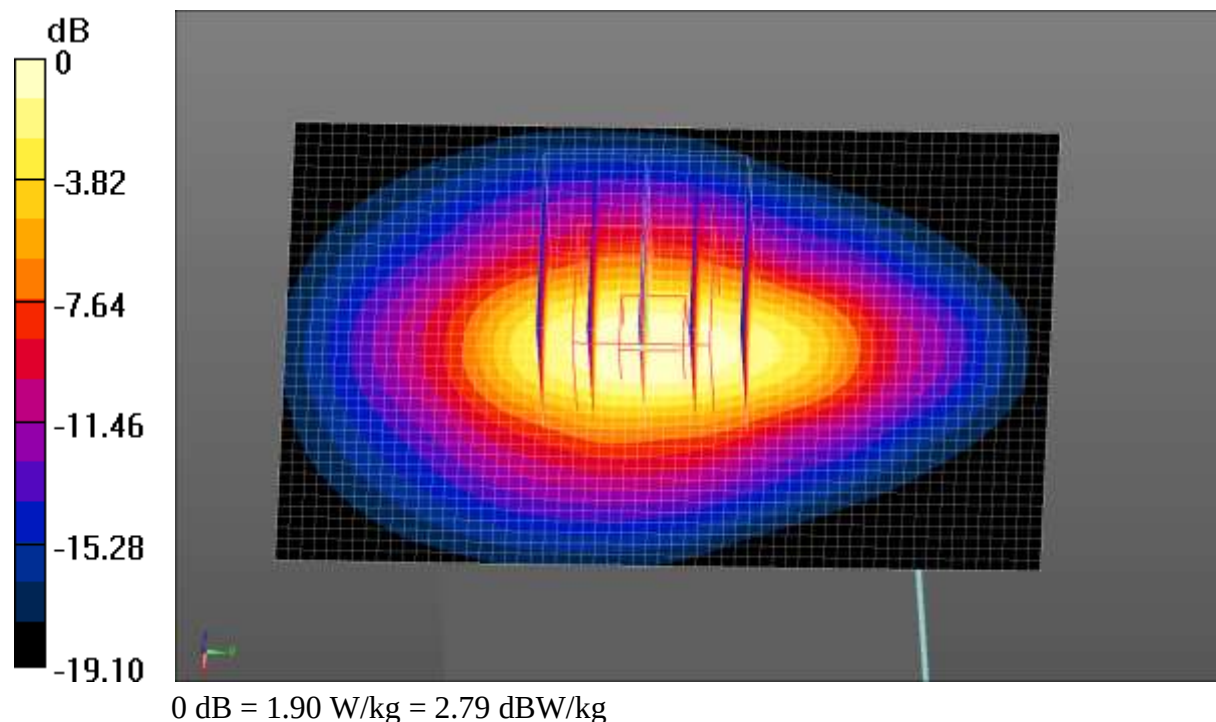
**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $35.37 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.05 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $2.35 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $1.25 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.655 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $1.90 \text{ W/kg}$





Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 15:27:02

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1752.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.466$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.703$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WCDMA 1700 Body Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 38.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.48 W/kg

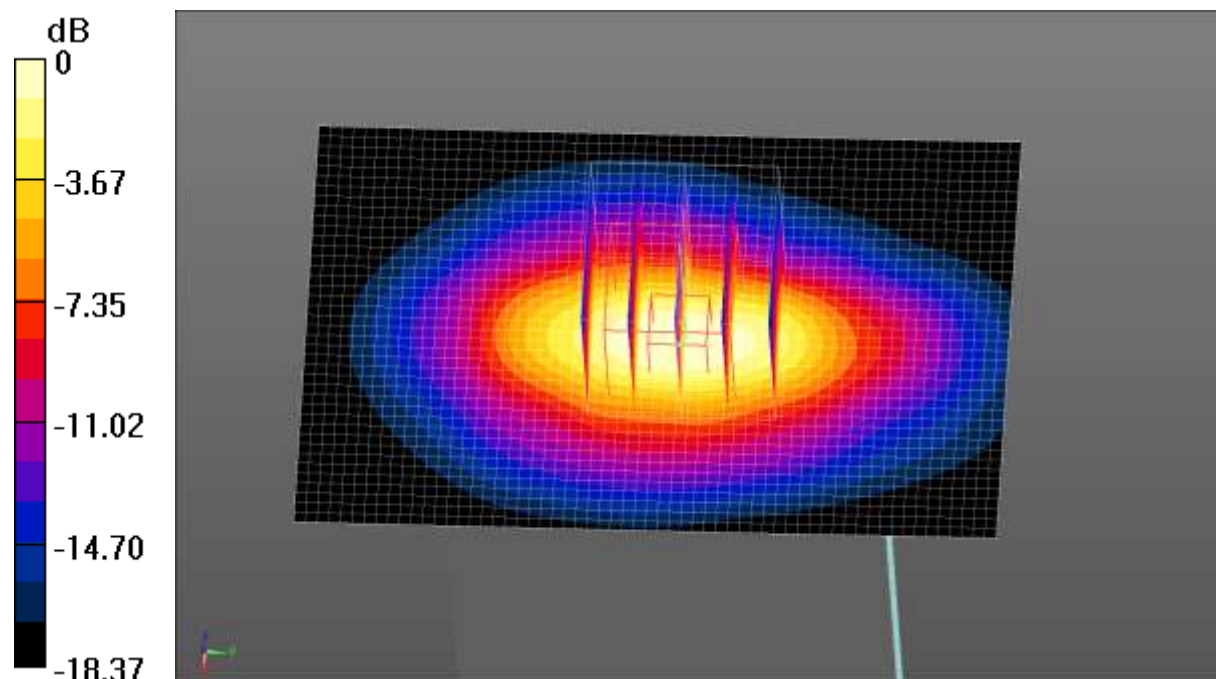
**SAR(1 g) = 1.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.738 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.04 W/kg

**WCDMA 1700 Body Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):** Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.03 W/kg



0 dB = 2.03 W/kg = 3.07 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 19:02:35

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1907.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.544$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.822$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WCDMA 1900 Body Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg

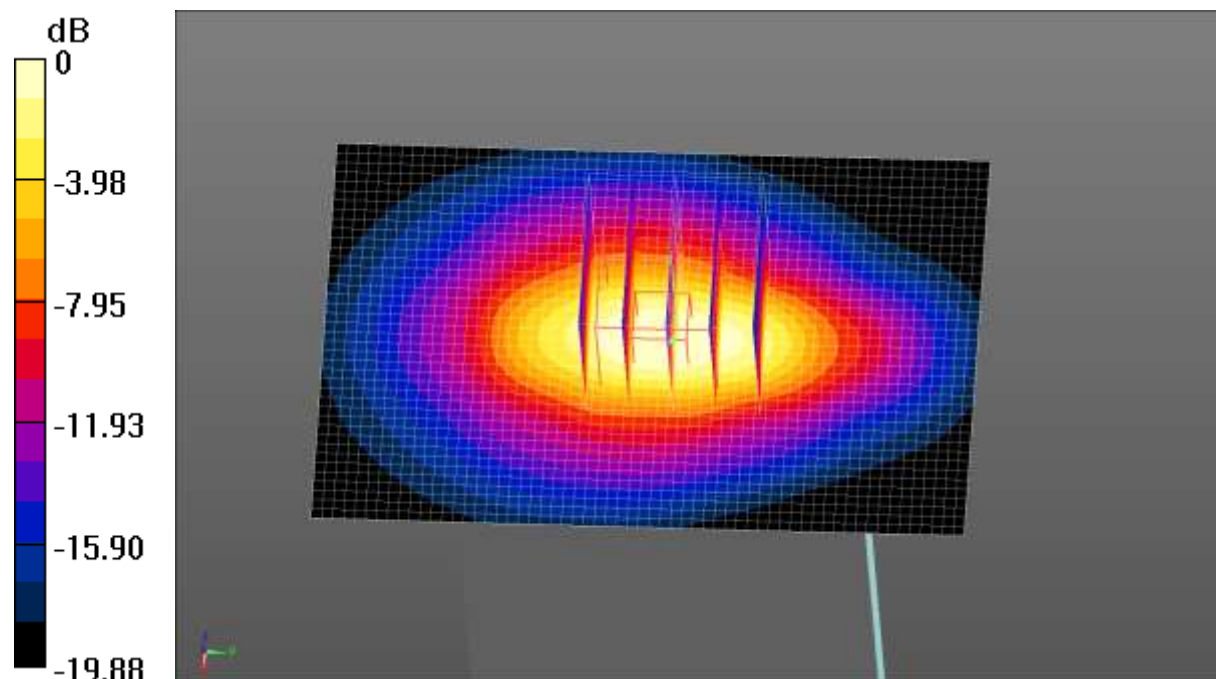
**SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.592 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg

**WCDMA 1900 Body Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):** Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.72 W/kg



0 dB = 1.72 W/kg = 2.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 20:13:34

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.542 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.836$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):**

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =  $1.91 \text{ W/kg}$

**LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan**

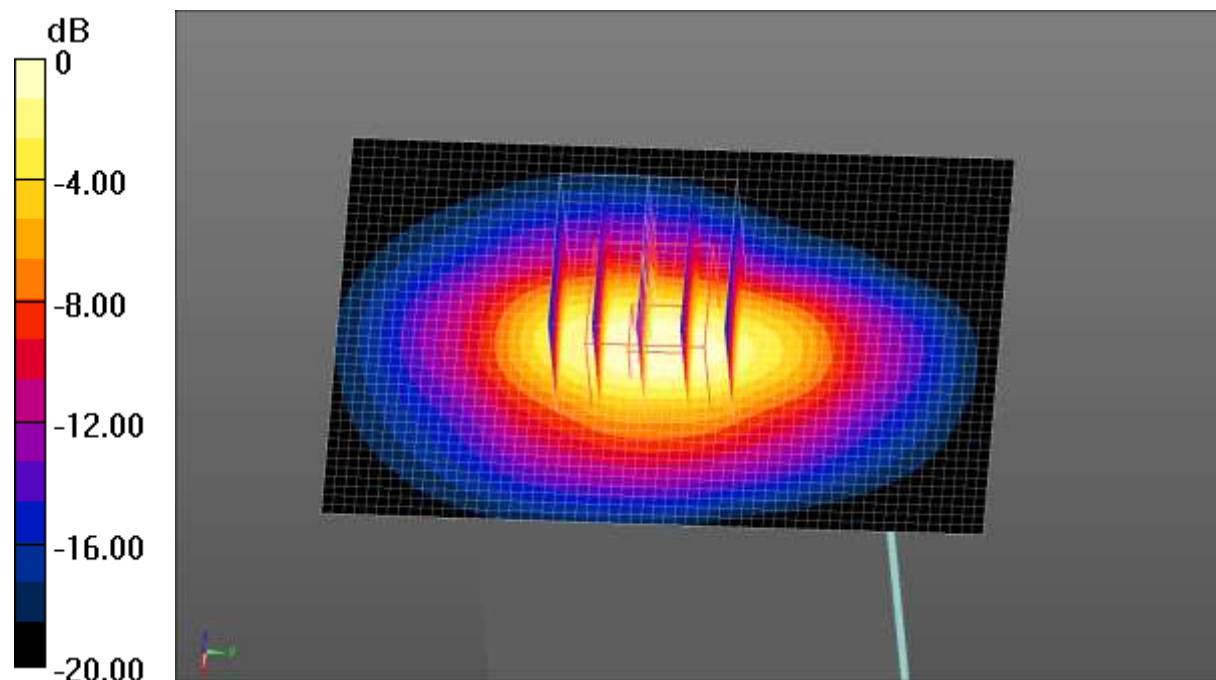
**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $34.96 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $-0.12 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $2.55 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $1.31 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.674 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $1.93 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB =  $1.93 \text{ W/kg}$  =  $2.86 \text{ dBW/kg}$

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 16:24:43

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1745$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.463$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.718$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 2019/8/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 2019/8/9
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

**LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan**

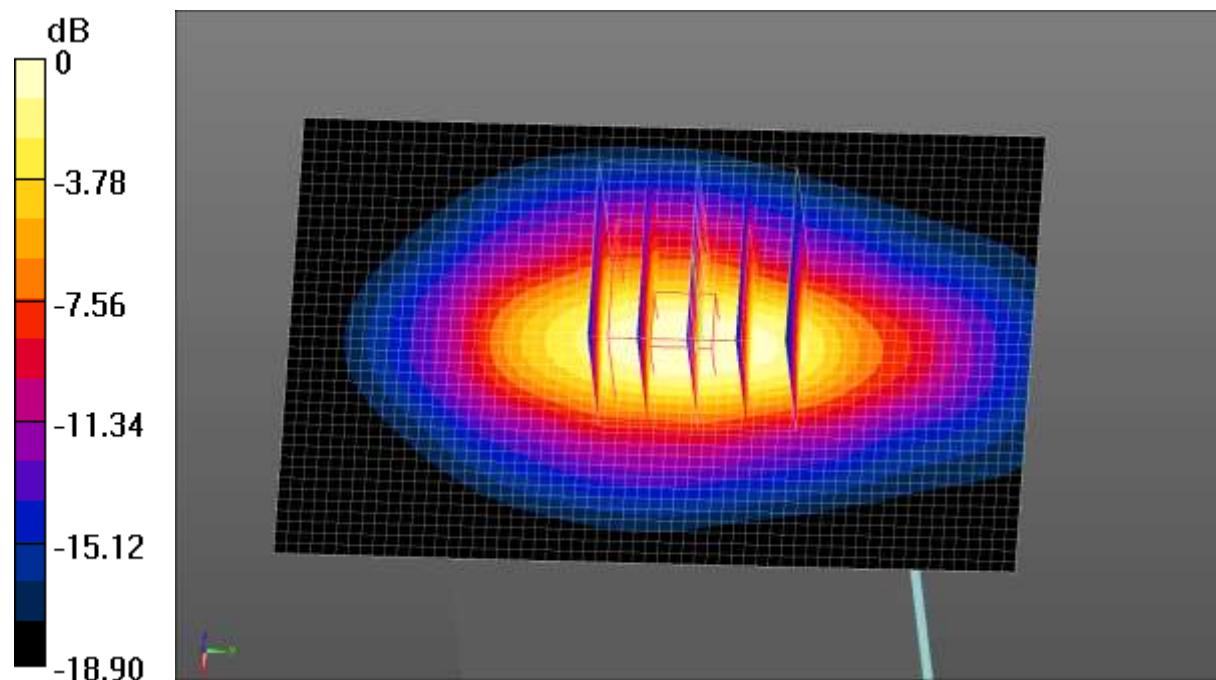
**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.799 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.424 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.21 W/kg = 0.83 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 22:07:23

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1860$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.531$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.962$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

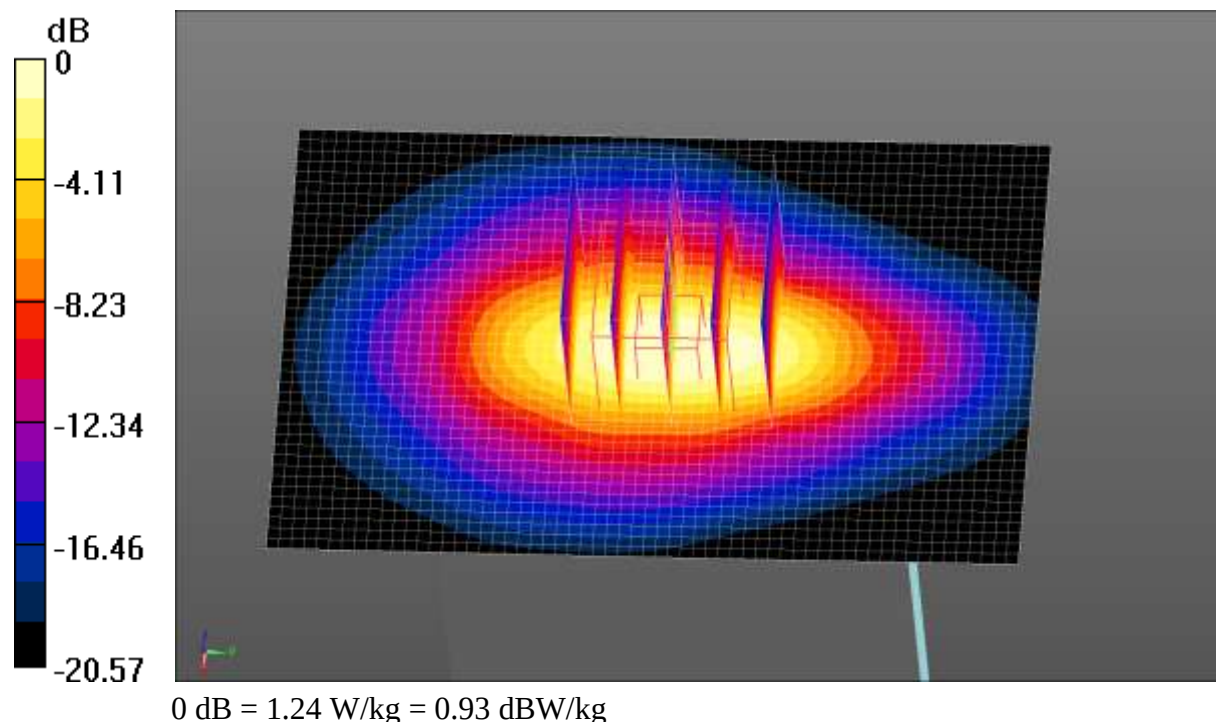
**SAR(1 g) = 0.803 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.417 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg

## LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Area Scan

**(41x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 W/kg





Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 18:31:15

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.454$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.816$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Area Scan**

**(41x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

**LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan**

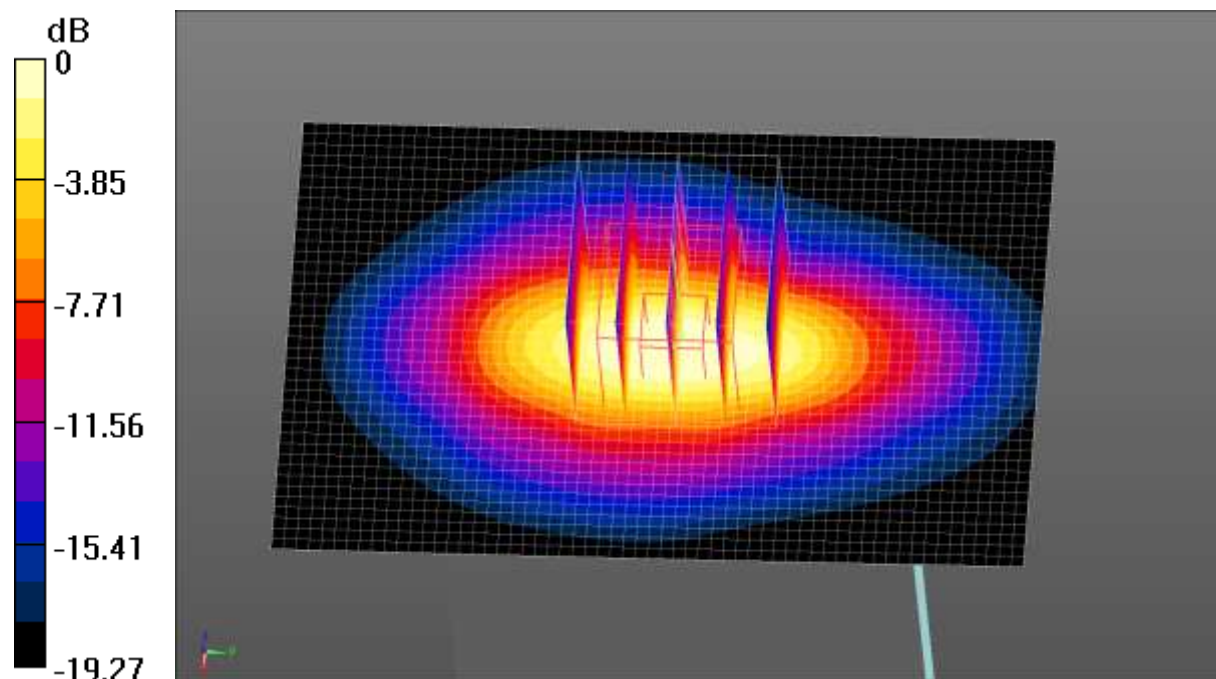
**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.669 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.984 W/kg



0 dB = 0.984 W/kg = -0.07 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 22:52:24

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.542$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.836$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 2019/8/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 2019/8/9
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan****(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

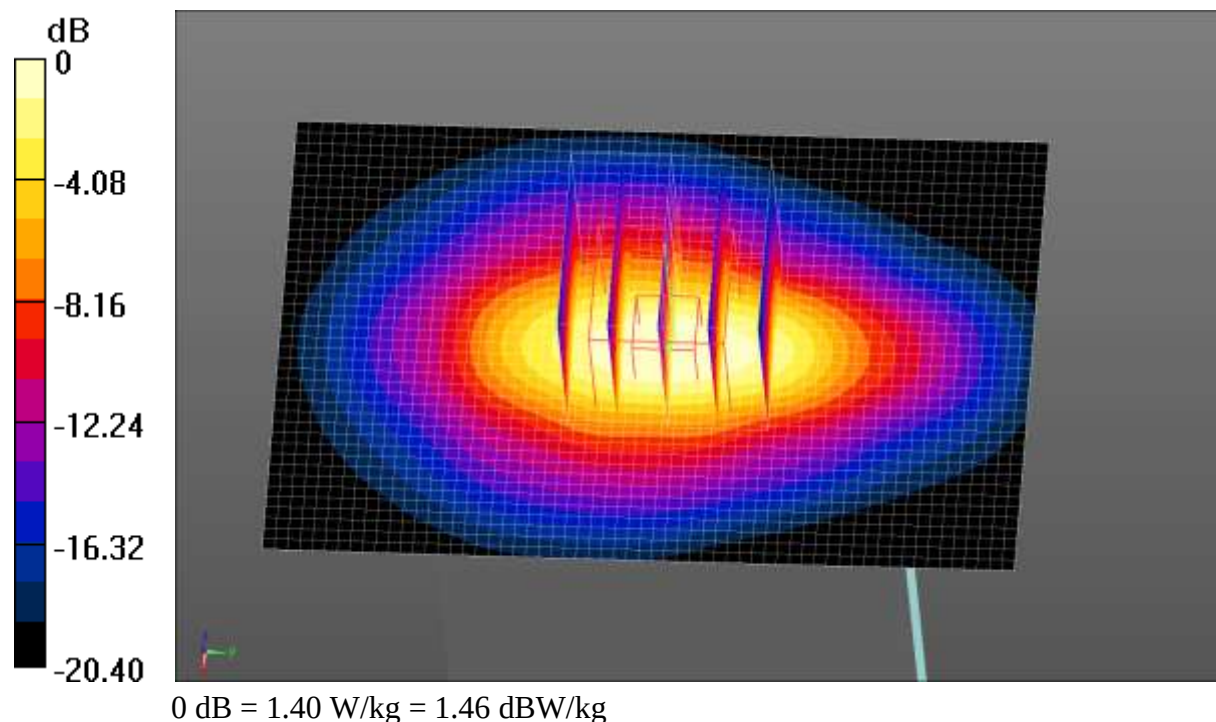
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.71 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.902 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg

**LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan****(41x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 18:45:18

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1732.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.454$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.816$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## **LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Area Scan**

**(41x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

## **LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan**

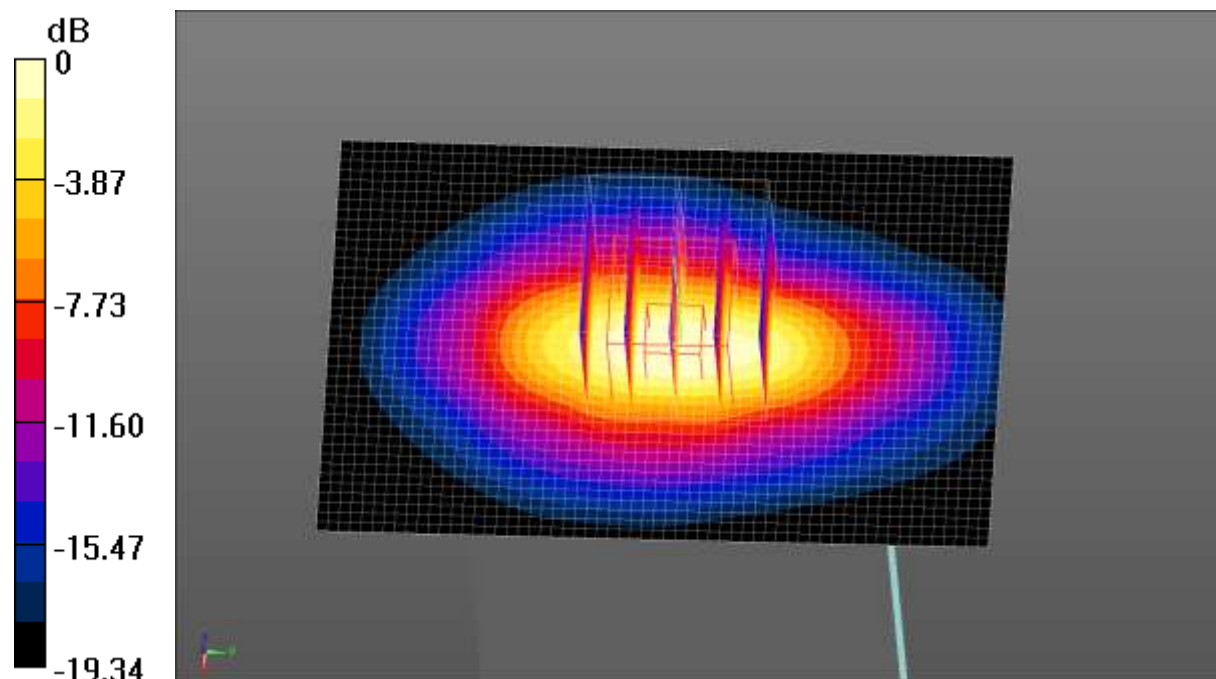
**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.675 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 W/kg



0 dB = 0.991 W/kg = -0.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.13.2020 23:08:51

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 2437$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.949$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.458$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.51, 7.51, 7.51); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WIFI Body Top/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

$dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.567 W/kg

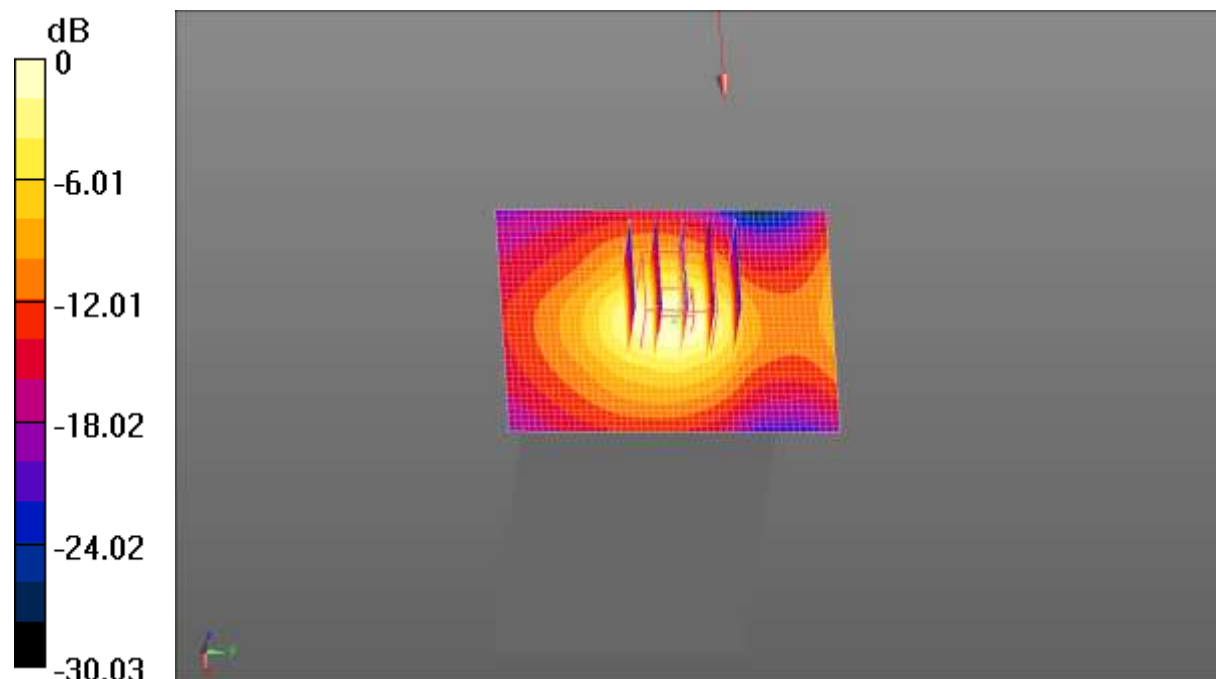
**SAR(1 g) = 0.265 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.447 W/kg

**WIFI Body Top/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200$

mm,  $dy=1.200$  mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.458 W/kg



0 dB = 0.458 W/kg = -3.39 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.12.2020 11:15:54

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(4 Slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.553 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.072$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## GPRS 1900 4Slots Extremity Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

**0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 39.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.67 W/kg

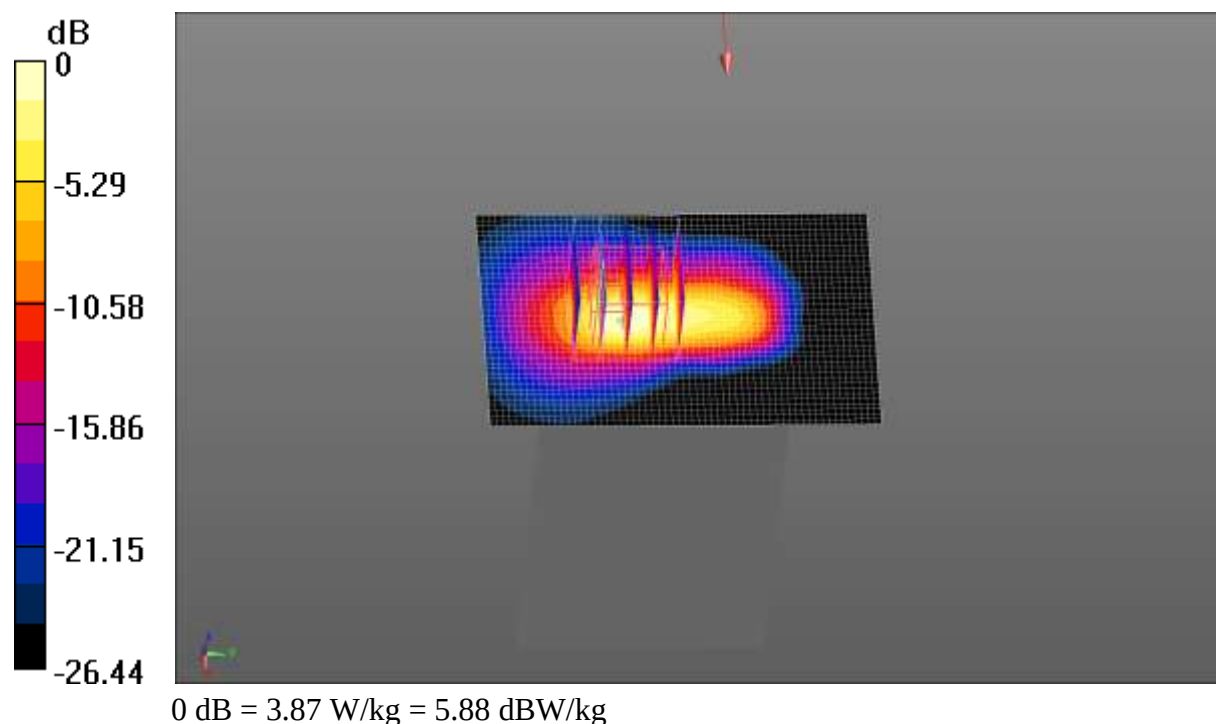
**SAR(1 g) = 1.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.718 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.27 W/kg

## GPRS 1900 4Slots Extremity Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.87 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.11.2020 16:09:19

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1752.6$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.466$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.703$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**WCDMA 1700 Extremity Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.11 W/kg

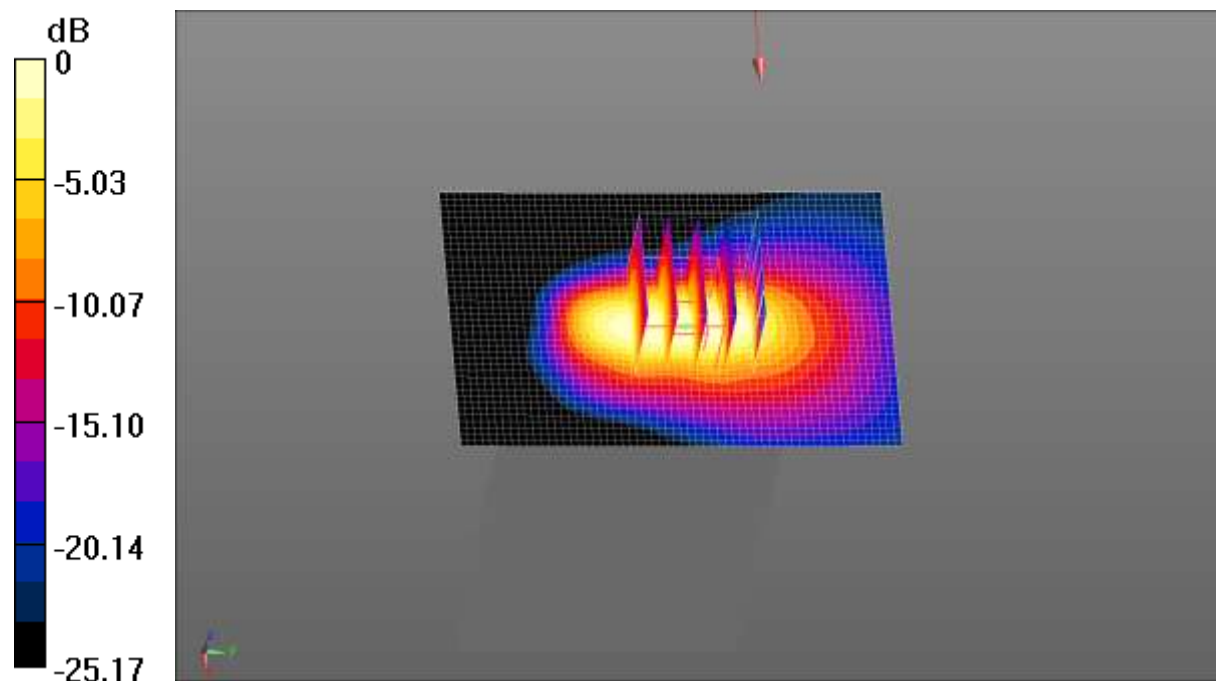
**SAR(1 g) = 2.62 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.2 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.23 W/kg

**WCDMA 1700 Extremity Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan (41x61x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.77 W/kg



0 dB = 3.77 W/kg = 5.76 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 05.18.2020 23:06:50

**DUT: Smart phone; Type: A7 Pro; Serial: 1#**

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.542 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.836$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.83, 7.83, 7.83); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1208
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

## LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Extremity Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan

**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.45 W/kg

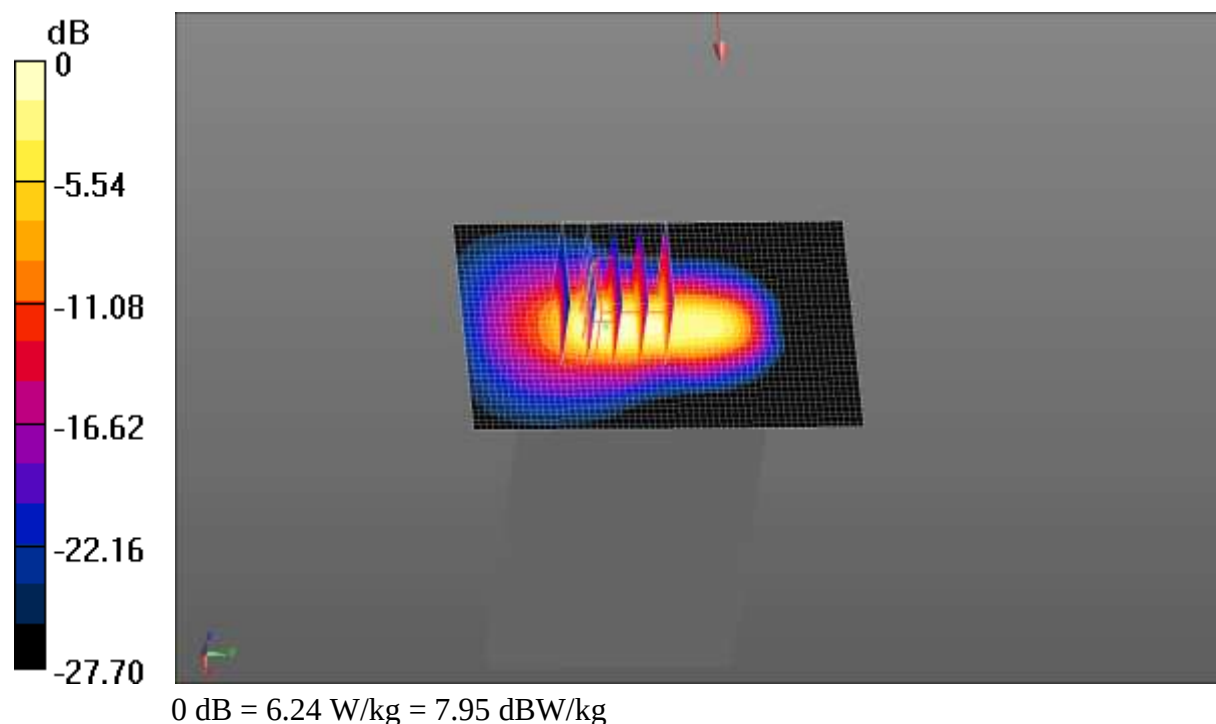
**SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.06 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.02 W/kg

## LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Extremity Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan

**(41x61x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.24 W/kg



## Appendix C: System Calibration Certificate



## Calibration information for E-field probes



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Certificate No: Z19-60260

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3924

Calibration Procedure(s)  
FF-Z11-004-01  
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: August 30, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 101919      | 18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)           | Jun-20                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101547      | 18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)           | Jun-20                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101548      | 18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)           | Jun-20                |
| Reference10dBAttenuator | 18N50W-10dB | 09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)            | Feb-20                |
| Reference20dBAttenuator | 18N50W-20dB | 09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)            | Feb-20                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7307     | 24-May-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May19)       | May-20                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1331     | 06-Feb-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)     | Feb -20               |
| DAE4                    | SN 917      | 07-Dec-18(SPEAG, No.DAE4-917_Dec18)      | Dec -19               |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGeneratorMG3700A  | 6201052605  | 18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05127)           | Jun-20                |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673  | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)           | Jan -20               |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: August 31, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z19-60260

Page 1 of 11



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#### Glossary:

|                       |                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TSL                   | tissue simulating liquid                                                                                                                    |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> | sensitivity in free space                                                                                                                   |
| ConvF                 | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>                                                                                                  |
| DCP                   | diode compression point                                                                                                                     |
| CF                    | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal                                                                                                |
| A,B,C,D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters                                                                                               |
| Polarization $\Phi$   | $\Phi$ rotation around probe axis                                                                                                           |
| Polarization $\theta$ | $\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i<br>$\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis |

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta=0$  ( $f \leq 900\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\text{MHz}$ : waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM( $f$ )<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>:** A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ .
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).



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## Probe EX3DV4

### SN: 3924

Calibrated: August 30, 2019

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)





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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3924

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|                                                          | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.50     | 0.42     | 0.67     | ±10.0%    |
| DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 101.3    | 100.5    | 100.2    |           |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB/μV | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0        | 1.0 | 0.00    | 181.3    | ±2.3%                     |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0        | 1.0 |         | 161.5    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0        | 1.0 |         | 206.8    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3924

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 10.07   | 10.07   | 10.07   | 0.40               | 0.80                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 835                  | 41.5                               | 0.90                            | 9.67    | 9.67    | 9.67    | 0.16               | 1.34                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 900                  | 41.5                               | 0.97                            | 9.69    | 9.69    | 9.69    | 0.20               | 1.20                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1750                 | 40.1                               | 1.37                            | 8.40    | 8.40    | 8.40    | 0.22               | 1.07                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1900                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 8.17    | 8.17    | 8.17    | 0.28               | 0.97                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2300                 | 39.5                               | 1.67                            | 7.85    | 7.85    | 7.85    | 0.46               | 0.76                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 7.54    | 7.54    | 7.54    | 0.51               | 0.75                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 7.30    | 7.30    | 7.30    | 0.60               | 0.69                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 5250                 | 35.9                               | 4.71                            | 5.48    | 5.48    | 5.48    | 0.40               | 1.40                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5600                 | 35.5                               | 5.07                            | 4.86    | 4.86    | 4.86    | 0.40               | 1.40                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5750                 | 35.4                               | 5.22                            | 4.98    | 4.98    | 4.98    | 0.45               | 1.40                    | ± 13.3%     |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.





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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3924

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 10.07   | 10.07   | 10.07   | 0.17               | 1.40                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 835                  | 55.2                               | 0.97                            | 9.72    | 9.72    | 9.72    | 0.19               | 1.34                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 900                  | 55.0                               | 1.05                            | 9.75    | 9.75    | 9.75    | 0.24               | 1.14                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1750                 | 53.4                               | 1.49                            | 8.12    | 8.12    | 8.12    | 0.23               | 1.06                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 1900                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 7.83    | 7.83    | 7.83    | 0.23               | 1.08                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2300                 | 52.9                               | 1.81                            | 7.66    | 7.66    | 7.66    | 0.49               | 0.88                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 7.51    | 7.51    | 7.51    | 0.56               | 0.80                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 7.26    | 7.26    | 7.26    | 0.64               | 0.71                    | ± 12.1%     |
| 5250                 | 48.9                               | 5.36                            | 4.90    | 4.90    | 4.90    | 0.40               | 1.70                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5600                 | 48.5                               | 5.77                            | 4.28    | 4.28    | 4.28    | 0.50               | 1.30                    | ± 13.3%     |
| 5750                 | 48.3                               | 5.94                            | 4.32    | 4.32    | 4.32    | 0.55               | 1.50                    | ± 13.3%     |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

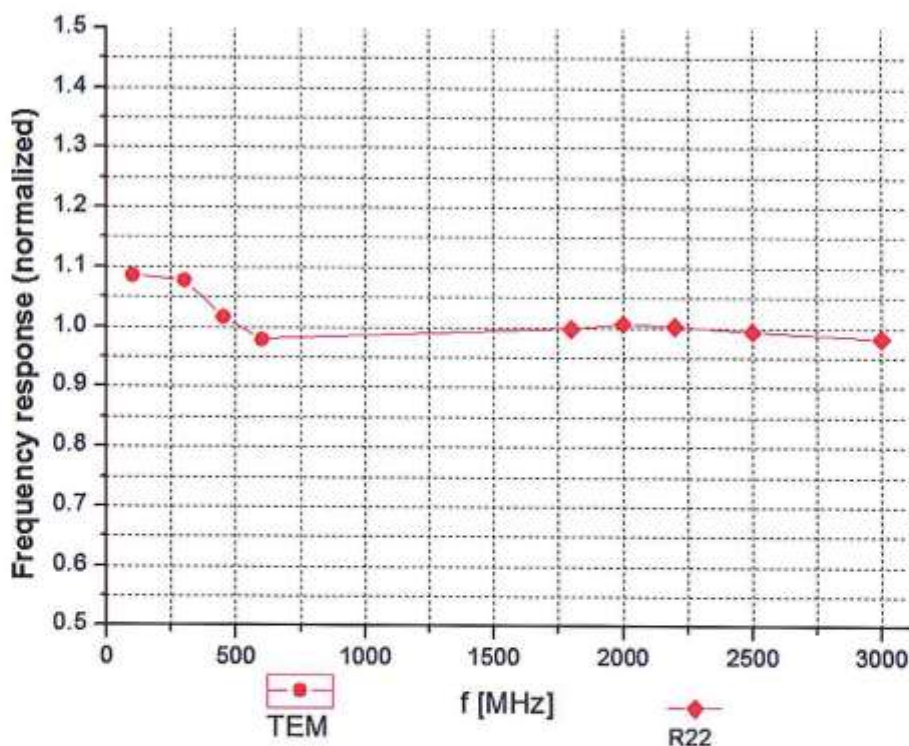
<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 7.4\%$  ( $k=2$ )

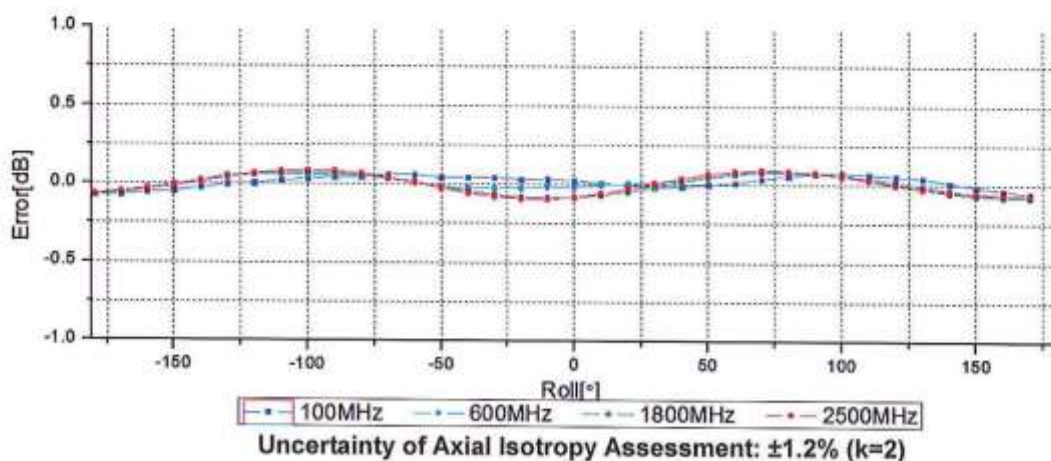
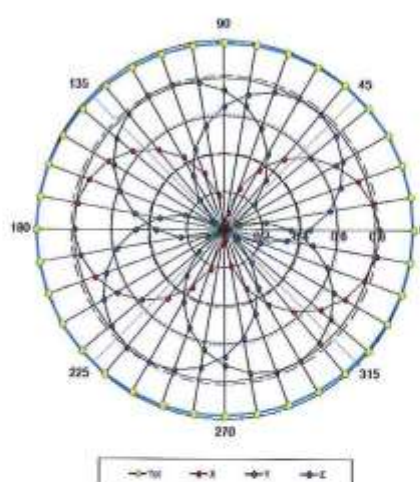
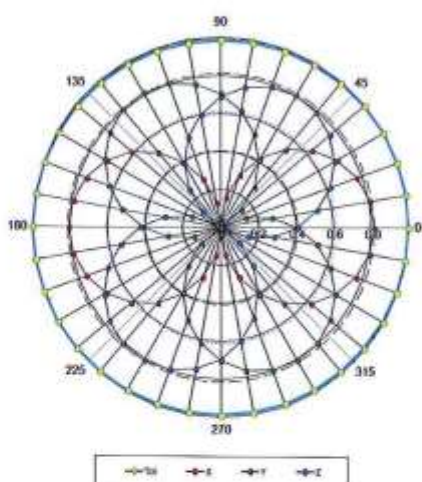


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## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta=0^\circ$

**f=600 MHz, TEM**

**f=1800 MHz, R22**

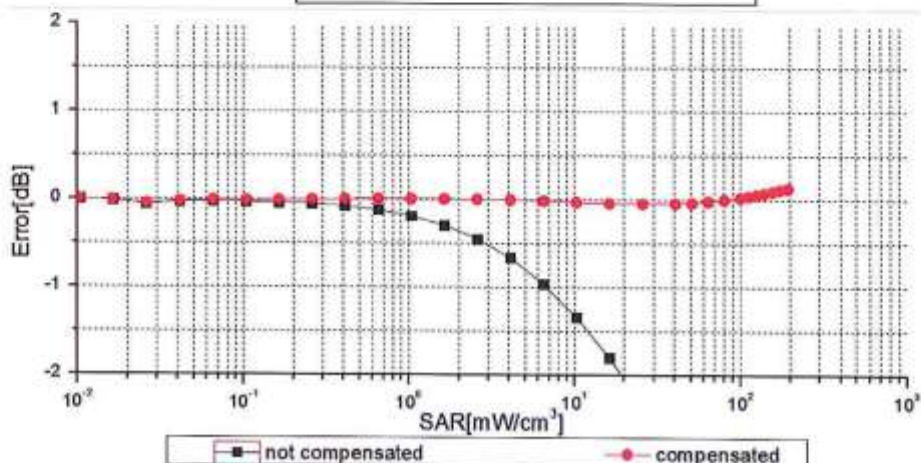
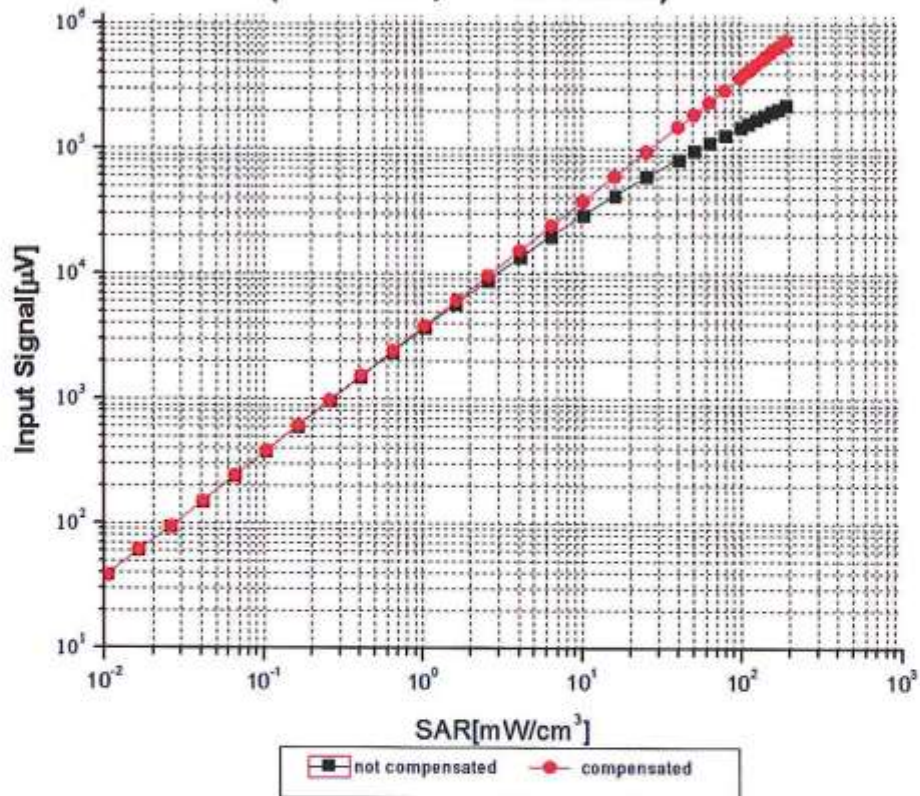






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## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.9\%$  (k=2)

Certificate No: Z19-60260

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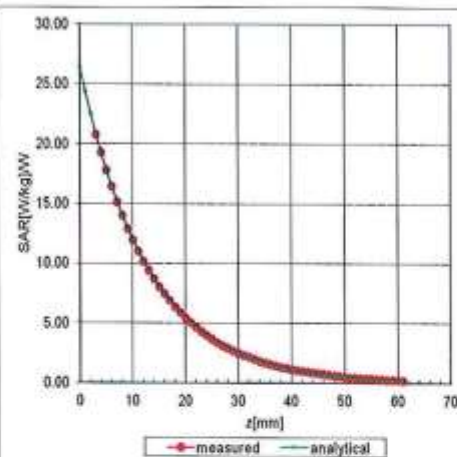
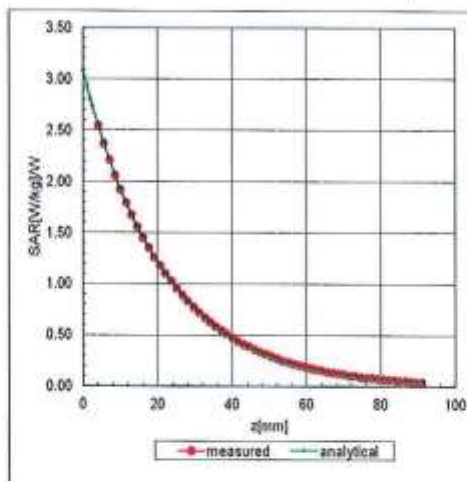


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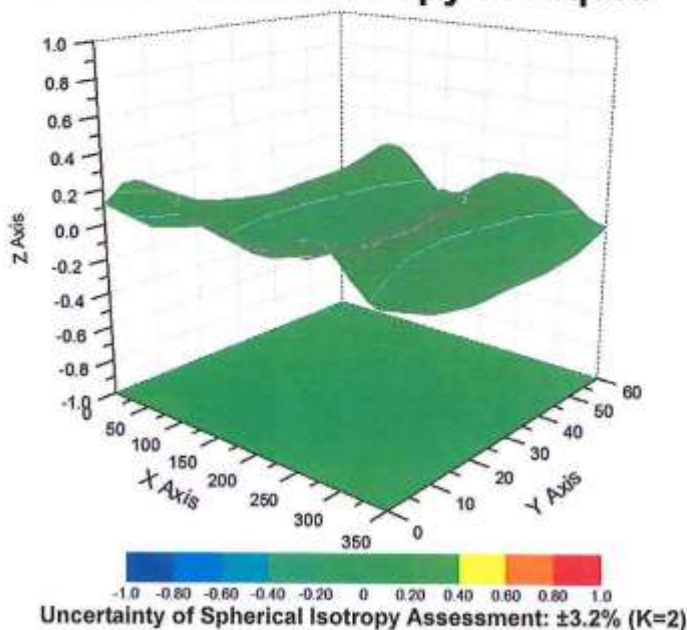
## Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz, WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid





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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3924

### Other Probe Parameters

|                                               |            |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------|
| Sensor Arrangement                            | Triangular |
| Connector Angle (°)                           | 159.7      |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode             | enabled    |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode                | disable    |
| Probe Overall Length                          | 337mm      |
| Probe Body Diameter                           | 10mm       |
| Tip Length                                    | 9mm        |
| Tip Diameter                                  | 2.5mm      |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point       | 1mm        |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4mm      |

## Calibration information for Dipole



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Client

CCIS

Certificate No: Z17-97076

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D750V3 - SN: 1118

Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 08, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 101919     | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04771)           | Jun-17                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91    | 101547     | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04771)           | Jun-17                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 3617    | 23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17)       | Jan-18                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1331    | 19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015)       | Jan-18                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286)           | Jan-18                |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285)           | Jan-18                |

|                | Name       | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing  | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao    | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: June 10, 2017

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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

**Glossary:**

|       |                                            |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





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## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |              |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | 52.10.0.1442 |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |              |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |              |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                    | with Spacer  |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |              |
| Frequency                    | 750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |              |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 41.9           | 0.89 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 42.1 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.88 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|                                                |                    |                                |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                                |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 2.06 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 8.31 mW / g $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                                |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 1.37 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 5.52 mW / g $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 55.5           | 0.96 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 55.7 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.97 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|                                                |                    |                                |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |                                |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 2.21 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 8.76 mW / g $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                                |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 1.48 mW / g                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 5.88 mW / g $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: Z17-97076

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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

##### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.3Ω- 4.83jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.9dB      |

##### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.5Ω- 6.11jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 23.9dB      |

##### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.135 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

##### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.08.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.882 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.14$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/I
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7413)

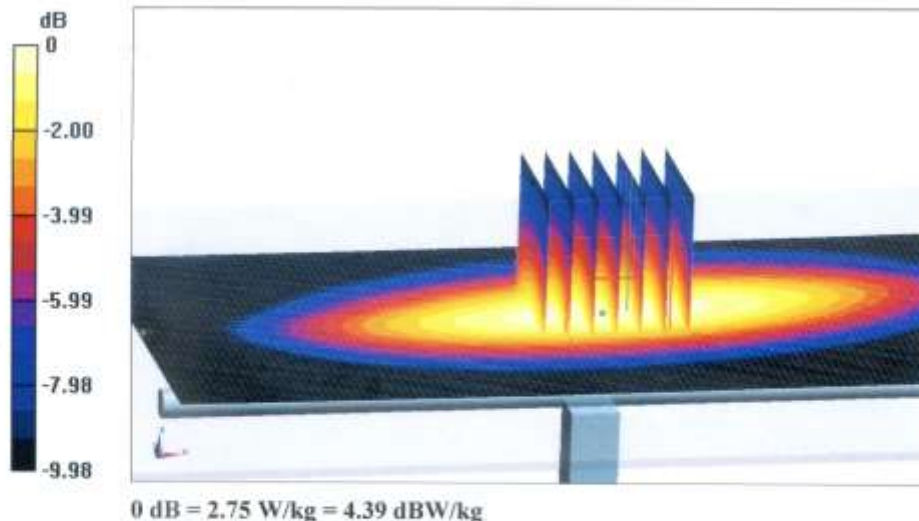
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.14 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg

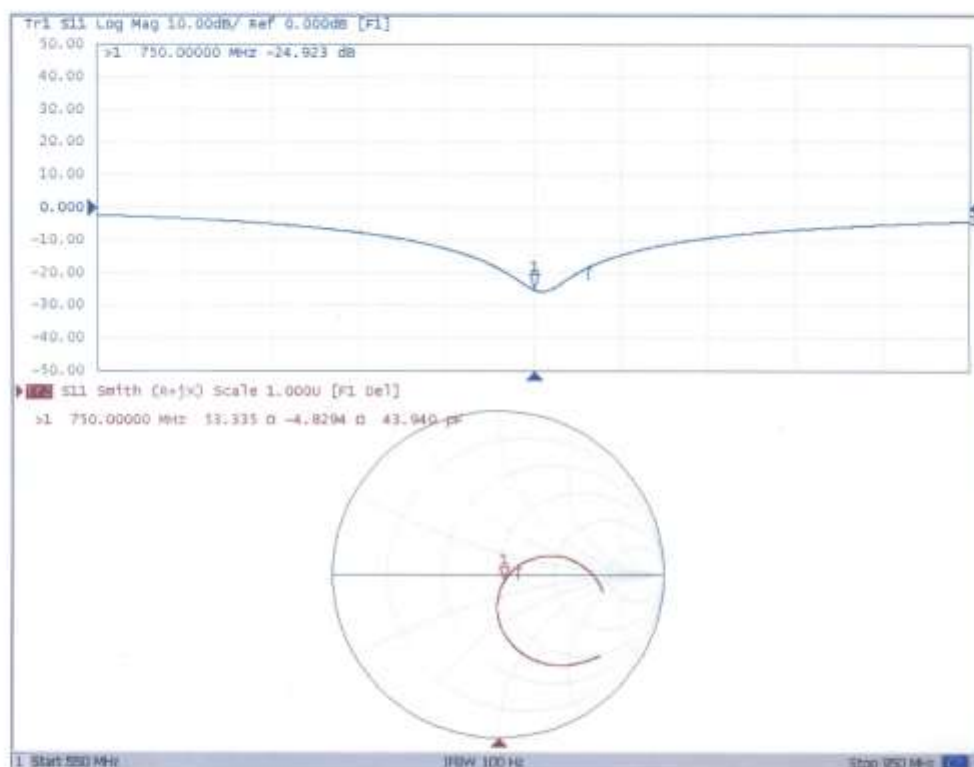




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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL







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## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.08.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.972 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.73$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7413)

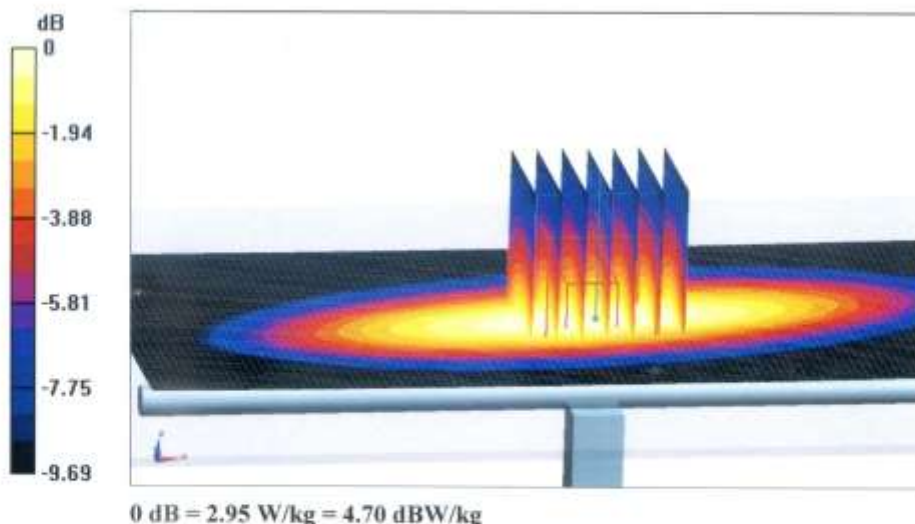
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg

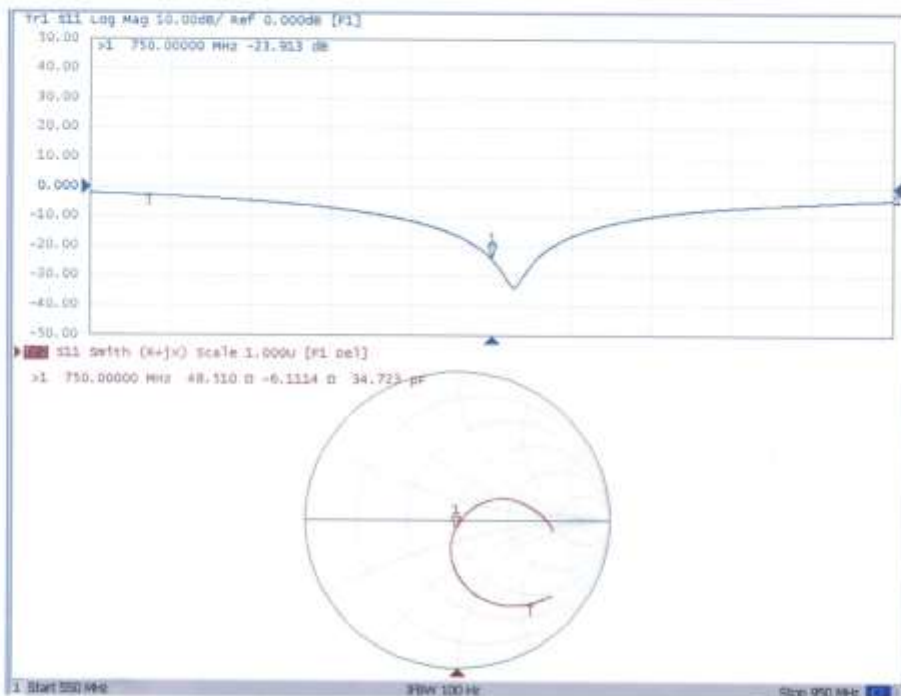




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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## Dipole Impedance and Return Loss calibration Report

**Object:** D750V3 - SN: 1118

**Calibration Date:** June 23, 2019

**Calibration reference:** IEEE Std 1528:2013, IEC 62209-1:2016, FCC KDB 865664 D01

**Calibrated By:** *Janet Wei* (Janet Wei, SAR project engineer)

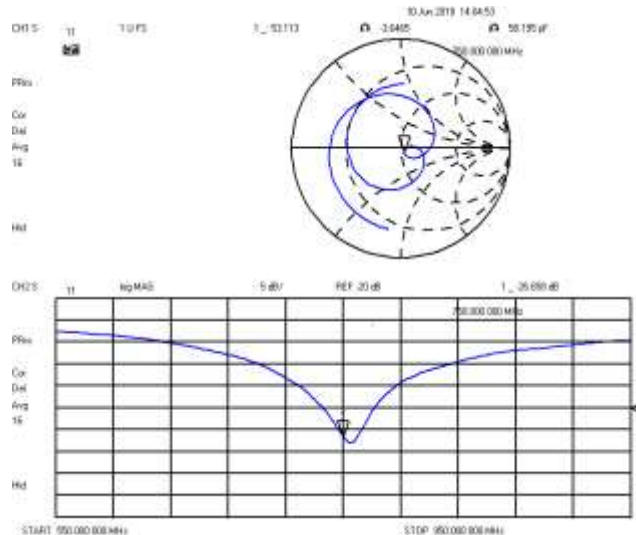
**Reviewed By:** *Winner Zhang* (Winner Zhang, Technical manager)

### Environment of Test Site

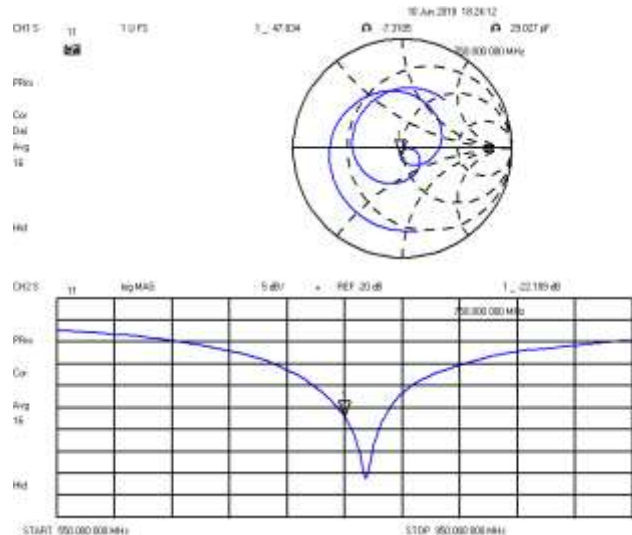
|                       |           |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| Temperature:          | 18 ~ 25°C |
| Humidity:             | 50~60% RH |
| Atmospheric Pressure: | 1011 mbar |

### Test Data

Measurement Plot for Head TSL In 2018



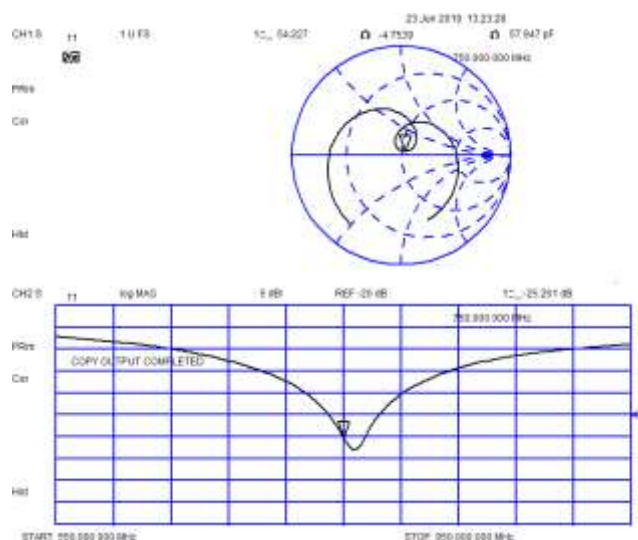
Measurement Plot for Body TSL In 2018



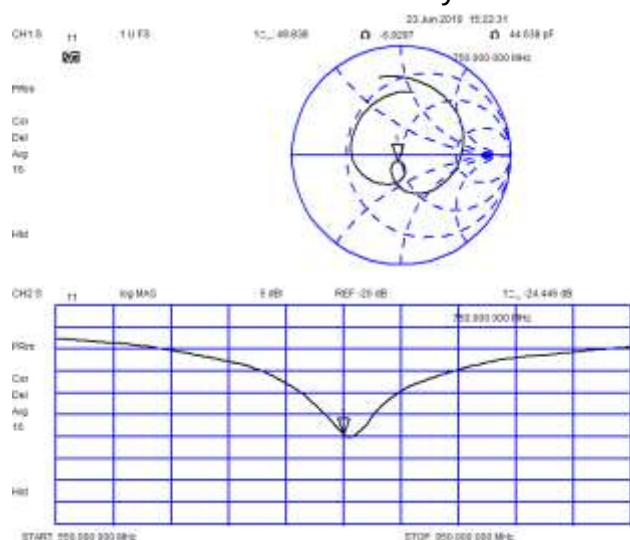
### Comparison with Original report

| Items                    | Calibrated By Speag | Calibrated By CCIS In 2018 | Deviation      | Limit                    |
|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Impedence for Head TSL   | 53.34Ω-4.83jΩ       | 53.11Ω-3.65jΩ              | -0.23Ω+1.18 jΩ | ±5Ω                      |
| Return Loss for Head TSL | -24.9dB             | -26.7dB                    | 7.2%           | ±20%(No less than 20 dB) |
| Impedence for Body TSL   | 48.51Ω-6.11jΩ       | 47.83Ω-7.3jΩ               | -0.68Ω-1.19 jΩ | ±5Ω                      |
| Return Loss for Body TSL | -23.9dB             | -22.2dB                    | -7.1%          | ±20%(No less than 20 dB) |

Measurement Plot for Head TSL In 2019



Measurement Plot for Body TSL In 2019



## Comparison with Original report

| Items                    | Calibrated By<br>CCIS In 2018 | Calibrated By CCIS<br>In 2018 | Deviation     | Limit                    |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Impedence for Head TSL   | 53.11Ω-3.65jΩ                 | 54.23Ω-4.75jΩ                 | 1.12Ω-1.1 jΩ  | ±5Ω                      |
| Return Loss for Head TSL | -26.7dB                       | -25.3dB                       | -5.2%         | ±20%(No less than 20 dB) |
| Impedence for Body TSL   | 47.83Ω-7.31jΩ                 | 49.84Ω-6.93jΩ                 | 2.01Ω+0.38 jΩ | ±5Ω                      |
| Return Loss for Body TSL | -22.2dB                       | -24.4dB                       | 9.9%          | ±20%(No less than 20 dB) |

## Result

Compliance





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CNAS L0570

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Client

CCIS

Certificate No: Z19-60175

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d154

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 11, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106277     | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)           | Aug-19                |
| Power sensor NRP8S      | 104291     | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)           | Aug-19                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7514    | 27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18)       | Aug-19                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1556    | 20-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Aug18)      | Aug-19                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)           | Jan-20                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)           | Jan-20                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: June 14, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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## Glossary:

|       |                                            |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

## Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |              |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | 52.10.2.1504 |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |              |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |              |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                    | with Spacer  |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |              |
| Frequency                    | 835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |              |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 41.5           | 0.90 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 41.1 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.89 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

|                                                         |                    |                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 2.35 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 9.49 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 1.57 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 6.33 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 55.2           | 0.97 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 55.0 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.97 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Body TSL

|                                                         |                    |                               |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |                               |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 2.40 W/kg                     |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 9.57 W /kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                               |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 1.58 W/kg                     |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 6.31 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)  |

Certificate No: Z19-60175

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.9Ω- 3.09jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 29.0dB      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.3Ω- 4.87jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.9dB      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.277 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|





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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.11.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d154**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.886$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

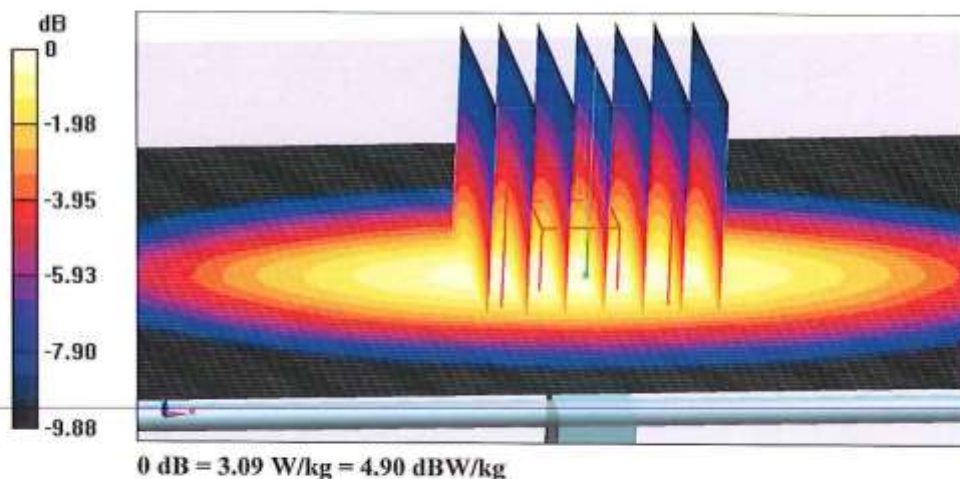
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.09 W/kg

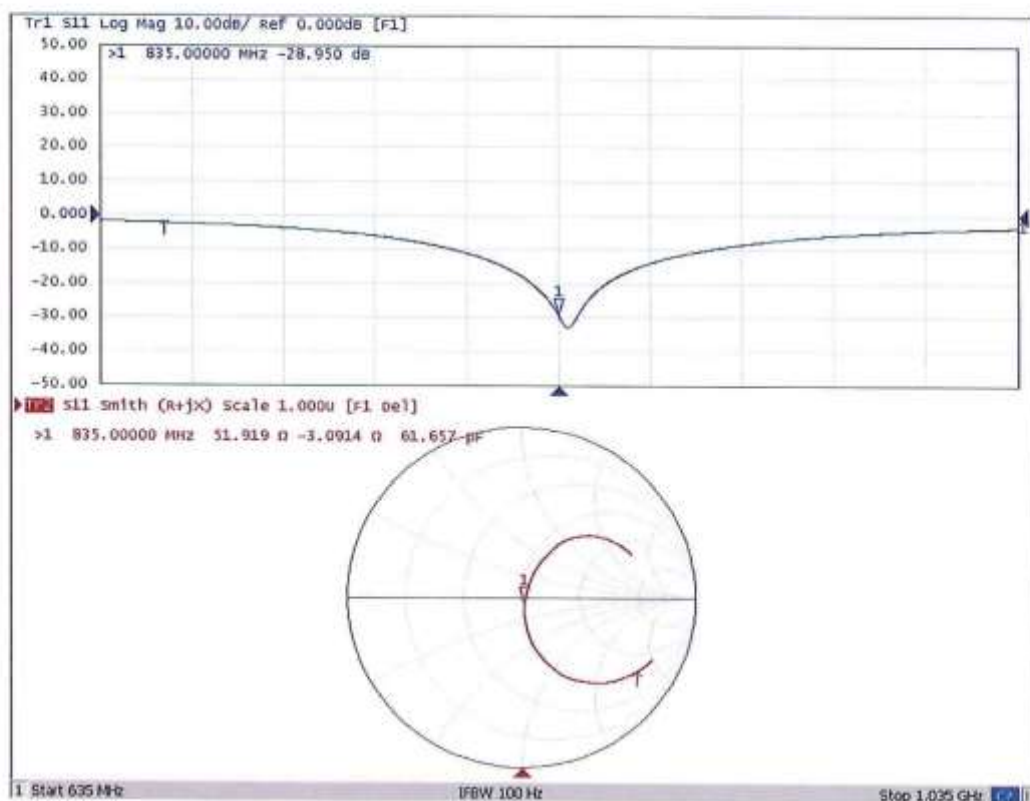




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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.11.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d154**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.973$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(9.47, 9.47, 9.47) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

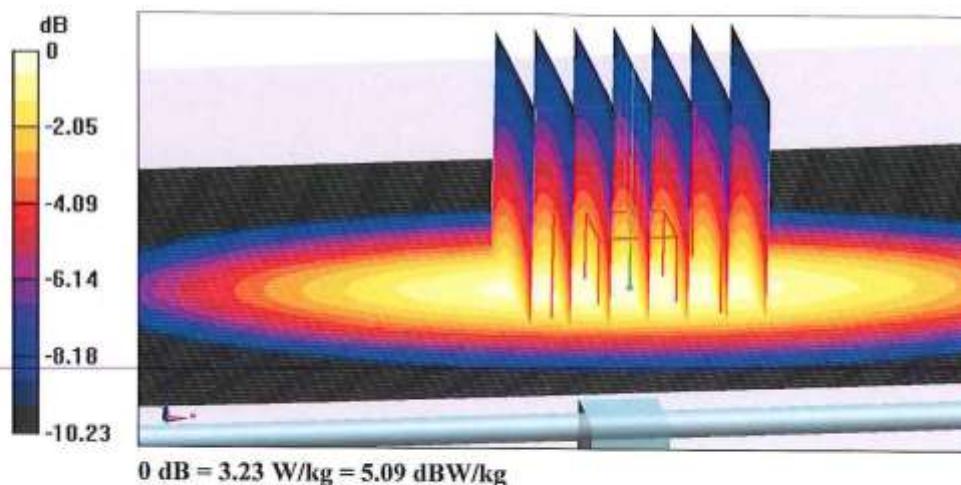
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.23 W/kg

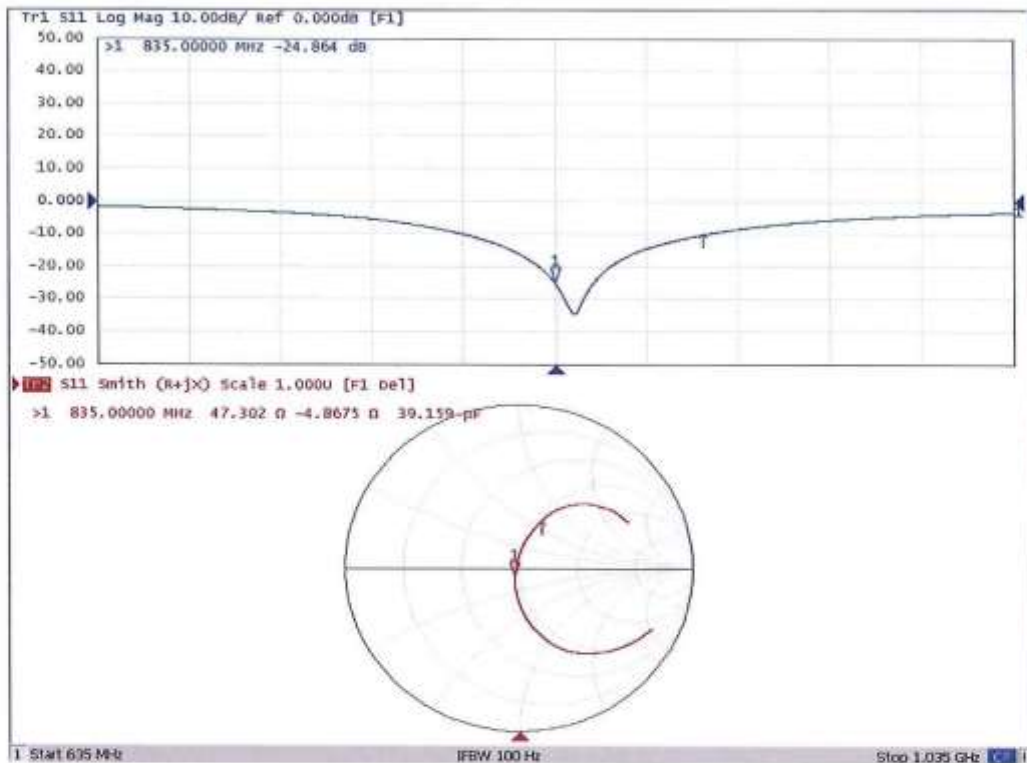




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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL







## SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.93.5.17.SATU.A

**WALTEK SERVICES(SHENZHEN) CO.,LTD**  
**1/F., FUKANGTAI BUILDING,WEST BAIMA ROAD,**  
**SONGGANG STREET**  
**BAOAN DISTRICT,SHENZHEN GUANGDONG**  
**518105,CHINA**  
**MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**  
**FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ**  
**SERIAL NO.: SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360**

**Calibrated at MVG US**  
**2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144**



**Calibration Date: 02/28/2018**

### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.93.5.17.SATU.A

|                      | <i>Name</i>   | <i>Function</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Signature</i>     |
|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| <i>Prepared by :</i> | Jérôme LUC    | Product Manager | 3/13/2018   | <i>JS</i>            |
| <i>Checked by :</i>  | Jérôme LUC    | Product Manager | 3/13/2018   | <i>JS</i>            |
| <i>Approved by :</i> | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 3/13/2018   | <i>Kim Rutkowski</i> |

|                       | <i>Customer Name</i>                     |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <i>Distribution :</i> | Waltek Services<br>(Shenzhen)Co.,<br>Ltd |

| <i>Issue</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Modifications</i> |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------|
| A            | 3/13/2018   | Initial release      |
|              |             |                      |
|              |             |                      |
|              |             |                      |

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## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.93.5.17.SATU.A

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test              |                                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Device Type                    | COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE |
| Manufacturer                   | MVG                               |
| Model                          | SID1800                           |
| Serial Number                  | SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360            |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New                               |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

##### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

##### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

##### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz    | 0.1 dB                              |

##### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 3 - 300     | 0.05 mm                        |

##### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g         | 20.3 %               |

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## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

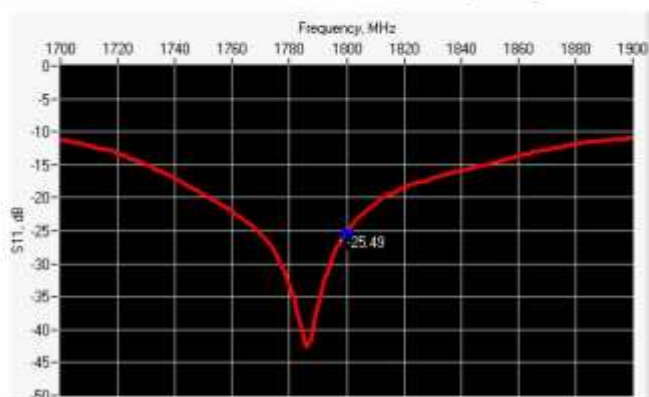
Ref: ACR.93.5.17.SATU.A

10 g

20.1 %

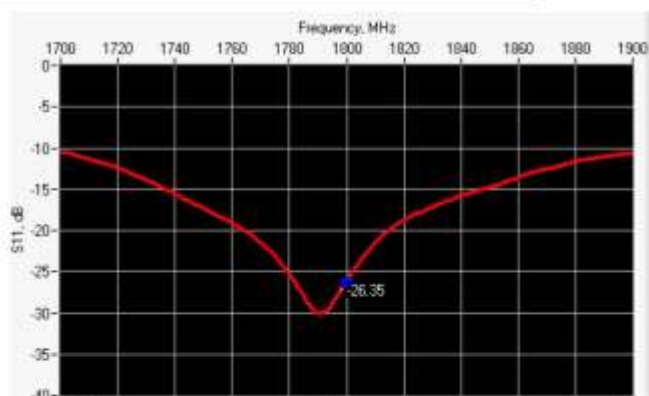
## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

## 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance                   |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1800            | -25.49           | -20              | $45.4 \Omega + 2.6 j\Omega$ |

## 6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance                   |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1800            | -26.35           | -20              | $45.4 \Omega - 1.5 j\Omega$ |

## 6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | L mm            |          | h mm            |          | d mm           |          |
|---------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------|
|               | required        | measured | required        | measured | required       | measured |
| 300           | 420.0 $\pm$ 1 % |          | 250.0 $\pm$ 1 % |          | 6.35 $\pm$ 1 % |          |

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|      |            |      |            |      |           |      |
|------|------------|------|------------|------|-----------|------|
| 450  | 290.0 ±1 % |      | 166.7 ±1 % |      | 6.35 ±1 % |      |
| 750  | 176.0 ±1 % |      | 100.0 ±1 % |      | 6.35 ±1 % |      |
| 835  | 161.0 ±1 % |      | 89.8 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 900  | 149.0 ±1 % |      | 83.3 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 1450 | 89.1 ±1 %  |      | 51.7 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 1500 | 80.5 ±1 %  |      | 50.0 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 1640 | 79.0 ±1 %  |      | 45.7 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 1750 | 75.2 ±1 %  |      | 42.9 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 1800 | 72.0 ±1 %  | PASS | 41.7 ±1 %  | PASS | 3.6 ±1 %  | PASS |
| 1900 | 68.0 ±1 %  |      | 39.5 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 1950 | 66.3 ±1 %  |      | 38.5 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 2000 | 64.5 ±1 %  |      | 37.5 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 2100 | 61.0 ±1 %  |      | 35.7 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 2300 | 55.5 ±1 %  |      | 32.6 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 2450 | 51.5 ±1 %  |      | 30.4 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %  |      | 28.8 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 3000 | 41.5 ±1 %  |      | 25.0 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 3500 | 37.0 ±1 %  |      | 26.4 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |
| 3700 | 34.7 ±1 %  |      | 26.4 ±1 %  |      | 3.6 ±1 %  |      |

## 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

## 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency<br>MHz | Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) |          | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m |          |
|------------------|----------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
|                  | required                               | measured | required                      | measured |
| 300              | 45.3 ±5 %                              |          | 0.87 ±5 %                     |          |
| 450              | 43.5 ±5 %                              |          | 0.87 ±5 %                     |          |
| 750              | 41.9 ±5 %                              |          | 0.89 ±5 %                     |          |
| 835              | 41.5 ±5 %                              |          | 0.90 ±5 %                     |          |
| 900              | 41.5 ±5 %                              |          | 0.97 ±5 %                     |          |
| 1450             | 40.5 ±5 %                              |          | 1.20 ±5 %                     |          |
| 1500             | 40.4 ±5 %                              |          | 1.23 ±5 %                     |          |
| 1640             | 40.2 ±5 %                              |          | 1.31 ±5 %                     |          |
| 1750             | 40.1 ±5 %                              |          | 1.37 ±5 %                     |          |

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## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.93.5.17.SATU.A

|      |           |      |           |      |
|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|
| 1800 | 40.0 ±5 % | PASS | 1.40 ±5 % | PASS |
| 1900 | 40.0 ±5 % |      | 1.40 ±5 % |      |
| 1950 | 40.0 ±5 % |      | 1.40 ±5 % |      |
| 2000 | 40.0 ±5 % |      | 1.40 ±5 % |      |
| 2100 | 39.8 ±5 % |      | 1.49 ±5 % |      |
| 2300 | 39.5 ±5 % |      | 1.67 ±5 % |      |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±5 % |      | 1.80 ±5 % |      |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±5 % |      | 1.96 ±5 % |      |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±5 % |      | 2.40 ±5 % |      |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±5 % |      | 2.91 ±5 % |      |

### 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

|                                           |                                              |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Software                                  | OPENSAR V4                                   |
| Phantom                                   | SN 20/09 SAM71                               |
| Probe                                     | SN 18/11 EPG122                              |
| Liquid                                    | Head Liquid Values: eps' : 41.7 sigma : 1.46 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm                                      |
| Area scan resolution                      | dx=8mm/dy=8mm                                |
| Zoon Scan Resolution                      | dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm                         |
| Frequency                                 | 1800 MHz                                     |
| Input power                               | 20 dBm                                       |
| Liquid Temperature                        | 21 °C                                        |
| Lab Temperature                           | 21 °C                                        |
| Lab Humidity                              | 45 %                                         |

| Frequency<br>MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) |              | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |              |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
|                  | required         | measured     | required          | measured     |
| 300              | 2.85             |              | 1.94              |              |
| 450              | 4.58             |              | 3.06              |              |
| 750              | 8.49             |              | 5.55              |              |
| 835              | 9.56             |              | 6.22              |              |
| 900              | 10.9             |              | 6.99              |              |
| 1450             | 29               |              | 16                |              |
| 1500             | 30.5             |              | 16.8              |              |
| 1640             | 34.2             |              | 18.4              |              |
| 1750             | 36.4             |              | 19.3              |              |
| 1800             | 38.4             | 38.76 (3.88) | 20.1              | 20.29 (2.03) |

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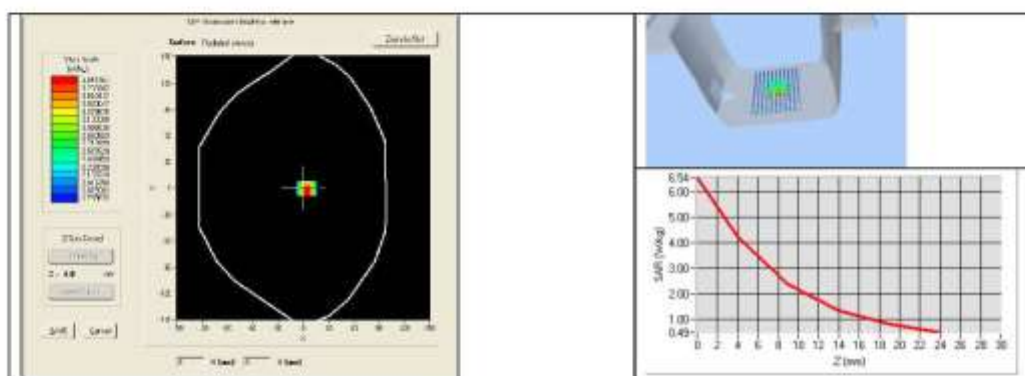




## SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.93.5.17.SATU.A

|      |      |  |      |  |
|------|------|--|------|--|
| 1900 | 39.7 |  | 20.5 |  |
| 1950 | 40.5 |  | 20.9 |  |
| 2000 | 41.1 |  | 21.1 |  |
| 2100 | 43.6 |  | 21.9 |  |
| 2300 | 48.7 |  | 23.3 |  |
| 2450 | 52.4 |  | 24   |  |
| 2600 | 55.3 |  | 24.6 |  |
| 3000 | 63.8 |  | 25.7 |  |
| 3500 | 67.1 |  | 25   |  |
| 3700 | 67.4 |  | 24.2 |  |



### 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency<br>MHz | Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) |          | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m |          |
|------------------|----------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
|                  | required                               | measured | required                      | measured |
| 150              | 61.9 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 0.80 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 300              | 58.2 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 0.92 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 450              | 56.7 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 0.94 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 750              | 55.5 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 0.96 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 835              | 55.2 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 0.97 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 900              | 55.0 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 1.05 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 915              | 55.0 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 1.06 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1450             | 54.0 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 1.30 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1610             | 53.8 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 1800             | 53.3 $\pm$ 5 %                         | PASS     | 1.52 $\pm$ 5 %                | PASS     |
| 1900             | 53.3 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 1.52 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 2000             | 53.3 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 1.52 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |
| 2100             | 53.2 $\pm$ 5 %                         |          | 1.62 $\pm$ 5 %                |          |

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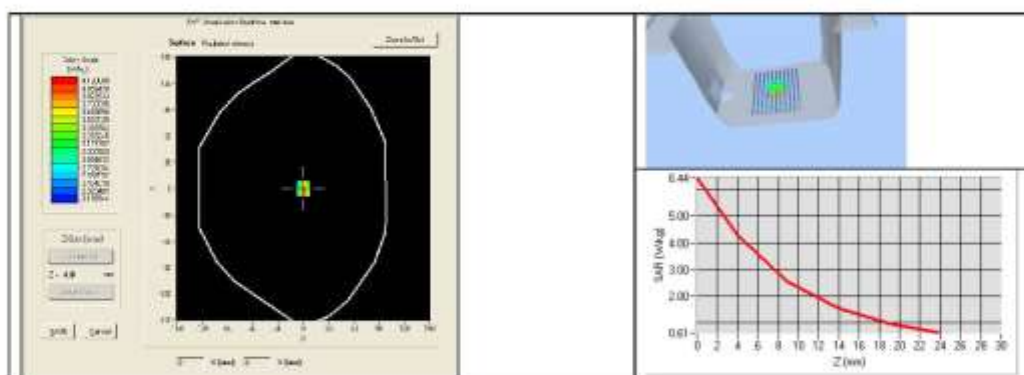
Ref: ACR.93.5.17.SATU.A

|      |            |  |            |  |
|------|------------|--|------------|--|
| 2300 | 52.9 ±5 %  |  | 1.81 ±5 %  |  |
| 2450 | 52.7 ±5 %  |  | 1.95 ±5 %  |  |
| 2600 | 52.5 ±5 %  |  | 2.16 ±5 %  |  |
| 3000 | 52.0 ±5 %  |  | 2.73 ±5 %  |  |
| 3500 | 51.3 ±5 %  |  | 3.31 ±5 %  |  |
| 3700 | 51.0 ±5 %  |  | 3.55 ±5 %  |  |
| 5200 | 49.0 ±10 % |  | 5.30 ±10 % |  |
| 5300 | 48.9 ±10 % |  | 5.42 ±10 % |  |
| 5400 | 48.7 ±10 % |  | 5.53 ±10 % |  |
| 5500 | 48.6 ±10 % |  | 5.65 ±10 % |  |
| 5600 | 48.5 ±10 % |  | 5.77 ±10 % |  |
| 5800 | 48.2 ±10 % |  | 6.00 ±10 % |  |

### 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

|                                           |                                              |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Software                                  | OPENSAR V4                                   |
| Phantom                                   | SN 20/09 SAM71                               |
| Probe                                     | SN 18/11 EPG122                              |
| Liquid                                    | Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.9 sigma : 1.46 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm                                      |
| Area scan resolution                      | dx=8mm/dy=8mm                                |
| Zoon Scan Resolution                      | dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm                         |
| Frequency                                 | 1800 MHz                                     |
| Input power                               | 20 dBm                                       |
| Liquid Temperature                        | 21 °C                                        |
| Lab Temperature                           | 21 °C                                        |
| Lab Humidity                              | 45 %                                         |

| Frequency<br>MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
|                  | measured         | measured          |
| 1800             | 38.90 (3.89)     | 20.84 (2.08)      |



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## 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet         |                      |                    |                                               |                                               |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Equipment Description           | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date                      | Next Calibration Date                         |
| SAM Phantom                     | MVG                  | SN-20/09-SAM71     | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| COMOSAR Test Bench              | Version 3            | NA                 | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Network Analyzer                | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA  | SN100132           | 02/2016                                       | 02/2019                                       |
| Calipers                        | Carrera              | CALIPER-01         | 01/2017                                       | 01/2020                                       |
| Reference Probe                 | MVG                  | EPG122 SN 18/11    | 10/2017                                       | 10/2018                                       |
| Multimeter                      | Keithley 2000        | 1188656            | 01/2017                                       | 01/2020                                       |
| Signal Generator                | Agilent E4438C       | MY49070581         | 01/2017                                       | 01/2020                                       |
| Amplifier                       | Aethercomm           | SN 046             | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter                     | HP E4418A            | US38261498         | 01/2017                                       | 01/2020                                       |
| Power Sensor                    | HP ECP-E26A          | US37181460         | 01/2017                                       | 01/2020                                       |
| Directional Coupler             | Narda 4216-20        | 01386              | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company      | 150798832          | 10/2017                                       | 10/2019                                       |

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CNAS L0570

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Client

CCIS

Certificate No: Z19-60176

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1900V2 - SN: 5d175

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 11, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106277     | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)           | Aug-19                |
| Power sensor NRP8S      | 104291     | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)           | Aug-19                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7514    | 27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18)       | Aug-19                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1556    | 20-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Aug18)      | Aug-19                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)           | Jan-20                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)           | Jan-20                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: June 14, 2019

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#### lossary:

|       |                                            |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |              |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | 52.10.2.1504 |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |              |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |              |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                    | with Spacer  |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |              |
| Frequency                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz     |              |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 40.2 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.39 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

|                                                |                    |                              |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 9.79 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 39.4 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 5.07 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 20.4 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |

### Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 53.3           | 1.52 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 52.2 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.50 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Body TSL

|                                                |                    |                              |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 10.1 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 40.5 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 5.23 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 21.0 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |



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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.7Ω+ 5.93jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.3dB      |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.8Ω+ 5.24jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 24.7dB      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.064 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|





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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.10.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d175**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(7.73, 7.73, 7.73) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:**

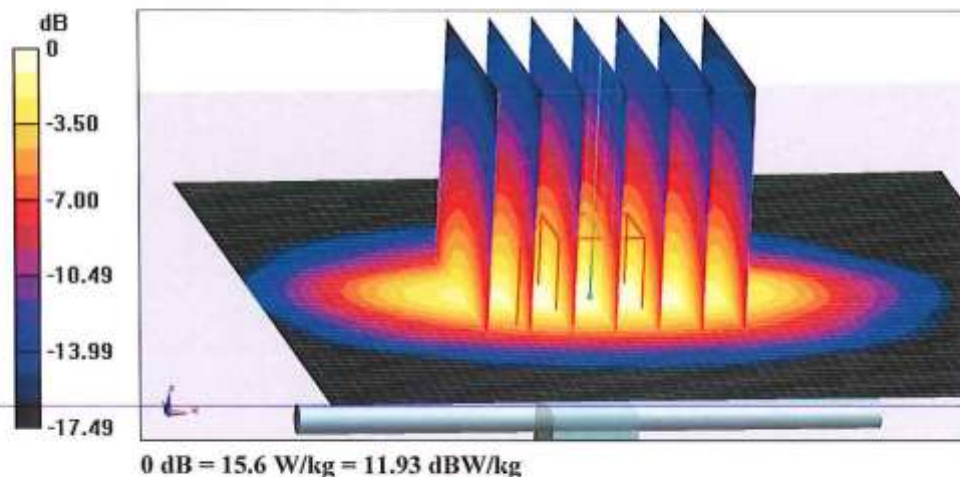
$dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 98.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



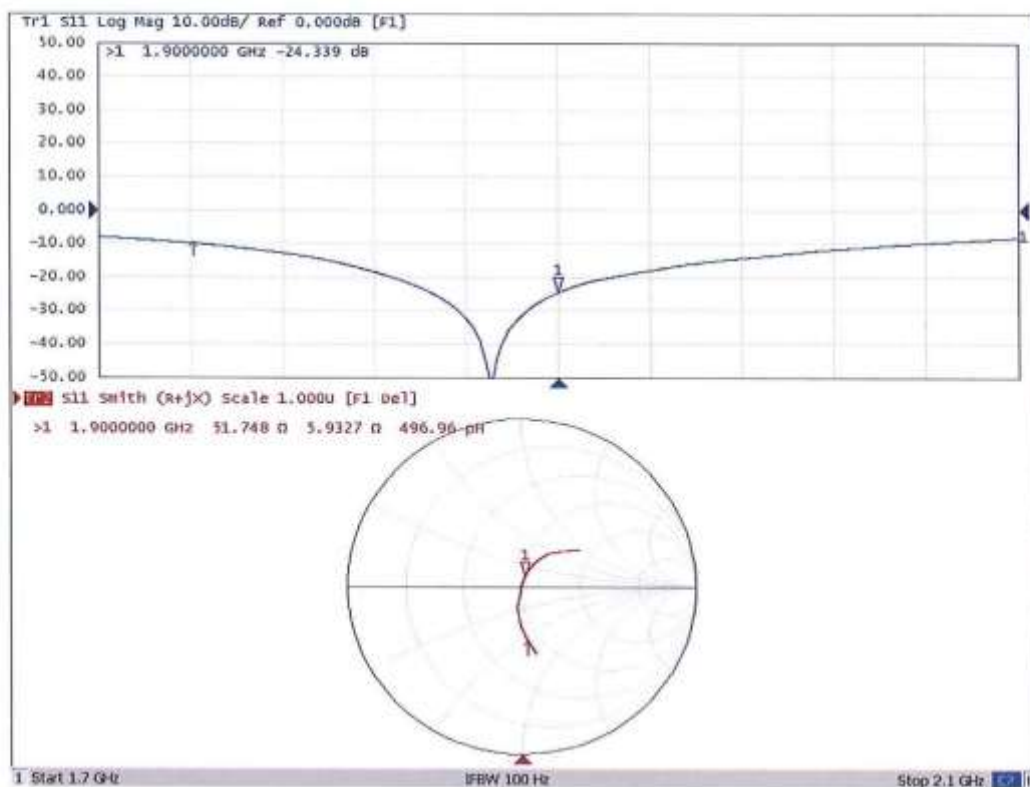




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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.11.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d175**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.499$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.18$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:**

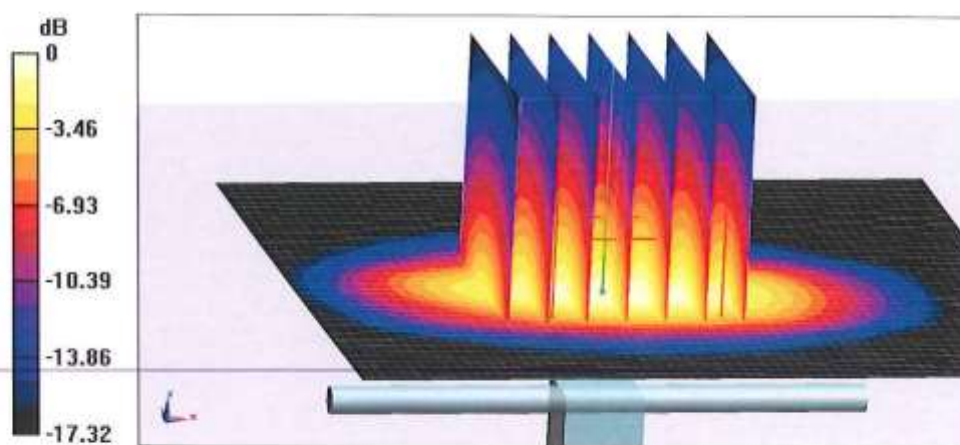
$dx=5$ mm,  $dy=5$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 88.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



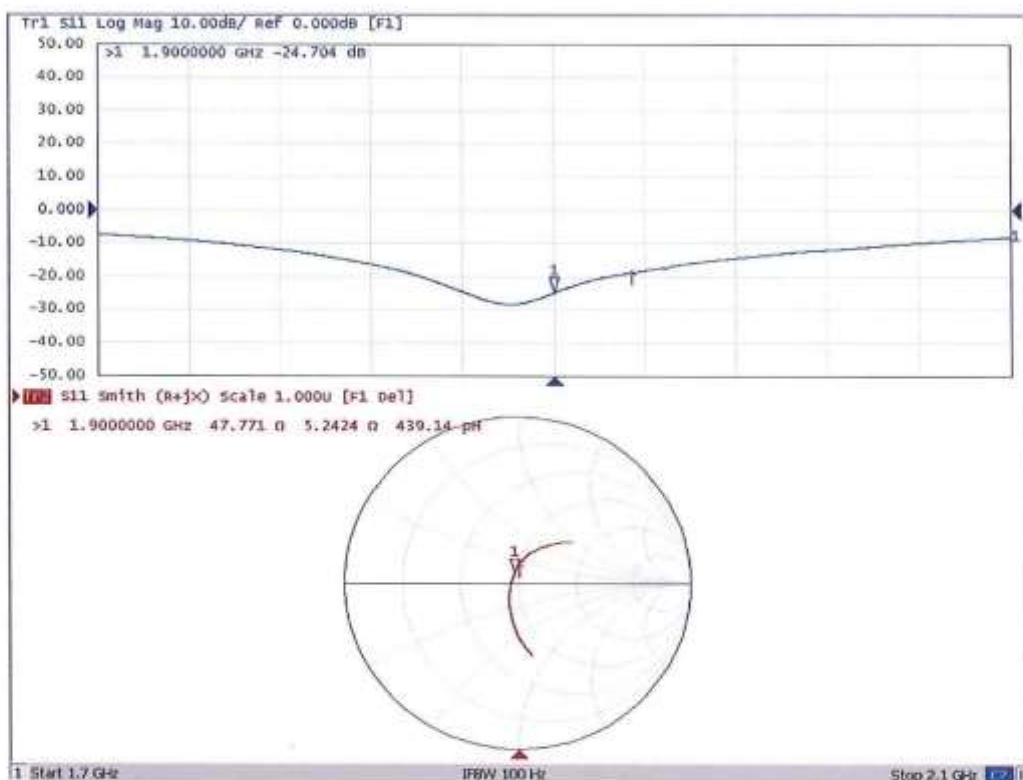
0 dB = 15.6 W/kg = 11.93 dBW/kg



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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Certificate No: Z19-60177

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 910

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01  
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: June 10, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106277     | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)           | Aug-19                |
| Power sensor NRP8S      | 104291     | 20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)           | Aug-19                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 7514    | 27-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-7514_Aug18)       | Aug-19                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1556    | 20-Aug-18(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1556_Aug18)      | Aug-19                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)           | Jan-20                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)           | Jan-20                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: June 14, 2019

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#### Glossary:

|       |                                            |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |              |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | 52.10.2.1495 |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |              |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |              |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                    | with Spacer  |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |              |
| Frequency                    | 2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz     |              |

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 39.2           | 1.80 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 39.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.83 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Head TSL

|                                                         |                    |                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 13.2 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 52.6 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 6.11 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 24.4 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|                                         | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 52.7           | 1.95 mho/m           |
| Measured Body TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 52.1 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.96 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

## SAR result with Body TSL

|                                                         |                    |                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL   | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 12.8 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 50.9 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                            | 250 mW input power | 5.94 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters                     | normalized to 1W   | 23.7 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |



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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.1Ω+ 2.51 jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 26.8dB       |

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

|                                      |                |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.3Ω+ 3.40 jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.9dB       |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.020 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|





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## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.10.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 910**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.825$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.75$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(6.95, 6.95, 6.95) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

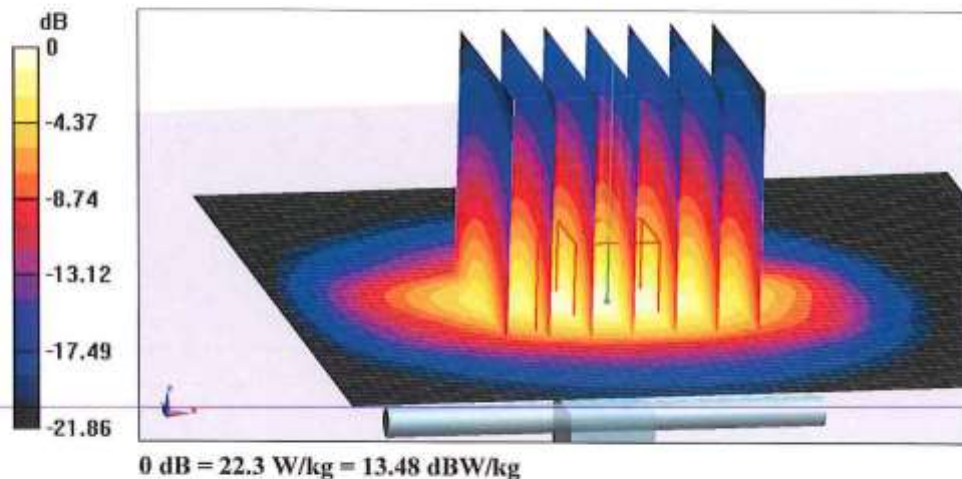
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg



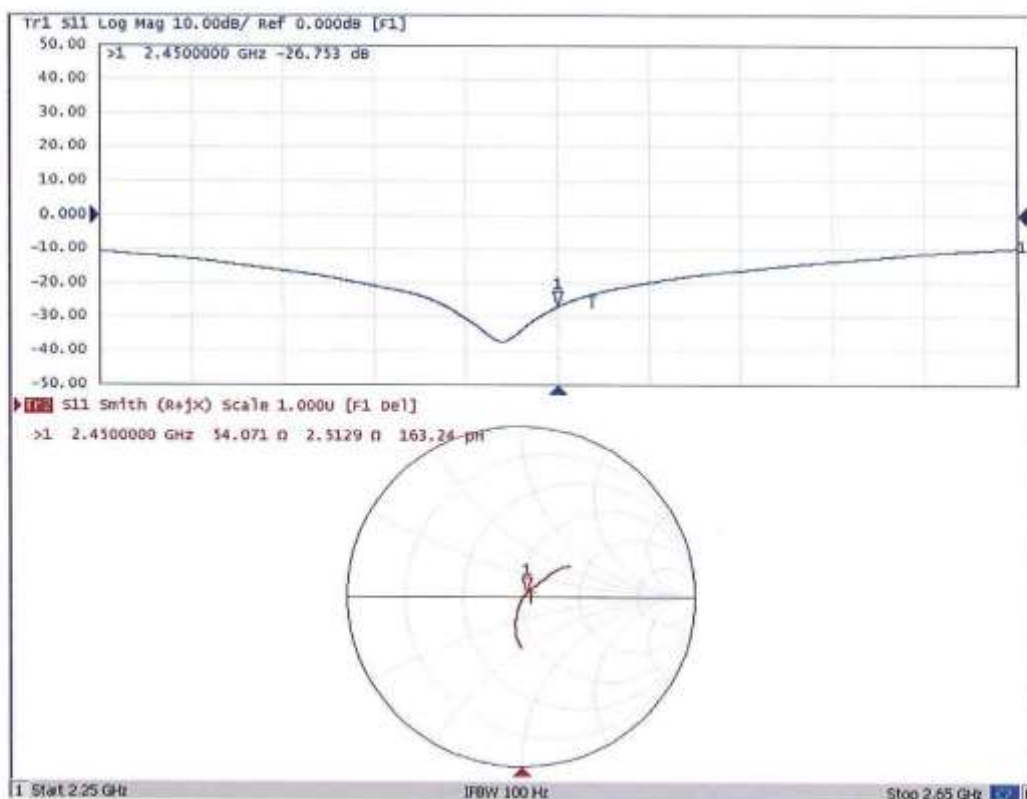




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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.10.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTT, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 910**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.962$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.06$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7514; ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 8/27/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 8/20/2018
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

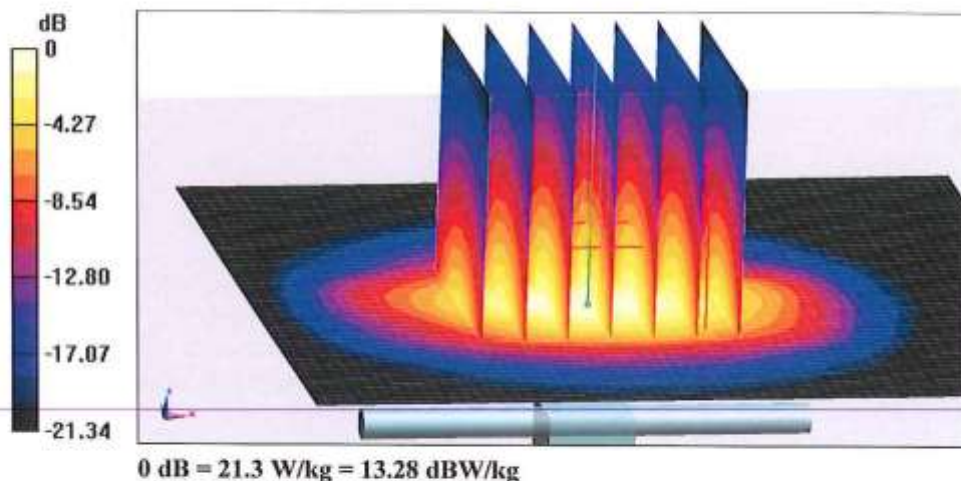
**Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.94 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg

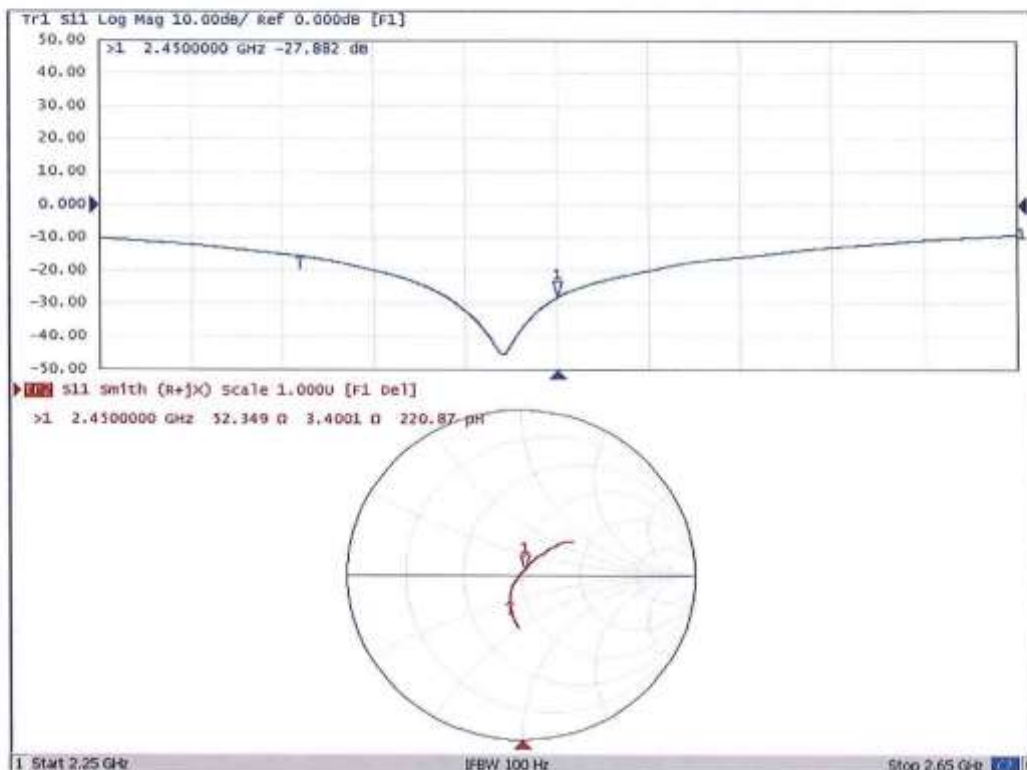




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CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China  
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504  
E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



## Calibration information for DAE

Schmid &amp; Partner Engineering AG

Zougheussstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland  
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779  
www.speag.swiss, info@speag.swiss

s p e a g

1373

**IMPORTANT NOTICE****USAGE OF THE DAE4**

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

**Battery Exchange:** The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

**Shipping of the DAE:** Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

**E-Stop Failures:** Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

**Repair:** Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

**DASY Configuration Files:** Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

**Important Note:**

**Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.**

**Important Note:**

**Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.**

**Important Note:**

**To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.**

TN\_EH190306AE DAE4.docx

07.03.2019



**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CCIS-SZ**

Certificate No: **DAE4-1373\_Aug19**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1373**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v29  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **August 09, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards             | ID #               | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Kelthley Multimeter Type 2001 | SN: 0810278        | 03-Sep-18 (No:23488)       | Sep-19                 |
| Secondary Standards           | ID #               | Check Date (in house)      | Scheduled Check        |
| Auto DAE Calibration Unit     | SE UWS 053 AA 1001 | 07-Jan-19 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-20 |
| Calibrator Box V2.1           | SE UMS 006 AA 1002 | 07-Jan-19 (in house check) | In house check: Jan-20 |

|                |                                  |                                          |               |
|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Calibrated by: | Name<br><b>Dominique Steffen</b> | Function<br><b>Laboratory Technician</b> | Signature<br> |
| Approved by:   | <b>Sven Köhn</b>                 | <b>Deputy Manager</b>                    |               |

Issued: August 9, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-1373\_Aug19

Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

### Glossary

**DAE** data acquisition electronics  
**Connector angle** information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - **Input resistance:** Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

| Calibration Factors | X                         | Y                         | Z                         |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| High Range          | 403.900 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) | 403.865 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) | 404.160 $\pm$ 0.02% (k=2) |
| Low Range           | 3.98780 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) | 4.00905 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) | 4.01338 $\pm$ 1.50% (k=2) |

**Connector Angle**

|                                           |                                     |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Connector Angle to be used in DASY system | 345.5 $^{\circ}$ $\pm$ 1 $^{\circ}$ |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

## 1. DC Voltage Linearity

| High Range        | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 200036.64                 | -1.49                        | -0.00     |
| Channel X + Input | 20007.66                  | 1.67                         | 0.01      |
| Channel X - Input | -20003.26                 | 2.58                         | -0.01     |
| Channel Y + Input | 200034.92                 | -3.47                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Y + Input | 20005.00                  | -0.97                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Y - Input | -20006.45                 | -0.51                        | 0.00      |
| Channel Z + Input | 200037.03                 | -1.49                        | -0.00     |
| Channel Z + Input | 20004.07                  | -1.80                        | -0.01     |
| Channel Z - Input | -20007.76                 | -1.72                        | 0.01      |

| Low Range         | Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Difference ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Error (%) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Channel X + Input | 2001.79                   | 0.32                         | 0.02      |
| Channel X + Input | 201.61                    | 0.11                         | 0.05      |
| Channel X - Input | -198.39                   | 0.12                         | -0.06     |
| Channel Y + Input | 2001.55                   | 0.19                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Y + Input | 200.46                    | -0.94                        | -0.47     |
| Channel Y - Input | -199.08                   | -0.47                        | 0.24      |
| Channel Z + Input | 2001.56                   | 0.26                         | 0.01      |
| Channel Z + Input | 199.82                    | -1.52                        | -0.76     |
| Channel Z - Input | -200.52                   | -1.83                        | 0.92      |

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Common mode Input Voltage (mV) | High Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                            | 8.18                                         | 6.30                                        |
|           | - 200                          | -5.94                                        | -7.46                                       |
| Channel Y | 200                            | 10.49                                        | 10.28                                       |
|           | - 200                          | -12.77                                       | -12.84                                      |
| Channel Z | 200                            | 6.36                                         | 6.21                                        |
|           | - 200                          | -9.67                                        | -10.13                                      |

## 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | Input Voltage (mV) | Channel X ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Y ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) | Channel Z ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) |
|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Channel X | 200                | -                           | 0.96                        | -5.39                       |
| Channel Y | 200                | 8.75                        | -                           | 1.70                        |
| Channel Z | 200                | 9.62                        | 5.88                        | -                           |



**4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

|           | High Range (LSB) | Low Range (LSB) |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------|
| Channel X | 15936            | 15515           |
| Channel Y | 15863            | 15901           |
| Channel Z | 15893            | 17897           |

**5. Input Offset Measurement**

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M $\Omega$ 

|           | Average ( $\mu$ V) | min. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | max. Offset ( $\mu$ V) | Std. Deviation ( $\mu$ V) |
|-----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Channel X | 1.11               | 0.38                   | 2.16                   | 0.31                      |
| Channel Y | 0.40               | -0.61                  | 1.25                   | 0.33                      |
| Channel Z | -1.61              | -2.89                  | -0.27                  | 0.46                      |

**6. Input Offset Current**

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: &lt;25fA

**7. Input Resistance** (Typical values for information)

|           | Zeroing (kOhm) | Measuring (MOhm) |
|-----------|----------------|------------------|
| Channel X | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Y | 200            | 200              |
| Channel Z | 200            | 200              |

**8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage** (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Alarm Level (VDC) |
|----------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +7.9              |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -7.6              |

**9. Power Consumption** (Typical values for information)

| Typical values | Switched off (mA) | Stand by (mA) | Transmitting (mA) |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Supply (+ Vcc) | +0.01             | +6            | +14               |
| Supply (- Vcc) | -0.01             | -8            | -9                |

-----End of Report-----