

Datasheet

SterlingTM LWB+

Version 1.5

REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Notes	Contributors	Approver
1.0	26 Jan 2022	Initial version	Andrew Chen	Andrew Ross
1.1	17 Feb 2022	Clarified MSL Level 4 for LWB+ Series	Connie Lin	Jonathan Kaye
1.2	20 Feb 2022	Correct WL_Host_WAKE to pin-11	Andrew Chen	Andrew Ross
1.3	14 April 2022	Removed parts 001-0001 / 080-0001	Dave Drogowski	Andrew Ross
1.4	4 Oct 2022	Corrected Figure 10 to "WLAN OFF and BT OFF"	Dave Drogowski	Miles Chung
1.5	28 Nov 2022	Add LWB+ M.2 series. Added Figure 8: Sterling LWB+ M.2 2230 block diagram	Andrew Chen	Dave Drogowski
1.6	December 8, 2022	Update Figure 5: Sterling LWB+ base SiP module block diagram Figure 6: Sterling LWB+ MHF® 4 module block diagram Figure 7: Sterling LWB+ chip antenna module block diagram	Andrew Chen	Dave Drogowski

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1 SCOPE

This document describes key hardware aspects of the Laird Connectivity Sterling-LWB™ +.

2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 General Description

The Sterling LWB+ is a high performance 2.4 GHz WLAN and Bluetooth combo module based on latest-generation silicon (Infineon's AIROC™ CYW43439). With an industrial temperature rating, broad country certifications, and the availability of three different package styles, the Sterling LWB+ provides significant flexibility to meet various end user application needs. The Sterling LWB+ is the successor of Laird Connectivity Sterling LWB product series. Two SMT type modules are even pin-to-pin and drop replacement to the platform using Sterling LWB.

The on-module chip antenna package style for the Sterling LWB+ eliminates complexity for design integration, simplifies manufacturing assembly with larger pin outs, and features an advanced chip antenna that offers greater resistance to de-tuning than typical trace or chip antennas.

The module includes the MAC, baseband, and radio to support WLAN applications and an independent, high-speed UART is provided for the Bluetooth host interface. In addition, the latest Linux and Android drivers are supported directly by Laird Connectivity and Infineon.



Features

- IEEE 802.11 b/g/n (single stream n)
- Typical WLAN Transmit Power:
 - +18.0 dBm, 11 Mbps, CCK (b)
 - +16.0 dBm, 54 Mbps, OFDM (g)
 - +15.0 dBm, HT20 MCS7 (n)
- Typical WLAN Sensitivity:
 - -88 dBm, 8% PER, 11 Mbps (b)
 - -75 dBm, 10% PER, 54 Mbps (g)
 - -72 dBm, 10% PER, MCS7 (n)
- Bluetooth v5.0 BR /EDR/LE
- Typical Bluetooth Transmit Power:
 - 6.5dBm BDR
 - 3.5dBm EDR
 - 6.5dBm BLE
- Typical Bluetooth Receive Sensitivity:
 - -91dBm, 1DH5/2DH5
 - -83dBm, 3DH5
 - -91dBm, BLE
- WLAN and Bluetooth coexistence
- Available in two footprint styles and one M.2 2230 form factor:
 - SMT Module: 15.5 mm x 21 mm
 - SiP: 12 mm x 12 mm
 - M.2 2230: 22mm x 30mm x 2.25mm
- Available with antenna trace pin, integrated chip antenna or MHF® 4 connector for external antenna
- Operating voltage: VBAT 3.2V to 4.8V (3.6V typical)
- Operating temperature: -40° to +85° C
- Operating Humidity: less than 85% R.H.
- Storage temperature: -40° to +125°C
- Storage Humidity: Less than 60% R.H
- Compact design based on Infineon CYW4349_A1 SoC
- Worldwide acceptance: FCC, ISED (Canada), EU, MIC (Japan), and AS/NZS
- BT SIG QDID: D056404
- REACH and RoHS compliant

Applications

- Security and building automation
- Internet of Things/M2M connectivity
- Smart gateways

3 MODULE VARIANTS

The Sterling LWB+ Module is available in three different versions. Depending on the user's antenna and footprint needs, there is a variant to suite most application requirements. Laird Connectivity recommends that for simplicity of both the host PCB design, as well as the manufacturing process, that either the Chip Antenna or RF Connector version of the modules be used in your design.

3.1 453-00083 - Base SiP module

This module variant is supplied in a compact, 47 pin, 0.5 mm pitch LGA footprint. Unlike the other module variants, it requires the addition of either an off-module antenna or RF connector, as well as the associated matching components. In order to benefit from the EMC certifications on the module, strictly following the layout in the module application guide is required. This requires adherence to the PCB stack-up and layout around the antenna. The footprint of this module may require additional care during reflow and PCB assembly.



Figure 1: Sterling LWB+ base SiP module (453-00083)

3.2 453-00084 – MHF® 4 module

This module variant integrates the 453-00083 Base SiP Module, a MHF® 4 RF connector, and all associated RF matching components on a PCB. This integrated approach not only provides a MHF® 4 connector for connections to external antennas, but also simplifies and reduces the cost of the end users host board by simplifying the module PCB footprint.



Figure 2: Sterling LWB+ MHF® 4 module (453-00084)

3.3 453-00085 – Chip Antenna module

This module variant integrates the 453-00083 Base SiP Module, a ceramic chip antenna, and all associated RF matching components on a PCB. This integrated antenna module simplifies and reduces the cost for the host integration of using the module.



Figure 3: Sterling LWB+ Chip Antenna module (453-00085)

3.4 453-00141 – Module, Sterling LWB+, M.2, Key E, SDIO, UART

This M.2 2230, E-key, SDIO/UART module variant integrates the 453-00083 Base SiP Module, a MHF4 RF connector, and all associated RF matching components on a PCB. This integrated MHF4 connector, and the M.2 2230 form factor provide an industrial standard for the host integration when using the module.



Figure 4: Sterling LWB+ M.2 2230, E-key, SDIO/UART module (453-00141)

4 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

4.1 WLAN Features

- IEEE 802.11b/g/n 1x1 2.4 GHz Radio
 - Internal Power Amplifier (PA)
 - Internal Low Noise Amplifier (LNA)
 - Internal T/R Switch
 - Simultaneous BT/WLAN reception with a single antenna.
- SDIO V2.0 interface
- Media Access Controller (MAC)
- Physical Layer (PHY)
- Baseband Processor
- Standards
 - IEEE 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (single stream)

4.2 Bluetooth Features

- Class 1 power amplifier with Class 1 capability
- HCI Interface using High Speed UART
- PCM for Audio Data
- High speed UART Host Controller Interface (HCI)
- Bluetooth v5.0 BR/EDR/LE

4.3 Wireless Security System Features

Supported modes:

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|
| ▪ Open (no security) | ▪ WMM-SA |
| ▪ WEP | ▪ WAPI |
| ▪ WPA Personal | ▪ AES (Hardware Accelerator) |
| ▪ WPA2 Personal | ▪ TKIP (host-computed) |
| ▪ WPA3 | ▪ CKIP (SW Support) |
| ▪ WMM | |
| ▪ WMM-PS (U-APSD) | |

5 BLOCK DIAGRAMS

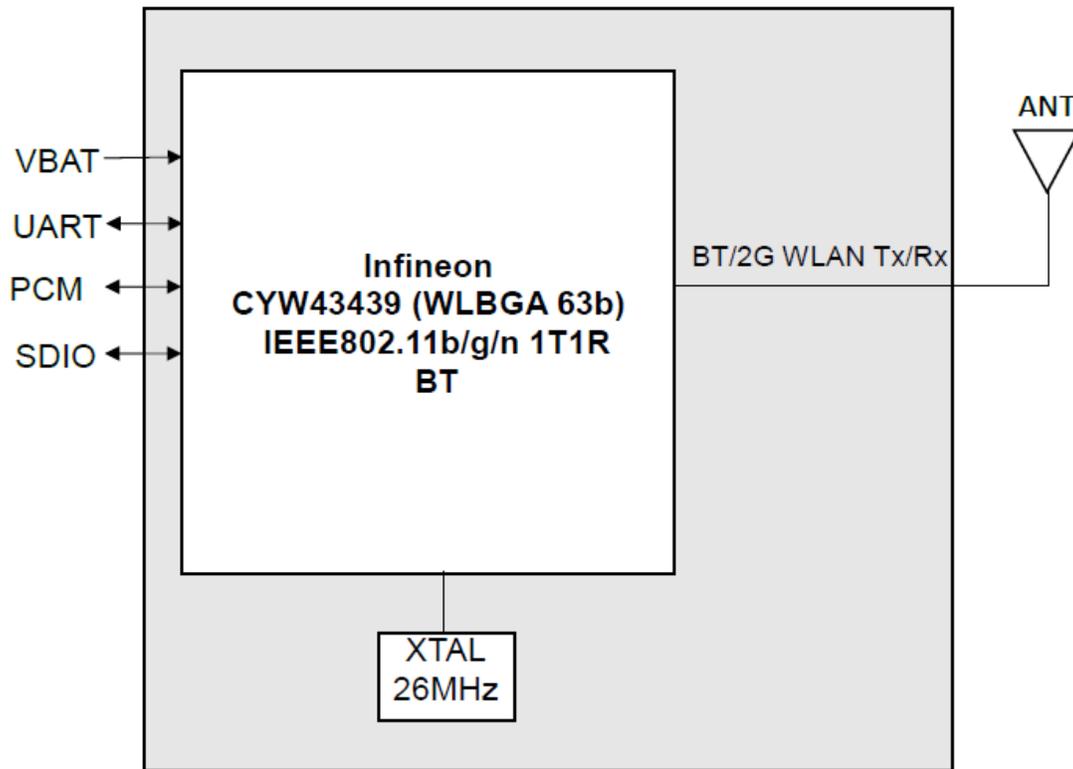


Figure 5: Sterling LWB+ base SiP module block diagram

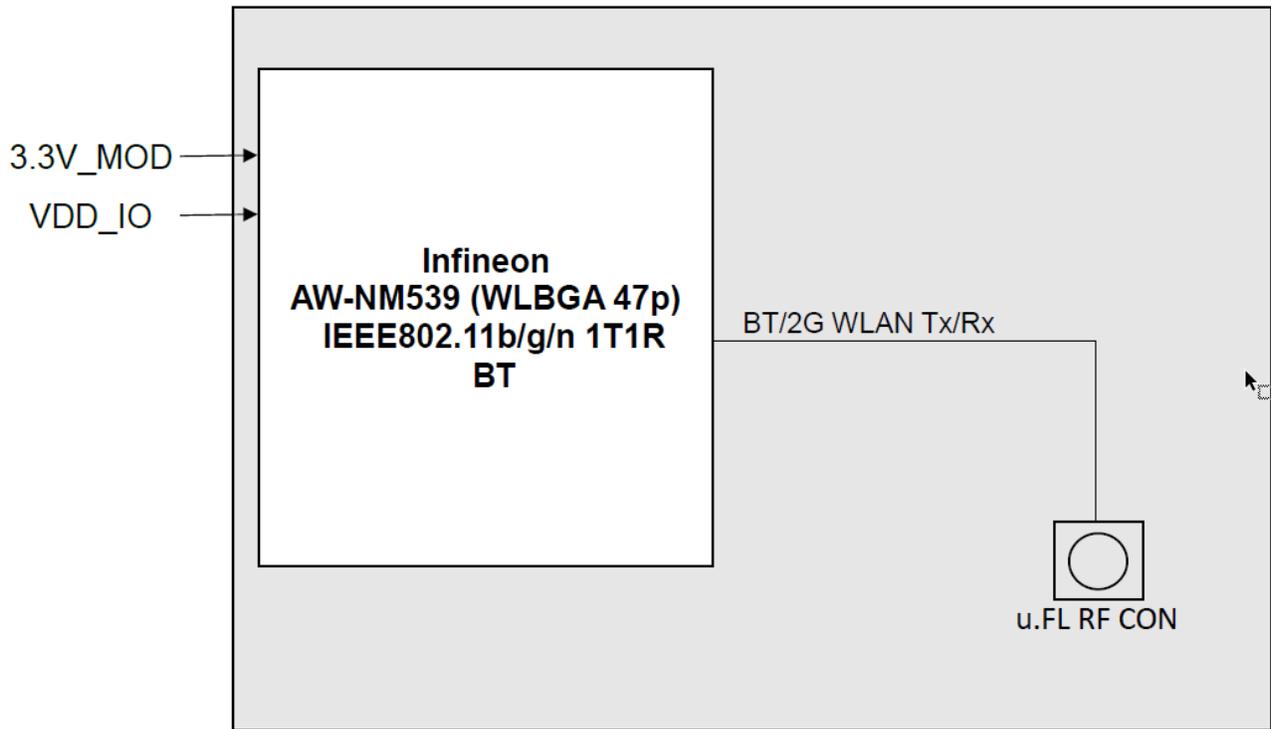


Figure 6: Sterling LWB+ MHF® 4 module block diagram

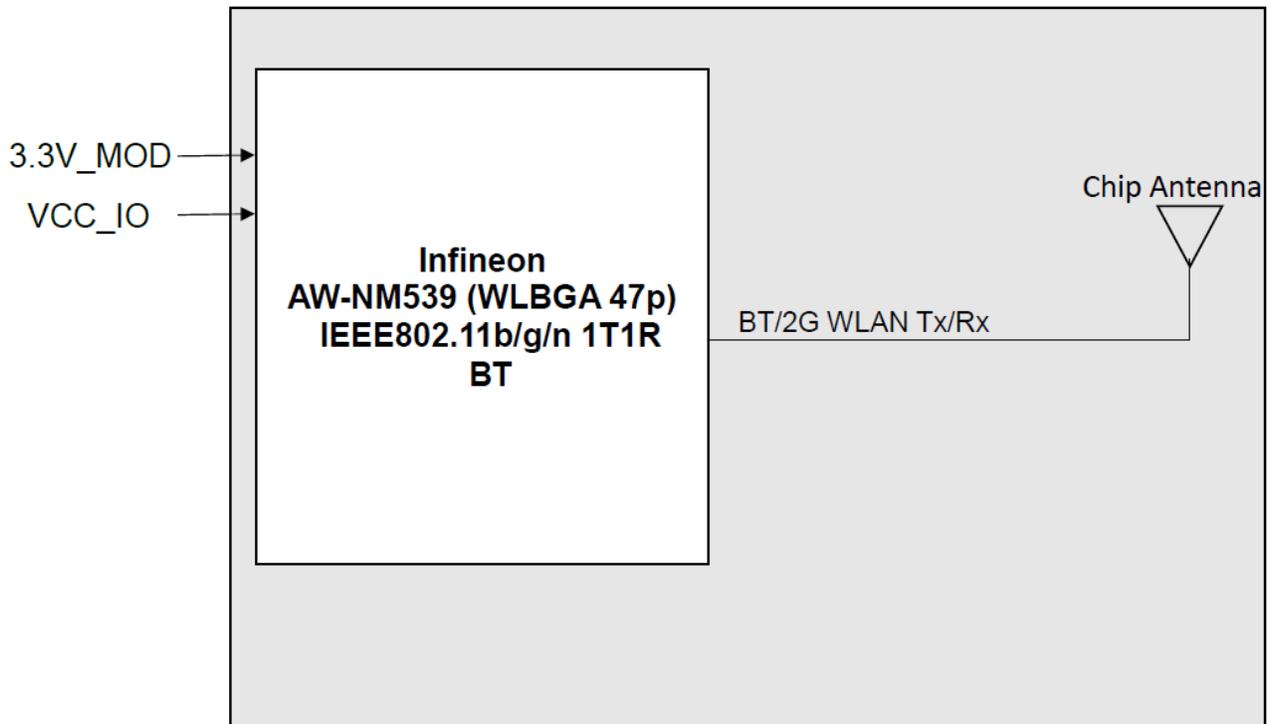


Figure 7: Sterling LWB+ chip antenna module block diagram

M.2 2230 E-KEY PCB Edge Finger

Module, Sterling-LWB+, SIP (453-00083)

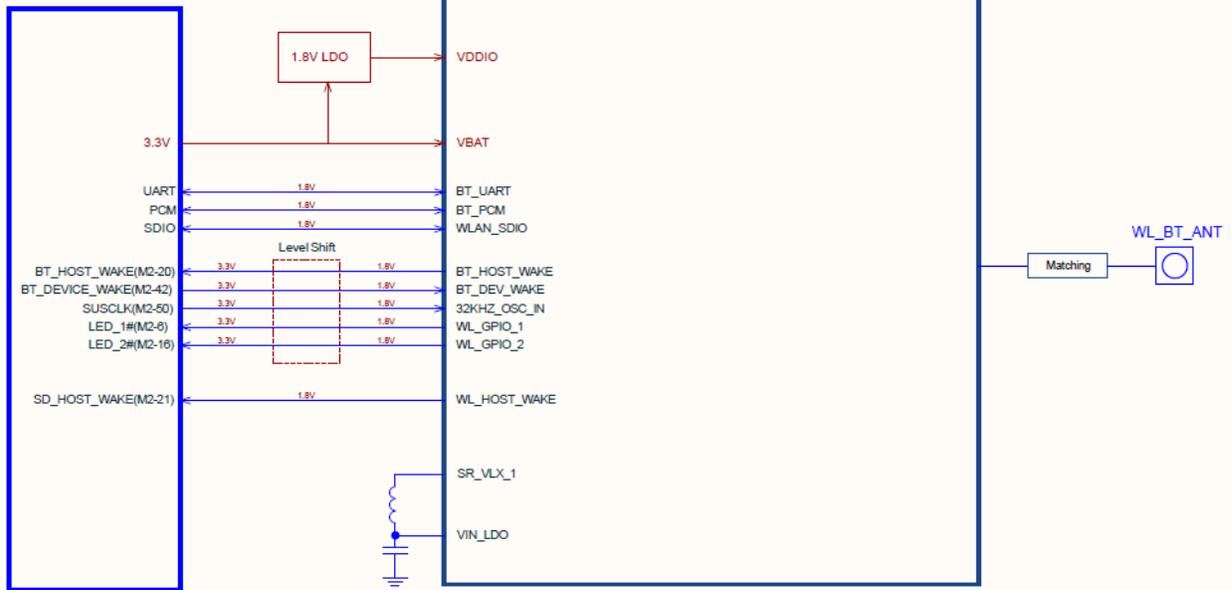


Figure 8: Sterling LWB+ M.2 2230 block diagram

6 GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 1: General Characteristics

Characteristic	Description
Model Name	Sterling LWB+
Product Description	Wi-Fi and Bluetooth Wireless Module
Dimension (SiP Module)	12 mm x 12 mm x 1.5 mm (W*L*T)
Dimension (Antenna Option Module)	15.5 mm x 21 mm x 2 mm (W*L*T)
Dimension (M.2 2230 Module)	22mm x 30mm x 2.25mm (W*L*T)
Operating temperature	-40°C to 85°C
Storage temperature	-40°C to 125°C
Weight (SiP Module)	0.4g
Weight (Antenna Option Module)	1.1g
Weight (M.2 2230 Module)	3.5g

7 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
VBAT	Power supply for Internal Regulators	-0.5		6	V
VDDIO	DC supply voltage for digital I/O	-0.5		3.9	V

7.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 3: Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
VBAT	Power supply for Internal Regulators	3.2*	3.6	4.8*	V

Note: *Optimal RF performance is guaranteed only for 3.2V<VBAT<4.8V

7.3 Digital IO Pin DC Characteristics

Table 4: Digital I/O Pin DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
For SDIO Interface VDDIO =1.8V					
VIH	Input high voltage	1.27	-	-	V
VIL	Input low voltage	-	-	0.58	V
VOH	Output High Voltage @ 2mA	1.4	-	-	V

VOL	Output Low Voltage @ 2mA	-	-	0.45	V
For SDIO Interface VDDIO =3.3V					
VIH	Input high voltage	0.625 x VDDIO	-	-	V
VIL	Input low voltage	-	-	0.25 x VDDIO	V
VOH	Output High Voltage @ 2mA	0.75 x VDDIO	-	-	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage @ 2mA	-	-	0.125 x DDIO	V
Other Digital Interface VDDIO=1.8V					
VIH	Input high voltage	0.65 x VDDIO	-	-	V
VIL	Input low voltage	-	-	0.35 x VDDIO	V
VOH	Output High Voltage @ 2mA	VDDIO – 0.45	-	-	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage @ 2mA	-	-	0.45	V
Other Digital Interface VDDIO=3.3V					
VIH	Input high voltage	2.00	-	-	V
VIL	Input low voltage	-	-	0.80	V
VOH	Output High Voltage @ 2mA	VDDIO – 0.4	-	-	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage @ 2mA	-	-	0.40	V

7.4 WLAN RF Characteristics

7.4.1 WLAN RF TX Characteristics (VBAT=3.3V, TA=25 °C)

Table 5: WLAN Transmitter RF Characteristics

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1 Mbps DSSS (b) TX Output Power	1 Mbps BPSK 802.11(b) Mask Compliance 35% EVM RMS power over TX packet	-	18.0	-	dBm
11 Mbps DSSS (b) TX Output Power	11 Mbps CCK 802.11(b) Mask Compliance 35% EVM RMS power over TX packet	-	18.0	-	dBm
6 Mbps OFDM (g) TX Output Power	6 Mbps BPSK 802.11(g) Mask Compliance -5 dB EVM RMS power over TX packet	-	18.0	-	dBm
54 Mbps OFDM (g) TX Output Power	54 Mbps 64-QAM 802.11(g) Mask Compliance -25 dB EVM RMS power over TX packet	-	16.0	-	dBm
MCS0 OFDM (n) TX Output Power	6.5 Mbps BPSK 802.11(n) Mask Compliance -5 dB EVM RMS power over TX packet	-	18.0	-	dBm
MCS7 OFDM (n) TX Output Power	65 Mbps 64-QAM 802.11(n) Mask Compliance -27 dB EVM RMS power over TX packet	-	15.0	-	dBm

7.4.2 WLAN RF RX Characteristics (VBAT=3.3V, TA=25 °C)

Table 6: WLAN Receiver RF Characteristics

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
1 Mbps DSSS (b) RX Sensitivity	8% PER	-	-94	-	dBm
11 Mbps DSSS (b) RX Sensitivity	8% PER	-	-88	-	dBm
6 Mbps OFDM (g) RX Sensitivity	10% PER	-	-90	-	dBm
54 Mbps OFDM (g) RX Sensitivity	10% PER	-	-75	-	dBm
MCS0 (6.5 Mbps) OFDM (n) RX Sensitivity	10% PER	-	-89	-	dBm
MCS7 65 Mbps OFDM (n) RX Sensitivity	10% PER	-	-72	-	dBm
11b RX Overload Level	8% PER, 11 Mbps	-10	-	-	dBm
11g RX Overload Level	10% PER, 54 Mbps	-20	-	-	dBm
11n RX Overload Level	10% PER, MCS7	-20	-	-	dBm

7.5 Bluetooth RF Characteristics

7.5.1 Bluetooth TX RF Characteristics (VBAT=3.3V, TA=25 °C)

Table 7: Bluetooth Transmitter GFSK and EDR Characteristics

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Bluetooth Spec	Unit
GFSK RF Output Power		-	6.5	-		dBm
EDR RF Output Power		-	3.5	-		dBm
Power Control Step Size		2	4	8	2-8	dB
EDR Relative Power		-4		1	-4/+1	dB

7.5.2 Bluetooth RX RF Characteristics (VBAT=3.3V, TA=25 °C)

Table 8: Bluetooth Receiver Characteristics

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Bluetooth Spec	Unit
GFSK Sensitivity	BER=0.1%	-	-91	-	-70	dBm
EDR 2 Mbps Sensitivity	BER=0.01%	-	-91	-	-70	dBm
EDR 3 Mbps Sensitivity	BER=0.01%	-	-83	-	-70	dBm
BLE	PER = 30.8%	-	-91	-	-70	dBm

7.6 Current consumption

7.6.1 WLAN Current consumption

Test Condition

1. All results are with the **Bluetooth off** (BT_REG_ON=LOW).
2. All results are run to **take 3 minutes** then record the test **average** and maximum value.
3. Power Save mode record 1 DTIM interval.

Table 9: Bluetooth Test conditions (VBAT = VDDIO = 3.6VDC)

No.	Item			VBAT=3.6V(mA)		
				Max	Avg.	
1	Leakage (OFF) ^{*(1)}			3.9µA		
2	Sleep ^{*(3)}			8.1µA	5.5µA	
3	Power Save DTIM1 (2.4GHz) ^{*(4)(6)}			27mA	1.2mA	
4	Power Save DTIM3 (2.4GHz) ^{*(5)(6)}			31mA	773µA	
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)	Transmit		
				Max.	Avg.	Duty(%)
2.4	11b@1Mbps	20	18	303	301	96
	11g@54Mbps	20	16	194	192	49
	11n@MCS7	20	15	182	181	54
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW(MHz)		Receive		
				Max.	Avg.	
2.4	11b@1Mbps	20		37	35	
	11n@MCS7	20		37	34	

*Transmit Option: Packet Interval=500 / Packet length=1000

Table 10: Bluetooth Test Conditions (VDDIO = 1.8VDC)

No.	Item			VDDIO=1.8 V	
				Max	Avg.
1	Leakage (OFF) ^{*(1)}			0.08µA	
2	Sleep ^{*(3)}			94µA	86µA
3	Power Save DTIM1 (2.4GHz) ^{*(4)(6)}			158µA	79µA
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)	Transmit	
				Max.	Avg.
2.4	11b@1Mbps ^{*(7)}	20	18	52µA	48µA
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW(MHz)		Receive	
				Max.	Avg.
2.4	11b@1Mbps ^{*(7)}	20		62µA	48µA

(1) WLAN and Bluetooth OFF (WL_REG_ON=LOW, BT_REG_ON=LOW), DUT do not connected to VUB300 and ttyUSB0.

(2) No.2~6 Load the WLAN normal driver/firmware

(3) Run commad "wifmac_x86 deepsleep 1" into sleep

(4) Associated with AP use ASUS RT-AC66U, DTIM = 1, Beacon Interval = 100ms

(5) Associated with AP use ASUS RT-AC66U, DTIM = 3, Beacon Interval = 100ms

(6) Run the following command and measured a current consumed across

the DTIM duration "wlmac_x86 mpc 1"
"wlmac_x86 PM 2"
"wlmac_x86 bcntrim 9"

(7) Host SDIO-1.8V ,JP4 #1 #2

7.6.2 Bluetooth Current consumption

Test Condition

1. The Bluetooth is in test mode run transmit or receive with a specified output power measure current consumption.
2. All results are with the **WLAN OFF(WL_REG_ON=LOW)**
3. All results are run to **take 3 minutes** then record the test **average** and maximum value.

Table 11: Bluetooth Current Consumption

No.	Mode	Packet Type	RF Power (dBm)	VBAT=3.6 V	
				Max.	Avg.
1	Sleep	n/a	n/a	39.8μA	18μA
2	Transmit ^{*(1)}	DH5	9.3	25.3mA	25.1mA
3	Receive ^{*(1)}	3DH5	n/a	11.2mA	11.1mA
4	Transmit ^{*(2)}	LE	8.9	28.1mA	28.0mA
5	Receive	LE	n/a	12.1mA	12.1mA

(1) BlueTool BB_Packet_Length=65535

(2) BlueTool Length_of_Test_Data=37

8 PIN DEFINITIONS

8.1 Base SIP Pin Definitions

Note: PO = Power Output, PI = Power Input, DI = Digital Input, DO = Digital Output, DIO = Bi-directional Digital Port, RF = Bi-directional RF Port, GND = Ground

Table 12: Sterling LWB+ SiP pin Description (453-00083)

Pin No	Name	I/O Type	Voltage Domain	Basic Description
1	GND	GND		Ground.
2	GND	GND		Ground.
3	WL_BT_ANT	RF		WLAN/BT RF TX/RX path.
4	GND	GND		Ground.
5	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
6	BT_WAKE_DEV	DI	VDDIO	HOST wake-up Bluetooth device
7	BT_HOST_WAKE	DO	VDDIO	Bluetooth device to wake-up HOST
8	CLK_REQ	DO	VDDIO	External system clock request—Used when the system clock is not provided by a dedicated crystal (for example, when a shared TCXO is used). Asserted to indicate to the host that the clock is required. Shared by BT, and WLAN.
9	GND	GND		Ground.
10	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
11	VBAT	PI	VBAT	3.2 to 4.8V power pin
12	WL_REG_ON	DI	VDDIO	Used by PMU to power up or power down the internal regulators used by the WLAN section. Also, when de-asserted, this pin holds the WLAN section in reset. This pin has an internal 200k ohm pull down resistor that is enabled by default. It can be disabled through programming.
13	WL_HOST_WAKE (WL_GPIO_0)	DO	VDDIO	WLAN device to wake-up HOST
14	SDIO_DATA_2 (JTAG_TDO)	DIO	VDDIO	SDIO Data Line 2
15	SDIO_DATA_3 (JTAG_TRS TN)	DIO	VDDIO	SDIO Data Line 3
16	SDIO_CMD	DIO	VDDIO	SDIO Command Input
17	SDIO_DATA_0 (JTAG_TMS)	DIO	VDDIO	SDIO Data Line 0
18	SDIO_CLK (JTAG_TCK)	DI	VDDIO	SDIO Clock Input
19	SDIO_DATA_1 (JTAG_TDI)	DIO	VDDIO	SDIO Data Line 1
20	GND	GND		Ground.

Pin No	Name	I/O Type	Voltage Domain	Basic Description
				Internal Buck voltage generation output pin. Note: An external low pass filter with inductor (0603, 2.2uH +/- 20%, DCR<=0.2Ω) and capacitor (Ceramic, X5R, 0402, ESR <30 mΩ at 4 MHz, 4.7 μF ±20%, 10V) is needed. Keep the L-C ground return loop as smaller as possible and feed the voltage to the VIN_LDO pin with trace that rating up to 1.4A.
21	SR_VLX_1	PO	1.4V	
22	VDDIO	PWR	VDDIO	1.8V-3.3V VDDIO supply for WLAN and BT
23	VIN_LDO	PI	1.4V	Power input for internal LDO.
24	32KHZ_OSC_IN	DI	0.2~3.3V	External 32K or RTC clock
25	BT_PCM_OUT	DO	VDDIO	PCM data Out
26	BT_PCM_CLK	DIO	VDDIO	PCM Clock
27	BT_PCM_IN	DI	VDDIO	PCM data Input
28	BT_PCM_SYNC	DO	VDDIO	PCM Synchronization control
29	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
30	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
31	GND	GND		Ground.
32	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
33	GND	GND		Ground.
34	BT_REG_ON	DI	VDDIO	Used by PMU to power up or power down the internal regulators used by the Bluetooth section. Also, when deasserted, this pin holds the Bluetooth section in reset. This pin has an internal 200k ohm pull down resistor that is enabled by default. It can be disabled through programming.
35	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
36	GND	GND		Ground.
37	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
38	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
39	WL_GPIO_2	DIO	VDDIO	PROGRAMMABLE GPIO PIN
40	WL_GPIO_1	DIO	VDDIO	PROGRAMMABLE GPIO PIN
41	BT_UART_TXD	DO	VDDIO	High-Speed UART Data Out
42	BT_UART_RTS_N	DO	VDDIO	High-Speed UART RTS
43	BT_UART_RXD	DI	VDDIO	High-Speed UART Data In
44	BT_UART_CTS_N	DI	VDDIO	High-Speed UART CTS
45	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
46	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.
47	NC	Floating		Floating Pin, No connect to anything.

8.2 MHF® 4 and Chip Antenna Module Pin Definitions

Note: PI = Power Input, DI = Digital Input, DO = Digital Output, DIO = Bi-directional Digital Port, GND = Ground

Table 13: Sterling LWB+ MHF® 4 (453-00084) and chip antenna (453-00085) module pin descriptions

Pin No	Name	I/O Type	Voltage Domain	Description
1	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
2	BT_PCM_SYNC	DIO	VDD_VIO	PCM SYNC; CAN BE MASTER (OUTPUT) OR SLAVE (INPUT)
3	BT_PCM_IN	DI	VDD_VIO	PCM DATA INPUT SENSING
4	BT_PCM_OUT	DO	VDD_VIO	PCM DATA OUTPUT
5	VDD_3V3	PI	VDD_VIO	WIFI AND BLUETOOTH POWER SUPPLY
6	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
7	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
8	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
9	WL_GPIO_2	DIO	VDD_VIO	PROGRAMMABLE GPIO PIN
10	WL_GPIO_1	DIO	VDD_VIO	PROGRAMMABLE GPIO PIN
11	WL_HOST_WAKE (WL_GPIO_0)	DO	VDD_VIO	WLAN device to wake-up HOST
12	WL_REG_ON	DI	VDD_VIO	USED BY PMU TO POWER UP OR POWER DOWN THE INTERNAL REGULATORS USED BY THE WLAN SECTION. Note: When de-asserted, this pin holds the WLAN section in reset. This pin has an internal 200k ohm pull down resistor that is enabled by default. It can be disabled through programming.
13	CLK_REQ	DO	VDD_VIO	External system clock request—Used when the system clock is not provided by a dedicated crystal (for example, when a shared TCXO is used). Asserted to indicate to the host that the clock is required. Shared by BT, and WLAN.
14	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
15	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
16	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
17	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
18	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
19	32KHZ_OSC_IN	DI	VDD_VIO	EXTERNAL SLEEP CLOCK INPUT Note: the clock signal level is accepted from 0.2 to 3.3V
20	VDD_VIO	PI	VDD_VIO	DC SUPPLY FOR I/O

Pin No	Name	I/O Type	Voltage Domain	Description
Note: 1.8V or 3.3V				
21	BT_REG_ON	DI	VDD_VIO	USED BY PMU TO POWER UP OR POWER DOWN THE INTERNAL REGULATORS USED BY THE BLUETOOTH SECTION. Note: When de-asserted, this pin holds the WLAN section in reset. This pin has an internal 200k ohm pull down resistor that is enabled by default. It can be disabled through programming.
22	SDIO_D0 (JTAG_TMS)	DIO	VDD_VIO	SDIO DATA LINE 0
23	SDIO_D1 (JTAG_TDI)	DIO	VDD_VIO	SDIO DATA LINE 1
24	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
25	SDIO_D2 (JTAG_TDO)	DIO	VDD_VIO	SDIO DATA LINE 2
26	SDIO_CMD	DIO	VDD_VIO	SDIO COMMAND LINE
27	SDIO_D3 (JTAG_TRSTN)	DIO	VDD_VIO	SDIO DATA LINE 3
28	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
29	SDIO_CLK (JTAG_TCK)	DIO	VDD_VIO	SDIO CLOCK LINE
30	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
31	BT_UART_RTS_L	DO	VDD_VIO	BT UART REQUEST-TO-SEND
32	BT_UART_CTS_L	DI	VDD_VIO	BT UART CLEAR-TO-SEND
33	BT_UART_TXD	DO	VDD_VIO	BT UART TRANSMIT OUTPUT
34	BT_UART_RXD	DI	VDD_VIO	BT UART RECEIVE INPUT
35	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
36	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
37	NC	Floating	Floating	Floating Pin, No connect to anything
38	BT_PCM_CLK	DIO	VDD_VIO	PCM CLOCK; CAN BE MASTER (OUTPUT) OR SLAVE (INPUT)
39	BT_DEV_WAKE	DI	VDD_VIO	DEV_WAKE OR GENERAL-PURPOSE I/O SIGNAL
40	BT_HOST_WAKE	DO	VDD_VIO	HOST_WAKE OR GENERAL-PURPOSE I/O SIGNAL
41	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
42	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
43	GND	GND	GND	GROUND

Pin No	Name	I/O Type	Voltage Domain	Description
44	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
45	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
46	GND	GND	GND	GROUND
47	GND	GND	GND	GROUND

8.3 M.2 2230, E-key, SDIO/UART module Pin Definitions

Note: PO = Power Output, PI = Power Input, DI = Digital Input, DO = Digital Output, DIO = Bi-directional Digital Port, RF = Bi-directional RF Port, GND = Ground

Table 14: Sterling LWB+ M.2 2230, E-key, SDIO/UART pin Description (453-00141)

Pin #	Name	Type	Voltage Ref.	Function	If Not Used
1	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
2	3.3V	PI	3.3V	DC supply voltage for module.	--
3	USB_D+	DIO	-	NC	NC
4	3.3V	PI	3.3V	DC supply voltage for module.	--
5	USB_D-	DIO	-	NC	NC
6	LED1#	DO	3.3V	NC	NC
7	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
8	PCM_CLK	DIO	1.8V	PCM clock. Can be master (Output) or slave (Input)	NC
9	SDIO CLK	DI	1.8V	SDIO clock input	NC
10	PCM_SYNC	DIO	1.8V	PCM Sync. Can be master (Output) or slave (Input); Or SLIM bus data.	NC
11	SDIO CMD	DIO	1.8V	SDIO command line	NC
12	PCM_OUT	DO	1.8V	PCM data output.	NC
13	SDIO DATA0	DIO	1.8V	SDIO data lin0	NC
14	PCM_IN	DI	1.8V	PCM data input.	NC
15	SDIO DATA1	DIO	1.8V	SDIO data lin1	NC
16	LED2#	DO	3.3V	NC	NC
17	SDIO DATA2	DIO	1.8V	SDIO data lin2	NC
18	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
19	SDIO DATA3	DIO	1.8V	SDIO data lin3	NC
20	UART WAKE#	DO	3.3V	Reserved for BT_HOST_WAKE. Output signal to wake up Host.	NC
21	SDIO WAKE#	DO	1.8V	Reserved for feature support Reserved for WL_HOST_WAKE. Output signal to wake up host.	NC

Pin #	Name	Type	Voltage Ref.	Function	If Not Used
22	UART_TXD	DO	1.8V	Serial data output for the HCI UART interface.	NC
23	SDIO RESET#	DI	1.8V	NC	NC
32	UART_RXD	D	1.8V	Serial data input for the HCI UART interface.	NC
33	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
34	UART_RTS	DO	1.8V	Active-Low request-to-send signal for the HCI UART interface.	NC
35	PERp0	-	-	NC	NC
36	UART_CTS	DI	1.8V	Active-Low clear-to-send signal for the HCI UART interface.	NC
37	PERn0	-	-	NC	NC
38	VENDER DEFINED38	-	-	NC	NC
39	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
40	VENDER DEFINED40	DI	3.3V	Reserved for feature support BT_DEVICE_WAKE. Input signal from Host.	NC
41	PETp0	-	-	No connection for this module	NC
42	VENDER DEFINED42	DI	3.3V	Reserved for feature support Reserved for WL_DEVICE_WAKE. Input from Host to wake up WLAN module.	NC
43	PETn0	-	-	NC	NC
44	COEX3	-	-	NC	NC
45	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
46	COEX2	DIO	1.8V	NC	NC
47	REFCLKp0	-	-	NC	NC
48	COEX1	DIO	1.8V	GPIO 2	NC
49	REFCLKn0	-	-	NC	NC
50	SUSCLK	DI	-	EXTERNAL SLEEP CLOCK INPUT Note: the clock signal level is accepted from 0.2 to 3.3V	--
51	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
52	PERST0#	-	-	NC	NC
53	CLKREQ0#	-	-	NC	NC
54	W_DISABLE2#	DI	3.3V	Enables BT regulators (BT_REG_ON). Internal 10K pull-up to enable BT by default. Ground to disable BT.	NC
55	PEWAKE0#	-	-	NC	NC
56	W_DISABLE1#	DI	3.3 V	Enables WLAN regulators (WL_REG_ON). Internal 10K pull-up to enable WLAN by default. Ground to disable WLAN.	NC

Pin #	Name	Type	Voltage Ref.	Function	If Not Used
57	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
58	I2C DATA	-	-	NC	NC
59	RESERVED	-	-	NC	NC
60	I2C CLK	-	-	NC	NC
61	RESERVED	-	-	NC	NC
62	ALERT#	-	-	NC	NC
63	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
64	RESERVED	-	-	NC	NC
65	RESERVED	-	-	NC	NC
66	UIM_SWP	-	-	NC	NC
67	RESERVED	-	-	NC	NC
68	UIM_POWER_S NK	-	-	NC	NC
69	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
70	UIM_POWER_S RC	-	-	NC	NC
71	RESERVED	-	-	NC	NC
72	3.3V	PI	3.3V	DC supply voltage for module.	--
73	RESERVED	-	-	NC	NC
74	3.3V	PI	3.3V	DC supply voltage for module.	--
75	GND	-	-	Ground	GND

9 POWER STATES

9.1 Module power states

The Sterling-LWB+ WLAN power states are described as follows:

- **Active mode** – All WLAN blocks in the Sterling LWB+ powered up and fully functional with active carrier sensing and frame transmission and receiving. All required regulators are enabled and put in the most efficient mode based on the load current. Clock speeds are dynamically adjusted by the PMU sequencer.
- **Doze mode** – The radio, analog domains, and most of the linear regulators are powered down. The rest of the LWB+ remains powered up in an IDLE state. All main clocks (PLL, crystal oscillator) are shut down to reduce active power to the minimum. The 32.768 kHz LPO clock is available only for the PMU sequencer. This condition is necessary to allow the PMU sequencer to wake up the chip and transition to Active mode. In Doze mode, the primary power consumed is due to leakage current.
- **Deep-sleep mode** – Most of the chip, including analog and digital domains, and most of the regulators are powered off. Logic states in the digital core are saved and preserved to retention memory in the always-on domain before the digital core is powered off. To avoid lengthy hardware re-initialization, the logic states in the digital core are restored to their pre-deep-sleep settings when a wake-up event is triggered by an external interrupt, a host resume through the SDIO bus, or by the PMU timers.
- **Power-down mode** – The LWB+ effectively powered off by shutting down all internal regulators. The chip is brought out of this mode by external logic re-enabling the internal regulators

9.2 MHF® 4 and Chip antenna module pin I/O states

Table 15: Sterling LWB+ MHF4 and Chip Antenna Module Pin I/O States

Pin #	Name	Keeper (b)	Active Mode	Low Power State/Sleep (All Power Present)	Power Down(c) WL_REG_ON = 0 BT_REG_ON = 0	Out of Reset: (VDD_VIO is present)		
						WL_REG_ON=1 BT_REG_ON= any	WL_REG_ON=1 BT_REG_ON = 0	WL_REG_ON = 0 BT_REG_ON = 1
2	BT_PCM_SYNC	Y	Input No Pull (d)	Input No Pull (d)	High-Z No Pull	-	Input,PD	Input,PD
3	BT_PCM_IN	Y	Input No Pull (d)	Input No Pull (d)	High-Z No Pull	-	Input,PD	Input,PD
4	BT_PCM_OUT	Y	Input No Pull (d)	Input No Pull (d)	High-Z No Pull	-	Input,PD	Input,PD
7	WIFI_GPIO_4	Y	TBD	Active Mode	High-Z No Pull (f)	Input,GCI GPIO[1] PU	Active Mode	Input,PU
8	WIFI_GPIO_3	Y	TBD	Active Mode	High-Z No Pull (f)	Input,GCI GPIO[0] PU	Active Mode	Input,PU
9	WIFI_GPIO_2	Y	TBD	Active Mode	High-Z No Pull (f)	Input,GCI GPIO[7] NoPull	Active Mode	Input, Strap, NoPull
10	WIFI_GPIO_1	Y	TBD	Active Mode	High-Z No Pull (f)	Input,PD	Active Mode	Input, Strap, PD
11	WIFI_GPIO_0	Y	TBD	Active Mode	High-Z No Pull (f)	Input,SDIO OOB Int. NoPull	Active Mode	Input,NoPull
12	WL_REG_ON	N	Input; PD (pull-down can be disabled)	Input; PD (pull-down can be disabled)	Input; PD (of 200K)	Input; PD (200K)	Input; PD (200K)	-
13	CLK_REQ	Y	Open drain or push-pull (Active high)	Open drain or push-pull (Active high)	PD	Open drain, (Active high)	Open drain, (Active high)	Open drain, (Active high)
21	BT_REG_ON	N	Input; PD (pull-down can be disabled)	Input; PD (pull-down can be disabled)	Input; PD (of 200K)	Input; PD (200K)	Input; PD (200K)	Input; PD (200K)
22	SDIO_D0	N	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE - > Pull UP	SDIO MODE > No Pull	Input,PU
23	SDIO_D1	N	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE - > Pull UP	SDIO MODE > No Pull	Input,PU
25	SDIO_D2	N	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE - > Pull UP	SDIO MODE > No Pull	Input,PU
26	SDIO_CMD	N	SDIO MODE -> No Pull	SDIO MODE -> No Pull	SDIO MODE -> No Pull	SDIO MODE - > Pull UP	SDIO MODE -> No Pull	Input,PU
27	SDIO_D3	N	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE - > Pull UP	SDIO MODE > No Pull	Input,PU
29	SDIO_CLK	N	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	SDIO MODE - > No Pull	SDIO MODE > No Pull	Input
31	BT_UART_RTS_L	Y	Output: No Pull	Output: No Pull	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input: PU	Output: NoPull

Pin #	Name	Keeper (b)	Active Mode	Low Power State/Sleep (All Power Present)	Power Down(c) WL_REG_ON = 0 BT_REG_ON = 0	Out of Reset: (VDD_VIO is present)		
						WL_REG_ON=1 BT_REG_ON=any	WL_REG_ON=1 BT_REG_ON=0	WL_REG_ON=1 BT_REG_ON=1
32	BT_UART_CTS_L	Y	Input: NoPull	Input: No Pull	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input: PU	Input: NoPull
33	BT_UART_TXD	Y	Output: No Pull	Output: No Pull	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input: PU	Output: NoPull
34	BT_UART_RXD	Y	Input:PU	Input: No Pull	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input: PU	Input: NoPull
35	BT_I2S_CLK	Y	Input: No Pull (e)	Input: No Pull (e)	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input, PD	Output: Drive Low
36	BT_I2S_D0	Y	Input: No Pull (e)	Input: No Pull (e)	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input, PD	Input, PD
37	BT_I2S_WS	Y	Input: No Pull (e)	Input: No Pull (e)	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input, PD	Input, PD
38	BT_PCM_CLK	Y	Input No Pull(d)	Input No Pull(d)	High-Z No Pull	-	Input, PD	Input, PD
39	BT_DEV_WAKE	Y	I/O: PU,PD, No Pull (Programmable)	I/O: PU,PD, No Pull (Programmable)	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input, PD	Input, PD
40	BT_HOST_WAKE	Y	I/O: PU,PD, No Pull (Programmable)	I/O: PU,PD, No Pull (Programmable)	High-Z, No Pull	-	Input, PD	Output, Drive Low

The following notations are used:

- I: Input signal
- O: Output signal
- I/O: Input/Output signal
- PU = Pulled up
- PD = Pulled down
- No Pull = Neither pulled up nor pulled down

Notes:

4. PU = pulled up, PD = pulled down.
5. N = pad has no keeper. Y = pad has a keeper. Keeper is always active except in the power-down state. If there is no keeper, and it is an input and there is NoPull, then the pad should be driven to prevent leakage due to floating pad, for example, SDIO_CLK.
6. In the Power-down state (xx_REG_ON = 0): High-Z; NoPull => The pad is disabled because power is not supplied.
7. Depending on whether the PCM interface is enabled and the configuration is master or slave mode, it can be either an output or input.
8. Depending on whether the I2S interface is enabled, and configuration is master or slave mode, it can be either an input or output.
9. The GPIO pull states for the active and low-power states are hardware defaults. They can all be subsequently programmed as a pull-up or pull-down.
10. Strap state enables Serial Wire Debugging.

10 CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR REQUIREMENT

Table 16: Crystal Oscillator Specification

32.768 KHz Oscillator	
Frequency Accuracy	200 ppm
Duty Cycle	30% – 70%
Input Signal Amplitude	200-3300 mV, peak-peak
Signal Type	Square or Sine Wave
Clock Jitter	<10,000 ppm

IMPORTANT: A 32.768 KHz crystal is required for the module to be functional. The module will not boot without this crystal.

11 POWER-ON SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAMS

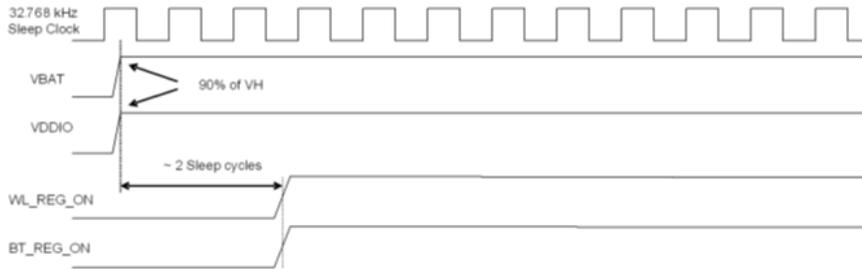


Figure 9: WLAN = ON, Bluetooth = ON

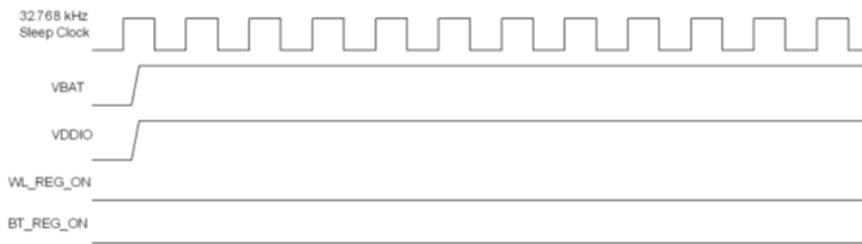


Figure 10: WLAN = OFF, Bluetooth = OFF

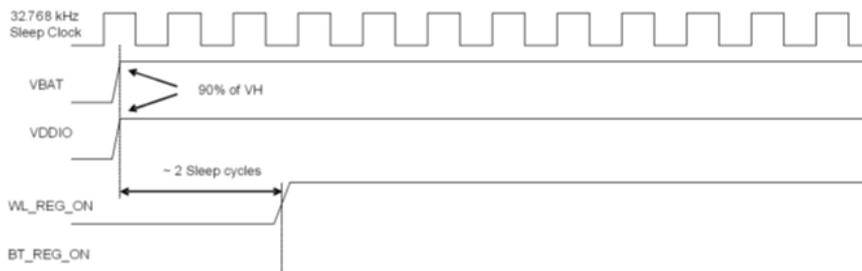


Figure 11: WLAN = ON, Bluetooth = OFF

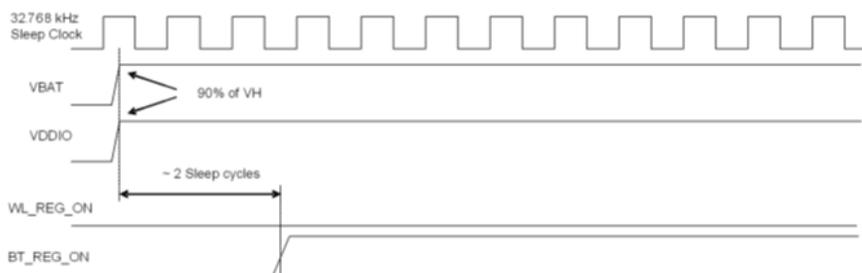


Figure 12: WLAN = OFF, Bluetooth = ON

Note: For both the WL_REG_ON and BT_REG_ON pins, there should be at least a 10ms time delay between consecutive toggles (where both signals have been driven low). This allows time for the CBUCK regulator to discharge. If this delay is not followed, then there may be a VDDIO in-rush current on the order of 36 mA during the next PMU cold start.

12 HOST INTERFACE

12.1 WLAN SDIO interface

The Sterling LWB+ module WLAN section supports SDIO version 2.0. for both 1-bit (25 Mbps) and 4-bit modes (100 Mbps), as well as high speed 4-bit mode (50 MHz clocks—200 Mbps).

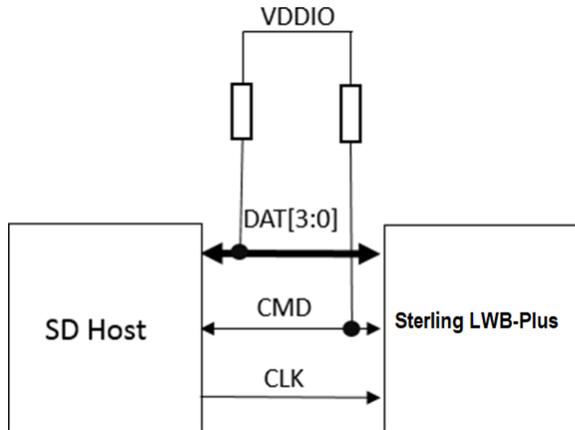


Figure 13: Signal connections to SDIO host (SD 4-bit mode)

Note: Pull-ups (10K to 100K) are required on data and CMD lines. This is required during all operating states by either external resistors or through pull-ups on the host device.

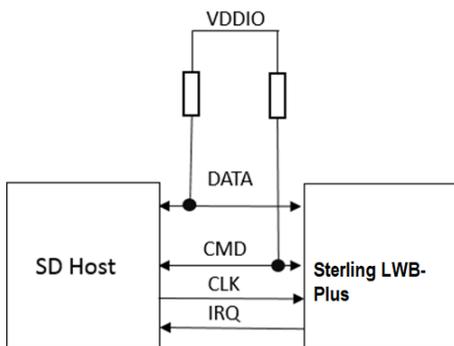


Figure 14: Signal connections to SDIO host (SD 1-bit mode)

Note: Pull-ups (10K to 100K) are required on data and CMD lines. This is required during all operating states by either external resistors or through pull-ups on the host device.

12.2 Bluetooth UART interface

The Sterling LWB+ uses a single UART for Bluetooth. The UART is a standard 4-wire interface (RX, TX, RTS, and CTS) with adjustable baud rates from 9600 bps to 4.0 Mbps. The interface features an automatic baud rate detection capability that returns a baud rate selection. The baud rate may be selected through a vendor specific UART HCI command to a value other than the default rate of 115.2 kbps.

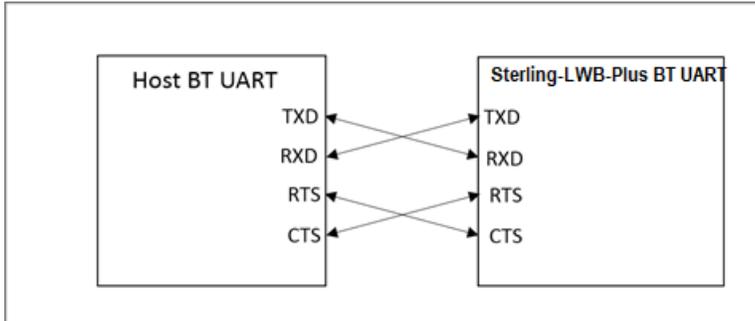


Figure 15: UART connection from Sterling-LWB to host

13 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

13.1 Base SIP Module Footprint

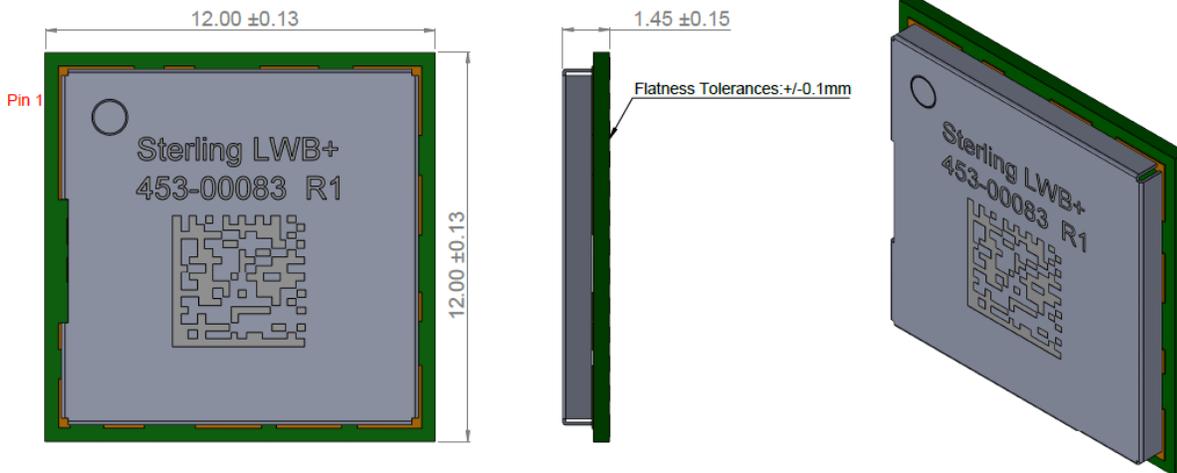


Figure 16: Sterling LWB+ base SiP module dimension

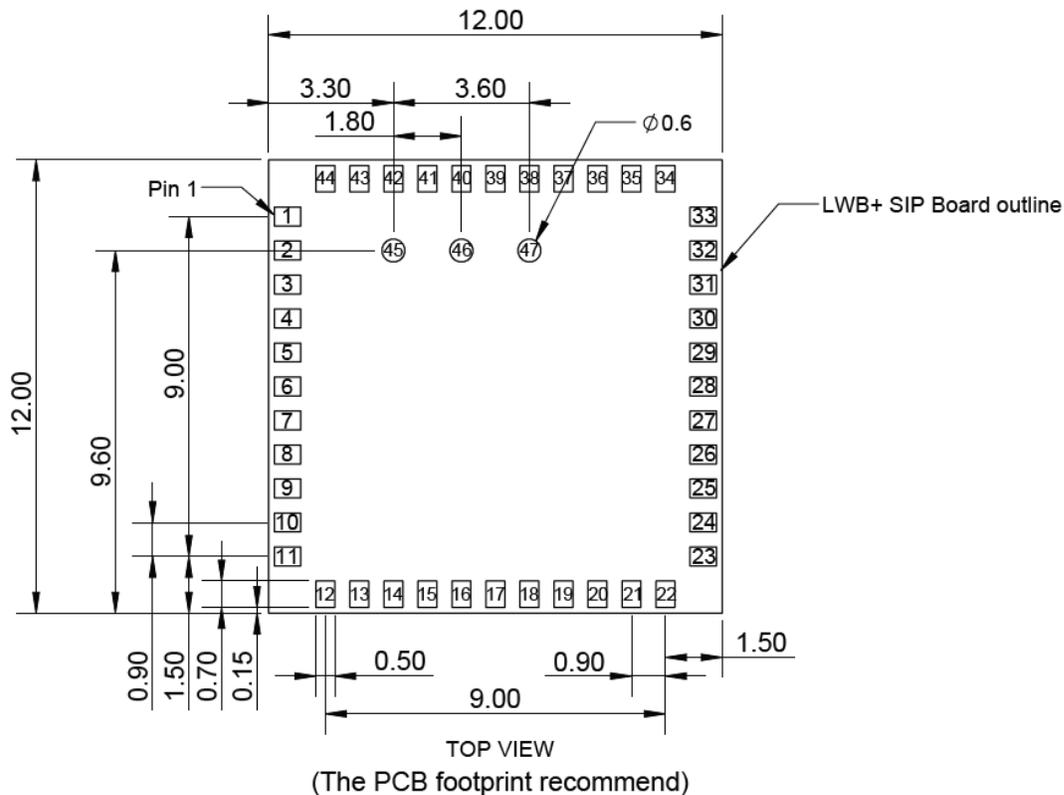


Figure 17: Sterling LWB+ base SiP module pinout (top view)

13.2 MHF®4 and Chip Antenna module footprint

Note that the following footprint and pin definitions apply to the Sterling LWB+ MHF® 4 and Chip Antenna variants of the module (453-00084). There are two module footprints depending on which variant of the module is being used, so it is important to make certain you are using the correct version on your design.



Figure 18: Sterling LWB+ MHF® 4 and chip antenna module dimension

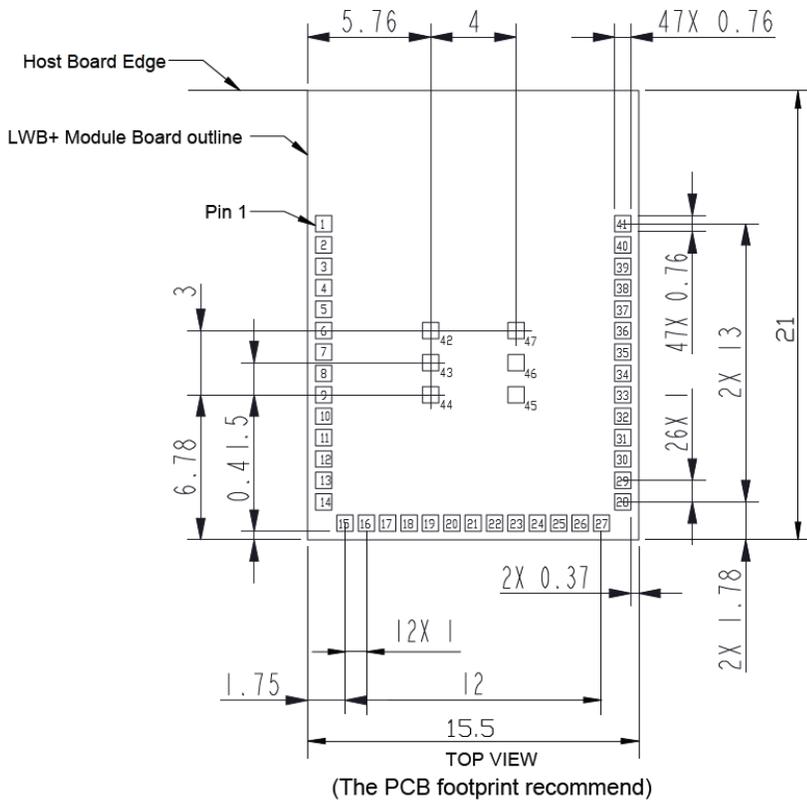


Figure 19: Sterling LWB+ MHF® 4 and chip antenna module pinout (top view)

13.3 M.2 2230, E-key, SDIO/UART module drawing.

The following drawing shows the dimension of the M.2 2230, E-key, SDIO/UART module variant.

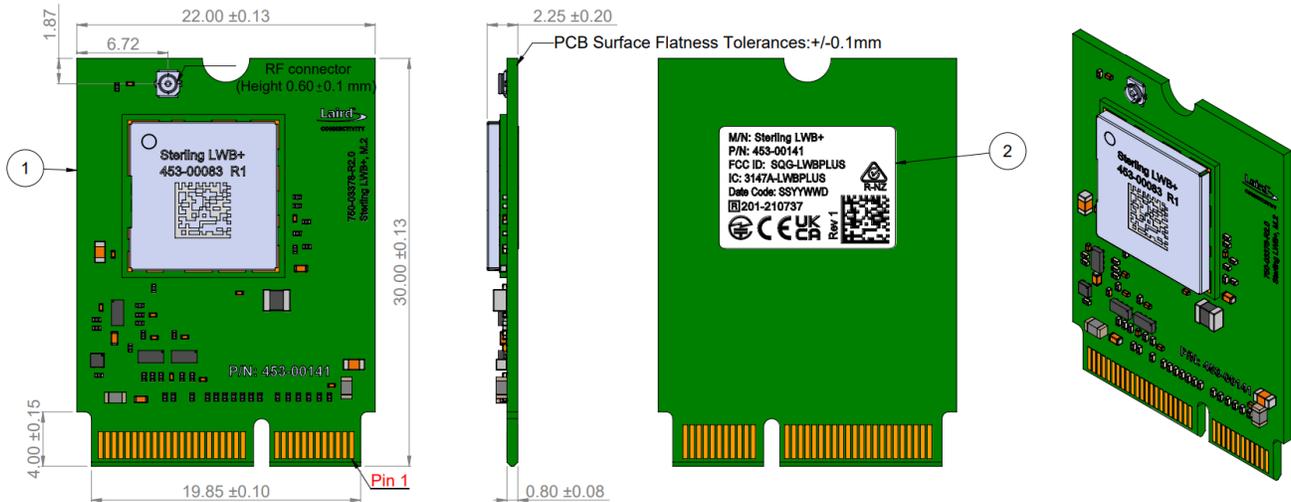


Figure 19: Sterling LWB+ M.2 2230, E-key, SDIO/UART module dimension

13.4

14 SOLDERING RECOMMENDATIONS

14.1 Reflow for lead Free Solder Paste

- Optimal solder reflow profile depends on solder paste properties and should be optimized as part of an overall process development.
- It is important to provide a solder reflow profile that matches the solder paste supplier's recommendations.
- Temperature ranges beyond that of the solder paste supplier's recommendation could result in poor solderability.
- All solder paste suppliers recommend an ideal reflow profile to give the best solderability.

14.2 Recommended Reflow Profile for lead Free Solder Paste

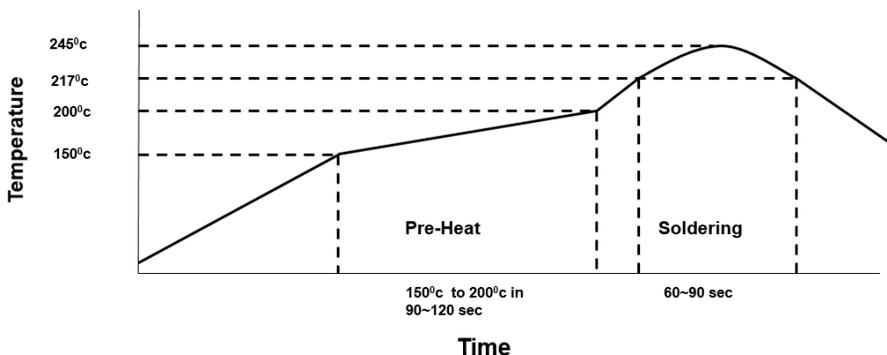


Figure 20: Recommended Reflow Profile

15 Wi-Fi / BLUETOOTH MAC ID

For the Sterling LWB+, the Wi-Fi MAC ID and Bluetooth MAC ID is preprogrammed during production for each module. The Bluetooth MAC ID is the Wi-Fi MAC ID plus one and Wi-Fi MAC ID is shown in the barcode on the shielding can.

Table 17: Example MAC ID assignments

	Wi-Fi MAC ID	Bluetooth MAC ID
Module 1	C0EE40B00000	C0EE40B00001
Module 2	C0EE40B00002	C0EE40B00003
Module 3	C0EE40B00004	C0EE40B00005
Module 4	C0EE40B00006	C0EE40B00007

16 MISCELLANEOUS

16.1 Cleaning

In general, cleaning the populated modules is strongly discouraged. Residuals under the module cannot be easily removed with any cleaning process.

- Cleaning with water can lead to capillary effects where water is absorbed into the gap between the host board and the module. The combination of soldering flux residuals and encapsulated water could lead to short circuits between neighboring pads. Water could also damage any stickers or labels.
- Cleaning with alcohol or a similar organic solvent will likely flood soldering flux residuals into the RF shield, which is not accessible for post-washing inspection. The solvent could also damage any stickers or labels.
- Ultrasonic cleaning could damage the module permanently

16.2 Rework

The Sterling LWB+ module can be unsoldered from the host board if the Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) requirements are met as described in this datasheet.

Never attempt a rework on the module itself, e.g. replacing individual components. Such actions terminate warranty coverage.

16.3 Handling and Storage

16.3.1 Handling

The Sterling LWB+ modules contain a highly sensitive electronic circuitry. Handling without proper ESD protection may damage the module permanently

16.3.2 Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)

The Sterling-LWB+ SIP and SMT modules are MSL level 4.

Per J-STD-020, devices rated as MSL 4 and not stored in a sealed bag with desiccant pack should be baked prior to use.

Devices are packaged in a Moisture Barrier Bag with a desiccant pack and Humidity Indicator Card (HIC). Devices that will be subjected to reflow should reference the HIC and J-STD-033 to determine if baking is required.

If baking is required, refer to J-STD-033 for bake procedure.

16.3.3 Storage

Per J-STD-033, the shelf life of devices in a Moisture Barrier Bag is 12 months at <40C and <90% room humidity (RH).

Do not store in salty air or in an environment with a high concentration of corrosive gas, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, or NO_x. Do not store in direct sunlight.

The product should not be subject to excessive mechanical shock.

16.3.4 Repeated Reflow Soldering

Only a single reflow soldering process is encouraged for host boards.

17 REGULATORY

Note: For complete regulatory information, refer to the Sterling LWB+ Regulatory Information document which is also available from the [Sterling LWB+ product page](#).

The Sterling LWB+ holds current certifications in the following countries:

Country/Region	Regulatory ID
USA (FCC)	SQG-LWBPLUS
EU	N/A
Canada (ISED)	3147A-LWBPLUS
Japan (MIC)	201-210737
Australia	N/A
New Zealand	N/A

17.1 FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Country Code selection feature to be disabled for products marketed to the US/CANADA

Integration instructions for host product manufacturers

Applicable FCC rules to module

FCC Part 15.247

Summarize the specific operational use conditions

The module is must be installed in mobile device.

This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

- 1) The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and
- 2) The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna
- 3) For all products market in US, OEM has to limit the operation channels in CH1 to CH11 for 2.4G band

by supplied firmware programming tool. OEM shall not supply any tool or info to the end-user regarding to Regulatory Domain change.

As long as 3 conditions above are met, further transmitter test will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

IMPORTANT NOTE: In the event that these conditions can not be met (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID can not be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization. The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module.

The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

Limited module procedures

Not applicable

Trace antenna designs

Not applicable

RF exposure considerations

20 cm separation distance and co-located issue shall be met as mentioned in "Summarize the specific operational use conditions".

Product manufacturer shall provide below text in end-product manual

"This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body."

Antennas

Ant. No.	Manufacturer	Laird Part Number	Model	Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	Laird	001-0001	2.4GHz Dipole Antenna	Dipole	RP-SMA	2
2	Laird	001-0022	FlexPIFA	PIFA	IPEX MHF4L	2.5
3	Laird	001-0023	FlexnNotch	PCB Dipole	IPEX MHF4L	2
4	Laird	EFA2455A3S-12MH4L	mFlexPIFA	PIFA	IPEX MHF4L	2
5	Laird	001-0012	Waterproof Dipole Antenna	Dipole	RP-SMA	2
6	Laird	TRAB24003P	Phantom 800MHz - 5.8GHz	Monopole	N-female	3
7	ACX	AT3216-A2R4PAAT/LF	Chip Antenna	Chip Antenna	-	1.5

Figure 21 List of certified antennas for FCC

Label and Compliance Information

Product manufacturers need to provide a physical or e-label stating
"Contains FCC ID: SQG-LWBPLUS" with finished product

Information on Test Modes and Additional Testing Requirements

Test tool: Infineon wl tool and HCI commands shall be used to set the module to transmit continuously.

Additional Testing, Part 15 Subpart B Disclaimer

The module is only FCC authorized for the specific rule parts listed on the grant, and that the host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification. The final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed

17.2 IC Statement

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause interference
- (2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- (1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
 (2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

(For transmitters equipped with detachable antennas)

This radio transmitter [IC: 3147A-LWBPLUS] has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Le présent émetteur radio [IC: 3147A-LWBPLUS] a été approuvé par Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, et dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué pour tout type figurant sur la liste, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

Ant. No.	Manufacturer	Laird Part Number	Model	Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	Laird	001-0001	2.4GHz Dipole Antenna	Dipole	RP-SMA	2
2	Laird	001-0022	FlexPIFA	PIFA	IPEX MHF4L	2.5
3	Laird	001-0023	FlexnNotch	PCB Dipole	IPEX MHF4L	2
4	Laird	EFA2455A3S-12MH4L	mFlexPIFA	PIFA	IPEX MHF4L	2
5	Laird	001-0012	Waterproof Dipole Antenna	Dipole	RP-SMA	2
6	Laird	TRAB24003P	Phantom 800MHz - 5.8GHz	Monopole	N-female	3
7	ACX	AT3216-A2R4PAAT/LF	Chip Antenna	Chip Antenna	-	1.5

Figure 22 List of certified antennas for IC

17.3 Professional installation instruction

Please be advised that due to the unique function supplied by this product, the device is intended for use with our interactive entertainment software and licensed third-party only. The product will be distributed through controlled distribution channel and installed by trained professional and will not be sold directly to the general public through retail store.

1. Installation personal

This product is designed for specific application and needs to be installed by a qualified personal who has RF and related rule knowledge. The general user shall not attempt to install or change the setting.

2. Installation location

The product shall be installed at a location where the radiating antenna can be kept **40cm** from nearby person in normal operation condition to meet regulatory RF exposure requirement.

3. External antenna

Use only the antennas which have been approved by **the applicant**. The non-approved antenna(s) may produce unwanted spurious or excessive RF transmitting power which may lead to the violation of **FCC/IC** limit and is prohibited.

4. Installation procedure

Please refer to user's manual for the detail.

5. Warning

Please carefully select the installation position and make sure that the final output power does not exceed the limit set force in **relevant rules**. The violation of the rule could lead to serious federal penalty.

17.4 Instructions d'installation professionnelle

Veillez noter que l'appareil étant dédié à une fonction unique, il doit être utilisé avec notre logiciel propriétaire de divertissement interactif. Ce produit sera proposé par un réseau de distribution contrôlé et installé par des professionnels; il ne sera pas proposé au grand public par le réseau de la grande distribution.

1. Installation

Ce produit est destiné à un usage spécifique et doit être installé par un personnel qualifié maîtrisant les radiofréquences et les règles s'y rapportant. L'installation et les réglages ne doivent pas être modifiés par l'utilisateur final.

2. Emplacement d'installation

En usage normal, afin de respecter les exigences réglementaires concernant l'exposition aux radiofréquences, ce produit doit être installé de façon à respecter une distance de **40 cm** entre l'antenne émettrice et les personnes.

3. Antenne externe.

Utiliser uniquement les antennes approuvées par le fabricant. L'utilisation d'autres antennes peut conduire à un niveau de rayonnement essentiel ou non essentiel dépassant les niveaux limites définis par FCC/IC, ce qui est interdit.

4. Procédure d'installation

Consulter le manuel d'utilisation.

5. Avertissement

Choisir avec soin la position d'installation et s'assurer que la puissance de sortie ne dépasse pas les limites en vigueur. La violation de cette règle peut conduire à de sérieuses pénalités fédérales.

18 ORDERING INFORMATION

Table 18: Orderable Sterling-LWB+ part numbers

Order Number	Description
453-00083C	Module, Sterling-LWB+, SIP, Cut Tape
453-00083R	Module, Sterling-LWB+, SIP, Tape and Reel
453-00084C	Module, Sterling-LWB+, MHF4, Cut Tape
453-00084R	Module, Sterling-LWB+, MHF4, Tape and Reel
453-00085C	Module, Sterling-LWB+, Chip Antenna, Cut Tape
453-00085R	Module, Sterling-LWB+, Chip Antenna, Tape and Reel
453-00141	Module, Sterling LWB+, M.2, Key E, SDIO, UART
453-00084-K1	Development Kit, Sterling-LWB+, MHF4
453-00085-K1	Development Kit, Sterling-LWB+, Chip Antenna

Table 19: Module accessories

	Order Number	Description
	001-0014	2.4 GHz FlexPIFA antenna
	001-0015	2.4 GHz FlexNotch antenna
	001-0030	2.4 GHz Metal FlexPIFA antenna with U.FL cable, 100 mm

19 BLUETOOTH SIG QUALIFICATION

19.1 Overview

The Sterling LWB+ module is listed on the Bluetooth SIG website as a qualified Controller Subsystem.

Design Name	Owner	Declaration ID	Model Number	Link to listing on the SIG website
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00083R	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00083C	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00084R	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00084C	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637

Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00085R	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00085C	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00084-K1	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00085-K1	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637
Sterling LWB+	Laird	D056404	453-00141	https://launchstudio.bluetooth.com/ListingDetails/142637

It is a mandatory requirement of the Bluetooth Special Interest Group (SIG) that every product implementing Bluetooth technology has a Declaration ID. Every Bluetooth design is required to go through the qualification process, even when referencing a Bluetooth Design that already has its own Declaration ID. The Qualification Process requires each company to register as a member of the Bluetooth SIG – www.bluetooth.org

The following is a link to the Bluetooth Registration page: <https://www.bluetooth.org/login/register/>

For each Bluetooth Design, it is necessary to purchase a Declaration ID. This can be done before starting the new qualification, either through invoicing or credit card payment. The fees for the Declaration ID will depend on your membership status, please refer to the following webpage:

<https://www.bluetooth.org/en-us/test-qualification/qualification-overview/fees>

For a detailed procedure of how to obtain a new Declaration ID for your design, please refer to the following SIG document, (login is required to view this document):

https://www.bluetooth.org/DocMan/handlers/DownloadDoc.ashx?doc_id=283698&vId=317486

19.2 Qualification Steps When Referencing a Laird Connectivity Controller Subsystem Design

To qualify your product when referencing a Laird Connectivity Controller Subsystem design, follow these steps:

1. To start a listing, go to: https://www.bluetooth.org/tpg/QLI_SDoc.cfm

Note: A username and password are required to access this site.

2. In step 1, select the option, New Listing and Reference a Qualified Design.
3. Enter 99404 in the Controller Subsystem table entry.
4. Enter your complimentary Host Subsystem and optional Profile Subsystem QDID in the table entry.
5. Select your pre-paid Declaration ID from the drop-down menu or go to the Purchase Declaration ID page.

Note: Unless the Declaration ID is pre-paid or purchased with a credit card, you cannot proceed until the SIG invoice is paid.

6. Once all the relevant sections of step 1 are finished, complete steps 2, 3, and 4 as described in the help document accessible from the site.

Your new design will be listed on the SIG website and you can print your Certificate and DoC.

For further information please refer to the following training material:

<https://www.bluetooth.org/en-us/test-qualification/qualification-overview/listing-process-updates>

If you require assistance with the qualification process please contact our recommended Bluetooth Qualification Expert (BQE), Steve Flooks, steve.flooks@eurexuk.com.

20 ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE

Please contact your local sales representative or our support team for further assistance:

Laird Connectivity

Support Centre: <https://www.lairdconnect.com/resources/support>

Email: wireless.support@lairdconnectivity.com

Phone: Americas: +1-800-492-2320

Europe: +44-1628-858-940

Hong Kong: +852 2923 0610

Web: <https://www.lairdconnect.com/products>

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