REPORT NO: 06U10233-2B DATE: JUNE 14, 2006

EUT: BROADCOM 802.11 ag /DRAFT 802.11n WIRELESS LAN PCI-E MINI CARD

FCC IC: QDS-BRCM1022

7.3.2. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS	FOR MAXIMUM P	ERMISSIBLE EXP	OSURE (MPE)	
Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	strength strength		Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	//Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	614 1842/f 61.4	1.63 4.89/f 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	posure	
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 300–1500	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500	30 30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

^{* =} Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their

employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occu-

pational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

CALCULATIONS

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = 100 * d (m)

yields

 $d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

 $P(mW) = 10 ^ (P(dBm) / 10)$ and

 $G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$

yields

 $d = 0.282 * 10 ^ (P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$

Rearranging terms to calculate the power density at a specific distance yields

$$S = 0.0795 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 10) / (d^2)$$

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LIMITS

From $\S1.1310$ Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm²

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Mode	MPE	Output	Output	Total	Antenna	Power
	Distance	Power	Power	Power	Gain	Density
	(cm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/cm^2)
20 MHz TX BANDWIDTH	20.0	17.22	17.34	20.29	7.44	0.06
40 MHz TX BANDWIDTH	20.0	15.53	15.83	18.69	7.44	0.04

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.