

MPE Calculations

R33AVMHTC11

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1.0 SCOPE:

This Report Demonstrates Evaluation and Compliance for Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields as Outlined by the Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin 65.

2.0 **REVISION LEVEL:**

DATE	COMMENTS	REVISION
4/25/2005	Created.	1.0

3.0 REFERANCE DOCUMENTS:

- (A) Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE). Code of Federal Regulations Title 47, Volume 1, Sections 1.1310
- (B) Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE). Code of Federal Regulations Title 47, Volume 1, Sections 2.1093
- (C) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields. OET Bulletin 67 Edition 97-01.

4.0 CALCULATIONS:

The following worst case emissions are based on a PPt (Peak Power Total) measurement of 9.10 dBm into the antenna. And the worst case antenna gain on axis is found to be 0.0 dBi.

Total power into antenna: A) Pt = 9.10 dBm = 10^(9.10 dBm/10) = 8.12 mW

Total effective isotropic radiated power at the Transmitter:

B) EIRP = 9.10 dBm + 0.0dBi = 9.10 dBm

10.4 dBm = 8.12 mW

Power density at a distance of 20 centimeters is:

C)
$$S = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi R^2} = 1.6 \ \mu W/cm^2$$

Where $S = Power density (mW/cm^2)$, EIRP = Equivalent isotropic radiated power (mW), R = Distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (cm)

5.0 CONCLUSION:

Based on the FCC Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) given in Table 1 of reference document (A) as 1 mW/cm² this device falls under the required limits.