TEST REPORT

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-31-285-0894 FAX: 82-505-299-8311 www.kctl.co.kr	Report No.: KR22-SRF0137 Page (1) of (27)	eurofins | KCTL

1. Client

- Name : SUPREMA INC
- Address : 17F-5, Parkview officetower,, 248, Jeongjail-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do 13554 Korea (Republic Of)
- Date of Receipt : 2022-07-26

2. Use of Report : Certification

3. Name of Product / Model : BioEntry W2 / BEW2-OAPB

4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin : SUPREMA INC / Korea

5. FCC ID : TKWBEW2-OAPB2

6. IC Certificate No. : 23080-BEW2OAPB2

7. Date of Test : 2022-08-22 to 2022-09-01

8. Location of Test : ■ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing
(Address:65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)

9. Test method used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.225
RSS-210 Issue 10 April 2020
RSS-Gen Issue 5 February 2021

10. Test Result : Refer to the test result in the test report

	Tested by	Technical Manager
Affirmation	Name : Eunseong Lim (Signature)	Name : Heesu Ahn (Signature)

2022-09-23

Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.

REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2022-09-23	Originally issued	-

General remarks for test reports

Statement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests

(may be required by the product standard or client)

☐ **Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty has been established:**

Procedure number, issue date and title:

Calculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.

☒ **Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing**

CONTENTS

1. General information

Client	:	SUPREMA INC
Address	:	17F-5, Parkview officetower,, 248, Jeongjail-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do 13554 Korea (Republic Of)
Manufacturer	:	SUPREMA INC
Address	:	17F-5, Parkview officetower,, 248, Jeongjail-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do 13554 Korea (Republic Of)
Laboratory	:	Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.
Address	:	65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea
Accreditations	:	FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132
		VCCI Registration No. : R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056
		CAB Identifier: KR0040, ISED Number: 8035A
		KOLAS No.: KT231

2. Device information

Equipment under test	:	BioEntry W2
Model	:	BEW2-OAPB
Derivative model	:	BEW2-ODPB, BEW2-OHPB, BC-LRE-BFI, HON-FIN4000AC-100K, ARD-FPBEW2-H2, ARD-FPBEW2-H3
Frequency range	:	13.56 ㎒ (NFC)
		125 ㎑ (RFID)
		2 402 ㎒ ~ 2 480 ㎒ (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Modulation technique	:	ASK (NFC,RFID), GFSK (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Number of channels	:	40 ch (Bluetooth Low Energy), 1 ch (NFC, RFID)
Power source	:	DC 12 ㅿ, PoE 48 ㅿ
Antenna specification	:	PCB Loop antenna (NFC)
		Coil antenna (RFID)
		PCB antenna (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Antenna gain	:	3 ㏈i (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Software version	:	V1.7
Hardware version	:	V1.2
Operation temperature	:	-20 ℃ ~ 50 ℃

2.1. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
N/A	-	-	-	-

2.2. Information about derivative model

The difference between basic model and derivative models is:

Basic model	Derivative model	Difference
BEW2-OAPB	BEW2-ODPB	Removed SAM IC
	BEW2-OHPB	Removed SAM IC, add HID s/w license.
	BC-LRE-BFI, HON-FIN4000AC-100K, ARD-FPBEW2-H2, ARD-FPBEW2-H3	BEW2-OAPB with customer's mark & label

All models are made up by same H/W, F/W and compared with basic mode, the difference described as above. Each models are the same functionality except for the SAM function. The SAM IC operation is activated / deactivated by registering the model name.

2.3. Frequency/channel operations

This device contains the following capabilities:
NFC, RFID(125 ㎑), Bluetooth Low Energy

Frequency (㎒)
13.56

Table 2.3.1. NFC mode

3. Antenna requirement

Requirement of FCC part section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in ㏈i) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.
For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).
When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.
Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in ㏈i) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

-The transmitter has permanently attached PCB Loop antenna (internal antenna) on board.

4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule reference	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.225(a)	RSS-210 B.6 (Ⅰ)	In-band Fundamental Emission	Radiated	Pass
15.225(b), (c)	RSS-210 B.6 (Ⅱ), (Ⅲ)	In-band Spurious Emission		Pass
15.225(d) 15.209	RSS-210 B.6 (Ⅳ) RSS-Gen Issue 9 (8.9)	Out-of–band Spurious Emission		Pass
15.225(e)	RSS-210 B.6 (b)	Frequency Stability Tolerance	Conducted	Pass
15.215(c)	-	20 ㏈ Bandwidth		Pass
-	RSS-Gen Issue 5 (6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth		Pass
15.207(a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5 (8.8)	AC Conducted emissions		Pass

Notes: (N/T: Not Tested, N/A: Not Applicable)

1. All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
2. These tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.
3. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y, Z It was determined that **Y** orientation was worst-case orientation. Therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **Y** orientation
4. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
   - ANSI C63.10-2013
5. The radiated test was performed with and without passive tag. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
   - Worst Case : Without passive tag

5. Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

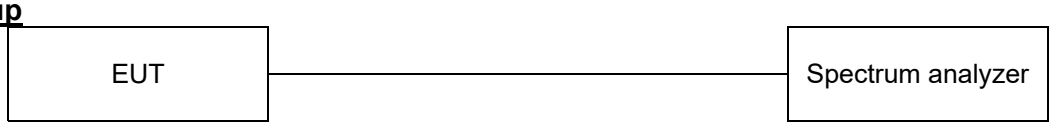
All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded uncertainty (±)	
Radiated spurious emissions	9 ㎑ ~ 30 ㎒:	2.4 ㏈
	30 ㎒ ~ 300 ㎒	2.3 ㏈
	300 ㎒ ~ 1 000 ㎒	5.6 ㏈
Conducted emissions	9 ㎑ ~ 150 ㎑	1.6 ㏈
	150 ㎑ ~ 30 ㎒	1.7 ㏈

6. Test results

6.1. 20 dB Bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.215(c) Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

According to RSS-Gen Issue 5 (6.7) The emission bandwidth (x dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal. Spectral density (power per unit bandwidth) is to be measured with a detector of resolution bandwidth in the range of 1% to 5% of the anticipated emission bandwidth, and a video bandwidth at least 3x the resolution bandwidth.
When the occupied bandwidth limit is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference measurement method, the transmitted signal bandwidth shall be reported as the 99% emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.9.2

Test settings

The occupied bandwidth is measured as the width of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, at an amplitude level reduced from a reference value by a specified ratio (or in decibels, a specified number of dB down from the reference value). Typical ratios, expressed in dB, are −6 dB, −20 dB, and −26 dB, corresponding to 6 dB BW, 20 dB BW, and 26 dB BW, respectively. In this subclause, the ratio is designated by "−xx dB." The reference value is either the level of the unmodulated carrier or the highest level of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, as stated by the applicable requirement. Some requirements might specify a specific maximum or minimum value for the "−xx dB" bandwidth; other requirements might specify that the "−xx dB" bandwidth be entirely contained within the authorized or designated frequency band.

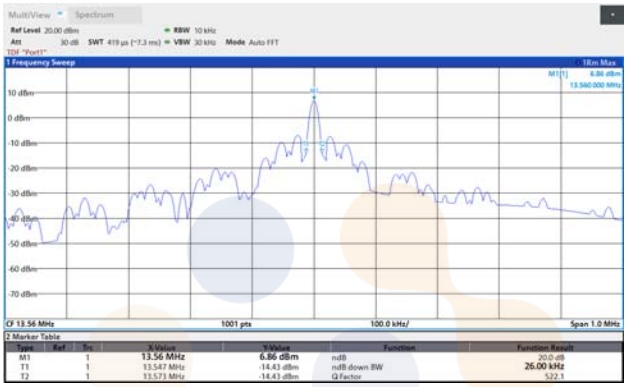
a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
b) Span: Two times and five times the OBW.
c) RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
d) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation.
e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target "−xx dB down" requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the −20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.
f) Detector: peak
g) Trace mode: max hold.
h) Allow the trace to stabilize.
i) Determine the "−xx dB down amplitude" using ((reference value) − xx). Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
j) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j)
k) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the "−xx dB down amplitude" determined in step h). If a marker is below this "−xx dB down amplitude" value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the "−xx dB down amplitude" determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.

Test results

[DC 12 V]

Frequency [㎒]	20 dB Bandwidth [㎒]		Limit [㎒]	20 dB Bandwidth [㎑]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) [㎑]
13.56	Lowest Frequency	13.547 000	13.110 000	26.00	148.77
	Highest Frequency	13.573 000	14.010 000		

20 dB Bandwidth



Occupied Bandwidth

Note:

Because the measured signal is CW/CW-like, adjusting the RBW per C63.10 would not be practical since measured bandwidth will always follow the RBW and the result will be approximately twice the RBW

[PoE 48 V]

Frequency [㎒]	20 dB Bandwidth [㎒]		Limit [㎒]	20 dB Bandwidth [㎑]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 % BW) [㎑]
13.56	Lowest Frequency	13.570 000	13.110 000	25.00	168.11
	Highest Frequency	13.572 000	14.010 000		

20 dB Bandwidth

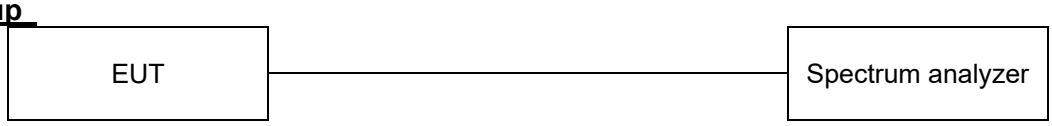
Occupied Bandwidth

Note:

Because the measured signal is CW/CW-like, adjusting the RBW per C63.10 would not be practical since measured bandwidth will always follow the RBW and the result will be approximately twice the RBW

6.2. Frequency tolerance

Test setup



Limit

According to §15.225 (e), RSS-210 B.6.(b) The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within ±0.01 % of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of −20 degrees to +50 degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85 % to 115 % of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.8.1

Test results

[DC 12 V]

Voltage	Voltage	TEMP	Maintaining time	Measure frequency	Frequency deviation	Deviation
[%]	[V]	[℃]		[㎐]	[㎐]	[%]
100	12.00	20	Startup	13 559 775	225.0	-0.001 66
			2 minutes	13 560 010	-10.0	0.000 07
			5 minutes	13 559 958	42.0	-0.000 31
			10 minutes	13 560 051	-51.0	0.000 38
		-20	Startup	13 558 928	1 072.0	-0.007 91
			2 minutes	13 558 887	1 113.0	-0.008 21
			5 minutes	13 559 158	842.0	-0.006 21
			10 minutes	13 558 901	1 099.0	-0.008 11
		-10	Startup	13 559 232	768.0	-0.005 66
			2 minutes	13 559 245	755.0	-0.005 57
			5 minutes	13 559 322	678.0	-0.005 00
			10 minutes	13 559 513	487.0	-0.003 59
		0	Startup	13 559 763	237.0	-0.001 75
			2 minutes	13 559 742	258.0	-0.001 90
			5 minutes	13 559 901	99.0	-0.000 73
			10 minutes	13 559 938	62.0	-0.000 46
		10	Startup	13 559 989	11.0	-0.000 08
			2 minutes	13 559 913	87.0	-0.000 64
			5 minutes	13 559 936	64.0	-0.000 47
			10 minutes	13 559 958	42.0	-0.000 31
		25	Startup	13 559 875	125.0	-0.000 92
			2 minutes	13 559 841	159.0	-0.001 17
			5 minutes	13 559 961	39.0	-0.000 29
			10 minutes	13 559 968	32.0	-0.000 24
		30	Startup	13 559 685	315.0	-0.002 32
			2 minutes	13 559 788	212.0	-0.001 56
			5 minutes	13 559 653	347.0	-0.002 56
			10 minutes	13 559 731	269.0	-0.001 98
		40	Startup	13 559 838	162.0	-0.001 20
			2 minutes	13 559 766	234.0	-0.001 73
			5 minutes	13 559 654	346.0	-0.002 55
			10 minutes	13 559 735	265.0	-0.001 95
		50	Startup	13 560 123	-123.0	0.000 91
			2 minutes	13 560 087	-87.0	0.000 64
			5 minutes	13 560 323	-323.0	0.002 38
			10 minutes	13 560 141	-141.0	0.001 04
85	10.20	20	Startup	13 559 922	78.0	-0.000 58
			2 minutes	13 559 817	183.0	-0.001 35
			5 minutes	13 559 435	565.0	-0.004 17
			10 minutes	13 559 155	845.0	-0.006 23
115	13.80	20	Startup	13 559 936	64.0	-0.000 47
			2 minutes	13 559 808	192.0	-0.001 42
			5 minutes	13 559 354	646.0	-0.004 76
			10 minutes	13 559 766	234.0	-0.001 73

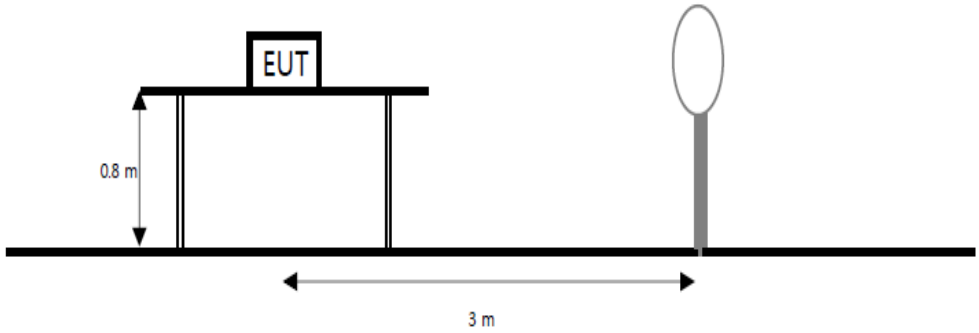
[PoE 48 V]

Voltage	Voltage	TEMP	Maintaining time	Measure frequency	Frequency deviation	Deviation
[%]	[V]	[℃]		[㎐]	[㎐]	[%]
100	48.00	20(Ref.)	Startup	13 559 722	278.0	-0.002 05
			2 minutes	13 559 957	43.0	-0.000 32
			5 minutes	13 559 905	95.0	-0.000 70
			10 minutes	13 559 998	2.0	-0.000 02
		-20	Startup	13 559 040	960.0	-0.007 08
			2 minutes	13 558 999	1 001.0	-0.007 38
			5 minutes	13 559 270	730.0	-0.005 38
			10 minutes	13 559 013	987.0	-0.007 28
		-10	Startup	13 559 344	656.0	-0.004 84
			2 minutes	13 559 357	643.0	-0.004 74
			5 minutes	13 559 434	566.0	-0.004 17
			10 minutes	13 559 625	375.0	-0.002 77
		0	Startup	13 559 710	290.0	-0.002 14
			2 minutes	13 559 689	311.0	-0.002 29
			5 minutes	13 559 848	152.0	-0.001 12
			10 minutes	13 559 885	115.0	-0.000 85
		10	Startup	13 559 936	64.0	-0.000 47
			2 minutes	13 559 860	140.0	-0.001 03
			5 minutes	13 559 883	117.0	-0.000 86
			10 minutes	13 559 905	95.0	-0.000 70
		25	Startup	13 559 822	178.0	-0.001 31
			2 minutes	13 559 788	212.0	-0.001 56
			5 minutes	13 559 908	92.0	-0.000 68
			10 minutes	13 559 915	85.0	-0.000 63
		30	Startup	13 559 632	368.0	-0.002 71
			2 minutes	13 559 735	265.0	-0.001 95
			5 minutes	13 559 600	400.0	-0.002 95
			10 minutes	13 559 678	322.0	-0.002 38
		40	Startup	13 559 785	215.0	-0.001 59
			2 minutes	13 559 713	287.0	-0.002 12
			5 minutes	13 559 601	399.0	-0.002 94
			10 minutes	13 559 682	318.0	-0.002 35
		50	Startup	13 560 070	-70.0	0.000 52
			2 minutes	13 560 034	-34.0	0.000 25
			5 minutes	13 560 270	-270.0	0.001 99
			10 minutes	13 560 088	-88.0	0.000 65
85	40.80	20	Startup	13 559 869	131.0	-0.000 97
			2 minutes	13 559 764	236.0	-0.001 74
			5 minutes	13 559 382	618.0	-0.004 56
			10 minutes	13 559 102	898.0	-0.006 62
115	55.20	20	Startup	13 559 883	117.0	-0.000 86
			2 minutes	13 559 755	245.0	-0.001 81
			5 minutes	13 559 301	699.0	-0.005 16
			10 minutes	13 559 713	287.0	-0.002 12

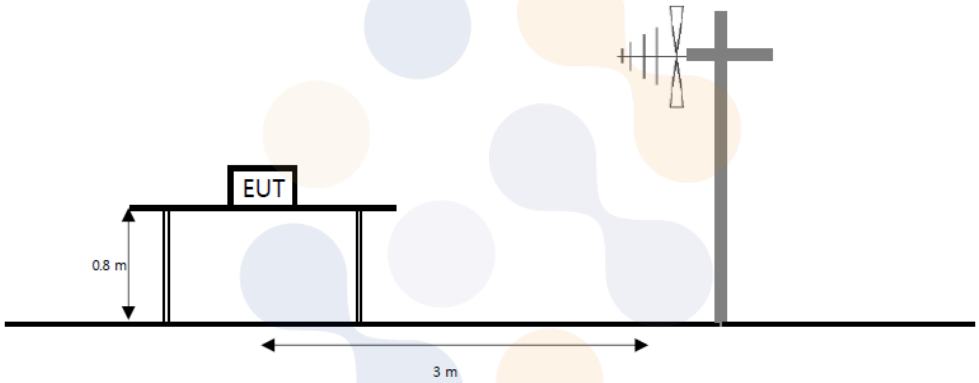
6.3. Radiated spurious emissions

Test setup

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ Emissions



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 ㎒ to 1 ㎓ emissions.



Limit

15.225 (a), RSS-210 B.6.(a).(ⅰ) The field strength of any emission within the band 13.553-13.567 ㎒ shall not exceed 15, 848 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

15.225 (b), RSS-210 B.6.(a).(ⅱ) With in the bands 13.410-13.553 ㎒ and 13.567-13.710 ㎒, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 334 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

15.225 (c), RSS-210 B.6 (a).(ⅲ) With in the bands 13.110-13.410 ㎒ and 13.710-14.010 ㎒, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 106 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.

15.225 (d), RSS-210 B.6.(a).(ⅳ) RSS-Gen Issue 9 (8.9) The Field Strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110-14.010 ㎒ band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in 15.209.

Frequency (㎒)	Field Strength (㎶/m)	Measurement distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(㎑)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(㎑)	30
1.705-30.0	30(29.54 dB㎶/m)	30
30.0-88.0	100(40 dB㎶/m)	3
88-216	150(43.5 dB㎶/m)	3
216-960	200 (46 dB㎶/m)	3
Above 960	500 (53.98 dB㎶/m)	3

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10-2013 - Section 6.4, 6.5

Test settings

1. Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
2. RBW = as specified in table
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Detector = peak
5. Sweep time = auto couple
6. Trace mode = max hold
7. Trace was allowed to stabilize

Table. RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 ㎑ to 150 ㎑	200 ㎐ to 300 ㎐
0.15 ㎒ to 30 ㎒	9 ㎑ to 10 ㎑
30 ㎒ to 1 000 ㎒	100 ㎑ to 120 ㎑
> 1 000 ㎒	1 ㎒

Notes:

1. *f* <30 ㎒, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40\log(D_m/Ds)$
   f ≥30 ㎒, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 20\log(D_m/Ds)$
   Where:
   F_d= Distance factor in dB
   D_m= Measurement distance in meters
   D_s= Specification distance in meters
2. Measurements were performed at 3m and the data was extrapolated to the specified measurement distance of 30m using the square of an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) as specified in § 15.31(f)(2). Extrapolation Factor = 40 log10(30/3) = 40 dB.
3. (dB) = Antenna factor(dB/m) + Cable loss(dB) + or Amp. gain(dB) + or F_d(dB)
4. Result = Reading + Cable loss + Amp gain + Ant. factor - Distance factor
5. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
6. All measurements were recorded using a spectrum analyzer employing a quasi-peak detector.
7. Below 30 ㎒ frequency range, all orientations about parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel were investigated then reported and the worse orientations of Face-on and Face-off were set for final test.
8. Face-on = Parallel, Face-off = Perpendicular

[DC 12 V]

Test results for fundamental

15.225 (a) 13.553-13.567 ㎒

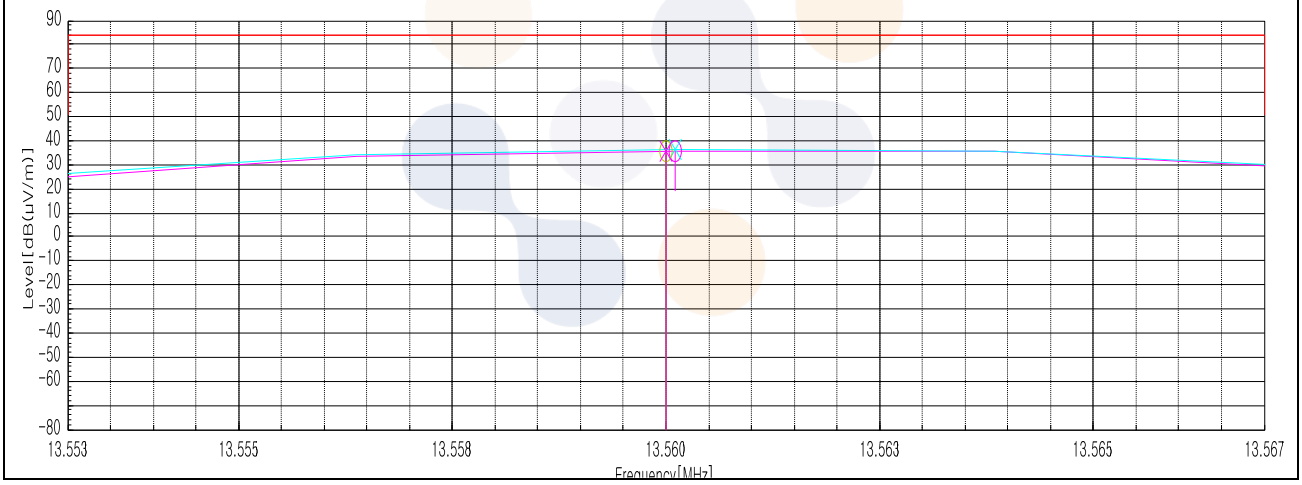
[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.56	86.10	20.31	-31.13	40.00	35.28	84.00	48.72

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.56	86.20	20.31	-31.13	40.00	35.38	84.00	48.62

Face-on/Face-off



Test results for in-band & out-band (9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒)

15.225 (b,c) 13.110-14.010 ㎒

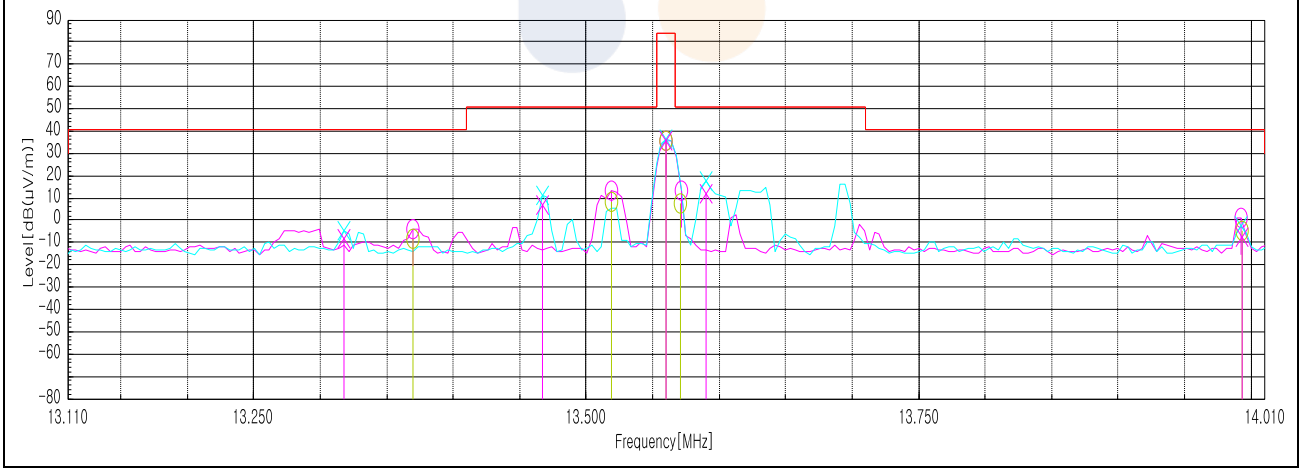
[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.37	42.60	20.30	-31.14	40.00	-8.24	40.50	48.74
13.52	58.80	20.31	-31.13	40.00	7.98	50.50	42.52
13.57	58.10	20.31	-31.13	40.00	7.28	50.50	43.22
13.99	46.10	20.34	-31.14	40.00	-4.70	40.50	45.20

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.32	42.20	20.30	-31.14	40.00	-8.64	40.50	49.14
13.47	57.30	20.31	-31.13	40.00	6.48	50.50	44.02
13.59	62.40	20.32	-31.13	40.00	11.59	50.50	38.91
13.99	43.20	20.34	-31.14	40.00	-7.60	40.50	48.10

Face-on/Face-off



Note. The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209 (a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X KHz resulted in a level of Y dBuV/m, which is equivalent to Y-51.5 = Z dBuA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to the 15.209(a) limit.

Test results (9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒)

15.225 (d) 0.009-30 ㎒

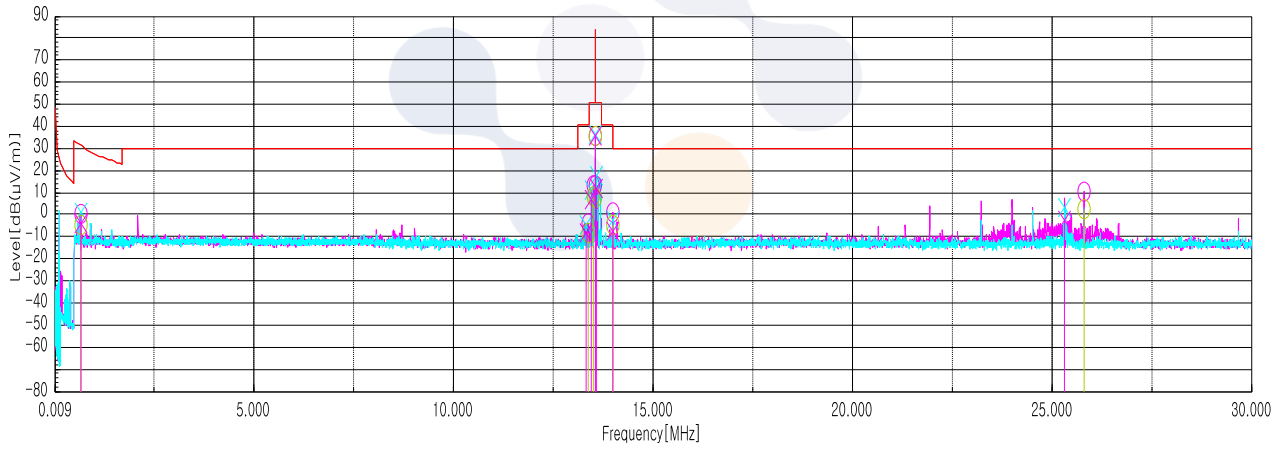
[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
0.65	47.60	19.93	-32.21	40.00	-4.68	32.50	37.18
25.81	52.20	19.93	-32.21	40.00	-4.08	29.50	33.58

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
0.65	48.20	20.87	-30.54	40.00	2.53	32.50	29.97
25.33	46.60	20.95	-30.55	40.00	-3.00	29.50	32.50

Face-on/Face-off



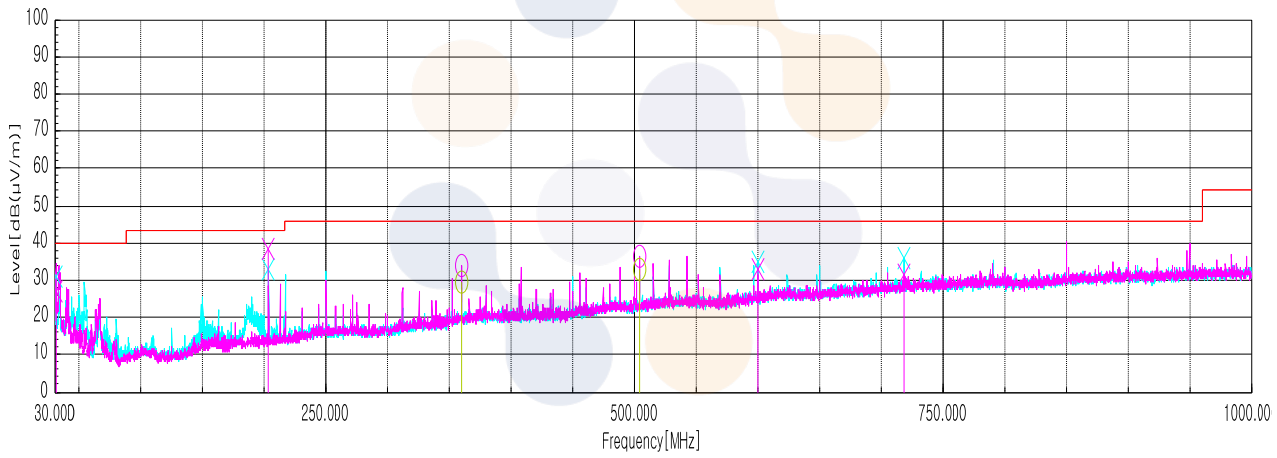
Note. The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209 (a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X KHz resulted in a level of Y dBuV/m, which is equivalent to Y-51.5 = Z dBuA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to the 15.209(a) limit.

Test results (Below 1 000 ㎒)

15.225 (d) 30-1 000 ㎒

Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(V/H)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data								
30.97	V	34.10	22.71	-29.70	-	27.11	40.00	12.89
203.39	V	48.20	16.60	-26.26	-	38.54	43.50	4.96
360.04	H	31.10	22.40	-24.24	-	29.26	46.00	16.74
503.97	H	31.20	24.58	-22.76	-	33.02	46.00	12.98
600.00	V	28.50	26.40	-21.86	-	33.04	46.00	12.96
718.70	V	23.40	28.37	-20.49	-	31.28	46.00	14.72

Horizontal/Vertical



[PoE 48 V]

Test results for fundamental

15.225 (a) 13.553-13.567 ㎒

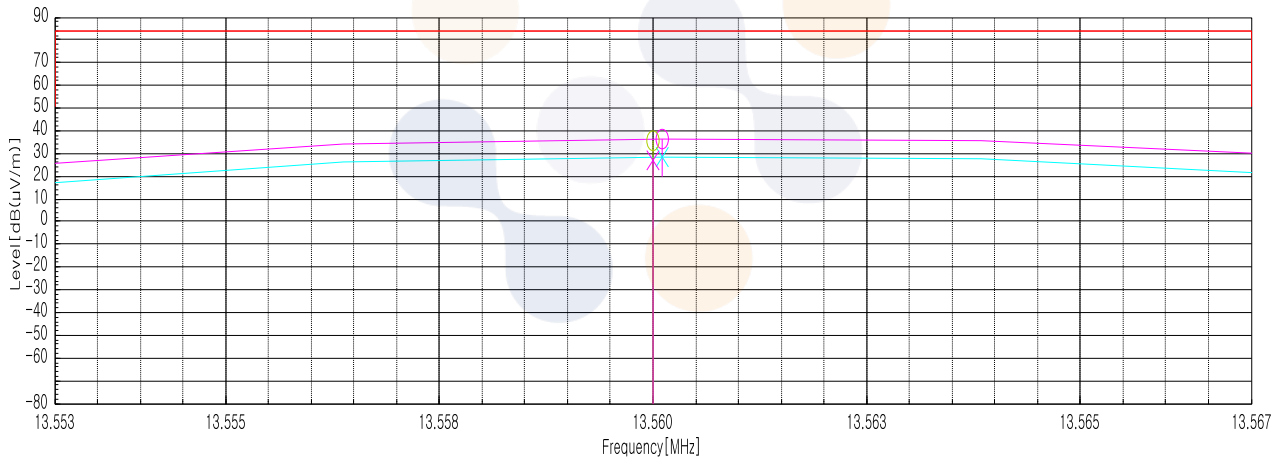
[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.56	86.10	20.31	-31.13	40.00	35.28	84.00	48.72

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.56	77.90	20.31	-31.13	40.00	27.08	84.00	56.92

Face-on/Face-off



Test results for in-band & out-band (9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒)

15.225 (b,c) 13.110-14.010 ㎒

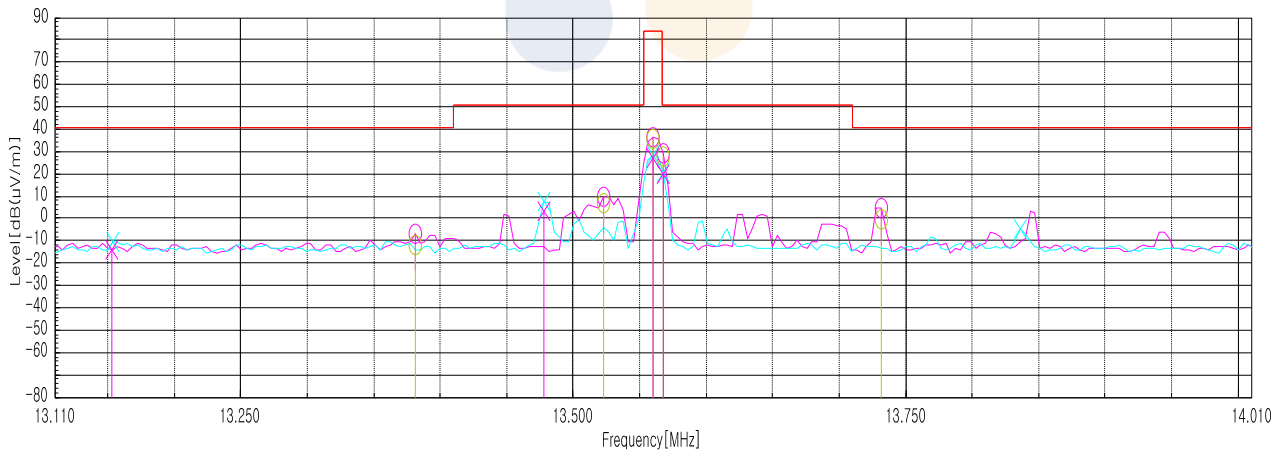
[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.38	38.70	20.30	-31.14	40.00	-12.14	40.50	52.64
13.52	57.20	20.31	-31.13	40.00	6.38	50.50	44.12
13.57	78.30	20.31	-31.13	40.00	27.48	50.50	23.02
13.73	50.20	20.32	-31.13	40.00	-0.61	40.50	41.11

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
13.15	36.50	20.29	-31.16	40.00	-14.37	40.50	54.87
13.48	53.60	20.31	-31.13	40.00	2.78	50.50	47.72
13.57	70.20	20.31	-31.13	40.00	19.38	50.50	31.12
13.84	40.20	20.33	-31.14	40.00	-10.61	40.50	51.11

Face-on/Face-off



Note. The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209 (a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X KHz resulted in a level of Y dBuV/m, which is equivalent to Y-51.5 = Z dBuA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to the 15.209(a) limit.

Test results (9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒)

15.225 (d) 0.009-30 ㎒

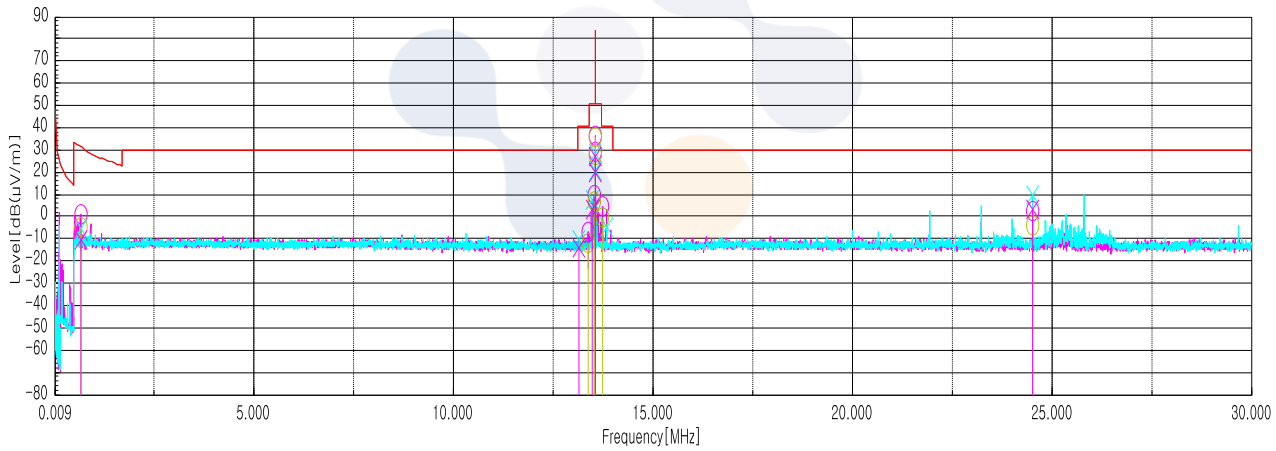
[Face-on]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
0.65	47.50	19.93	-32.21	40.00	-4.78	32.50	37.28
24.52	45.10	19.93	-32.21	40.00	-11.08	29.50	40.58

[Face-off]

Frequency	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data							
0.65	41.20	20.97	-30.60	40.00	-4.53	32.50	37.03
24.52	52.60	20.97	-30.60	40.00	2.97	29.50	26.53

Face-on/Face-off



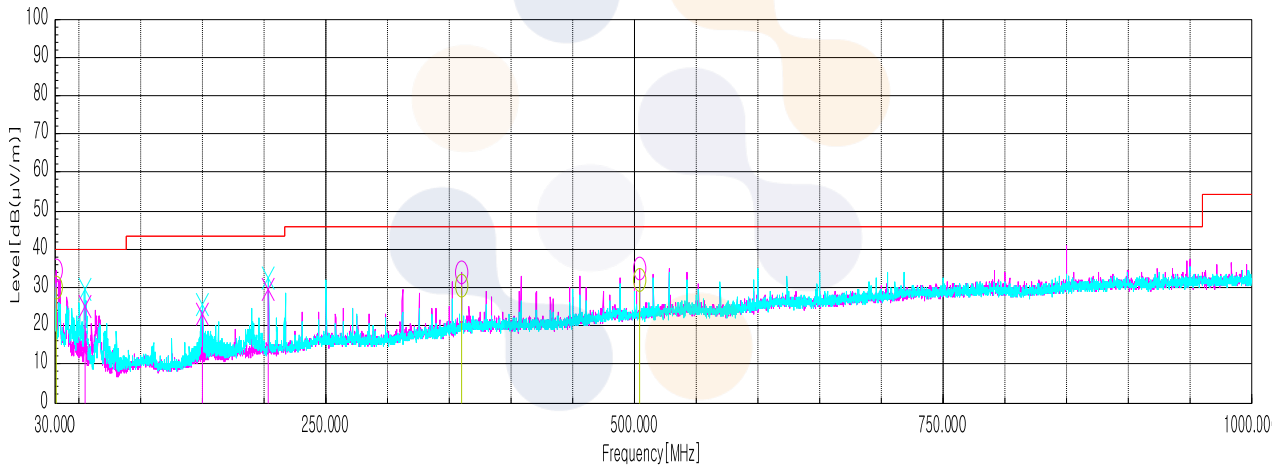
Note. The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209 (a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X KHz resulted in a level of Y dBuV/m, which is equivalent to Y-51.5 = Z dBuA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to the 15.209(a) limit.

Test results (Below 1 000 ㎒)

15.225 (d) 30-1000 ㎒

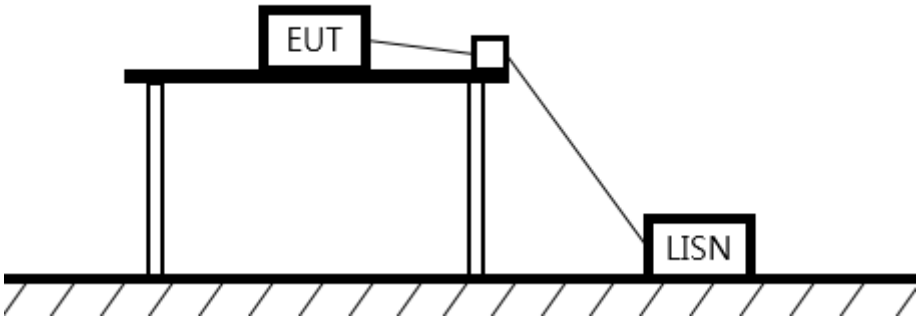
Frequency	Pol.	Reading	Antenna Factor	Amp. + Cable	Distance Factor	Result	Limit	Margin
(㎒)	(V/H)	(dB(㎶))	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB(㎶/m))	(dB)
Quasi peak data								
30.97	H	37.10	22.71	-29.70	-	30.11	40.00	9.89
54.25	V	40.20	13.65	-29.07	-	24.78	40.00	15.22
150.04[1)]	V	34.80	15.30	-27.04	-	23.06	43.50	20.44
203.39	V	39.10	16.60	-26.26	-	29.44	43.50	14.06
360.04	H	32.20	22.40	-24.24	-	30.36	46.00	15.64
503.97	H	30.00	24.58	-22.76	-	31.82	46.00	14.18

Horizontal/Vertical



6.4. AC Conducted emission

Test setup



Limit

According to 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen(8.8), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

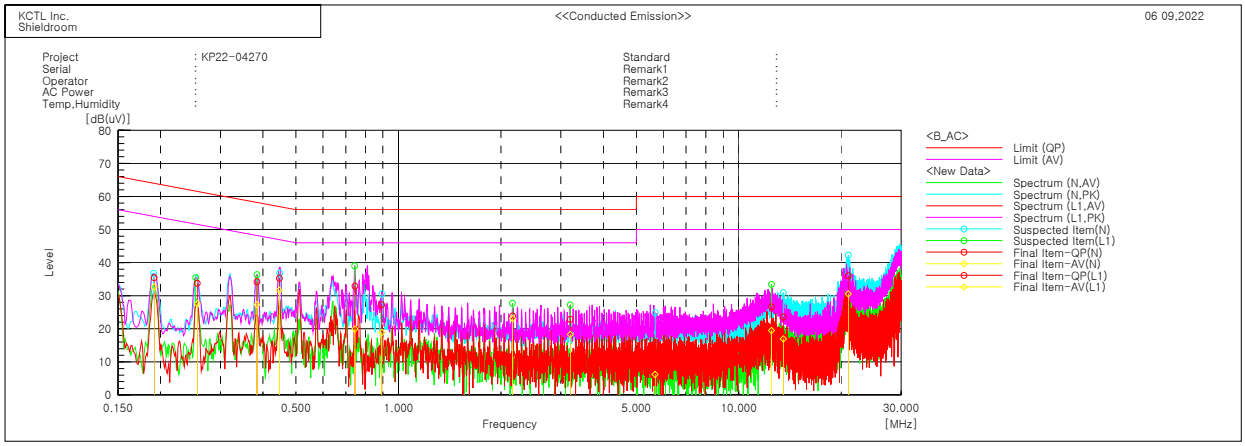
Frequency of Emission (㎒)	Conducted limit (dB㎶/m)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*
0.50 – 5.00	56	46
5.00 – 30.0	60	50

Measurement procedure

1. The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 ㎝ in which is located 40 ㎝ away from the vertical wall and 1.5m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
2. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a 50Ω/50μH LISN, which is an input transducer to a spectrum analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
3. Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
4. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 ㎒ to 30 ㎒.
5. The measurements were made with the detector set to peak amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 ㎑ or to quasi-peak and average within a bandwidth of 9 ㎑. The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

Test results

[PoE 48 V]



Final Result

--- N Phase ---

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.19147	25.6	22.8	9.9	35.5	32.7	64.0	54.0	28.5	21.3
2	0.44678	25.5	21.9	9.8	35.3	31.7	56.9	46.9	21.6	15.2
3	0.89345	17.6	9.2	9.7	27.3	18.9	56.0	46.0	28.7	27.1
4	5.67905	1.3	-3.5	9.7	11.0	6.2	60.0	50.0	49.0	43.8
5	13.52283	13.8	7.2	9.8	23.6	17.0	60.0	50.0	36.4	33.0
6	20.99278	26.2	20.6	9.9	36.1	30.5	60.0	50.0	23.9	19.5

--- L1 Phase ---

No.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	Reading CAV [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB]	Result QP [dB(uV)]	Result CAV [dB(uV)]	Limit QP [dB(uV)]	Limit AV [dB(uV)]	Margin QP [dB]	Margin CAV [dB]
1	0.25627	24.2	18.0	9.6	33.8	27.6	61.6	51.6	27.8	24.0
2	0.38402	24.5	17.6	9.7	34.2	27.3	58.2	48.2	24.0	20.9
3	0.74541	23.2	10.2	9.7	32.9	19.9	56.0	46.0	23.1	26.1
4	2.16582	14.3	13.5	9.6	23.9	23.1	56.0	46.0	32.1	22.9
5	3.19614	13.3	8.7	9.6	22.9	18.3	56.0	46.0	33.1	27.7
6	12.48632	16.8	9.7	9.8	26.6	19.5	60.0	50.0	33.4	30.5

7. Measurement equipment

Equipment Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI7	100732	23.01.19
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	55545	24.04.27
AMPLIFIER	SONOMA	310N	284608	22.08.19
ATTENUATOR	KEYSIGHT	8491B-6dB	MY39271060	24.04.27
ISOLATION TRANSFORMER	ONETECH CO., LTD	OT-IT500VA	OTR1-16026	23.03.28
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100355	24.08.10
TEMP. & HUMIDITY TEST CHAMBER	HANYOUNG NUX	HY-LTH2	A33-080910	22.12.21
Signal & Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV3030	1330.5000K30-101710-Wt	23.08.10
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	176206	23.01.19
DC Power Supply	AGILENT	E3632A	MY40007371	23.05.02
Antenna Mast	Innco Systems	MA4000-EP	303	-
Turn Table	Innco Systems	CO3000	1175/45850319/P	-

End of test report