

ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

LAPTOP

ISSUED TO E&S INTERNATIONAL ENTERPRISES, INC.

7801 HAYVENHURST AVE. VAN NUYS, CA 91406





Report No.:

BL-SZ2140809-603

EUT Name:

LAPTOP

Model Name:

GWTN141-10 (refer section 2.4)

Brand Name: Gateway

Test Standard:

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

(refer section 3.1)

FCC ID: 2AYPE-GWTN141-TLKA

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Apr. 26, 2021 ~ May 10, 2021

Date of Issue:

Jun. 30, 2021

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Revision History

Version Rev. 01

Issue Date

<u>Jun. 30, 2021</u>

Revisions Content

Initial Issue

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1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

7111110411011 01 the 1400policible 100thing =00411011		
Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.	
Addross	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,	
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China	
Accreditation	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a	
Certificate	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.	
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are	
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe	
Description	Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R.	
	China 518055	

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative	45% to 55%
Humidity	4376 10 3376
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa

1.4Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v6.4.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (7) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	E&S INTERNATIONAL ENTERPRISES, INC.
Address	7801 HAYVENHURST AVE. VAN NUYS, CA 91406

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	E&S INTERNATIONAL ENTERPRISES, INC.
Address	7801 HAYVENHURST AVE. VAN NUYS, CA 91406

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	HUNAN GREATWALL COMPUTER SYSTEM CO., LTD
Address	Tianyi Science and Technology Town, Xiangyun Road, Tianyuan
Address	District, Zhuzhou, Hunan, P.R. China

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	LAPTOP
Model Name Under Test	GWTN141-10
	GWTN141-10BK, GWTN141-10BL, GWTN141-10PR, GWTN141-
Series Model Name	10GR, GWTN141-10**
	(* can be 0-9, a-z, A-Z)
Description of Model	
name differentiation	Only with different shell colors.
Hardware Version	N14TRB110
Software Version	20H1
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A



2.5 Technical Information

Network and Wireless	WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11ac and 802.11ax
connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

quirement for the following technical information of the EOT was tested in this report.		
		802.11b/g/n/ax(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz
		f_c = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where
		- f _c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,
Croqueney.	Dange	- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.
Frequency	Range	802.11n/ax(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz
		f _c = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where
		- f _c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,
		- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 3 to 9.
Modulation	Туре	DSSS, OFDM
		Mobile
Product Typ	oe .	☐ Portable
,		Fix Location
		Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) for 802.11n
Antenna Sy	, <u> </u>	Basic methodology with <i>NANT</i> transmit antennas, each with the
MIMO, Sma	art Antenna)	same directional gain <i>GANT</i> dBi for 802.11b/g
Categorizat	ion as	3
_	or Completely	Categorization as Correlated
Uncorrelate	•	
Antenna	Main Antenna	
Type	Aux. Antenna	PIFA Antenna
Antenna	Main Antenna	2.5 dBi (In test items related to antenna gain, the final results
Gain	Aux. Antenna	reflect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)
Gairi	For power	Tellect this figure. This value is provided by the applicant.)
		2.5 dBi
	spectral	Formulas: Directional gain = GANT + Array Gain, <i>Array Gain</i> = 10
	density(PSD)	log(NANT/NSS) dB. NSS =2, GANT set equal to the gain of the
	measurement	antenna having the highest gain.
-	S	0.E.4D:
	For power measurement	2.5 dBi
Total		Formulas: Directional gain = GANT + Array Gain, <i>Array Gain</i> = 0,
directiona	S	GANT set equal to the gain of the antenna having the highest
I gain		gain.
	For	
	Conducted	2.5 dBi
	Out-of-Band	Formulas: Directional gain = GANT + Array Gain, <i>Array Gain</i> = 10
	and Spurious	log(NANT/NSS) dB. NSS =2, GANT set equal to the gain of the
	Measurement	antenna having the highest gain.
	S	
About the Product		Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (HT20/40) and
About the Floudet		802.11ax (HE20/40) was tested in this report.



	Antenna					
Mode	Main Antenna	Aux. Antenna	MIMO-Main Antenna	MIMO-Aux. Antenna	MIMO	
802.11b	√	√				
802.11g	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
802.11n20	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	
802.11n40	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	
802.11ax20	√	V	V	V	√	
802.11ax40	$\sqrt{}$	V	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	

Note: All the configurations were tested, but only the worst data was shown in this report.

Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)
	DBPSK	1
DSSS (802.11b)	DQPSK	2
	CCK	5.5/11
	BPSK	6/9
OEDM (902.11a)	QPSK	12/18
OFDM (802.11g)	16QAM	24/36
	64QAM	48 / 54
	BPSK	6.5/7.2
OFDM	QPSK	13/19.5/14.4/21.7
(802.11n-20MHz)	16QAM	26/39/28.9/43.3
	64QAM	52/58.5/65/57.8/65/72.2
	BPSK	13.5/15
OFDM	QPSK	27/40.5/30/45
(802.11n-40MHz)	16QAM	54/81/60/90
	64QAM	108/121.5/135/120/150
	BPSK	4
	QPSK	16/24/17/26
OFDMA	16QAM	33/49/34/52
(802.11ax-20 MHz)	64QAM	65/73/81/69/77/86
	256QAM	98/108/103/115
	1024QAM	122/135/129/143
	BPSK	8/9
	QPSK	33/49/34/52
OFDMA	16QAM	65/98/69/103
(802.11ax-40 MHz)	64QAM	130/146/163/138/155/172
	256QAM	195/217/207/229
	1024QAM	244/271/258/287

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.



Test Items	Mode Data Rate		Cha	nnel
Output Dower	11b/11g/11n20/11n40/	1/6/6.5/13.5/4/8	1/6/11	3/6/9
Output Power	ax20/ax40	Mbps	1/0/11	3/0/9
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20/11n40/	1/6/6.5/13.5/4/8	1/6/11	3/6/9
odb Balldwidth	ax20/ax40	Mbps	1/0/11	3/0/9
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40/	1/6/6.5/13.5/4/8	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Spanous Emission	ax20/ax40	Mbps	1/0/11	3/0/9
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40/	1/6/6.5/13.5/4/8	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Emission	ax20/ax40	Mbps	1/0/11	
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40/	1/6/6.5/13.5/4/8	1/6/11	3/6/9
Radiated Spurious Effission	ax20/ax40	Mbps	1/0/11	3/0/9
Pand Edge	11b/11g/11n20/11n40/	1/6/6.5/13.5/4/8	1/6/11	3/6/9
Band Edge	ax20/ax40	Mbps	1/0/11	3/0/9
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20/11n40/	1/6/6.5/13.5/4/8	1/6/11	2/0/0
rower spectral defisity (PSD)	ax20/ax40	Mbps	1/0/11	3/6/9

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.4 and 2.6 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



2.6 Additional Instructions

EUT Software Settings:

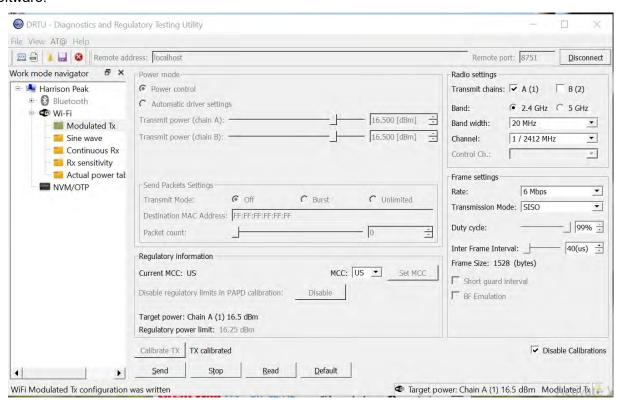
Mode	Special software is used.
	The software provided by client to enable the EUT under
	transmission condition continuously at specific channel
	frequencies individually.

During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Power level setup in software						
Test Software Version	DRTU					
		Soft Set				
Mode	Channel	Main	Aux.	MIMO-Main	MIMO-Aux.	
		Antenna	Antenna	Antenna	Antenna	
	CH1	16.5	16.5	1		
802.11 b	CH6	16.5	16.5	I		
	CH11	16.5	16.0	-		
	CH1	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	
802.11 g	CH6	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	
	CH11	15.5	15.0	15.5	15.0	
	CH1	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	
802.11 n20	CH6	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	
	CH11	13.5	13.0	13.5	13.0	
	CH3	12.0	12.0	12.5	12.0	
802.11 n40	CH6	12.0	12.0	12.5	12.0	
	CH9	12.0	12.0	12.5	12.0	
	CH1	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	
802.11 ax20 (SU)	CH6	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	
	CH11	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	
	CH3	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	
802.11 ax40 (SU)	CH6	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	
	CH9	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	



Run software:





3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services	
		GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON	
2	KDB Publication 558074	DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING	
2	D01v05r02	SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES	
		OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES	
3	KDB Publication	Emissions Testing of Transmitters with Multiple Outputs in the Same	
٥	662911 D01v02r01	Band (e.g., MIMO, Smart Antenna, etc)	
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of	
4	ANSI 603. 10-2013	Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203; 15.247(b)	N/A	Pass ^{Note 1}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A Note 2

Note ¹: Please refer to section 5.1.

Note ²: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.



4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	11.4 V	

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-40	101544	2021.04.01	2022.03.31
Bluetooth Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	142028	2020.06.08	2021.06.07
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2020.06.09	2021.06.08
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2020.06.09	2021.06.08
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2020.06.09	2021.06.08
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2019.10.29	2021.10.28
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2019.07.02	2021.07.01
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1917	2019.07.02	2021.07.01
Test Antenna- Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB- 180400KF	J211060273	2021.01.05	2023.01.04
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.21	2022.02.20
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60 *7.35m	N/A	2018.08.08	2021.08.07
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703		

4.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±4%
RF output power, conducted	±1 .21 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.25 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.26 dB
All emissions, radiated	±3.86 dB
Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±4%

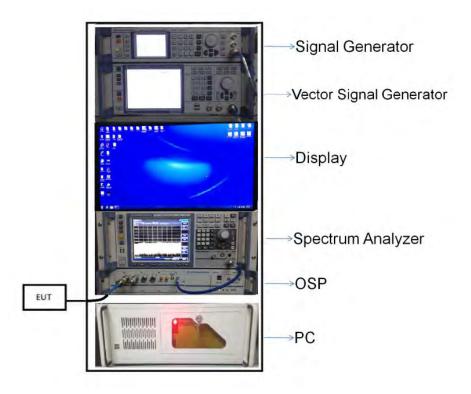


4.4 Description of Test Setup

4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test

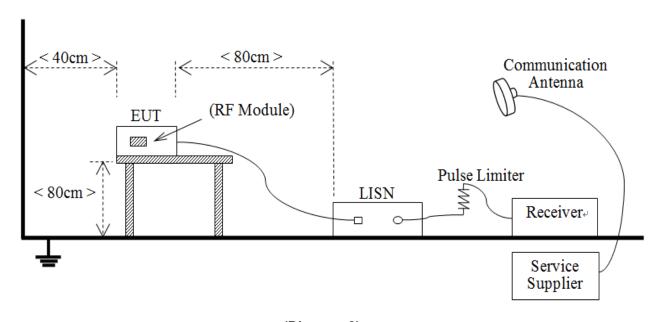
Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

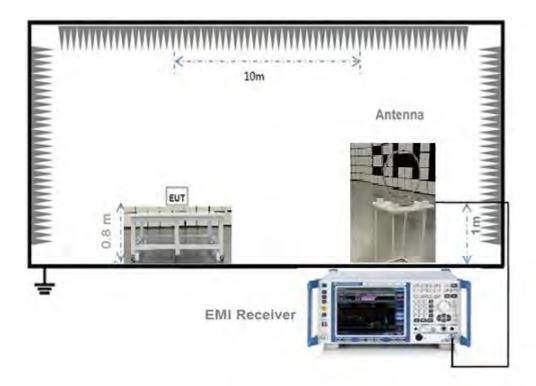
4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

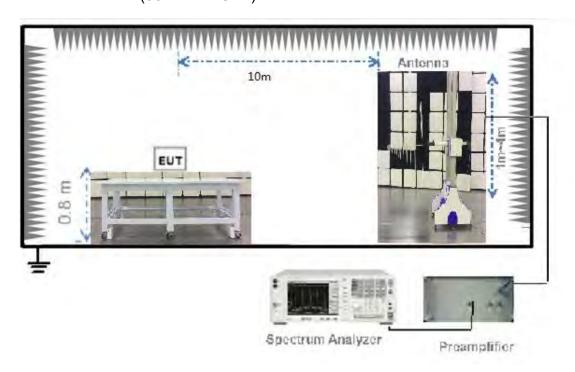


4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

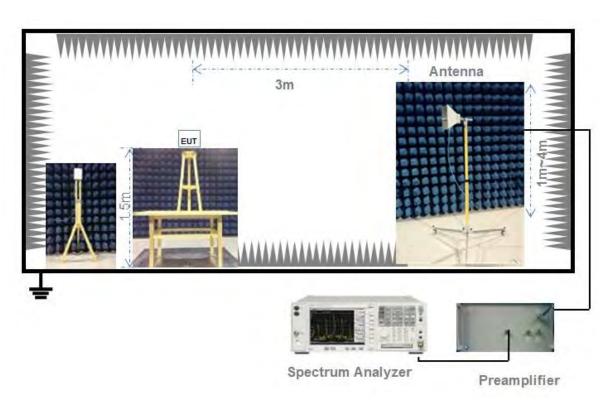
4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)



4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



4.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in $dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)



5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the	An embedded-in antenna design is used.
product.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.



Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



5.36dB Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.



Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

 $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) \pm 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission \pm 0.5 MHz.

Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.



Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)				
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46			
0.50 - 5	56	46			
0.50 - 30	60	50			

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

	-	
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all



chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.



- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.



Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Note: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report. <u>Duty Cycle</u>

Test Mode	On Time (ms)	On+Off Time (ms)	Duty Cycle
802.11b	8.35230	8.44320	98.92%
802.11g	2.08333	2.17222	95.91%
802.11n-20 MHz	7.92308	8.01923	98.80%
802.11n-40 MHz	7.93180	8.02270	98.87%
802.11ax-20 MHz (SU)	7.89770	8.00000	98.72%
802.11ax-40 MHz (SU)	7.92040	8.02270	98.72%



Peak Power Test Data

Main Antenna

802.11b Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Lir	nit	Vordict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	20.00	100.00			Pass
Middle	19.61	91.41	30	1000	Pass
High	19.15	82.22			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	23.55	226.46			Pass
Middle	23.19	208.45	30	1000	Pass
High	22.89	194.54			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	21.43	139.00			Pass
Middle	21.13	129.72	30	1000	Pass
High	20.88	122.46			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
Low	20.31	107.40			Pass	
Middle	20.11	102.57	30	1000	Pass	
High	20.15	103.51			Pass	

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	22.67	184.93			Pass
Middle	22.38	172.98	30	1000	Pass
High	22.58	181.13			Pass

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	21.98	157.76			Pass
Middle	21.73	148.94	30	1000	Pass
High	21.95	156.68			Pass



Aux. Antenna

802.11b Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
Low	19.75	94.41			Pass	
Middle	19.50	89.13	30	1000	Pass	
High	19.33	85.70			Pass	

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Limit		Vordict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	23.42	219.79			Pass
Middle	23.32	214.78	30	1000	Pass
High	23.11	204.64			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vordiet
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	21.37	137.09	30	1000	Pass
Middle	21.32	135.52			Pass
High	21.08	128.23			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	Measured Output Peak Power		nit	Vordict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	20.13	103.04	30	1000	Pass
Middle	20.08	101.86			Pass
High	20.15	103.51			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	22.62	182.81			Pass
Middle	22.63	183.23	30	1000	Pass
High	22.87	193.64			Pass

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	21.91	155.24			Pass
Middle	21.81	151.71	30	1000	Pass
High	21.98	157.76			Pass



MIMO-Main Antenna

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
Low	23.51	224.39	30	1000	Pass	
Middle	23.24	210.86			Pass	
High	22.91	195.43			Pass	

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
Low	21.92	155.60	30	1000	Pass	
Middle	21.65	146.22			Pass	
High	21.37	137.09				Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
Low	20.80	120.23	30	1000	Pass	
Middle	20.65	116.14			Pass	
High	20.57	114.02			Pass	

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Limit		Vordiet
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	22.71	186.64			Pass
Middle	22.48	177.01	30	1000	Pass
High	22.62	182.81			Pass

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	22.18	165.20			Pass
Middle	21.92	155.60	30	1000	Pass
High	22.03	159.59			Pass



MIMO-Aux. Antenna

802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	22.01	158.85			Pass
Middle	21.96	157.04	30	1000	Pass
High	21.71	148.25			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	19.94	98.63			Pass
Middle	19.85	96.61	30	1000	Pass
High	19.62	91.62			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	18.54	71.45			Pass
Middle	18.59	72.28	30	1000	Pass
High	18.66	73.45			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Limit		Vardiat		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict		
Low	21.15	130.32					Pass
Middle	21.10	128.82	30	1000	Pass		
High	21.33	135.83			Pass		

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vordiet
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	20.47	111.43			Pass
Middle	20.39	109.40	30	1000	Pass
High	20.42	110.15]		Pass



<u>MIMO</u>

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Out	ed Output Peak Power Limit		Verdict		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict	
Low	25.83	383.24				Pass
Middle	25.66	367.90	30	1000	Pass	
High	25.36	343.69			Pass	

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	Measured Output Peak Power		nit	Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	24.05	254.22			Pass
Middle	23.85	242.82	30	1000	Pass
High	23.59	228.71			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	leasured Output Peak Power		nit	Vardiet
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	22.83	191.68			Pass
Middle	22.75	188.42	30	1000	Pass
High	22.73	187.48			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Limit		Vardiat		
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict		
Low	25.01	316.95					Pass
Middle	24.85	305.84	30	1000	Pass		
High	25.03	318.64			Pass		

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vordict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	24.42	276.63			Pass
Middle	24.23	264.99	30	1000	Pass
High	24.31	269.74]		Pass



Average Power Test Data

Main Antenna

802.11b Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	sured Output Average Power		nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	15.51	35.56			Pass
Middle	15.29	33.81	30	1000	Pass
High	15.31	33.96			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	red Output Average Power		nit	Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	14.23	26.49			Pass
Middle	13.93	24.72	30	1000	Pass
High	14.06	25.47			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	12.61	18.24			Pass
Middle	12.35	17.18	30	1000	Pass
High	12.35	17.18			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	11.30	13.49			Pass
Middle	11.24	13.30	30	1000	Pass
High	11.14	13.00			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	12.42	17.46			Pass
Middle	12.24	16.75	30	1000	Pass
High	12.28	16.90			Pass

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	11.52	14.19			Pass
Middle	11.44	13.93	30	1000	Pass
High	11.37	13.71			Pass



Aux. Antenna

802.11b Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	15.35	34.28			Pass
Middle	15.28	33.73	30	1000	Pass
High	15.01	31.70			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Outp	sured Output Average Power		nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	14.04	25.35			Pass
Middle	13.99	25.06	30	1000	Pass
High	13.75	23.71			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		\/ordiot
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	12.31	17.02			Pass
Middle	12.30	16.98	30	1000	Pass
High	11.96	15.70			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	10.97	12.50			Pass
Middle	10.97	12.50	30	1000	Pass
High	11.03	12.68			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	12.22	16.67			Pass
Middle	12.13	16.33	30	1000	Pass
High	12.31	17.02			Pass

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	11.22	13.24			Pass
Middle	11.13	12.97	30	1000	Pass
High	11.22	13.24			Pass



MIMO-Main Antenna

802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	14.21	26.36			Pass
Middle	13.93	24.72	30	1000	Pass
High	14.03	25.29			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	leasured Output Average Power		nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	12.64	18.37			Pass
Middle	12.35	17.18	30	1000	Pass
High	11.90	15.49			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	11.41	13.84			Pass
Middle	11.19	13.15	30	1000	Pass
High	11.26	13.37			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	12.37	17.26			Pass
Middle	12.20	16.60	30	1000	Pass
High	12.27	16.87			Pass

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	11.49	14.09			Pass
Middle	11.38	13.74	30	1000	Pass
High	11.33	13.58			Pass



MIMO-Aux. Antenna

802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	Measured Output Average Power		nit	Verdict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	13.90	24.55			Pass
Middle	13.92	24.66	30	1000	Pass
High	14.01	25.18			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	Measured Output Average Power		nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	12.23	16.71			Pass
Middle	12.22	16.67	30	1000	Pass
High	12.33	17.10			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	easured Output Average Power		nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	10.76	11.91			Pass
Middle	10.72	11.80	30	1000	Pass
High	10.82	12.08			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	easured Output Average Power		nit	Vordict
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	12.11	16.26			Pass
Middle	12.06	16.07	30	1000	Pass
High	12.23	16.71			Pass

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
Chamilei	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	11.04	12.71			Pass
Middle	10.95	12.45	30	1000	Pass
High	11.27	13.40			Pass



<u>MIMO</u>

802.11g Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	17.07	50.91			Pass
Middle	16.94	49.38	30	1000	Pass
High	17.03	50.47			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	15.45	35.08			Pass
Middle	15.30	33.85	30	1000	Pass
High	15.13	32.59			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	Measured Output Average Power		nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	14.11	25.75			Pass
Middle	13.97	24.96	30	1000	Pass
High	14.06	25.44			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channal	Measured Outp	Measured Output Average Power		nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	15.25	33.51			Pass
Middle	15.14	32.67	30	1000	Pass
High	15.26	33.58			Pass

Channal	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Vordict	
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict	
Low	14.28	26.80			Pass	
Middle	14.18	26.19	30	1000	Pass	
High	14.31	26.98			Pass	



A.2 Bandwidth

Note 1: All antenna were tested, but only the worst case has been reported in this report.

Note 2: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

Test Data

Main Antenna

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channe	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	9.161621	13.256151	≥500
Middle	9.161621	13.314038	≥500
High	9.111572	13.256151	≥500

802.11g Mode:

Channal	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	15.218994	17.424023	≥500
Middle	15.218994	17.366136	≥500
High	15.218994	17.366136	≥500

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	15.168945	18.292330	≥500
Middle	15.168945	18.350217	≥500
High	15.218994	18.292330	≥500

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	35.121826	36.100000	≥500
Middle	35.171875	36.200000	≥500
High	35.171875	36.200000	≥500

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	15.469238	19.102750	≥500
Middle	15.969971	19.160637	≥500
High	17.071289	19.044863	≥500



802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channel	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	33.971191	37.600000	≥500
Middle	35.121826	37.500000	≥500
High	35.972412	37.500000	≥500

Aux. Antenna

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	8.660889	13.256151	≥500
Middle	8.660889	13.256151	≥500
High	9.161621	13.198263	≥500

802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	16.470703	17.771346	≥500
Middle	16.470703	17.887120	≥500
High	16.470703	17.713459	≥500

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	17.671875	18.697540	≥500
Middle	17.671875	18.697540	≥500
High	17.671875	18.697540	≥500

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	36.472656	36.500000	≥500
Middle	36.422607	36.600000	≥500
High	36.422607	36.500000	≥500

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
Channe	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	19.023682	19.334298	≥500
Middle	18.923584	19.392185	≥500
High	19.023682	19.450072	≥500



802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth	6 dB Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	37.973633	37.900000	≥500
Middle	37.873535	37.900000	≥500
High	37.973633	37.900000	≥500

Test plots

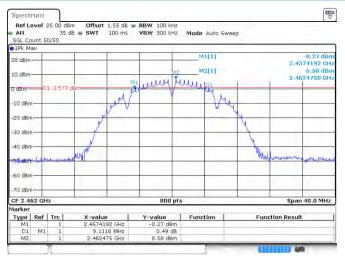
6 dB Bandwidth

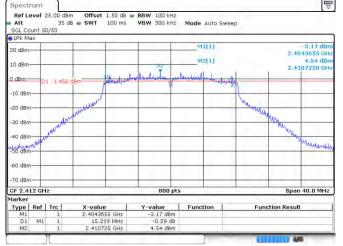
Main Antenna



802.11b HIGH CHANNEL

802.11g LOW CHANNEL

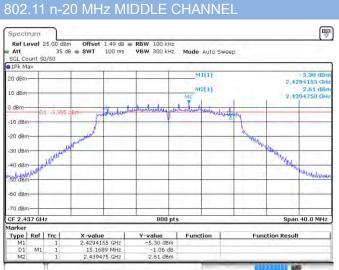




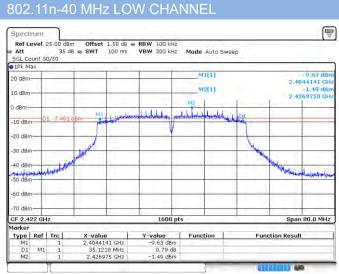


802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL **™** Ref Level 25,00 dBm Offset 1,49 dB RBW 100 kHz Att 35 dB SWT 100 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep Ref Level 25,00 dBm Att 35 dA 0 dBm Offset 1.55 dB = RBW 100 kHz 35 dB = SWT 100 ms VBW 300 kHz VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sween SGL Count 50/50 e 1Pk Max -3,40 dBr 2,4293655 GH 3,37 di 2.4543 4.40 dBr 2.4394750 GH M2[1] 4.16 dBr 2.4644750 GH tri dam 16 dBn dBm dBm 10 dBm -10 dBm 20 dBm 20 dBn 30 dBm Maydilles Strebat. 60 dam -60 dBo 70 dBm 70 dBm 800 pts Span 40.0 MHz CF 2.462 GHz 800 pts Span 40.0 MHz CF 2.437 GH Y-value X-value 2.4543655 GHz 15.219 MHz 2.464475 GHz Type Ref Trc Type Ref Trc Y-value Function **Function Result** Function D1 M1 M2 D1 M1 M2 0.39 dB 4.16 dBm

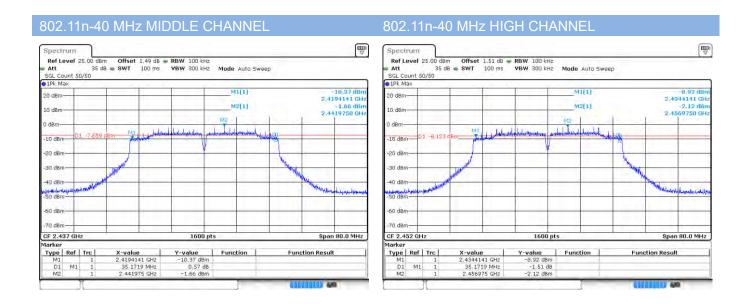


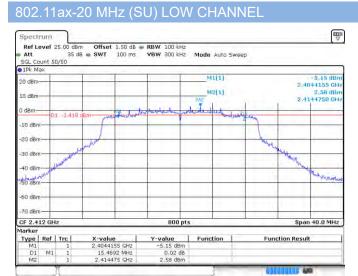


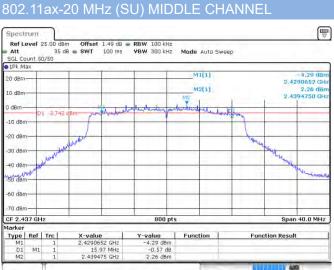




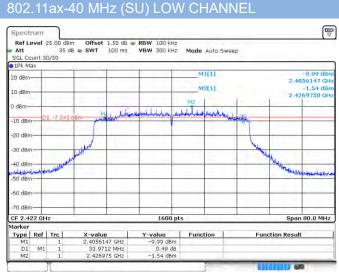




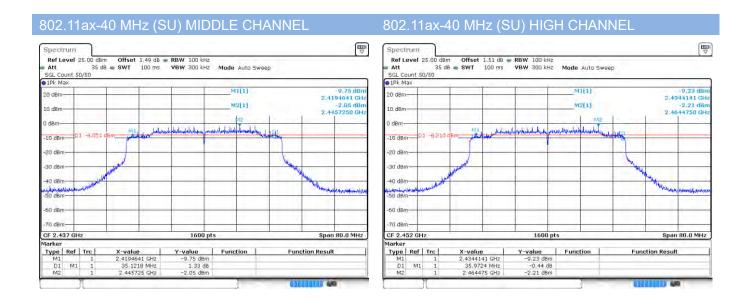




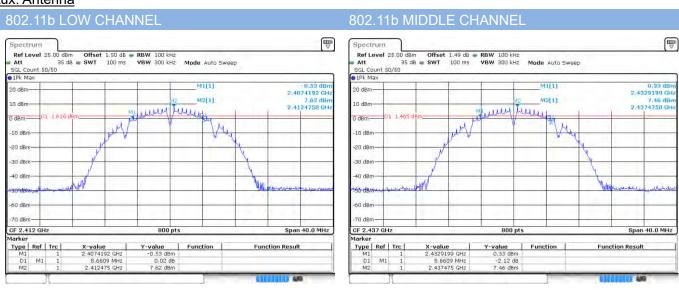


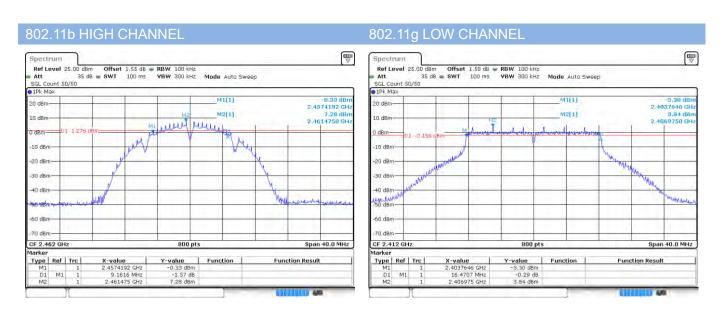






Aux. Antenna

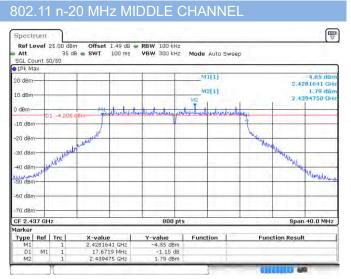




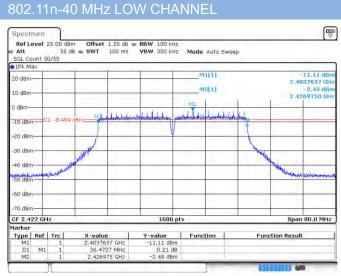




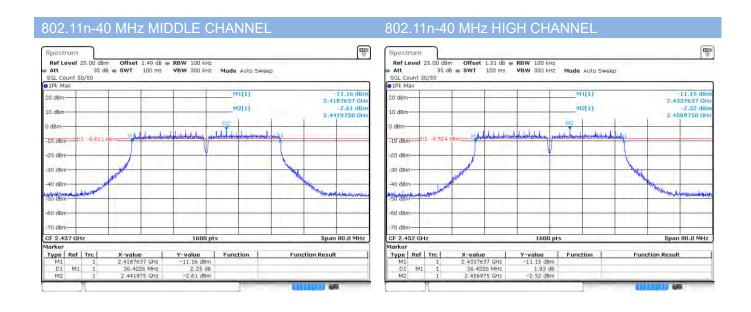
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL -4,43 dBi 2,4631641 GI 1,97 dBi 2,4057250 GH 20 dBm dBm 10 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm-40 dBm Str dBm-CF 2.412 800 pts 40.0 MHz Y-value -4,43 dBr Function **Function Result**

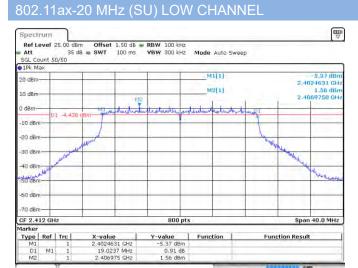


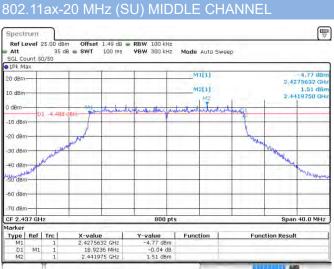




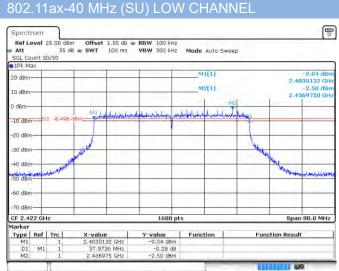




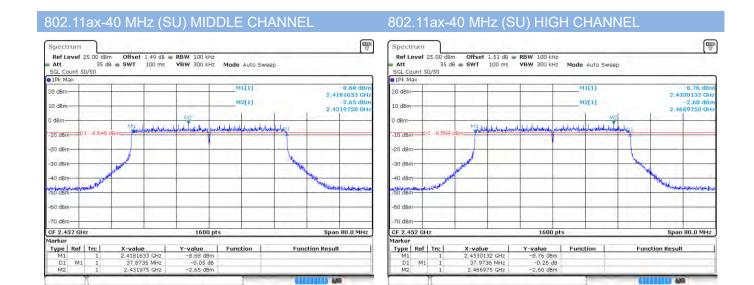














99% Bandwidth

Main Antenna

802.11b LOW CHANNEL



802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11b HIGH CHANNEL

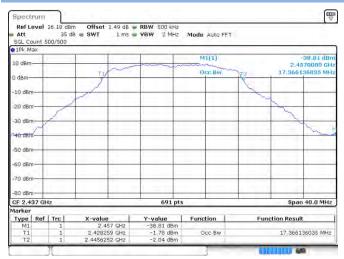
802.11g LOW CHANNEL

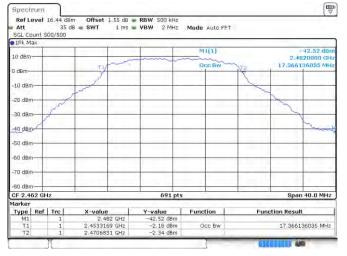




802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL

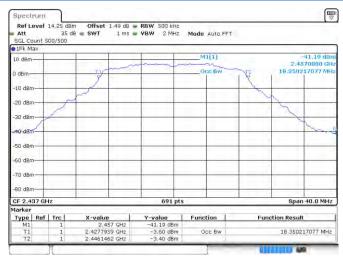






802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL Ref Level 14,48 dBm Att 35 d8 Offset 1.50 dB • RBW 500 kHz SWT 1 ms • VBW 2 MHz Mode Auto FFT 35 de - SWT SGL Count 500/500 10 d8mdem: 10 dBm 20 dBm 30 dBm 50 dBm 60 dBm-70 dBm 80 dBm CF 2.412 GH 691 pts Span 40.0 MHz Type | Ref | Trc | X-value 2.432 GHz 2.4027959 GHz 2.4210883 GHz Y-value Function **Function Result** 18.292329957 MHz Occ Bw

802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL

802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL





802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL

802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL







802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL Ref Level 14,47 dBm Att 35 dA Offset 1.50 dB • RBW 500 kHz SWT 1 ms • VBW 2 MHz Mode Auto FFT 35 d8 - SWT 41.07 dB 10 demdem: 10 dBm 20 dBm 30 dBm 50 dBm 60 dBm-70 dBm 80 dBm CF 2.412 GH 691 pts Span 40.0 MHz Type | Ref | Trc | X-value 2.432 GHz 2.4024486 GHz 2.4215514 GHz Y-value Function **Function Result** 19.102749638 MHz Occ Bw

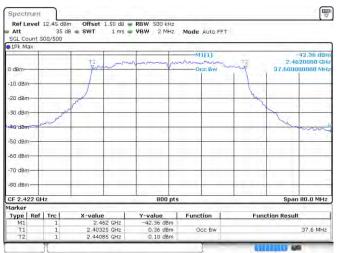
802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL





802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL







Aux. Antenna

802.11b LOW CHANNEL T V Ref Level 16,98 dBm Offse Att 35 d8 = SWT Offset 1,50 dB • RBW 500 kHz SWT 1 ms • VBW 2 MHZ Mode Auto FFT SGL Count 500/500 10 dBm non 13:256 150507 MH 0 dBm -10 dBm -20 dBm 40 dBm 50 d8m-60 dBm 70 dBm CF 2.412 GHz 691 pts Span 40.0 MHz Type | Ref | Trc Y-value Function **Function Result** 13.256150507 MHz 2.405343 GHz 2.4185991 GHz Occ Bw

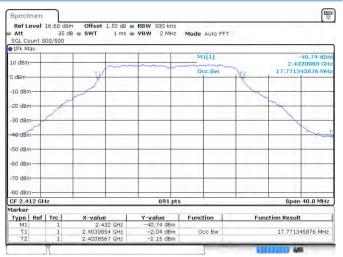
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



802.11g LOW CHANNEL



802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



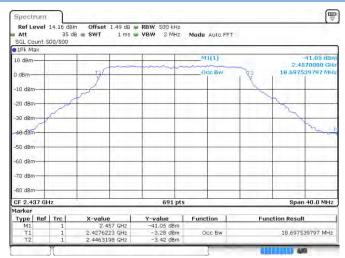
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL Ref Level 14,21 dBm Att 35 dA Offset 1.50 dB • RBW 500 kHz SWT 1 ms • VBW 2 MHZ Mode Auto FFT 35 då • SWT SGL Count 500/500 1Pk Max 42,72 dB 10 dBmdBm 10 dBm 20 dBm 40 dem -50 d8m 60 dBm 70 dBm -80 dBm CF 2.412 GH: 691 pts Span 40.0 MHz Type | Ref | Trc | Y-value Function **Function Result** 18.697539797 MHz Occ Bw 2.4026223 GHz 2.4213198 GHz

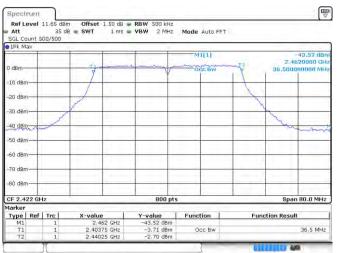
802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL

802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL

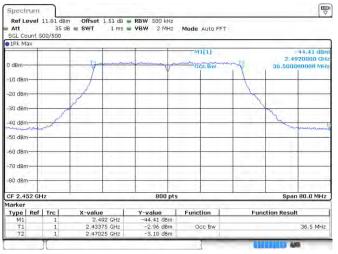




802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL

802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL







802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL Offset 1,50 dB • RBW 500 kHz SWT 1 ms • VBW 2 MHz Mode Auto FFT Ref Level 14,08 dBm Att 35 d8 35 d8 • SWT 41,91 dB 10 dBm-Occ Bw 19.334298119 M dBr 10 dBm 30 dBm 40 dBm 50 dBm--60 dBm 70 dBm CF 2.412 GH: 691 pts Span 40.0 MHz Type | Ref | Trc | Y-value Function 41.91 dBm **Function Result** 19.334298119 MHz Occ Bw 2.402275 GHz 2.4216093 GHz

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL

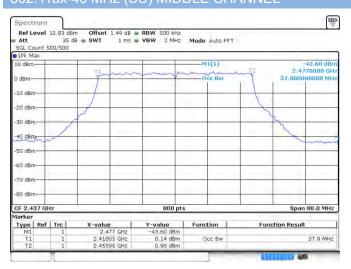
802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL





802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL







A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Note: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

Test Data Main Antenna

802.11b Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-41.36	7.55	-12.45	Pass
Middle	-44.19	7.16	-12.84	Pass
High	-45.18	6.89	-13.11	Pass

802.11g Mode:

╸.					
		Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
	Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
	Low	-47.33	4.89	-15.11	Pass
Ī	Middle	-49.96	4.58	-15.42	Pass
	High	-50.26	4.31	-15.69	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (dBm)			
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict	
	Danu Emission (ubin)	Carrier Level	dBc Limit		
Low	-49.25	3.06	-16.94	Pass	
Middle	-50.45	2.67	-17.33	Pass	
High	-50.21	2.45	-17.55	Pass	

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (dBm)			
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict	
	Band Emission (dbin)	Carrier Level	dBc Limit		
Low	-50.72	-1.45	-21.45	Pass	
Middle	-50.81	-1.66	-21.66	Pass	
High	-50.20	1.61	-18.39	Pass	

Measured Max. Out of		Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-50.31	2.59	-17.41	Pass
Middle	-49.68	2.44	-17.56	Pass
High	-50.43	2.67	-17.33	Pass



802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-49.84	-1.41	-21.41	Pass
Middle	-49.02	-1.37	-21.37	Pass
High	-50.86	-1.78	-21.78	Pass

Aux. Antenna

802.11b Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (dBm)			
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict	
	Dand Emission (dbin)	Carrier Level	dBc Limit		
Low	-43.41	7.51	-12.49	Pass	
Middle	-43.97	7.40	-12.60	Pass	
High	-46.26	6.96	-13.04	Pass	

802.11g Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (dBm)			
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict	
Low	-49.56	3.96	-16.04	Pass	
Middle	-50.18	3.83	-16.17	Pass	
High	-50.78	3.82	-16.18	Pass	

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict
			dBc Limit	
Low	-50.53	2.06	-17.94	Pass
Middle	-49.88	1.97	-18.03	Pass
High	-50.42	1.48	-18.52	Pass

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict
	Jama Zimosion (azim)	C annon 2 0 no.	dBc Limit	
Low	-49.81	-2.49	-22.49	Pass
Middle	-50.58	-2.64	-22.64	Pass
High	-50.03	-2.53	-22.53	Pass



802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-50.84	1.67	-18.33	Pass
Middle	-50.00	1.56	-18.44	Pass
High	-49.66	1.93	-18.07	Pass

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-50.91	-2.41	-22.41	Pass
Middle	-49.62	-2.58	-22.58	Pass
High	-50.80	-2.35	-22.35	Pass

MIMO-Main Antenna

802.11g Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-50.43	4.95	-15.05	Pass
Middle	-50.34	4.76	-15.24	Pass
High	-50.07	4.54	-15.46	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict
			dBc Limit	
Low	-50.77	3.16	-16.84	Pass
Middle	-48.87	2.98	-17.02	Pass
High	-50.10	2.61	-17.39	Pass

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d		
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict
			dBc Limit	
Low	-50.08	-1.65	-21.65	Pass
Middle	-50.31	-1.78	-21.78	Pass
High	-50.37	-1.62	-21.62	Pass



802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-49.71	2.66	-17.34	Pass
Middle	-50.19	2.56	-17.44	Pass
High	-50.82	2.80	-17.20	Pass

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-50.43	-1.77	-21.77	Pass
Middle	-50.50	-1.66	-21.66	Pass
High	-50.09	-1.47	-21.47	Pass

MIMO-Aux. Antenna

802.11g Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-51.96	2.66	-17.34	Pass
Middle	-51.32	2.61	-17.39	Pass
High	-51.10	2.40	-17.60	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-51.96	0.60	-19.40	Pass
Middle	-50.22	0.57	-19.43	Pass
High	-50.61	0.24	-19.76	Pass

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20	Verdict
	Bana Emiosion (aBm)	Odifici Ecver	dBc Limit	
Low	-51.49	-4.09	-24.09	Pass
Middle	-51.44	-4.17	-24.17	Pass
High	-51.87	-4.00	-24.00	Pass



802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) Mode:

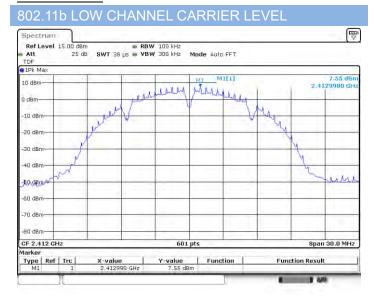
		Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
С	Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
	Low	-51.83	0.16	-19.84	Pass
ı	Middle	-52.14	0.17	-19.83	Pass
	High	-51.59	0.55	-19.45	Pass

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-51.95	-3.99	-23.99	Pass
Middle	-51.44	-4.09	-24.09	Pass
High	-51.86	-3.78	-23.78	Pass



Test Plots

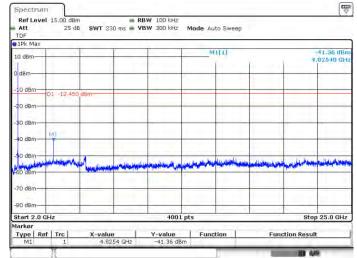
Main Antenna



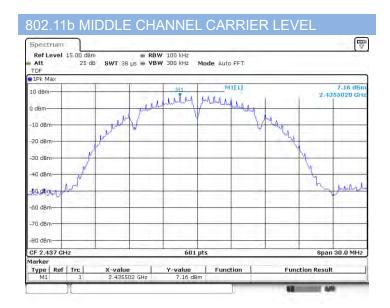
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz \sim 3 GHz

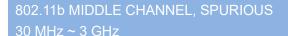
THE V Spectrum Ref Level 15.00 dBm RBW 100 kHz Att 25 dB SWT 29.7 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep TDF Mode Auto Sweep 1Pk Ma -53.74 dBr 909.70 MH 10 dBm dBm -10 dBm--20 dBm -30 dBm -40 dBm -SO dBm -60 dBm -80 dBm Start 30.0 MHz Marker 1001 pts Stop 3.0 GHz Type Ref Trc X-value 909.7 MHz Y-value Function | -53.74 dBm **Function Result**

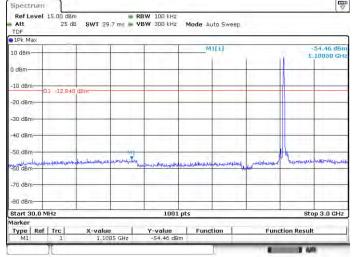
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz \sim 25 GHz







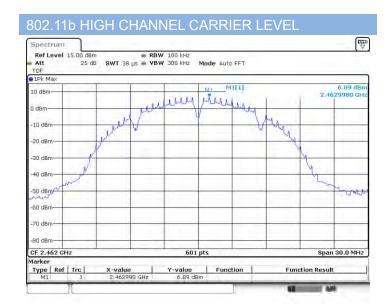


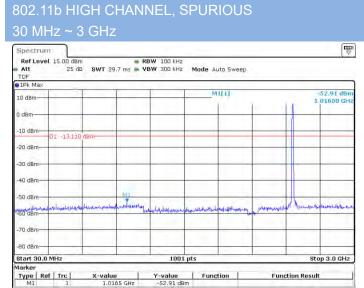


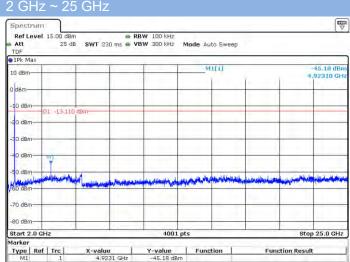
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





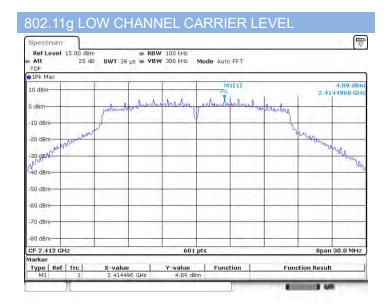




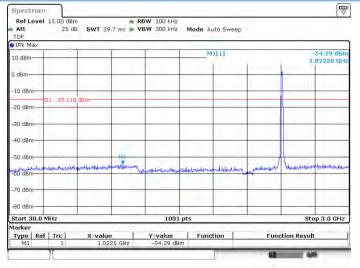


802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

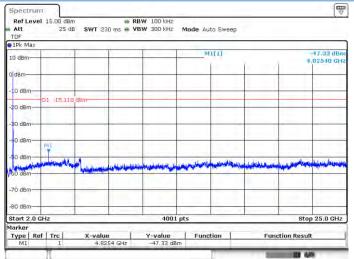




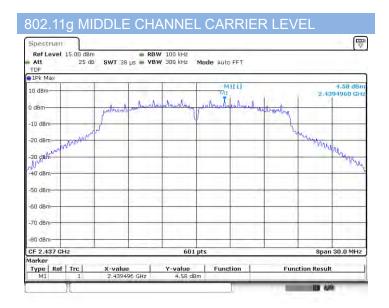


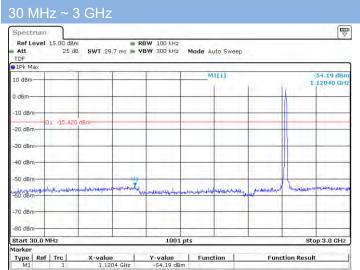


802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25









802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



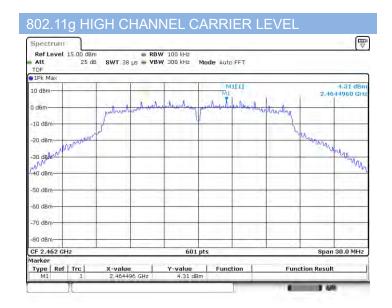


-50 dBm--50 dBm-

-80 dBm-

Start 30.0 MHz

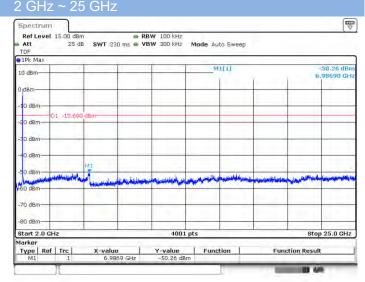
Type Ref Trc





1001 pts

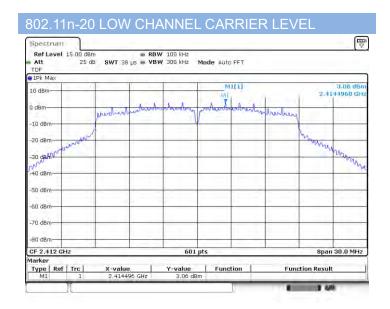
802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



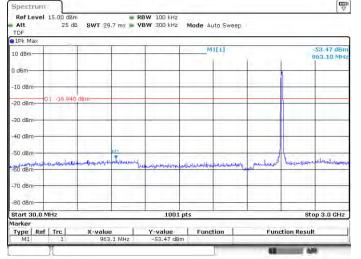
Stop 3.0 GHz

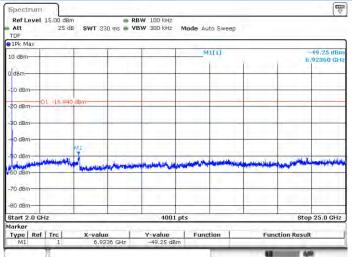
Function Result



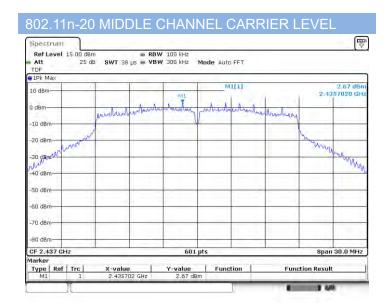


802.11n-20 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz \sim 3 802.11n-20 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz \sim 25 GHz

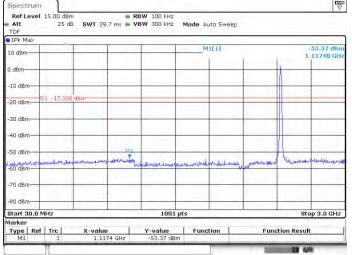








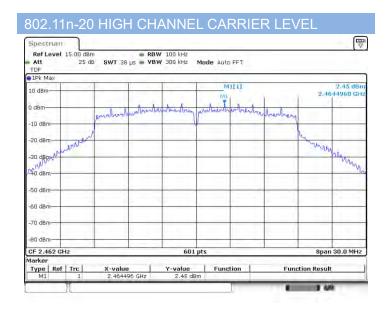




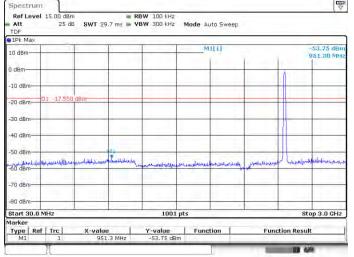
802.11n-20 MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz







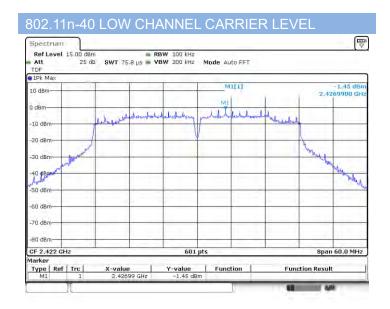




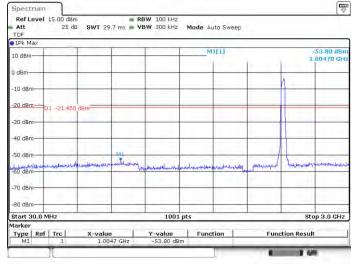
802.11n-20 HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

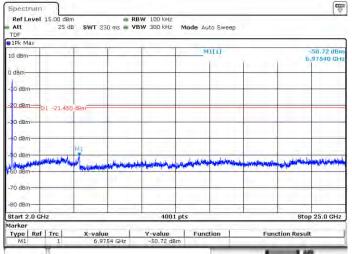




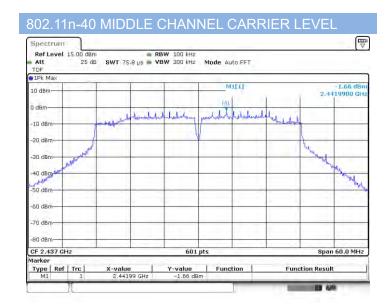


802.11n-40 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz \sim 3 802.11n-40 LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz \sim 25 GHz

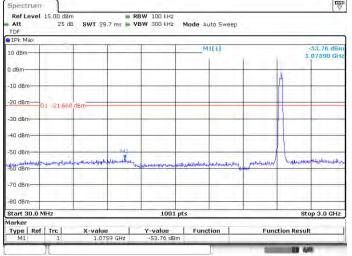








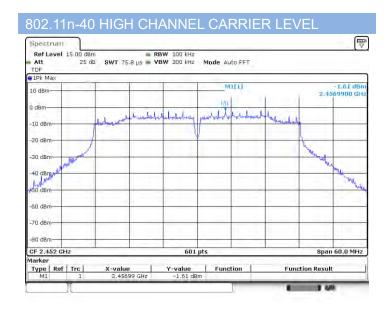




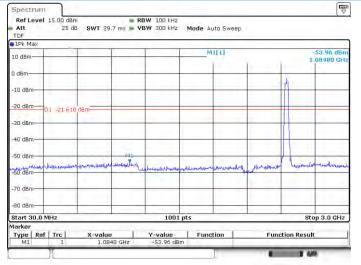
802.11n-40 MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



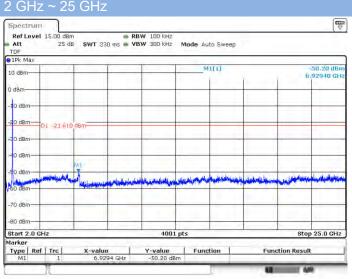






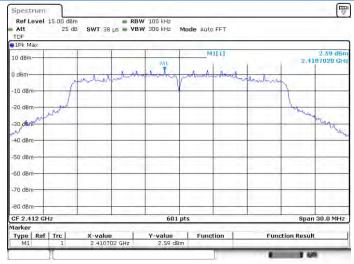


802.11n-40 HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS





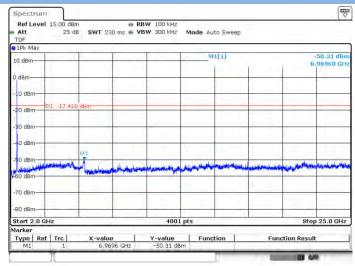




802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

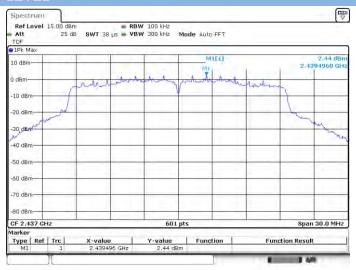
\vert_\vert Spectrum Ref Level 15.00 dBm RBW 100 kHz Att 25 dB SWT 29.7 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep TDF Mode Auto Sweep 1Pk Ma 54,27 dBr 10 dBm 1.02250 GH dBm -10 dBm 01 -17.41 -30 dBm -40 dBm -SO dBm -60 dBm -80 dBm 1001 pts Start 30.0 MHz Stop 3.0 GHz Marker Type Ref Trc Y-value Function 54.27 dBm **Function Result**

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





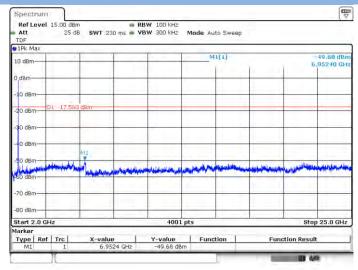
802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL SPURIOUS

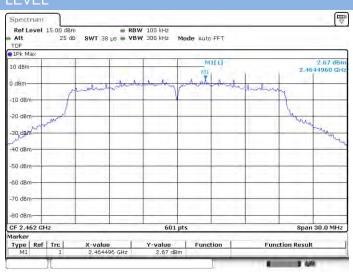
Spectrum Ref Level 15.00 dBm RBW 100 kHz Att 25 dB SWT 29.7 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep -54.64 dB 998.70 MH 10 dBm 0 dBm -20 dBm 40 dBm -50 dBm white his a -60 dBm -70 dBm Start 30.0 MHz Stop 3.0 GHz X-value 998.7 MHz Type | Ref | Trc | Y-value Function | -54.64 dBm **Function Result**

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





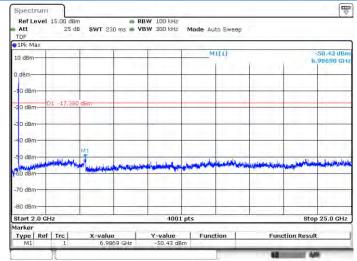




802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

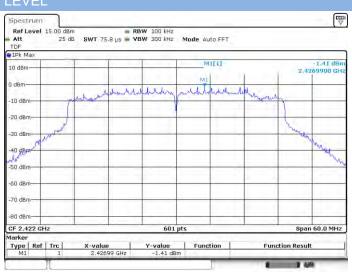
\vert_\vert Spectrum Ref Level 15.00 dBm RBW 100 kHz Att 25 dB SWT 29.7 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep TDF Mode Auto Sweep 1Pk Ma -54.02 dBn 942.40 MH 10 dBm -10 dBn -20 dBm -30 dBn -40 dBm -60 dBm--80 dBm Start 30.0 MHz Marker Type | Ref | Trc | 1001 pts Stop 3.0 GHz Function **Function Result** Y-value -54.02 dBm

802.11ax-20 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





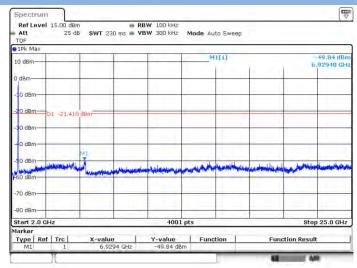




802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

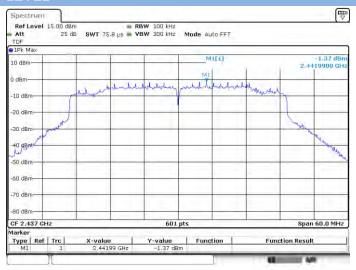
Spectrum Ref Level 15.00 d8m RBW 100 kHz Att 25 d8 SWT 29.7 ms VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep TOF 1Pk Max -54,14 dBr 1,85510 GH 10 dBm dBm -10 dBm 01 -21.410 -30 dBm -40 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -80 dBm Start 30.0 MHz 1001 pts Stop 3.0 GHz Type Ref Trc Y-value Function -54,14 dBm **Function Result**

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

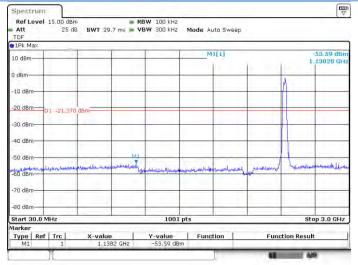




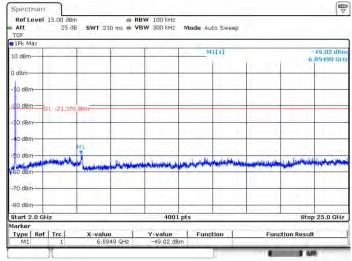
802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS



802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



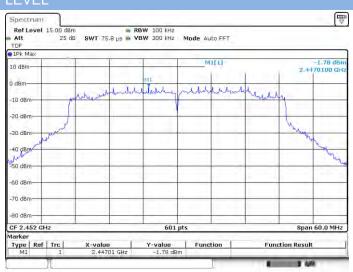


-80 dBm

Start 30.0 MHz

Type Ref Trc





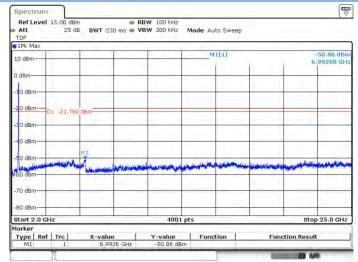
802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

1001 pts

Function

Y-value -54,72 dBm

802.11ax-40 MHz (SU) HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Stop 3.0 GHz

Function Result

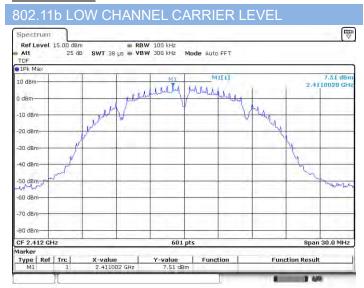


Aux. Antenna

-80 dBm-

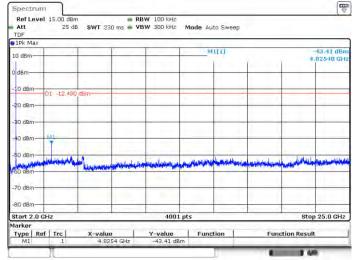
Start 30,0 MHz

Type Ref Trc



802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz \sim 3 GHz

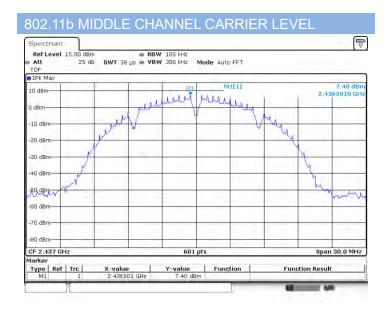
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



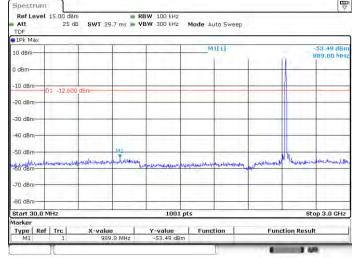
Stop 3.0 GHz

Function Result

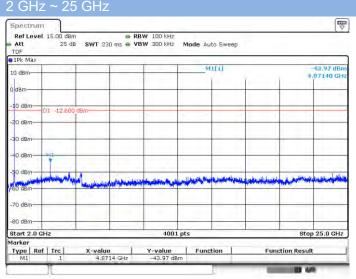






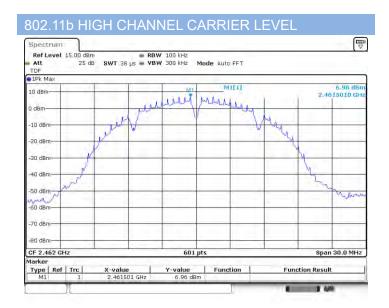


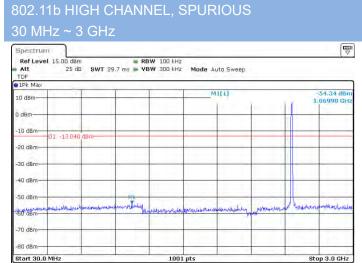
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



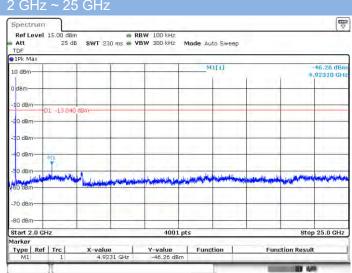


Type Ref Trc



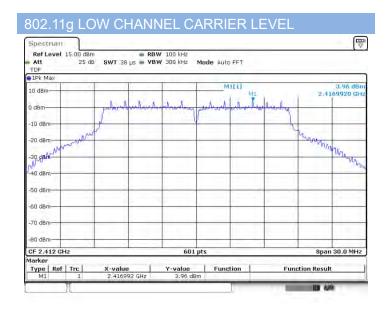


Function Result

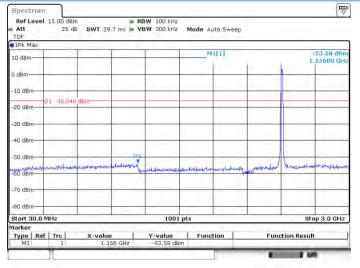


802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS









802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25

