

SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID. :	2AQRW-W1	
Test Report No..... :	TCT241108E054	
Date of issue..... :	Dec. 08, 2024	
Testing laboratory :	SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB	
Testing location/ address:	2101 & 2201, Zhenchang Factory Renshan Industrial Zone, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518103, People's Republic of China	
Applicant's name..... :	FOXX Development Inc.	
Address..... :	3480 Preston Ridge Road, Suite500, Alpharetta, GA 30005, USA	
Manufacturer's name ... :	FOXX Development Inc.	
Address..... :	3480 Preston Ridge Road, Suite500, Alpharetta, GA 30005, USA	
Product Name..... :	Kids Smartwatch	
Trade Mark :	MIRO, FOXXD, FOXX	
Model/Type reference..... :	W1	
SAR Max. Values.....:	0.46 W/Kg (1g) for Front-to-face; 0.85 W/Kg (10g) for Wrist Worn	
Simultaneous Reported SAR.....:	0.73 W/Kg (1g) for Front-to-face; 1.12 W/Kg (10g) for Wrist Worn	
Date of receipt of test item :	Nov. 08, 2024	
Date (s) of performance of test..... :	Nov. 08, 2024 - Dec. 08, 2024	
Tested by (+signature) ... :	Karl WANG	
Check by (+signature).... :	Beryl Zhao	
Approved by (+signature):	Tomsin	

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. General Product Information	4
1.1. EUT description	4
1.2. Model(s) list.....	5
2. Test standard	6
3. Facilities and Accreditations	6
3.1. Facilities	6
3.2. Location	6
3.3. Environment Condition:.....	6
4. Test Result Summary	7
5. RF Exposure Limit.....	9
6. SAR Measurement System Configuration.....	10
6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up.....	10
6.2. E-field Probe	11
6.3. Phantom	11
6.4. Device Holder.....	12
6.5. Data Storage and Evaluation	13
6.6. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom.....	14
6.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters.....	17
6.8. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties	18
6.9. System Check.....	19
7. Measurement Procedure.....	20
8. Conducted Output Power	23
9. Exposure Position Consideration	43
9.1. EUT Antenna Location	43
9.2. Test Position Consideration	43
10. SAR Test Results Summary	44
10.1.Front-to-face 1g SAR.....	44
10.2.Wrist Worn 10g SAR.....	45
10.3.Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion.....	46
10.4.SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.....	47
10.5.Measurement Uncertainty (150MHz-6GHz)	49
10.6.Test Equipment List	50
11. System Check Results	51
12. SAR Test Data.....	63

Appendix A: EUT Photos	123
Appendix B: Test Setup Photos	125
Appendix C: Probe Calibration Certificate	126
Appendix D: Dipole Calibration Report.....	144
Appendix E: SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION.....	210
Appendix F: The Check Data of Impedance and Return Loss	211

1. General Product Information

1.1. EUT description

Product Name.....:	Kids Smartwatch
Model/Type reference.....:	W1
Sample Number.....:	TCT241108E054-0101/01
Rating(s).....:	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery DC 3.8V
2G	
Operation Band.....:	GSM850, GSM1900
Supported type.....:	GPRS/EGPRS
Power Class.....:	GSM850:Power Class 5; GSM1900:Power Class 0
Modulation Type.....:	GMSK for GPRS; 8QPSK for EGPRS
GSM Release Version.....:	R99
GPRS Multislot Class.....:	12
EGPRS Multislot Class.....:	12
3G	
Operation Band.....:	FDD Band II & FDD Band IV & FDD Band V
Power Class.....:	Power Class 3
Modulation Type.....:	QPSK for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA
WCDMA Release Version.....:	R99
HSDPA Release Version.....:	Release 5
HSUPA Release Version.....:	Release 6
DC-HSUPA Release Version.....:	Not Supported
LTE	
Operation Band.....:	LTE Band 2 & LTE Band 4 & LTE Band 5 & LTE Band 7 & LTE Band 12 & LTE Band 17 & LTE Band 66
Power Class.....:	Power Class 3
Modulation Type.....:	QPSK &16-QAM for LTE

Wi-Fi 2.4G	
Supported type.....:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n
Modulation Type.....:	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/802.11n:OFDM
Operation Frequency.....:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20):2412MHz~2462MHz 802.11n(HT40):2422MHz~2452MHz
Channel number.....:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20):11 802.11n(HT40):7
Channel separation.....:	5MHz
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version.....:	Supported 4.2
Modulation.....:	GFSK(1Mbps) , $\pi/4$ -DQPSK(2Mbps) , 8-DPSK(3Mbps)
Operation Frequency.....:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number.....:	79/40
Channel separation.....:	1MHz/2MHz

1.2. Model(s) list

None.

2. Test standard

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 CFR §2.1093

IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020: Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices

KDB447498 D01:General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB865664 D01:SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04

KDB865664 D02:RF Exposure Reporting v01r02.

KDB248227 D01:802.11 wi-fi SAR v02r02

KDB941225 D05:SAR for LTE devices v02r05

KDB941225 D07:UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02

KDB690783 D01:SAR Listings on Grant v01r03

3. Facilities and Accreditations

3.1. Facilities

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- FCC - Registration No.: 645098

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

Designation Number: CN1205

The testing lab has been registered and fully described in a report with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

- IC - Registration No.: 10668A

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

CAB identifier: CN0031

The testing lab has been registered by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada for radio equipment testing.

3.2. Location

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB.

Address: 2101 & 2201, Zhenchang Factory Renshan Industrial Zone, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518103, People's Republic of China

3.3. Environment Condition:

Temperature:	18°C ~25°C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1011 mbar

4. Test Result Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:
<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)
Front-to-face 1-g SAR (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.23	PCB	0.46
	GSM 1900	0.33		
	WCDMA Band II	0.46		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.33		
	WCDMA Band V	0.39		
	LTE Band 2	0.40		
	LTE Band 4	0.46		
	LTE Band 5	0.36		
	LTE Band 7	0.35		
	LTE Band 12	0.24		
	LTE Band 17	0.22		
	LTE Band 66	0.35		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.24	DTS	
	BT	0.12	DSS	
Wrist Worn 10-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.39	PCB	0.85
	GSM 1900	0.49		
	WCDMA Band II	0.85		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.83		
	WCDMA Band V	0.30		
	LTE Band 2	0.66		
	LTE Band 4	0.60		
	LTE Band 5	0.19		
	LTE Band 7	0.79		
	LTE Band 12	0.28		
	LTE Band 17	0.18		
	LTE Band 66	0.37		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.27	DTS	
	BT	0.10	DSS	

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)
Front-to-face 1-g SAR (10 mm Gap)	WCDMA Band II + WIFI2.4G	0.73
Wrist Worn 10-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	WCDMA Band II + WIFI2.4G	1.12

Note:

1. The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2020.

5. RF Exposure Limit

Type Exposure	SAR (W/kg)
	Uncontrolled Exposure Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60
Spatial Peak SAR (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g)	4.00
Spatial Peak SAR (averaged over the whole body)	0.08
Note: 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time. 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body. 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.	

6. SAR Measurement System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System (VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch; it sends an “Emergency signal” to the robot controller that to stop robot’s moves A computer operating Windows XP.

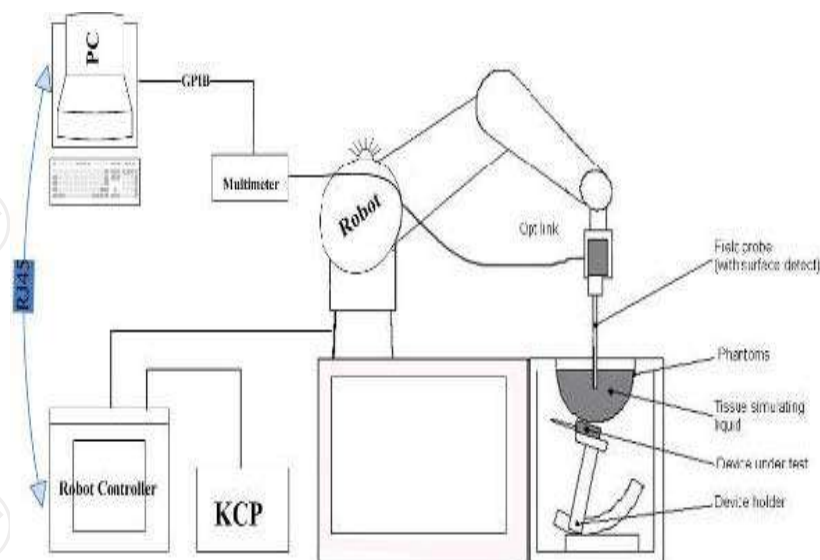
OPENSAR software Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



KUKA SAR Test Sysytem Configuration

6.2. E-field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by MVG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 25/22 EPG0375
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz- 6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1:R1=0.197MΩ Dipole 2:R3=0.230MΩ Dipole 3:R3=0.208MΩ

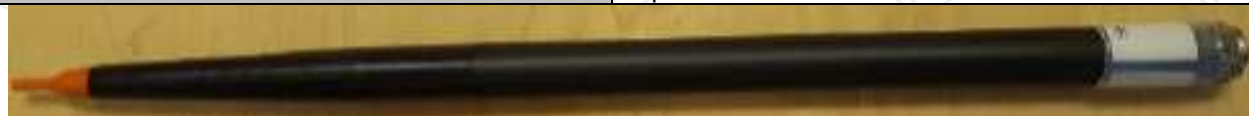


Photo of E-Field Probe

6.3. Phantom

The SAM Phantom SAM120 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020.

The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region.

A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections.

Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

Name: COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM
S/N: SN 19/15 SAM 120
Manufacture: MVG

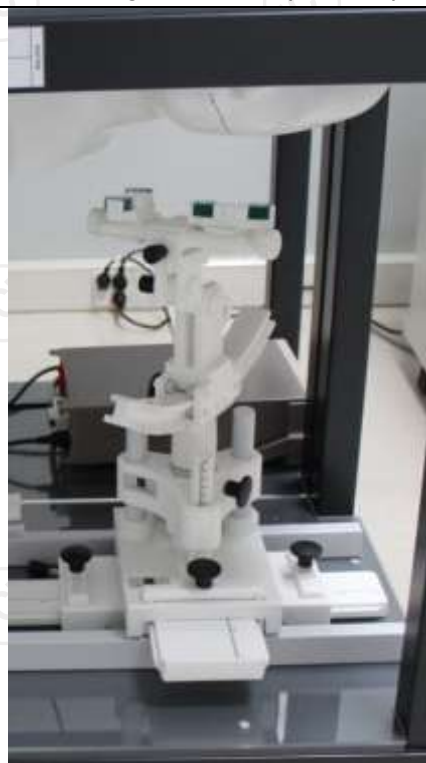


SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom SAM120, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications.

The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

COMOSAR Mobile
phone positioning
system

6.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the millimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c \cdot f / d \cdot c \cdot p_i$$

With	V_i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	U_i	= input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf	= crest factor of exciting field	(MVG parameter)
	dcpi	= diode compression point	(MVG parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = (V_i / \text{Normi} \cdot \text{ConvF})^{1/2}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (ai0 + ai1 \cdot f + ai2 \cdot f^2) / f$$

With	V_i	= compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	Normi	= sensor sensitivity of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
		[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes	
	ConvF	= sensitivity enhancement in solution	
	aij	= sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes	
	f	= carrier frequency [GHz]	
	E_i	= electric field strength of channel i in V/m	
	H_i	= magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m	

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

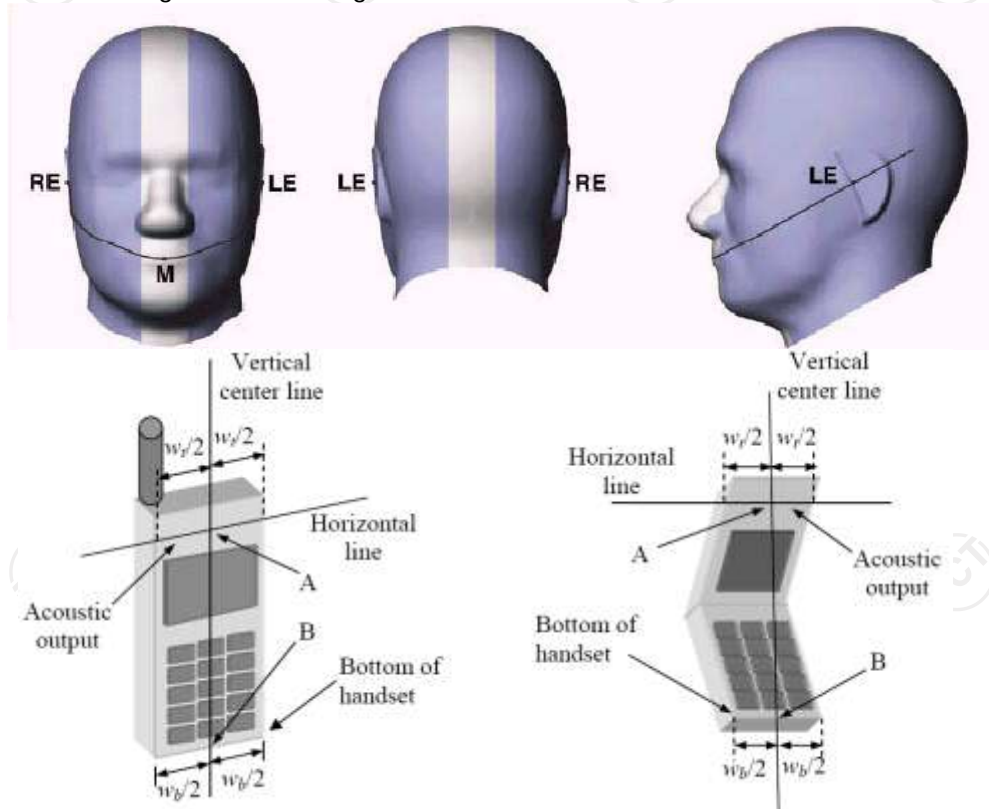
Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

6.6. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

Handset Reference Points

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m
 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
 W_b Width of the bottom of the handset
A Midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Positioning for Cheek / Touch



Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt



Body Worn Accessory Configurations

To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.

To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.

To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 15mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

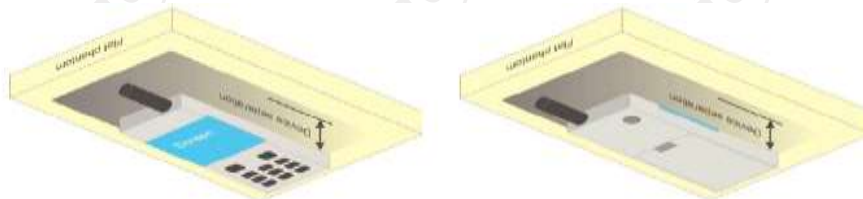


Illustration for Body Worn Position

Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq$

9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

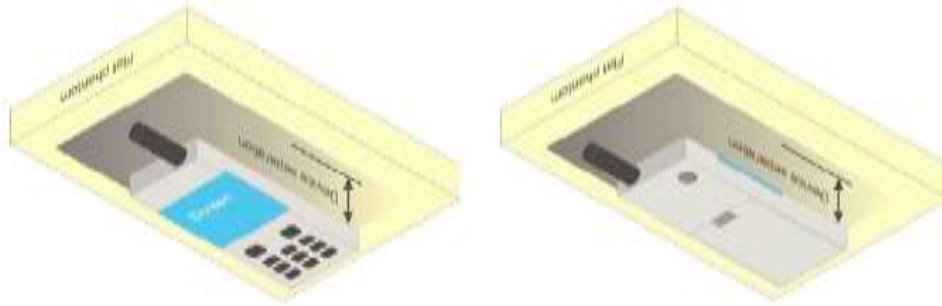
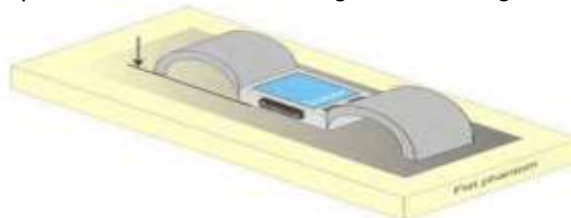


Illustration for Hotspot Position

Limb-worn device

A limb-worn device is a unit whose intended use includes being strapped to the arm or leg of the user while transmitting (except in idle mode). It is similar to a body-worn device. Therefore, the test positions of 6.1.4.4 also apply. The strap shall be opened so that it is divided into two parts as shown in Figure 9. The device shall be positioned directly against the phantom surface with the strap straightened as much as possible and the back of the device towards the phantom.

If the strap cannot normally be opened to allow placing in direct contact with the phantom surface, it may be necessary to break the strap of the device but ensuring to not damage the antenna.



Test position for limb-worn devices

6.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid used for the frequency range of 100MHz-6G consisted of water, sugar, salt and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The following Table shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020. The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials

Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Type (σ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range	Permittivity (ϵ)	$\pm 5\%$ Range
300	Head	0.87	0.83~0.91	45.3	43.04~47.57
450	Head	0.87	0.83~0.91	43.5	41.33~45.68
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.43~43.58
900	Head	0.97	0.92~1.02	41.	39.43~43.58
1800-2000	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.00~42.00
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.24~41.16
2600	Head	1.96	1.86~2.06	39.0	37.05~40.95
3000	Head	2.40	2.28~2.52	38.5	36.58~40.43
5800	Head	5.27	5.01~5.53	35.3	33.54~37.07

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

6.8. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties

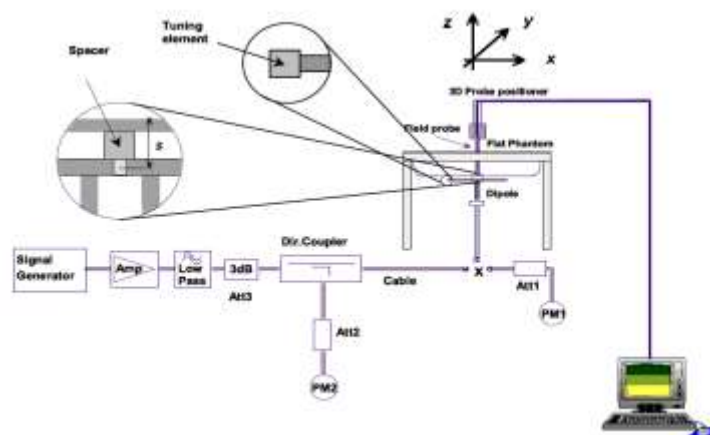
Test Date dd/mm/yy	Temp °C	Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	Dev ϵ_r (%)	Dev σ (%)
11/11/2024	22°C	750H	750	41.90	0.89	2.63	-1.12
11/12/2024	22°C	835H	825	41.43	0.86	-0.17	-4.44
			835	41.42	0.87	-0.19	-3.33
			850	40.39	0.88	-2.67	-2.22
11/15/2024	22°C	1800H	1710	39.11	1.34	-2.23	-4.29
			1720	39.10	1.35	-2.25	-3.57
			1750	39.08	1.37	-2.30	-2.14
			1800	39.07	1.38	-2.33	-1.43
11/22/2024	22°C	1900H	1850	39.11	1.34	-2.23	-4.29
			1880	39.10	1.35	-2.25	-3.57
			1900	39.08	1.37	-2.30	-2.14
			1910	39.07	1.38	-2.33	-1.43
12/03/2024	22°C	2450H	2410	37.84	1.79	-3.47	-0.56
			2435	37.85	1.81	-3.44	0.56
			2450	37.82	1.83	-3.52	1.67
			2460	37.80	1.84	-3.57	2.22
12/06/2024	22°C	2600H	2510	38.86	1.93	-0.36	-1.53
			2535	38.85	1.92	-0.39	-2.04
			2560	38.89	1.90	-0.28	-3.06
			2600	38.82	1.97	-0.46	0.51

6.9. System Check

The SAR system must be validated against its performance specifications before it is deployed. When SAR probe and system component or software are changed, upgraded or recalibrated, these must be validated with the SAR system(s) that operates with such component. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the OPENSAR system.



System Check Set-up

Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Measured Value in 100mW (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)		Target Value (W/kg)		Deviation (%)	
		1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average
750	Head	0.80	0.56	8.00	5.60	8.31	5.71	-3.73	-1.93
835	Head	0.89	0.57	8.90	5.70	9.53	6.12	-6.61	-6.86
1800	Head	3.75	2.20	37.53	21.98	37.67	20.23	-0.37	8.65
1900	Head	3.58	1.90	35.80	19.00	39.26	20.49	-8.81	-7.27
2450	Head	4.99	2.36	49.90	23.60	53.26	24.15	-6.31	-2.28
2600	Head	5.41	2.43	54.14	24.30	54.31	24.14	-0.31	0.66

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Section 10 of this report.

7. Measurement Procedure

Conducted power measurement

For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.

For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyser, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

Conducted power measurement

Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.

Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.

Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the MVG software.

Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.

Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.

Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power reference measurement

Area scan

Zoom scan

Power drift measurement

Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The MVG software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.

Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).

Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.

Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid

Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface

Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties

Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows IEC-IEEE62209-1528-2020 quoted below.

Table 3 – Area scan parameters

Parameter	DUT transmit frequency being tested	
	$f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$3 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 10 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance between the measured points (geometric centre of the sensors) and the inner phantom surface (z_{M1} in Figure 20 in mm)	5 ± 1	$\delta \ln(2)/2 \pm 0,5^a$
Maximum spacing between adjacent measured points in mm (see O.8.3.1) ^b	20, or half of the corresponding zoom scan length, whichever is smaller	$60/f$, or half of the corresponding zoom scan length, whichever is smaller
Maximum angle between the probe axis and the phantom surface normal (α in Figure 20) ^c	5° (flat phantom only) 30° (other phantoms)	5° (flat phantom only) 20° (other phantoms)
Tolerance in the probe angle	1°	1°

^a δ is the penetration depth for a plane-wave incident normally on a planar half-space.

^b See Clause O.8 on how Δx and Δy may be selected for individual area scan requirements.

^c The probe angle relative to the phantom surface normal is restricted due to the degradation in the measurement accuracy in fields with steep spatial gradients. The measurement accuracy decreases with increasing probe angle and increasing frequency. This is the reason for the tighter probe angle restriction at frequencies above 3 GHz.

Table 4 – Zoom scan parameters

Parameter	DUT transmit frequency being tested	
	$f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$3 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 10 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance between the closest measured points and the phantom surface (z_{M1} in Figure 20 and Table 3, in mm)	5	$\delta \ln(2)/2^a$
Maximum angle between the probe axis and the phantom surface normal (α in Figure 20)	5° (flat phantom only) 30° (other phantoms)	5° (flat phantom only) 20° (other phantoms)
Maximum spacing between measured points in the x- and y-directions (Δx and Δy , in mm)	8	$24/f^b$
For uniform grids: Maximum spacing between measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell (Δz_1 in Figure 20, in mm)	5	$10/(f - 1)$
For graded grids: Maximum spacing between the two closest measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell (Δz_1 in Figure 20, in mm)	4	$12/f$
For graded grids: Maximum incremental increase in the spacing between measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell ($R_z = \Delta z_2/\Delta z_1$ in Figure 20)	1,5	1,5
Minimum edge length of the zoom scan volume in the x- and y-directions (L_z in O.8.3.2, in mm)	30	22
Minimum edge length of the zoom scan volume in the direction normal to the phantom shell (L_h in O.8.3.2 in mm)	30	22
Tolerance in the probe angle	1°	1°

^a δ is the penetration depth for a plane-wave incident normally on a planar half-space.

^b This is the maximum spacing allowed, which might not work for all circumstances.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

SAR Averaged Methods

In MVG, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In MVG measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for

Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100KHz to 6GHz ,when the highest measurement 1-g SAR within a frequency band is $<1.5\text{W/kg}$, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020 is not required in SAR report submitted for equipment approval.

8. Conducted Output Power

Band: GSM 850	Measured Power (dBm)			Calculation (dB)	Averaged Power (dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251		128	190	251
Frequency	824.2	836.6	848.8		824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	31.61	31.58	31.60	-9.03	22.58	22.55	22.57
GPRS (GMSK, 1-slot)	31.60	31.53	31.52	-9.03	22.57	22.50	22.49
GPRS (GMSK, 2-slot)	29.55	29.43	29.33	-6.02	23.53	23.41	23.31
GPRS (GMSK, 3-slot)	27.58	27.46	27.40	-4.26	23.32	23.20	23.14
GPRS (GMSK, 4-slot)	25.26	25.20	25.14	-3.01	22.25	22.19	22.13
EGPRS (GMSK, 1-slot)	24.05	23.55	23.33	-9.03	15.02	14.52	14.30
EGPRS (GMSK, 2-slot)	25.25	22.41	23.76	-6.02	19.23	16.39	17.74
EGPRS (GMSK, 3-slot)	19.38	19.17	19.20	-4.26	15.12	14.91	14.94
EGPRS (GMSK, 4-slot)	17.91	20.81	17.51	-3.01	14.90	17.80	14.50

Note:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 1Tx slots for 850MHz for GPRS.

3. The device do not support power reduction, so power of hotspot activated as the same as hotspot disabled

Band: GSM 1900	Measured Power (dBm)			Calculation (dB)	Averaged Power (dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810
Frequency	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8		1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	27.21	27.21	27.29	-9.03	18.18	18.18	18.26
GPRS (GMSK, 1-slot)	25.34	27.69	27.78	-9.03	16.31	18.66	18.75
GPRS (GMSK, 2-slot)	25.89	25.65	25.57	-6.02	19.87	19.63	19.55
GPRS (GMSK, 3-slot)	24.41	24.16	24.08	-4.26	20.15	19.90	19.82
GPRS (GMSK, 4-slot)	22.36	22.11	22.00	-3.01	19.35	19.10	18.99
EGPRS (GMSK, 1-slot)	23.85	23.04	22.78	-9.03	14.82	14.01	13.75
EGPRS (GMSK, 2-slot)	22.89	22.61	21.95	-6.02	16.87	16.59	15.93
EGPRS (GMSK, 3-slot)	20.80	20.40	19.87	-4.26	16.54	16.14	15.61
EGPRS (GMSK, 4-slot)	18.67	18.04	18.93	-3.01	15.66	15.03	15.92

Note:

- Division Factors
To average the power, the division factor is as follows:
1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB
2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB
3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB
4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB
- According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 1Tx slots for 1900MHz for GPRS.
- The device do not support power reduction, so power of hotspot activated as the same as hotspot disabled

Band	WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band V		
Channel	9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233
Frequency	1852.40	1880.00	1907.60	826.40	836.40	846.60
RMC 12.2Kbps	20.85	20.84	20.99	21.85	21.80	21.82
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.37	20.30	20.11	21.30	20.96	21.38
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.38	20.31	20.05	21.39	21.02	21.40
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.38	20.29	20.10	21.42	21.05	21.41
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.32	20.28	20.03	21.36	20.97	21.33
HSUPA Subtest-1	18.42	18.02	17.67	18.77	18.79	19.17
HSUPA Subtest-2	18.26	18.34	18.14	18.84	18.27	18.97
HSUPA Subtest-3	18.47	18.34	17.85	19.10	18.77	18.64
HSUPA Subtest-4	17.96	18.50	17.85	18.79	18.77	19.13
HSUPA Subtest-5	17.95	17.99	17.84	18.60	18.25	18.95
Band	WCDMA Band IV					
Channel	1312	1450	1513			
Frequency	1712.4	1740.0	1752.6			
RMC 12.2Kbps	20.99	20.95	21.05			
HSDPA Subtest-1	20.66	20.94	20.64			
HSDPA Subtest-2	20.65	20.94	20.64			
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.63	20.93	20.66			
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.64	20.90	20.63			
HSUPA Subtest-1	18.36	18.95	18.02			
HSUPA Subtest-2	18.25	18.81	17.98			
HSUPA Subtest-3	18.73	18.46	17.95			
HSUPA Subtest-4	18.55	18.75	18.05			
HSUPA Subtest-5	18.19	18.80	18.19			

Note:

1. According to the power listed above, the HSDPA and HSUPA were not determined for SAR testing.
2. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC(reference measurement channel) configuration in test loop mode
3. The device do not support power reduction, so power of hotspot activated as the same as hotspot disabled

WLAN 2.4G						
Mode	802.11b			802.11g		
Channel	1	6	11	1	6	11
Frequency	2412	2437	2462	2412	2437	2462
Average Power (dBm)	15.65	11.97	15.10	13.43	13.37	16.10
Mode	802.11n(HT20)			802.11n(HT40)		
Channel	1	6	11	3	6	9
Frequency	2412	2437	2462	2422	2437	2452
Average Power (dBm)	13.98	12.81	15.60	14.68	12.84	14.67

Bluetooth						
Mode	GFSK			Pi/4DQPSK		
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
Average Power (dBm)	6.48	5.23	3.94	7.56	5.98	4.73
Mode	8DPSK			BLE(1M)		
Channel	0	39	78	0	20	39
Frequency	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480
Average Power (dBm)	7.91	6.31	5.03	-0.03	-1.28	-2.01

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	Exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR	Exclusion thresholds for 10-g SAR
0	2.402	0	1	5	0.31	3.0	7.5

Note

- Per KDB447498 D04, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 ·f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 ·Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 ·The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of BLE is not required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- The output power of all data rate were prescan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.

LTE Band 2

Conducted Power of LTE Band 2						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18607	18900	19193
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.73	21.75	21.77
			2	21.76	21.71	21.75
			5	21.80	21.72	21.71
		3	0	21.84	21.80	21.87
			2	21.77	21.82	21.81
			3	21.82	21.76	21.79
		6	0	20.65	20.80	20.73
	16QAM	1	0	20.81	20.47	20.98
			2	20.85	20.47	20.93
			5	20.83	20.45	20.95
		3	0	20.69	20.61	20.97
			2	20.68	20.63	20.97
			3	20.68	20.66	20.98
		6	0	19.86	19.74	20.00
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18615	18900	19185
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.77	21.63	21.75
			7	21.73	21.64	21.72
			14	21.73	21.62	21.69
		8	0	20.73	20.71	20.84
			4	20.76	20.72	20.79
			7	20.77	20.66	20.72
		15	0	20.76	20.72	20.74
	16QAM	1	0	20.30	21.25	21.22
			7	20.26	21.23	21.15
			14	20.27	21.21	21.10
		8	0	20.01	19.90	20.13
			4	20.04	19.90	20.15
			7	19.99	19.84	20.13
		15	0	19.92	19.84	20.00

Conducted Power of LTE Band 2						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18625	18900	19175
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.69	21.65	21.68
			13	21.62	21.63	21.73
			24	21.59	21.69	21.69
		12	0	20.67	20.61	20.71
			6	20.73	20.70	20.72
			13	20.70	20.65	20.83
		25	0	20.69	20.69	20.81
	16QAM	1	0	20.04	20.74	19.87
			13	20.02	20.82	19.93
			24	19.99	20.84	19.99
		12	0	19.85	19.71	19.88
			6	19.56	19.67	19.89
			13	19.68	19.70	19.87
		25	0	19.77	19.73	19.96
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18650	18900	19150
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.65	21.72	21.63
			25	21.65	21.76	21.65
			49	21.57	21.78	21.70
		25	0	20.67	20.63	20.73
			13	20.63	20.61	20.76
			25	20.59	20.63	20.72
		50	0	20.70	20.62	20.81
	16QAM	1	0	20.52	20.83	21.22
			25	20.44	20.86	21.24
			49	20.47	20.92	21.20
		25	0	19.93	19.89	19.90
			13	19.87	19.89	19.87
			25	19.98	19.90	19.87
		50	0	19.80	19.87	19.87

Conducted Power of LTE Band 2						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18675	18900	19125
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.45	21.41	21.72
			38	21.45	21.51	21.83
			74	21.49	21.51	21.86
		36	0	20.45	20.52	20.73
			18	20.53	20.66	20.79
			39	20.51	20.56	20.84
		75	0	20.52	20.68	20.83
	16QAM	1	0	20.99	20.76	20.90
			38	21.03	20.87	21.03
			74	21.05	20.89	21.03
		36	0	19.65	19.68	19.94
			18	19.62	19.76	19.93
			39	19.68	19.74	19.96
		75	0	19.65	19.71	19.89
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				18700	18900	19100
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.80	21.79	21.96
			50	21.72	21.84	22.04
			99	21.83	21.95	21.98
		50	0	20.68	20.80	21.02
			25	20.81	20.80	20.91
			50	20.73	20.90	20.94
		100	0	20.82	20.85	20.92
	16QAM	1	0	21.54	20.73	21.02
			50	21.56	20.83	21.08
			99	21.54	20.84	21.17
		50	0	19.80	19.92	20.06
			25	19.85	19.98	20.07
			50	19.94	19.92	20.14
		100	0	19.95	19.87	20.07

Conducted Power of LTE Band 4						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19957	20175	20393
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.76	21.71	21.76
			2	21.78	21.81	21.70
			5	21.82	21.77	21.79
		3	0	21.71	21.89	21.80
			2	21.70	21.84	21.78
			3	21.76	21.87	21.78
		6	0	20.75	20.74	20.74
	16QAM	1	0	20.97	20.94	21.08
			2	20.96	20.88	21.11
			5	20.98	20.96	21.15
		3	0	20.97	20.69	20.47
			2	20.94	20.75	20.51
			3	21.01	20.69	20.44
		6	0	20.02	19.91	19.86
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19965	20175	20385
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.72	20.80	22.05
			7	20.79	21.82	22.00
			14	20.72	21.79	22.04
		8	0	20.67	20.85	20.82
			4	20.74	20.91	20.84
			7	20.70	20.83	20.79
		15	0	20.71	20.80	20.79
	16QAM	1	0	20.81	21.29	20.96
			7	20.78	21.26	20.96
			14	20.78	21.29	20.99
		8	0	20.75	20.22	20.11
			4	20.73	20.28	20.13
			7	20.71	20.23	20.10
		15	0	20.70	20.04	19.98

Conducted Power of LTE Band 4						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				19975	20175	20375
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.56	21.76	21.83
			13	21.60	21.78	21.85
			24	21.59	21.75	21.82
		12	0	20.73	20.75	20.76
			6	20.70	20.83	20.87
			13	20.72	20.79	20.70
		25	0	20.79	20.79	20.73
	16QAM	1	0	20.82	20.88	19.95
			13	20.86	20.93	19.99
			24	20.83	20.93	19.95
		12	0	19.82	19.91	19.88
			6	19.82	19.86	19.85
			13	19.85	19.89	19.83
		25	0	19.90	19.88	19.89
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20000	20175	20350
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.78	21.89	21.73
			25	21.67	21.90	21.80
			49	21.78	21.85	21.79
		25	0	20.73	20.80	20.74
			13	20.70	20.85	20.80
			25	20.79	20.75	20.79
		50	0	20.73	20.75	20.71
	16QAM	1	0	20.61	20.98	21.03
			25	20.57	21.00	21.11
			49	20.52	21.06	21.11
		25	0	20.09	20.03	19.78
			13	20.03	19.97	19.74
			25	20.02	20.03	19.78
		50	0	19.89	19.97	19.76

Conducted Power of LTE Band 4						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20025	20175	20325
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.66	21.63	21.74
			38	21.74	21.71	21.80
			74	21.77	21.70	21.81
		36	0	20.80	20.70	20.81
			18	20.78	20.72	20.68
			39	20.80	20.75	20.71
		75	0	20.77	20.74	20.73
	16QAM	1	0	21.24	21.10	21.27
			38	21.25	21.12	21.27
			74	21.30	21.07	21.37
		36	0	19.87	19.89	19.83
			18	19.90	19.91	19.88
			39	19.90	19.83	19.92
		75	0	19.84	19.96	19.78
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20050	20175	20300
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.76	21.72	22.00
			50	21.87	21.75	22.06
			99	21.88	21.70	22.04
		50	0	20.62	20.74	20.75
			25	20.61	20.75	20.69
			50	20.78	20.71	20.72
		100	0	20.68	20.76	20.73
	16QAM	1	0	21.52	21.06	20.12
			50	21.50	21.10	20.20
			99	21.54	21.12	20.22
		50	0	19.77	19.92	19.88
			25	19.82	19.97	19.93
			50	19.81	19.96	19.87
		100	0	19.89	19.81	19.75

LTE Band 5

Conducted Power of LTE Band 5						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20407	20525	20643
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.34	22.44	22.19
			2	22.41	22.19	22.23
			5	22.46	22.17	22.23
		3	0	22.35	22.24	22.16
			2	22.46	22.22	22.27
			3	22.42	22.24	22.35
		6	0	21.15	21.13	21.17
	16QAM	1	0	20.83	20.80	21.73
			2	20.76	20.73	21.61
			5	20.81	20.63	21.62
		3	0	20.95	20.94	21.02
			2	20.95	20.96	20.97
			3	20.93	20.93	20.98
		6	0	20.52	20.17	20.56
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20415	20525	20635
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.35	22.16	22.36
			7	22.46	22.16	22.33
			14	22.36	22.14	22.35
		8	0	21.00	21.24	21.15
			4	21.10	21.18	21.31
			7	21.28	21.17	21.06
		15	0	21.12	21.25	21.20
	16QAM	1	0	20.75	21.35	20.76
			7	20.67	21.29	20.84
			14	20.75	21.23	20.70
		8	0	20.59	20.25	20.36
			4	20.62	20.29	20.34
			7	20.66	20.21	20.52
		15	0	20.50	20.25	20.29

Conducted Power of LTE Band 5						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20425	20525	20625
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.21	21.18	21.19
			13	21.32	21.15	21.29
			24	21.23	21.18	21.27
		12	0	21.17	21.16	21.25
			6	21.29	21.15	21.23
			13	21.25	21.12	21.22
		25	0	21.22	21.26	21.20
	16QAM	1	0	21.19	21.25	21.19
			13	21.17	21.23	21.22
			24	21.25	21.22	21.21
		12	0	21.23	21.21	21.20
			6	21.21	21.19	21.32
			13	21.19	21.18	21.30
		25	0	21.18	21.16	21.32
		25	0	21.18	21.16	21.32
			13	21.17	21.23	21.22
			24	21.25	21.22	21.21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20450	20525	20600
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.37	22.29	22.42
			25	22.34	22.26	22.46
			49	22.23	22.25	22.45
		25	0	21.24	21.34	21.38
			13	21.30	21.17	21.23
			25	21.32	21.48	21.36
		50	0	21.36	21.19	21.15
	16QAM	1	0	21.60	20.85	21.68
			25	21.74	20.74	21.42
			49	21.74	20.80	21.32
		25	0	20.55	20.43	20.56
			13	20.14	20.42	20.18
			25	20.33	20.62	20.45
		50	0	20.13	20.24	20.16

Conducted Power of LTE Band 7						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20775	21100	21425
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.21	21.32	21.45
			12	21.23	21.36	21.54
			24	21.22	21.33	21.54
		12	0	20.15	20.48	20.55
			6	20.24	20.54	20.66
			13	20.18	20.47	20.67
		25	0	20.06	20.55	20.65
	16QAM	1	0	19.47	20.54	19.97
			12	19.40	20.55	19.94
			24	19.48	20.51	20.01
		12	0	19.19	19.60	19.73
			6	19.21	19.62	19.80
			13	19.21	19.70	19.76
		25	0	19.33	19.68	19.90
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20800	21100	21400
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.23	21.58	21.57
			24	21.24	21.61	21.59
			49	21.25	21.67	21.66
		25	0	20.27	20.48	20.72
			12	20.26	20.60	20.57
			25	20.22	20.63	20.72
		50	0	20.24	20.63	20.71
	16QAM	1	0	20.16	20.81	20.89
			24	20.06	20.87	20.95
			49	20.08	20.82	20.97
		25	0	19.47	19.77	19.77
			12	19.54	19.82	19.81
			25	19.50	19.77	19.85
		50	0	19.40	19.73	19.91

Conducted Power of LTE Band 7

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20825	21100	21375
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.27	20.61	20.69
			38	20.25	20.56	20.63
			74	20.30	20.56	20.74
		38	0	20.28	20.68	20.71
			18	20.24	20.67	20.69
			37	20.20	20.66	20.66
		75	0	20.19	20.64	20.64
	16QAM	1	0	20.36	20.62	20.62
			38	20.34	20.60	20.74
			74	20.31	20.59	20.73
		38	0	20.30	20.57	19.66
			18	20.28	20.56	19.66
			37	20.27	20.54	19.77
		75	0	20.26	20.59	19.64
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				20850	21100	21350
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.10	21.47	21.61
			49	21.08	21.87	21.64
			99	21.27	21.76	21.81
		50	0	20.16	20.64	20.60
			25	20.24	20.51	20.67
			50	20.21	20.51	20.67
		100	0	20.25	20.54	20.60
	16QAM	1	0	20.08	20.60	20.39
			49	20.04	20.85	20.76
			99	20.23	20.80	20.82
		50	0	19.28	19.62	19.72
			25	19.32	19.66	19.63
			50	19.46	19.65	19.73
		100	0	19.35	19.64	19.66

LTE Band 12

Conducted Power of LTE Band 12						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				23017	23095	23173
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.15	22.25	22.02
			2	22.23	22.17	22.18
			5	22.18	22.47	22.18
		3	0	22.12	22.22	22.15
			2	22.16	22.13	22.16
			3	22.11	22.24	22.17
		6	0	21.10	21.27	21.03
	16QAM	1	0	20.74	21.33	21.06
			2	20.70	21.37	21.22
			5	20.73	21.30	21.23
		3	0	20.92	21.21	20.73
			2	20.90	21.17	21.02
			3	20.95	21.23	20.93
		6	0	20.37	20.18	20.32
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				23025	23095	23165
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.34	22.14	22.22
			7	22.28	22.17	22.19
			14	22.36	22.18	22.18
		8	0	21.21	21.16	20.98
			4	21.18	21.20	20.92
			7	21.13	21.17	21.08
		15	0	21.16	21.30	21.04
	16QAM	1	0	20.68	22.08	21.22
			7	20.73	22.07	21.30
			14	20.77	22.00	21.40
		8	0	20.51	20.27	20.37
			4	20.55	20.20	20.35
			7	20.56	20.23	20.67
		15	0	20.39	20.27	20.21

Conducted Power of LTE Band 12

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				23035	23095	23155
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.01	22.18	22.25
			13	22.12	22.11	22.13
			24	22.14	22.17	22.08
		12	0	21.09	21.30	21.00
			6	21.08	21.19	20.95
			13	21.04	21.23	20.99
		25	0	21.13	21.27	20.92
			0	21.15	20.87	20.82
			13	21.09	20.94	20.96
	16QAM	1	24	21.18	21.07	21.08
			0	20.23	20.11	20.20
			6	20.38	20.01	20.04
		12	13	20.42	20.00	20.08
			0	20.41	20.04	19.98
			0	20.41	20.04	19.98
		25	0	20.41	20.04	19.98
			0	20.41	20.04	19.98
			0	20.41	20.04	19.98
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				23060	23095	23130
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.95	22.07	22.17
			25	22.16	22.13	22.20
			49	22.17	22.11	22.19
		25	0	21.12	21.18	21.20
			13	20.99	21.22	21.35
			25	21.24	21.27	20.88
		50	0	20.96	21.11	21.25
			0	20.96	21.11	21.25
			0	20.96	21.11	21.25
	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.43	20.79
			25	21.81	21.50	20.73
			49	21.97	21.31	20.57
		25	0	20.43	20.19	20.19
			13	20.37	20.09	20.39
			25	20.24	20.43	20.16
		50	0	20.38	20.08	20.24
			0	20.38	20.08	20.24
			0	20.38	20.08	20.24

LTE Band 17

Conducted Power of LTE Band 17						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				23755	23790	23825
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.10	22.20	22.09
			13	22.12	22.20	22.00
			24	22.07	22.23	21.97
		12	0	21.23	21.09	21.07
			6	21.23	21.28	20.83
			13	21.16	21.15	20.83
		25	0	21.23	21.40	21.11
	16QAM	1	0	20.87	20.19	20.95
			13	21.09	20.49	20.90
			24	21.10	20.10	21.11
		12	0	20.18	20.06	20.28
			6	20.18	20.26	20.05
			13	20.04	20.28	20.10
		25	0	20.18	20.33	20.11
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				23780	23790	23800
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.15	22.25	22.11
			25	22.12	22.23	22.11
			49	22.02	22.15	22.07
		25	0	21.12	21.18	21.20
			13	21.19	21.40	21.36
			25	21.16	21.03	20.85
		50	0	21.18	21.39	21.31
	16QAM	1	0	20.64	21.32	21.87
			25	20.76	21.42	22.05
			49	20.63	21.12	21.82
		25	0	20.38	20.16	20.03
			13	20.26	20.41	20.32
			25	20.49	20.45	20.12
		50	0	20.06	20.40	20.32

LTE Band 66

Conducted Power of LTE Band 66						
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				131979	132322	132665
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.67	22.03	21.72
			2	21.60	21.92	21.83
			5	21.63	21.92	21.75
		3	0	21.65	22.00	21.81
			2	21.68	21.97	21.84
			3	21.62	21.98	21.77
		6	0	21.73	20.88	20.77
	16QAM	1	0	21.67	21.31	20.32
			2	21.67	21.23	20.37
			5	21.69	21.29	20.30
		3	0	20.66	20.65	20.72
			2	20.98	20.60	20.73
			3	20.97	20.66	20.67
		6	0	20.06	20.11	19.96
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				131987	132322	132657
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.88	21.80	21.81
			7	21.80	21.89	21.85
			14	21.83	21.86	21.76
		8	0	20.80	20.92	20.95
			4	20.81	20.96	20.83
			7	20.86	20.98	20.93
		15	0	20.82	21.01	20.80
	16QAM	1	0	20.30	21.82	21.31
			7	20.29	21.78	21.30
			14	20.33	21.79	21.27
		8	0	20.08	20.22	20.22
			4	20.10	20.18	20.26
			7	20.06	20.23	20.22
		15	0	19.97	20.19	20.05

Conducted Power of LTE Band 66

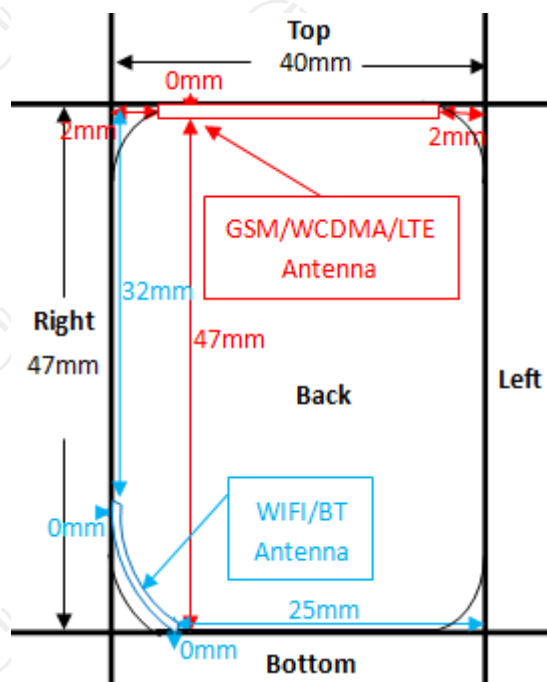
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				131997	132322	132647
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.59	21.93	21.80
			13	21.62	21.95	21.79
			24	21.58	21.99	21.69
		12	0	20.81	21.03	20.84
			6	20.72	20.96	20.90
			13	20.82	21.01	20.76
		25	0	20.80	20.92	20.76
			0	20.90	21.06	20.03
			13	20.90	21.06	19.94
	16QAM	1	24	20.90	21.14	19.97
			0	19.91	20.07	19.85
			6	19.89	20.10	19.86
		12	13	19.86	20.07	19.84
			0	19.97	20.06	19.96
			0	19.97	20.06	19.96
		25	0	19.97	20.06	19.96
			0	19.97	20.06	19.96
			0	19.97	20.06	19.96
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				132022	132322	132622
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.76	21.92	21.63
			25	21.75	21.93	21.73
			49	21.74	21.70	21.73
		25	0	20.76	20.70	20.80
			13	20.74	20.77	20.79
			25	20.83	20.64	20.70
		50	0	20.73	20.75	20.76
			0	20.73	20.75	20.76
			0	20.73	20.75	20.76
	16QAM	1	0	20.63	21.74	20.29
			25	20.59	21.69	20.27
			49	20.58	21.74	20.28
		25	0	20.10	19.86	19.96
			13	20.09	19.84	19.98
			25	20.07	19.88	20.01
		50	0	19.94	19.85	19.89
			0	19.94	19.85	19.89
			0	19.94	19.85	19.89

Conducted Power of LTE Band 66

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				132047	132322	132597
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.68	21.79	21.70
			38	21.68	21.77	21.66
			74	21.66	21.85	21.66
		36	0	20.78	20.70	20.85
			18	20.90	20.73	20.71
			39	20.94	20.78	20.79
		75	0	20.81	20.79	20.83
			0	21.06	21.29	21.01
			38	21.07	21.33	21.05
	16QAM	1	74	21.07	21.31	20.98
			0	19.98	19.95	19.91
			18	20.01	19.97	19.95
		36	39	19.94	19.98	19.95
			0	19.94	19.91	19.98
			75	19.94	19.91	19.98
		75	0	19.94	19.91	19.98
			0	19.94	19.91	19.98
			75	19.94	19.91	19.98
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel	Channel	Channel
				132072	132322	132572
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.86	21.78	21.84
			50	21.88	21.86	21.82
			99	21.86	21.84	21.85
		50	0	20.84	20.79	20.78
			25	20.93	20.89	20.71
			50	20.81	20.82	20.71
		100	0	20.87	20.78	20.77
			0	21.68	21.26	21.51
			50	21.65	21.28	21.53
	16QAM	1	99	21.66	21.27	21.52
			0	19.96	20.03	19.84
			25	19.98	20.05	19.80
		50	50	19.94	20.05	19.85
			0	19.99	19.90	19.88
			0	19.99	19.90	19.88
		100	0	19.99	19.90	19.88
			0	19.99	19.90	19.88
			0	19.99	19.90	19.88

9. Exposure Position Consideration

9.1. EUT Antenna Location



9.2. Test Position Consideration

Test Positions						
Mode	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
GSM/WCDMA /LTE	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
WIFI	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

Note:

1. Basing on KDB447498 section 4.3.1.SAR test for left, Top, right and bottom sides was not required

10. SAR Test Results Summary

10.1. Front-to-face 1g SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position with 10mm	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Meas. SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/Kg)
GSM850	voice	Front	128	824.2	31.61	32.00	-2.62	0.21	1.094	0.23	1.60
GSM1900	voice	Front	810	1909.8	27.29	27.50	1.08	0.31	1.050	0.33	
WCDMA Band II	RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	20.99	21.00	-0.99	0.46	1.002	0.46	
WCDMA Band IV	RMC	Front	1513	1752.6	21.05	21.50	-2.65	0.30	1.109	0.33	
WCDMA Band V	RMC	Front	4132	826.4	21.85	22.00	-1.81	0.38	1.035	0.39	
2.4G	802.11b	Front	1	2412	15.65	16.00	-0.92	0.22	1.084	0.24	
BT	8DPSK	Front	0	2402	7.91	8.00	-0.08	0.12	1.021	0.12	

Band	Mode	Test Position with 10mm	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	RB allocation	RB offset	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Meas. SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR1g (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	QPSK (20MHz)	Front	19100	1900	1	50	22.04	22.50	-1.00	0.36	1.112	0.40
					50	0	21.02	21.50	2.07	0.30	1.117	0.34
LTE Band 4	QPSK (20MHz)	Front	20300	1745	1	50	22.06	22.50	-1.35	0.42	1.107	0.46
					50	0	20.75	21.00	1.42	0.38	1.059	0.40
LTE Band 5	QPSK (10MHz)	Front	20600	844	1	25	22.46	22.50	-2.20	0.36	1.009	0.36
					25	0	21.38	21.50	1.44	0.31	1.028	0.32
LTE Band 7	QPSK (20MHz)	Front	21100	2535	1	49	21.87	22.00	-1.49	0.34	1.030	0.35
					50	0	20.64	21.00	-2.55	0.30	1.086	0.33
LTE Band 12	QPSK (10MHz)	Front	23130	711	1	25	22.20	22.50	-2.30	0.22	1.072	0.24
					25	13	21.35	21.50	1.95	0.18	1.035	0.19
LTE Band 17	QPSK (10MHz)	Front	23790	710	1	0	22.25	22.50	-1.36	0.21	1.059	0.22
					25	13	21.40	21.50	2.52	0.16	1.023	0.16
LTE Band 66	QPSK (10MHz)	Front	132072	1720	1	50	21.88	22.00	1.14	0.34	1.028	0.35
					50	25	20.93	21.00	2.04	0.29	1.016	0.29

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, body-worn use is evaluated with the device positioned at 10 mm from a flat phantom filled with head tissue-equivalent medium.
- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the report SAR is measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance. Scaling Factor = $10^{[(\text{tune-up limit power (dBm)} - \text{Ave. power power (dBm)})/10]}$, where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
Reported SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) * Scaling Factor.
- Per KDB865664D01 v01r04 perform a second repeated measurement only the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is $\geq 1.45\text{W/kg}$.
- Perform a second measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is $\geq 1.5\text{W/kg}$ and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurement is >1.20 .

10.2. Wrist Worn 10g SAR

Band	Mode	Test Position with 0mm	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Meas. SAR10g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR10g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
GSM850	voice	Back	128	824.2	31.61	32.00	0.60	0.32	1.094	0.35	4.0
GSM850	GPRS 2 slots	Back	128	824.2	29.55	30.00	-0.70	0.35	1.109	0.39	
GSM1900	voice	Back	810	1909.8	27.29	27.50	-1.49	0.47	1.050	0.49	
GSM1900	GPRS 3 slots	Back	512	1850.2	24.41	24.50	1.06	0.46	1.021	0.47	
WCDMA Band II	RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	20.99	21.00	-2.05	0.85	1.002	0.85	
WCDMA Band IV	RMC	Back	1513	1752.6	21.05	21.50	-1.44	0.75	1.109	0.83	
WCDMA Band V	RMC	Back	4132	826.4	21.85	22.00	-0.82	0.29	1.035	0.30	
2.4G	802.11b	Back	1	2412	15.65	16.00	-0.76	0.25	1.084	0.27	
BT	8DPSK	Back	0	2402	7.91	8.00	-1.22	0.10	1.021	0.10	

Band	Mode	Test Position with 0mm	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	RB allocation	RB offset	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Meas. SAR10g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR10g (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	QPSK (20MHz)	Back	19100	1900	1	50	22.04	22.50	-2.13	0.59	1.112	0.66
					50	0	21.02	21.50	1.89	0.55	1.117	0.61
LTE Band 4	QPSK (20MHz)	Back	20300	1745	1	50	22.06	22.50	-1.32	0.54	1.107	0.60
					50	0	20.75	21.00	2.78	0.50	1.059	0.53
LTE Band 5	QPSK (10MHz)	Back	20600	844	1	25	22.46	22.50	-1.25	0.19	1.009	0.19
					25	0	21.38	21.50	2.24	0.15	1.028	0.15
LTE Band 7	QPSK (20MHz)	Back	21100	2535	1	49	21.87	22.00	-0.27	0.77	1.030	0.79
					50	0	20.64	21.00	1.53	0.71	1.086	0.77
LTE Band 12	QPSK (10MHz)	Back	23130	711	1	25	22.20	22.50	-1.49	0.26	1.072	0.28
					25	13	21.35	21.50	2.40	0.21	1.035	0.22
LTE Band 17	QPSK (10MHz)	Back	23790	710	1	0	22.25	22.50	3.61	0.17	1.059	0.18
					25	13	21.40	21.50	2.08	0.14	1.023	0.14
LTE Band 66	QPSK (10MHz)	Back	132072	1720	1	50	21.88	22.00	-1.13	0.36	1.028	0.37
					50	25	20.93	21.00	2.14	0.31	1.016	0.32

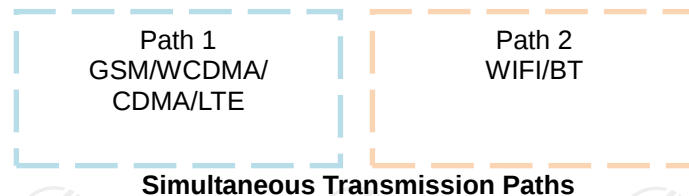
Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, body-worn with hotspot use is evaluated with the device positioned at 10 mm from a flat phantom filled with head tissue-equivalent medium.
- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the report SAR is measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance. Scaling Factor = $10^{[(\text{tune-up limit power (dBm)} - \text{Ave. power (dBm)})/10]}$, where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
Reported SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) * Scaling Factor.
- Per KDB865664D01 v01r04 perform a second repeated measurement only the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is $\geq 1.45\text{W/kg}$.
- Perform a second measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is $\geq 1.5\text{W/kg}$ and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurement is >1.20 .

10.3. Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

NO.	Configuration	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
1	GSM850/1900(Voice)+WIFI(2.4)	NO	YES	NO
2	GPRS 850/1900(DATA)+WIFI(2.4)	NO	YES	NO
3	LTE+WIFI(2.4)	NO	YES	NO

10.4. SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Band	Test Position	Scaled SAR			Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		Front-to-face	WIFI 2.4G	BT			
GSM850 (voice)	Front	0.23	0.27	0.10	0.50	N/A	N/A
GSM1900 (voice)	Front	0.33	0.27	0.10	0.60	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.46	0.27	0.10	0.73	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.33	0.27	0.10	0.60	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.39	0.27	0.10	0.66	N/A	N/A

Band	Test Position	RB allocation	Scaled			Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
			Front-to-face	WIFI 2.4G	Bluetooth			
LTE Band 2 QPSK (20MHz)	Front	1	0.40	0.27	0.10	0.67	N/A	N/A
		50	0.34	0.27	0.10	0.61	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 4 QPSK (20MHz)	Front	1	0.46	0.27	0.10	0.73	N/A	N/A
		50	0.40	0.27	0.10	0.67	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 5 QPSK (10MHz)	Front	1	0.36	0.27	0.10	0.63	N/A	N/A
		25	0.32	0.27	0.10	0.59	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 7 QPSK (20MHz)	Front	1	0.35	0.27	0.10	0.62	N/A	N/A
		50	0.33	0.27	0.10	0.60	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 12 QPSK (10MHz)	Front	1	0.24	0.27	0.10	0.51	N/A	N/A
		25	0.19	0.27	0.10	0.46	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 17 QPSK (10MHz)	Front	1	0.22	0.27	0.10	0.49	N/A	N/A
		25	0.16	0.27	0.10	0.43	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 66 QPSK (20MHz)	Front	1	0.35	0.27	0.10	0.62	N/A	N/A
		50	0.29	0.27	0.10	0.56	N/A	N/A

Band	Test Position	Scaled SAR			Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		Wrist Worn	WIFI 2.4G	BT			
GSM850 (voice)	Back	0.35	0.27	0.10	0.62	N/A	N/A
GSM850 (GPRS 2 slots)	Back	0.39	0.27	0.10	0.66	N/A	N/A
GSM1900 (voice)	Back	0.49	0.27	0.10	0.76	N/A	N/A
GSM1900 (GPRS 3 slots)	Back	0.47	0.27	0.10	0.74	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band II	Back	0.85	0.27	0.10	1.12	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band IV	Back	0.83	0.27	0.10	1.10	N/A	N/A
WCDMA Band V	Back	0.30	0.27	0.10	0.57	N/A	N/A

Band	Test Position	RB allocation	Scaled			Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark
			Wrist Worn	WIFI 2.4G	Bluetooth			
LTE Band 2 QPSK (20MHz)	Back	1	0.66	0.27	0.10	0.93	N/A	N/A
		50	0.61	0.27	0.10	0.88	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 4 QPSK (20MHz)	Back	1	0.60	0.27	0.10	0.87	N/A	N/A
		50	0.53	0.27	0.10	0.80	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 5 QPSK (10MHz)	Back	1	0.19	0.27	0.10	0.46	N/A	N/A
		25	0.15	0.27	0.10	0.42	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 7 QPSK (20MHz)	Back	1	0.79	0.27	0.10	1.06	N/A	N/A
		50	0.77	0.27	0.10	1.04	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 12 QPSK (10MHz)	Back	1	0.28	0.27	0.10	0.55	N/A	N/A
		25	0.22	0.27	0.10	0.49	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 17 QPSK (10MHz)	Back	1	0.18	0.27	0.10	0.45	N/A	N/A
		25	0.14	0.27	0.10	0.41	N/A	N/A
LTE Band 66 QPSK (20MHz)	Back	1	0.37	0.27	0.10	0.64	N/A	N/A
		50	0.32	0.27	0.10	0.59	N/A	N/A

Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is not required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

10.5. Measurement Uncertainty (150MHz-6GHz)

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528: 2020. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Symbol	Input quantity Xi (source of uncertainty)	Prob. Dist.	Unc. a(xi)	Div. qi	$u(xi) =$ $a(xi)/qi$	Ci	$u(y) =$ $Ci * u(xi)$	vi
Measurement system errors								
CF	Probe calibration	N ($k = 2$)	5.8	2	2.90	1	2.90	∞
CFdrift	Probe calibration drift	R	0.14	$\sqrt{3}$	0.08	1	0.08	∞
LIN	Probe linearity and detection limit	R	1.98	$\sqrt{3}$	1.14	1	1.14	∞
BBS	Broadband signal	R	0.18	$\sqrt{3}$	0.10	1	0.10	∞
ISO	Probe isotropy	R	4.85	$\sqrt{3}$	2.80	1	2.80	∞
DAE	Other probe and data acquisition errors	N	2.7	1	2.70	1	2.70	∞
AMB	RF ambient and noise	N	1.73	1	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Δxyz	Probe positioning errors	N	0.81	1	0.81	$2/\delta$	0.81	
DAT	Data processing errors	N	2.3	1	2.30	1	2.30	∞
Phantom and device (DUT or validation antenna) errors								
LIQ(σ)	Measurement of phantom conductivity(σ)	N	4.4	1	4.4	$c\epsilon, c\sigma$	4.40	∞
LIQ(Tc)	Temperature effects (medium)	R	2.5	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44	$c\epsilon, c\sigma$	1.44	∞
EPS	Shell permittivity	R	3.4	$\sqrt{3}$	1.96	See 8.4.2.3	0.49	∞
DIS	Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	N	0.8	1	0.8	2	1.60	∞
Dxyz	Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	N	4	1	4	1	4	5
H	Device holder effects	N	3	1	3	1	3.00	
MOD	Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	R	3	$\sqrt{3}$	1.73	1	1.73	∞
TAS	Time-average SAR	R	1.73	$\sqrt{3}$	1.00	1	1.00	∞
RFdrift	Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	N	2.89	1	2.89	1	2.89	
VAL	Validation antenna uncertainty (validation measurement only)	N	4.16	1	4.16	1	4.16	
Pin	Uncertainty in accepted power (validation measurement only)	N	2.89	1	2.89	1	2.89	
Corrections to the SAR result (if applied)								
$C(\epsilon', \sigma)$	Phantom deviation from target (ϵ', σ)	N	2.31	1	2.31	1	2.31	
C(R)	SAR scaling	R	1.15	$\sqrt{3}$	0.66	1	0.66	
$u(\Delta SAR)$	Combined uncertainty						11.26	
U	Expanded uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom					U =	22.52	

10.6. Test Equipment List

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Calibration Date (D.M.Y)	Calibration Due (D.M.Y)
PC	Lenovo	H3050	N/A	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47070282	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Multimeter	Keithley	Multimeter 2000	4078275	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US38432457	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	114220	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312526	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	MY45101555	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY50001018	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9301A	MY41497725	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	MY44421198	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070005	Jun. 27, 2024	Jun. 26, 2024
Power Amplifier	PE	PE15A4019	112342	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	722D	MY52180104	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Chensheng	FF779	134251	N/A	N/A
E-Field PROBE	MVG	SSE2	SN 25/22 EPGO375	Jun. 29, 2024	Jun. 28, 2025
DIPOLE 750	MVG	SID750	SN 16/15 DIP 0G750-368	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
DIPOLE 835	MVG	SID835	SN 16/15 DIP 0G835-369	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
DIPOLE 1800	MVG	SID 1800	SN 16/15 DIP 1G800-371	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
DIPOLE 1900	MVG	SID1900	SN 16/15 DIP 1G900-372	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
DIPOLE 2450	MVG	SID 2450	SN 16/15 DIP 2G450-374	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
DIPOLE 2600	MVG	SID 2600	SN 16/15 DIP 2G600-375	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
Limesar Dielectric Probe	MVG	SCLMP	SN 19/15 OCPG71	Jun. 05, 2024	Jun. 04, 2027
Communication Antenna	MVG	ANTA59	SN 39/14 ANTA59	N/A	N/A
Mobile Phone Position Device	MVG	MSH101	SN 19/15 MSH101	N/A	N/A
Dummy Probe	MVG	DP66	SN 13/15 DP66	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	MVG	SAM120	SN 19/15 SAM120	N/A	N/A
PHANTOM TABLE	MVG	TABP101	SN 19/15 TABP101	N/A	N/A
Robot TABLE	MVG	TABP61	SN 19/15 TABP61	N/A	N/A
6 AXIS ROBOT	KUKA	KR6-R900	501822	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. N/A means this equipment no need to calibrate
 2. Each Time means this device need to calibrate every use time
 3. The dipole was not damaged properly repaired.
 4. The measured SAR deviates from the calibrated SAR value by less than 10%
 5. The most recent return-loss result meets the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement
 6. The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance deviates by less than 5 Ω from the previous measurement.

11. System Check Results

Date of measurement: 11/11/2024 Test mode: 750 (Head)

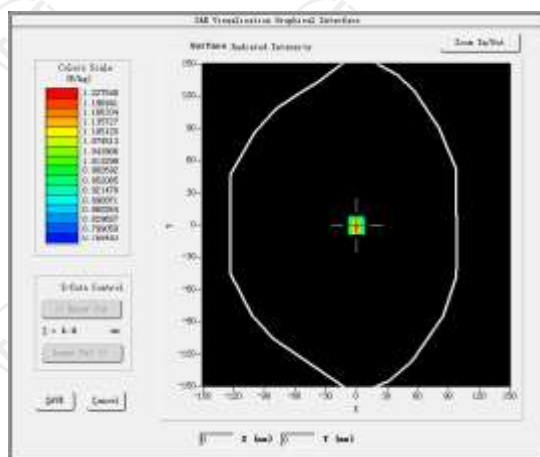
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID750

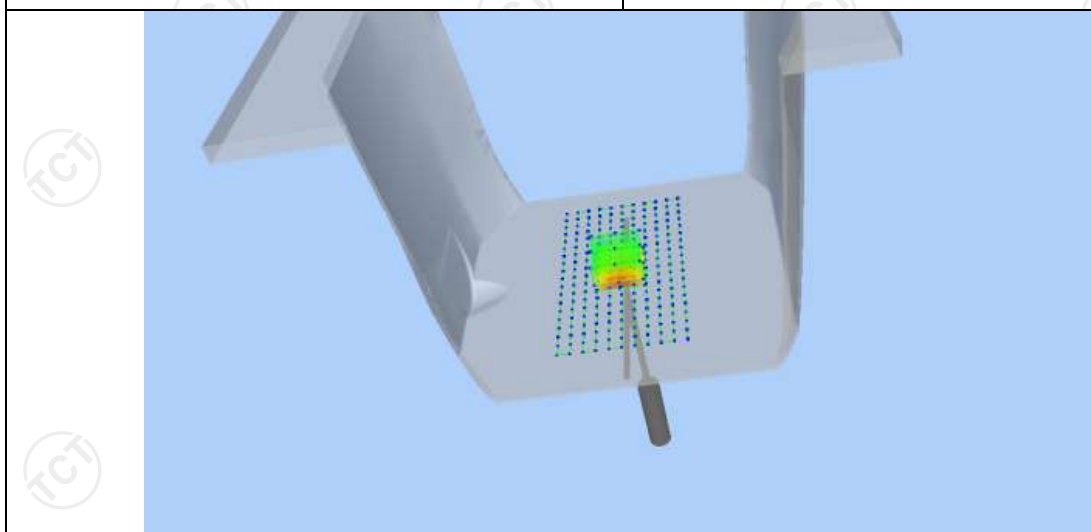
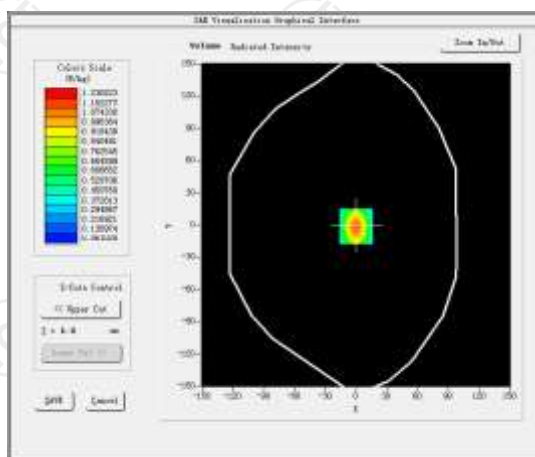
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.71
Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.901260
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	17.130904
Conductivity (S/m)	0.891220
Variation (%)	-0.090000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.560421
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.804230

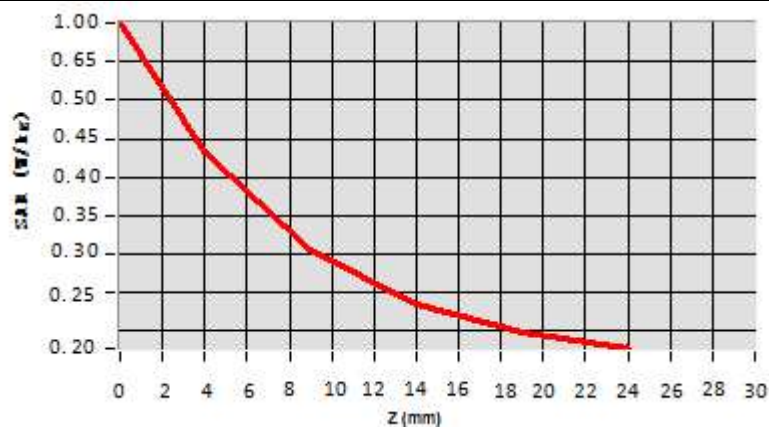
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.0014	0.4404	0.3024	0.2342	0.2221



Hot spot position



Date of measurement: 11/12/2024 Test mode: 835 (Head)

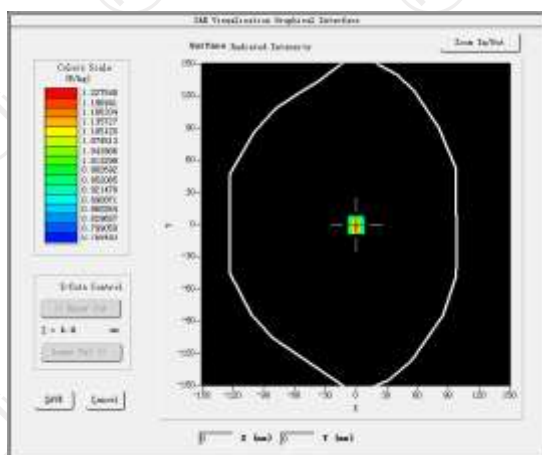
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID835

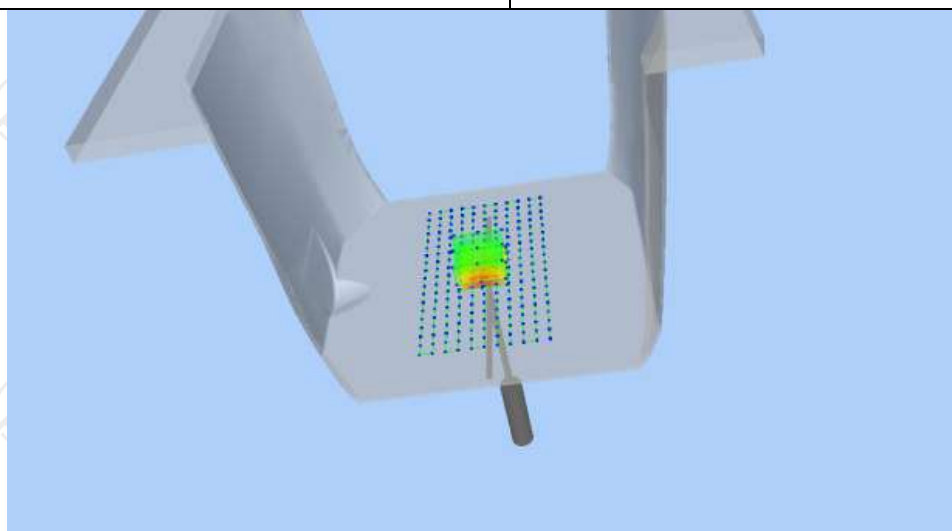
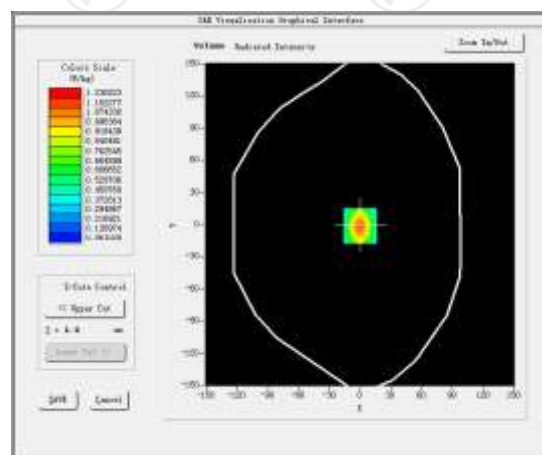
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.80
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.417760
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.129852
Conductivity (S/m)	0.874923
Variation (%)	-0.090000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.570250
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.886135

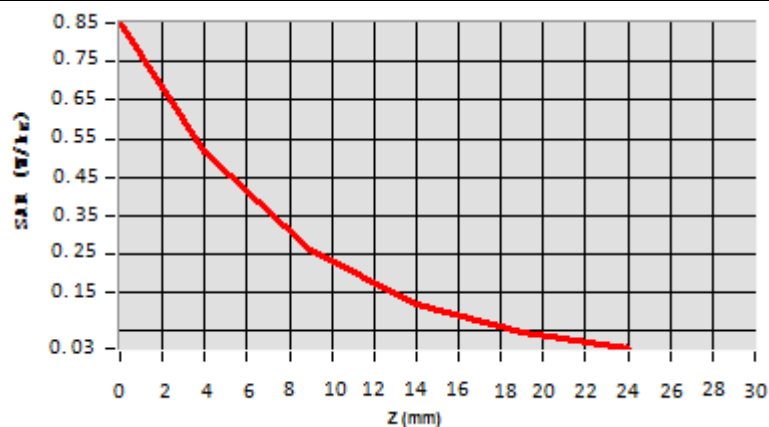
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.8625	0.5302	0.2594	0.1302	0.1025



Hot spot position



Date of measurement: 11/15/2024 Test mode: 1800MHz (Head)

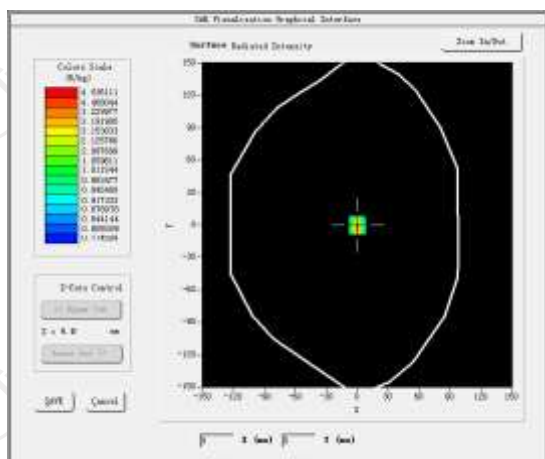
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID1800

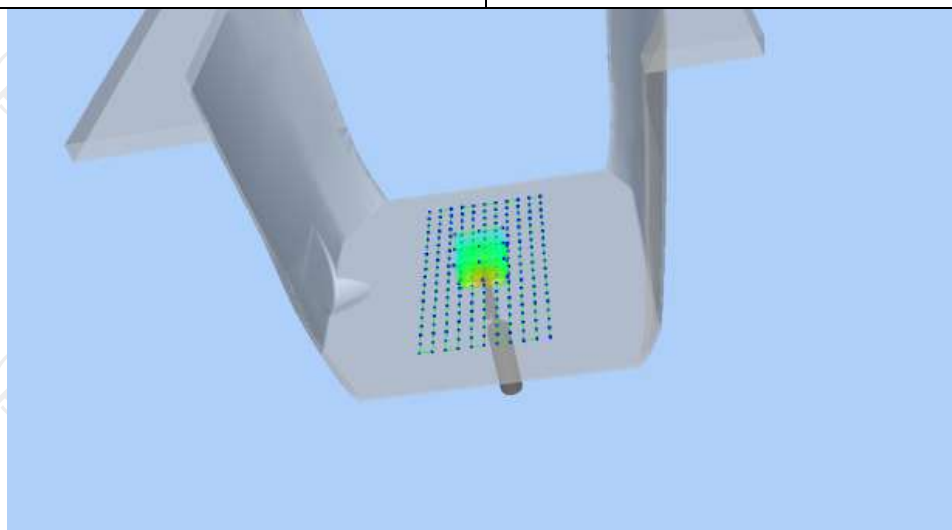
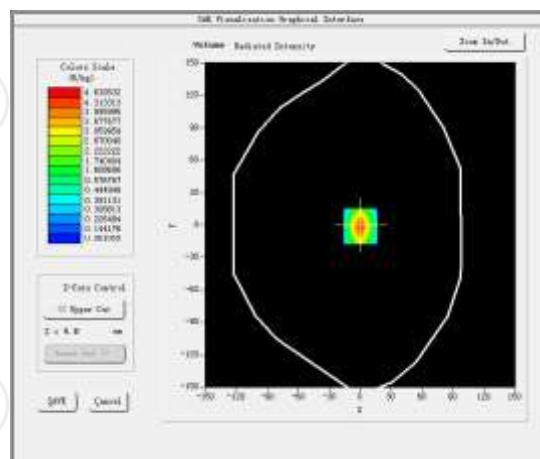
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.08
Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.070000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.000000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380000
Variation (%)	1.250000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.201458
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.752497

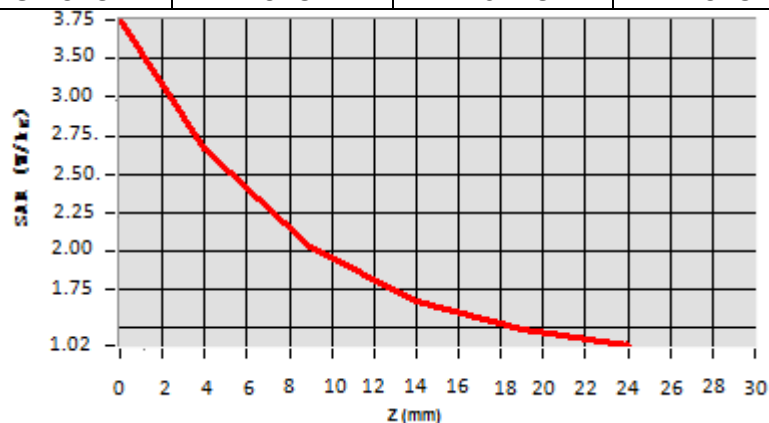
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	3.7625	2.6254	2.0245	1.6254	1.0214



Hot spot position



Date of measurement: 11/22/2024 Test mode: 1900MHz (Head)

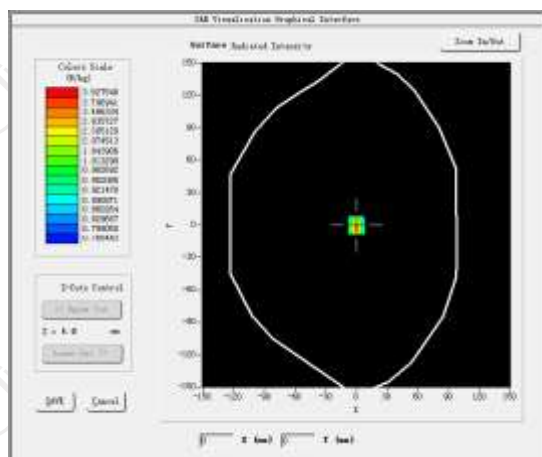
Product Description: Validation

Dipole Model: SID1900

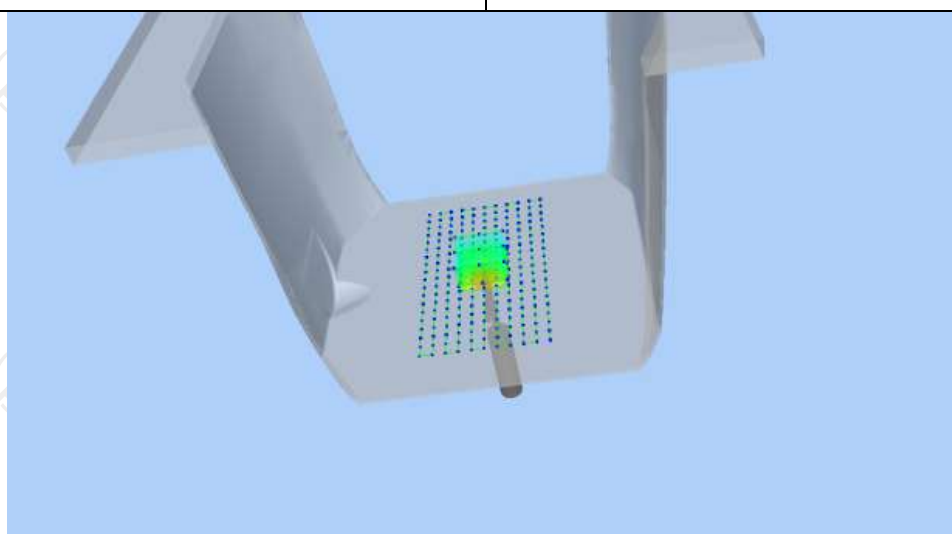
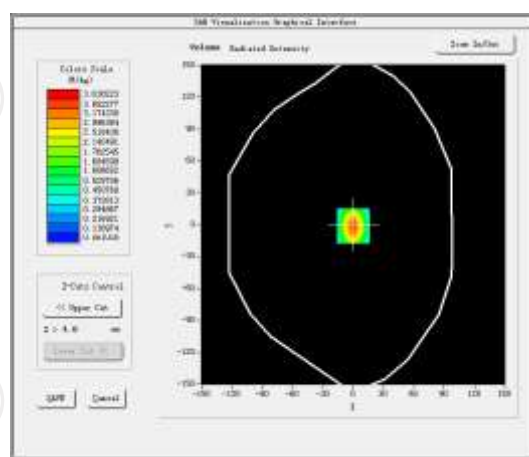
E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.23
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.076721
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.607061
Conductivity (S/m)	1.367609
Variation (%)	-0.910000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.899324
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.576354

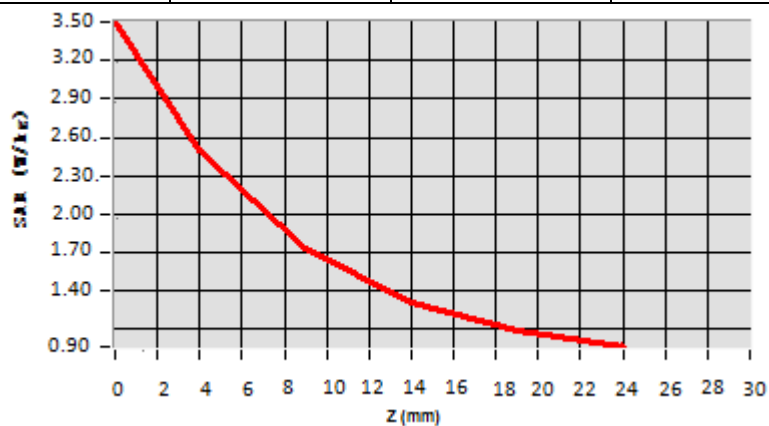
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	3.5325	2.5687	1.7025	1.3025	0.1125



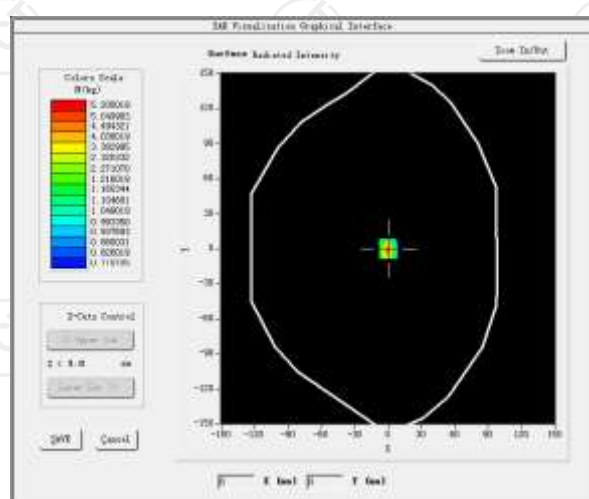
Hot spot position



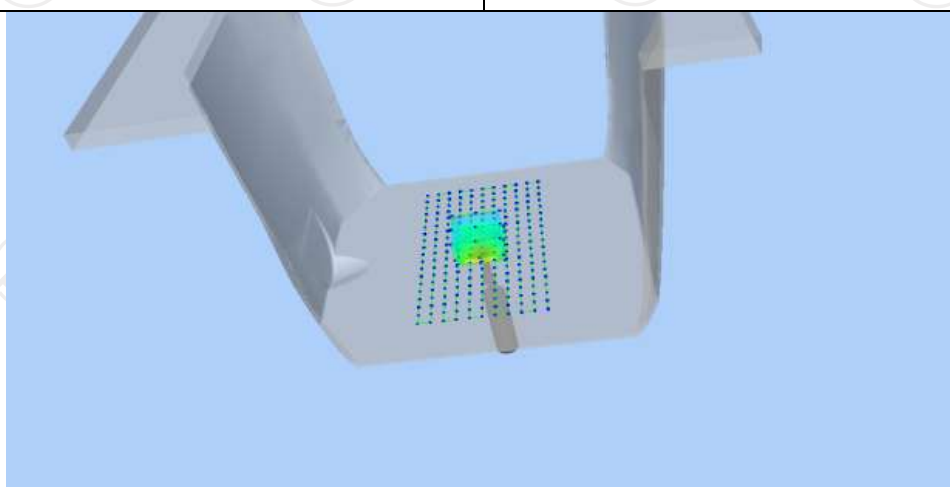
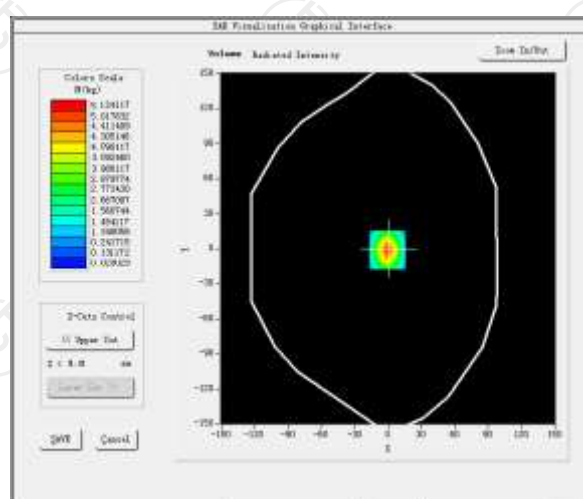
Date of measurement: 12/03/2024 Test mode: 2450MHz (Head)
 Product Description: Validation
 Dipole Model: SID2450
 E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.31
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.821613
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.546980
Conductivity (S/m)	1.834111
Variation (%)	-0.470000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.364445
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.994244

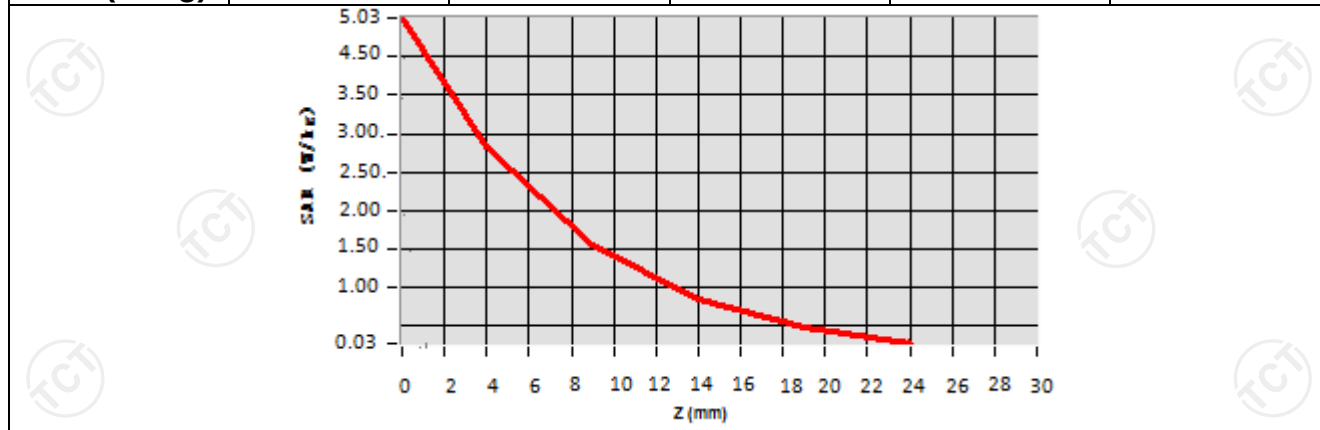
SURFACE SAR



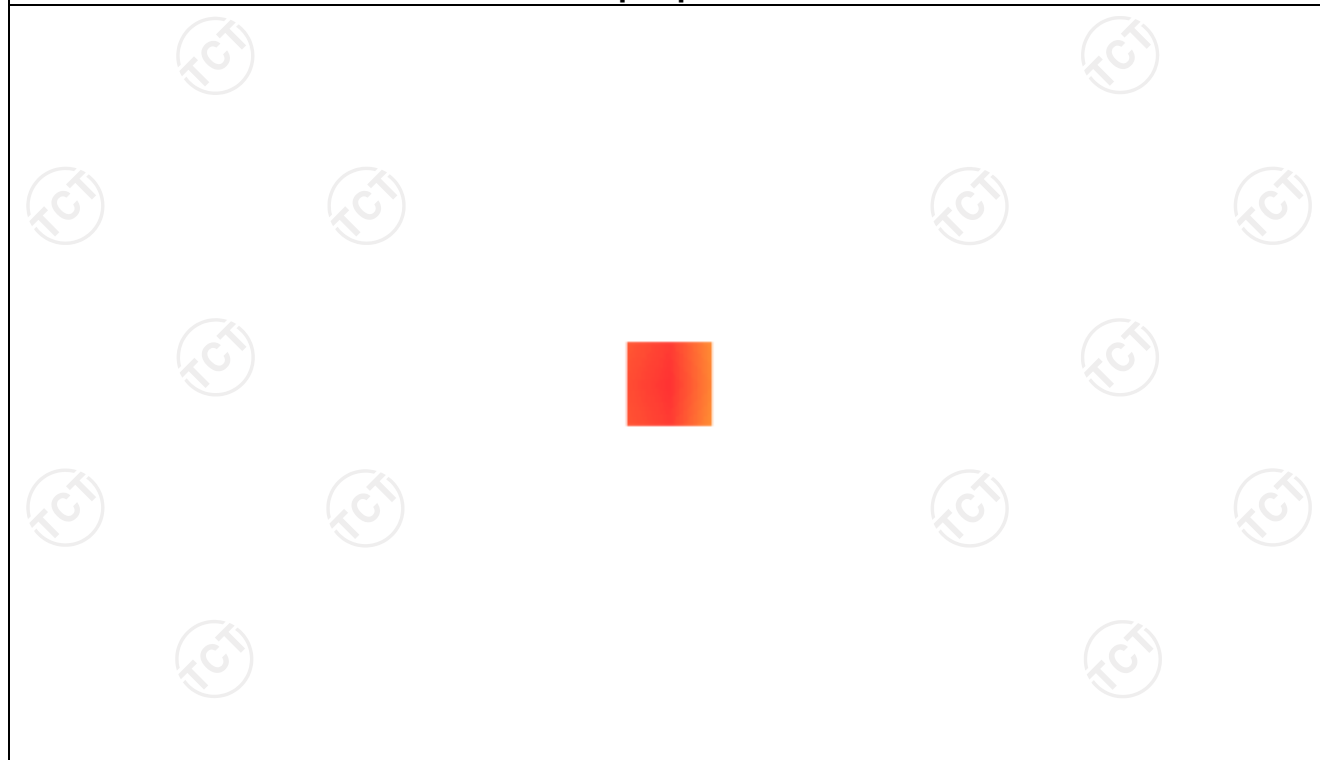
VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.0262	2.7584	1.5026	0.8252	0.4125



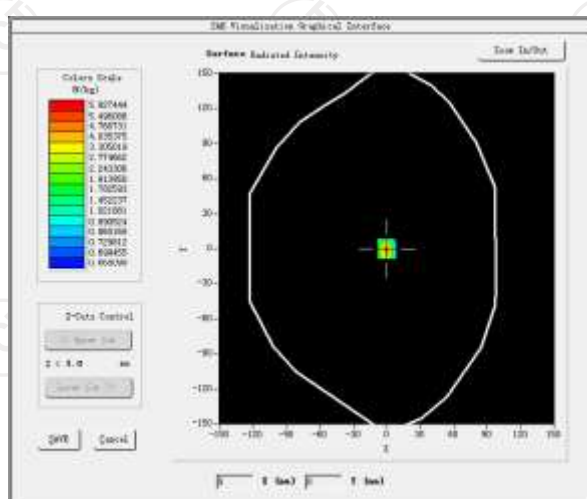
Hot spot position



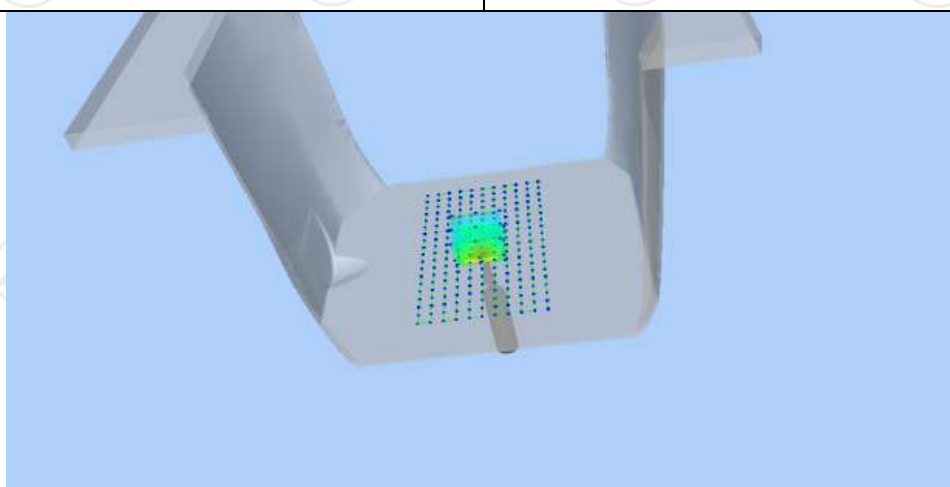
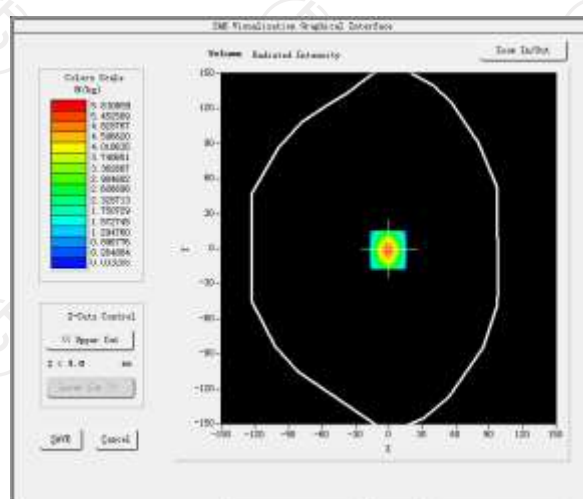
Date of measurement: 12/06/2024 Test mode: 2600MHz (Head)
 Product Description: Validation
 Dipole Model: SID2600
 E-Field Probe: SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)

Phantom	Validation plane
Input Power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.16
Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.823477
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.545489
Conductivity (S/m)	1.972567
Variation (%)	-1.360000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.430127
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.413744

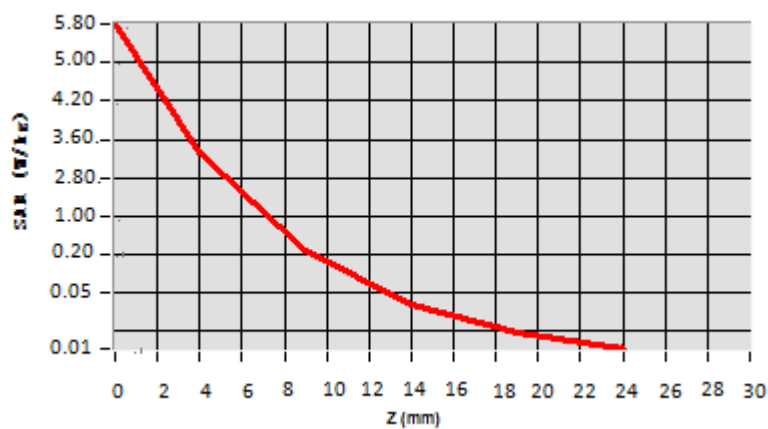
SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.7893	3.2375	0.2098	0.0387	0.0249



Hot spot position



12. SAR Test Data

GSM 850

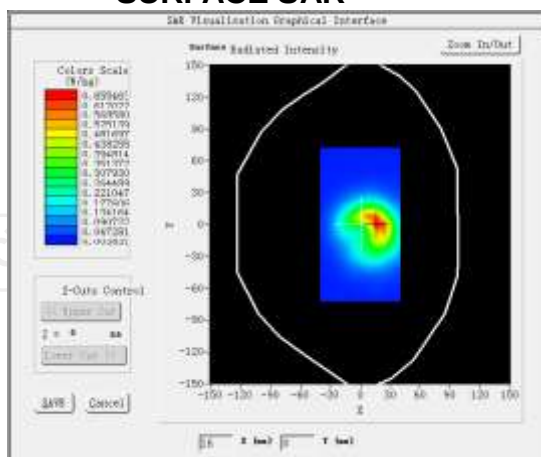
MEASUREMENT 1

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

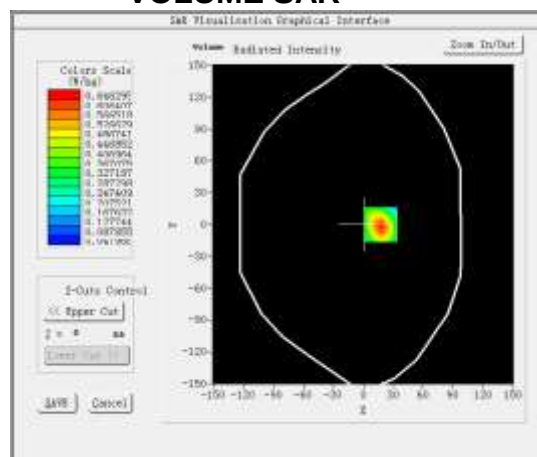
Date: 11/12/2024

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.212927
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.368266
Conductivity (S/m)	0.971230
Variation (%)	-2.620000
Crest Factor:	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body front(10mm)
Band	GSM850(Voice)

SURFACE SAR

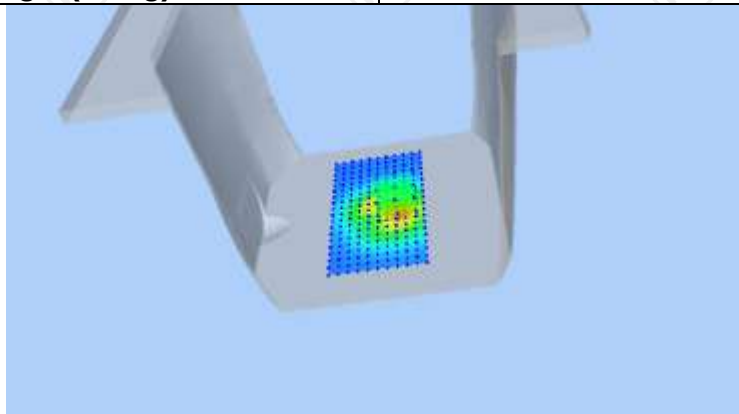


VOLUME SAR

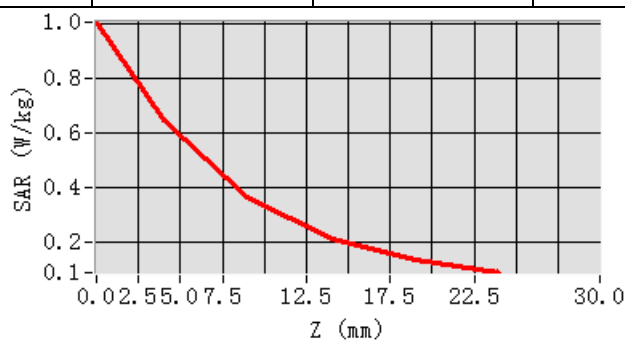


Maximum location: X=18.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.02 W/kg

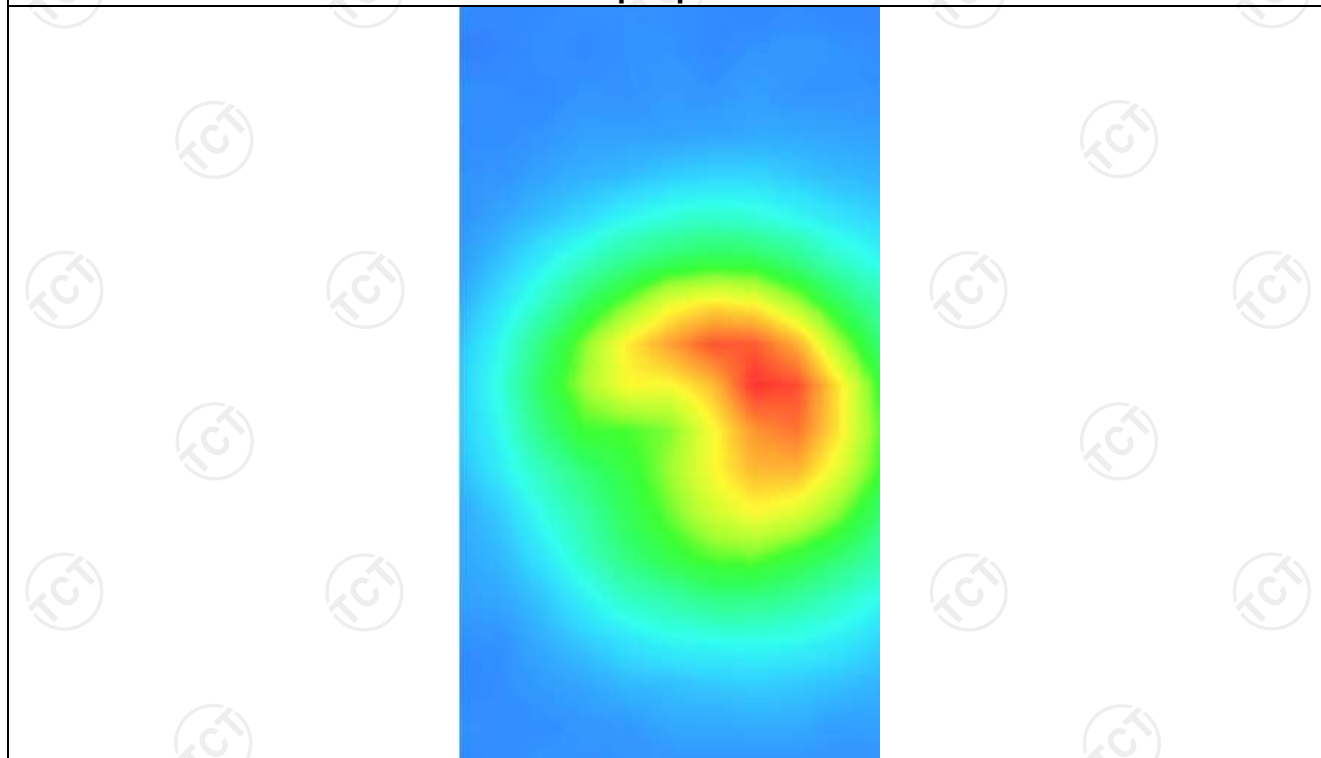
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.336175
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.205283



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.0079	0.6463	0.3653	0.2129	0.1346



Hot spot position



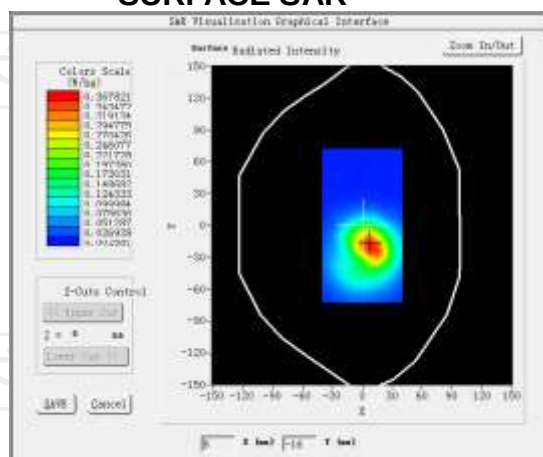
MEASUREMENT 2

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

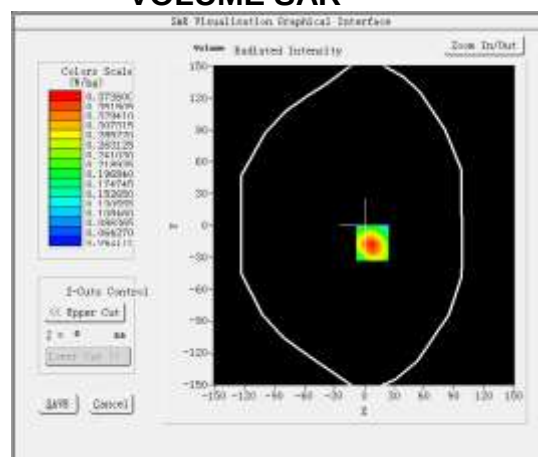
Date: 11/12/2024

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.212927
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.368266
Conductivity (S/m)	0.971230
Variation (%)	0.600000
Crest Factor:	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>GSM850(Voice)</u>

SURFACE SAR

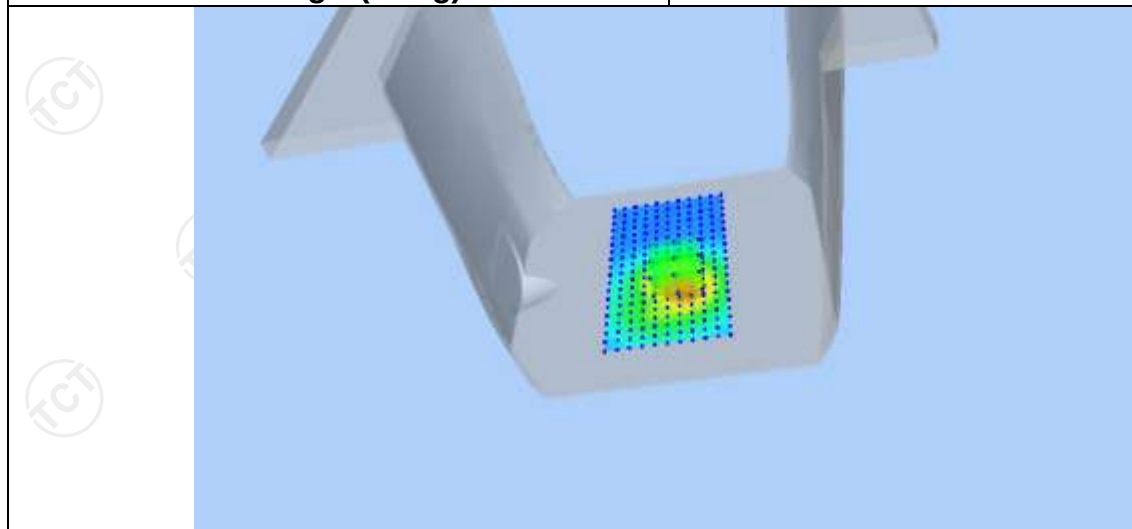


VOLUME SAR

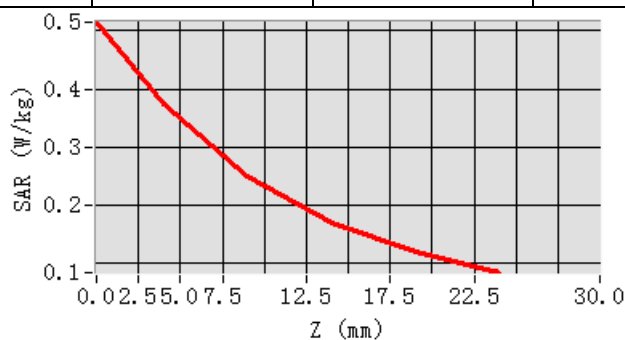


Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 0.52 W/kg

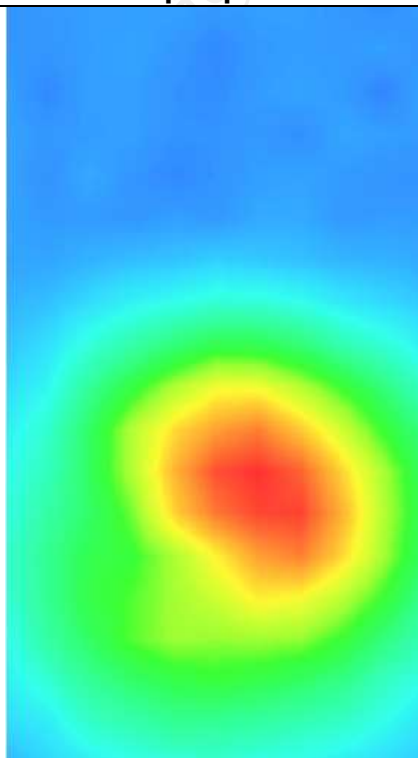
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.317980
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.253545



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5152	0.3736	0.2494	0.1693	0.1184



Hot spot position



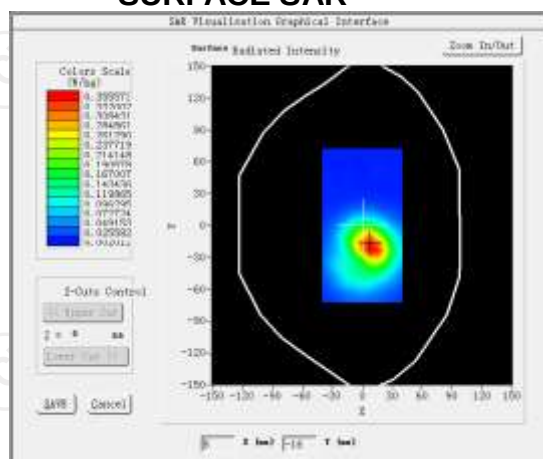
MEASUREMENT 3

Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

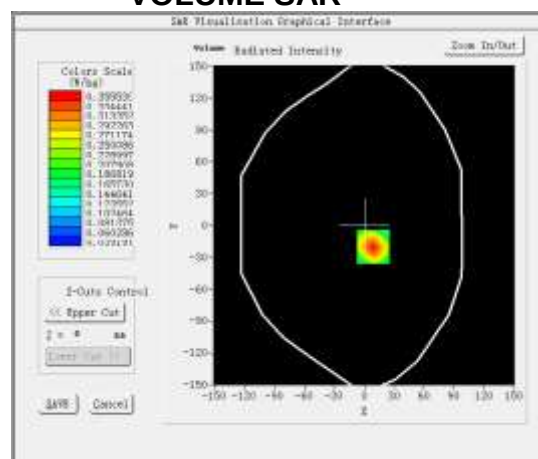
Date: 11/12/2024

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.212927
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.378266
Conductivity (S/m)	0.971230
Variation (%)	-0.700000
Crest Factor:	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>GSM850(GPRS 2slot)</u>

SURFACE SAR

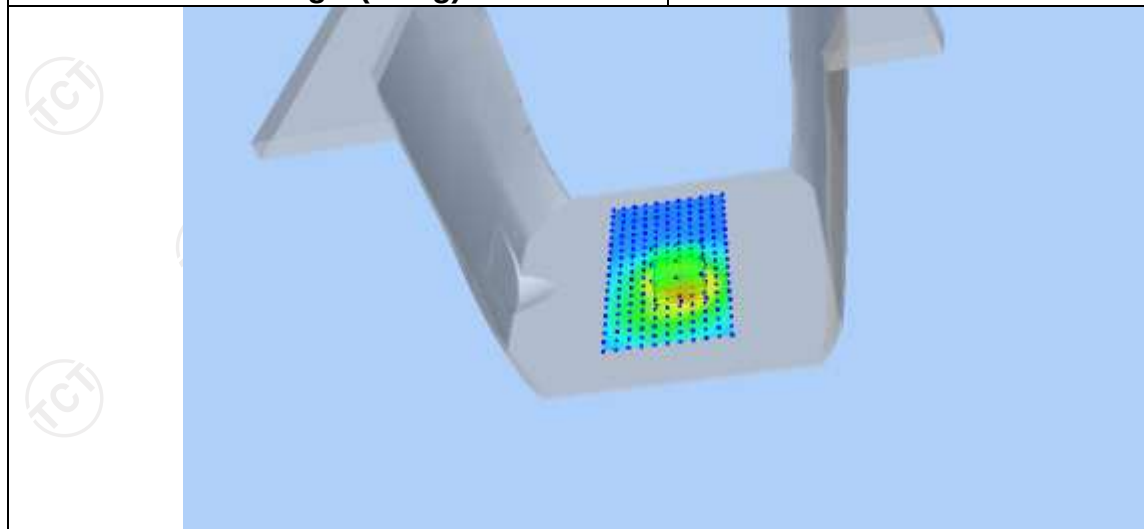


VOLUME SAR

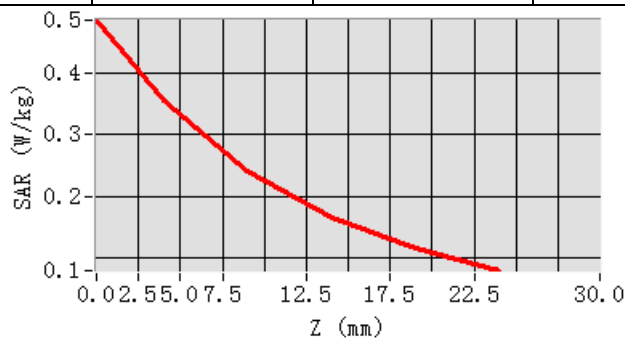


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-20.00 SAR Peak: 0.49 W/kg

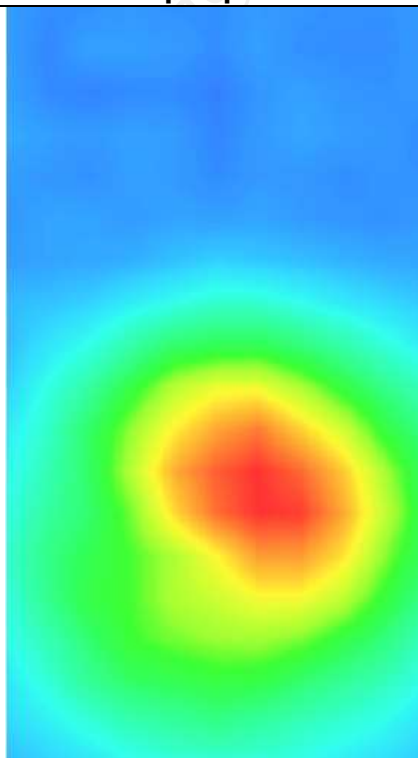
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.348909
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.234268



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4843	0.3555	0.2409	0.1653	0.1160



Hot spot position

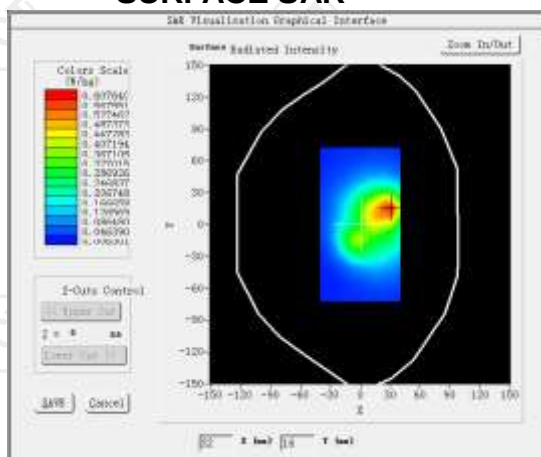


GSM 1900

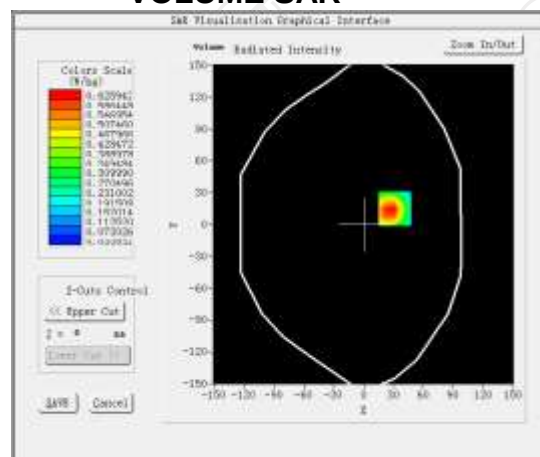
MEASUREMENT 1

Hight Band SAR (Channel 810):		Date: 11/22/2024
Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337	
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.322400	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.531736	
Variation (%)	1.080000	
Crest Factor	1.0	
Probe Conversion factor	2.32	
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body front(10mm)	
Band	GSM1900(voice)	

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



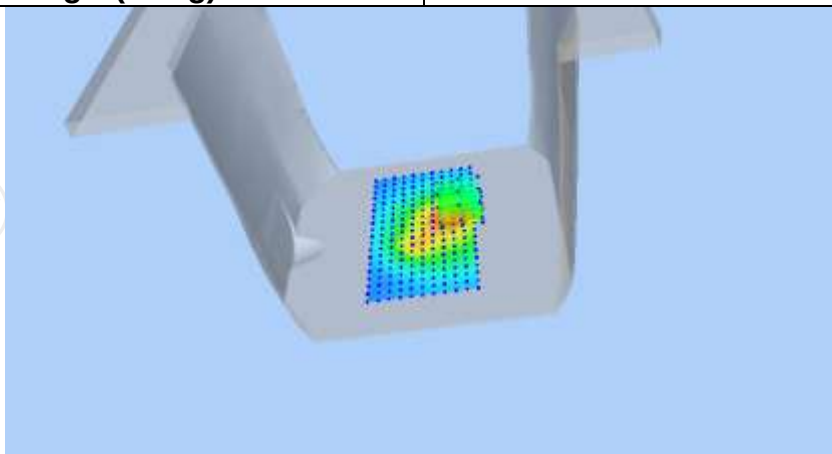
Maximum location: X=31.00, Y=15.00 SAR Peak: 1.05 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)

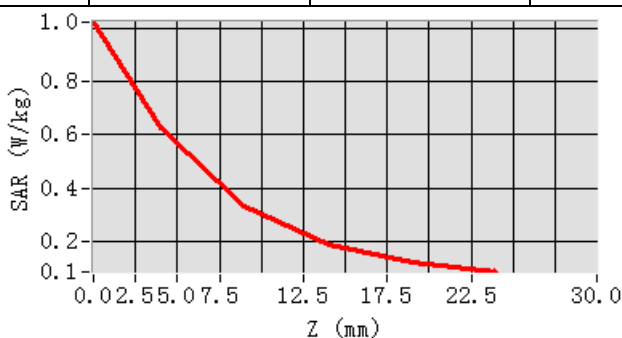
0.245131

SAR 1g (W/Kg)

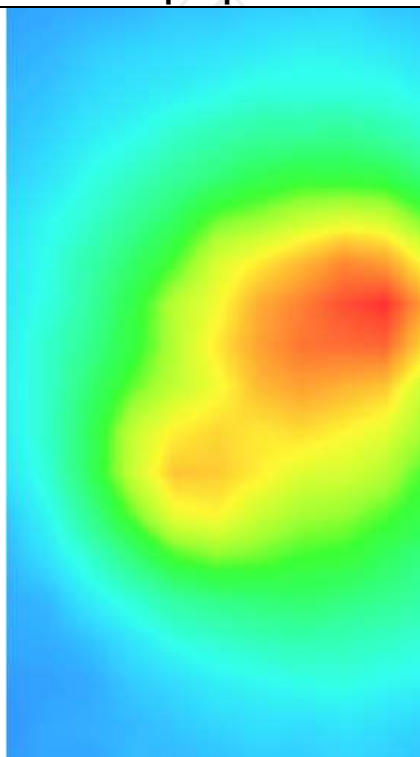
0.311621



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.0215	0.6259	0.3339	0.1881	0.1217



Hot spot position



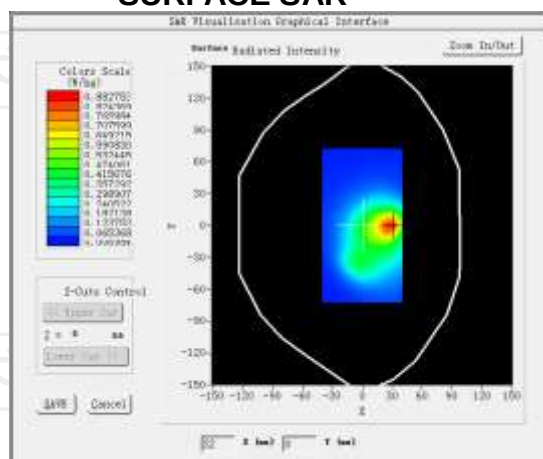
MEASUREMENT 2

Hight Band SAR (Channel 810):

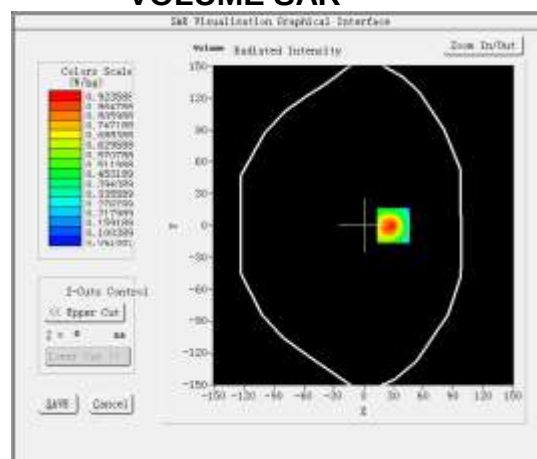
Date: 11/22/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.322400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.531736
Variation (%)	-1.490000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>GSM1900(voice)</u>

SURFACE SAR

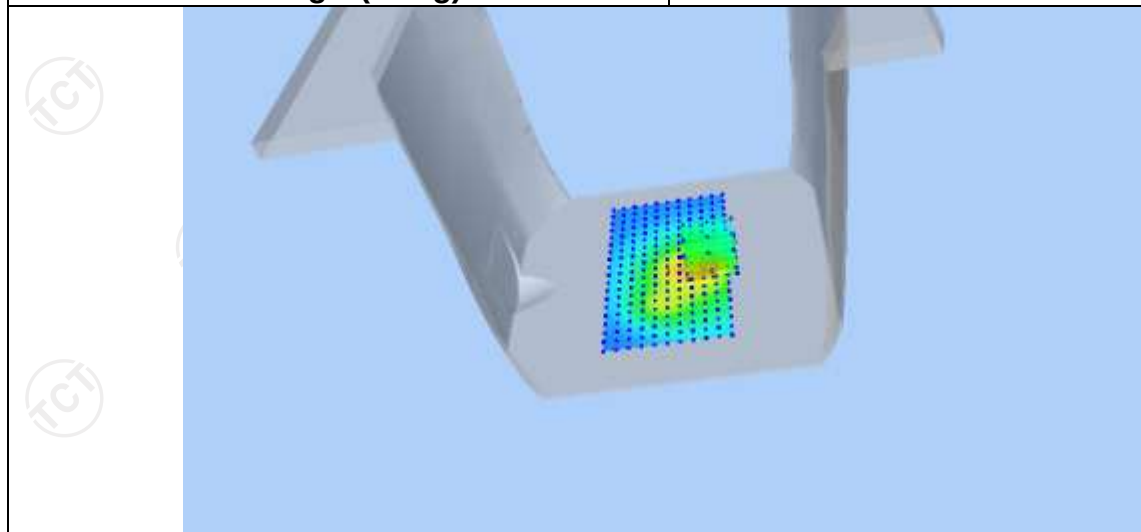


VOLUME SAR

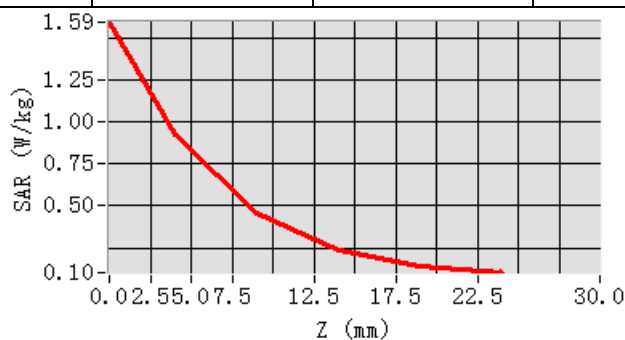


Maximum location: X=30.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.62 W/kg

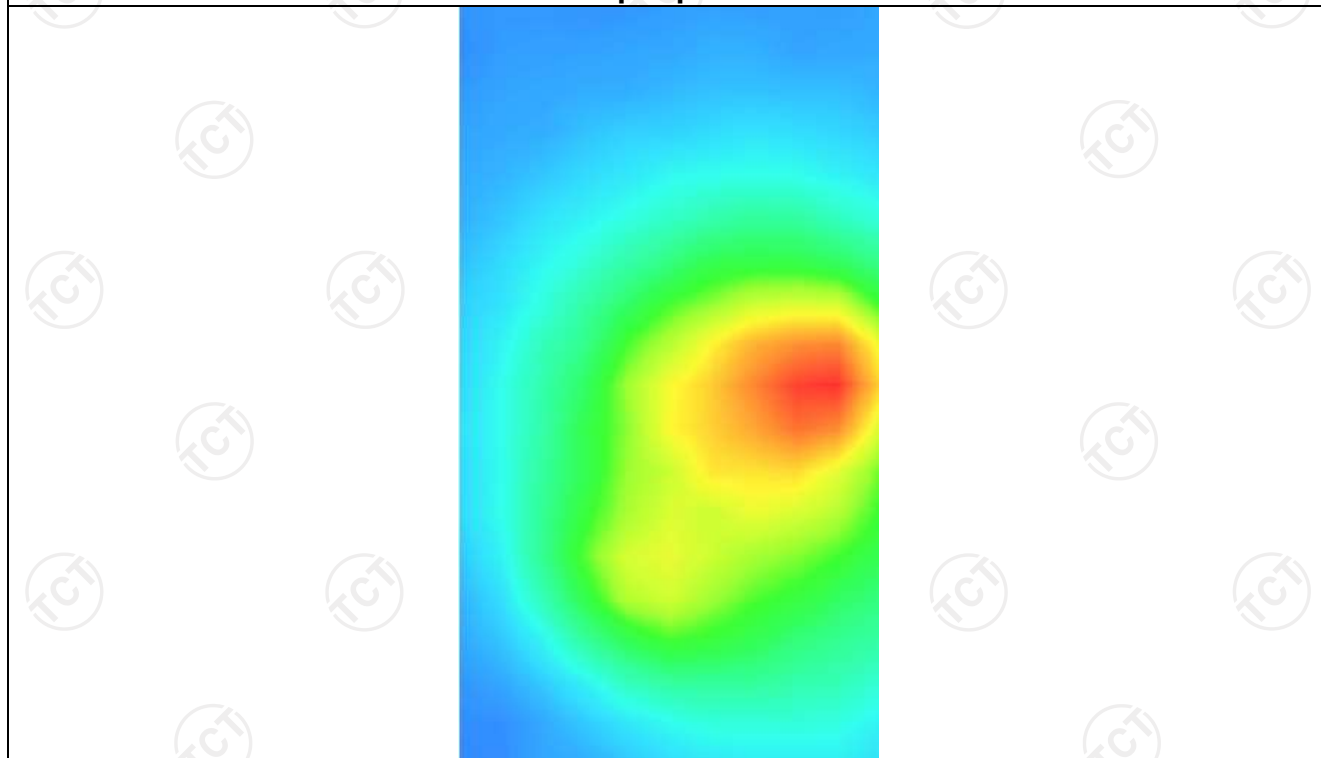
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.470079
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.888659



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.5913	0.9236	0.4530	0.2347	0.1453



Hot spot position



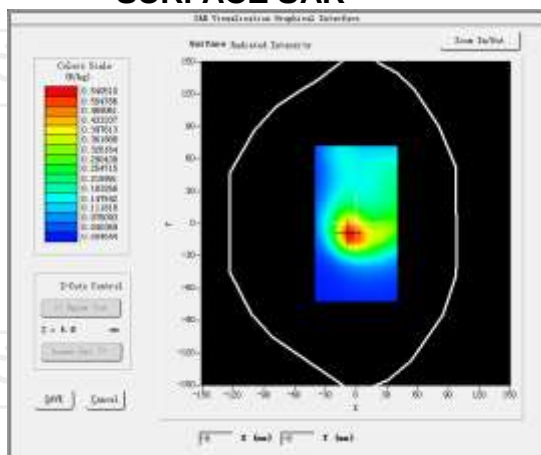
MEASUREMENT 3

Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

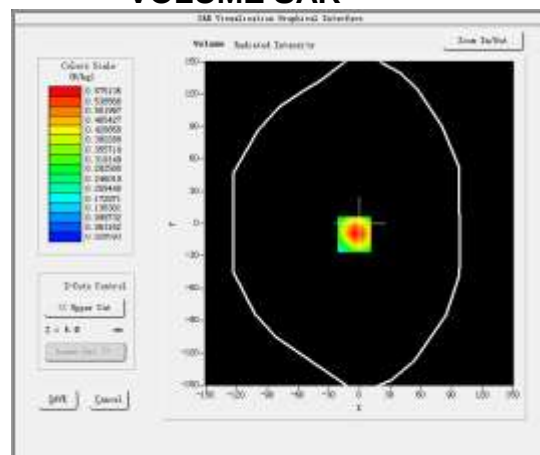
Date: 11/22/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.341337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.322400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.491736
Variation (%)	1.060000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>GSM1900(GPRS 3slot)</u>

SURFACE SAR

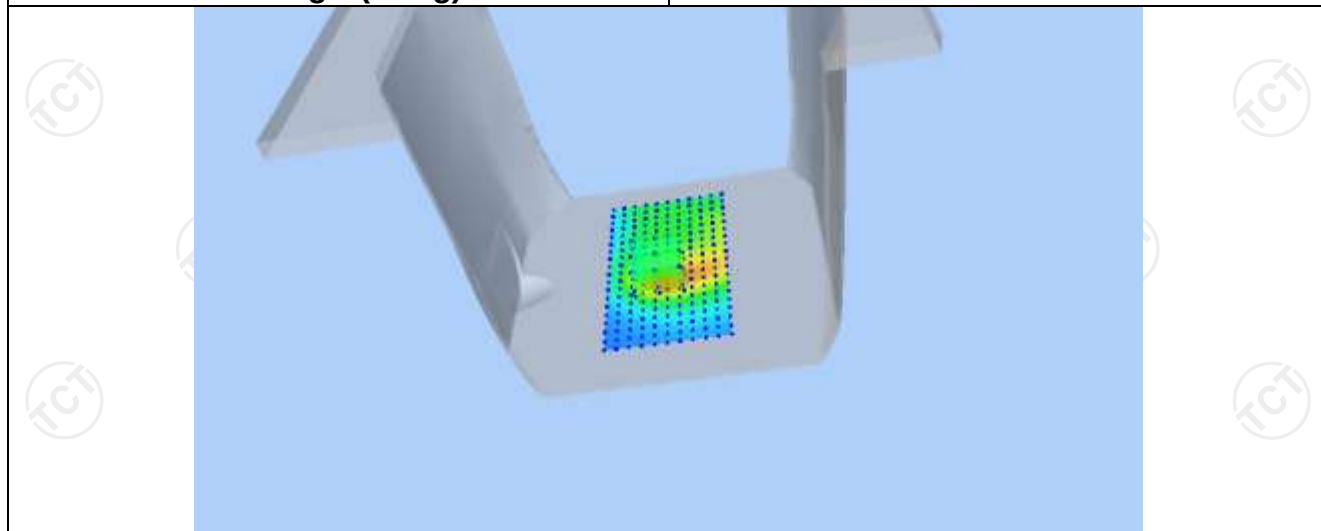


VOLUME SAR

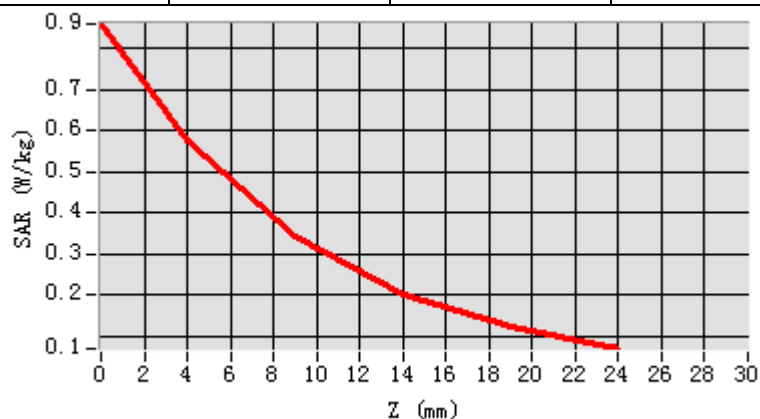


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-10.00 SAR Peak: 0.87 W/kg

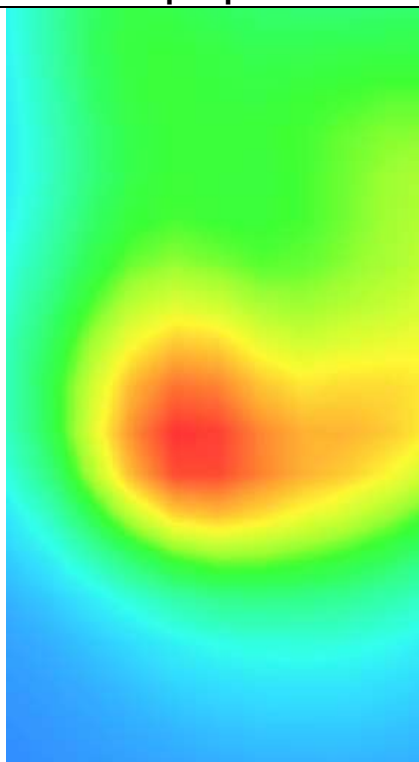
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.458172
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.543292



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.8581	0.5751	0.3415	0.2023	0.1218



Hot spot position



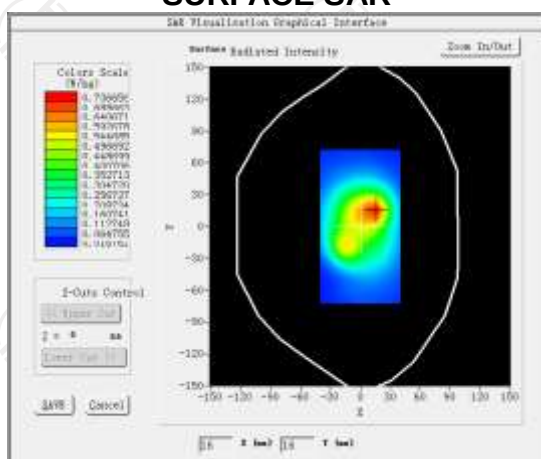
WCDMA Band II

MEASUREMENT 1

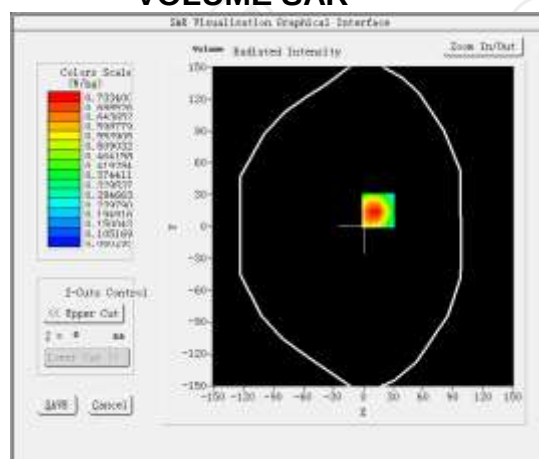
Hight Band SAR (Channel 9538): Date: 11/22/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1907.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.232400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.526736
Variation (%)	-0.990000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>BAND2 WCDMA1900</u>

SURFACE SAR

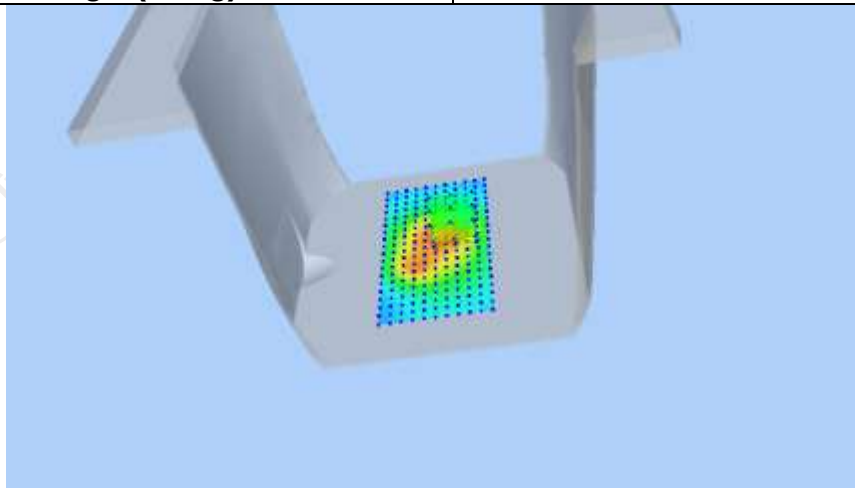


VOLUME SAR

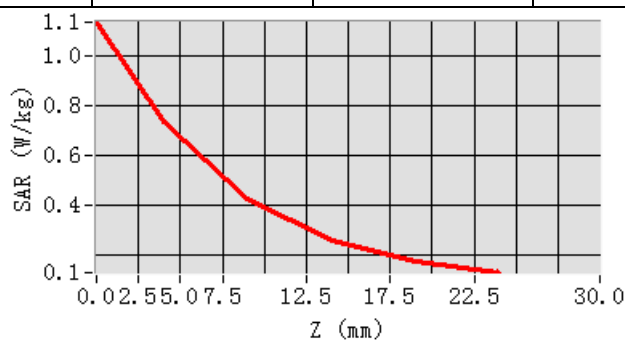


Maximum location: X=15.00, Y=15.00 SAR Peak: 1.15 W/kg

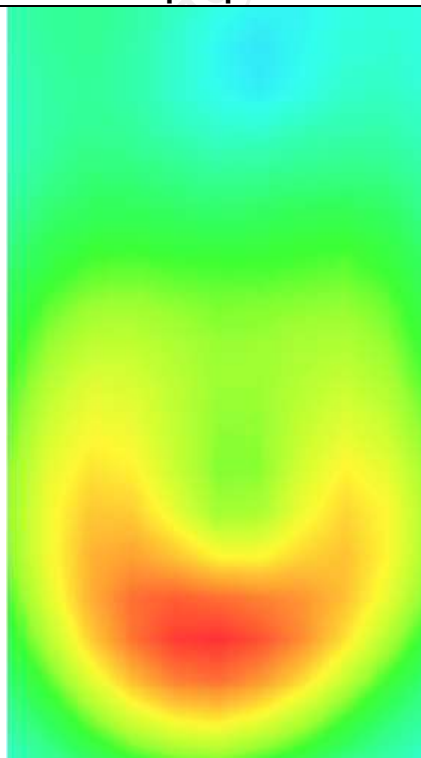
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.326900
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.459640



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1366	0.7334	0.4226	0.2572	0.1752



Hot spot position



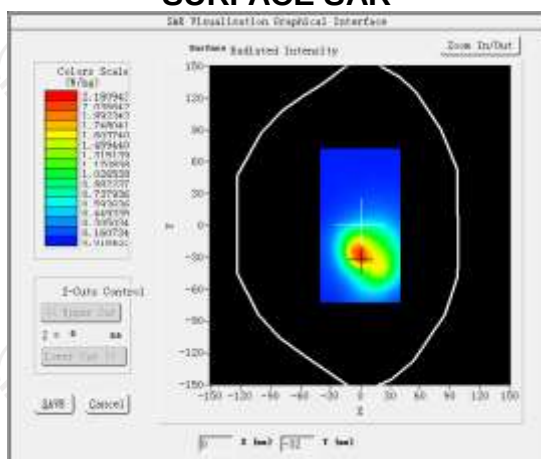
MEASUREMENT 2

Hight Band SAR (Channel 9538):

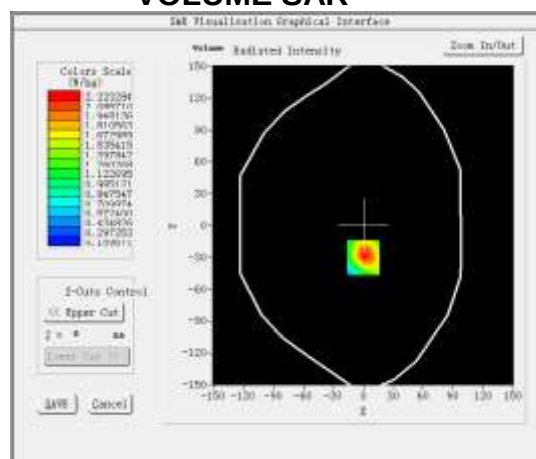
Date: 11/22/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1907.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.232400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.526736
Variation (%)	-2.050000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>BAND2 WCDMA1900</u>

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



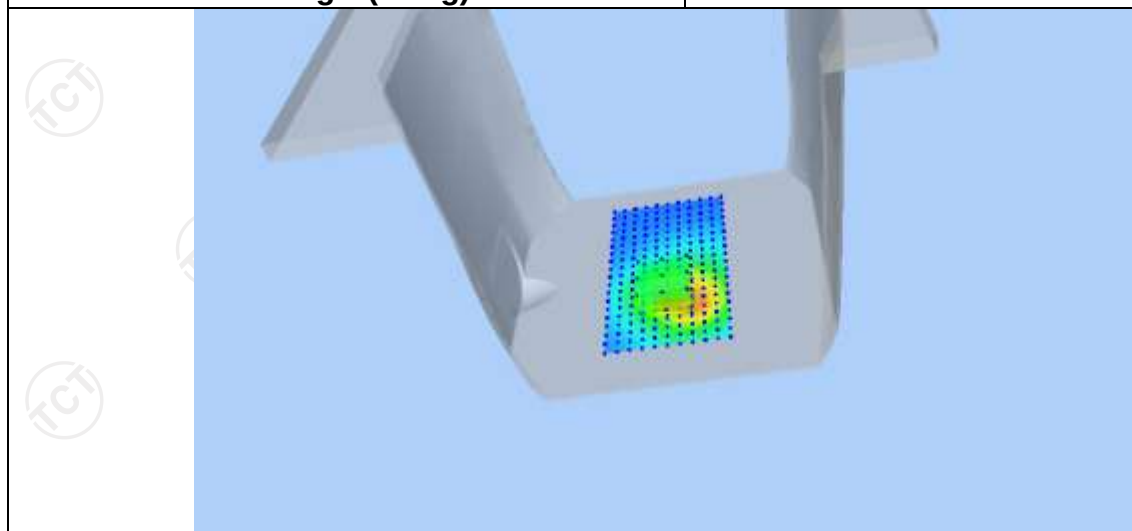
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-30.00 SAR Peak: 3.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)

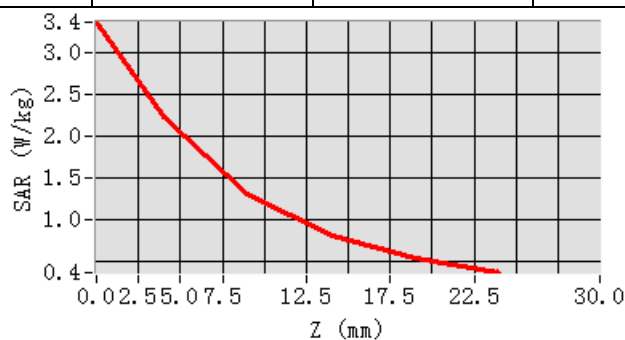
0.847295

SAR 1g (W/Kg)

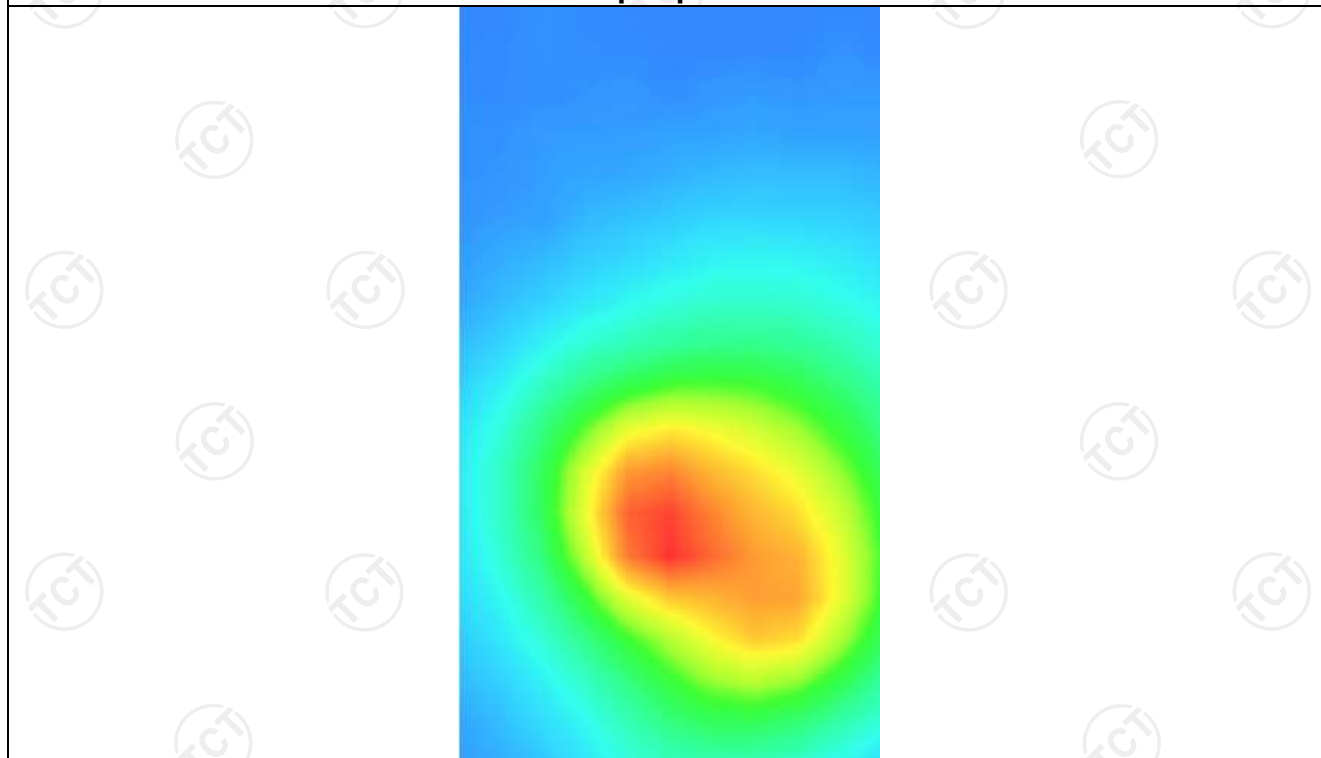
2.123880



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	3.3664	2.2233	1.3146	0.8056	0.5336



Hot spot position

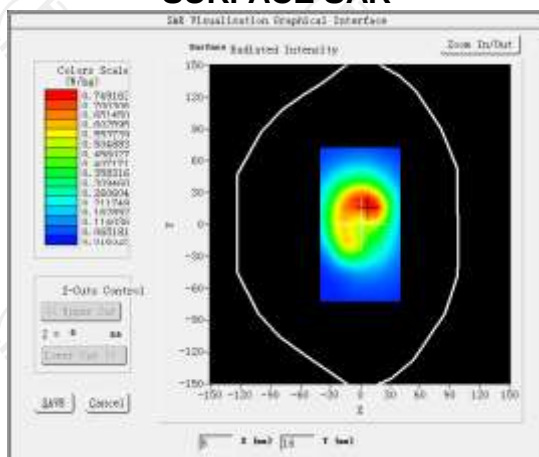


WCDMA Band IV MEASUREMENT 1

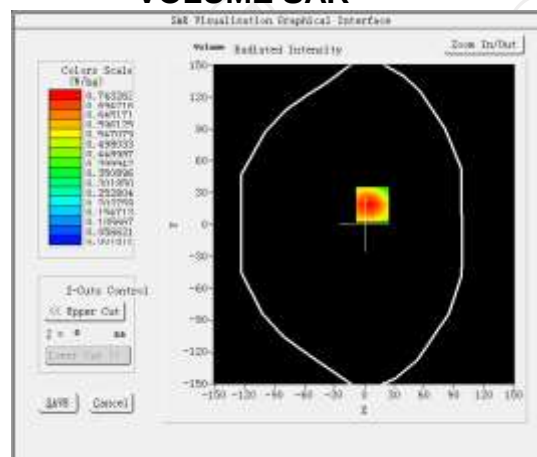
Hight Band SAR (Channel 1513): Date: 11/15/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1752.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.232400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.526736
Variation (%)	-2.650000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>BAND4 WCDMA1700</u>

SURFACE SAR

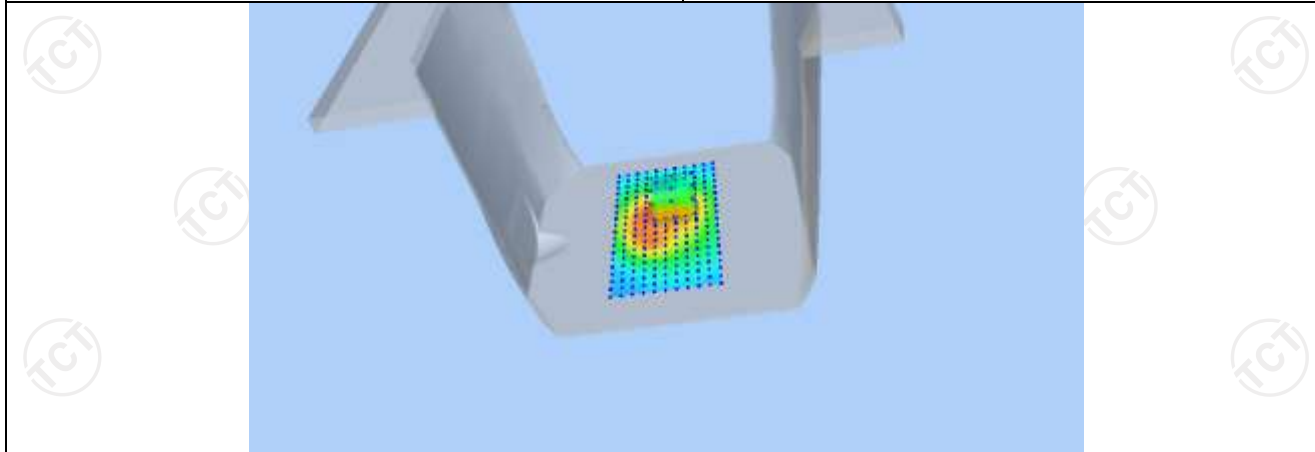


VOLUME SAR

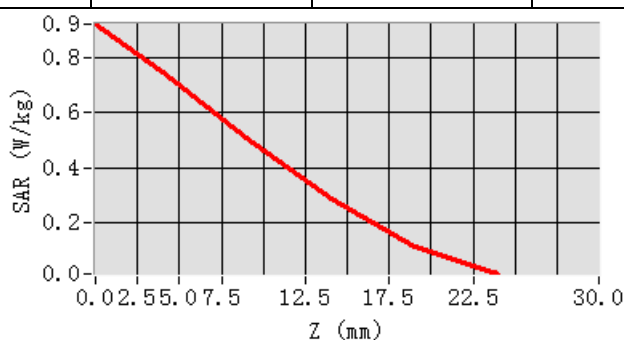


Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=19.00 SAR Peak: 0.93 W/kg

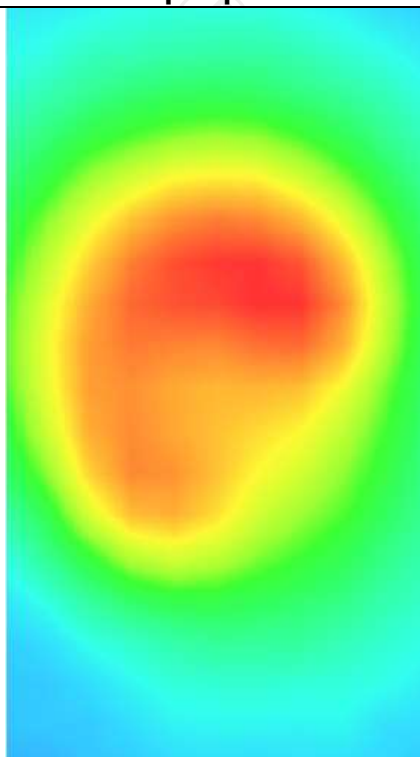
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.235708
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.302710



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.9189	0.7433	0.5093	0.2892	0.1146



Hot spot position



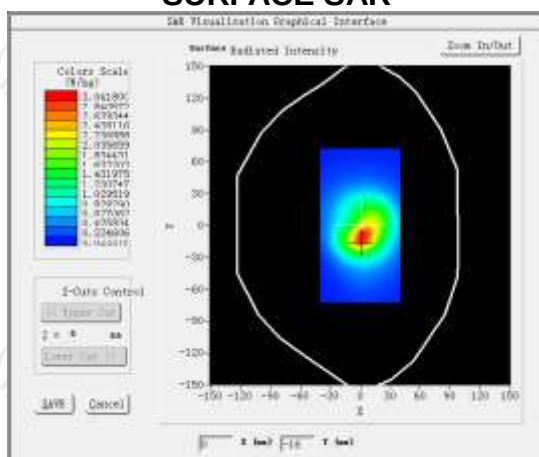
MEASUREMENT 2

Hight Band SAR (Channel 1513):

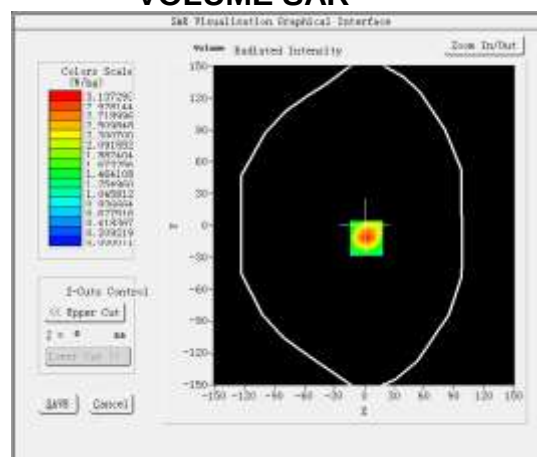
Date: 11/15/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1752.600000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.232400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.526736
Variation (%)	-1.440000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPGO375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>BAND4 WCDMA1700</u>

SURFACE SAR

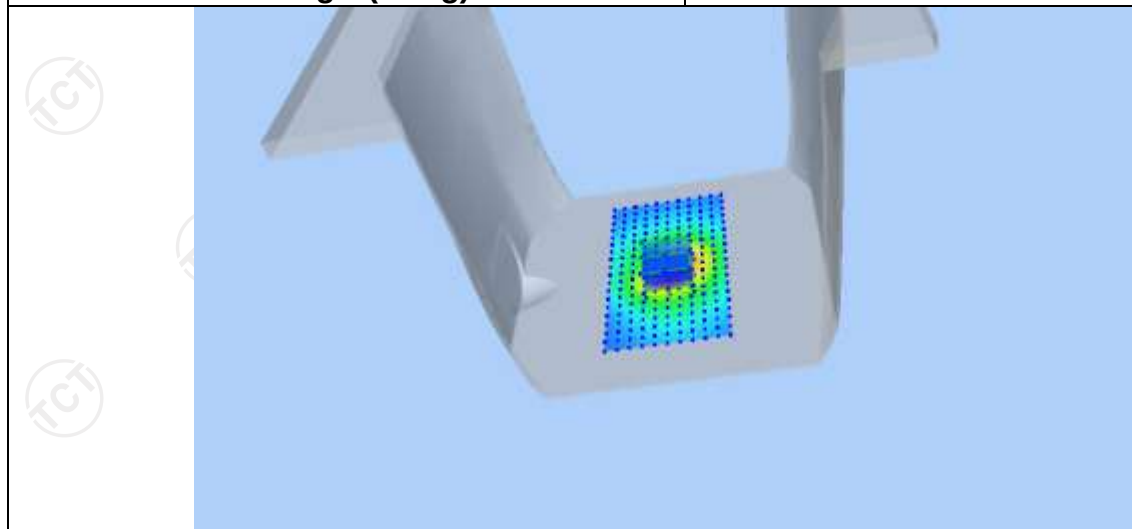


VOLUME SAR

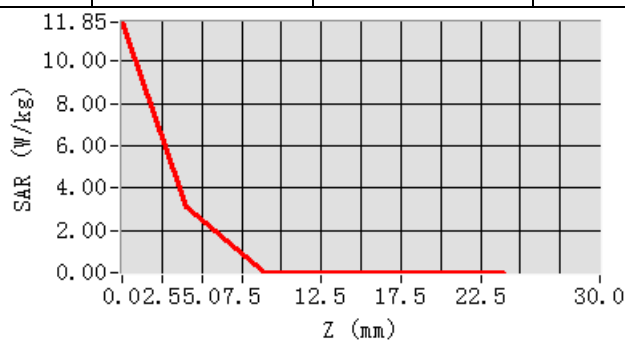


Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-12.00 SAR Peak: 13.10 W/kg

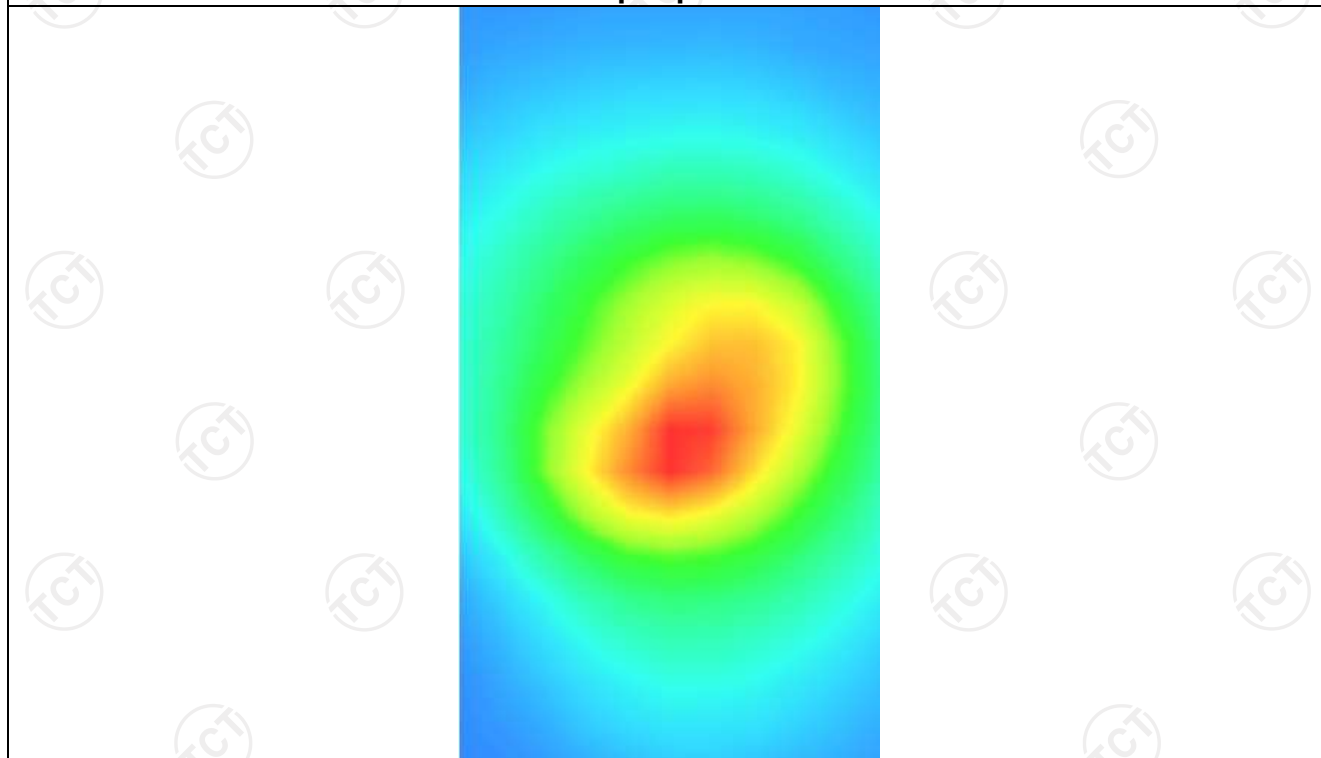
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.747573
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.238132



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	11.8526	3.1373	0.0166	0.0001	0.0162



Hot spot position

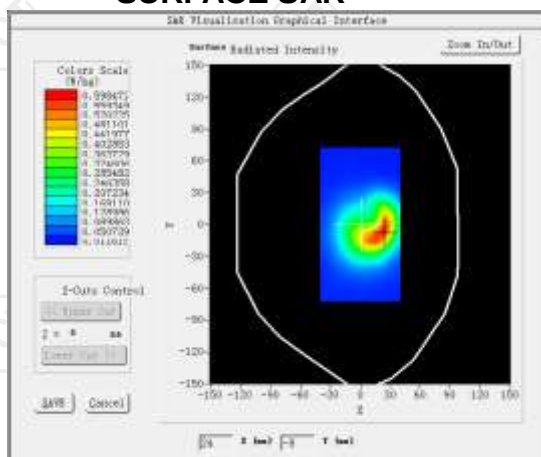


WCDMA Band V MEASUREMENT 1

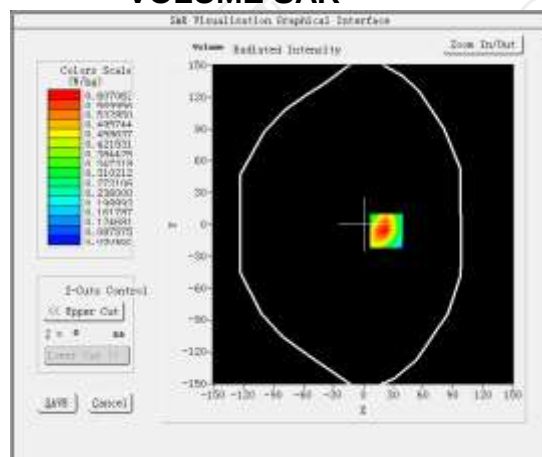
Lower Band SAR (Channel 4132): Date: 11/12/2024

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.262927
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.378266
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931230
Variation (%)	-1.810000
Crest Factor:	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>BAND5 WCDMA850</u>

SURFACE SAR

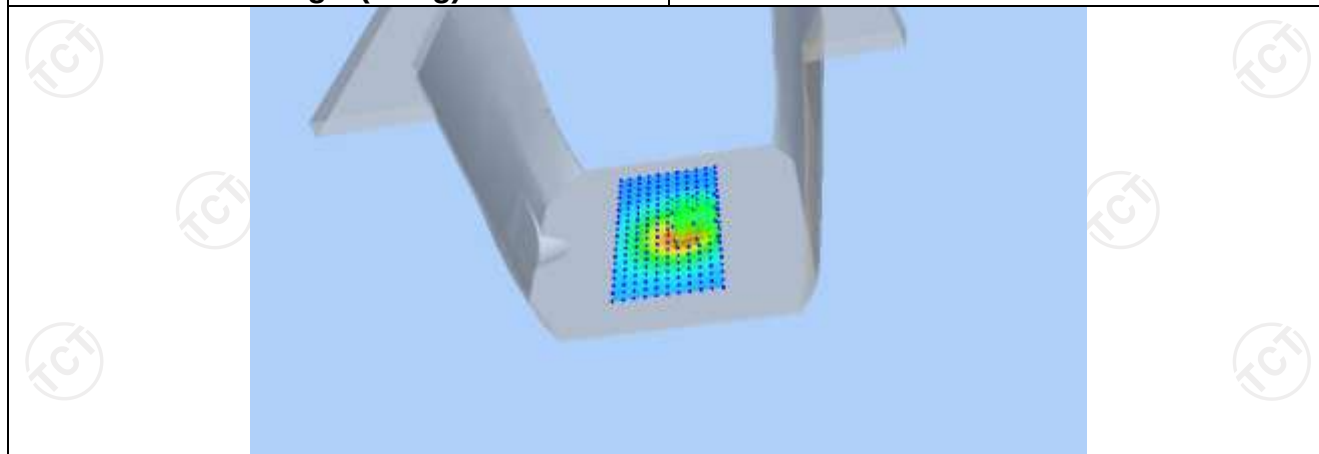


VOLUME SAR

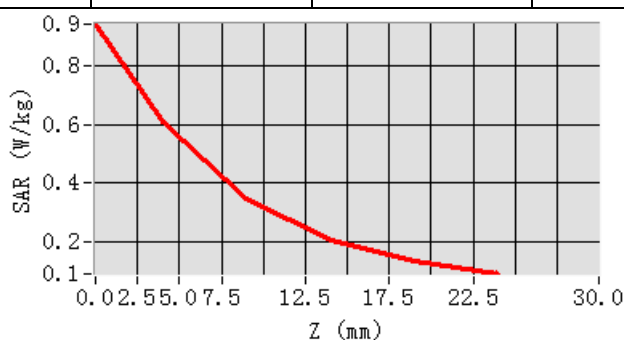


Maximum location: X=23.00, Y=-6.00 SAR Peak: 0.97 W/kg

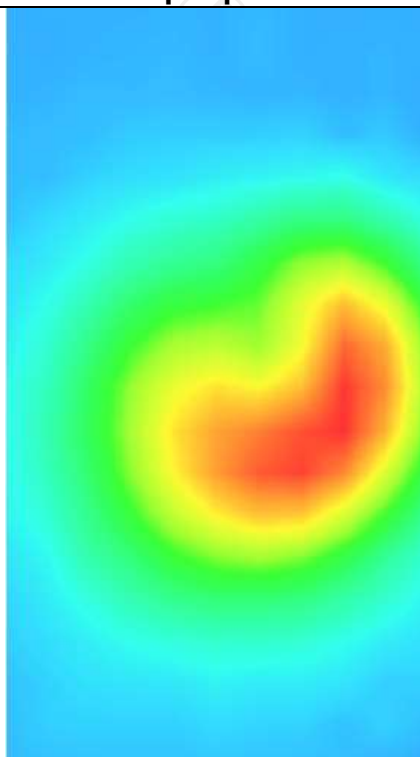
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.230266
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.382575



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.9415	0.6071	0.3473	0.2067	0.1350



Hot spot position



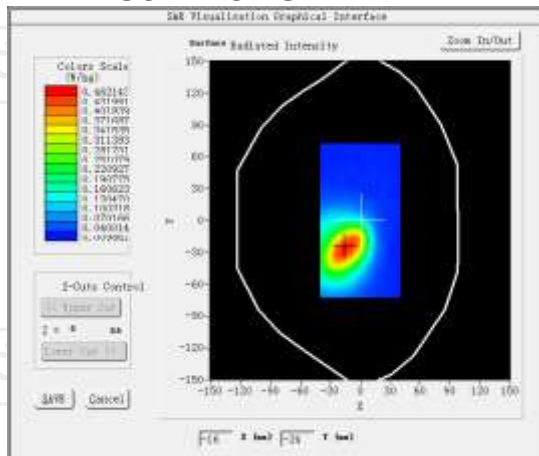
MEASUREMENT 2

Lower Band SAR (Channel 4132):

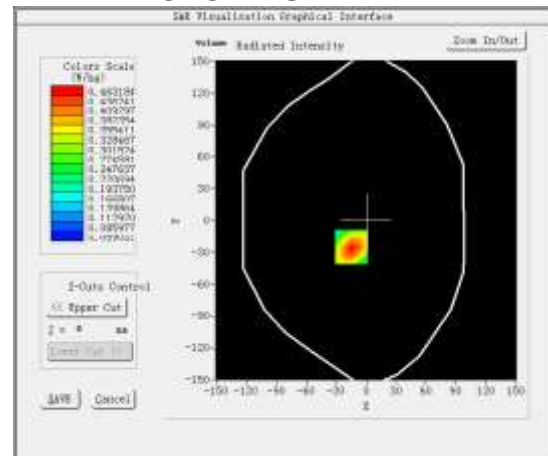
Date: 11/12/2024

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.262927
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.378266
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931230
Variation (%)	-0.820000
Crest Factor:	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>BAND5 WCDMA850</u>

SURFACE SAR

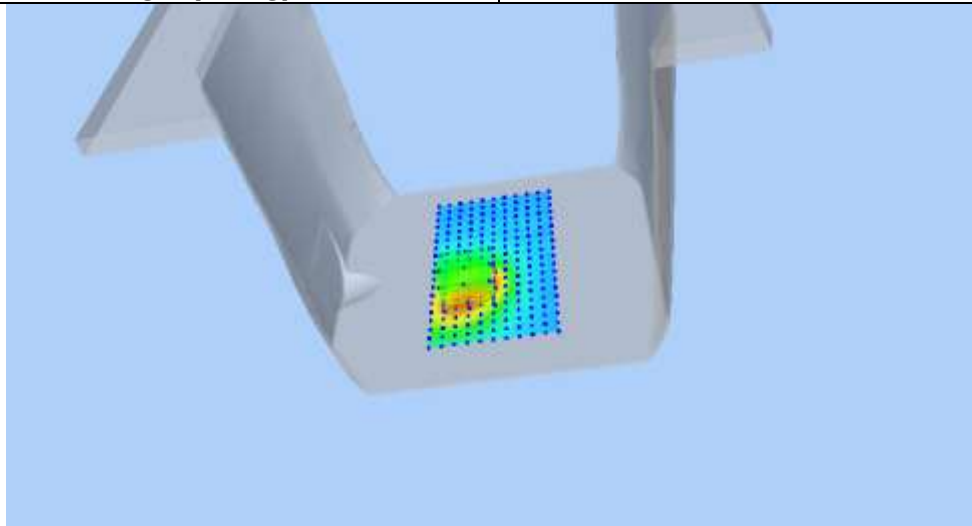


VOLUME SAR

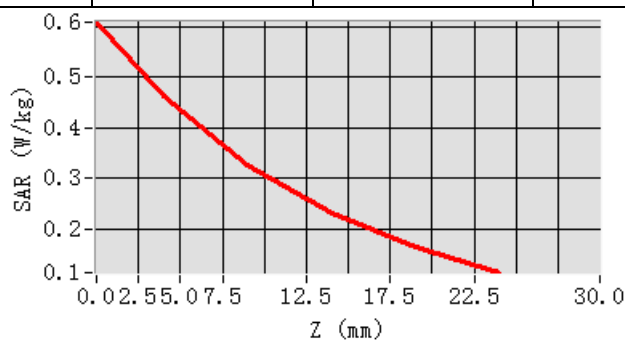


Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-25.00 SAR Peak: 0.61 W/kg

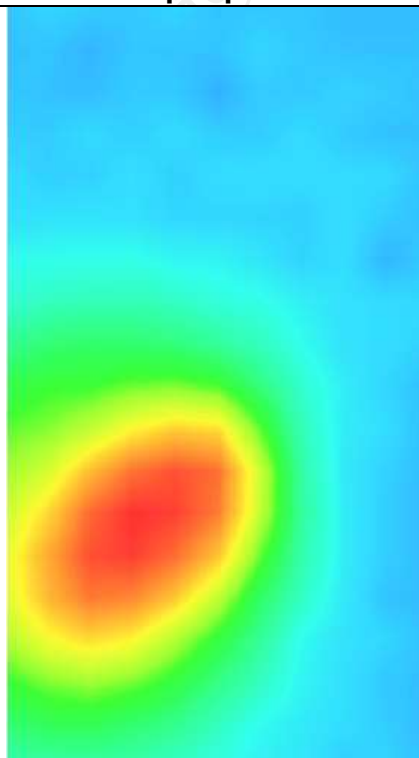
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.285834
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.439873



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6082	0.4632	0.3276	0.2322	0.1654



Hot spot position



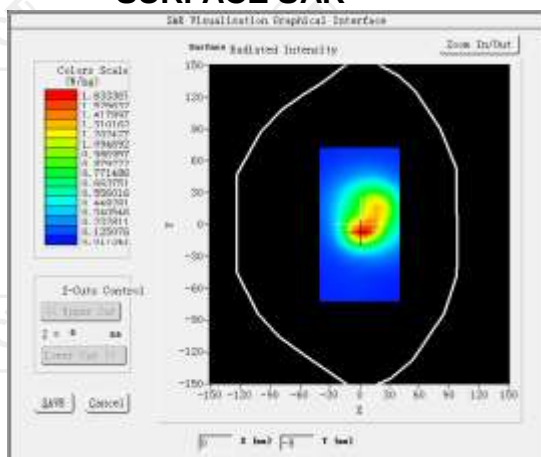
LTE Band 2

MEASUREMENT 1

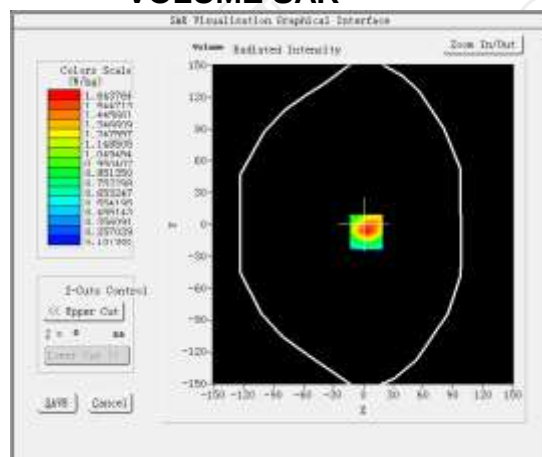
Hight Band SAR (Channel 19100): Date: 11/22/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.232400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.531736
Variation (%)	-1.000000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 2 (1 RB#50)</u>

SURFACE SAR

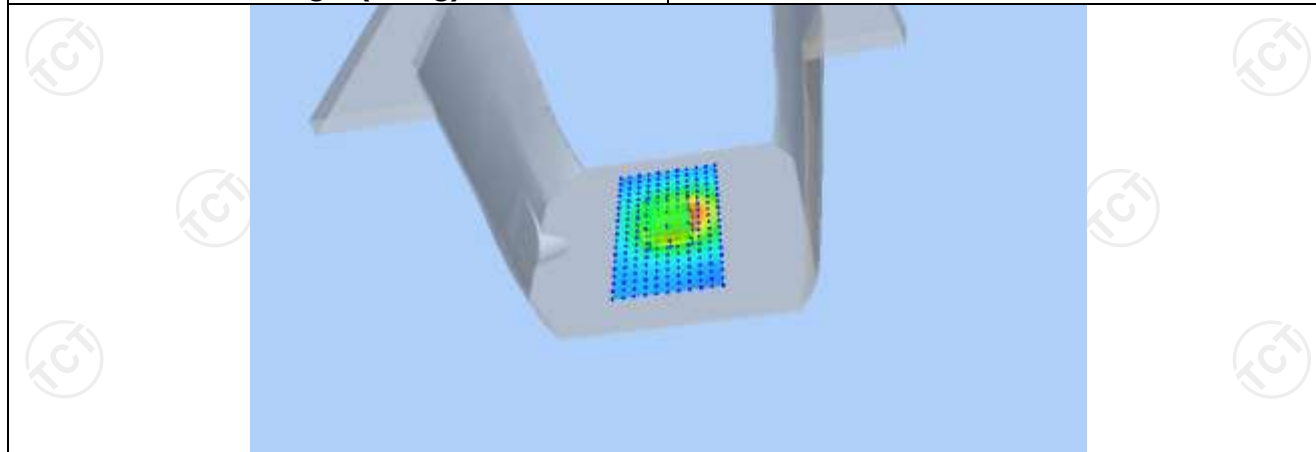


VOLUME SAR

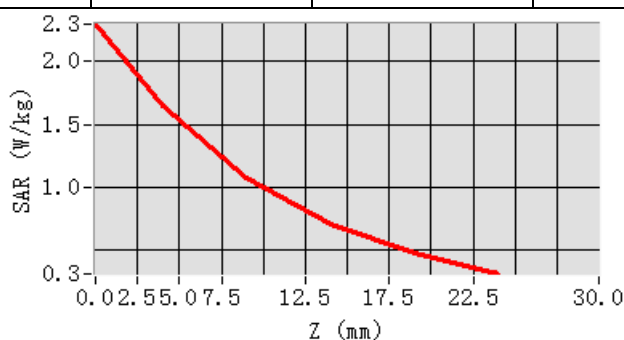


Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-7.00 SAR Peak: 2.34 W/kg

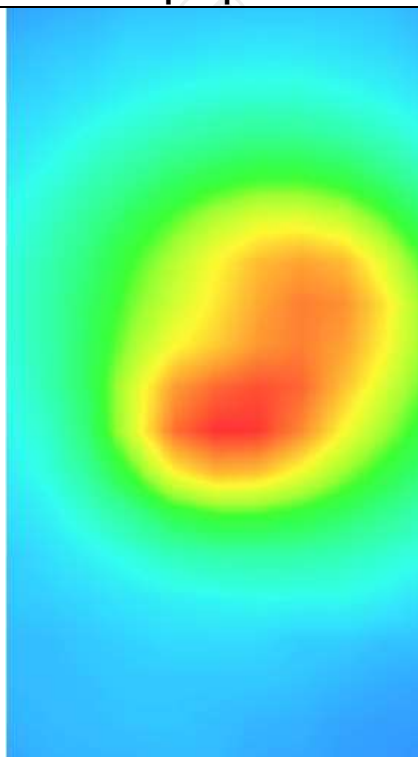
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.242489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.358764



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.2931	1.6438	1.0755	0.7093	0.2266



Hot spot position



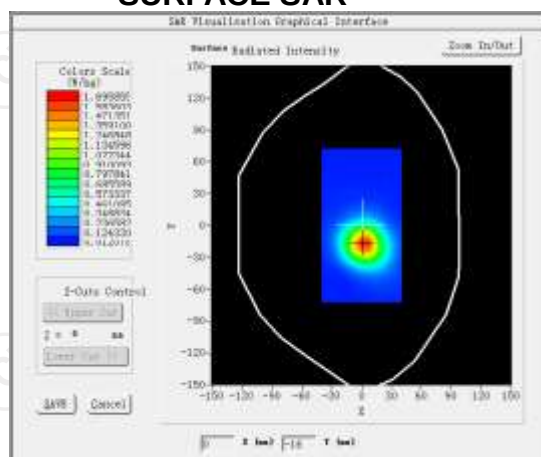
MEASUREMENT 2

Hight Band SAR (Channel 19100):

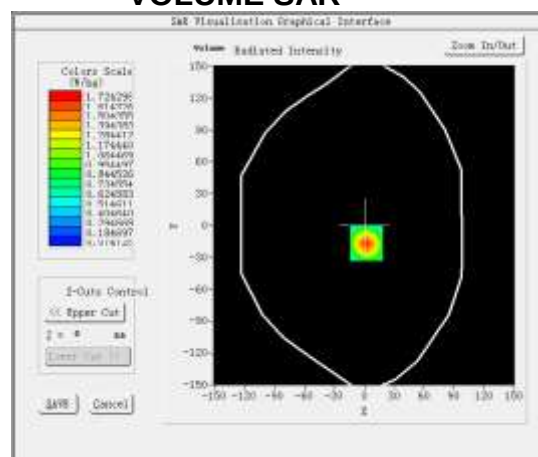
Date: 11/22/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.291337
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.232400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.531736
Variation (%)	-2.130000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.32
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 2 (1 RB#50)</u>

SURFACE SAR

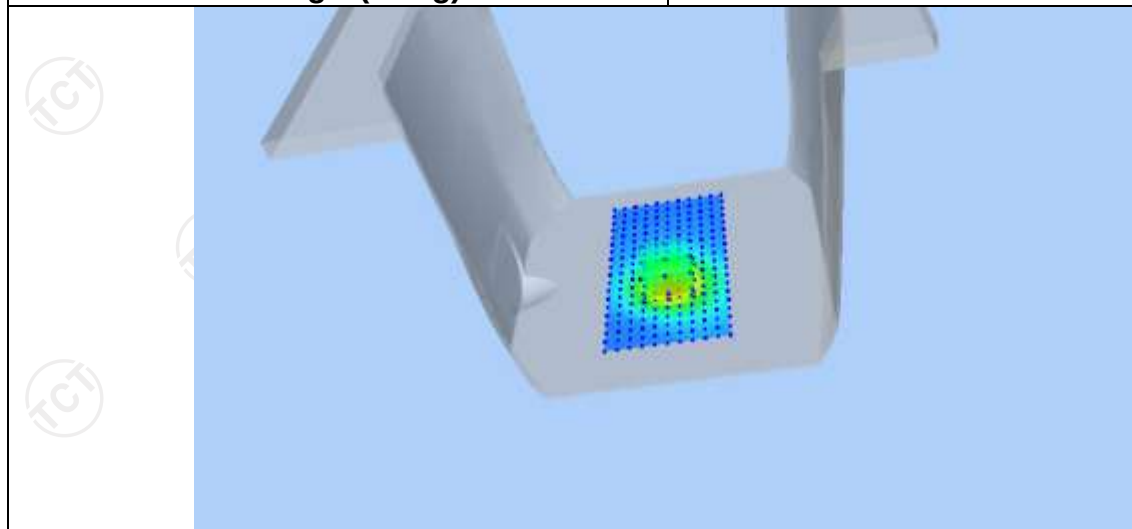


VOLUME SAR

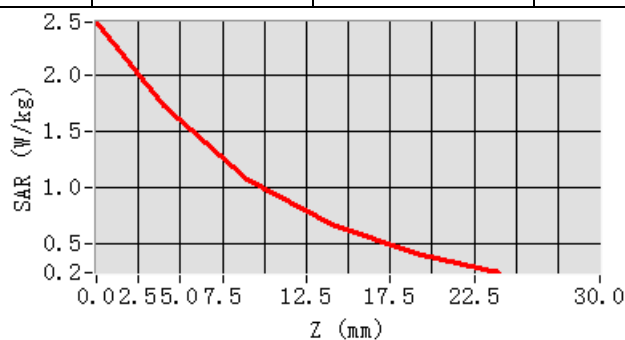


Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 2.47 W/kg

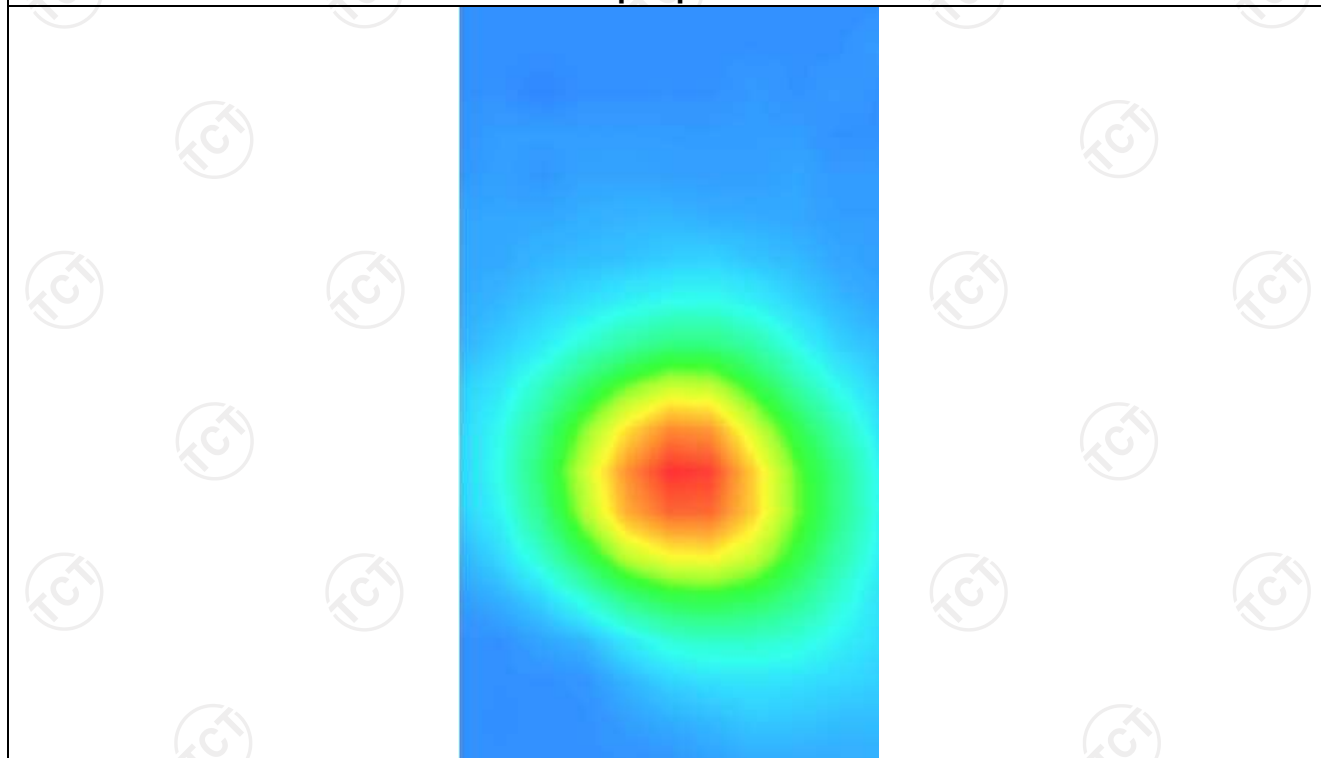
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.585383
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.592561



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.4739	1.7243	1.0780	0.6691	0.4154



Hot spot position



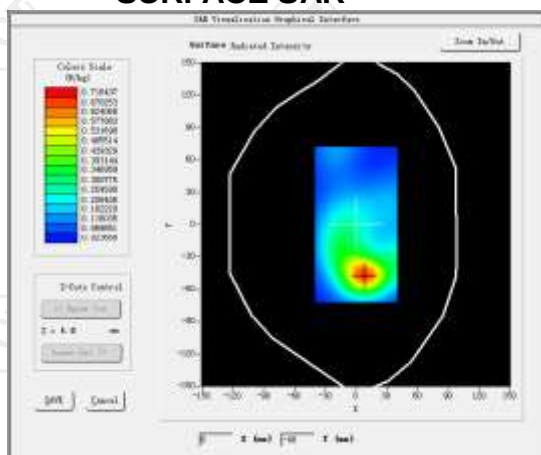
LTE Band 4

MEASUREMENT 1

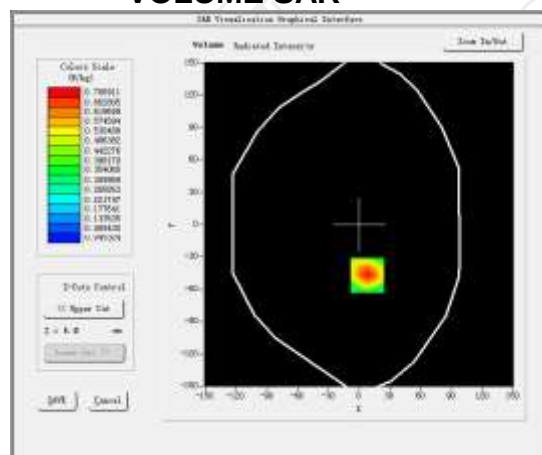
Hight Band SAR (Channel 20300): Date: 11/15/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.321249
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468850
Conductivity (S/m)	1.502592
Variation (%)	-1.350000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.16
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 4(1 RB#50)</u>

SURFACE SAR

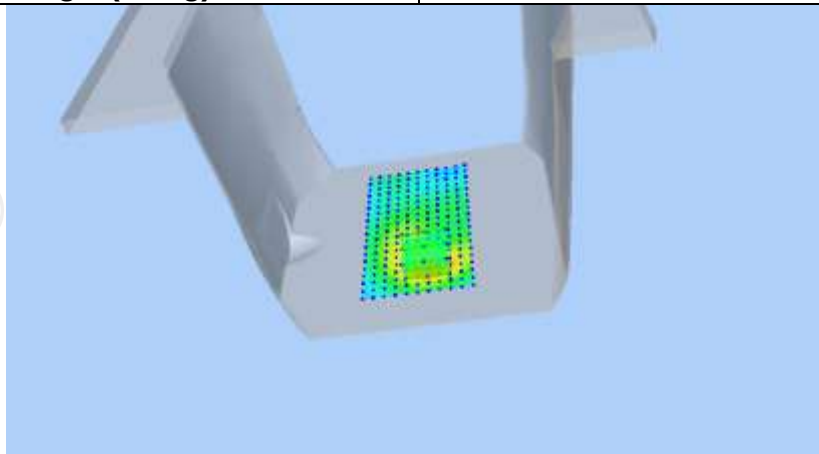


VOLUME SAR

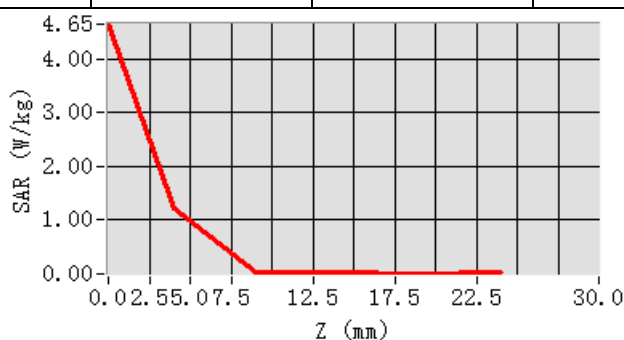


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 5.00 W/kg

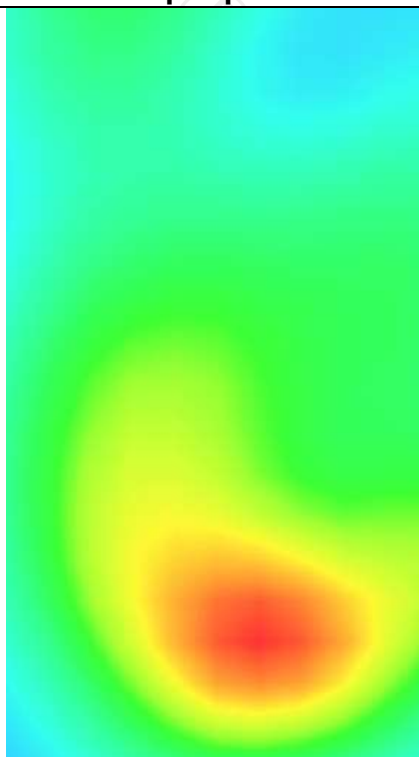
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.295998
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.421181



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	4.6455	1.2116	0.0180	0.0175	0.0012



Hot spot position



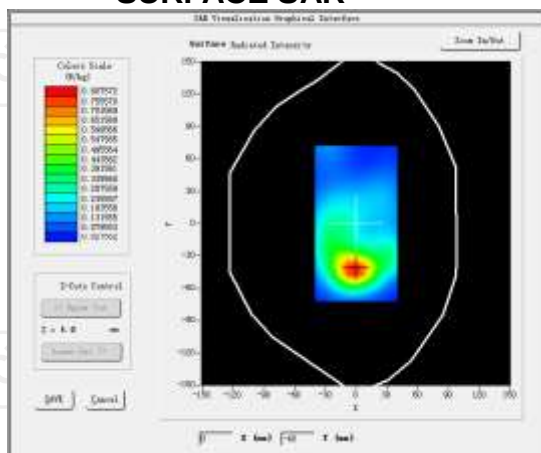
MEASUREMENT 2

Hight Band SAR (Channel 20300):

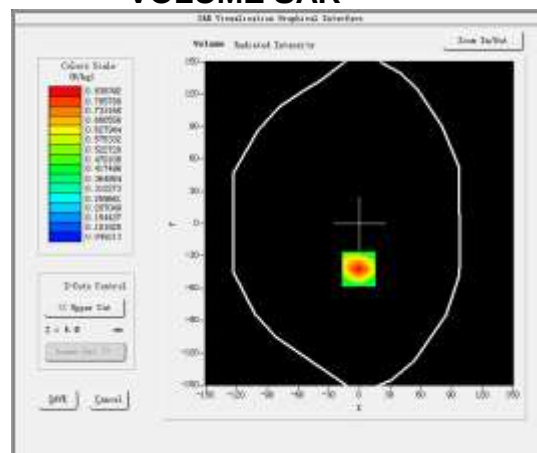
Date: 11/15/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.321249
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468850
Conductivity (S/m)	1.502592
Variation (%)	-1.320000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.16
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 4(1 RB#50)</u>

SURFACE SAR

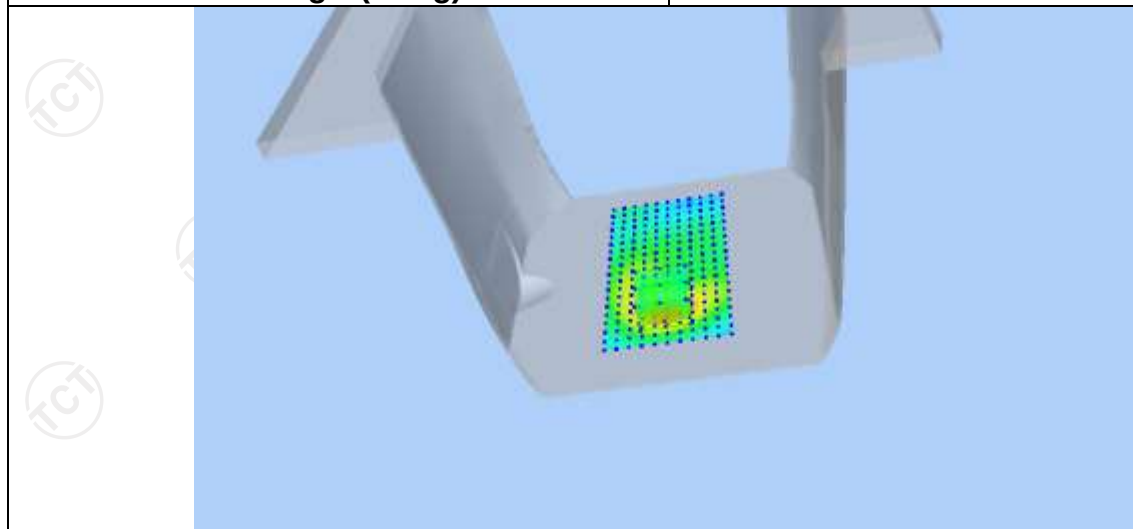


VOLUME SAR

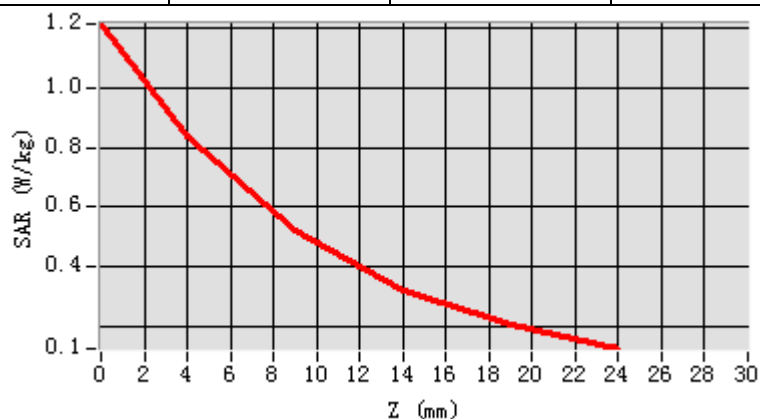


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-42.00 SAR Peak: 1.22 W/kg

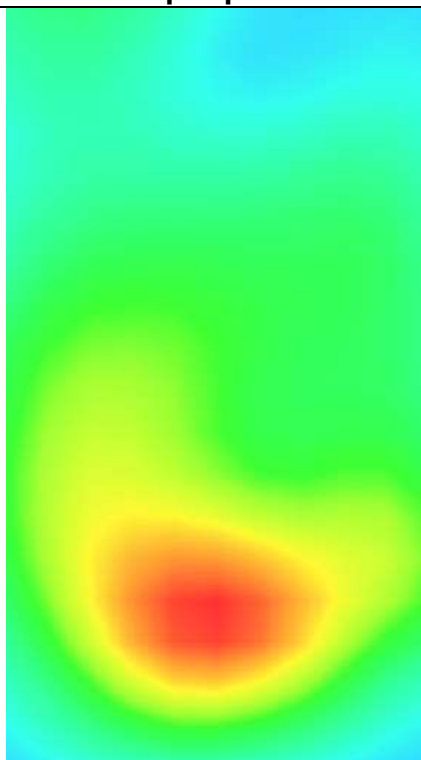
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.543559
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.673801



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.2161	0.8382	0.5180	0.3211	0.2020



Hot spot position



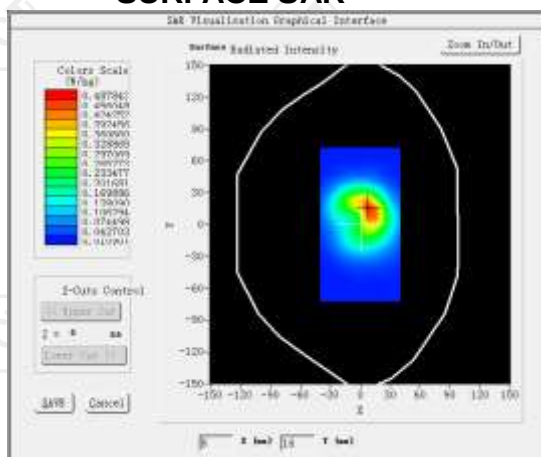
LTE Band 5

MEASUREMENT 1

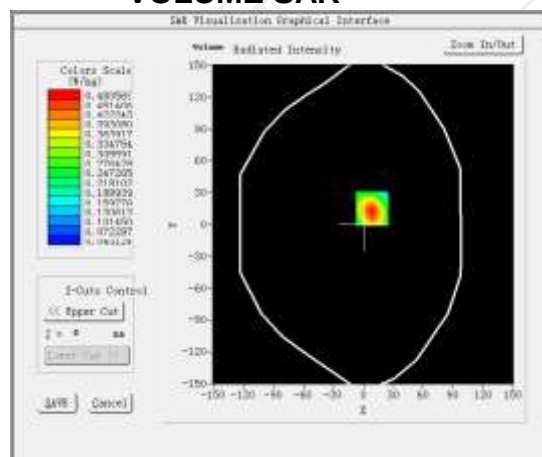
Hight Band SAR (Channel 20600): Date: 11/12/2024

Frequency (MHz)	844.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.260832
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468860
Conductivity (S/m)	0.934272
Variation (%)	-2.200000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 5(1 RB#25)</u>

SURFACE SAR

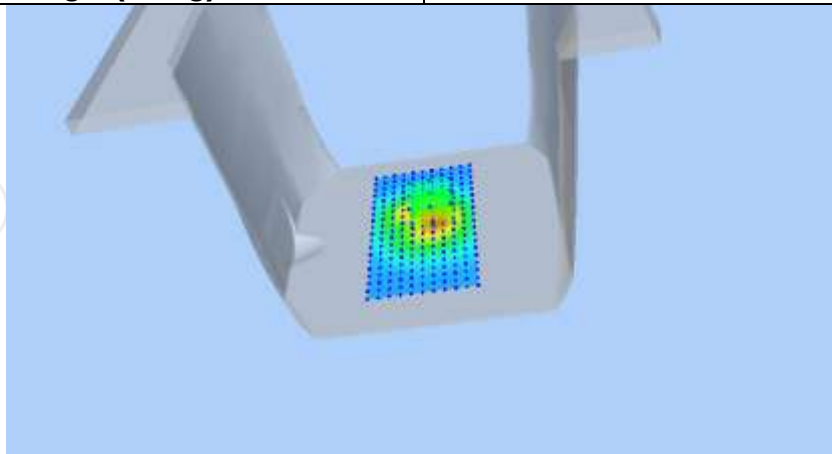


VOLUME SAR

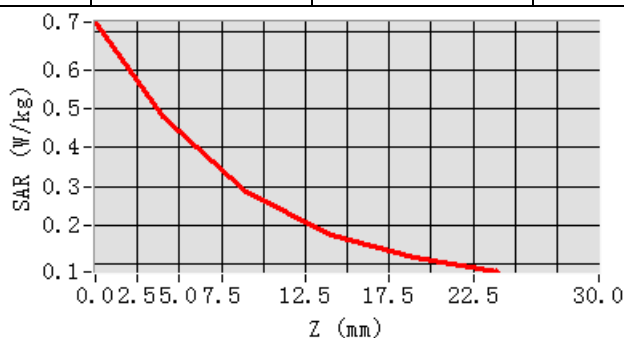


Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=15.00 SAR Peak: 0.74 W/kg

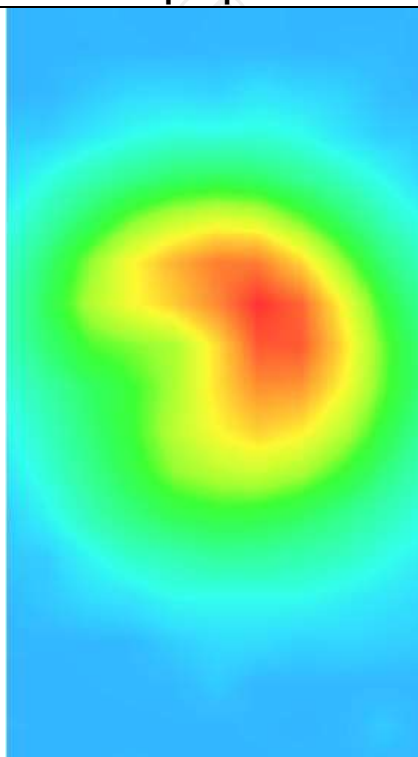
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.262925
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.357026



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.7259	0.4806	0.2848	0.1744	0.1149



Hot spot position



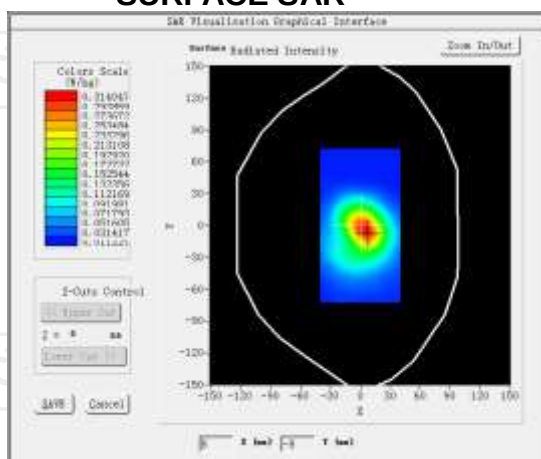
MEASUREMENT 2

Hight Band SAR (Channel 20600):

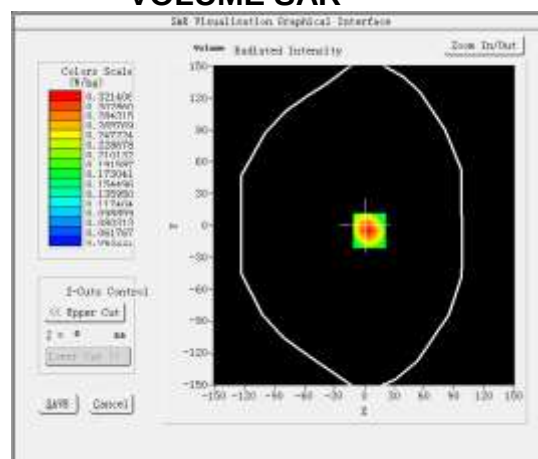
Date: 11/12/2024

Frequency (MHz)	844.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.260832
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468860
Conductivity (S/m)	0.934272
Variation (%)	-1.250000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 5(1 RB#25)</u>

SURFACE SAR

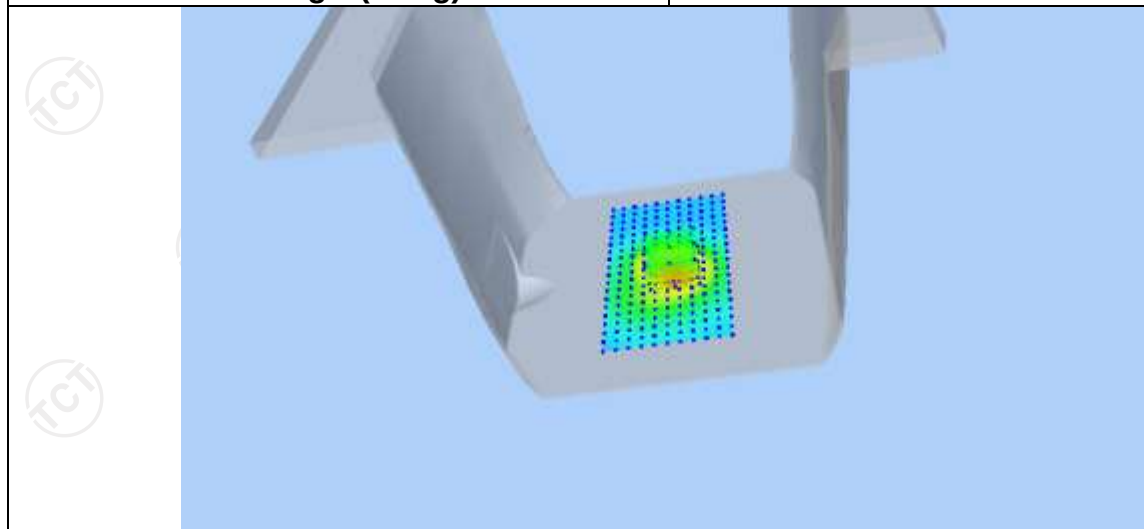


VOLUME SAR

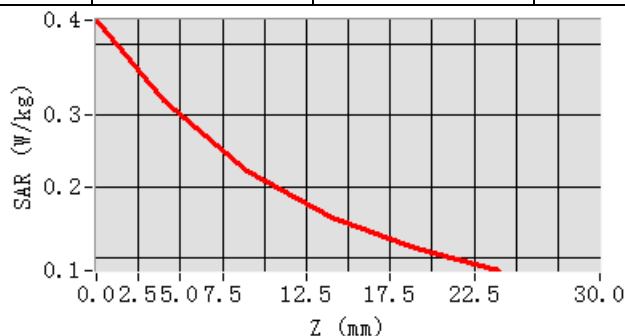


Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-5.00 SAR Peak: 0.43 W/kg

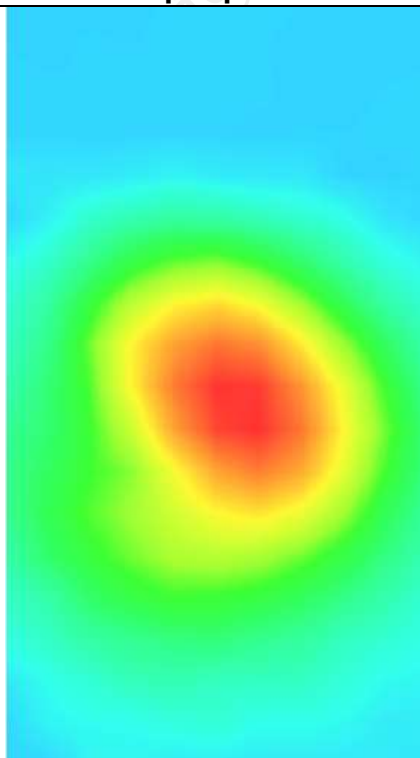
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.194024
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.303224



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4335	0.3214	0.2215	0.1557	0.1129



Hot spot position



LTE Band 7

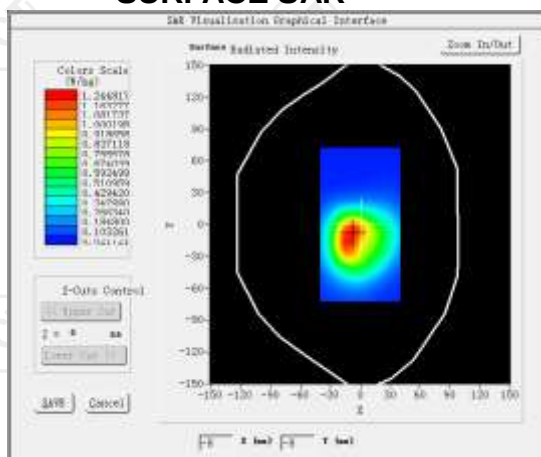
MEASUREMENT 1

Middle Band SAR (Channel 21100):

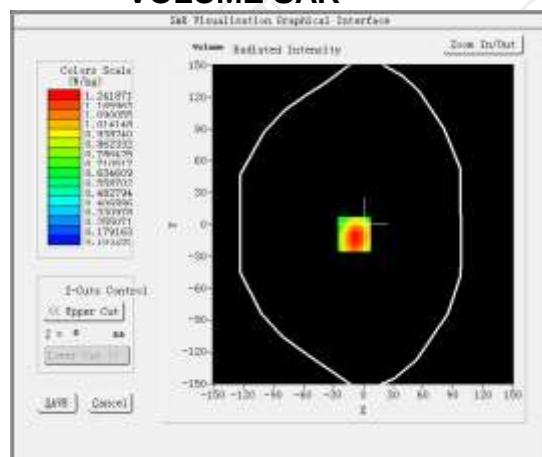
Date: 12/06/2024

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.131509
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468850
Conductivity (S/m)	2.128245
Variation (%)	-1.490000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	4.52
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 7(1 RB#49)</u>

SURFACE SAR

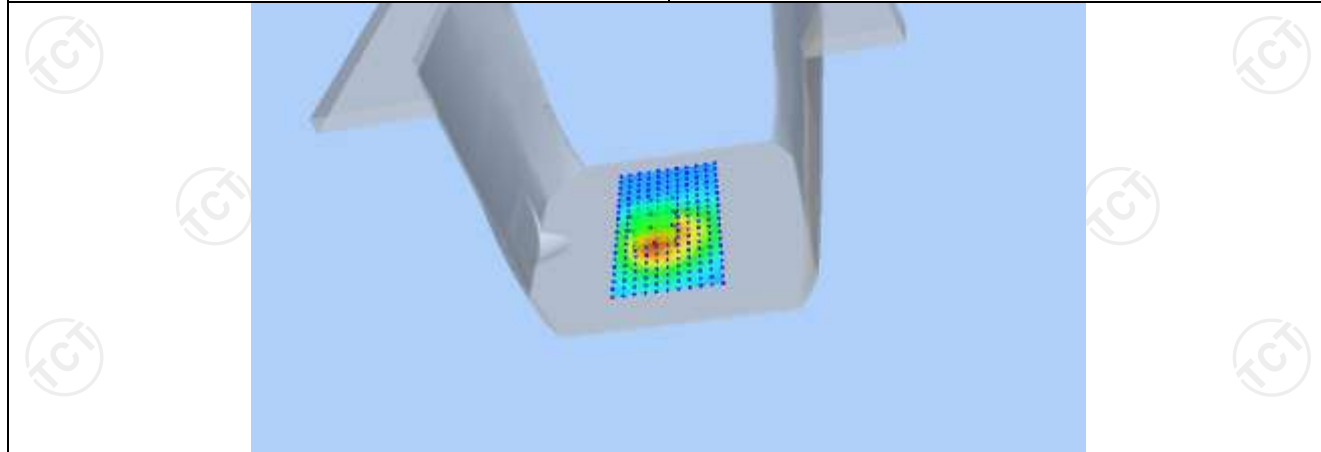


VOLUME SAR

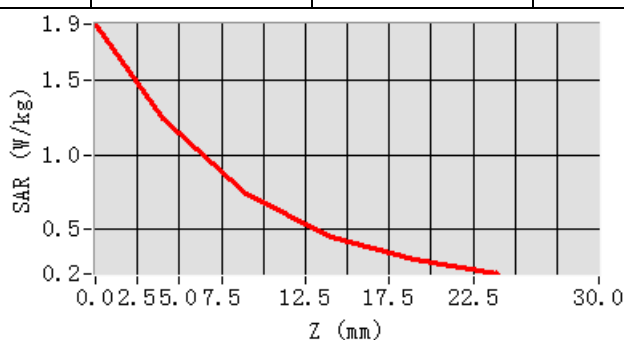


Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-9.00 SAR Peak: 1.90 W/kg

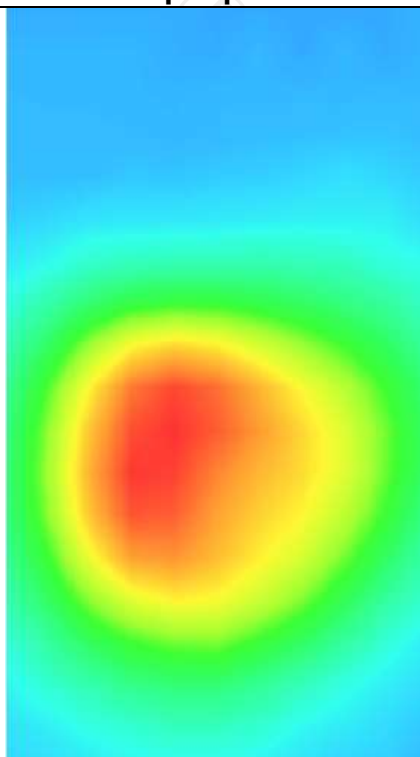
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.205370
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.338021



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.8828	1.2419	0.7315	0.4446	0.2902



Hot spot position



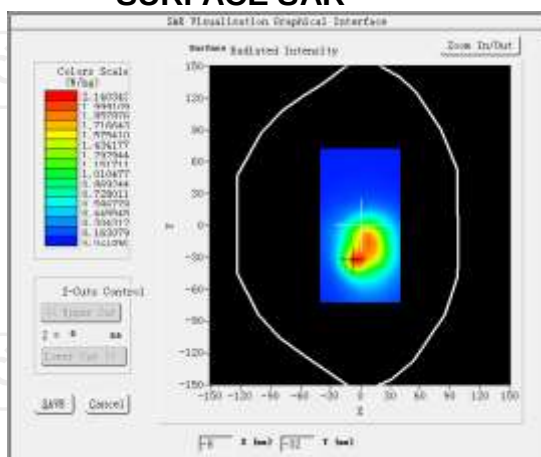
MEASUREMENT 2

Middle Band SAR (Channel 21100):

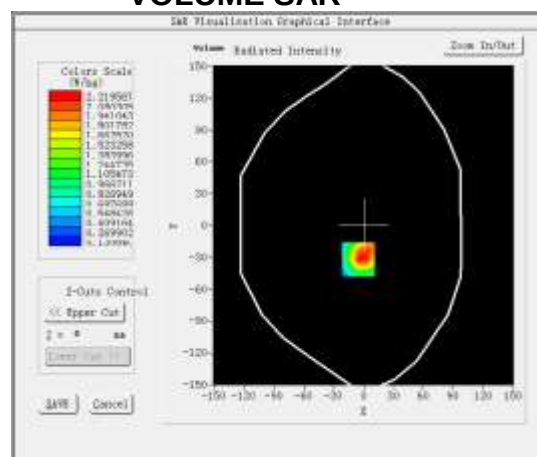
Date: 12/06/2024

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.131509
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468850
Conductivity (S/m)	2.128245
Variation (%)	-0.270000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	4.52
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 7(1 RB#49)</u>

SURFACE SAR

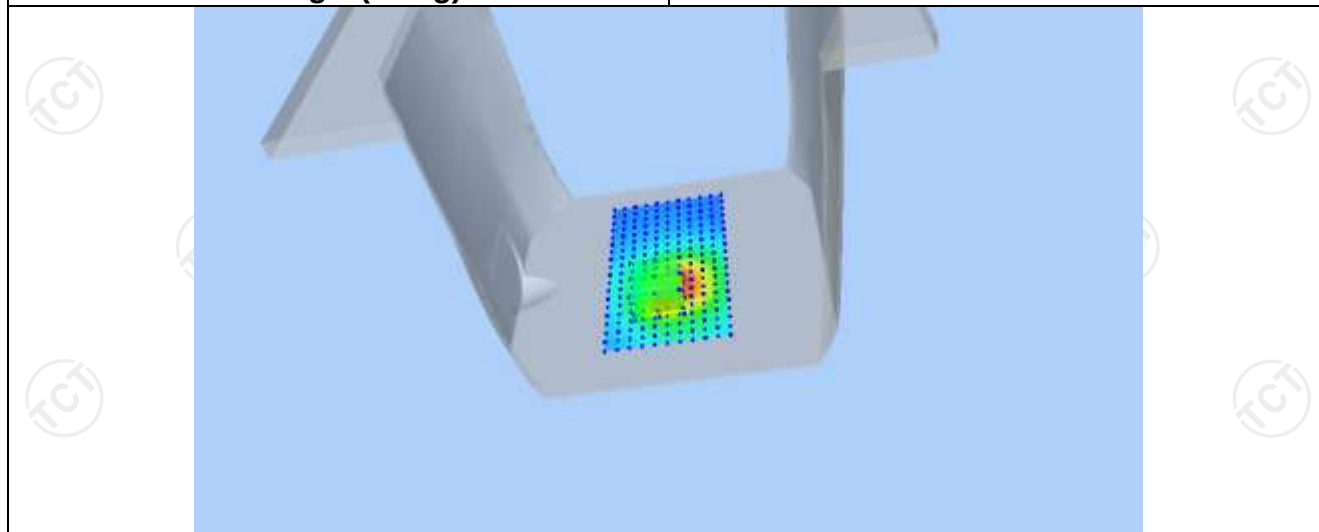


VOLUME SAR

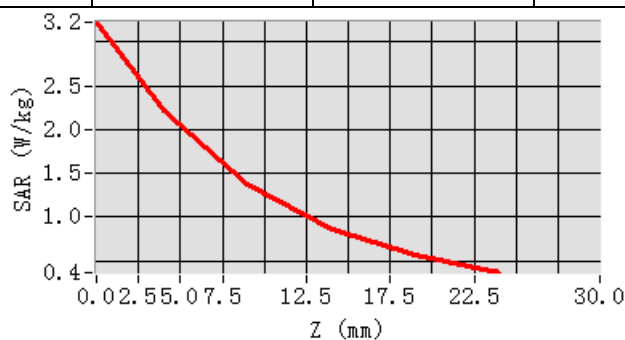


Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-32.00 SAR Peak: 3.43 W/kg

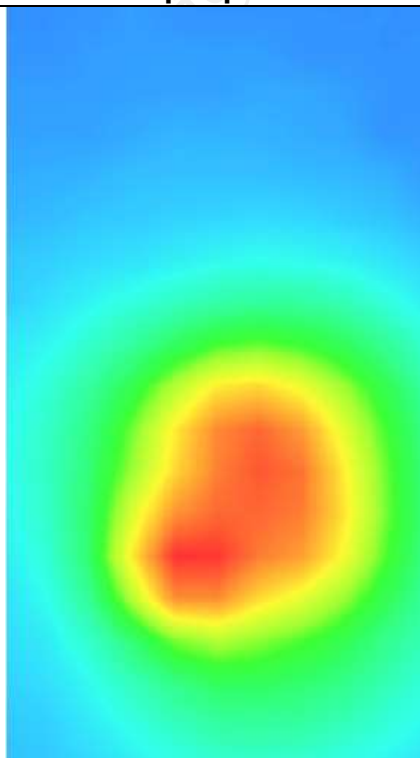
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.769268
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.209759



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	3.2255	2.2196	1.3772	0.8666	0.5647



Hot spot position



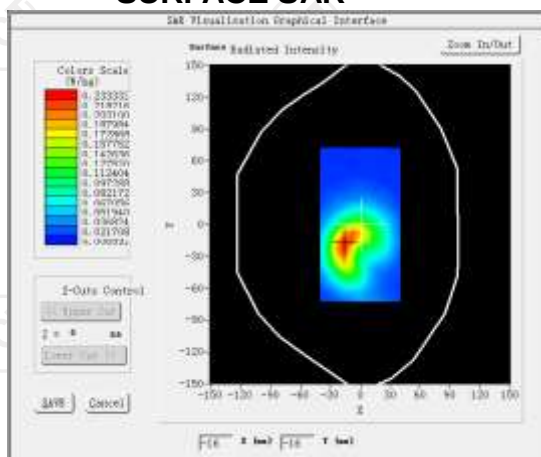
LTE Band 12

MEASUREMENT 1

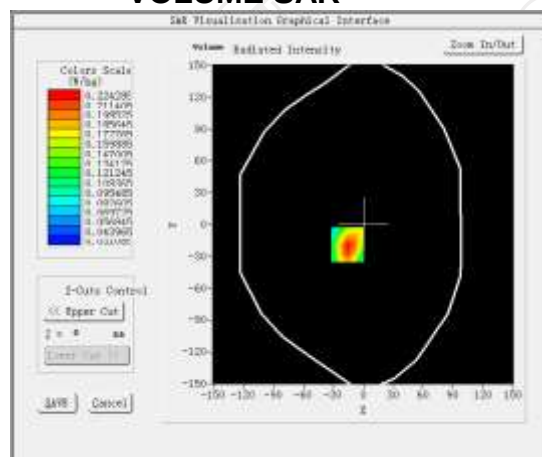
Hight Band SAR (Channel 23130): Date: 11/11/2024

Frequency (MHz)	711.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.260832
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468860
Conductivity (S/m)	0.934272
Variation (%)	-2.300000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 12(1 RB#25)</u>

SURFACE SAR

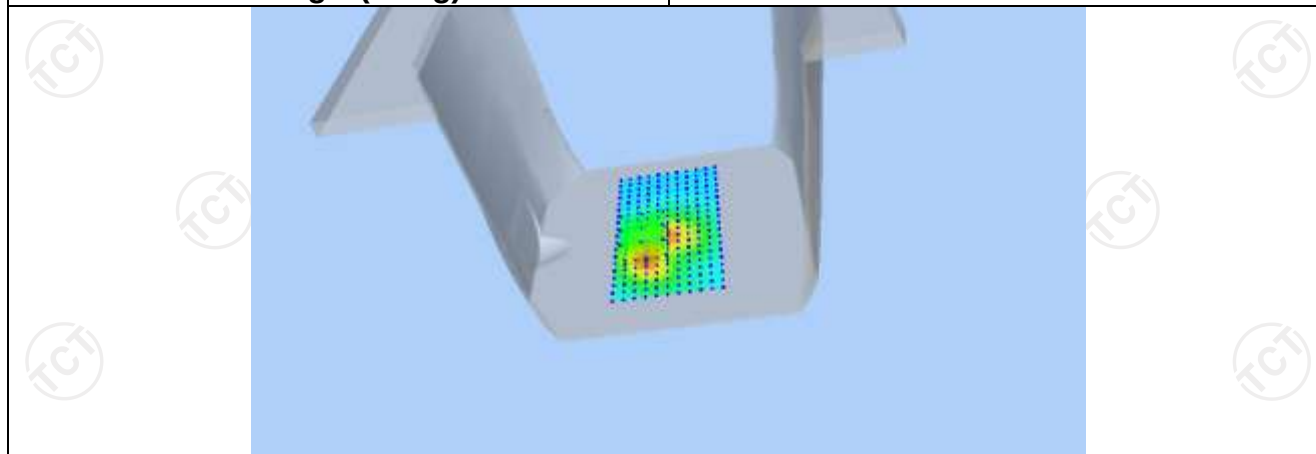


VOLUME SAR

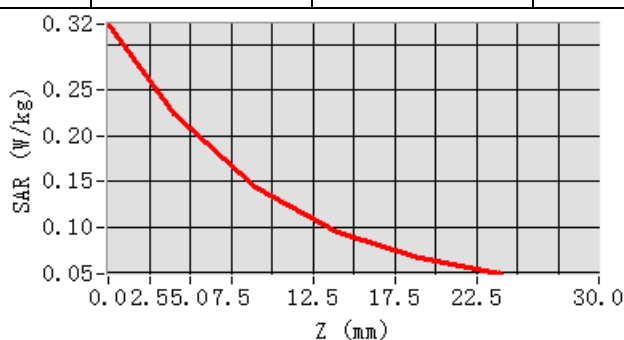


Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=-19.00 SAR Peak: 0.33 W/kg

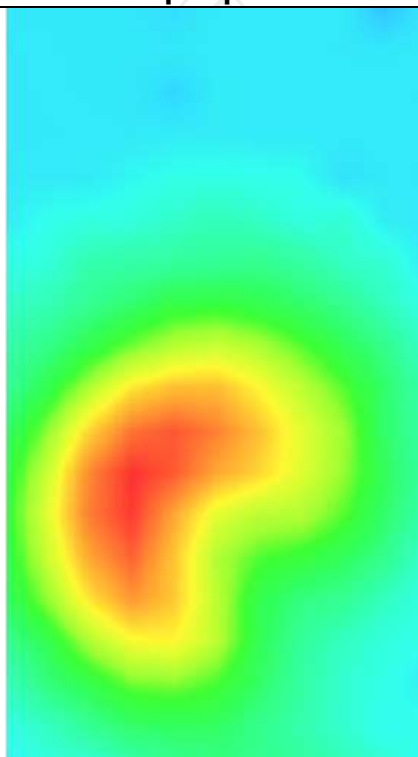
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.133139
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.217636



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3227	0.2243	0.1428	0.0944	0.0668



Hot spot position



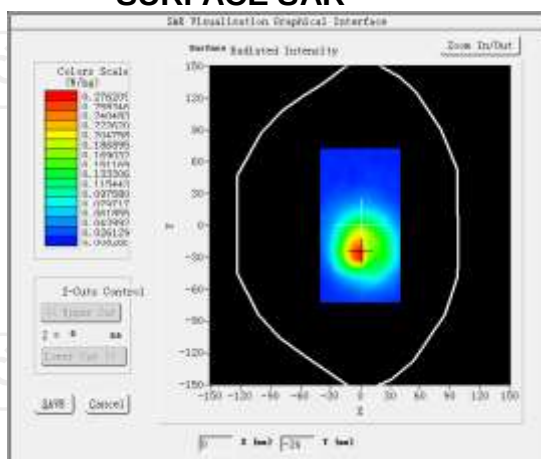
MEASUREMENT 2

Hight Band SAR (Channel 23130):

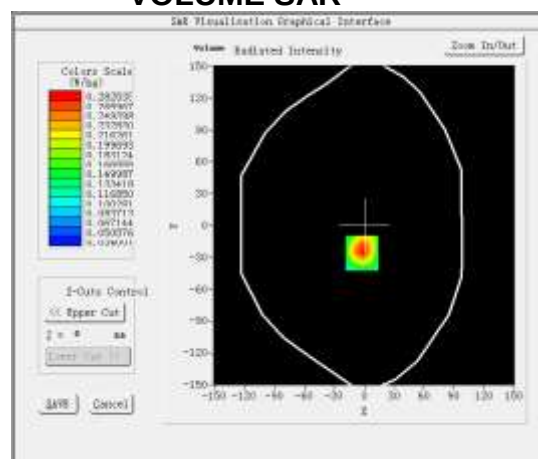
Date: 11/11/2024

Frequency (MHz)	711.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.260832
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468860
Conductivity (S/m)	0.934272
Variation (%)	-1.490000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 12(1 RB#25)</u>

SURFACE SAR

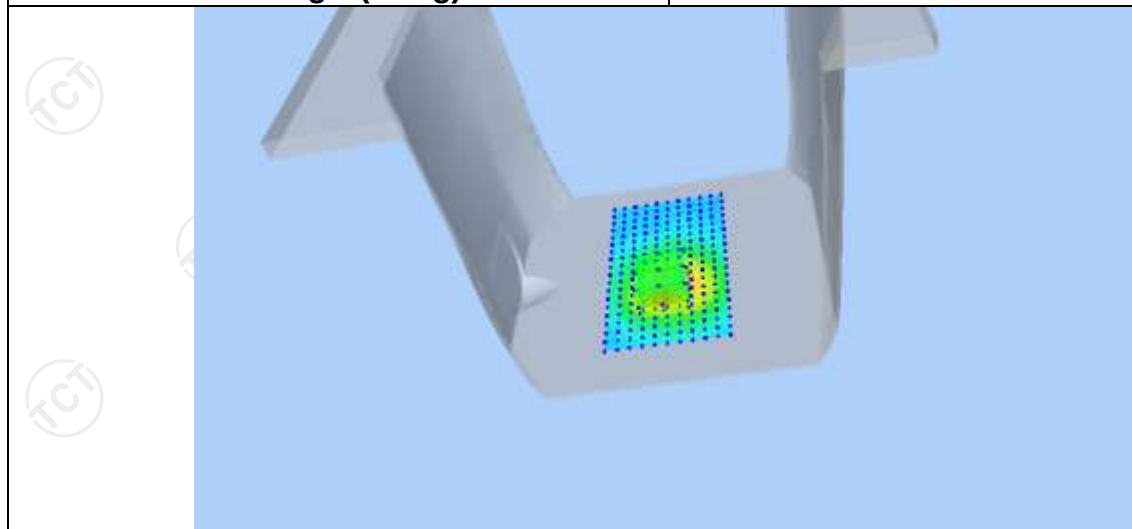


VOLUME SAR

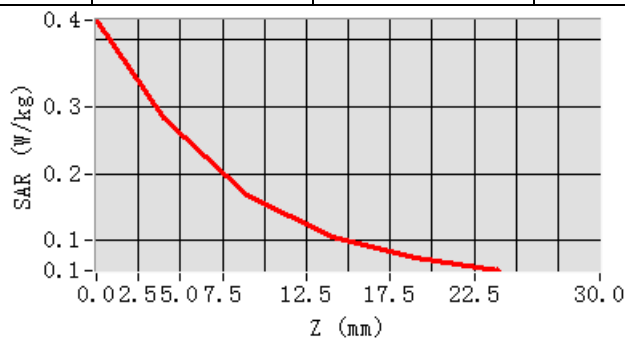


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-26.00 SAR Peak: 0.43 W/kg

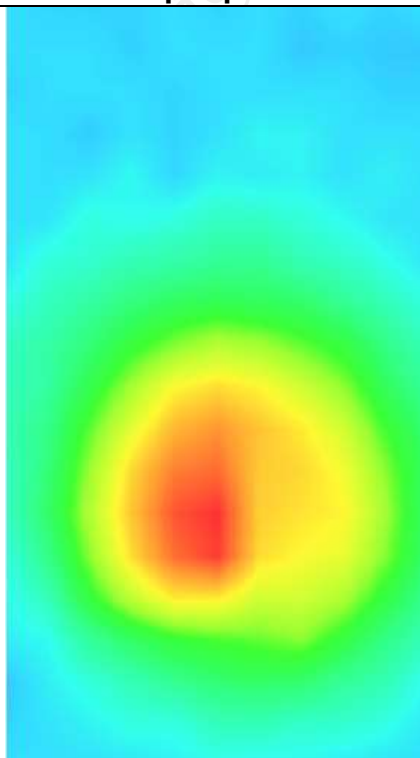
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.260829
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.373561



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4288	0.2825	0.1681	0.1060	0.0745



Hot spot position



LTE Band 17

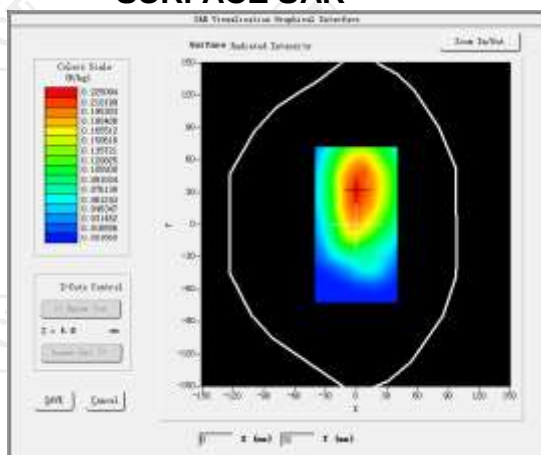
MEASUREMENT 1

Middle Band SAR (Channel 23790):

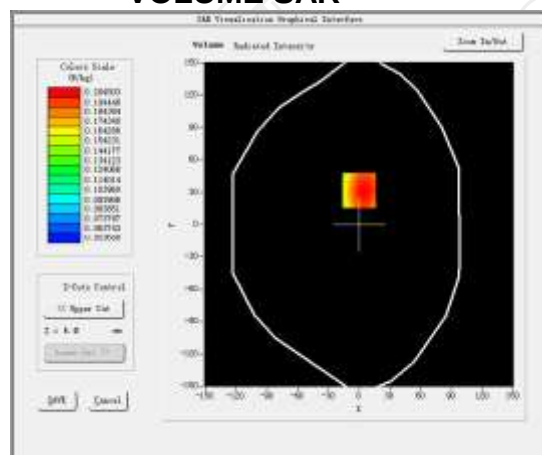
Date: 11/11/2024

Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.263812
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468867
Conductivity (S/m)	0.930822
Variation (%)	-1.360000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 17(1 RB#0)</u>

SURFACE SAR

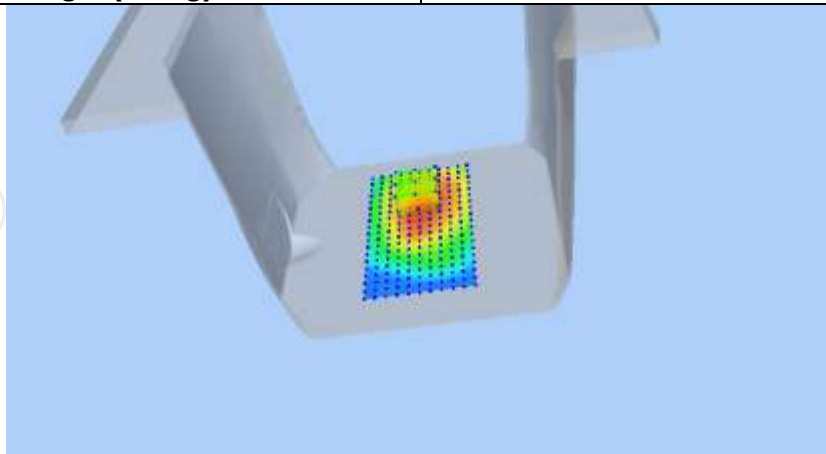


VOLUME SAR

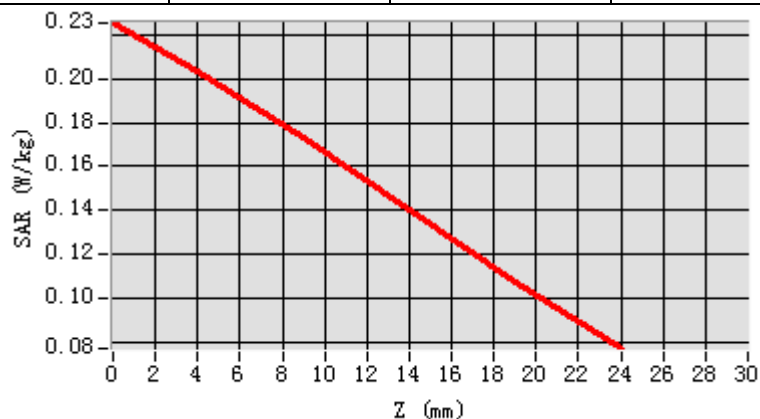


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=32.00 SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

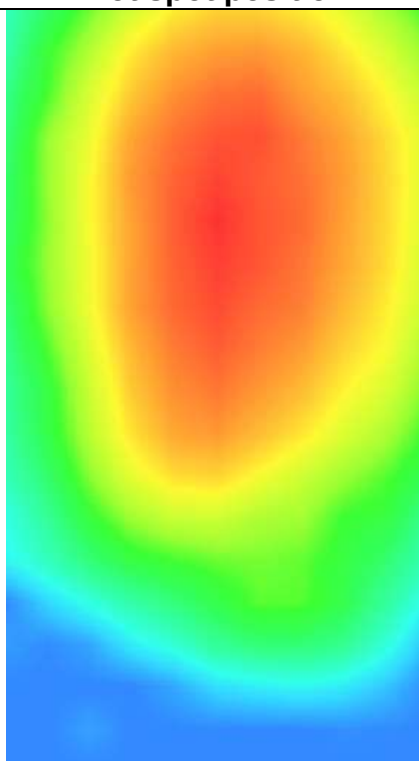
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.163761
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.211528



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.2255	0.2037	0.1731	0.1402	0.1071



Hot spot position



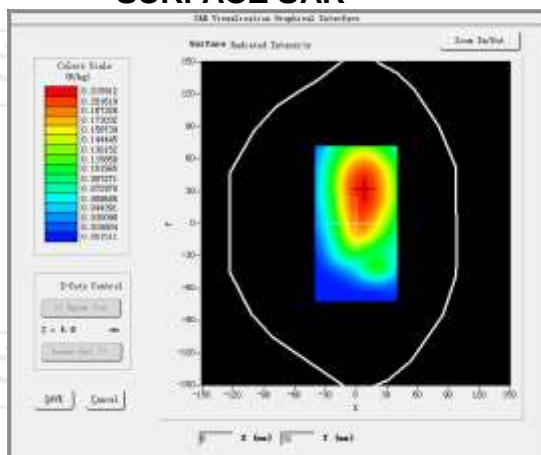
MEASUREMENT 2

Middle Band SAR (Channel 23790):

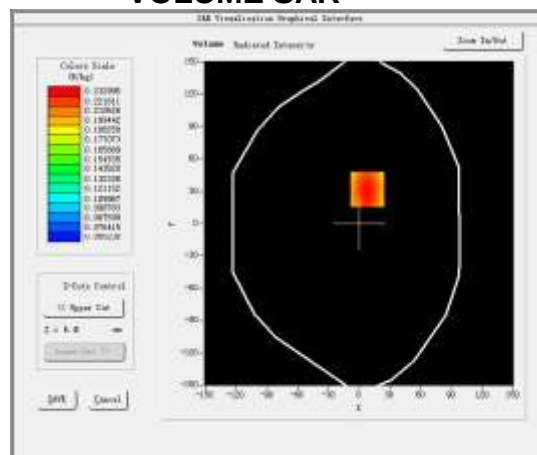
Date: 11/11/2024

Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.263812
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.468867
Conductivity (S/m)	0.881392
Variation (%)	3.610000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	1.86
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 17(1 RB#0)</u>

SURFACE SAR

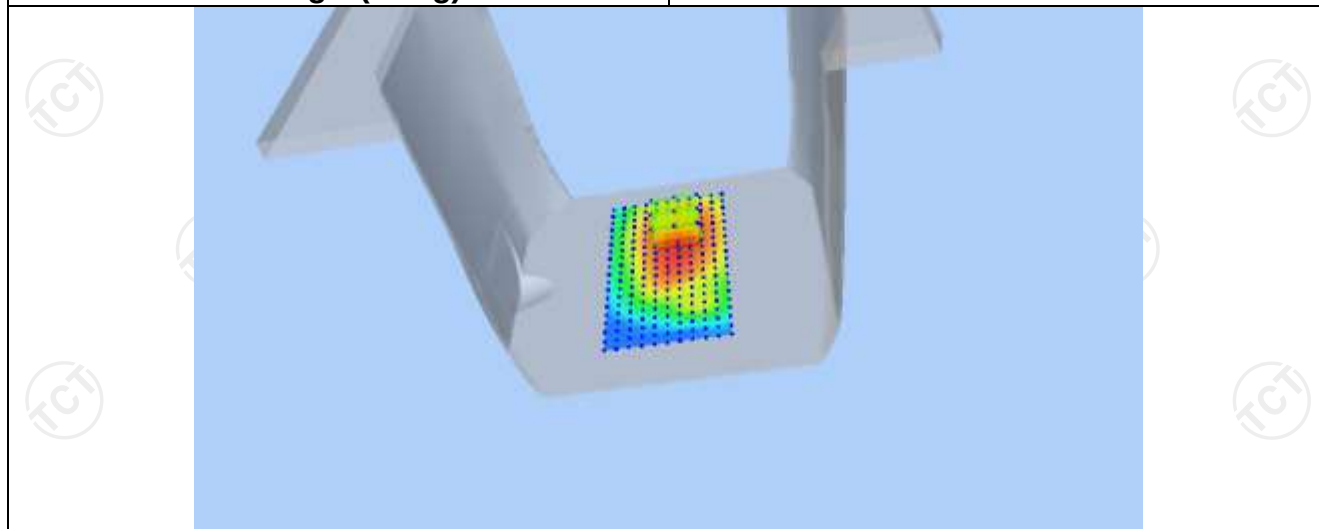


VOLUME SAR

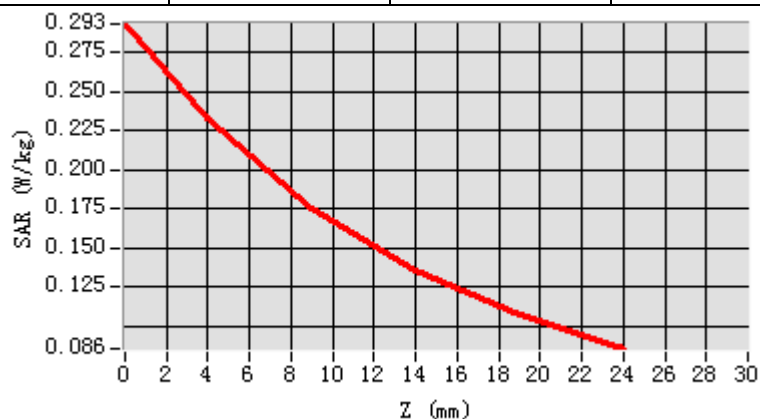


Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=32.00 SAR Peak: 0.29 W/kg

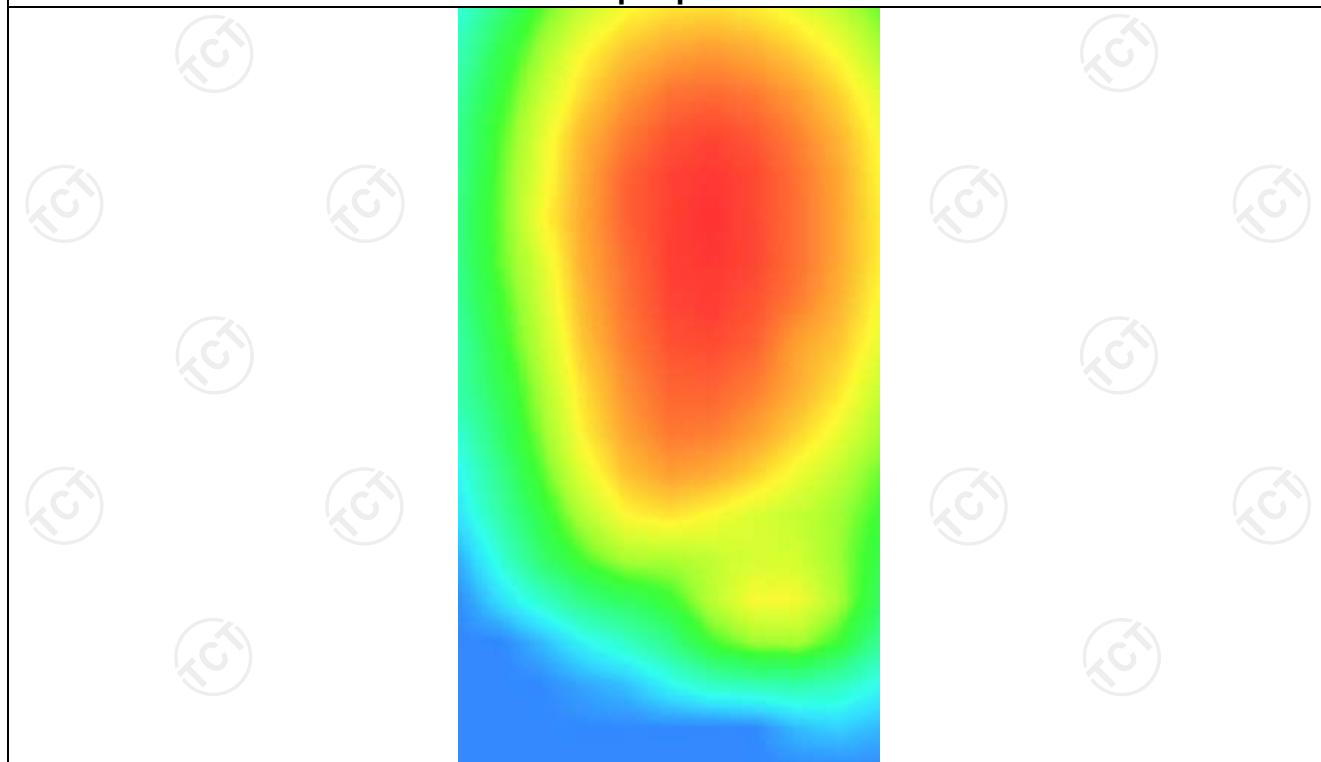
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.174627
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.238358



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.2934	0.2330	0.1761	0.1359	0.1077



Hot spot position



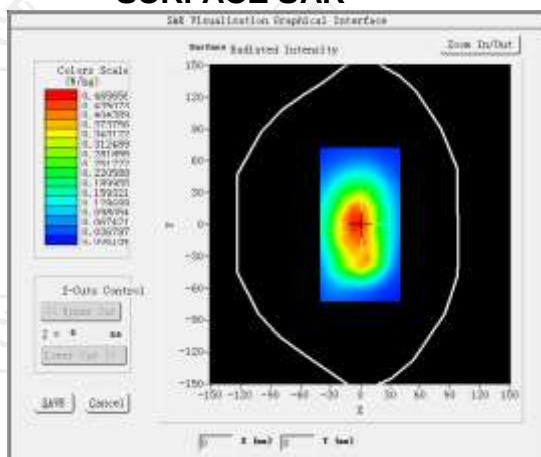
LTE Band 66

MEASUREMENT 1

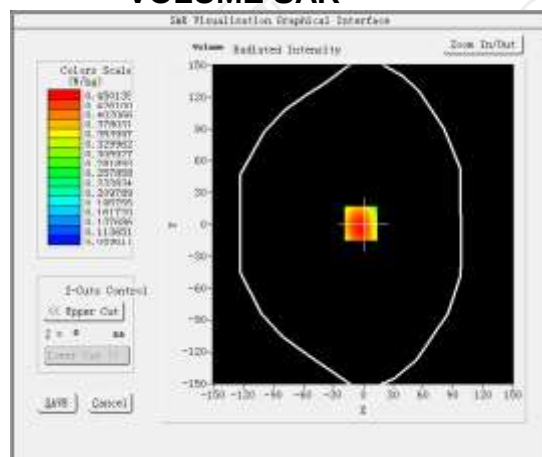
Lower Band SAR (Channel 132072): Date: 11/15/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1720.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.341249
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.168850
Conductivity (S/m)	1.492592
Variation (%)	1.140000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.16
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 66 (1 RB#50)</u>

SURFACE SAR

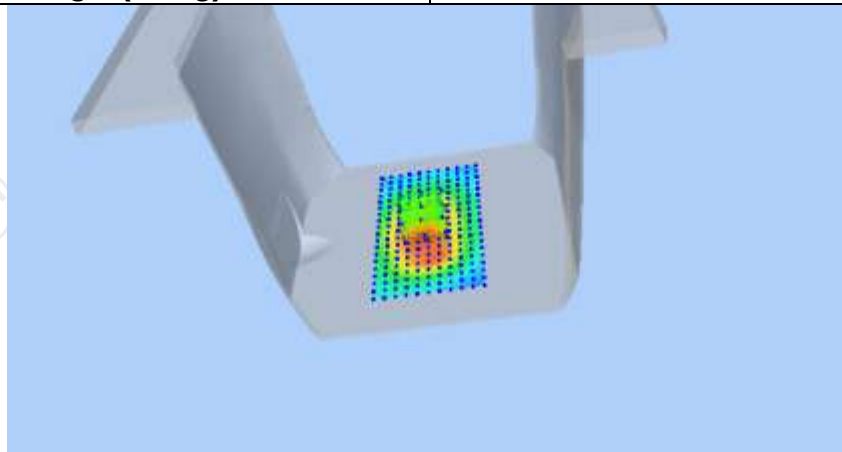


VOLUME SAR

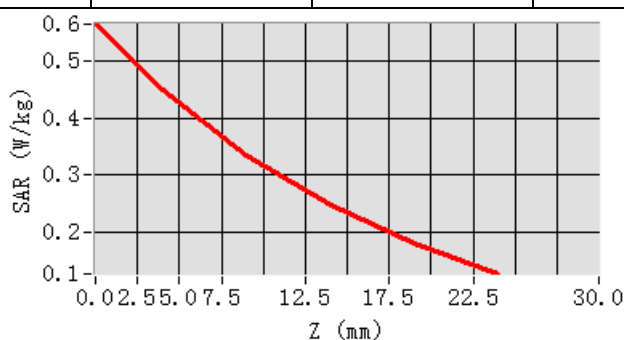


Maximum location: X=-12.00, Y=10.00 SAR Peak: 0.60 W/kg

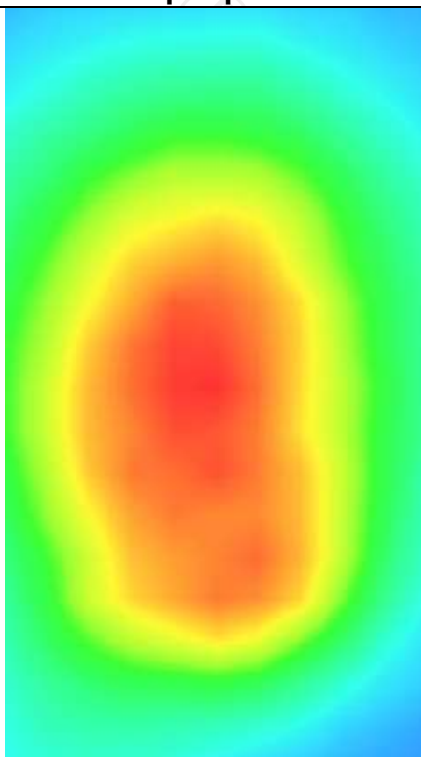
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.203615
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.336723



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5960	0.4500	0.3404	0.2484	0.1810



Hot spot position



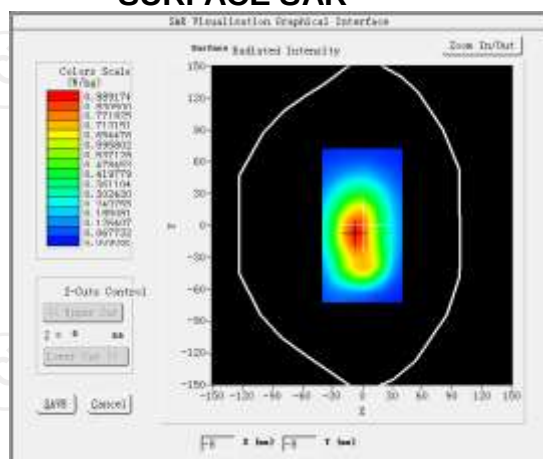
MEASUREMENT 2

Lower Band SAR (Channel 132072):

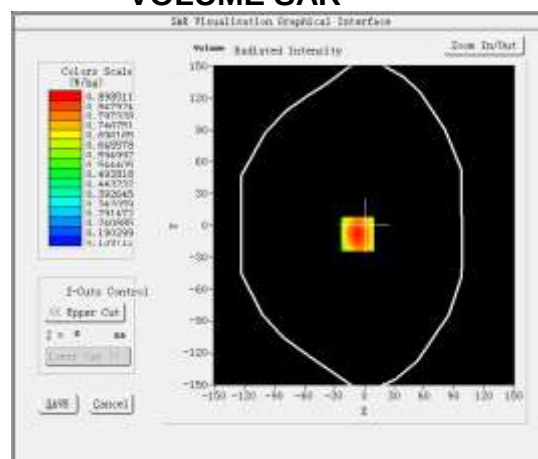
Date: 11/15/2024

Frequency (MHz)	1720.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.341249
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.168850
Conductivity (S/m)	1.492592
Variation (%)	-1.130000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.16
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 66(1 RB#50)</u>

SURFACE SAR

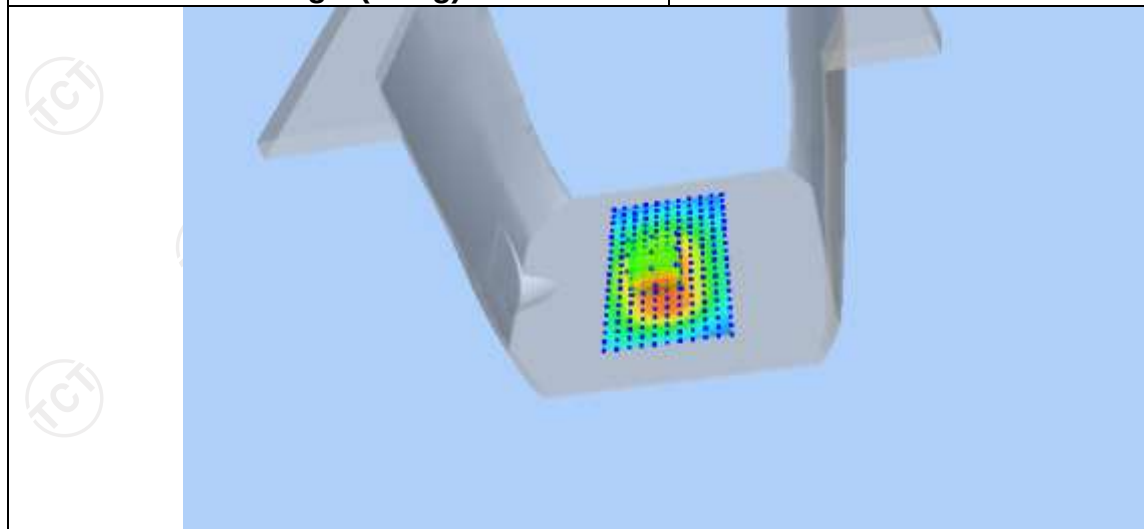


VOLUME SAR

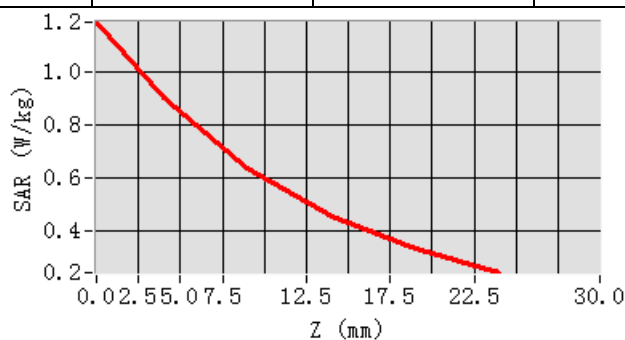


Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=-18.00 SAR Peak: 1.18 W/kg

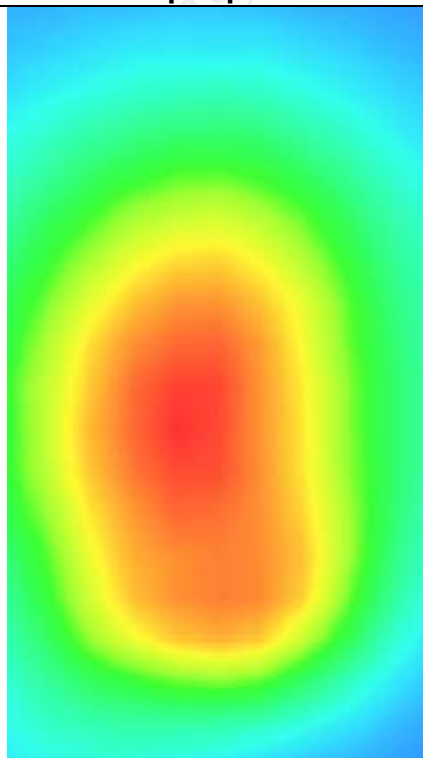
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.362450
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.871432



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1851	0.9016	0.6420	0.4625	0.3340



Hot spot position

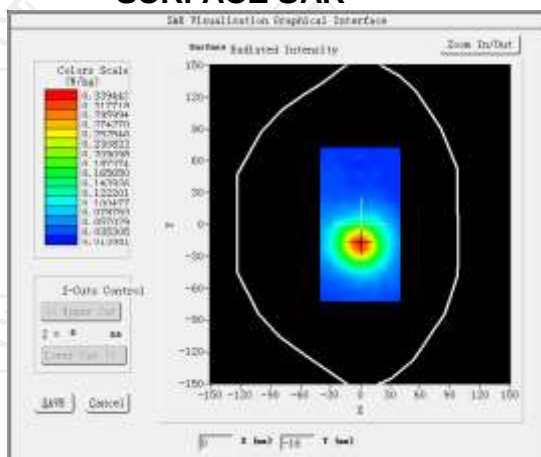


WLAN 2.4 GHz

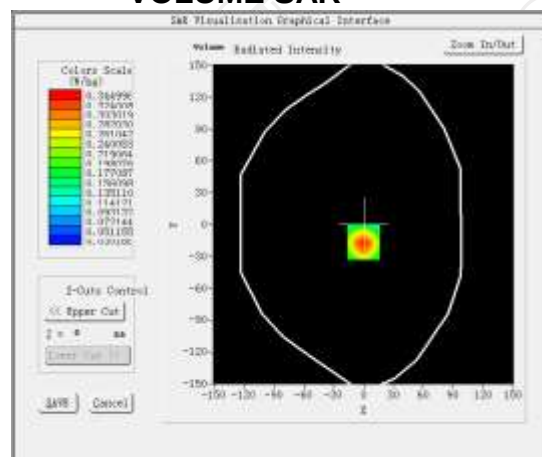
MEASUREMENT 1

Lower Band SAR (Channel 1):		Date: 12/03/2024
Frequency (MHz)	2412.00000	
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.630667	
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.318428	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.982536	
Variation (%)	-0.920000	
Crest Factor	1.0	
Probe Conversion factor	2.37	
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)	
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body front(10mm)	
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM	

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



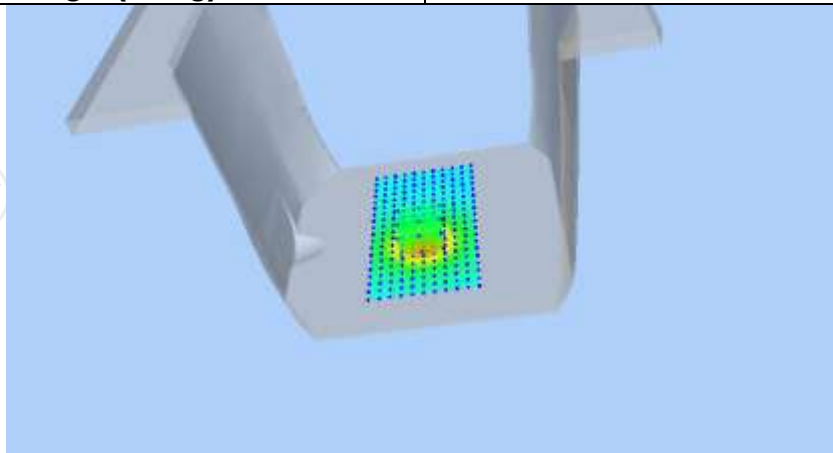
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-17.00 SAR Peak: 0.53 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)

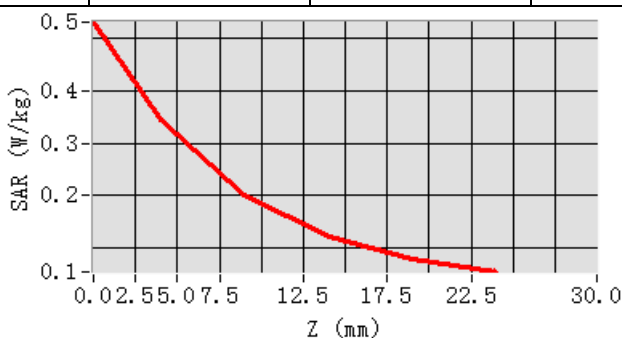
0.183656

SAR 1g (W/Kg)

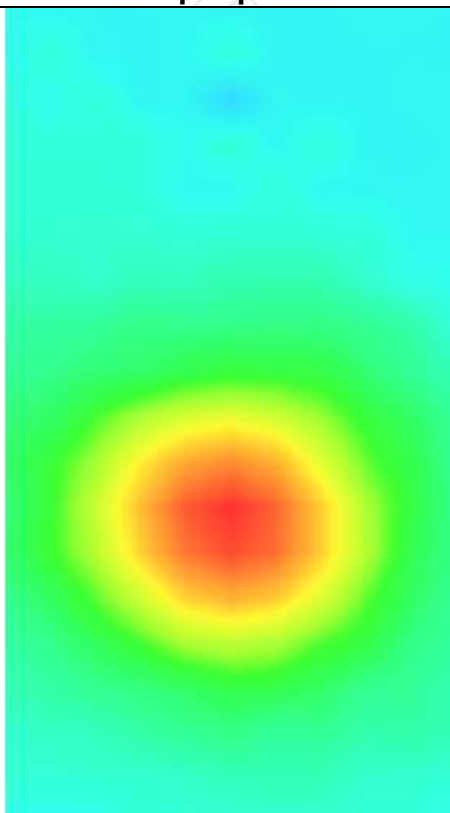
0.224113



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5314	0.3450	0.1993	0.1197	0.0785



Hot spot position



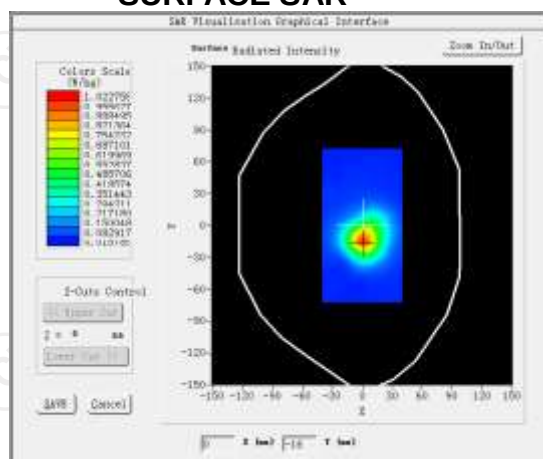
MEASUREMENT 2

Lower Band SAR (Channel 1):

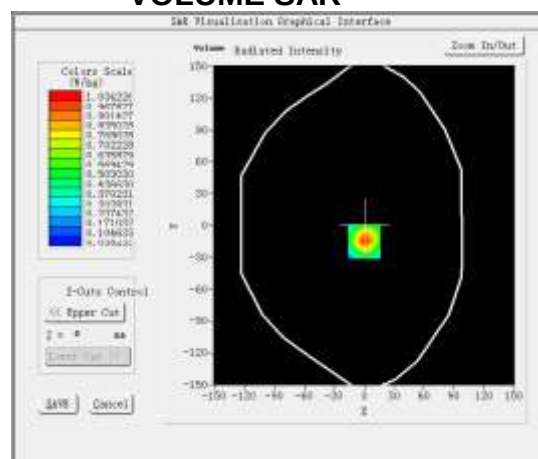
Date: 12/03/2024

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.630667
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.318428
Conductivity (S/m)	1.982536
Variation (%)	-0.760000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.37
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body back(0mm)
Band	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>

SURFACE SAR

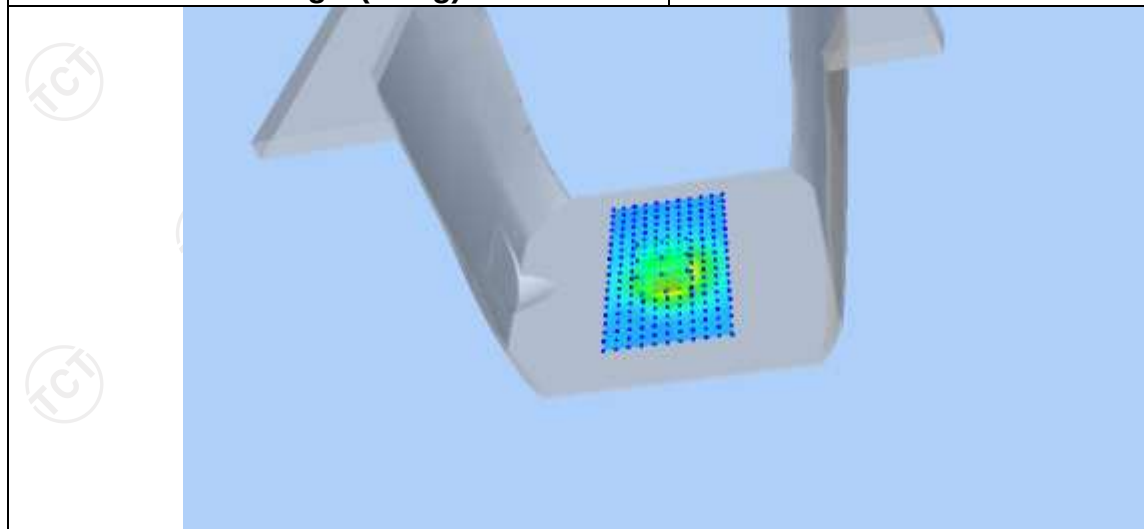


VOLUME SAR

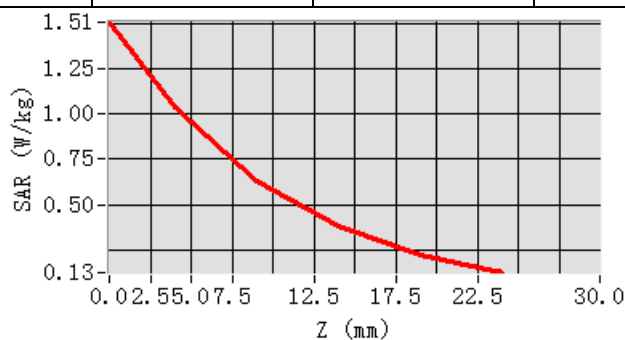


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-15.00 SAR Peak: 1.53 W/kg

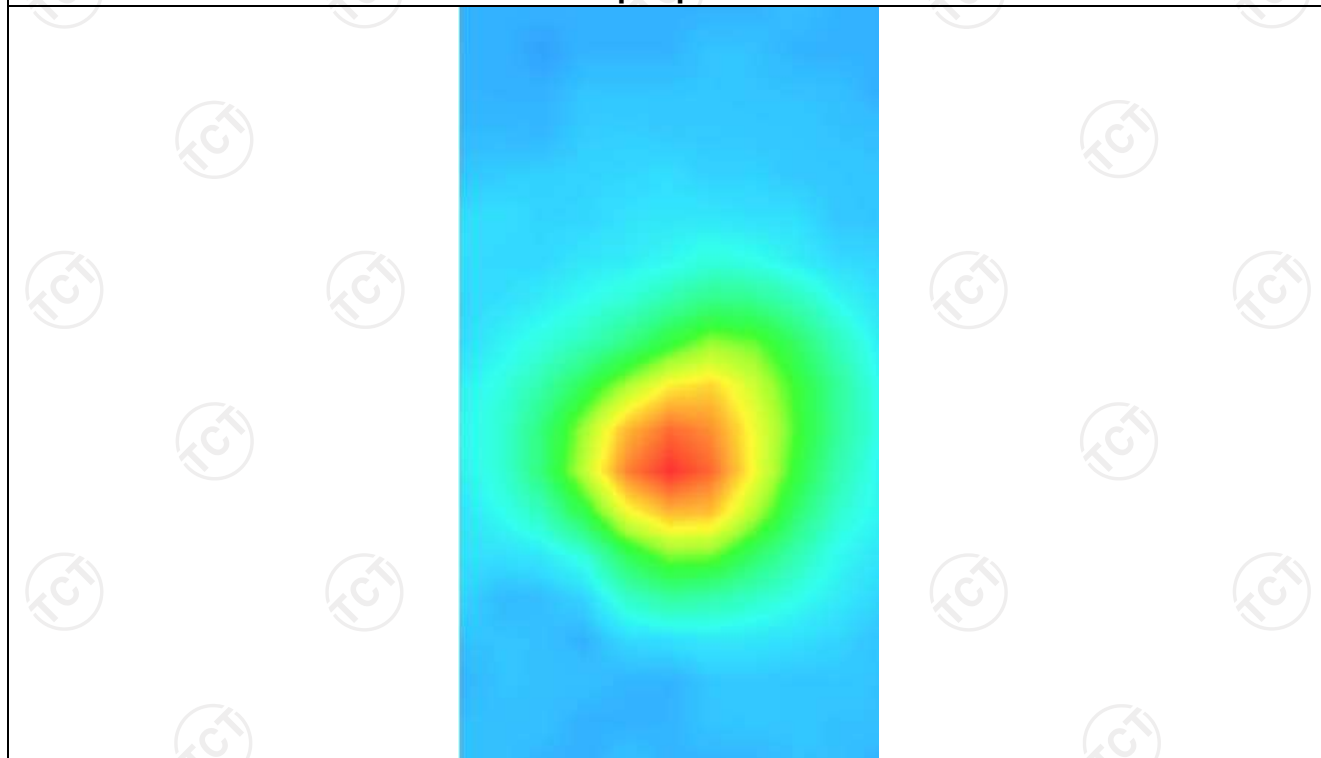
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.253467
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.953655



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.5063	1.0342	0.6312	0.3795	0.2260



Hot spot position



BT

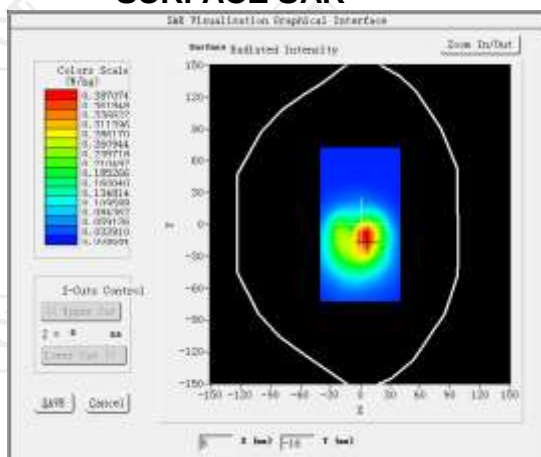
MEASUREMENT 1

Lower Band SAR (Channel 0):

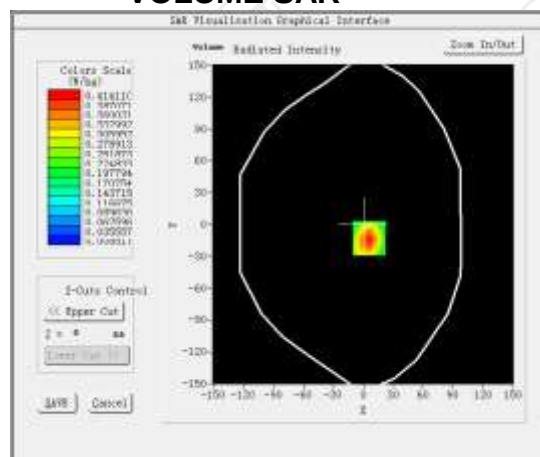
Date: 12/03/2024

Frequency (MHz)	2402.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.821613
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.546980
Conductivity (S/m)	1.834111
Variation (%)	-0.080000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.31
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body front(10mm)</u>
Band	<u>8DPSK</u>

SURFACE SAR

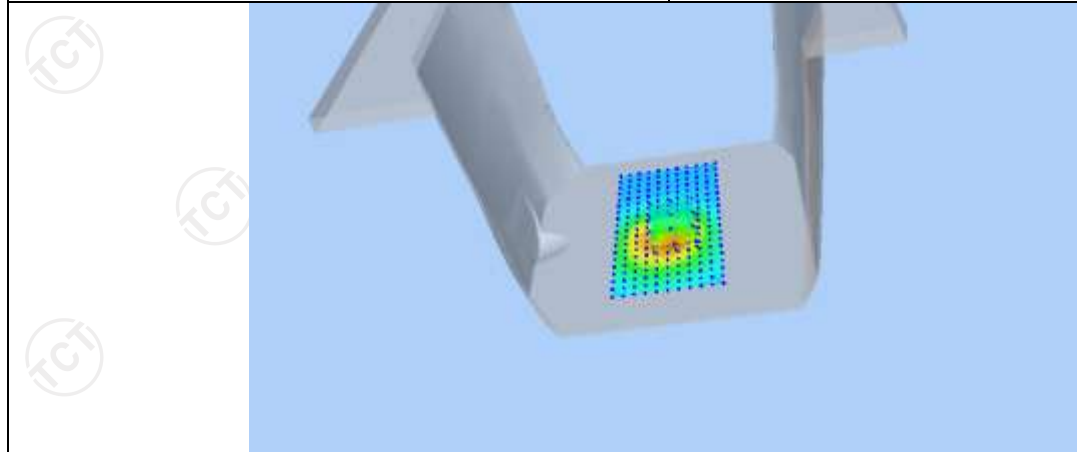


VOLUME SAR

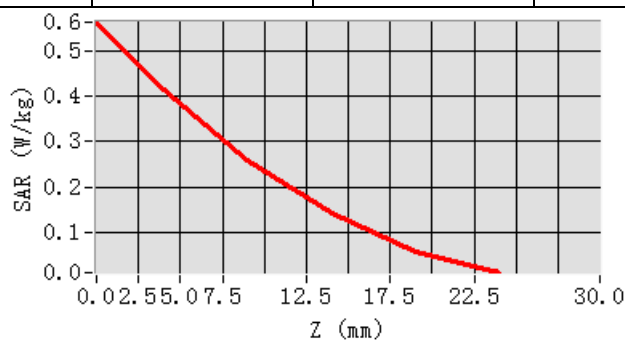


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-13.00 SAR Peak: 0.57 W/kg

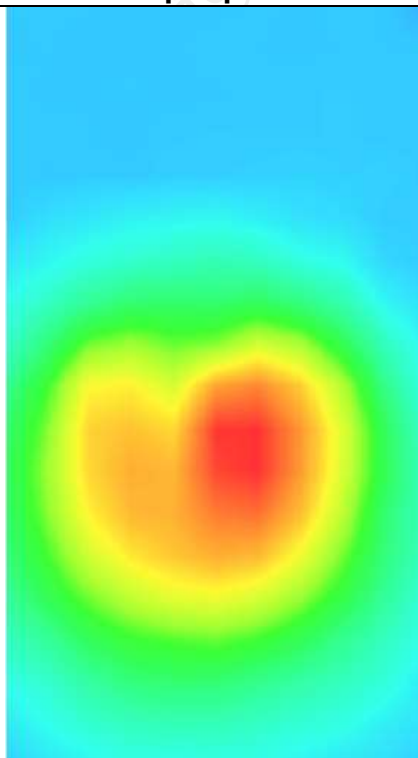
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.107975
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.124077



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5629	0.4141	0.2601	0.1417	0.0589



Hot spot position



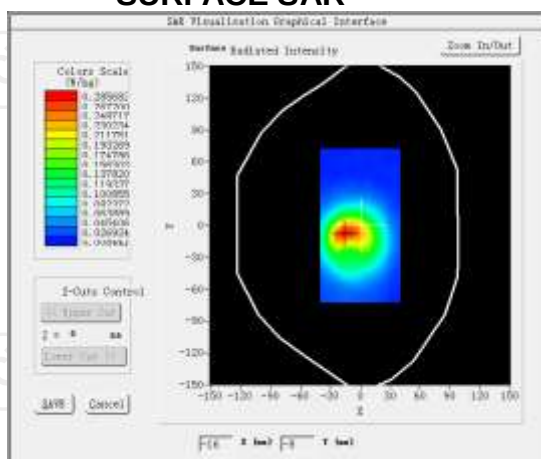
MEASUREMENT 2

Lower Band SAR (Channel 0):

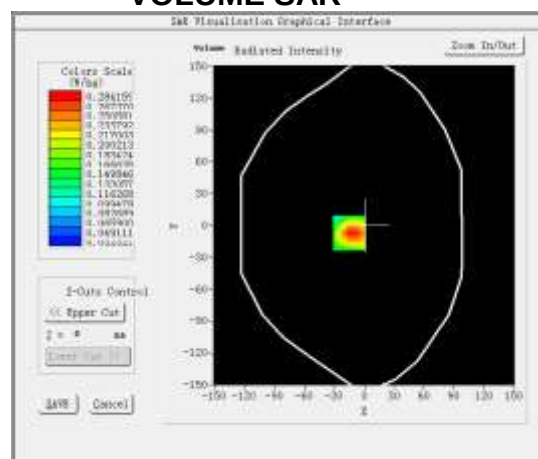
Date: 12/03/2024

Frequency (MHz)	2402.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.821613
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.546980
Conductivity (S/m)	1.834111
Variation (%)	-1.220000
Crest Factor	1.0
Probe Conversion factor	2.31
E-Field Probe:	SSE2 (SN 25/22 EPG0375)
Area Scan	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm dy=8mm, h=</u> <u>5.00 mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body back(0mm)</u>
Band	<u>8DPSK</u>

SURFACE SAR

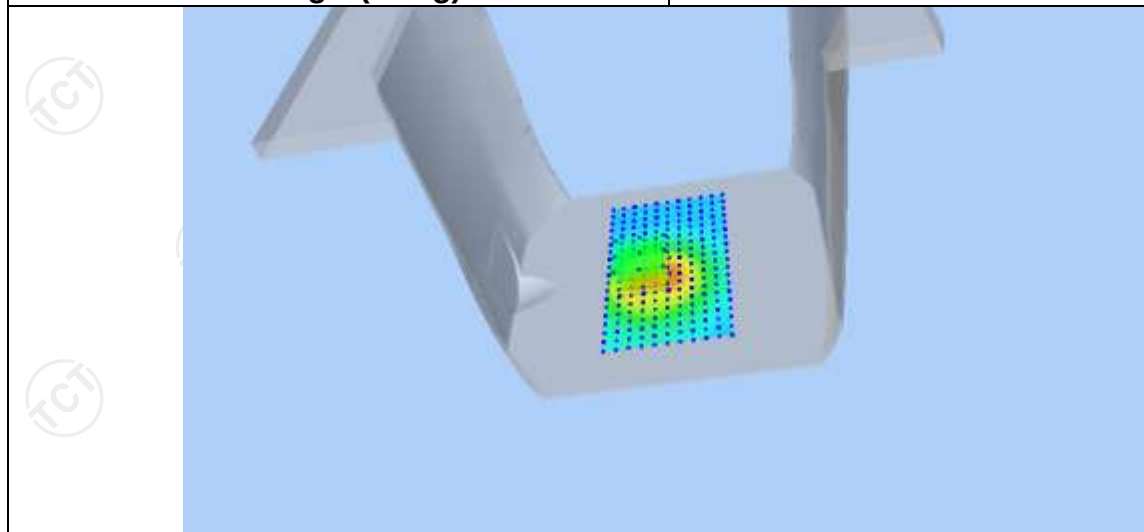


VOLUME SAR

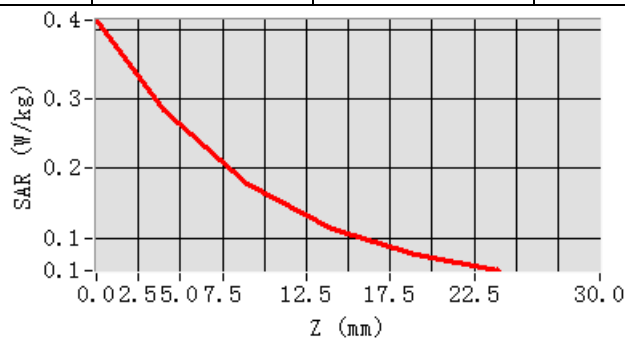


Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-7.00 SAR Peak: 0.42 W/kg

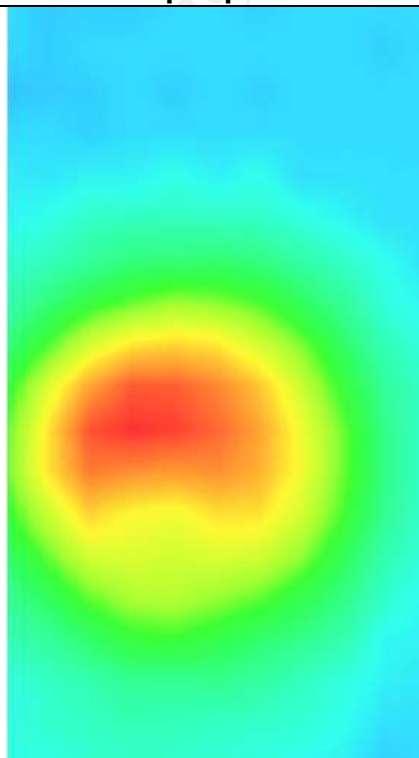
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.104354
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.269664



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.4131	0.2842	0.1773	0.1137	0.0770



Hot spot position



Appendix A: EUT Photos



Liquid depth



The Body Liquid of 835MHz (15.4cm)



The Body Liquid of 1800MHz (15.2 cm)



The Body Liquid of 1900MHz (16.4 cm)

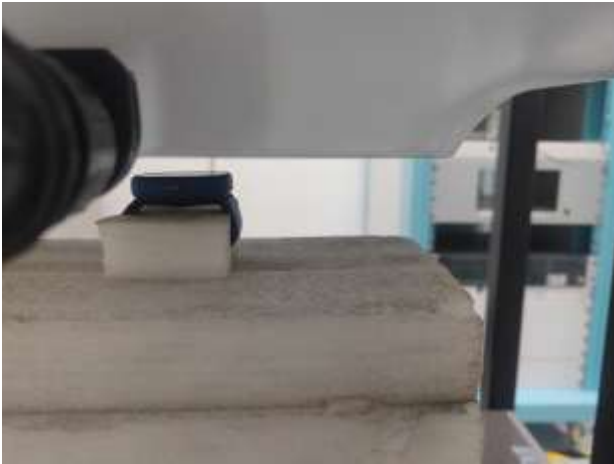


The Body Liquid of 2450MHz (15.3cm)



The Body Liquid of 750MHz (15.4cm)

Appendix B: Test Setup Photos



Wrist Worn –Front (10mm)



Wrist Worn –Back (0 mm)

Appendix C: Probe Calibration Certificate

COMOSAR E-FIELD Probe



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

2101 & 2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY RENSHAN INDUSTRIAL
ZONE, FUHAI SUBDISTRICT, BAO'AN DISTRICT SHENZHEN,
GUANGDONG, 518103, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/22 EPG0375

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 06/29/2024



Accreditations #2-6789
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme Le Gall	Measurement Responsible	6/30/2024	
<i>Checked & approved by:</i>	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	6/30/2024	
<i>Authorized by:</i>	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	7/05/2024	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	Jérôme Le Gall	6/30/2024	Initial release

Page: 2/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE COMOSAR Probe vK

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Page 127 of 212



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Device Under Test	4
2	Product Description	4
2.1	General Information	4
3	Measurement Method	4
3.1	Linearity	4
3.2	Sensitivity	4
3.3	Lower Detection Limit	5
3.4	Isotropy	5
3.1	Boundary Effect	5
4	Measurement Uncertainty	6
5	Calibration Measurement Results	6
5.1	Sensitivity in air	6
5.2	Linearity	7
5.3	Sensitivity in liquid	8
5.4	Isotropy	9
6	List of Equipment	10

**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 25/22 EPGO375
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.197 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.230 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.208 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

Page: 4/11

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Page 129 of 212



3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \Delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/(\delta/2)})}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SAR uncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).



4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level $k = 2$					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
0.64	0.53	0.44

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
106	108	109

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

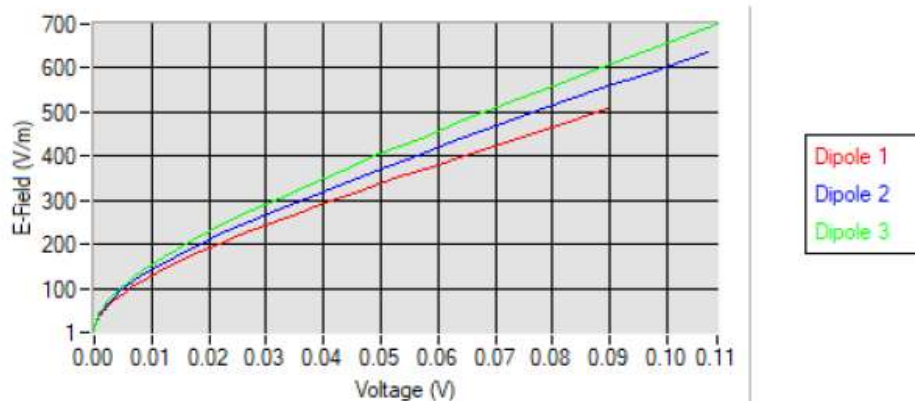
$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

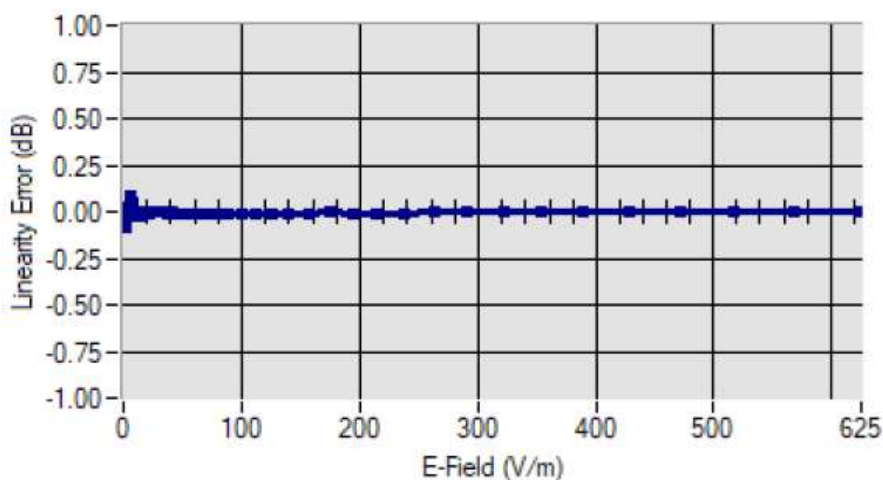
Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

Calibration curves



5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity: +/- 1.94% (+/- 0.09dB)



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.722.BES.B

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

<u>Liquid</u>	<u>Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)</u>	<u>ConvF</u>
HL750	750	1.71
BL750	750	1.78
HL900	900	1.91
BL900	900	1.96
HL1800	1800	2.08
BL1800	1800	2.16
HL2000	2000	2.03
BL2000	2000	2.10
HL2450	2450	2.31
BL2450	2450	2.37
HL2600	2600	2.16
BL2600	2600	2.23
HL3500	3500	2.21
BL3500	3500	2.28
HL3700	3700	3.45
BL3700	3700	3.15
HL4600	4600	3.30
BL4600	4600	3.70
HL5200	5200	2.01
BL5200	5200	2.08
HL5600	5600	2.07
BL5600	5600	2.12
HL5800	5800	2.06
BL5800	5800	2.13

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

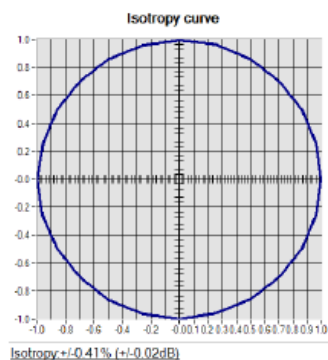


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2023	10/2026
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2023	02/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2024	06/2027
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2023	11/2026
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

Page: 10/11

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.7.22.BES.B

Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2024	06/2027

Dielectric Probe Calibration



Dielectric Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.138.4.33.SATU.A

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB
2101&2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY, RENSHAN
INDUSTRIAL ZONE, FUHAI SUBDISTRICT, BAOAN
DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, 518103,
PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
FREQUENCY: 0.3-6 GHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 19/15 OCPG 71

Calibrated at MVG US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 06/05/2024

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited Dielectric Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the LIMESAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATUA

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	06/05/2024	

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	06/05/2024	Initial release

Page: 2/7

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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Introduction.....	4
2	Device Under Test	4
3	Product Description	4
3.1	General Information	4
4	Measurement Method	5
4.1	Liquid Permittivity Measurements	5
5	Measurement Uncertainty	5
5.1	Dielectric Permittivity Measurement	5
6	Calibration Measurement Results	6
6.1	Liquid Permittivity Measurement	6
7	List of Equipment	7

Page: 3/7

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the suggested methods and requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for liquid permittivity measurements and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	LIMESAR DIELECTRIC PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SCLMP
Serial Number	SN 19/15 OCPG 71
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's Dielectric Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the LIMESAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG LIMESAR Dielectric Probe

Page: 4/7

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209-1 & 2 standards outline techniques for dielectric property measurements. The LIMESAR test bench employs one of the methods outlined in the standards, using a contact probe or open-ended coaxial transmission-line probe and vector network analyzer. The standards recommend the measurement of two reference materials that have well established and stable dielectric properties to validate the system, one for the calibration and one for checking the calibration. The LIMESAR test bench uses De-ionized water as the reference for the calibration and either DMS or Methanol as the reference for checking the calibration. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 LIQUID PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENTS

The permittivity of a liquid with well established dielectric properties was measured and the measurement results compared to the values provided in the fore mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 DIELECTRIC PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the Dielectric Permittivity measurement:

Uncertainty analysis of Permittivity Measurement					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (+/- %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (+/- %)
Repeatability (n repeats, mid-band)	4.00%	N	1	1	4.000%
Deviation from reference liquid	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Network analyser-drift, linearity	2.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.155%
Test-port cable variations	0.00%	U	$\sqrt{2}$	1	0.000%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.066%
Expanded uncertainty (confidence level of 95%, k = 2)					10.0%

Uncertainty analysis of Conductivity Measurement					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (+/- %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (+/- %)
Repeatability (n repeats, mid-band)	3.50%	N	1	1	3.500%
Deviation from reference liquid	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Network analyser-drift, linearity	2.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.155%
Test-port cable variations	0.00%	U	$\sqrt{2}$	1	0.000%
Combined standard uncertainty					4.072%
Expanded uncertainty (confidence level of 95%, k = 2)					8.1%

Page: 5/7

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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.138.4.33..SATU.A

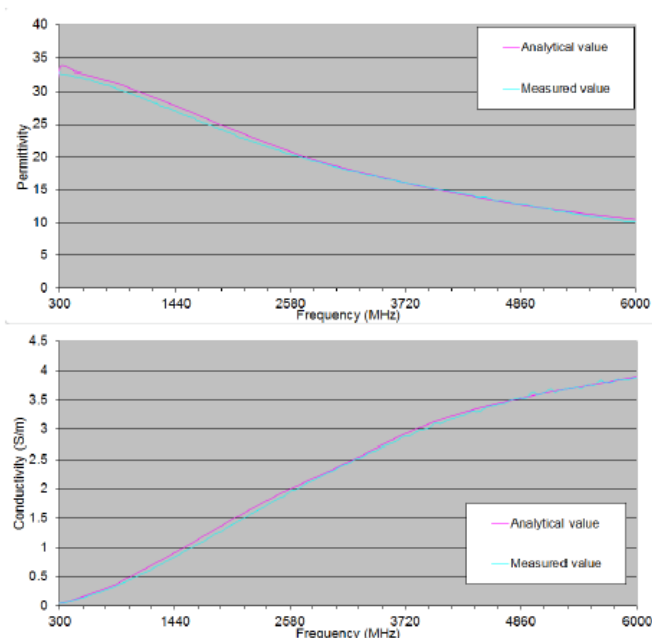
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Measurement Condition

Software	LIMESAR
Liquid Temperature	21°C
Lab Temperature	21°C
Lab Humidity	44%

6.1 LIQUID PERMITTIVITY MEASUREMENT

A liquid of known characteristics (methanol at 20°C) is measured with the probe and the results (complex permittivity $\epsilon' + j\epsilon''$) are compared with the well-known theoretical values for this liquid.



Page: 6/7

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SAR DIELECTRIC PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR138.4.33..SATUA

7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
LIMESAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2024	02/2027
Methanol CAS 67-56-1	Alpha Aesar	Lot D13W011	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	09/2024	09/2025

Page: 7/7

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Appendix D: Dipole Calibration Report

SID750



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.156.3.15.SATU.A

SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB
2101&2201, ZHENCHANG FACTORY, RENSHAN
INDUSTRIAL ZONE, FUHAI SUBDISTRICT, BAOAN
DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, 518103,
PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA

COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE
FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ
SERIAL NO.: SN 16/15 DIP 0G750-368

Calibrated at MVG US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 06/05/2024

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.3.15.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	<i>JS</i>
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	06/05/2024	<i>JS</i>
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	06/05/2024	<i>Kim Rutkowski</i>

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN TONGCE TESTING LAB

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	06/05/2024	Initial release



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Introduction.....	4
2	Device Under Test	4
3	Product Description	4
3.1	General Information	4
4	Measurement Method	5
4.1	Return Loss Requirements	5
4.2	Mechanical Requirements	5
5	Measurement Uncertainty.....	5
5.1	Return Loss	5
5.2	Dimension Measurement	5
5.3	Validation Measurement	5
6	Calibration Measurement Results.....	6
6.1	Return Loss and Impedance In Head Liquid	6
6.2	Return Loss and Impedance In Body Liquid	6
6.3	Mechanical Dimensions	6
7	Validation measurement	7
7.1	Head Liquid Measurement	7
7.2	SAR Measurement Result With Head Liquid	8
7.3	Body Liquid Measurement	9
7.4	SAR Measurement Result With Body Liquid	10
8	List of Equipment	11



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.3.15.SATU.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID750
Serial Number	SN 16/15 DIP 0G750-368
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of ≥ 15 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

Page: 5/11

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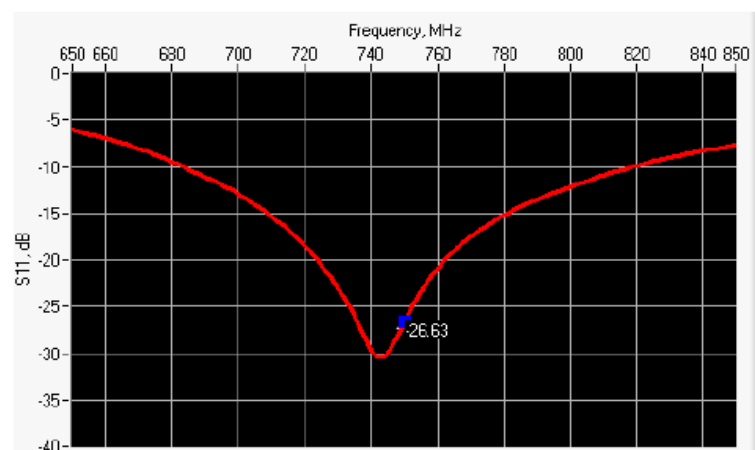
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.156.3.15.SATU.A

10 g	20.1 %
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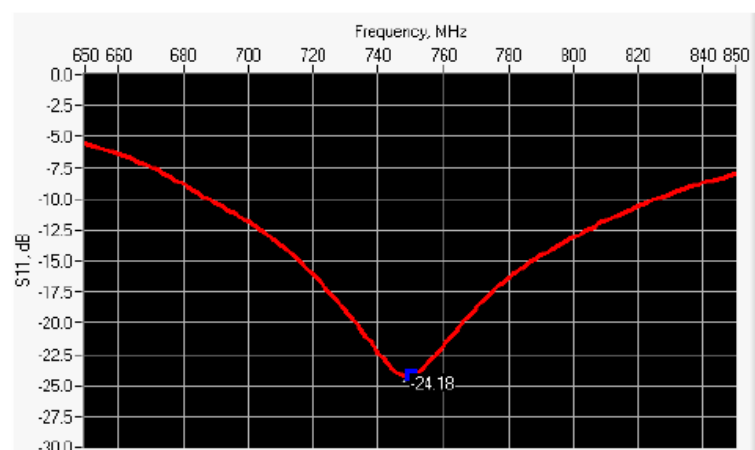
6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-26.63	-20	$54.1 \Omega + 1.4 j\Omega$

6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
750	-24.18	-20	$52.4 \Omega + 5.8 j\Omega$

6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ± 1 %		250.0 ± 1 %		6.35 ± 1 %	

Page: 6/11

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.	PASS	100.0 ±1 %.	PASS	6.35 ±1 %.	PASS
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7 ±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r)		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %	PASS	0.89 ±5 %	PASS
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

Page: 7/11

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1800	40.0 ± 5 %		1.40 ± 5 %	
1900	40.0 ± 5 %		1.40 ± 5 %	
1950	40.0 ± 5 %		1.40 ± 5 %	
2000	40.0 ± 5 %		1.40 ± 5 %	
2100	39.8 ± 5 %		1.49 ± 5 %	
2300	39.5 ± 5 %		1.67 ± 5 %	
2450	39.2 ± 5 %		1.80 ± 5 %	
2600	39.0 ± 5 %		1.96 ± 5 %	
3000	38.5 ± 5 %		2.40 ± 5 %	
3500	37.9 ± 5 %		2.91 ± 5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_{ps} : 41.8 σ : 0.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	750 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49	8.31 (0.73)	5.55	5.71 (0.54)
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

Page: 8/11

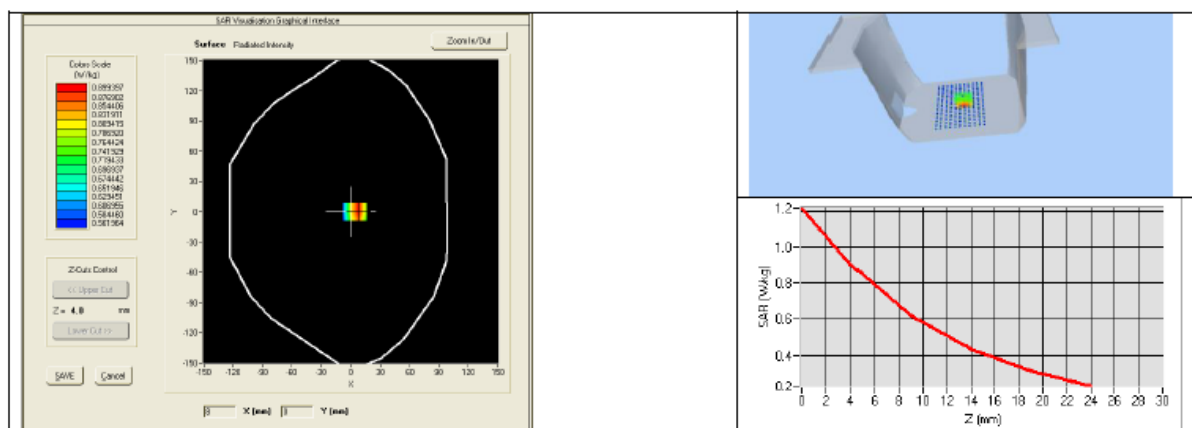
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Ref: ACR.156.3.15.SATU.A

1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
300	58.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.92 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	56.7 $\pm$ 5 %		0.94 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	55.5 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	0.96 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
835	55.2 $\pm$ 5 %		0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	
900	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.05 $\pm$ 5 %	
915	55.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.06 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	54.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.30 $\pm$ 5 %	
1610	53.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2000	53.3 $\pm$ 5 %		1.52 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	53.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.62 $\pm$ 5 %	
2450	52.7 $\pm$ 5 %		1.95 $\pm$ 5 %	

Page: 9/11

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