



FCC PART 15.225
ISED C RSS-210, ISSUE 10, DECEMBER 2019

TEST REPORT

For

Tesla, Inc.

3500 Deer Creek Road,
Palo Alto, CA 94304, USA

FCC ID: 2AEIM-1948204
IC: 20098-1948204

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Automotive Part
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Report Number: R2306156-225	
Report Date: 2023-08-21	
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report **must not** be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA*, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "*" (Rev.2)

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R2306156-225	Original Report	2023-08-21

1 General Description

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test report was prepared on behalf of Tesla, Inc., and their product model: 1948204, FCC ID: 2AEIM-1948204, IC: 20098-1948204 or the “EUT” as referred to in this report. The EUT is an Automotive Part (B-Pillar Endpoint) with Near Field Communication (NFC) that operates at 13.56 MHz, Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE), and Ultra-Wide Band (UWB).

1.2 Mechanical Description of the EUT

The EUT Host enclosure dimension measured approximately 50.0 cm (L) x 16.0 cm (W) x 4.5 cm (H) and weights approximately 0.65 kg.

The data gathered was from a production sample provided by Tesla, Inc. with S/N: ED322304000048.

1.3 Objective

This report was prepared on behalf of Tesla, Inc. in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subpart B & C of the Federal Communication Commission’s rules and ISEDC RSS-210 Issue 10, December 2019.

The objective was to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.225 and ISEDC RSS-210 for Antenna Requirement, RF Exposure, AC Line Conducted Emissions, Radiated Field Strength, Frequency Tolerance, and Occupied Bandwidth.

1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, Equipment Class: DTS, FCC ID: 2AEIM-1948204, IC: 20098-1948204

FCC Part 15, Subpart F, Equipment Class: UWB, FCC ID: 2AEIM-1948204, IC: 20098-1948204

1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.86 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±0.86 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±2.76 dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.94 dB
AC power line Conducted Emission	±2.0 dB
Temperature	±2 ° C
Humidity	±5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	±1.0 %
Time	±2 %
Duty Cycle	±3 %

1.7 Test Facility Registrations

BACLs test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently recognized by the Federal Communications Commission as Accredited with NIST Designation Number US1129.

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently registered with Industry Canada under Registration Numbers: 3062A-1, 3062A-2, and 3062A-3.

BACL is a Chinese Taipei Bureau of Standards Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) validated Conformity Assessment Body (CAB), under Appendix B, Phase I Procedures of the APEC Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA). BACL's BSMI Lab Code Number is: SL2-IN-E-1002R

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform AC Line Conducted Emissions, Telecommunications Line Conducted Emissions, Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and Radiated Emissions from 1 GHz to 6 GHz are currently recognized as Accredited in accordance with the Voluntary Control Council for Interference [VCCI] Article 15 procedures under Registration Number A-0027.

1.8 Test Facility Accreditations

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

A- An independent, 3rd-Party, Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by A2LA (Test Laboratory Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.02), in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunications. Unless noted by an Asterisk (*) in the Compliance Matrix (See Section 3 of this Test Report), BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Scope of Accreditation includes all of the Test Method Standards and/or the Product Family Standards detailed in this Test Report.

BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2017 Scope of Accreditation includes a comprehensive suite of EMC Emissions, EMC Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and wireline Telecommunications test methods applicable to a wide range of product categories. These product categories include Central Office Telecommunications Equipment [including NEBS - Network Equipment Building Systems], Unlicensed and Licensed Wireless and RF devices, Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Scientific and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Industrial and Scientific Instruments and Laboratory Apparatus; Cable Distribution Systems, and Energy Efficient Lighting.

B- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.03) to certify

- For the USA (Federal Communications Commission):
 - 1- All Unlicensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes A1, A2, A3, and A4;
 - 2- All Licensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes B1, B2, B3, and B4;
 - 3- All Telephone Terminal Equipment within FCC Scope C.
- For the Canada (Industry Canada):
 - 1 All Scope 1-Licence-Exempt Radio Frequency Devices;
 - 2 All Scope 2-Licensed Personal Mobile Radio Services;
 - 3 All Scope 3-Licensed General Mobile & Fixed Radio Services;
 - 4 All Scope 4-Licensed Maritime & Aviation Radio Services;
 - 5 All Scope 5-Licensed Fixed Microwave Radio Services
 - 6 All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List.
- For Singapore (Info-Communications Development Authority (IDA)):
 - 1 All Line Terminal Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Line Terminal Equipment – Table 1 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
 2. All Radio-Communication Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Radio-Communication Equipment – Table 2 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
- For the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region:
 - 1 All Radio Equipment, per KHCA 10XX-series Specifications;
 - 2 All GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment, per HKCA 12XX-series Specifications;
 - 3 All Fixed Network Equipment, per HKCA 20XX-series Specifications.
- For Japan:
 - 1 MIC Telecommunication Business Law (Terminal Equipment):
 - All Scope A1 - Terminal Equipment for the Purpose of Calls;
 - All Scope A2 - Other Terminal Equipment
 - 2 Radio Law (Radio Equipment):
 - All Scope B1 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 1 of the Radio Law
 - All Scope B2 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Radio Law
 - All Scope B3 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 3 of the Radio Law

C- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.01) to certify Products to USA's Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ENERGY STAR Product Specifications for:

- 1 Electronics and Office Equipment:
 - for Telephony (ver. 3.0)
 - for Audio/Video (ver. 3.0)
 - for Battery Charging Systems (ver. 1.1)
 - for Set-top Boxes & Cable Boxes (ver. 4.1)
 - for Televisions (ver. 6.1)
 - for Computers (ver. 6.0)
 - for Displays (ver. 6.0)
 - for Imaging Equipment (ver. 2.0)
 - for Computer Servers (ver. 2.0)
- 2 Commercial Food Service Equipment
 - for Commercial Dishwashers (ver. 2.0)
 - for Commercial Ice Machines (ver. 2.0)
 - for Commercial Ovens (ver. 2.1)
 - for Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- 3 Lighting Products
 - For Decorative Light Strings (ver. 1.5)
 - For Luminaires (including sub-components) and Lamps (ver. 1.2)
 - For Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) (ver. 4.3)
 - For Integral LED Lamps (ver. 1.4)
- 4 Heating, Ventilation, and AC Products
 - for Residential Ceiling Fans (ver. 3.0)
 - for Residential Ventilating Fans (ver. 3.2)
- 5 Other
 - For Water Coolers (ver. 3.0)

D- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) for the following economies and regulatory authorities under the terms of the stated MRAs/Treaties:

- Australia: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority) – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- Canada: (Innovation, Science and Economic development Canada - ISEDC) Foreign Certification Body – FCB – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Chinese Taipei (Republic of China – Taiwan):
 - o BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
 - o NCC (National Communications Commission) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- European Union:
 - o EMC Directive 2014/30/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
 - o Radio Equipment (RE) Directive 2014/53/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
 - o Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU
- Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: (Office of the Telecommunications Authority – OFTA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II
- Israel – US-Israel MRA Phase I
- Republic of Korea (Ministry of Communications - Radio Research Laboratory) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I
- Singapore: (Infocomm Media Development Authority - IMDA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Japan: VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference US-Japan Telecom Treaty VCCI Side Letter-
- USA:
 - o ENERGY STAR Recognized Test Laboratory – US EPA
 - o Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB) – US FCC;
 - o Nationally Recognized Test Laboratory (NRTL) – US OSHA
- Vietnam: APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;

2 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.10-2013 standard.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be as follows for each mode based upon investigation by measuring the average power, peak power and PPSD across all data rates bandwidths, and modulations.

2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The test software used was *python* script “nfc-Bpillar-TX.py” provided by Tesla, Inc. The software is compliant with the standard requirements being tested against.

The power setting used during testing was: 0xC0

The trim level used during testing was: 0x0

2.3 Equipment Modifications

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing.

2.4 Local Support Equipment

None

2.5 Remote Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
HP Inc.	Laptop	ZBook Studio G3	CND7277R9G
PJRC	Teensy UART-CAN	Teensy-LC	-

2.6 Power Supply and Line Filters

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Volteq	DC Power Supply	HY5003D	160402343

2.7 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Description	Length (m)	From	To
Power Cable	1.0	EUT	DC Power Supply
Serial Cable	1.0	EUT	Teensy UART-CAN
USB Cable	0.5	Teensy UART-CAN	Laptop

3 Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC/ISED Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.203 ISED RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
FCC §2.1091 ISED RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.207 ISED RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	N/A ¹
FCC §15.225 (a) (b) (c) (d) FCC §15.205, FCC §15.209 ISED RSS-210 Annex B.6	Radiated Field Strength (9 kHz – 30 MHz, 30 MHz-1 GHz)	Compliant
FCC §15.225 (e) ISED RSS-210-Annex B.6	Frequency Tolerance	Compliant
FCC §15.215 (c) ISED RSS-Gen §6.7	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant

¹ The EUT was DC powered.

BACL is responsible for all the information provided in this report, except when information is provided by the customer as identified in this report. Information provided by the customer, e.g., antenna gain, can affect the validity of results.

4 FCC §2.1091, §1.1307 & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §2.1091, and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

According to ISED RSS-102 Issue 5:

2.5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation — RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz Footnote6 and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

4.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

4.3 MPE Results for FCC

NFC Standalone

Maximum Peak E.R.P. (dBm): -15.607

Maximum Peak E.R.P. (mW): 0.027

Prediction distance (cm): 20

Prediction frequency (MHz): 13.56

Power density of prediction frequency at 20 cm (mW/cm²): 0.00000547

FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²): 0.979

The device is compliant with the FCC requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 0.00000547 mW/cm². Limit is 0.979 mW/cm².

Worst Case Co-location MPE Calculation:

Radio	Max EIRP (dBm)	Evaluated Distance (cm)	Worst-Case Exposure Level	Limit	Worst-Case Ratios	Sum of Ratios	Limit
Worst Case							
BLE	7.36	20	0.0011 mW/cm ²	1.0 mW/cm ²	0.11%	0.11%	100%
UWB	-41.4883	20	0.000000141 mW/cm ²	1.0 mW/cm ²	0.00000141%		
NFC*	-15.607	20	0.00000547 mW/cm ²	0.979 mW/cm ²	0.00000559%		

Note*: NFC is ERP

4.4 MPE Results for IC

NFC

Maximum NFC e.r.p. = -15.607 dBm (0.027 mW), which is less than the exemption threshold, i.e., 1 W.

Therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is exempt for NFC.

Note: Per ANSI C63.10 Sections 10.3.9 and G.4, Max ERP was determined by the following calculation:

81.843dBuV/m @ 3m – 95.3 -2.15 dB = -15.607 dBm [ERP]

5 FCC §15.203 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8 - Antenna Requirements

5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

According to ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8: Transmitter Antenna

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For license-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

5.2 Antenna Description

External/Internal/ Integral	Antenna Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)
Internal	Coil	13.56 MHz	N/A

6 FCC §15.225 (a) (b) (c) (d), FCC §15.205, FCC §15.209, ISEDC RSS-210 Annex B.6 – Radiated Field Strength

6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.225 Operation within the band 13.110-14.010 MHz:

- The field strength of any emissions within the band 13.553–13.567 MHz shall not exceed 15,848 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- Within the bands 13.410–13.553 MHz and 13.567–13.710 MHz, the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 334 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- Within the bands 13.110–13.410 MHz and 13.710–14.010 MHz the field strength of any emissions shall not exceed 106 microvolts/meter at 30 meters.
- The field strength of any emissions appearing outside of the 13.110–14.010 MHz band shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits in § 15.209.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As per FCC §15.35 Measurement detector functions and bandwidths:

- On any frequency or frequencies below or equal to 1000 MHz, the limits shown are based on measuring equipment employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector function and related measurement bandwidths, unless otherwise specified. The specifications for the measuring instrumentation using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in ANSI C63.4–2014, clause 4 (incorporated by reference, see [§ 15.38](#)). As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurements, the responsible party, at its option, may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits using measuring equipment employing a peak detector function as long as the same bandwidth as indicated for CISPR quasi-peak measurements are employed.

Note: For pulse modulated devices with a pulse-repetition frequency of 20 Hz or less and for which CISPR quasi-peak measurements are specified, compliance with the regulations shall be demonstrated using measuring equipment employing a peak detector function, properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization, using the same measurement bandwidths that are indicated for CISPR quasi-peak measurements.

As per ISEDC RSS-210 Annex B.6 Band 13.110-14.010 MHz:

- a. the field strength of any emission shall not exceed the following limits:
 - i. 15.848 mV/m (84 dB μ V/m) at 30 m, within the band 13.553-13.567 MHz
 - ii. 334 μ V/m (50.5 dB μ V/m) at 30 m, within the bands 13.410-13.553 MHz and 13.567-13.710 MHz
 - iii. 106 μ V/m (40.5 dB μ V/m) at 30 m, within the bands 13.110-13.410 MHz and 13.710-14.010 MHz
 - iv. RSS-Gen general field strength limits for frequencies outside the band 13.110-14.010 MHz

6.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specifications used were the FCC §15.225, FCC §15.209 and ISEDC RSS-210 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test Table and bundle when necessary.

6.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT was set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which was varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT was placed on a turntable, which was 0.8 meter and 1.5 meter above the ground plane for below and above 1000 MHz measurements, the Table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. For below 30 MHz measurement, the receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of perpendicular and parallel. For above 30 MHz measurement, the receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 150 kHz:

RBW = 200 Hz / VBW = 600 Hz / Sweep = Auto / Quasi Peak

From 150 kHz to 30 MHz:

RBW = 9 kHz / VBW = 27 kHz / Sweep = Auto / Quasi Peak

From 30MHz to 1GHz:

RBW = 120 kHz / VBW = 300 kHz / Sweep = Auto / Quasi Peak

6.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

For emissions below 1 GHz,

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Correction Factor to the S.A. Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = \text{S.A. Reading} + \text{Correction Factor}$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = S.A. Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Correction Factor (7.8 dB/m)

The Correction Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) together. This calculation is done in the measurement software, and reported in the test result section. The basic equation is as follows:

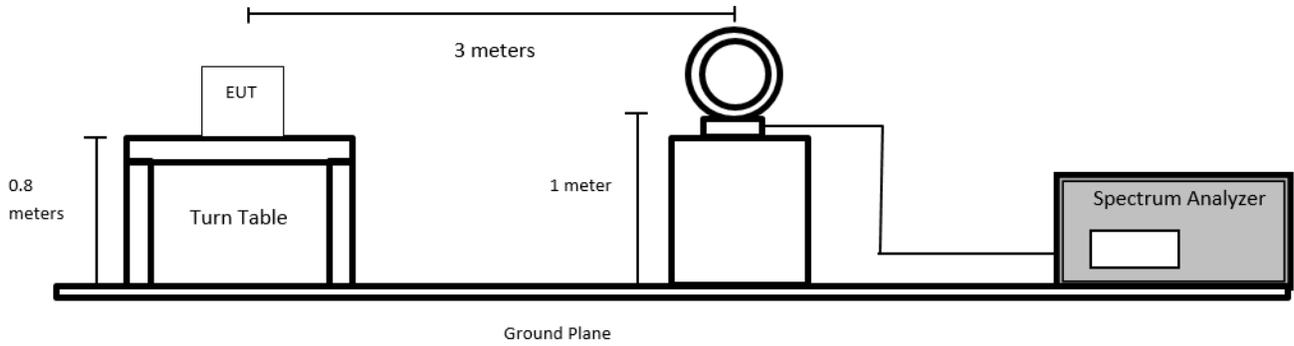
$$\text{Correction Factor} = AF + CL + \text{Atten} - Ga$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data Tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

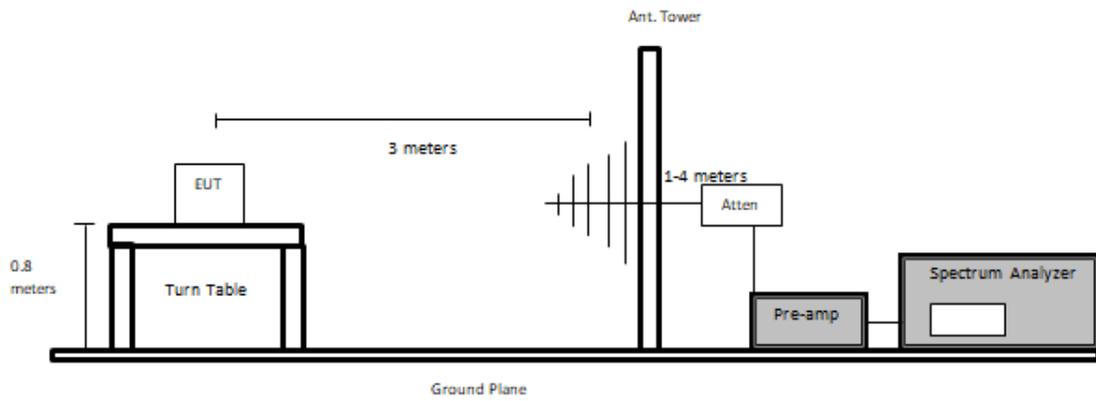
$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

6.5 Test Setup Block Diagram

Below 9 kHz to 30 MHz:



Below 30MHz to 1GHz:



6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
310	Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950.03	100338	2023-05-11	1 year
316	Sonoma Instruments	Preamplifier 10kHz-2.5GHz	317	260406	2023-04-12	6 months
321	Sunol Sciences	Biconilog Antenna	JB3	A020106-2	2021-11-22	2 years
393	Com-Power	Active Loop Antenna	AL-130	17043	2023-05-26	2 years
1186	Pasternack	Coaxial Cable, RG214	PE3062- 1050CM	N/A	2023-04-14	6 months
N/A	Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC99V	011003-1	N/R	N/R

Note: cable and notch filters included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24.9 to 25.8 °C
Relative Humidity:	45.2 to 53.9 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Steven Lianto on 2023-07-27 in 5m chamber 3.

The testing was performed by Arturo Reyes on 2023-08-17 in 5m chamber 3.

6.8 Summary of Test Results

According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15C and ISEDC RSS-210 standards' radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Frequency Range
-26.90	13.553	Parallel	9 kHz to 30 MHz
-0.61	759.44	Horizontal	30 MHz to 1000 MHz

Please refer to the Table and plots in the Section 5.9 of this test report for detailed test data.

6.9 Radiated Emissions Test Results**9 kHz to 30 MHz, Measured at 3 meters (Parallel Polarization)**

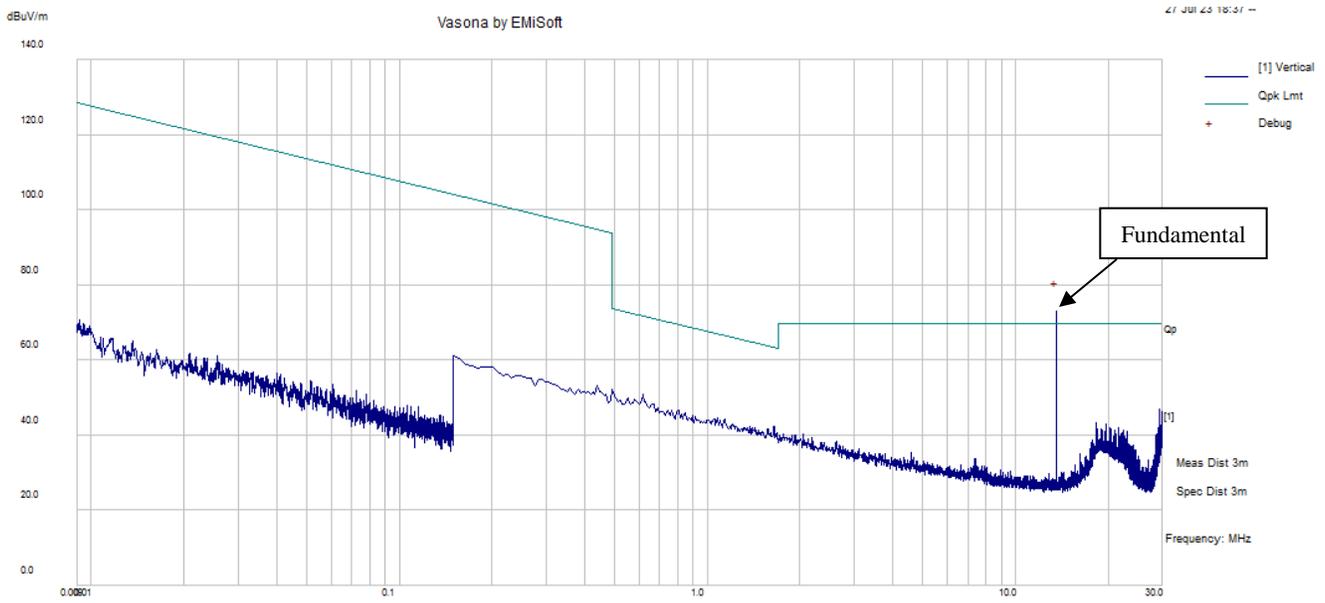
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna		Cable Loss (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/ISED		Comments
			Height (cm)	Factor (dB/m)			Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
13.56	70.11	174	80	11.5	0.2337	81.843	124	-42.157	QP
13.553	50.39	174	80	11.4	0.2337	62.02	90.47	-28.45	QP
13.567	49.93	174	80	11.4	0.2337	61.56	90.47	-28.91	QP
13.3608	21.98	174	80	11.4	0.2314	33.61	80.51	-46.90	QP
13.908	25.71	174	80	11.5	0.239	37.45	80.51	-43.06	QP

9 kHz to 30 MHz, Measured at 3 meters (Perpendicular Polarization)

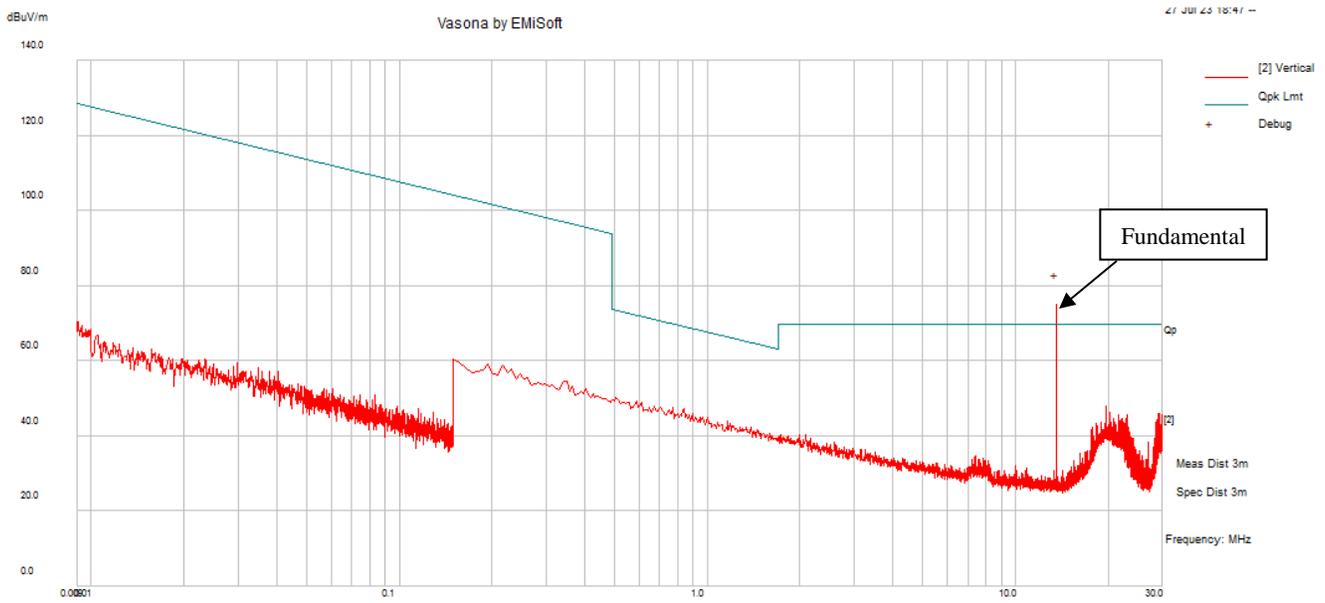
Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna		Cable Loss (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/ISED		Comments
			Height (cm)	Factor (dB/m)			Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
13.56	67.32	266	80	11.5	0.2337	79.053	124	-44.947	QP
13.553	51.94	266	80	11.4	0.2337	63.57	90.47	-26.90	QP
13.567	51.52	266	80	11.4	0.2337	63.15	90.47	-27.32	QP
13.3572	21.94	266	80	11.4	0.2314	33.57	80.51	-46.94	QP
13.9662	22.47	266	80	11.4	0.239	34.11	80.51	-46.40	QP

Note: the distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) is used for below 30 MHz.

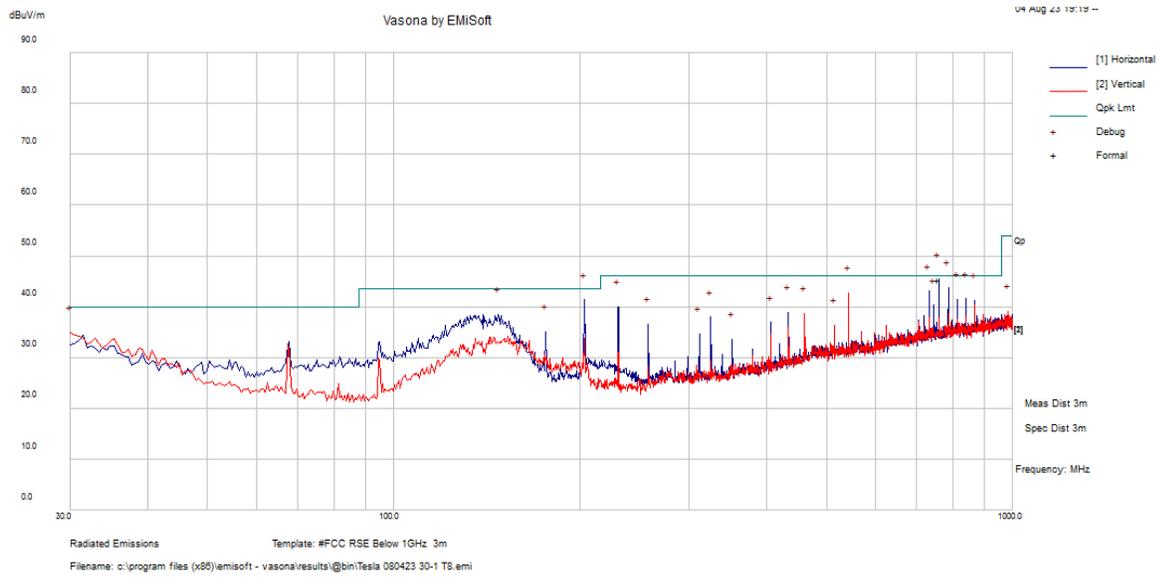
9 kHz to 30 MHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters (Parallel Polarization)



9 kHz to 30 MHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters (Perpendicular Polarization)



30 MHz to 1000 MHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters



Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna Height (cm)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comments (Peak/QP/Average)
759.44	43.53	-1.86	45.39	H	194	118	46	-0.61	QP
203.145	50.68	9.33	41.35	H	104	105	43.5	-2.15	QP
786.6	41.59	-2.21	43.8	H	109	216	46	-2.2	QP
732.28	41.37	-1.69	43.06	H	101	89	46	-2.94	QP
542.645	44.26	1.54	42.72	V	208	121	46	-3.28	QP
840.92	38.84	-2.72	41.56	H	132	201	46	-4.44	QP

7 FCC §15.225 (e), ISEDC RSS-210 Annex B.6 – Frequency Tolerance

7.1 Applicable Standards

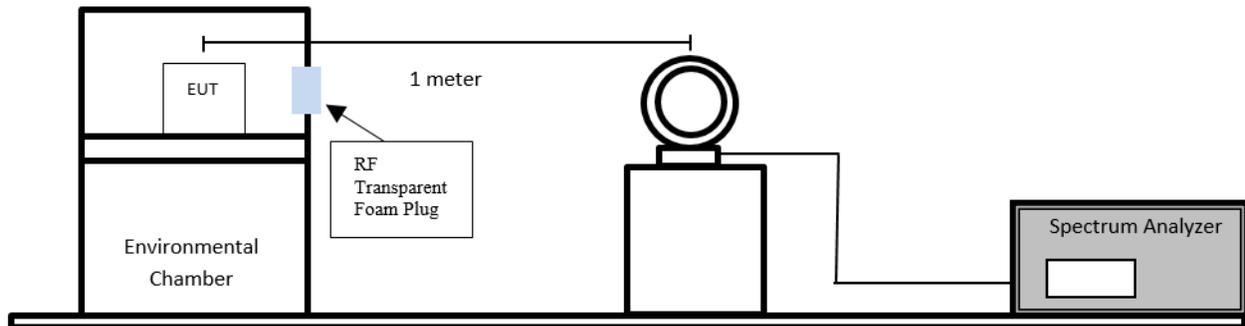
As per FCC §15.225 Operation within the band 13.110-14.010 MHz:

- e. The frequency tolerance of the carrier signal shall be maintained within $\pm 0.01\%$ of the operating frequency over a temperature variation of -20 degrees to $+50$ degrees C at normal supply voltage, and for a variation in the primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of 20 degrees C. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

As per ISEDC RSS-210 Annex B.6 Band 13.110-14.010 MHz:

- b. the carrier frequency stability shall not exceed ± 100 ppm

7.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



7.3 Test Procedure

ANSI 63.10 (2013) section 6.8.1 was employed for the test procedure.

7.4 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
655	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	200749	2023-06-06	1 year
274	Espec	Temperature and Humidity Chamber	ESL-4CA	18010	2022-10-27	1 year
393	Com-Power	Active Loop Antenna	AL-130	17043	2023-05-26	2 years
-	-	RF Cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".*

7.5 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	-20 to 50 °C
Relative Humidity:	56.6 to 63.6 %
ATM Pressure:	102.3 kPa

The testing was performed by Tao Jin on 2023-08-04 in the RF test site.

7.6 Test Results

Normal Voltage (16 V)

Temperature °C	Operating Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Result
-20	13.56	13.5602200	16.2241888	±100	Pass
-10	13.56	13.5601625	11.9837758	±100	Pass
0	13.56	13.5601325	9.7713864	±100	Pass
10	13.56	13.5600450	3.3185841	±100	Pass
20	13.56	13.5599550	-3.3185841	±100	Pass
30	13.56	13.5598675	-9.7713864	±100	Pass
40	13.56	13.5597800	-16.2241888	±100	Pass
50	13.56	13.5597225	-20.4646018	±100	Pass

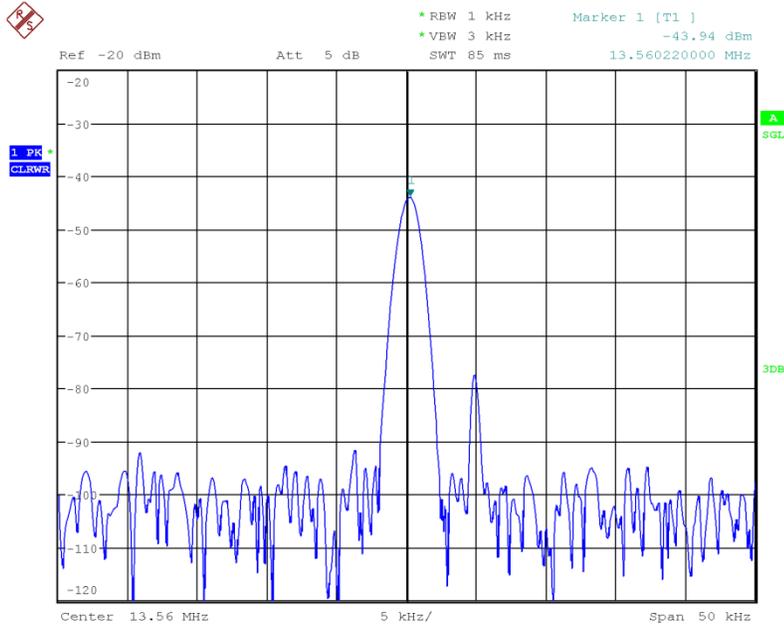
Normal Temperature (20 °C)

Voltage (V)	Operating Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Limit (ppm)	Result
13.6 (85%)	13.56	13.5599550	-3.3185841	±100	Pass
18.4 (115%)	13.56	13.5599550	-3.3185841	±100	Pass

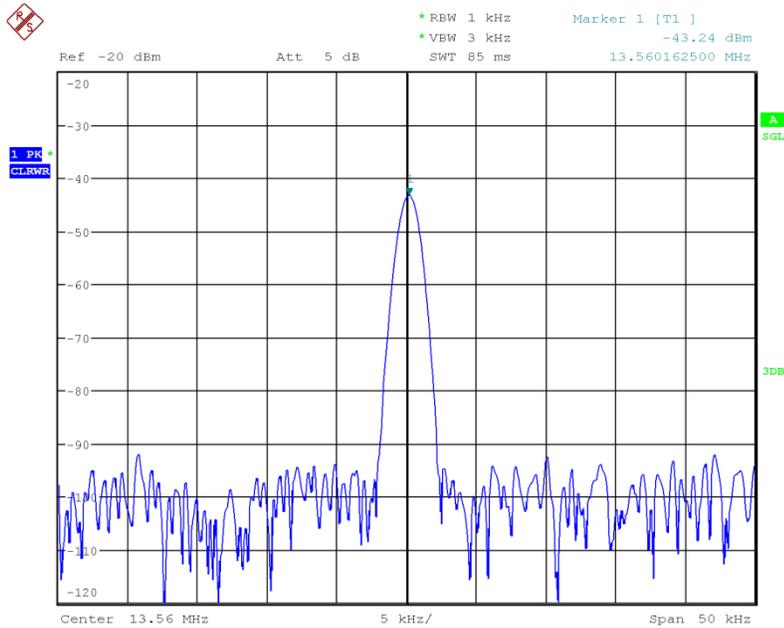
Please refer to the following plots for detailed test data.

Normal Voltage (16 V)

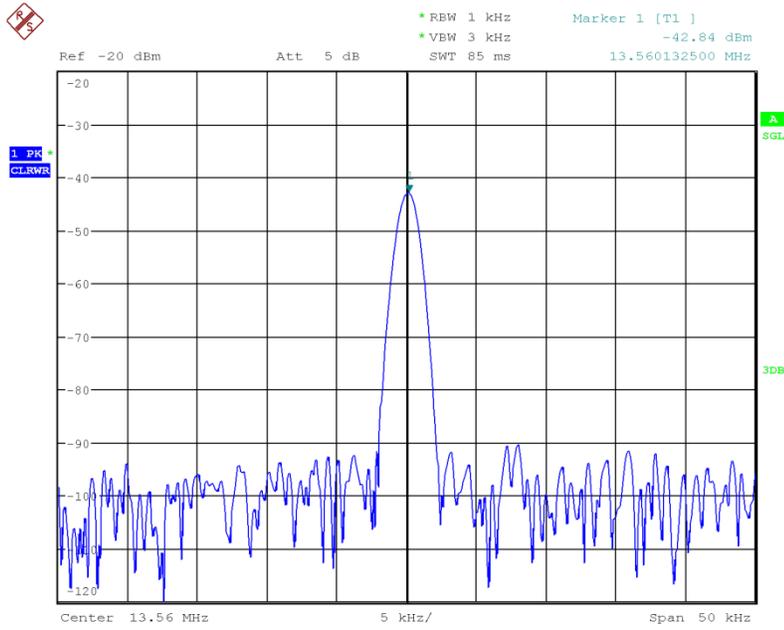
13.56 MHz at -20 °C



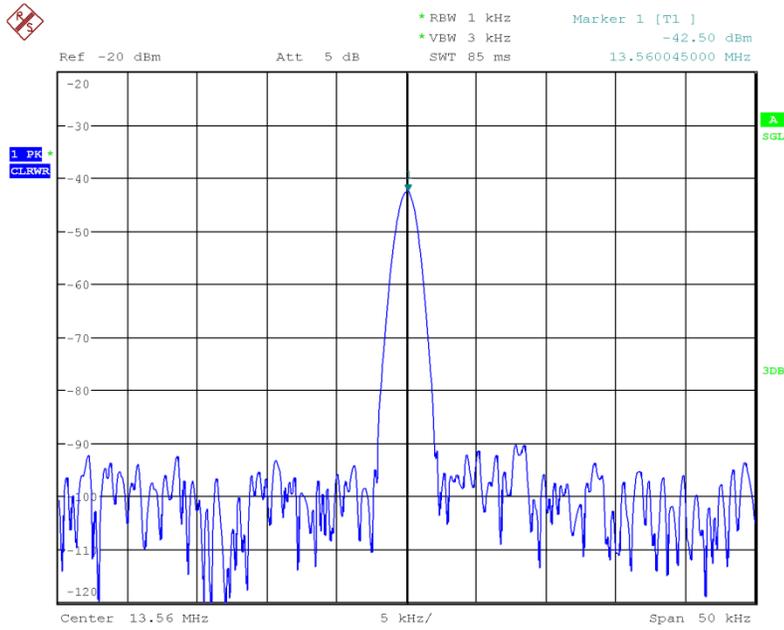
13.56 MHz at -10 °C



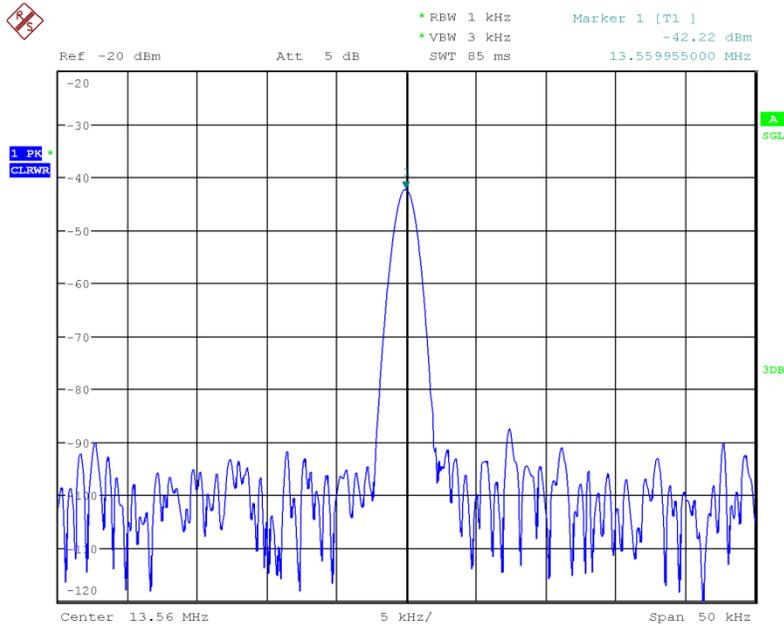
13.56 MHz at 0 °C



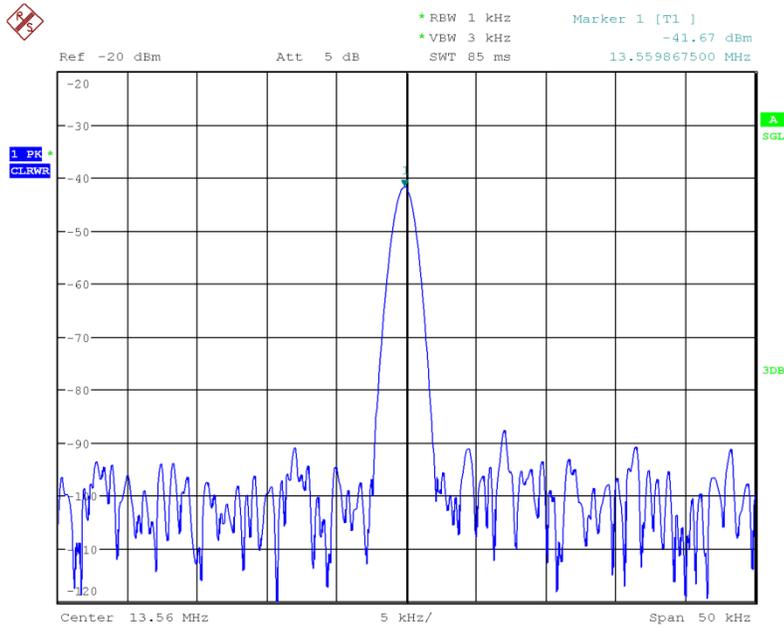
13.56 MHz at 10 °C



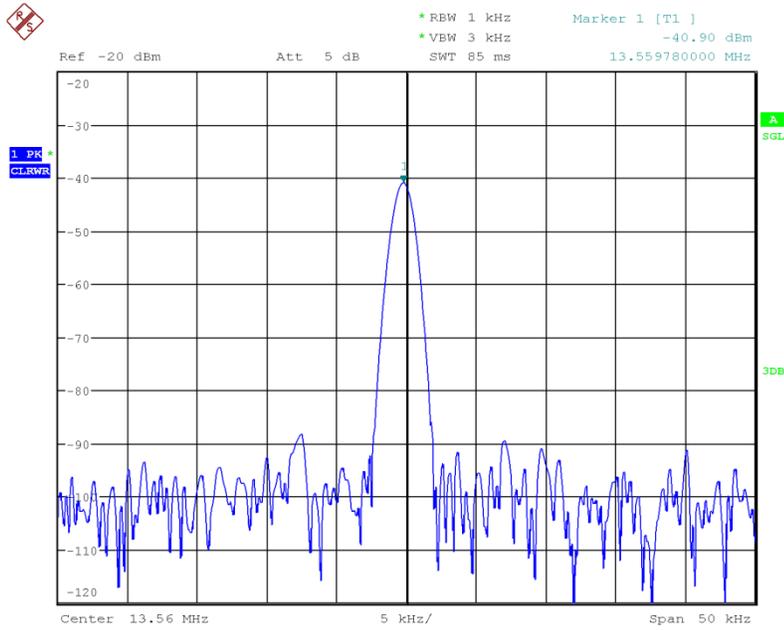
13.56 MHz at 20 °C



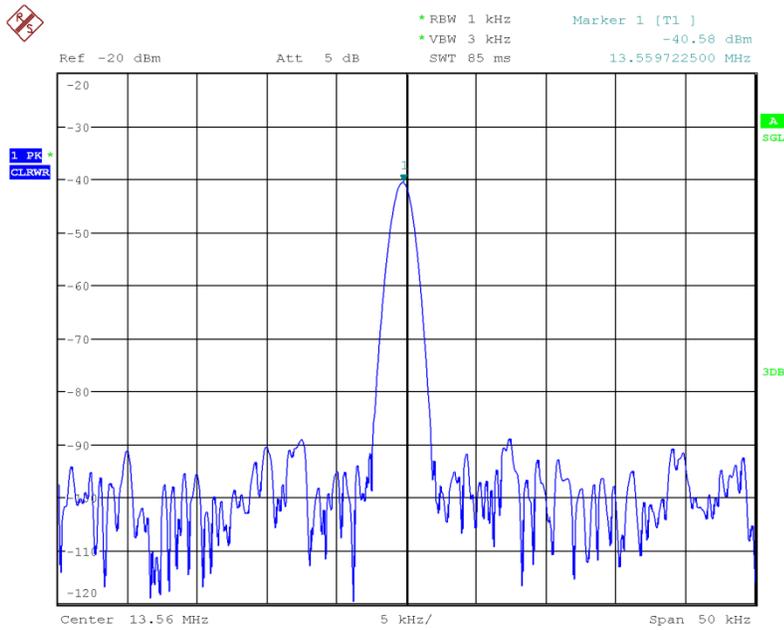
13.56 MHz at 30 °C



13.56 MHz at 40 °C

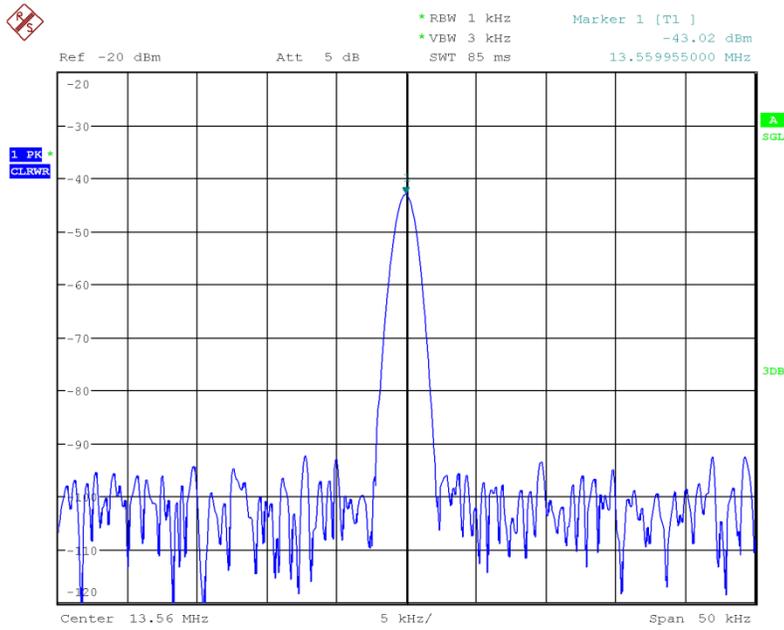


13.56 MHz at 50 °C

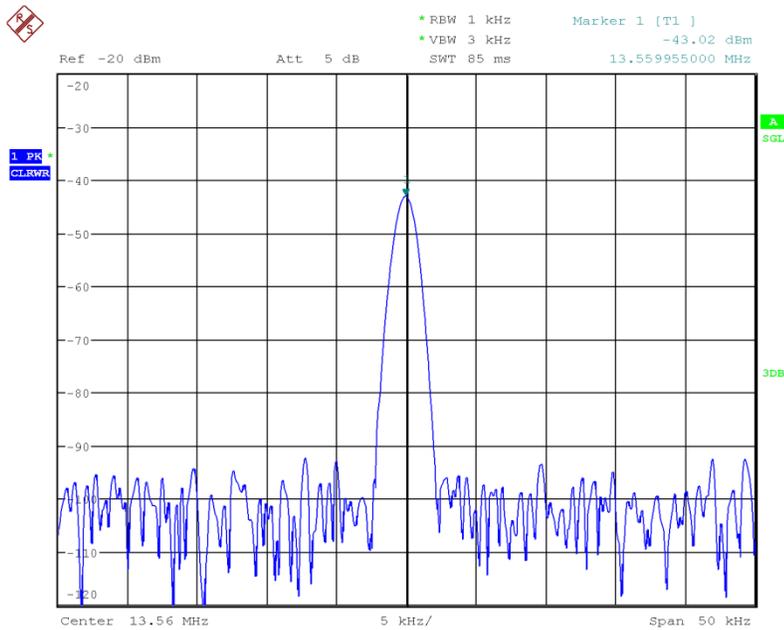


Normal Temperature (20 °C)

13.56 MHz at 13.6 V



13.56 MHz at 18.4 V



8 FCC §15.215 (c), ISED RSS-Gen §6.7 – Occupied Bandwidth

8.1 Applicable Standards and Procedures

As per FCC §15.215 Additional provisions to the general radiated emission limitations:

- c. Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. In the case of intentional radiators operating under the provisions of subpart E, the emission bandwidth may span across multiple contiguous frequency bands identified in that subpart. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

As per ISEDC RSS-GEN §6.7 Occupied bandwidth (or 99% emission bandwidth) and x dB bandwidth:

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

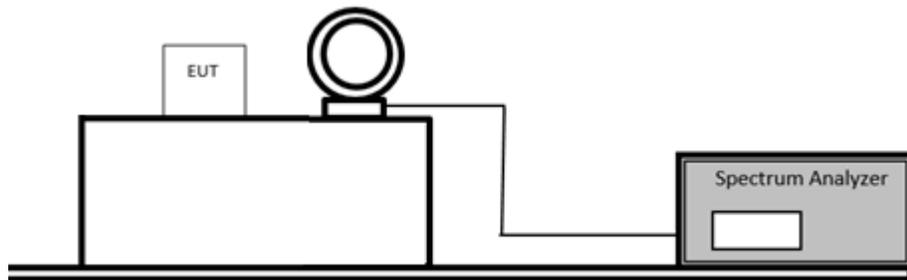
The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

8.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



8.3 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
655	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	200749	2023-06-06	1 year
393	Com-Power	Active Loop Antenna	AL-130	17043	2023-05-26	2 years
-	-	RF Cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".*

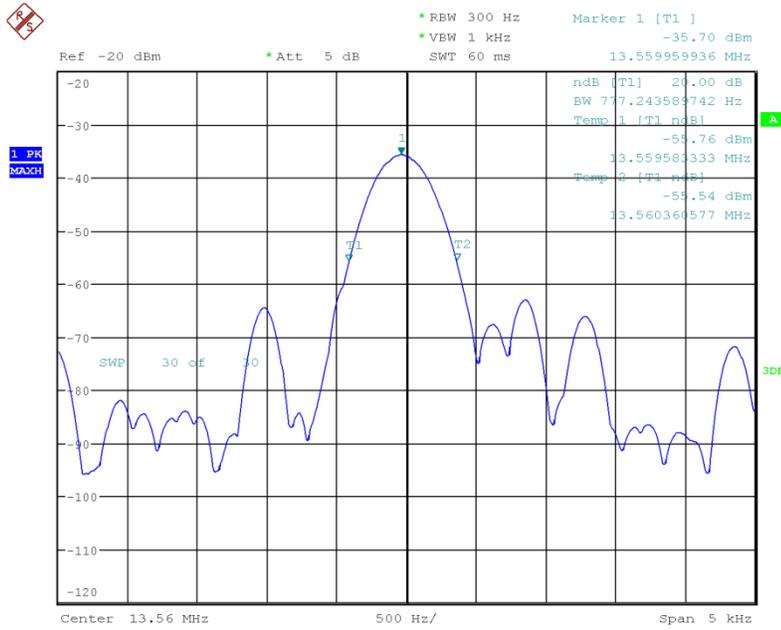
8.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20 °C
Relative Humidity:	56.6 to 63.6 %
ATM Pressure:	102.3 kPa

The testing was performed by Tao Jin on 2023-08-04 in the RF test site.

8.5 Test Results

20 dB Bandwidth: 777.244 Hz



9 Annex A (Normative) – Test Setup Photographs

Please refer to the attachment.

10 Annex B (Normative) – EUT External Photographs

Please refer to the attachment.

11 Annex C (Normative) – EUT Internal Photographs

Please refer to the attachment.

12 Annex D (Normative) – A2LA Electrical Testing Certificate



Accredited Laboratory

A2LA has accredited

BAY AREA COMPLIANCE LABORATORIES CORP.

Sunnyvale, CA

for technical competence in the field of

Electrical Testing

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories. This laboratory also meets A2LA R222 - Specific Requirements EPA ENERGY STAR Accreditation Program. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Presented this 21st day of December 2022.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Trace McInturf'.

Mr. Trace McInturf, Vice President, Accreditation Services
 For the Accreditation Council
 Certificate Number 3297.02
 Valid to September 30, 2024

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.

Please follow the web link below for a full ISO 17025 scope

<https://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf>

--- END OF REPORT ---