# FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C AND ANSI C63.10:2009 TEST REPORT

For

Mini Wireless Barcode Reader

**Model: MT1297** 

**Trade Name: Marson** 

**Issued for** 

Marson Technology Co., Ltd.

9F., No.108-3, Mincyuan Rd., Sindian Dist., New Taipei City 23141, Taiwan

#### Issued by

Compliance Certification Services Inc. Hsinchu Lab.

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# **Revision History**

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
00	12/05/2014	Initial Issue	All Page 81	Dola Hsieh

FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Report No.: T141103D07-RP1

TITLE PAGE NO. 1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION ......4 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES ......6 4. TEST METHODOLOGY ......8 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION......8 5.2 ACCREDITATIONS......8 5.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY ......9 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST......10 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS......11 7.1 DUTY CYCLE CORRECTION FACTOR.......11 7.3 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER ......19 7.5 HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION......23 7.6 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED ......29 7.8 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION ......47 7.9 RADIATED EMISSION......55 7.10 CONDUCTED EMISSION......74 APPENDIX SETUP PHOTOS ......79

# 1. TEST REPORT CERTIFICATION

**Applicant** : Marson Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : 9F., No.108-3, Mincyuan Rd., Sindian Dist., New Taipei City

23141, Taiwan

**Equipment Under Test:** Mini Wireless Barcode Reader

Model : MT1297

Trade Name : Marson

**Tested Date** : November 03 ~ December 03, 2014

APPLICABLE STANDARD		
Standard	Test Result	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C AND ANSI C63.10:2009	PASS	

WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: The above equipment has been tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc., and found compliance with the requirements set forth in the technical standards mentioned above. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product/system, which was tested. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Approved by:

Sb. Lu

Sr. Engineer

Reviewed by:

Gundam Lin Sr. Engineer

# 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product Name	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	
Model Number	MT1297	
Identify Number	T141103D07	
Received Date	November 03, 2014	
Frequency Range	2402MHz to 2480MHz $f = 2402 + nMHz$ , $n = 0,78$	
Transmit Power	2.83 dBm (0.0019W)	
Channel Spacing	1MHz	
Channel Number	79 Channels	
Transmit Data Rate	GFSK (1Mbps), π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps), 8-DPSK (3Mbps)	
Type of Modulation	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum	
Antenna Type	Chip Antenna , Antenna Gain : 2.66 dBi	
Power Rating	3.7Vdc,1100mAh (For Battery)	
Power Rating	5.0Vdc (For Charging)	
Test Voltage	120Vac, 60Hz	
DC Power Cable Type	Shielded micro cable, 1.5m × 1 (Detachable)	
I/O Port	Micro Port × 1	

#### Remark:

- 1. The sample selected for test was engineering sample that approximated to production product and was provided by manufacturer.
- 2. For more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.
- 3. This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297 filing to comply with Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

# 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (Mini Wireless Barcode Reader) had been tested under operating condition.

There are three channels have been tested as following:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	
Low	2402	
Middle	2441	
High	2480	

#### Conducted Emission / Radiated Emission Test (Below 1 GHz)

1. The following test modes were scanned during the preliminary test:

No.	Pre-Test Mode
1	TX Mode

2. After the preliminary scan, the following test mode was found to produce the highest emission level.

Final Test Mode		
Emission	Radiated Emission	TX Mode
LIIIISSIOII	Conducted Emission	TX Mode

**Remark :** Then, the above highest emission mode of the configuration of the EUT and cable was chosen for all final test items.

#### Radiated Emission Test (Above 1 GHz):

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Modulation Type	Packet Type
Low, Mid, High	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
Low, Mid, High	FHSS	8-DPSK	3-DH5

# **Bandedge Measurement:**

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Modulation Type	Packet Type
Low, High	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
Low, High	FHSS	8-DPSK	3-DH5

#### **Antenna Port Conducted Measurement:**

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Tested Channel	Modulation Technology	Modulation Type	Packet Type
Low, Mid, High	FHSS	GFSK	DH5
Low, Mid, High	FHSS	8-DPSK	3-DH5

**Remark:** The field strength of spurious emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position(Z axis), lie-down position(X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position(Y axis) and the worst case was recorded.

### 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10: 2009 and FCC CFR 47, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247.

# 5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

#### 5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

NO. 989-1 Wen Shan Rd., Shang Shan Village, Qionglin Shiang Hsinchu County 30741, Taiwan, R.O.C

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10:2009 and CISPR 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR 16-1-1, CISPR 16-1-2, CISPR 16-1-3, CISPR 16-1-4, CISPR 16-1-5.

#### 5.2 ACCREDITATIONS

Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Taiwan TAF

The measuring facility of laboratories has been authorized or registered by the following approval agencies.

Canada INDUSTRY CANADA

Japan VCCI

Taiwan BSMI

USA FCC MRA

Copies of granted accreditation certificates are available for downloading from our web site, http:///www.ccsrf.com

Remark: FCC Designation Number TW1027.

#### 5.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The following table is for the measurement uncertainty, which is calculated as per the document CISPR 16-4-2.

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Semi Anechoic Chamber (966 Chamber_B) / Radiated Emission, 30 to 1000 MHz	+/- 3.97
Semi Anechoic Chamber (966 Chamber_B) / Radiated Emission, 1 to 18GHz	+/- 3.58
Semi Anechoic Chamber (966 Chamber_B) / Radiated Emission, 18 to 26 GHz	+/- 3.59
Semi Anechoic Chamber (966 Chamber_B) / Radiated Emission, 26 to 40 GHz	+/- 3.81
Conducted Emission (Mains Terminals), 9kHz to 30MHz	+/- 2.48

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Consistent with industry standard (e.g. CISPR 22, clause 11, Measurement Uncertainty) determining compliance with the limits shall be base on the results of the compliance measurement. Consequently the measure emissions being less than the maximum allowed emission result in this be a compliant test or passing test.

The acceptable measurement uncertainty value without requiring revision of the compliance statement is base on conducted and radiated emissions being less than  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  which is 3.6dB and 5.2dB respectively. CCS values (called  $U_{\text{Lab}}$  in CISPR 16-4-2) is less than  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  as shown in the table above. Therefore, MU need not be considered for compliance.

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

# **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

No.	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
1	Notebook PC	DELL	INSPIRON 640m PP19L	CN-0MG532-70166- 71G-03EC

No.	Signal Cable Description
1	Non-shielded RJ-45 cable 12 m × 1
2	Shielded print cable 5 m × 1
3	Shielded USB cable 1.7 m × 1

# **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**

EUT & peripherals setup diagram is shown in appendix setup photos.

# **EUT OPERATING CONDITION**

- 1. EUT & peripherals setup diagram is shown in appendix setup photos.
- 2. Run "Blue Test3" Software to test
- 3. TX mode(GFSK)

Continue TX

LO Freq: 2402, 2441, 2480

Power set: 63 DataRate: DH5 TX mode (8-DPSK)

Continue TX

LO Freq: 2402, 2441, 2480

Power set: 105
DataRate: 3DH5

4. All of the functions are under run.

5. Start test.

# 7. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

# 7.1 DUTY CYCLE CORRECTION FACTOR

#### **LIMITS**

Limit: N/A

#### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360132	06/10/2015

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **TEST SETUP**



# **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Set center frequency of spectrum analyzer = operating frequency.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW=100kHz & 1MHz, Span = 0Hz.
- 3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

# **TEST RESULTS**

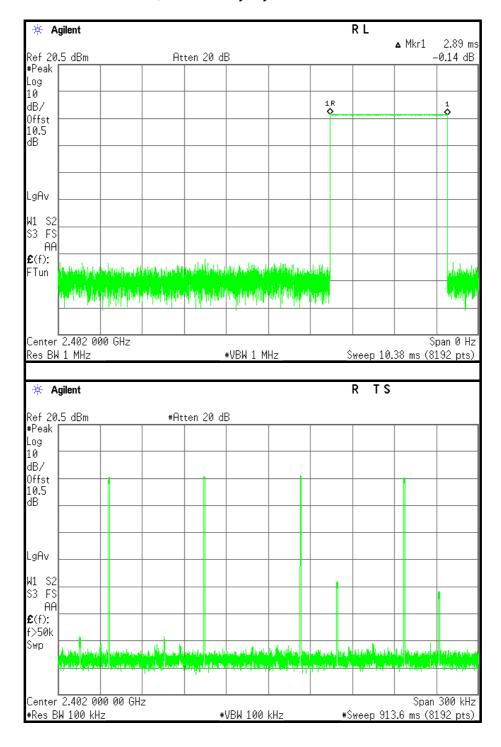
Tp = 100 (ms)

Ton = 2.89 (ms)

Duty Cycle Correction Factor = 20\* log (Ton / Tp)

 $= 20* \log (2.89/100) = -30.78$ 

Because -30.78 less than -20, so the Duty Cycle Correction Factor = -20



#### 7.2 20dB BANDWIDTH FOR HOPPING

#### **LIMITS**

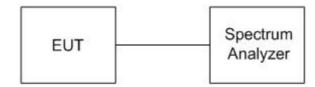
Limit: N/A

#### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360132	06/10/2015

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **TEST SETUP**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The 20dB band width was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector(conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer. Display Line and Marker Delta functions, the 20dB band width of the emission was determined.
- 2. Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
- 3. RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth.
- 4.  $VBW \ge RBW$ .
- 5. Sweep = auto.

# **TEST RESULTS**

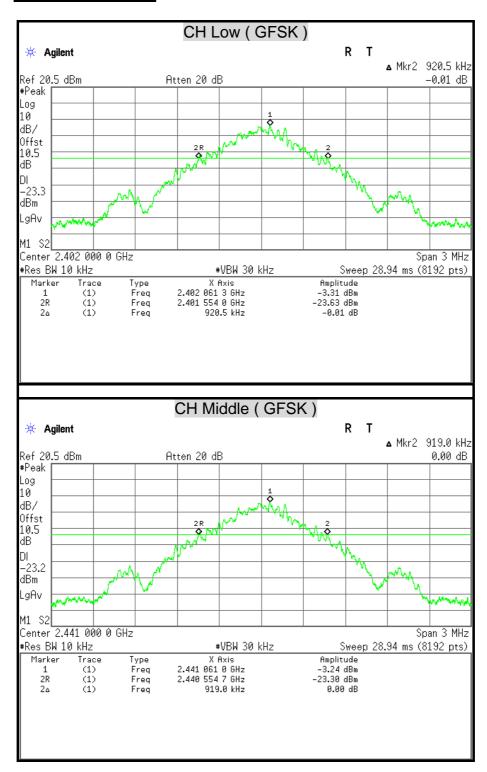
Modulation Type: GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type: 15 Packet Size: 339 (DH5)

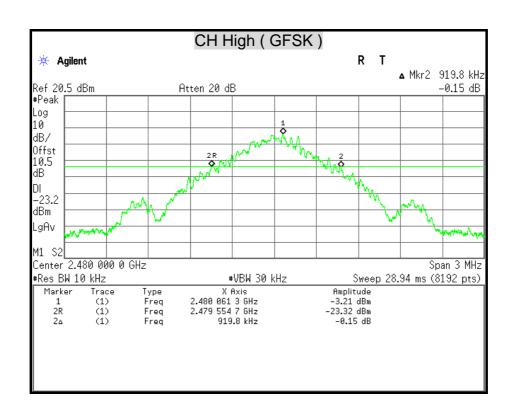
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
Low	2402	0.9205	N/A
Middle	2441	0.9190	N/A
High	2480	0.9198	N/A

Modulation Type: 8-DPSK, CFG PKT Packet Type: 31 Packet Size: 1021 (3-DH5)

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
Low	2402	1.3165	N/A
Middle	2441	1.3157	N/A
High	2480	1.3154	N/A

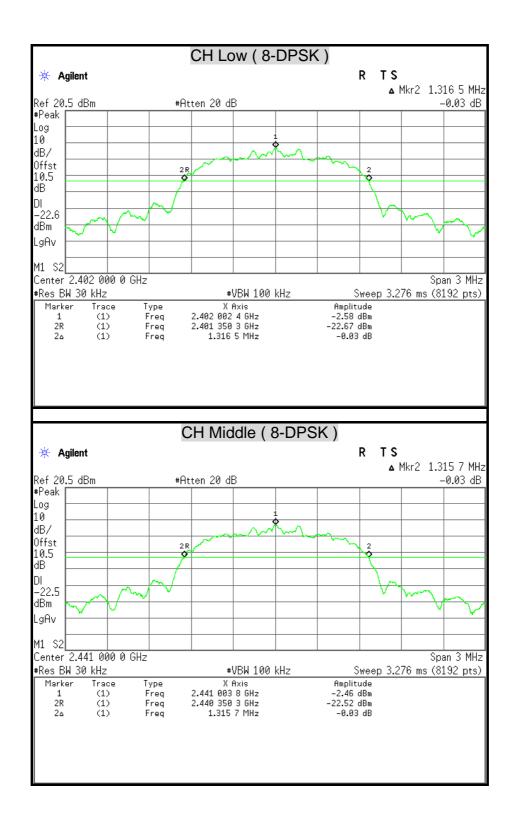
### **20dB BANDWIDTH**

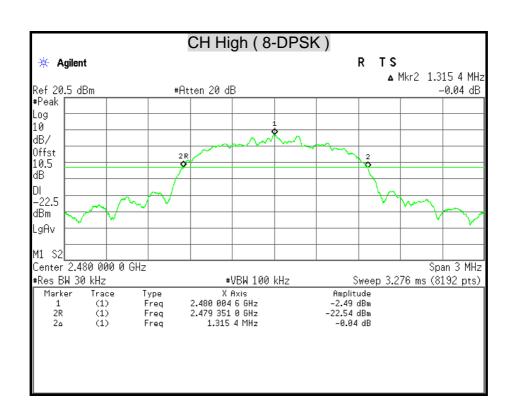




FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297

Report No.: T141103D07-RP1





#### 7.3 MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### **LIMITS**

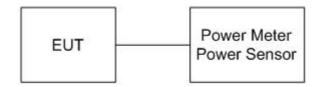
§15.247(b)(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

# TEST EQUIPMENT

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1149001	12/06/2014
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1126148	12/06/2014

**Remark:** Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **TEST SETUP**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the power meter. The power meter is set to the peak power detection.

# **TEST RESULTS**

Modulation Type: GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type: 15 Packet Size: 339 (DH5)

Channel	Channel Frequency	Peak l	Power	Peak Pov	wer Limit	Result
Chamer	(MHz)	(dBm)	(W)	(dBm)	(W)	Result
Low	2402	2.83	0.0019	20.97	0.125	PASS
Middle	2441	2.08	0.0016	20.97	0.125	PASS
High	2480	1.58	0.0014	20.97	0.125	PASS

**Remark:** The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 0.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Modulation Type: 8-DPSK .CFG PKT Packet Type: 31 Packet Size: 1021 (3-DH5)

Channel	Channel Frequency	Peak l	Power	Peak Pov	wer Limit	Result
Chamie	(MHz)	(dBm)	(W)	(dBm)	(W)	Nesuit
Low	2402	0.96	0.0012	20.97	0.125	PASS
Middle	2441	0.44	0.0011	20.97	0.125	PASS
High	2480	-0.41	0.0009	20.97	0.125	PASS

**Remark:** The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 0.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

# 7.4 AVERAGE POWER

#### **LIMITS**

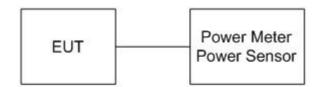
None; for reporting purposes only.

# **TEST EQUIPMENT**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Power Meter	ANRITSU	ML2495A	1149001	12/06/2014
Power Sensor	ANRITSU	MA2411B	1126148	12/06/2014

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

# **TEST SETUP**



# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the power meter. The power meter is set to the average power detection.

# **TEST RESULTS**

Modulation Type: GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type: 15 Packet Size: 339 (DH5)

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
Low	2402	0.70
Middle	2441	-0.85
High	2480	-2.09

**Remark:** The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 0.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

Modulation Type: 8-DPSK ,CFG PKT Packet Type: 31 Packet Size: 1021 (3-DH5)

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
Low	2402	-4.21
Middle	2441	-5.79
High	2480	-6.70

**Remark:** The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 0.5 dB cable) was Entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

### 7.5 HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

#### **LIMITS**

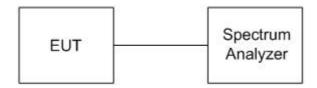
§15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360132	06/10/2015

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **TEST SETUP**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
- 3. By using the MaxHold function record the separation of adjacent channels.
- 4. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer MARK function. And then plot the result on spectrum analyzer screen.
- 5. Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- 6. Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span.
- 7. Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW.
- 8. Sweep = auto.
- 9. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

# **TEST RESULTS**

Refer to section 7.2, 20dB bandwidth measurement, the measured channel separation should be greater than two-third of 20dB bandwidth or Minimum bandwidth.

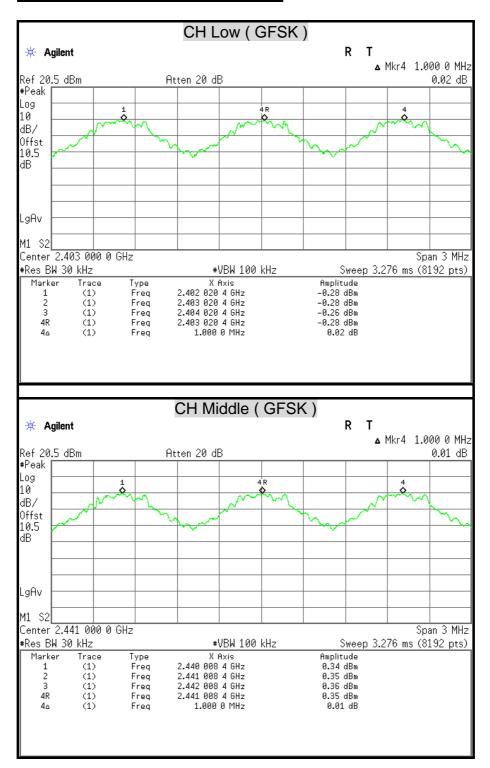
Modulation Type: GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type: 15 Packet Size: 339 (DH5)

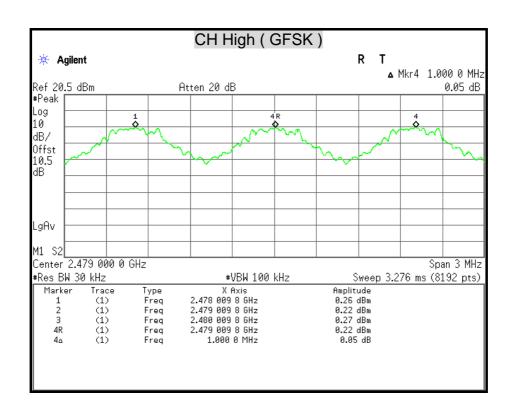
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (kHz)	Two –third of 20dB bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Bandwidth	Result
Low	2402	1000	613.67	25 kHz	PASS
Middle	2441	1000	612.67	25 kHz	PASS
High	2480	1000	613.20	25 kHz	PASS

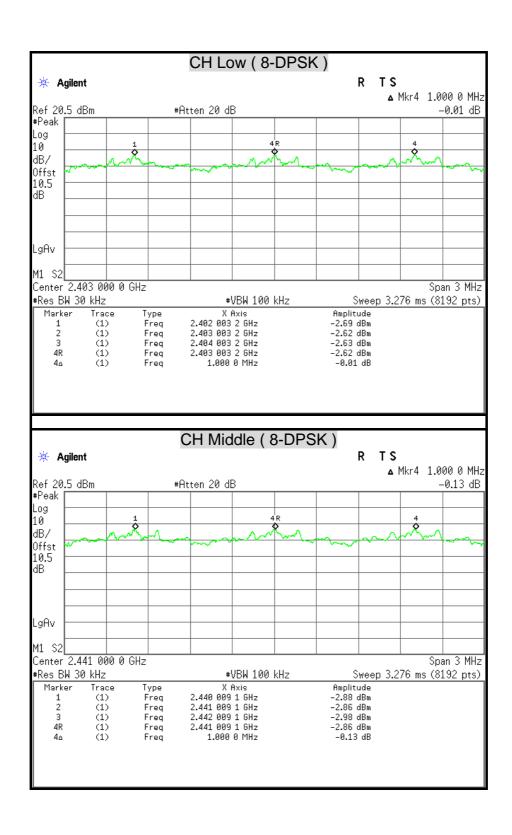
Modulation Type: 8-DPSK, CFG PKT Packet Type: 31 Packet Size: 1021 (3-DH5)

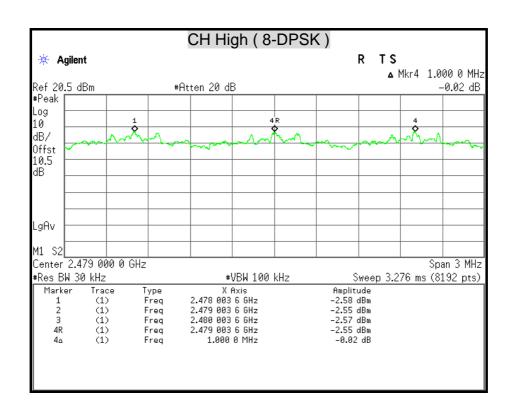
Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (kHz)	Two -third of 20dB bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum Bandwidth	Result
Low	2402	1000	877.67	25 kHz	PASS
Middle	2441	1000	877.13	25 kHz	PASS
High	2480	1000	876.93	25 kHz	PASS

### **HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION**









### 7.6 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED

#### **LIMITS**

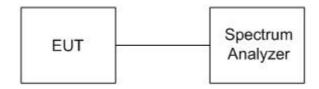
§15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

#### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360132	06/10/2015	

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **TEST SETUP**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

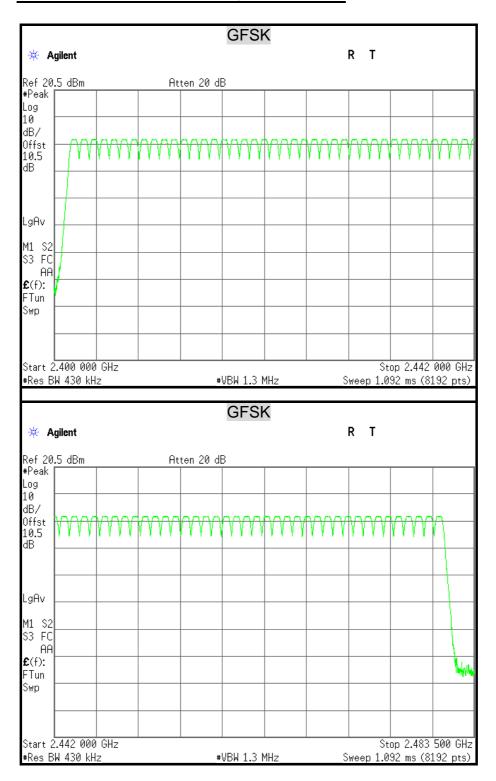
- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (spectrum analyzer) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer on MaxHold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer on View mode and then plot the result on spectrum analyzer screen.
- 5. Span = the frequency band of operation.
- 6. RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span.
- 7.  $VBW \ge RBW$ .
- 8. Sweep = auto.
- 9. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

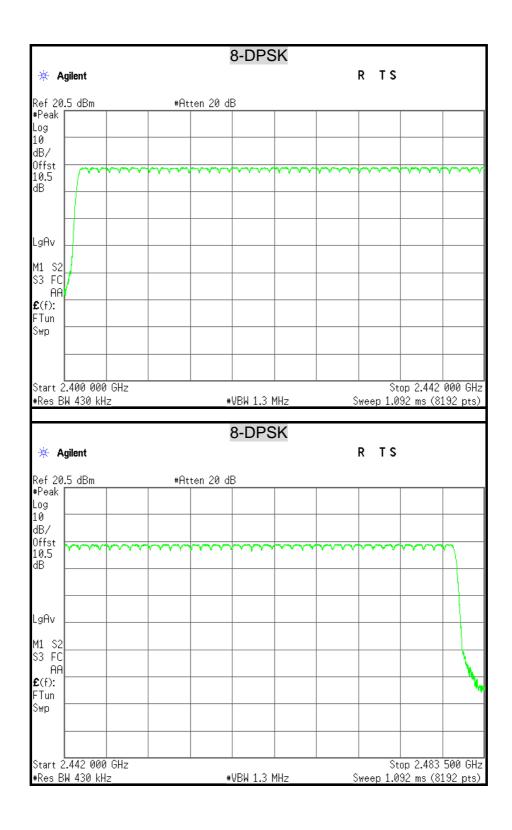
# **TEST RESULTS**

Refer to the attached plot.

There are 79 hopping frequencies in a hopping sequence.

# **NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED**





#### 7.7 DWELL TIME ON EACH CHANNEL

#### **LIMITS**

§15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

#### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360132	06/10/2015	

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

#### **TEST SETUP**



#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

- Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Adjust the center frequency of spectrum analyzer on any frequency be measured and set spectrum analyzer to zero span mode.
- 4. RBW = 1 MHz.
- 5. VBW ≥ RBW.
- 6. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel.
- 7. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- 8. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.
- 9. The EUT has 3 type of payload, DH1, DH3, DH5. The hopping rate is 1600 per second. The longer the payload is, the slower the hopping rate is.

# **TEST RESULTS**

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6sec = time domain slot length  $\times$  hop rate  $\div$  number of hop per channel  $\times$  31.6

Refer to the attached graph.

The hopping rates of Bluetooth devices change with different types of payload. The longer the payload is, the slower the hopping rate. The hopping rate scenario is defined in Bluetooth core specification.

Modulation Type: GFSK

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Packet type	Dwell time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6sec (ms)	Limit for Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6sec (ms)	Results
Low	2402	DH1	0.385	123.20	400	PASS
	2402	DH3	1.640	262.40	400	PASS
	2402	DH5	2.890	308.27	400	PASS
Middle	2441	DH1	0.385	123.20	400	PASS
	2441	DH3	1.640	262.40	400	PASS
	2441	DH5	2.890	308.27	400	PASS
High	2480	DH1	0.385	123.20	400	PASS
	2480	DH3	1.640	262.40	400	PASS
	2480	DH5	2.890	308.27	400	PASS

#### Remark:

Ch Low

DH1:  $0.385 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 2) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 123.20 \text{ (ms)}$ 

DH3:  $1.640 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 4) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ (ms)}$ 

DH5:  $2.890 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 6) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$ 

Ch Middle

DH1:  $0.385 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 2) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 123.20 \text{ (ms)}$ 

DH3:  $1.640 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 4) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ (ms)}$ 

DH5: 2.890 ms  $\times$  ( 1600÷6 ) ÷ 79  $\times$  31.6 = 308.27 (ms)

Ch High

DH1:  $0.385 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 2) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 123.20 \text{ (ms)}$ 

DH3:  $1.640 \text{ ms } \times (1600 \div 4) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ (ms)}$ 

DH5 :  $2.890 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 6) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$ 

Modulation Type: 8-DPSK

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Packet type	Dwell time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6sec (ms)	Limit for Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6sec (ms)	Results
Low	2402	DH1	0.385	123.20	400	PASS
	2402	DH3	1.640	262.40	400	PASS
	2402	DH5	2.890	308.27	400	PASS
Middle	2441	DH1	0.385	123.20	400	PASS
	2441	DH3	1.640	262.40	400	PASS
	2441	DH5	2.890	308.27	400	PASS
High	2480	DH1	0.385	123.20	400	PASS
	2480	DH3	1.640	262.40	400	PASS
	2480	DH5	2.890	308.27	400	PASS

#### Remark:

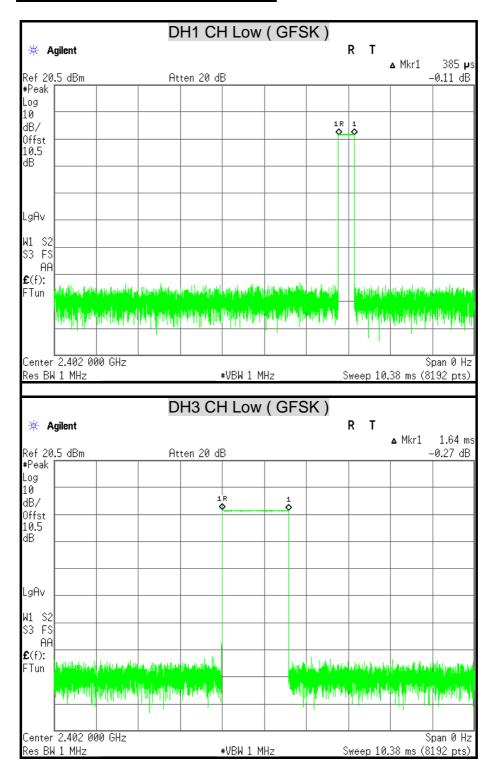
Ch Low

DH1 :  $0.385 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 2) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 123.20 \text{ (ms)}$ DH3 :  $1.640 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 4) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ (ms)}$ DH5 :  $2.890 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 6) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$ Ch Middle

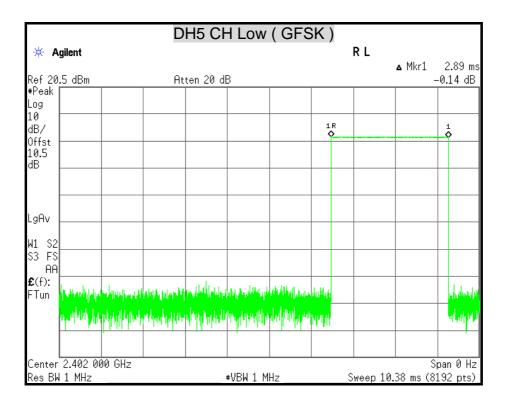
DH1:  $0.385 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 2) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 123.20 \text{ (ms)}$ DH3:  $1.640 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 4) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ (ms)}$ DH5:  $2.890 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 6) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$ Ch High

DH1:  $0.385 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 2) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 123.20 \text{ (ms)}$ DH3:  $1.640 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 4) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ (ms)}$ DH5:  $2.890 \text{ ms} \times (1600 \div 6) \div 79 \times 31.6 = 308.27 \text{ (ms)}$ 

### **DWELL TIME ON EACH PAYLOAD**



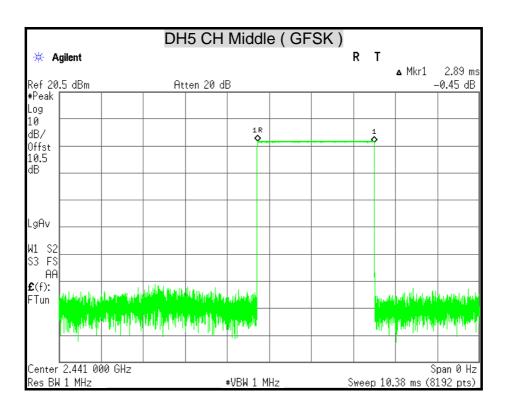
Report No.: T141103D07-RP1

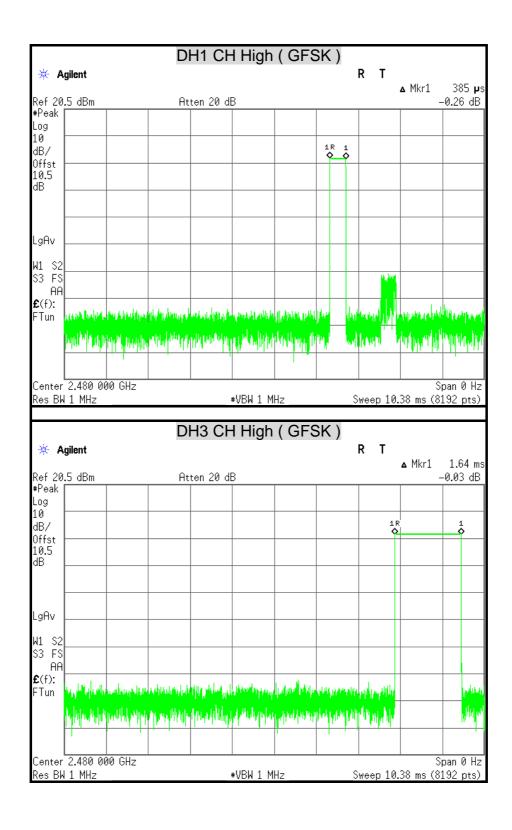


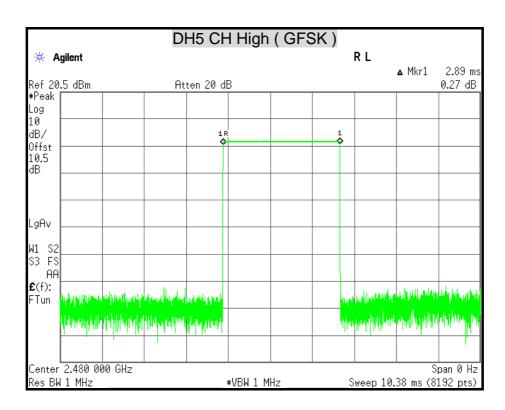
FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297

Report No.: T141103D07-RP1

DH1 CH Middle (GFSK) R T \* Agilent 385 **µ**s Δ Mkr1 Ref 20.5 dBm Atten 20 dB -0.66 dB Log 10 dB/ Offst ĭ0.5 ₫B LgAv W1 S2 S3 FS AA **£**(f): FTun Span 0 Hz Center 2.441 000 GHz Sweep 10.38 ms (8192 pts) Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 1 MHz DH3 CH Middle ( GFSK ) 🔅 Agilent R L ▲ Mkr1 1.64 ms Ref 20.5 dBm Atten 20 dB -0.21 dB #Peak Log 10 dB/ Offst 10.5 dΒ LgAv S3 FS AΑ **£**(f): FTun Center 2.441 000 GHz Span 0 Hz Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 1 MHz Sweep 10.38 ms (8192 pts)

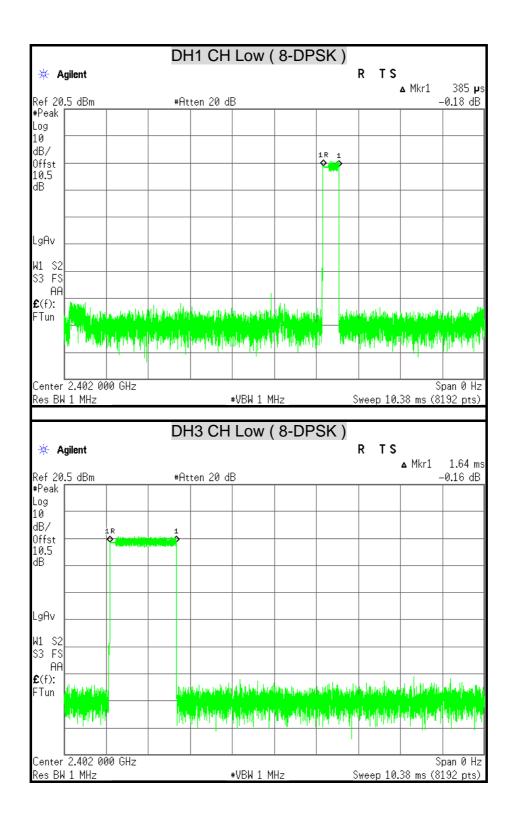


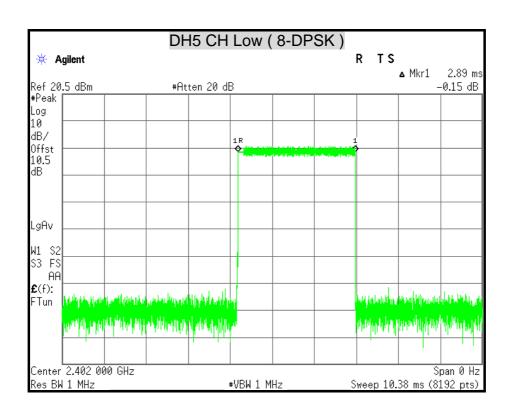




FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297

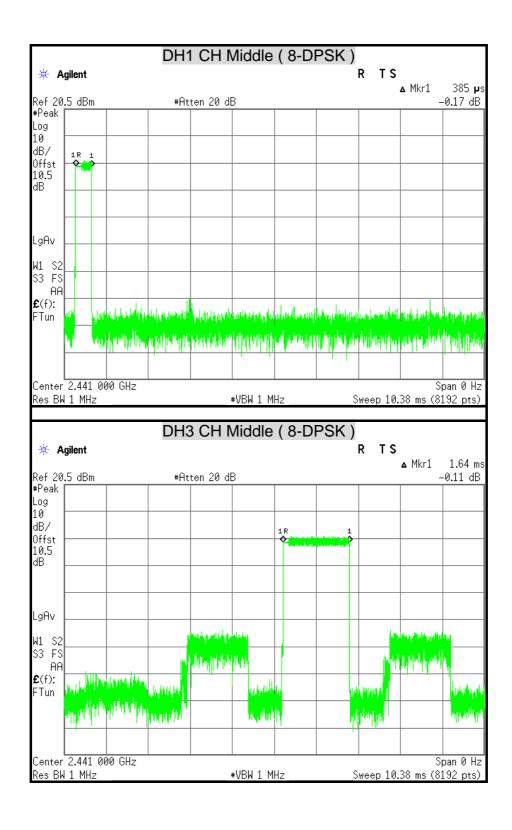
Report No.: T141103D07-RP1

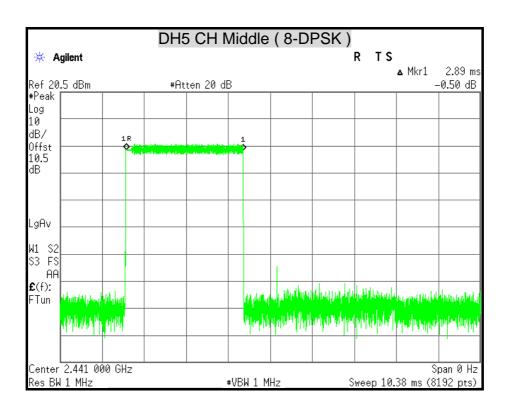


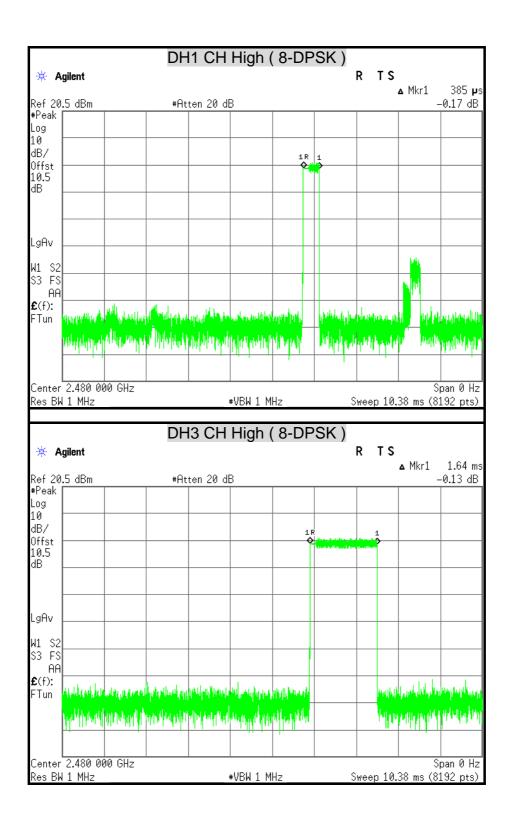


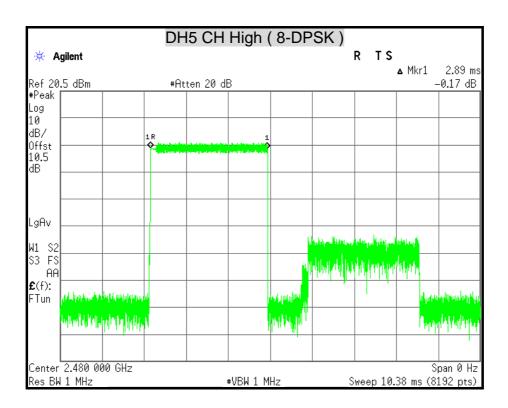
FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297

Report No.: T141103D07-RP1









## 7.8 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

### **LIMITS**

§ 15.247(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the and that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360132	06/10/2015

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

## **TEST SETUP**



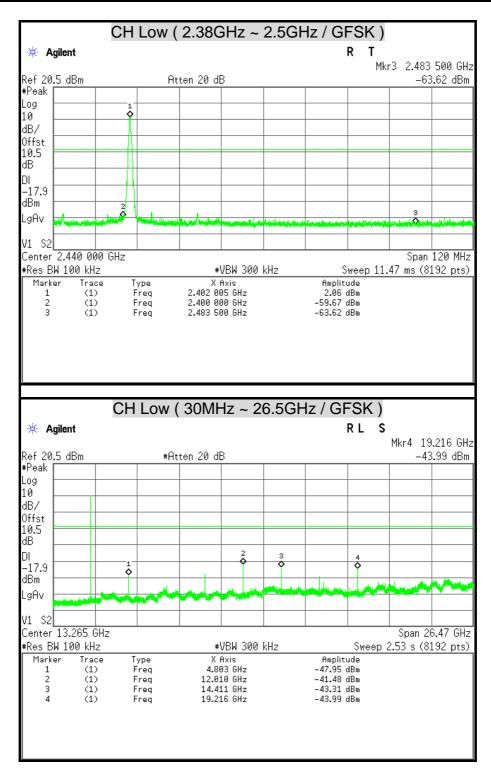
## **TEST PROCEDURE**

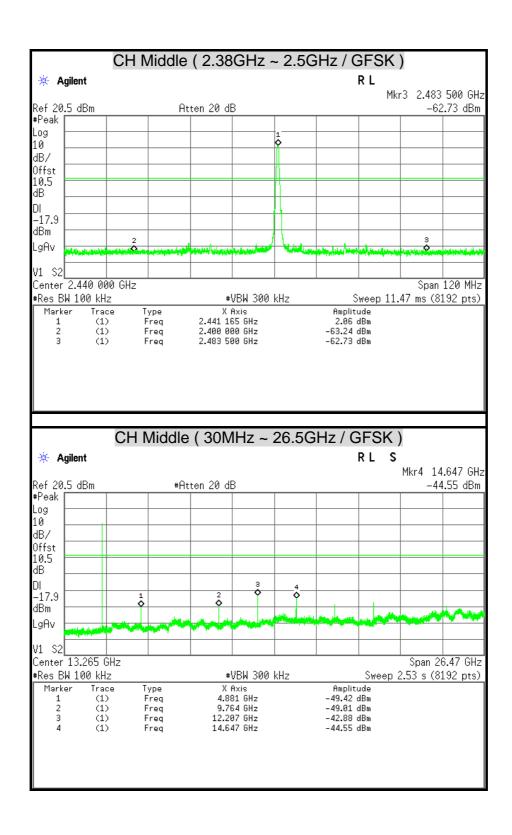
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

## **TEST RESULTS**

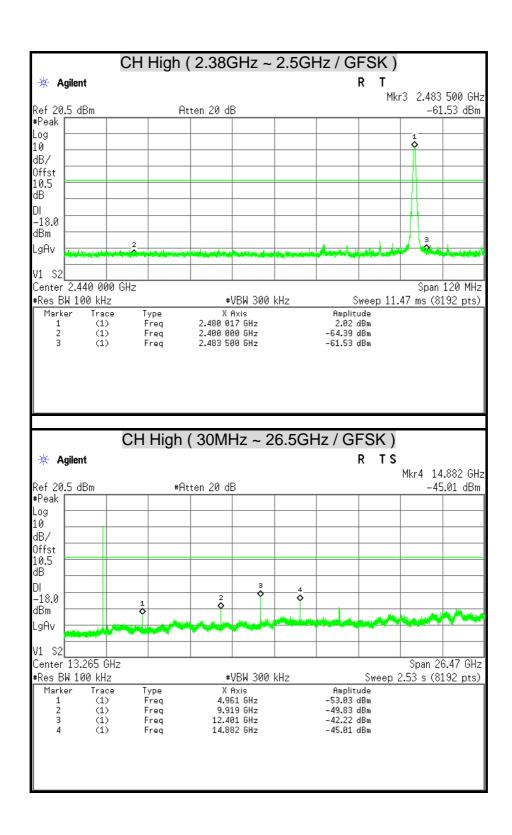
## **OUT-OF-BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS-CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT**

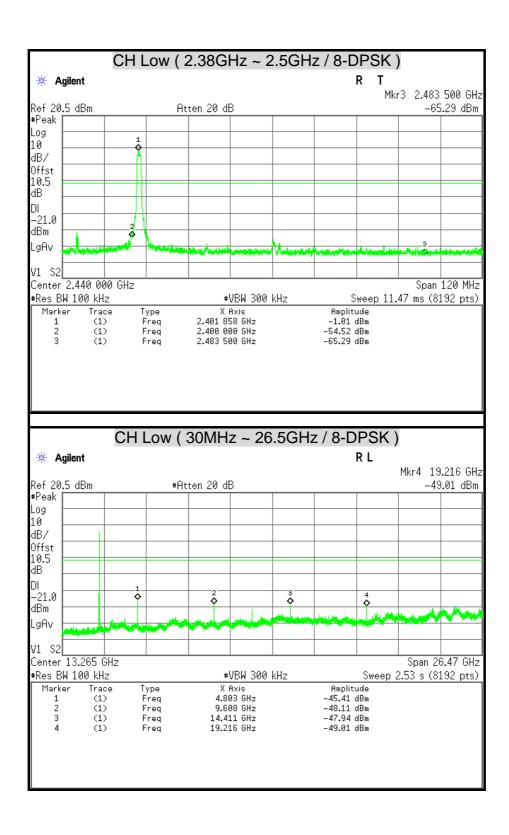




FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297

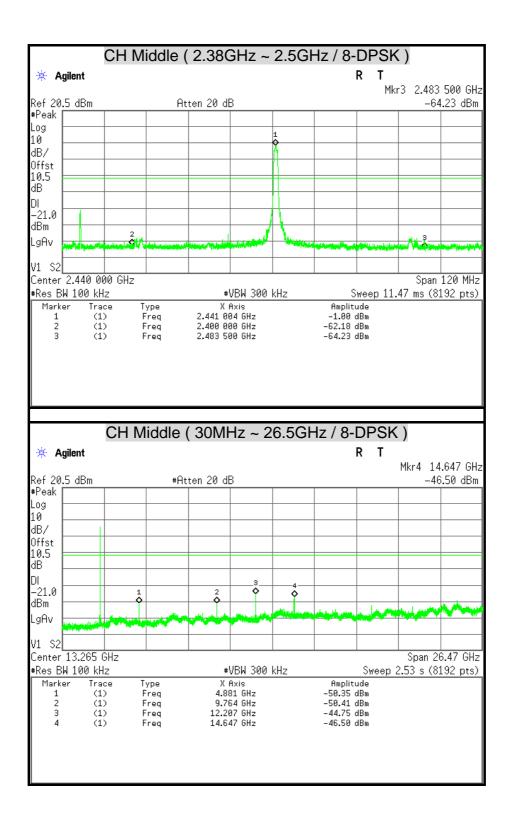
Report No.: T141103D07-RP1

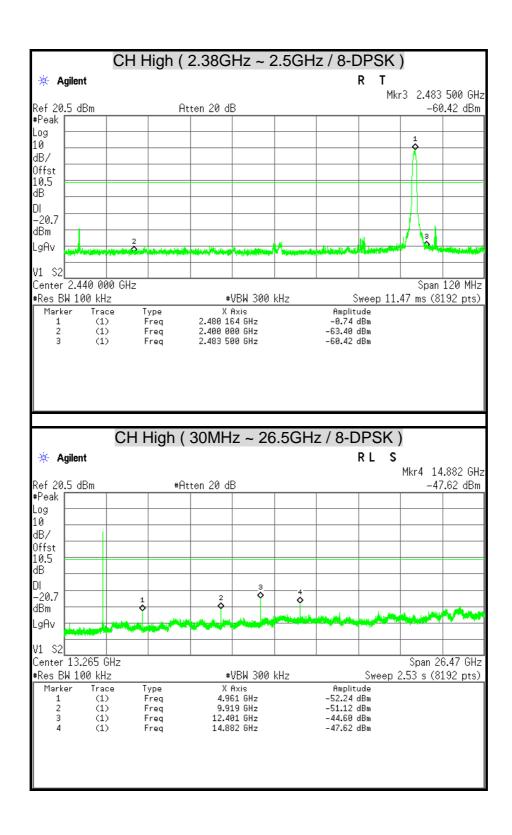




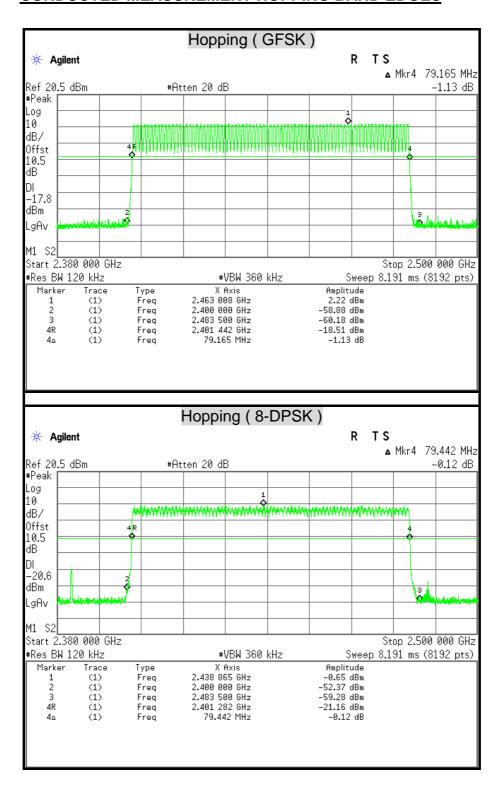
FCC ID: IRJ-MT1297

Report No.: T141103D07-RP1





# **CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT HOPPING BAND EDGES**



### 7.9 RADIATED EMISSION

## **LIMITS**

(1) According to § 15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 -1710	10.6 -12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 -121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 -13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 -16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3338	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 -335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

#### Remark:

(2) According to § 15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown is Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>1. 1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

<sup>2. &</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

(3) According to § 15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

**Remark:** \*\*Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

(4) According to § 15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

### Radiated Emission / 966Chamber\_B

Name of Equipment	Manufacture	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY46180323	04/15/2015
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESCS 30	835418/008	10/14/2015
Bi-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-250	08/21/2015
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-778	08/19/2015
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	00078733	12/05/2014
Horn Antenna	COM-POWER	AH-840	03077	12/18/2014
Pre-Amplifier	Agilent	8447D	2944A10052	07/15/2015
Pre-Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01916	07/15/2015
LOOP Antenna	EMCO	6502	8905-2356	09/23/2015
Notch Filters Band Reject	Micro-Tronics	BRM05702-01	026	N.C.R

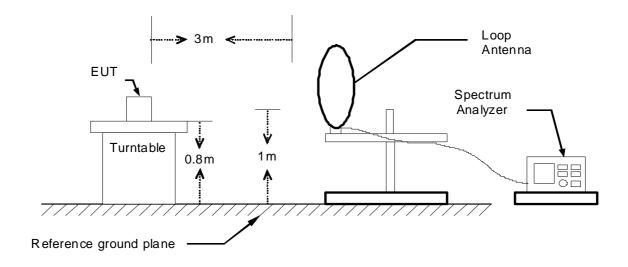
**Remark:** 1. Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

2. N.C.R = No Calibration Request.

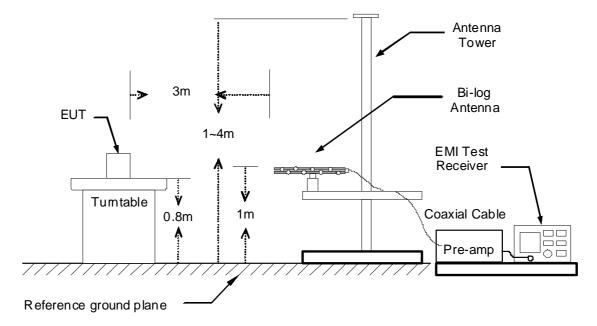
# **TEST SETUP**

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission below 1GHz.

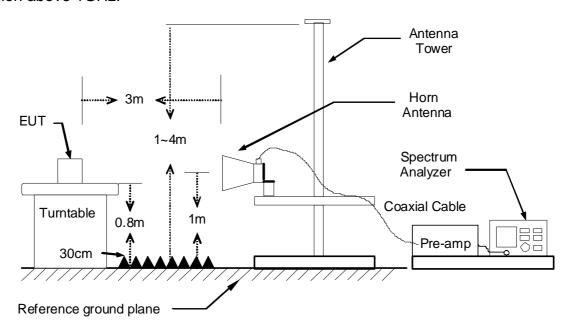
9kHz ~ 30MHz



### 30MHz ~ 1GHz



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission above 1GHz.



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. While measuring the radiated emission below 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. While measuring the radiated emission above 1GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarization of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

#### Remark:

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.

# **TEST RESULTS**

## Below 1 GHz (9kHz ~ 30MHz)

No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz.

## Below 1 GHz (30MHz ~ 1GHz)

<b>Product Name</b>	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Rex Chiu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/11/28
Test Mode	TX Mode	Temp. & Humidity	26°C, 45%

	966 Chamber_B at 3Meter / Horizontal											
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark						
74.62	50.79	-17.06	33.73	40.00	-6.27	Peak						
136.70	52.45	-13.98	38.47	43.50	-5.03	Peak						
250.19	51.68	-13.33	38.36	46.00	-7.64	Peak						
282.20	49.69	-11.87	37.82	46.00	-8.18	Peak						
600.36	44.35	-5.82	38.53	46.00	-7.47	Peak						
797.27	41.13	-2.73	38.40	46.00	-7.60	Peak						
		966 Chamb	er_B at 3Met	ter / Vertical								
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark						
56.19	47.40	-13.88	33.52	40.00	-6.48	QP						
75.59	54.85	-17.28	37.57	40.00	-2.43	QP						
99.84	55.98	-18.30	37.68	43.50	-5.82	Peak						
144.46	53.49	-13.50	39.99	43.50	-3.51	Peak						
187.14	52.67	-14.79	37.88	43.50	-5.62	Peak						
797.27	38.40	-2.73	35.66	46.00	-10.34	Peak						

#### Remark:

- 1. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit.
- 2. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 3. Correction Factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) PreAmp.Gain (dB)
- 4. Result (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Correction Factor (dB/m)
- 5. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) Quasi-peak limit (dBuV/m).

### **Above 1 GHz**

Product Name	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Rex Chiu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/11/28
Test Mode	GFSK TX / CH Low	Temp. & Humidity	26°C, 54%

	966 Chamber_B at 3Meter / Horizontal											
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark		
1330.00	49.61		-2.03		47.58		74.00	54.00	-6.42	Peak		
1866.00	48.40		1.39		49.79		74.00	54.00	-4.21	Peak		
2126.00	43.82		2.88		46.70		74.00	54.00	-7.30	Peak		
3405.00	41.76		5.47		47.23		74.00	54.00	-6.77	Peak		
*4800.00	52.19		8.71	-20.00	60.90	40.90	74.00	54.00	-13.10	AVG		
6240.00	38.94		12.66		51.60		74.00	54.00	-2.40	Peak		
	966 Chamber_B at 3Meter / Vertical											
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark		

Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)		Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1328.00	49.41		-2.03		47.38		74.00	54.00	-6.62	Peak
1860.00	49.16		1.33		50.49		74.00	54.00	-3.51	Peak
2128.00	45.72		2.88		48.60		74.00	54.00	-5.40	Peak
3375.00	42.14		5.42		47.56		74.00	54.00	-6.44	Peak
*4800.00	54.28		8.71	-20.00	62.99	42.99	74.00	54.00	-11.01	AVG
6240.00	38.73		12.66		51.39		74.00	54.00	-2.61	Peak

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Result = Reading + Correction Factor

Margin = Result - Limit

Remark Peak = Result(PK) - Limit(AV)

 $Remark\ AVG = Result(AV) - Limit(AV)$ 

-19.27

-1.93

-1.61

54.00

54.00

54.00

**AVG** 

Peak

Peak

Product Name	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Rex Chiu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/11/28
Test Mode	GFSK TX / CH Middle	Temp. & Humidity	26°C, 54%

	966 Chamber_B at 3Meter / Horizontal												
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark			
1328.00	51.54		-2.03		49.51		74.00	54.00	-4.49	Peak			
1864.00	48.33		1.37		49.70		74.00	54.00	-4.30	Peak			
2374.00	43.86		3.36		47.22		74.00	54.00	-6.78	Peak			
3285.00	43.01		5.27		48.28		74.00	54.00	-5.72	Peak			
*4875.00	44.10		8.67	-20.00	52.77	32.77	74.00	54.00	-21.23	AVG			
6390.00	38.26		12.60		50.86		74.00	54.00	-3.14	Peak			
			966 Ch	amber_E	3 at 3Me	ter / Vert	tical						
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)		Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark			
1330.00	50.18		-2.03		48.15		74.00	54.00	-5.85	Peak			
1860.00	49.98		1.33		51.31		74.00	54.00	-2.69	Peak			
2492.00	44.75		3.59		48.34		74.00	54.00	-5.66	Peak			

#### Remark:

\*4875.00

6150.00

6840.00

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.

-20.00

2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.

8.67

12.70

13.58

3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

54.73

52.07

52.39

34.73

74.00

74.00

74.00

- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Result = Reading + Correction Factor

Margin = Result - Limit

46.06

39.37

38.81

Remark Peak = Result(PK) - Limit(AV)

Remark AVG = Result(AV) – Limit(AV)

<b>Product Name</b>	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Rex Chiu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/11/28
Test Mode	GFSK TX / CH High	Temp. & Humidity	26°C, 54%

	966 Chamber_B at 3Meter / Horizontal									
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1328.00	49.96		-2.03		47.93		74.00	54.00	-6.07	Peak
1862.00	47.76		1.35		49.11		74.00	54.00	-4.89	Peak
2552.00	43.56		3.73		47.29		74.00	54.00	-6.71	Peak
3240.00	42.85		5.19		48.04		74.00	54.00	-5.96	Peak
*4965.00	45.53		8.63	-20.00	54.16	34.16	74.00	54.00	-19.84	AVG
6420.00	39.36		12.59		51.95		74.00	54.00	-2.05	Peak
			966 Ch	amber_E	3 at 3Me	ter / Ver	tical			

	966 Chamber_B at 3Meter / Vertical									
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)		Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1330.00	49.62		-2.03		47.59		74.00	54.00	-6.41	Peak
1860.00	51.00		1.33		52.33		74.00	54.00	-1.67	Peak
2132.00	44.63		2.89		47.52		74.00	54.00	-6.48	Peak
3855.00	42.13		6.14		48.27		74.00	54.00	-5.73	Peak
*4965.00	46.83		8.63	-20.00	55.46	35.46	74.00	54.00	-18.54	AVG
6375.00	39.01		12.61		51.62		74.00	54.00	-2.38	Peak

#### Remark:

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- 3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Result = Reading + Correction Factor

Margin = Result - Limit

 $Remark\ Peak = Result(PK) - Limit(AV)$ 

 $Remark\ AVG = Result(AV) - Limit(AV)$ 

Product Name	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Rex Chiu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/11/28
Test Mode	8-DPSK TX / CH Low	Temp. & Humidity	26°C, 54%

		9	966 Chai	mber_B	at 3Mete	er / Horiz	ontal			
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1328.00	49.97		-2.03		47.94		74.00	54.00	-6.06	Peak
1866.00	47.83		1.39		49.22		74.00	54.00	-4.78	Peak
2720.00	43.57		4.13		47.70		74.00	54.00	-6.30	Peak
3240.00	42.30		5.19		47.49		74.00	54.00	-6.51	Peak
*4800.00	52.02		8.71	-20.00	60.73	40.73	74.00	54.00	-13.27	AVG
6360.00	39.67		12.61		52.28		74.00	54.00	-1.72	Peak
			966 Ch	amber_E	3 at 3Me	ter / Vert	tical	·		·
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1336.00	52.24		-2.03		50.21		74.00	54.00	-3.79	Peak
1862.00	50.38		1.35		51.73		74.00	54.00	-2.27	Peak
2498.00	44.64		3.61		48.25		74.00	54.00	-5.75	Peak
3225.00	42.16		5.17		47.33		74.00	54.00	-6.67	Peak

#### Remark:

\*4800.00

6285.00

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.

-20.00

2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.

8.71

12.64

3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

62.93

51.61

42.93

74.00

74.00

54.00

54.00

-11.07

-2.39

AVG

Peak

- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Result = Reading + Correction Factor

Margin = Result - Limit

54.22

38.97

 $Remark\ Peak = Result(PK) - Limit(AV)$ 

Remark AVG = Result(AV) – Limit(AV)

<b>Product Name</b>	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Rex Chiu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/11/28
Test Mode	8-DPSK TX / CH Middle	Temp. & Humidity	26°C, 54%

	966 Chamber_B at 3Meter / Horizontal									
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1332.00	49.76		-2.03		47.73		74.00	54.00	-6.27	Peak
1860.00	47.46		1.33		48.79		74.00	54.00	-5.21	Peak
2784.00	43.71		4.28		47.99		74.00	54.00	-6.01	Peak
3225.00	42.82		5.17		47.99		74.00	54.00	-6.01	Peak
*4875.00	44.22		8.67	-20.00	52.89	32.89	74.00	54.00	-21.11	AVG
6390.00	39.08		12.60		51.68		74.00	54.00	-2.32	Peak
			966 Ch	amber_E	3 at 3Me	ter / Ver	tical			
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1332.00	50.76		-2.03		48.73		74.00	54.00	-5.27	Peak
1862.00	49.42		1.35		50.77		74.00	54.00	-3.23	Peak
2492.00	44.95		3.59		48.54		74.00	54.00	-5.46	Peak
3135.00	42.12		5.02		47.14		74.00	54.00	-6.86	Peak

#### Remark:

4545.00

6210.00

- 1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.

8.83

12.68

3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

48.71

51.40

74.00

74.00

54.00

54.00

-5.29

-2.60

Peak

Peak

- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with "N/A" remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Result = Reading + Correction Factor

Margin = Result - Limit

39.88

38.72

 $Remark\ Peak = Result(PK) - Limit(AV)$ 

Remark AVG = Result(AV) – Limit(AV)

Product Name	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Rex Chiu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/11/28
Test Mode	8-DPSK TX / CH High	Temp. & Humidity	26°C, 54%

		9	966 Chai	mber_B	at 3Mete	er / Horiz	ontal			
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1330.00	50.03		-2.03		48.00		74.00	54.00	-6.00	Peak
1862.00	48.10		1.35		49.45		74.00	54.00	-4.55	Peak
2294.00	43.49		3.21		46.70		74.00	54.00	-7.30	Peak
3210.00	42.16		5.14		47.30		74.00	54.00	-6.70	Peak
*4965.00	44.67		8.63	-20.00	53.30	33.30	74.00	54.00	-20.70	AVG
6300.00	39.07		12.64		51.71		74.00	54.00	-2.29	Peak
			966 Ch	amber_E	3 at 3Me	ter / Ver	tical			
Frequency (MHz)	Reading- PK (dBuV)	Reading- AV (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)	Result-PK (dBuV/m)	Result-AV (dBuV/m)	Limit-PK (dBuV/m)	Limit-AV (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1332.00	49.33		-2.03		47.30		74.00	54.00	-6.70	Peak
1864.00	49.76		1.37		51.13		74.00	54.00	-2.87	Peak
2152.00	45.00		2.93		47.93		74.00	54.00	-6.07	Peak

### Remark:

3300.00

\*4965.00

6345.00

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.

-20.00

2. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.

5.29

8.63

12.62

3. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

47.20

49.18

51.78

29.18

74.00

74.00

74.00

54.00

54.00

54.00

-6.80

-24.82

-2.22

Peak

AVG

Peak

- 4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- 5. Result = Reading + Correction Factor

Margin = Result - Limit

41.91

40.55

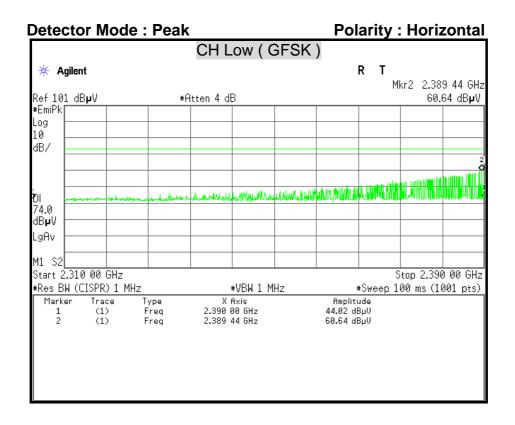
39.16

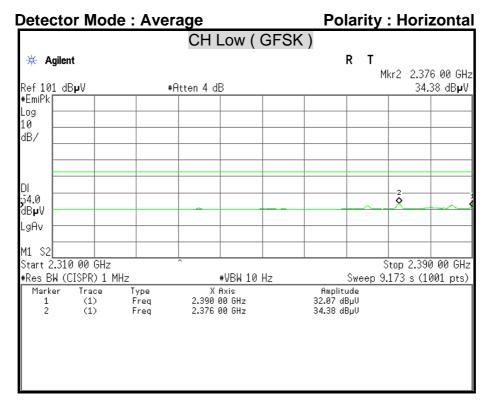
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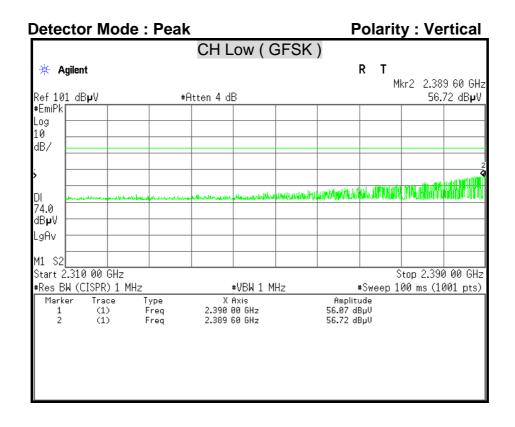
Remark Peak = Result(PK) - Limit(AV)

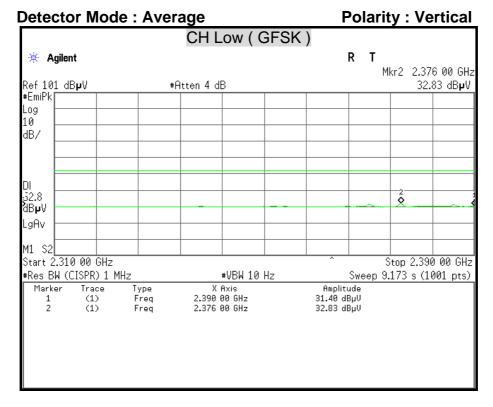
Remark AVG = Result(AV) – Limit(AV)

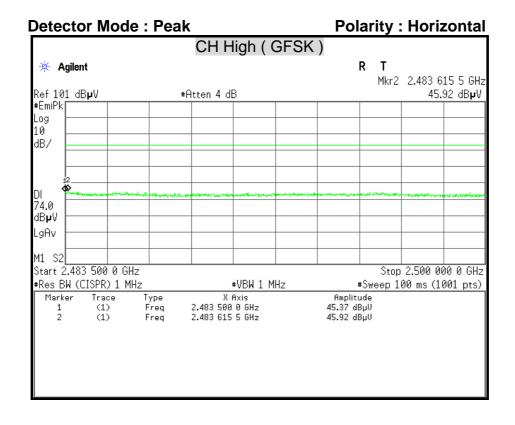
## **Restricted Band Edges**

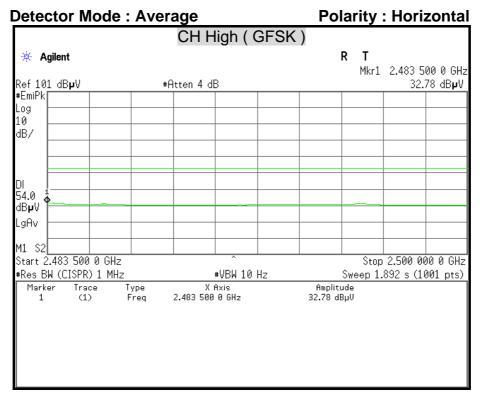


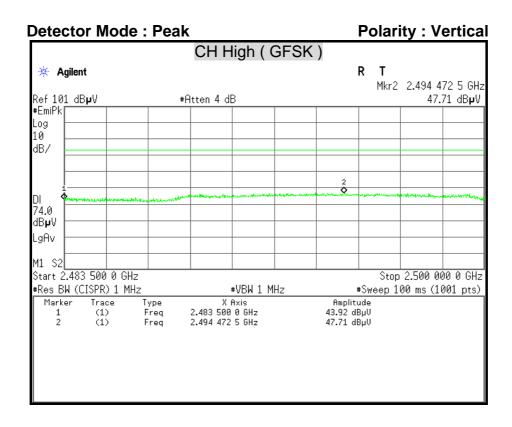


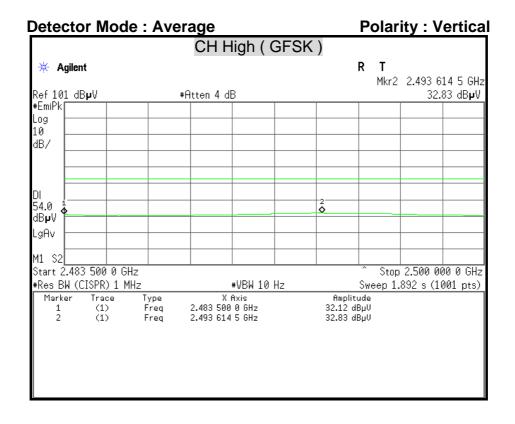


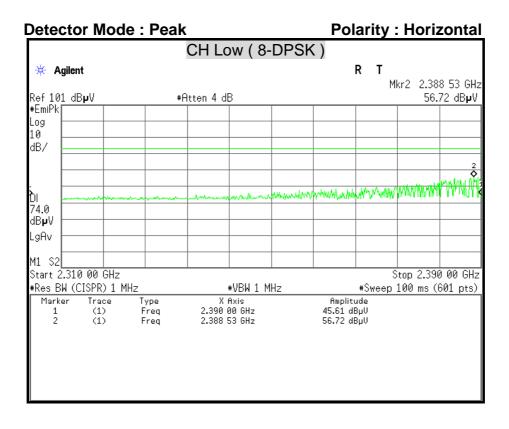


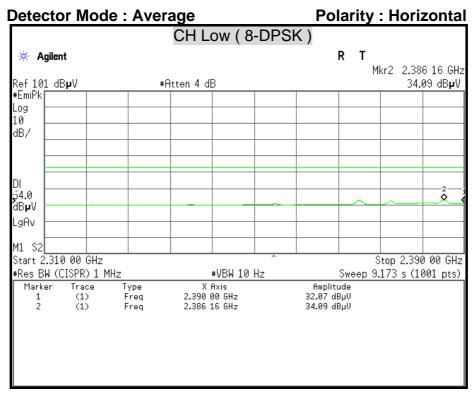


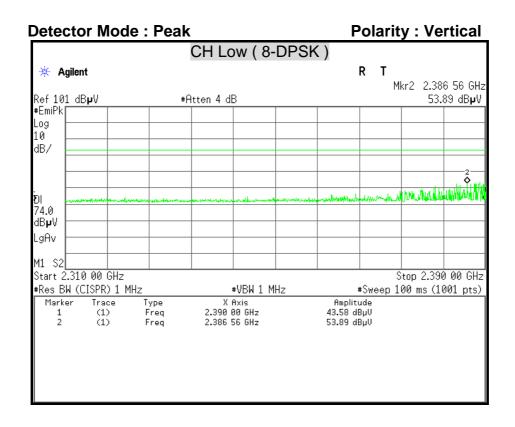


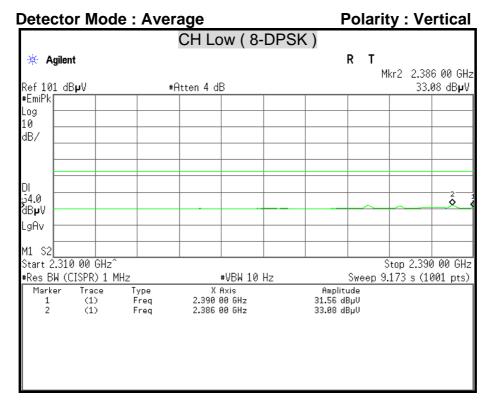


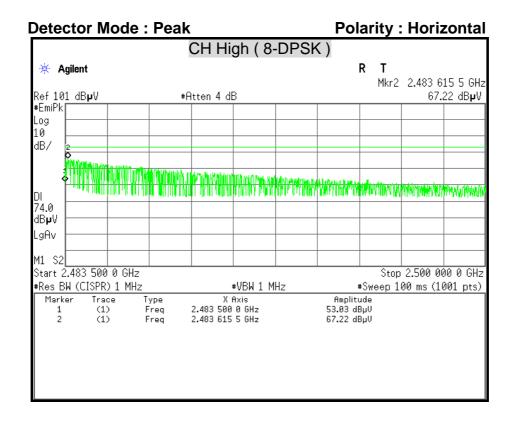


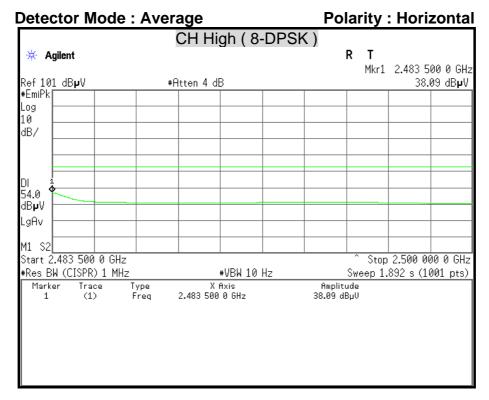


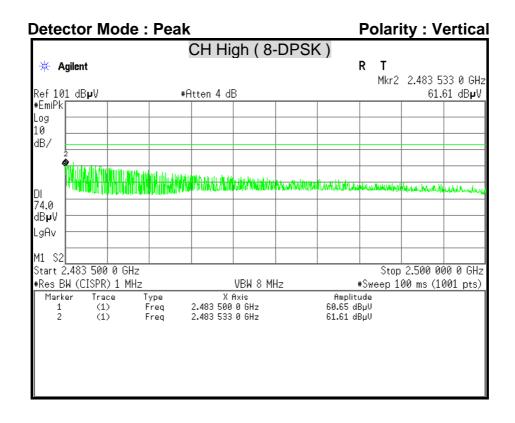


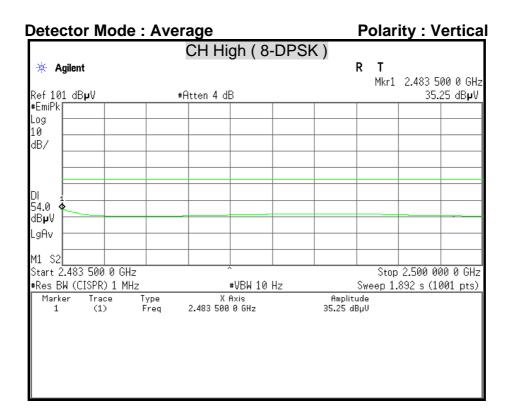












## 7.10 CONDUCTED EMISSION

## **LIMITS**

§ 15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (b) and (c) this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range	Conducted Limit (dBµv)				
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46			
0.50 - 5.00	56	46			
5.00 - 30.0	60	50			

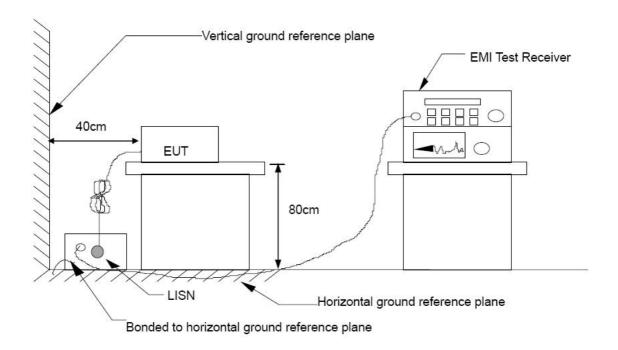
### **TEST EQUIPMENT**

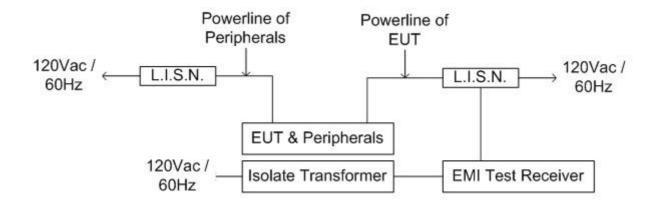
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
L.I.S.N	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-465	08/06/2015
L.I.S.N	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-473	03/10/2015
EMI Receiver	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESHS 30	838550/003	11/02/2015
Pulse Limiter	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESH3-Z2	100111	06/30/2015

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

Report No.: T141103D07-RP1

# **TEST SETUP**





# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The basic test procedure was in accordance with ANSI C63.10:2009.

The test procedure is performed in a  $4m \times 3m \times 2.4m$  (L×W×H) shielded room.

The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m (W)  $\times$  1.5m (L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.

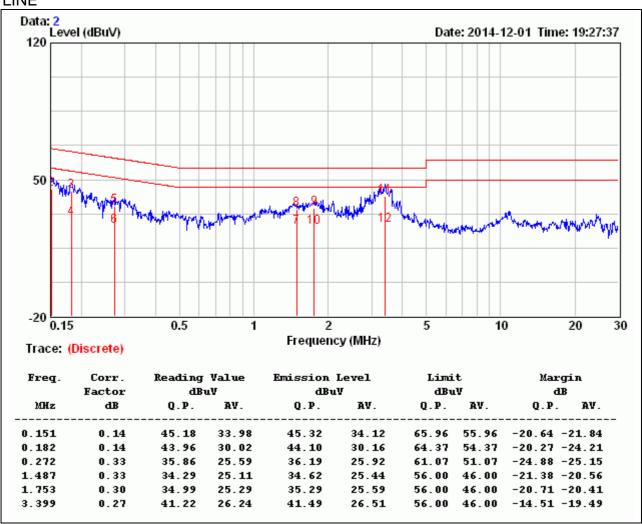
The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.

The EUT was located so that the distance between the boundary of the EUT and the closest surface of the LISN is 0.8 m. Where a mains flexible cord was provided by the manufacturer shall be 1 m long, or if in excess of 1 m, the excess cable was folded back and forth as far as possible so as to form a bundle not exceeding 0.4 m in length.

# **TEST RESULTS**

Product Name	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Ted Wu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/12/01
Test Mode	TX Mode	Temp. & Humidity	25°C, 55%

### LINE

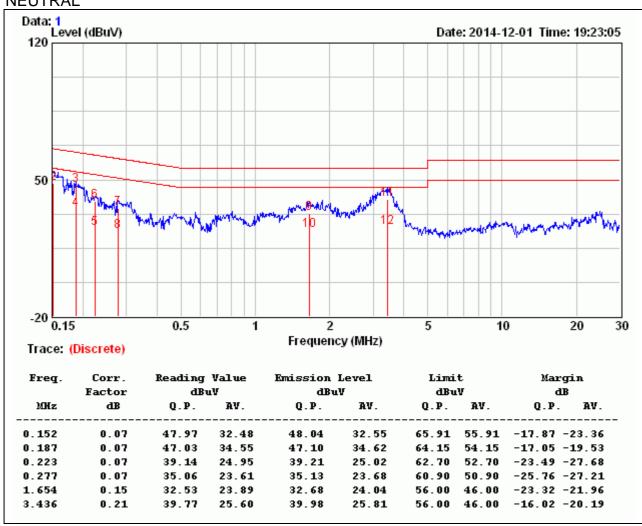


#### Remark:

- 1. Correction Factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
- 2. Emission level = Reading Value + Correction factor
- 3. Margin value = Emission level Limit value

<b>Product Name</b>	Mini Wireless Barcode Reader	Test By	Ted Wu
Test Model	MT1297	Test Date	2014/12/01
Test Mode	TX Mode	Temp. & Humidity	25°C, 55%

### **NEUTRAL**



#### Remark:

- 1. Correction Factor = Insertion loss + Cable loss
- 2. Emission level = Reading Value + Correction factor
- 3. Margin value = Emission level Limit value