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HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY

Applicant Name:

Sony Mobile Communications Inc. 4-12-3 Higashi-Shinagawa Shinagawa-ku Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan Date of Testing: 9/14/2020 - 10/7/2020 Test Site/Location: PCTEST, Columbia, MD, USA Test Report Serial No.: 1M2007070106-12-R3.PY7 Date of Issue: 10/26/2020

FCC ID: PY7-57441Y

APPLICANT: SONY MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS INC.

Scope of Test: RF Emissions Testing

Application Type: Certification
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §20.19(b)
HAC Standard: ANSI C63.19-2011

285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05

285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP v03

DUT Type: Portable Handset

Model: 57441Y

Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production Sample [S/N: 81779]

C63.19-2011 HAC Category: M4 (RF EMISSIONS CATEGORY)

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 1M2007070106-12-R3.PY7) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2011 and has been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested. North America bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Randy Ortanez President





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1. INTRODUCTION

On July 10, 2003, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted new rules requiring wireless manufacturers and service providers to provide digital wireless phones that are compatible with hearing aids. The FCC has modified the exemption for wireless phones under the Hearing Aid Compatibility Act of 1998 (HAC Act) in WT Docket 01-309 RM-86581 to extend the benefits of wireless telecommunications to individuals with hearing disabilities. These benefits encompass business, social and emergency communications, which increase the value of the wireless network for everyone. An estimated more than 10% of the population in the United States show signs of hearing impairment and of that fraction, almost 80% use hearing aids. Approximately 500 million people worldwide suffer from hearing loss.

Compatibility Tests Involved:

The standard calls for wireless communications devices to be measured for:

- RF Electric-field emissions
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal strength in the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal frequency response through the audio band
- T-coil mode, magnetic-signal and noise articulation index

The hearing aid must be measured for:

- RF immunity in microphone mode
- RF immunity in T-coil mode

In the following tests and results, this report includes the evaluation for a wireless communications device.



Figure 1-1 Hearing Aid in-vitu

¹ FCC Rule & Order, WT Docket 01-309 RM-8658

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2. DUT DESCRIPTION

SONY

FCC ID: PY7-57441Y

Manufacturer: Sony Mobile Communications Inc.

4-12-3 Higashi-Shinagawa

Shinagawa-ku

Tokyo, 140-0002, Japan

Model: 57441Y Serial Number: 81779

Antenna Configurations: Internal Antenna
DUT Type: Portable Handset

I. LTE Band Selection

This device supports the following pairs of LTE bands with similar frequencies: LTE B12 & B17 and B4 & B66. These pairs of LTE bands have the same target powers and share the same transmission paths. Since the supported frequency span for the smaller LTE bands are completely covered by the larger LTE bands, only the larger LTE bands (LTE B12 and B66) were evaluated for hearing-aid compliance. LTE B2 and B5 are LTE anchor bands for dual connectivity (EN-DC) scenarios between LTE and NR so they were additionally evaluated as independent LTE bands.

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Table 2-1 PY7-57441Y HAC Air Interfaces

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Type Transport	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Name of Voice Service
	850 1900	VO	Yes	Yes: WIFI or BT	CMRS Voice
GSM	M GPRS/EDGE		No ¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	Google Duo
	DTM	VD	No ¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	CMRS Voice, Google Duo
	850				
LINATE	1700	VD	No ¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	CMRS Voice
UMTS	1900				
	HSPA	VD	No ¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	Google Duo
	700 (B12)				
	700 (B17)				
	780 (B13)		No¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	VoLTE, Google Duo
	850 (B5)	VD			
LTE (FDD)	850 (B26)				
LIE (FDD)	1700 (B4)				
	1700 (B66)				
	1900 (B2)				
	1900 (B25)				
	2500 (B7)				
LTE (TDD)	2600 (B41)	VD	Yes	Yes: WIFI or BT	VoLTE, Google Duo
LIE (IDD)	3600 (B48)	VD	162	res. Wiri Oi Bi	VOLTE, GOOGIE DUO
	850 (n5)				
NR (FDD)	1700 (n66)	VD	No ¹	Yes: WIFI or BT	Google Duo
	1900 (n2)				
NR (TDD)	28000 (n261)	VD	No ²	Yes: WIFI or BT	Google Duo
(,	39000 (n260)		110		
	2450				
	5200 (U-NII 1)				
WIFI	5300 (U-NII 2A)	VD	No ¹	Yes: GSM, UMTS, LTE, or NR	Google Duo
	5500 (U-NII 2C)				
	5800 (U-NII 3)				
BT	2450	DT	No	Yes: GSM, UMTS, LTE, or NR	N/A
Type Transport			Notes:	or MIF and low-power exemption.	

VO = Voice Only

DT = Digital Data - Not intended for Voice Services

VD = CMRS and/or IP Voice over Data Transport

1. Evaluated for MIF and low-power exemption.

2. n260 and n261 are currently outside the scope of ANSI C63.19 and FCC HAC regulations therefore they were not evaluated.

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3. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

I. RF EMISSIONS

The ANSI Standard presents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

Category	Telephone RF Parameters			
Near field Category	E-field emissions CW dB(V/m)			
	f < 960 MHz			
M1	50 to 55			
M2	45 to 50			
M3	40 to 45			
M4	< 40			
	f > 960 MHz			
M1	40 to 45			
M2	35 to 40			
М3	30 to 35			
M4	< 30			
Table 3-1 WD near-field categories as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011				

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4. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

EF3DV3 E-Field Probe Description

Construction: One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

Calibration: In air from 30 MHz to 6.0 GHz

(absolute accuracy ±5.1%, k=2)

Frequency: 30 MHz to > 6 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m

(M3 or better device readings fall well below diode

compression point)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 4.0 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.5 mm



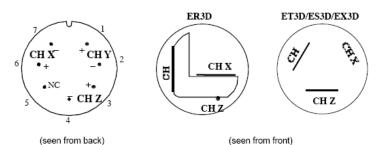
Figure 4-1E-field Free-space
Probe

Probe Tip Description

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

The electric field probes have an irregular internal geometry because it is physically not possible to have the 3 orthogonal sensors situated with the same center. The effect of the different sensor centers is accounted for in the HAC uncertainty budget ("sensor displacement").

Connector Plan



The antistatic shielding inside the probe is connected to the probe connector case.

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Equation 1

Conversion of Connector Voltage u, to E-Field E,

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{u_i + (u_i^2 \cdot CF)/(DCP)}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

whereby

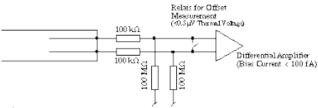
E_i: electric field in V/m

 u_i : voltage of channel i at the connector in μV Norm: sensitivity of channel i in $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ enhancement factor in liquid (ConvF=1 for Air)

DCP: diode compression point in μV

CF: signal crest factor (peak power/average power)

Conditions of Calibration

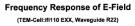


Please note:

- a lower input impedance of the amplifier will result in different sensitivity factors Norm, and DCP
- · larger bias currents will cause higher offset

Probe Response to Frequency

The E-field sensors have inherently a very flat frequency response. They are calibrated with a number of frequencies resulting in a common calibration factor, with the frequency behavior documented in the calibration certificate (See also below).



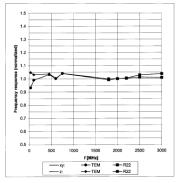


Figure 4-2 E-Field Probe Frequency Response

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SPEAG Robotic System

E-field measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich. Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel CORE i7 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the HAC phantom. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).



Figure 4-3 SPEAG Robotic System

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the computer with operating system and RF Measurement Software DASY5 v52.8 (with HAC Extension), A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

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System Electronics

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

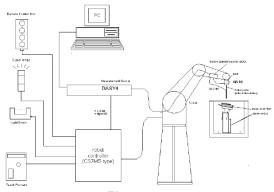


Figure 4-4SPEAG Robotic System Diagram

DASY5 Instrumentation Chain

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$\begin{aligned} V_i &= U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i} \\ \text{with} \quad V_i &= \text{compensated signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ U_i &= \text{input signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ cf &= \text{crest factor of exciting field} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \\ dcp_i &= \text{diode compression point} & (\text{DASY parameter}) \end{aligned}$$

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From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – field
probes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

The measurement/integration time per point, as specified by the system manufacturer is >500ms.

The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/off switch of the power source with an integration time of 500ms and a probe response time of <5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY5 waits longer than 100ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization. The tolerances for the different systems had the worst-case of 2.6%.

Environmental Conditions

Environmental conditions such as temperature and relative humidity are monitored to ensure there are no impacts on system specifications. Proper voltage and power line frequency conditions are maintained with three phase power sources. Environmental noise and reflections are monitored through system checks.

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5. TEST PROCEDURE

I. RF EMISSIONS

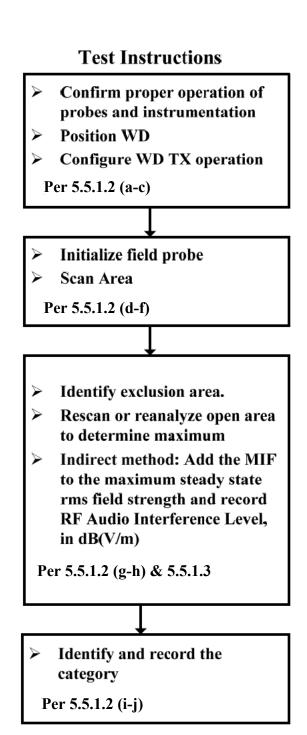


Figure 5-1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

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Test Setup

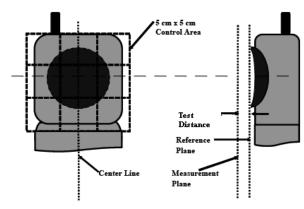


Figure 5-2
E-Field Emissions Test Setup Diagram (See Test Photographs for actual WD scan grid overlay)

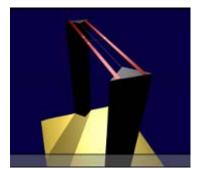


Figure 5-3 HAC Phantom

RF Emissions Test Procedure:

The following illustrate a typical RF emissions test scan over a wireless communications device:

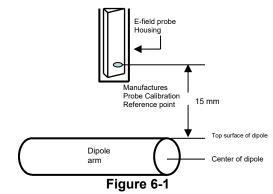
- 1. Proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed.
- 2. WD is positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.
- 3. The WD operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and confirmed with the base station simulator, at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test.
- 4. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The WD audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.
- 5. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
- 6. The measurement system measured the field strength at the reference location.
- 7. Measurements at 2mm or 5mm increments in the 5 x 5 cm region were performed at a distance 15 mm from the center point of the probe measurement element to the WD. Of the 9 subgrids (see Figure 5-2), 3 contiguous subgrids may be excluded from the measurement in order to account for localized areas of higher field intensities. The center subgrid containing the acoustic output or audio band magnetic output may not excluded. A 360° rotation about the azimuth axis at the maximum interpolated position was measured. For the worst-case condition, the peak reading from this rotation was used in re-evaluating the HAC category.
- 8. The system performed a drift evaluation by measuring the field at the reference location. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the HAC test and drift measurements were repeated.

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I. System Check Parameters

The input signal was an un-modulated continuous wave. The following points were taken into consideration in performing this check:

- Average Input Power P = 100mW RMS (20dBm RMS) after adjustment for return loss
- The test fixture must meet the 2 wavelength separation criterion
- The proper measurement of the 15 mm probe to dipole separation, which is measured from top surface of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the sensor, defined by the probe manufacturer is shown in the following diagram:



Separation Distance from Dipole to Field Probe

RF power was recorded using both an average reading meter and a peak reading meter. Readings of the probe are provided by the measurement system.

To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the dipole shall be commensurate with the full rated output power of the wireless device [e.g. - for a cellular phone wireless device the average peak antenna input power will be on the order of 100mW (20dBm) RMS] after adjustment for any mismatch.

II. Validation Procedure

A dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in C63.19 was placed in the position normally occupied by the WD.

The length of the dipole was scanned, and the average peak value was recorded.

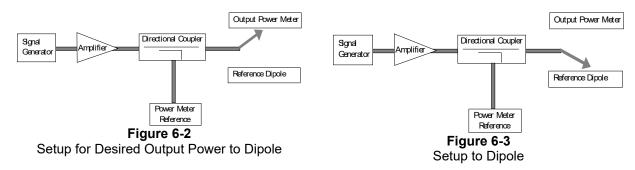
Measurement of CW

Using the near-field measurement system, scan the antenna over the radiating dipole and record the greatest field reading observed. Due to the nature of E-fields about free-space dipoles, the two E-field peaks measured over the dipole are averaged to compensate for non-parallelity of the setup (see manufacturer method on dipole calibration certificates, page 2). Field strength measurements shall be made only when the probe is stationary.

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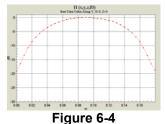
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RF power was recorded using both an average and a peak power reading meter.



Using this setup configuration, the signal generator was adjusted for the desired output power (100mW) at a specified frequency. The reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler is recorded. Next, the output cable is connected to the reference dipole, as shown in Figure 6-3.

The input signal level was adjusted until the reference power from the coupled port of the directional coupler was the same as previously recorded, to compensate for the impedance mismatch between the output cable and the reference dipole. To assure proper operation of the near-field measurement probe the input power to the reference dipole was verified to the full rated output power of the wireless device. The dipole was secured in a holder in a manner to meet the 20 dB reflection. The near-field measurement probe was positioned over the dipole. The antenna was scanned over the appropriate sized area to cover the dipole from end to end. SPEAG uses 2D interpolation algorithms between the measured points. Please see below two dimensional plots showing that the interpolated values interpolate smoothly between 5mm steps for a free-space RF dipole:



2-D Raw Data from scan along dipole axis

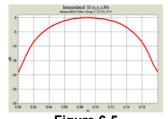
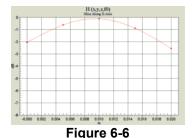
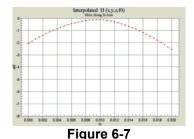


Figure 6-5
2-D Interpolated points from scan along dipole axis



2-D Raw Data from scan along transverse axis



2-D Interpolated points from scan along transverse axis

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III. System Check Results

Validation Results

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Dipole S/N	Input Power (dBm)	E-field Result (V/m)	Target Field (V/m)	% Deviation	
9/14/2020	835			1003	20.0	104.9	105.2	-0.3%	
	1880	402E 66	4035	35 665	1137	20.0	90.4	87.8	3.0%
10/5/2020	2600	4033	005	1012	20.0	86.8	85.2	1.9%	
	3500			1005	20.0	89.2	84.1	6.1%	

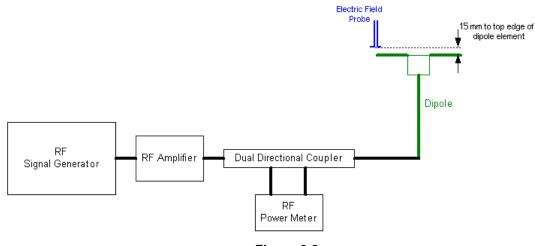


Figure 6-8 System Check Setup

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7. MODULATION INTERFERENCE FACTOR

I. Measuring Modulation Interference Factors

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be determined that relates its interference potential to its steady-state RMS signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. The MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic; any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The MIF may be determined using a radiated RF field or a conducted RF signal:

- a. Using RF illumination or conducted coupling, apply the specific modulated signal in question to the measurement system at a level within its confirmed operating dynamic range.
- b. Measure the steady-state RMS level at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- c. Measure the steady-state average level at the weighting output.
- d. Without changing the square-law detector or weighting system, and using RF illumination or conducted coupling, substitute for the specific modulated signal a 1 kHz, 80% amplitude modulated carrier at the same frequency and adjust its strength until the level at the weighting output equals the step c) measurement.
- e. Without changing the carrier level from step d), remove the 1 kHz modulation and again measure the steady-state RMS level indicated at the output of the fast probe or sensor.
- f. The MIF for the specific modulation characteristic is provided by the ratio of the step e) measurement to the step b) measurement, expressed in dB (20 × log[(step e)/(step b)]).

The following procedure was used to measure the MIF using the SPEAG Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA), Type No: SE UMS 170 CB, Serial No.: 1010:

- 1. The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator or set to transmit using test software for a given mode.
- 2. The device was then set to continuously transmit at maximum power.
- 3. Using a coupler if needed, the device output signal was connected to the RF In port of the AIA, which was connected to a desktop computer. Alternatively, a radiated RF signal may be used with the AIA's built-in antenna.
- 4. The MIF measurement procedure in the DASY software was run, and the resulting MIF value was recorded.
- 5. Steps 1-4 were repeated for all CMRS air interfaces, frequency bands, and modulations.

The modulation interference factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device in order to obtain an accurate audio interference level reading using the formula:

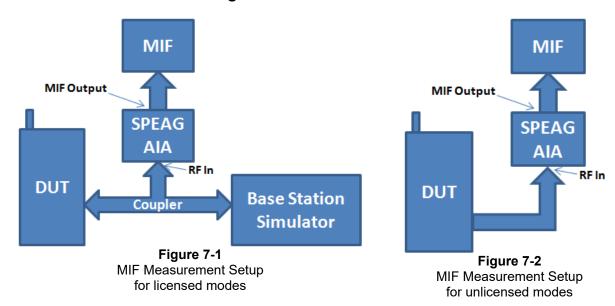
Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)] = 20 * log[Raw Field Value (V/m)] + MIF (dB)

Because the MIF value is output power independent, MIF values for a given mode should be constant across all devices; however, per C63.19-2011 §D.7, MIF values should be measured for each device being evaluated. The voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report.

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II. MIF Measurement Block Diagrams



III. Measured Modulation Interference Factors:

Table 7-1 GSM Modulation Interference Factors¹

	Mada		GSM850			GSM1900		
Mode		128	190	251	512	661	810	
	Voice	3.53	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54	
	EDGE (1slot)	3.69	3.69	3.69	3.70	3.72	3.69	
GSM	EDGE (2slot)	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.09	1.10	1.10	
	EDGE (3slot)	-0.66	-0.68	-0.68	-0.69	-0.68	-0.70	
	EDGE (4slot)	-1.98	-1.98	-1.99	-1.97	-1.97	-1.96	

Table 7-2 UMTS Modulation Interference Factors¹

	OWTO Wooddation interference ractors											
Mode			UMTS V		UMTS IV			UMTS II				
		4132	4183	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538		
	12.2 kbps RMC	-23.80	-24.06	-24.37	-25.54	-24.19	-23.96	-24.12	-24.37	-24.00		
UMTS	12.2 kbps AMR	-24.25	-24.38	-24.68	-24.66	-24.32	-24.71	-24.08	-24.37	-24.52		
	HSUPA Subtest1	-21.02	-27.71	-21.32	-20.97	-23.27	-22.21	-20.98	-21.12	-23.31		

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

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Table 7-3LTE FDD Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

LTE Band	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF [dB]
12	707.5	23095	10	16QAM	1	0	-9.85
13	782.0	23230	10	16QAM	1	0	-10.06
26	831.5	26865	15	16QAM	1	0	-9.91
5	836.5	20525	10	16QAM	1	0	-9.62
66	1745.0	132322	20	16QAM	1	0	-9.37
25	1882.5	26365	20	16QAM	1	0	-10.15
2	1880.0	18900	20	16QAM	1	0	-10.60
7	2535.0	21100	20	16QAM	1	0	-9.83
66	1745.0	132322	20	QPSK	1	0	-14.68
66	1745.0	132322	20	64QAM	1	0	-9.71
66	1745.0	132322	20	16QAM	1	50	-9.13
66	1745.0	132322	20	16QAM	1	99	-9.04
66	1745.0	132322	20	16QAM	50	0	-16.10
66	1745.0	132322	20	16QAM	100	0	-17.04
66	1745.0	132322	15	16QAM	1	74	-9.89
66	1745.0	132322	10	16QAM	1	49	-9.79
66	1745.0	132322	5	16QAM	1	24	-10.05
66	1745.0	132322	3	16QAM	1	14	-9.89
66	1745.0	132322	1.4	16QAM	1	5	-9.73
66	1720.0	132072	20	16QAM	1	99	-8.85
66	1770.0	132572	20	16QAM	1	99	-9.82

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

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 $^{^2}$ Note: All FDD LTE bands were found to have substantially similar MIF values given similar RB, BW, and modulation configurations.

Table 7-4LTE TDD B41 Power Class 3 Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

LTE Band	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF [dB]
41	2593.0	40620	20	16QAM	1	0	3.56
41	2593.0	40620	20	QPSK	1	0	3.54
41	2593.0	40620	20	64QAM	1	0	3.48
41	2593.0	40620	20	16QAM	1	50	3.56
41	2593.0	40620	20	16QAM	1	99	3.56
41	2593.0	40620	20	16QAM	50	0	3.45
41	2593.0	40620	20	16QAM	100	0	3.45
41	2593.0	40620	15	16QAM	1	0	3.60
41	2593.0	40620	10	16QAM	1	0	3.60
41	2593.0	40620	5	16QAM	1	0	3.60
41	2506.0	39750	15	16QAM	1	0	3.48
41	2549.5	40185	15	16QAM	1	0	3.55
41	2636.5	41055	15	16QAM	1	0	3.59
41	2680.0	41490	15	16QAM	1	0	3.54

Table 7-5LTE TDD B48 Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

LTE Band	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF [dB]
48	3625.0	55990	20	16QAM	1	0	3.54
48	3625.0	55990	20	QPSK	1	0	3.52
48	3625.0	55990	20	64QAM	1	0	3.46
48	3625.0	55990	20	16QAM	1	50	3.55
48	3625.0	55990	20	16QAM	1	99	3.56
48	3625.0	55990	20	16QAM	50	0	3.41
48	3625.0	55990	20	16QAM	100	0	3.42
48	3625.0	55990	15	16QAM	1	74	3.58
48	3625.0	55990	10	16QAM	1	49	3.56
48	3625.0	55990	5	16QAM	1	24	3.53
48	3557.5	55315	15	16QAM	1	74	3.46
48	3692.5	56665	15	16QAM	1	74	3.54

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

² Note: LTE TDD MIFs were taken using UL-DL Configuration 5. More information about the chosen UL-DL Configuration can be found in Section 10.

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Table 7-6NR FDD Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

NR Band	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Waveform	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MIF [dB]
n5	836.5	167300	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	1	-10.15
n66	1745.0	349000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	1	-10.14
n2	1880.0	376000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	1	-10.03
n2	1880.0	376000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	64QAM	1	1	-11.46
n2	1880.0	376000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	QPSK	1	1	-15.89
n2	1880.0	376000	20	CP-OFDM	16QAM	1	1	-11.99
n2	1880.0	376000	20	CP-OFDM	64QAM	1	1	-10.61
n2	1880.0	376000	20	CP-OFDM	π/2-BPSK	1	1	-11.81
n2	1880.0	376000	20	CP-OFDM	QPSK	1	1	-12.69
n2	1880.0	376000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	53	-10.16
n2	1880.0	376000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	104	-9.88
n2	1880.0	376000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	50	0	-17.06
n2	1880.0	376000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	100	0	-17.15
n2	1880.0	376000	15	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	77	-9.96
n2	1880.0	376000	10	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	50	-9.90
n2	1880.0	376000	5	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	23	-10.04
n2	1860.0	372000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	104	-10.08
n2	1900.0	380000	20	DFT-s-OFDM	16QAM	1	104	-10.04

Table 7-7 802.11b (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,3}

	802.11b MIF Measurements [dB]			
Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]			
	1	11		
802.11b	-17.23	-17.27		

Table 7-8802.11g (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,3}

	802.11g MIF Measurements [dB]			
Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]			
	6	54		
802.11g	-14.69	-1.83		

Table 7-9 802.11g (2.4GHz, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,3}

	802.11g MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]		
	12	108	
802.11g	-14.43	-6.11	

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

³ Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

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² Note: All FDD NR bands were found to have substantially similar MIF values given similar RB, BW, and modulation configurations.

802.11n (2.4GHz, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11n (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	MCS Index		
	0	7	
802.11n	-16.34	-16.15	

Table 7-11

802.11n (2.4GHz, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	602.1 III (2.4012, MINO) Modulation interference ractors				
	802.11n (2.4GHz) MIF	802.11n (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]			
Mode	MCS Index				
	0	7			
802.11n	-15.75	-15.56			

Table 7-12

802.11ax (2.4GHz, SU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	20MHz 802.11ax (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	MCS Index		
	0	11	
802.11ax	-17.30	-16.74	

Table 7-13

802.11ax (2.4GHz, SU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	20MHz 802.11ax (2.4GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]	
Mode	MCS Index		
	0	11	
802.11ax	-16.39	-16.22	

Table 7-14

802.11ax (2.4GHz, RU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	,	20MHz 80	2.11ax (2.4	4GHz) MIF	Measurem	nents [dB]	
Mode	RU Index (MCS Index 11) (GI 1.6us)						
	0	8	37	40	53	54	61
802.11ax	-15.45	-15.24	-15.28	-15.14	-15.90	-15.72	-16.17

Table 7-15

802.11ax (2.4GHz, RU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	,	20MHz 80	2.11ax (2.4	4GHz) MIF	Measurem	ents [dB]	
Mode	Mode RU Index (MCS Index 11) (GI 1.6us)						
	0	8	37	40	53	54	61
802.11ax	-15.56	-16.39	-15.55	-16.19	-16.98	-17.45	-18.28

Table 7-16

802.11a (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	802.11a MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	Data Rat	e [Mbps]	
	6	54	
802.11a	-6.49	-1.65	

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

² Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

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802.11a (5GHz, 20MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

602:114 (66112; Zeivii iz BVV, Willivie) Weddiation interiored rate			
	802.11a MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	Data Rate [Mbps]		
	12	108	
802.11a	-14.41	-6.06	

Table 7-18

802.11n (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

002.11	002.1 III (30112, 2011112 DW, 3130) Modulation interference ractors				
	20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]				
Mode	MCS Index				
	0	7			
802.11n	-7.41	-7.43			

Table 7-19

802.11n (5GHz, 20MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]	
Mode	MCS Index		
	0	7	
802.11n	-15.73	-15.62	

Table 7-20

802.11ac (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	20MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	MCS Index		
	0	8	
802.11ac	-7.39	-7.50	

Table 7-21

802.11ac (5GHz, 20MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

Mode	20MHz BW 802.11ac (5GH	z) MIF Measurements [dB]
	MCS Index	
	0	8
802.11ac	-15.52	-15.73

Table 7-22

802.11ax (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

out in the form in birth out in the state of the data and in the state of the			
		20MHz 802.11ax (5GHz)	MIF Measurements [dB]
	Mode	MCS Index	
		0	11
	802.11ax	-16.72	-16.56

Table 7-23

802.11ax (5GHz, 20MHz BW, SU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	20MHz 802.11ax (5GHz)	MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	MCS Index			
	0	11		
802.11ax	-16.39	-16.61		

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

² Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

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802.11ax (5GHz, 20MHz BW, RU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

0 <u>02.11ux</u>	(00112, 20	OCHE, ZOMI IZ BVV, TCO, CICO) MODULATION INTERIOR PROTECTION					
		20MHz 8	02.11ax (5	GHz) MIF I	Measurem	ents [dB]	
Mode	RU Index (MCS Index 11) (GI 1.6us)						
	0	8	37	40	53	54	61
802.11ax	-15.12	-15.01	-14.93	-15.12	-15.61	-15.64	-16.48

Table 7-25

802.11ax (5GHz, 20MHz BW, RU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

		20MHz 8	02.11ax (5	GHz) MIF N	Measureme	ents [dB]	
Mode		RU Index (MCS Index 0) (GI 1.6us)					
	0	8	37	40	53	54	61
802.11ax	-15.11	-15.04	-14.45	-14.49	-15.00	-14.84	-16.38

Table 7-26

802.11n (5GHz. 40MHz BW. SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]				
Mode	MCS Index					
	0	7				
802.11n	-7.40	-7.45				

Table 7-27

802.11n (5GHz, 40MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

002.111	COZ. 1 111 (COTIZ, TOWNIZ BVV, WINVIO) WOOD CONTROL OF COLOR					
	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]					
Mode MCS Index						
	0	7				
802.11n	-15.20	-15.29				

Table 7-28

802.11ac (5GHz, 40MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	40MHz BW 802.11ac (5GH	z) MIF Measurements [dB]				
Mode	MCS Index					
	0	9				
802.11ac	-7.42	-7.42				

Table 7-29

802.11ac (5GHz, 40MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

002.114	ocz. Trac (ceriz, Town iz BVV, William) Wedalation Interiore ractore						
	40MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]						
Mode	Mode MCS Index						
	0	9					
802.11ac	-15.16	-15.40					

Table 7-30

802.11ax (5GHz, 40MHz BW, SU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	40MHz 802.11ax (5GHz)	MIF Measurements [dB]			
Mode	MCS Index				
	0	11			
802.11ax	-15.77	-15.79			

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

² Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

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802.11ax (5GHz, 40MHz BW, SU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

<u>02.1147</u>	odrie, romi ie brr, do, minio / modulation interiore ractore						
	40MHz 802.11ax (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]						
Mode	MCS Index						
	0	11					
802.11ax	-15.81	-16.01					

Table 7-32

802.11ax (5GHz, 40MHz BW, RU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	40MHz 802.11ax (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]								
Mode		RU Index (MCS Index 0) (GI 1.6us)							
	0	17	37	44	53	56	61	62	65
802.11ax	-14.90	-14.55	-14.58	-14.48	-14.94	-14.75	-15.03	-14.82	-15.57

Table 7-33

802.11ax (5GHz, 40MHz BW, RU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

_	COL. Tax (COTIZ, TOWN IZ BY), TO, IMMOD INCOME THE OTHER TRANSPORT											
				40MHz 8	02.11ax (5	GHz) MIF I	Measurem	ents [dB]				
	Mode		RU Index (MCS Index 0) (GI 1.6us)									
								-				
		0	17	37	44	53	56	61	62	65		

Table 7-34

802.11ac (5GHz, 80MHz BW, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	80MHz BW 802.11ac (5GH	z) MIF Measurements [dB]			
Mode	MCS Index				
	0	9			
802.11ac	-7.26	-7.22			

Table 7-35

802.11ac (5GHz. 80MHz BW, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

COLITICO (COLIZ, COLLI IZ BYY, MINTO) MICHARIANOTI MICHARIA I ACIDIO							
	80MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) MIF Measurements [dB]						
Mode	MCS Index						
	0	9					
802.11ac	-15.84	-15.87					

Table 7-36

802.11ax (5GHz, 80MHz BW, SU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

	80MHz 802.11ax (5GHz)	MIF Measurements [dB]		
Mode	MCS Index			
	0	11		
802.11ax	-16.50	-16.62		

Table 7-37

802.11ax (5GHz, 80MHz BW, SU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

-		\ , , , - , - , - , - , - , -					
Ī		80MHz 802.11ax (5GHz)	MIF Measurements [dB]				
	Mode	MCS Index					
		0	11				
	802.11ax	-16.62	-16.42				

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

² Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

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Table 7-38802.11ax (5GHz, 80MHz BW, RU, SISO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

				80MHz 8	02.11ax (5	GHz) MIF N	/leasure me	ents [dB]				
Mode		RU Index (MCS Index 0) (GI 1.6us)										
	0	36	37	52	53	60	61	64	65	66	67	
802.11ax	-15.23	-15.16	-14.95	-14.78	-15.42	-14.94	-15.54	-15.17	-14.98	-14.71	-15.70	

Table 7-39

802.11ax (5GHz, 80MHz BW, RU, MIMO) Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2}

				80MHz 8	02.11ax (5	GHz) MIF I	/leasuremo	ents [dB]				
Mode		RU Index (MCS Index 11) (GI 1.6us)										
	0	36	37	52	53	60	61	64	65	66	67	
802.11ax	-13.41	-14.32	-14.08	-15.14	-13.95	-15.18	-14.88	-16.42	-14.78	-15.90	-15.59	

Table 7-40

Simultaneous 2.4GHz and 5GHz WIFI Modulation Interference Factors^{1,2,3}

# Tx	5 GHz WIFI [dBm]		2.4 GH [dE		Measured MIF (dB)	
I X	Ant1	Ant2	Ant1	Ant2		
4	х	х	х	х	-1.55	

¹ Note: Measured MIF values may be lower than sample MIF values provided in ANSI C63.19-2011 Annex D.7 Table D.5 due to manufacturing variations for each device, however per Annex D.7, the sample MIF values of Table D.5 are not intended to substitute for measurements of actual devices under test and their respective operating modes.

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² Note: WIFI MIF values were found to be independent of the transmit channel.

³ Note: The configuration for each scenario (e.g. bandwidth, data rate, etc.) was determined using the worst-case configuration from MIMO MIF measurements.

8. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

I. Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for HAC Testing

The handset was configured to transmit the required air interface in a shielded chamber. Measurements were taken with a fully charged battery.

II. HAC Measurement Conditions

Output Power Verification

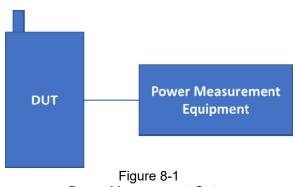
Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels for all applicable air interfaces for which full testing scans are required. Modes which are exempted from full testing according to Section 9 of this report have only their conducted power targets listed below, not measured values. See Table 8-1 for air interface specific settings of transmit power parameters. See Table 9-1 for more information regarding which modes required full testing and had conducted power measurements taken.

> Table 8-1 **Power Control Parameters and Settings by Air Interface**

Air Interface:	Parameter Name:	Parameter Set To:
GSM	PCL	GSM850: "5"; GSM1900: "0"
UMTS	TPC	"All 1's"
LTE	TPC	"Max Power"
NR	PLS	Mfr Specified
WIFI	Mfr Configured	Mfr Specified

III. Setup Used to Measure RF Conducted Powers

The general setup for conducted power is shown in Figure 8-1 below. The power measurement equipment could be a base station simulator, signal analyzer, or power meter depending on the applicable air interface.



Power Measurement Setup

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IV. GSM Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
	128	32.50	26.60	25.04	23.32	22.69
GSM 850	190	32.43	26.85	25.00	23.48	22.38
	251	32.27	26.71	25.12	23.15	22.24
	512	29.67	25.89	24.22	22.11	21.04
GSM 1900	661	29.97	26.15	24.52	22.33	21.41
	810	29.76	25.83	24.24	21.97	20.94

V. UMTS Target Powers

Table 8-2 **UMTS Conducted Power Targets**

Chile Conductor Form Fungers												
		Modulated Average Output Power (in dBm)										
Mode / Band	Mode / Band	3GPP WCDMA	3GPP HSDPA Rel 5	3GPP HSUPA Rel 6	3GPP DC-HSDPA							
		Rel 99			Rel 8							
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Max allowed power	24.7	24.0	24.0	24.0							
Olvi13 Ballu 3 (830 lvinz)	Nominal	24.0	23.0	23.0	23.0							
UMTS Band 4 (1750 MHz)	Max allowed power	23.7	23.0	23.0	23.0							
OIVITS BATIO 4 (1750 IVIEZ)	Nominal	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0							
LINATE Do and 2 (1000 NALL)	Max allowed power	23.7	23.0	23.0	23.0							
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Nominal	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0							

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VI. LTE FDD Target Powers

Table 8-3 **LTE FDD Conducted Power Targets**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average Output Power (in dBm)
LTE FDD Band 12	Max allowed power	25.0
LIE PDD Ballu 12	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 17	Max allowed power	25.0
LIL PDD Ballu 17	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 13	Max allowed power	25.0
LIL PDD Ballu 13	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 26	Max allowed power	25.0
	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 5	Max allowed power	25.0
LIE PDD Ballu 3	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 66	Max allowed power	25.0
LIE PDD Ballu 00	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 4	Max allowed power	25.0
LIE FDD Ballu 4	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 2	Max allowed power	25.0
LIE FDD Ballu Z	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 25	Max allowed power	25.0
LIE FUU DAIIU 23	Nominal	24.0
LTE FDD Band 7	Max allowed power	25.0
LIE FDD Ballu /	Nominal	24.0

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VII. **LTE TDD Target Powers**

Table 8-4 LTE TDD Conducted Power Targets¹

Mode / Band		Modulated Average Output Power (in dBm)						
LTE TDD Band 48	Max allowed power	25.0						
LTE TOO Ballu 48	Nominal	24.0						
LTC TDD Dood 41 (DC3)	Max allowed power	25.0						
LTE TDD Band 41 (PC3)	Nominal	24.0						

¹ Conducted power levels were additionally measured to verify operating power levels of configurations used in Tables 11-2 and 11-3.

NR FDD Target Powers VIII.

Table 8-5 **NR FDD Conducted Power Targets**

Mode / Band		Modulated Average Output Power (in dBm)
NR FDD Band n5	Max allowed power	25.0
INK FUU Band no	Nominal	24.0
NR FDD Band n66	Max allowed power	25.0
INK FUU Band 1100	Nominal	24.0
NR FDD Band n2	Max allowed power	25.0
INK FUU Ballu IIZ	Nominal	24.0

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IX. WIFI Target Powers (SISO/MIMO)

Table 8-6 2.4GHz WIFI IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ax SU Average RF Power Targets1

	2140112 Will 11222 Oddin 10/g/ill/ax Od / Worldgo Will 1 Owol Targoto														
		-	IEEE 802.11 (in dBm)												
		Mod	ulated Averag	ge - Single Tx (Chain		SI	SO		Me	odulated Average - MIN	10			
Mode	Band		Ch	ain 0		Chain 1				Chain 0 & Chain 1					
		р	g	n	ax (SU)	b	g	n	ax (SU)	g (CDD + STBC)	n (CDD + STBC, SDM)	ax (SU) (CDD + STBC, SDM)			
Maximu	m Power	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max			
2.4 GHz WIFI	2.45 GHz	9.7	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1			

Table 8-7 5GHz WIFI IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax SU Average RF Power Targets¹

	1		00			02.11 (in dBm)	ge Ki FOW	or rare	,0.0	
		Mod	lulated Average	e - Single Tx C	hain	Modulated Average - MIMO				
Mode Band			Chain 0 8	& Chain 1			Chain 0 & C	hain 1		
Wode	Danu	а	n	ac	ax (SU)	a (CDD + STBC)	n (CDD + STBC, SDM)	ac (CDD + STBC, SDM)	ax (SU) (CDD + STBC, SDM)	
	Maximum wer	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	Max	
	5200 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
5 GHz WIFI	5300 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
(20MHz BW)	5500 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
	5800 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	
	5200 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	9.0	
5 GHz WIFI	5300 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	9.0	
(40MHz BW)	5500 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	9.0	
	5800 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0		9.0	9.0	9.0	
	5200 MHz			9.0	9.0			9.0	9.0	
5 GHz WIFI	5300 MHz			9.0	9.0			9.0	9.0	
(80MHz BW)	5500 MHz			9.0	9.0			9.0	9.0	
	5800 MHz			9.0	9.0			9.0	9.0	

X. WIFI Target Powers for IEEE 802.11ax RU (SISO/MIMO)

Table 8-8 IEEE 802.11ax (RU) Average RF Power Targets¹

	ieee obertax (No) Average Ni Tower Targets											
Tones			SISO (Chain 0/0	Chain 1) /in dBm			MIMO (Chain 0/	Chain 1) /in dBm				
rones		2.4GHz	5GHz/20MHz	5GHz/40MHz	5GHz/80MHz	2.4GHz	5GHz/20MHz	5GHz/40MHz	5GHz/80MHz			
26T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9	9.1	9	9	9			
52T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9	9.1	9	9	9			
106T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9	9.1	9	9	9			
242T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9	9.1	9	9	9			
484T	Maximum			9	9			9	9			
996T	Maximum				9				9			

¹ Note: In MIMO operations, each Chain 0 and Chain 1 transmits at maximum allowed powers as indicated above.

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XI. WIFI Target Powers for Operations with Simultaneous 2.4GHz and 5GHz

Table 8-9 IEEE 802 11g/n/ax SU Average RF Power Targets¹

ICCC	IEEE 002.1 19/11/ax 30 Average KF Power Targets										
			IEEE 802.11 (in dBm)								
		Modulated Average - MIMO									
Mode	Band	Chain 0 & Chain 1									
		g (CDD + STBC)	n (CDD + STBC, SDM)	ax (SU) (CDD + STBC, SDM)							
Maximum Power		Max	Max	Max							
2.4 GHz WIFI	2.45 GHz	9.1	9.1	9.1							

Table 8-10 IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax SU Average RF Power Targets¹

FEE 80)2.11a/	n/ac/ax s	SU Average	KF Powe	r rargets
			IEEE 802.11 (
			Modulated Avera	•	
Mode	Band		Chain 0 & C	I	ı
		a (CDD + STBC)	n (CDD + STBC, SDM)	ac (CDD + STBC, SDM)	ax (SU) (CDD + STBC, SDM)
	Maximum wer	Max	Max	Max	Max
	5200 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
5 GHz WIFI	5300 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
(20MHz BW)	5500 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
	5800 MHz	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
	5200 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0
5 GHz WIFI	5300 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0
(40MHz BW)	5500 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0
	5800 MHz		9.0	9.0	9.0
	5200 MHz			9.0	9.0
5 GHz WIFI	5300 MHz			9.0	9.0
(80MHz BW)	5500 MHz			9.0	9.0
	5800 MHz			9.0	9.0

Table 8-11 IEEE 802.11ax RU Average RF Power Targets1

Tones		MIMO (Chain 0/Chain 1) /in dBm								
Tones		2.4GHz	5GHz/20MHz	5GHz/40MHz	5GHz/80MHz					
26T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9					
52T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9					
106T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9					
242T	Maximum	9.1	9	9	9					
484T	Maximum			9	9					
996T	Maximum				9					

¹ Note: In MIMO operations, each Chain 0 and Chain 1 transmits at maximum allowed powers as indicated above.

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9. JUSTIFICATION OF HELD TO EAR MODES TESTED

I. Analysis of RF Air Interface Technologies

An analysis was performed, following the guidance of §4.3 and §4.4 of the ANSI standard, of the RF air interface technologies being evaluated. The factors that will affect the RF interference potential were evaluated, and the worst-case operating modes were identified and used in the evaluation. A WD's interference potential is a function both of the WD's average near-field field strength and of the signal's audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics. Per §4.4, RF air interface technologies that have low power have been found to produce sufficiently low RF interference potential, so it is possible to exempt them from the product testing specified in Clause 5 of the ANSI standard. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17dBm for all of its operating modes. RF air interface technologies exempted from testing in this manner are automatically assigned an M4 rating to be used in determining the overall rating for the WD.

The worst-case MIF plus the worst-case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated below to determine the testing requirements for this device.

II. Individual Mode Evaluations

Table 9-1

Max Power + MIF calculations for Low Power Exemptions

Air Interface	Maximum Average Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Total (Power + MIF, dB)	C63.19 Testing Required
GSM - GSM850	23.31 ¹	3.54	26.85	Yes
GSM - GSM1900	20.78 ¹	3.54	24.32	Yes
GSM - EDGE850	19.21¹	3.69	22.90	Yes ^{4,5}
GSM - EDGE1900	18.34¹	3.72	22.06	Yes ^{4,5}
UMTS - RMC	24.70	-23.80	0.90	No
UMTS - AMR	24.00	-24.08	-0.08	No
UMTS - HSPA	24.00	-20.97	3.03	No
LTE FDD	25.00	-8.85	16.15	No
LTE TDD - Band 41 (PC3)	15.29¹	3.60	18.89	Yes
LTE TDD - Band 48	15.29¹	3.58	18.87	Yes
NR FDD	25.00	-9.88	15.12	No
WIFI - 2.4GHz	12.37²	-1.83	10.54	No
WIFI - 5GHz	12.01²	-1.65	10.36	No
Simultaneous 2.4GHz and 5GHz WIFI Operations	15.07³	-1.55	13.52	No

¹ Note: ANSI C63.19-2011 Sec. 4.4 Footnote 20 indicates the use of a long averaging time for measuring the antenna input power when using this method of exclusion. Therefore, the frame averaged power was calculated for these modes in this investigation.

⁵ Note: EDGE was considered but not tested as GSM voice mode was found to be the worst-case mode for the GSM air interface.

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² Note: This value is calculated as the linear sum of the worst-case SISO power for each band and antenna combination while in MIMO operation. This calculation is conservative and for use in this investigation only.

³ Note: This value is calculated as the linear sum of the worst-case power for each band and antenna combination while in simultaneous 2.4GHz and 5GHz operation. This calculation is conservative and for use in this investigation only.

⁴ Note: EDGE operations are substantially similar to DTM operations; therefore, EDGE results in this investigation also represent DTM results. Worst-case frame-averaged powers and MIF's were determined regardless of slot configuration in order to simplify this procedure and to be conservative.

III. Low-Power Exemption Conclusions

Per ANSI C63.19-2011, RF Emissions testing for this device is required only for GSM voice modes and LTE TDD data modes. All other air interfaces are exempt.

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10. LTE TDD UPLINK-DOWNLINK CONFIGURATION

I. Uplink-Downlink Configuration Additional Testing

Additional testing was performed on each supported power class for LTE TDD to determine the worst-case Uplink-Downlink configuration for RFE testing.

Per 3GPP TS 36.211, the total frame length for each TDD radio frame of length T_f = 307200 · T_s = 10 ms, where T_s is a number of time units equal to 1/(15000 x 2048) seconds. Additionally, each radio frame consists of 10 subframes, each of length 30720 · T_s = 1 ms, and subframes can be designated as uplink (U), downlink (D), or special subframe (S), depending on the Uplink-Downlink configuration as indicated in Table 4.2-2 of 3GPP TS 36.211. In the transmission duty factor calculation, the special subframe configuration with the shortest UpPTS duration within the special subframe is used and will be applied for measurement. From 3GPP TS 36.211 Table 4.2-1, the shortest UpPTS is 2192 · Ts which occurs in the normal cyclic prefix and special subframe configuration 4.

See table below outlining the calculated transmission duty cycles for each Uplink-Downlink configuration:

Table 10-1
Uplink-Downlink Configurations for Type 2 Frame Structures

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity				Calculated Transmission							
Comiguration	Switch-point periodicity	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Duty Cycle (%)
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U	61.4%
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D	41.4%
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D	21.4%
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	30.7%
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	20.7%
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	10.7%
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D	51.4%

II. Power Class 3 Uplink-Downlink Configuration Additional Testing

LTE TDD was evaluated with the following radio configuration: channel 40620, 20MHz BW, 16QAM, 1RB, 0RB Offset. For Power Class 3, all configurations (0-6) are supported. The configuration which resulted in the worst-case emission was used for full testing. See Table 10-2 below for results. The configuration determined in the results below was used to measure the MIF values in Tables 7-4 and 7-5.

Table 10-2LTE TDD Power Class 3 UL-DL Configuration Results

Mode / Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	UL-DL Config.		RB Size	RB Offset	Scan Center	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-Field Emissions															
	20	40620	0	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	8.17	18.25	-3.03	15.22	35.00	-19.78	M4	none
	20	40620	1	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	6.73	16.56	-1.61	14.95	35.00	-20.05	M4	none
	20	40620	2	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	5.29	14.46	1.50	15.96	35.00	-19.04	M4	none
LTE TDD / Band 41	20	40620	3	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	5.93	15.47	-1.44	14.03	35.00	-20.97	M4	none
	20	40620	4	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	5.11	14.17	0.69	14.86	35.00	-20.14	M4	none
	20	40620	5	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	4.39	12.86	3.56	16.42	35.00	-18.58	M4	none
	20	40620	6	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	7.84	17.88	-2.50	15.38	35.00	-19.62	M4	none

III. Conclusion

Per the results above, UL-DL Configuration 5 was used for LTE TDD Power Class 3 testing.

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11. OVERALL MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

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I. E-FIELD EMISSIONS:

Table 11-1

HAC Data Summary for E-field – GSM

	THAO Bata Callinary for E field Com											
Mode	Channel	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5	
E-Field Emissi	E-Field Emissions											
	128	Acoustic	32.50	37.56	31.49	3.53	35.02	45.00	-9.98	M4	none	
GSM850	190	Acoustic	32.43	32.47	30.23	3.54	33.77	45.00	-11.23	M4	none	
	251	Acoustic	32.27	37.09	31.39	3.54	34.93	45.00	-10.07	M4	none	
	512	Acoustic	29.67	12.86	22.18	3.54	25.72	35.00	-9.28	M4	none	
GSM1900	661	Acoustic	29.97	14.01	22.93	3.54	26.47	35.00	-8.53	M4	none	
G3W11900	810	Acoustic	29.76	14.89	23.46	3.54	27.00	35.00	-8.00	M4	none	
	810	T-Coil	29.76	14.55	23.26	3.54	26.80	35.00	-8.20	M4	none	

Table 11-2 HAC Data Summary for E-field – LTE TDD B41

TIAO Data Guillilary for E-field — ETE 100 041																
Mode / Band	Bandwidth (MHz)		UL-DL Config.		RB Size	RB Offset	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-Field Emissions																
LTE TDD / Band 41 PC3	15	39750	5	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	22.09	4.25	12.57	3.48	16.05	35.00	-18.95	M4	none
	15	40185	5	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	22.79	3.97	11.98	3.55	15.53	35.00	-19.47	M4	none
	15	40620	5	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	22.38	4.00	12.03	3.60	15.63	35.00	-19.37	M4	none
	15	41055	5	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	22.78	4.13	12.33	3.59	15.92	35.00	-19.08	M4	none
	15	41490	5	16QAM	1	0	Acoustic	22.68	3.68	11.31	3.54	14.85	35.00	-20.15	M4	none

Table 11-3 HAC Data Summary for E-field – LTE TDD B48

Mode / Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel	UL-DL Config.	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offset	Scan Center	Conducted Power at BS (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5
E-Field Emissions																
LTE TDD / Band 48	15	55315	5	16QAM	1	74	Acoustic	21.55	4.60	13.26	3.46	16.72	35.00	-18.28	M4	none
	15	55990	5	16QAM	1	74	Acoustic	21.89	5.04	14.05	3.58	17.63	35.00	-17.37	M4	none
	15	56665	5	16QAM	1	74	Acoustic	21.50	4.77	13.57	3.54	17.11	35.00	-17.89	M4	none

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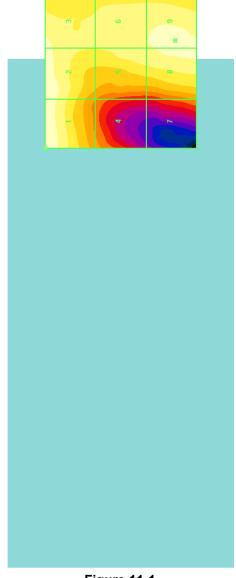


Figure 11-1
Sample E-field Scan Overlay
(See Test Setup Photographs for actual WD overlay)

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S/N:	81779

II. Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

Table 11-4 Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

Mode	Channel	Scan Center	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Time Avg. Field [dB(V/m)]	MIF (dB)	Audio Interference Level [dB(V/m)]	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC Margin (dB)	Result	Excl Blocks per 5.5
Probe Rotatio	Probe Rotation at Worst-Case									
GSM1900	810	Acoustic	15.43	23.77	3.54	27.31	35.00	-7.69	M4	none

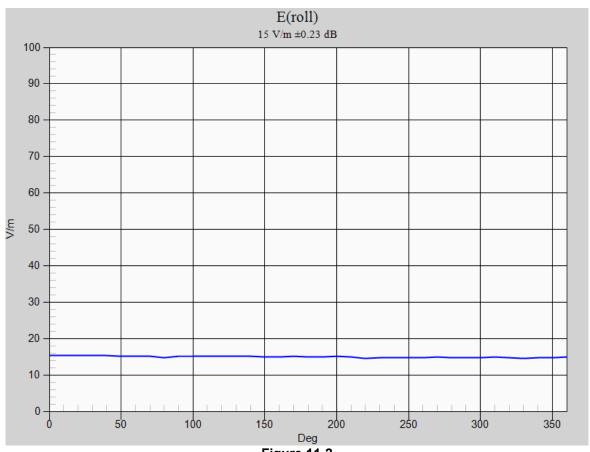


Figure 11-2 **Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis**

* Note: Locations of probe rotation (with and without exclusions) are shown in Figure 11-1 denoted by the green square markers.

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12. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 12-1 Equipment List

Manufacturer	Model	Description Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	3/11/2019	Annual	3/11/2021	MY45090700
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	2/19/2020	Annual	2/19/2021	MY47420651
Keysight Technologies	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	12/19/2019	Annual	12/19/2020	MY48010233
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	N/A	CBT*	N/A	433978
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	2/27/2020	Annual	2/27/2021	1244524
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	6/8/2020	Annual	6/8/2021	1344555
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	12/4/2019	Annual	12/4/2020	1126066
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	11/6/2019	Annual	11/6/2020	1405003
Control Company	4040	Temperature / Humidity Monitor	10/9/2018	Biennial	10/9/2020	181647812
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1226
Pasternack	PE2237-20	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A	CBT*	N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	6/23/2020	Annual	6/23/2021	161662
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication tester	5/21/2020	Annual	5/21/2021	128635
SPEAG	AIA	Audio Interference Analzyer	N/A	CBT*	N/A	1010
SPEAG	EF3DV3	Freespace E-field Probe	1/16/2019	Biennial	1/16/2021	4035
SPEAG	CD835V3	Freespace 835 MHz Dipole	2/19/2019	Biennial	2/19/2021	1003
SPEAG	CD1880V3	Freespace 1880 MHz Dipole	2/19/2019	Biennial	2/19/2021	1137
SPEAG	CD2600V3	Freespace 2600MHz Dipole	2/19/2019	Biennial	2/19/2021	1012
SPEAG	CD3500V3	Freespace 3500 MHz Dipole	1/15/2019	Biennial	1/15/2021	1005
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/12/2020	Annual	2/12/2021	665
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench	8/5/2020	Biennial	8/5/2022	N/A

Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

*Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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13. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 13-1Uncertainty Estimation Table

		Communicatio	•					
Uncertainty Estimation								
Uncertainty Component	Data (dB)	Data Type	Prob. Dist.	Divisor	Ci (E)	Unc. (dB)	Notes/Comments	
Measurement System						-	-	
RF System Reflections	0.50	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.50	* Refl. < -20 dB	
Field Probe Calibration	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.21		
Field Probe Isotropy	0.01	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.01		
Field Probe Frequency Response	0.135	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.14		
Field Probe Linearity	0.013	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.01		
Modulation Interference Factor	0.20	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	Applicable for M-rating testing	
Boundary Effects	0.105	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.06	*	
Probe Positioning Accuracy	0.20	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.12	*	
Probe Positioner	0.050	Accuracy	R	1.73	1	0.03	*	
Extrapolation/Interpolation	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*	
Resolution to 2mm error	0.21	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.21		
System Detection Limit	0.05	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*	
Readout Electronics	0.015	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.02	*	
Integration Time	0.11	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*	
Response Time	0.033	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.02	*	
Phantom Thickness	0.10	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*	
System Repeatability (Field x 2=power)	0.17	Tolerance	N	1.00	1	0.17	*	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning Vertical	0.2	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12	*	
Device Positioning Lateral	0.045	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.03	*	
Device Holder and Phantom	0.1	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.06	*	
Power Drift	0.21	Tolerance	R	1.73	1	0.12		
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)						0.66	16.3%	
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence]					1.31	32.6%		
Expanded Uncertainty [95% confidence]	on Field					0.66	16.3%	

Notes:

- Test equipments are calibrated according to techniques outlined in NIS81, NIS3003 and NIST Tech Note 1297. All
 equipments have traceability according to NIST. Measurement Uncertainties are defined in further detail in NIS 81
 and NIST Tech Note 1297 and UKAS M3003.
- 2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

Measurement uncertainty reflects the quality and accuracy of a measured result as compared to the true value. Such statements are generally required when stating results of measurements so that it is clear to the intended audience that the results may differ when reproduced by different facilities. Measurement results vary due to the measurement uncertainty of the instrumentation, measurement technique, and test engineer. Most uncertainties are calculated using the tolerances of the instrumentation used in the measurement, the measurement setup variability, and the technique used in performing the test. While not generally included, the variability of the equipment under test also figures into the overall measurement uncertainty. Another component of the overall uncertainty is based on the variability of repeated measurements (so-called Type A uncertainty). This may mean that the Hearing Aid immunity tests may have to be repeated by taking down the test setup and resetting it up so that there are a statistically significant number of repeat measurements to identify the measurement uncertainty. By combining the repeat measurement results with that of the instrumentation chain using the technique contained in NIS 81 and NIS 3003, the overall measurement uncertainty was estimated.

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14. TEST DATA

See following Attached Pages for Test Data.

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DUT: CD835V3 - SN1003

Type: CD835V3 Serial: 1003

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

835 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

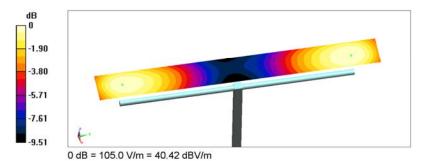
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 128.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 104.9 V/m



FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST: Froad to be port of the second	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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DUT: CD1880V3 - SN1137

Type: CD1880V3 Serial: 1137

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

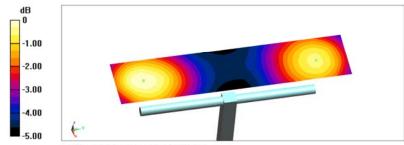
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

1880 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 155.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 90.4 V/m



0 dB = 93.27 V/m = 39.39 dBV/m

FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST: Froad to be port of the second	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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DUT: CD2600V3 - SN1012

Type: CD2600V3 Serial: 1012

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

2600 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

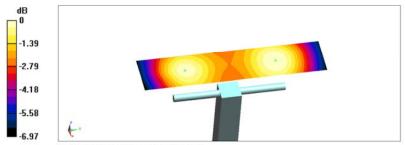
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 68.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 86.8 V/m



0 dB = 87.48 V/m = 38.84 dBV/m

FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST* Road to be post of \$\infty\$ resources	HAC (RE EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT		Approved by: Quality Manager
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DUT: CD3500V3 - SN1005

Type: CD3500V3 Serial: 1005

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 3500 MHz;

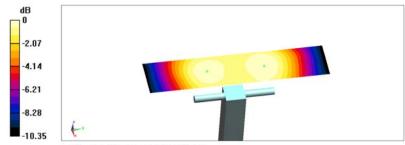
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

3500 MHz / 100mW HAC Dipole Validation at 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 39.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB Average Value of Peak (interpolated) = 89.2 V/m



0 dB = 89.77 V/m = 39.06 dBV/m

FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST: Proud to be port at the reserved	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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DUT: PY7-57441Y

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 81779 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

GSM850 Low Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 47.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Applied MIF = 3.53 dB
RF audio interference level = 35.02 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
32.85 dBV/m	33.31 dBV/m	32.76 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
33.82 dBV/m	34.39 dBV/m	34 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
34.79 dBV/m	35.02 dBV/m	34.37 dBV/m



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DUT: PY7-57441Y

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 81779 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

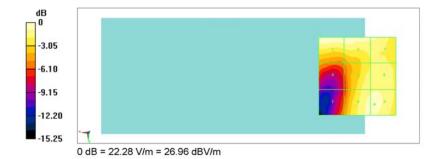
- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

GSM1900 High Channel/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 14.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Applied MIF = 3.54 dB
RF audio interference level = 27.00 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
27 dBV/m	26.98 dBV/m	26.3 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
22.47 dBV/m	25.81 dBV/m	25.91 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
22.19 dBV/m	26.12 dBV/m	26.15 dBV/m



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DUT: PY7-57441Y

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 81779 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:9.35

Communication System: LTE TDD41; Frequency: 2506 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

LTE TDD Band 41, 15MHz BW, Low Channel, UL-DL 5, 16QAM, 1RB, 0RB Offset

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 2.554 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Applied MIF = 3.48 dB
RF audio interference level = 16.05 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
14.15 dBV/m	14.93 dBV/m	15.44 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
14.31 dBV/m	14.49 dBV/m	15.38 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
Grid / IVI4	Glid 6 IVI-	Gild 9 IVI-



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Date: 10/6/2020



DUT: PY7-57441Y

Type: Portable Handset Serial: 81779 Backlight off Duty Cycle: 1:9.35

Communication System: LTE Band 48; Frequency: 3625 MHz;

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4035; Calibrated: 1/16/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 2/12/2020
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0);

LTE TDD Band 48, 15MHz BW, Mid Channel, UL-DL 5, 16QAM, 1 RB, 74 RB Offset

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 3.723 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

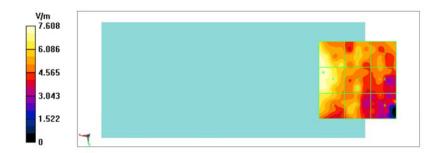
Applied MIF = 3.58 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.63 dBV/m

Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
17.51 dBV/m	15.6 dBV/m	14.62 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
I		
17.63 dBV/m	16.04 dBV/m	14.46 dBV/m
		14.46 dBV/m Grid 9 M4



PCTEST 2020

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CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES 15.

The following pages include the probe calibration used to evaluate HAC for the DUT.

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

PC Test

Certificate No: EF3-4035_Jan19

C

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EF3DV3- SN:4035

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

January 16, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
DAE4	SN: 789	14-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-789_Jan19)	Jan-20
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	09-Oct-18 (No. ER3-2328_Oct18)	Oct-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check; Oct-19

Name Function Calibrated by: Manu Seitz Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: January 17, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

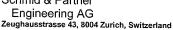
Certificate No: EF3-4035_Jan19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST: Froud to be port of the second	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z DCP

sensitivity in free space diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D

En

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis

Ep Polarization o

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005

CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 for XY sensors and ϑ = 90 for Z sensor (f \leq 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST: Froad to be port of the second	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4035

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²)	0.90	0.74	1.20	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	96.8	98.5	95.3	

Calibration results for Frequency Response (30 MHz = 6 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-Field V/m	Measured E-field (En) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Measured E-field (Ep) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Unc (k=2) %
30	77.3	76.8	-0.6%	77.3	0.1%	± 5.1 %
100	77.3	78.2	1.2%	77.8	0.7%	± 5.1 %
450	77.1	78.2	1.5%	77.8	0.9%	± 5.1 %
600	77.1	77.8	0.9%	77.5	0.5%	± 5.1 %
750	77.3	77.7	0.5%	77.2	-0.1%	± 5.1 %
1800	140.3	136.9	-2.4%	137.2	-2.2%	± 5.1 %
2000	133.0	129.4	-2.8%	129.4	-2.7%	± 5.1 %
2200	124.8	121.5	-2.7%	122.7	-1.7%	± 5.1 %
2500	123.7	120.7	-2.4%	121.9	-1.5%	± 5.1 %
3000	78.8	74.8	-5.0%	76.1	-3.5%	± 5.1 %
3500	256.3	248.1	-3.2%	246.0	-4.0%	± 5.1 %
3700	249.7	239.2	-4.2%	239.0	-4.3%	± 5.1 %
5200	50.7	50.7	-0.1%	51.2	0.9%	± 5.1 %
5500	49.6	48.9	-1.5%	48.7	-1.9%	± 5.1 %
5800	48.9	49.1	0.4%	49.3	0.8%	± 5.1 %

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Unc [⊨] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	141.5	+ 3.3 %	±4.7 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		125.6		17774
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		125.1		

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4035

Sensor Frequency Model Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z
Frequency Corr. (LF)	0.28	0.21	5.68
Frequency Corr. (HF)	2.82	2.82	2.82

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	57.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	335 mm
Probe Body Diameter	12 mm
Tip Length	25 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1.5 mm

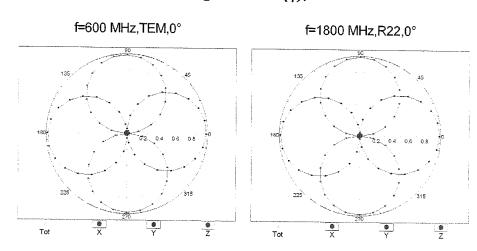
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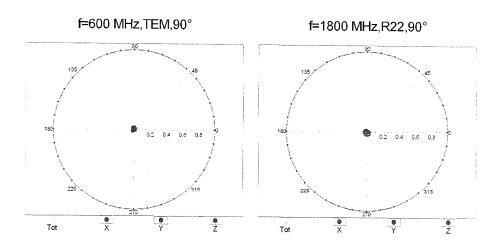
FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST: Froud to be port of the second	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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EF3DV3 – SN:4035 January 16, 2019

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

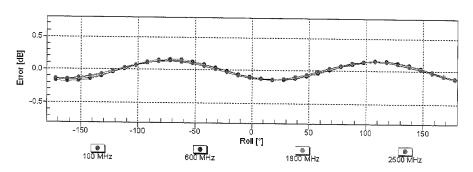


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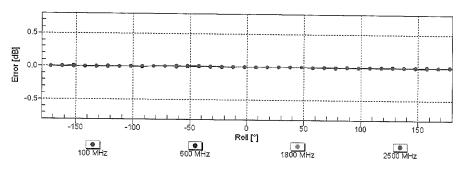
FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST Frond to be port of the second	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



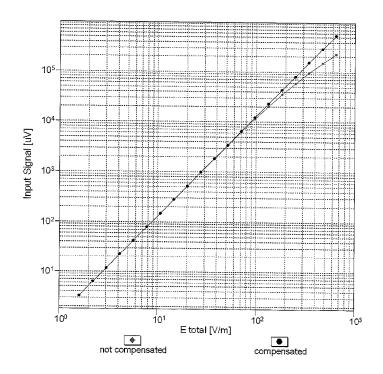
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

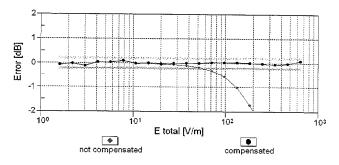
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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST Flood to be post of the secure	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: \pm 0.6% (k=2)

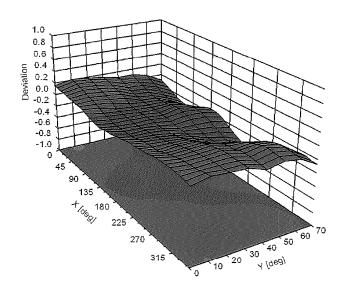
Certificate No: EF3-4035_Jan19

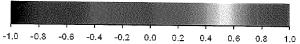
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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST:	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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	<u> </u>	•		

EF3DV3 - SN:4035 January 16, 2019

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: \pm 2.6% (k=2)

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Client

Certificate No: CD835V3-1003 Feb19

CALIBRATION	CENTIFICAT		
Object	CD835V3 - SN:	1003	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air yin		
Calibration date:	February 19, 20	19	
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical un probability are given on the following pages an pry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C	d are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID#	Col Data (Cartiffacta No.)	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673) 04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245		Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr 18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr 18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
DAE4	SN: 781	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19) 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20 Jan-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
ower meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
letwork Analyzer HP 8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:		Laboratory Technician	
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler		1164
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Alle-

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	POTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Engineering AG
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References

 ANSI-C63.19-2011
 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids,

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the
coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%

Certificate No: CD835V3-1003_Feb19 Page 2 of 5

FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST* Road to be got at \$ resource	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 60 of 86
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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	105.2 V/m = 40.44 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.1 V/m = 40.43 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	105.2 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	17.6 dB	40.4 Ω - 7.2 jΩ
835 MHz	25.8 dB	52.2 Ω + 4.7 jΩ
880 MHz	16.9 dB	62.1 Ω - 10.5 jΩ
900 MHz	16.9 dB	52.2 Ω - 14.6 Ω
945 MHz	21.6 dB	51.8 Ω + 8.3 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

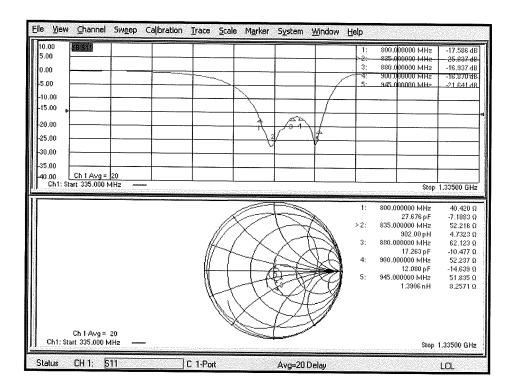
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 19.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: $1003\,$

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma=0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r=1$; $\rho=0$ kg/m 3 Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

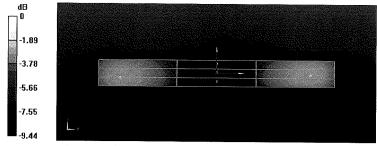
Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 127.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 40.44 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
39.75 dBV/m	40.43 dBV/m	40.43 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.35 dBV/m	35.75 dBV/m	35.73 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
40.15 dBV/m	40.44 dBV/m	40.36 dBV/m



0 dB = 105.2 V/m = 40.44 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1003_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 63 of 86
1M2007070106-12-R3.PY7	9/14/2020 - 10/7/2020	Portable Handset		rage 03 01 00

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client PC Test

Object

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1137 Feb19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air

3/19/201

Calibration date:

Calibration procedure(s)

February 19, 2019

QA CAL-20.v7

CD1880V3 - SN: 1137

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
1			

Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8358A	SN: US41080477		In house check: Oct-20
The state of the s	1014.0041000477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Name Function sign Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: February 20, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1137_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 64 of 86
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network
 Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was
 eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
 obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.			
Certificate No: CD1880V3-1137_Feb19	Page 2 of 7		

FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST* Road to be port of \$ received	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 65 of 86
1M2007070106-12-R3.PY7	9/14/2020 - 10/7/2020	Portable Handset		rage 65 01 66

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	95.0 V/m = 39.55 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	94.9 V/m = 39.55 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	95.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	88.9 V/m = 38.98 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	86.6 V/m = 38.75 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	87.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1137_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST* Road to 3a port of the resource	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 66 of 86
1M2007070106-12-R3.PY7	9/14/2020 - 10/7/2020	Portable Handset		rage oo oi oo

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Nominal Frequencies

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	22.5 dB	54.4 Ω + 6.5 jΩ
1880 MHz	21.1 dB	55.9 Ω + 7.2 jΩ
1900 MHz	21.0 dB	59.0 Ω + 3.6 jΩ
1950 MHz	27.3 dB	53.0 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.3 dB	$42.4 \Omega + 4.8 j\Omega$

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

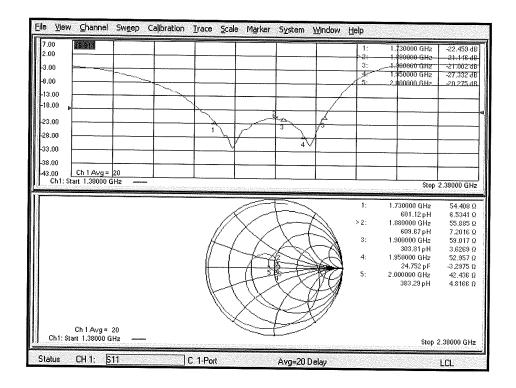
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1137_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Impedance Measurement Plot



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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST Proud to do post of ® resource	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 19.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1137

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m² Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz, ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1730 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 151.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dBRF audio interference level = 38.98 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.55 dBV/m	38.98 dBV/m	38.93 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
35.71 dBV/m	35.97 dBV/m	35.96 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.31 dBV/m	38.75 dBV/m	38.73 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1137_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST:	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz /E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1);

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 165.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

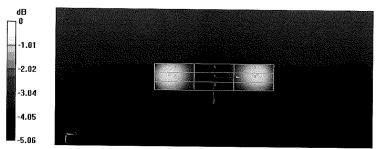
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.55 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
39.09 dBV/m	39.55 dBV/m	39.51 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
36.57 dBV/m	36.95 dBV/m	36.95 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
39.05 dBV/m	39.55 dBV/m	39.53 dBV/m



0 dB = 88.87 V/m = 38.98 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1137_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1012_Feb19

Object	CD2600V3 - SN	: 1012	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air		
Calibration date:	February 19, 20	19	
This calibration certificate docum	nents the traceability to nat	ional standards, which realize the physical un	its of measurements (SI).
		orobability are given on the following pages an	
All calibrations have been condu	cted in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C	C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
rimary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
ower sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
robe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Cabadulad Obsasla
ower meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	Scheduled Check
ower sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
ower sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check; Oct-20
F generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
letwork Analyzer HP 8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
alibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	NW.
pproved by:			WY
pproved by.	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	MIG

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1012_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST: Froud to be port of the second	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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References

1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network
 Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was
 eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
 obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	85.6 V/m = 38.65 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	84.7 V/m = 38.56 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	85.2 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	20.5 dB	42.7 Ω - 4.8 jΩ
2550 MHz	32.1 dB	48.9 Ω + 2.2 jΩ
2600 MHz	39.6 dB	50.3 Ω + 1.0 jΩ
2650 MHz	30.4 dB	53.0 Ω + 0.9 jΩ
2750 MHz	20.9 dB	48.9 Ω - 8.9 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the

enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

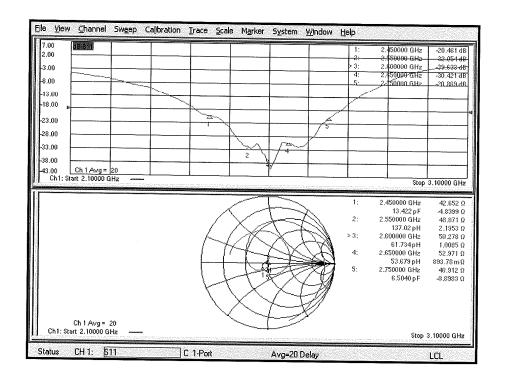
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1012_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST Proceed to the post of the resource	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 73 of 86
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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 19.02.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1012

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz - with/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 62.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

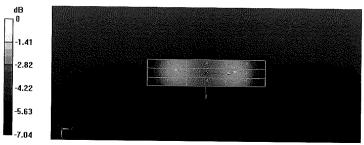
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.65 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.09 dBV/m	38.56 dBV/m	38.54 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.82 dBV/m	38.06 dBV/m	38.02 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.36 dBV/m	38.65 dBV/m	38.56 dBV/m



0 dB = 85.60 V/m = 38.65 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1012_Feb19

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FCC ID: PY7-57441Y	PCTEST	HAC (RF EMISSIONS) TEST REPORT	SONY	Approved by: Quality Manager
Filename:	Test Dates:	DUT Type:		Page 75 of 86
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

PC Tes

Certificate No: CD3500V3-1005_Jan19

	CERTIFICAT		
Object	CD3500V3 - SN:	1005	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	edure for Validation Sources in ai	r /0/4 21/1/2019
Calibration date:	January 15, 2019	9	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical univerbability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C	d are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672/02673)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02672)	Apr-19
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02673)	Apr-19
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02682)	Apr-19
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-18 (No. 217-02683)	Apr-19
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
Secondary Standards	' ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer HP 8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
	4 (2)(4)(2)(Laboratory Technician	e pen
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner		of flight
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	od Might WHL

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

,	ent is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the all distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.		
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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	3500 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 3500 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	85.1 V/m = 38.60 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	83.1 V/m = 38.39 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	84.1 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
3300 MHz	22.2 dB	58.1 Ω + 2.1 jΩ
3400 MHz	29.7 dB	53.4 Ω - 0.3 jΩ
3500 MHz	25.4 dB	55.2 Ω - 2.4 jΩ
3600 MHz	22.1 dB	49.6 Ω - 7.8 jΩ
3700 MHz	19.7 dB	41.3 Ω - 3.6 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

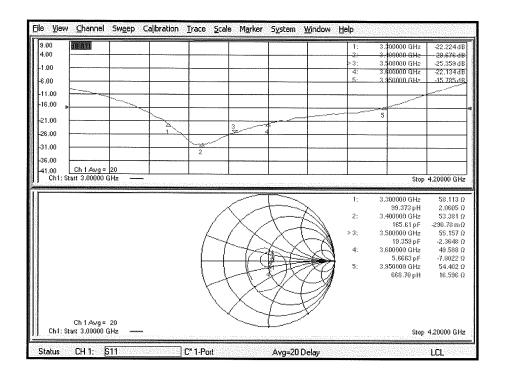
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

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Impedance Measurement Plot



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DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 15.01.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 3500 MHz; Type: CD3500V3; Serial: CD3500V3 - SN: 1005

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 3500 MHz Medium parameters used: $\sigma=0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r=1$; $\rho=0$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 3500 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 3500MHz/E-Scan - 3500MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 34.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

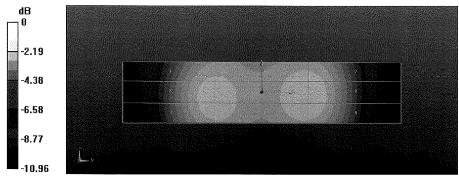
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.60 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
38.08 dBV/m	38.39 dBV/m	38.38 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
38.36 dBV/m	38.6 dBV/m	38.55 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.35 dBV/m	38.60 dBV/m	38.54 dBV/m



0 dB = 85.13 V/m = 38.60 dBV/m

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CONCLUSION 16.

The measurements indicate that the wireless communications device complies with the HAC limits specified in accordance with the ANSI C63.19 Standard and FCC WT Docket No. 01-309 RM-8658. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters specific to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the M-rating for this equipment only represents the field interference possible against a hypothetical and typical hearing aid. The measurement system and techniques presented in this evaluation are proposed in the ANSI standard as a means of best approximating wireless device compatibility with a hearing-aid. The literature is under continual re-construction.

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