

FCC ID: CQOFD00840

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06.

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following.

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \times [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$

1. SAR test exclusion threshold

Frequency: 433.92 MHz (min. separation distances = 0 mm)

Calculation value: $0.0005 \text{ (mW)} / 5 \text{ (mm)} \times \sqrt{0.43392} = 0.0001$
So, Calculation value ≤ 3.0

Remark;

- Max. Radiated field strength 61.95 (dB μ V/m): Max. E.I.R.P. of EUT = -33.31 dBm (0.0005 mW)
- When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

According to ANSI C63.10-2013.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EIRP[dBm]} &= \text{E[dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + 20\log(D) - 104.77 \\ &= \text{E[dB}\mu\text{V/m]} - 95.26 \\ &= 61.95 - 95.26 = -33.31 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

where:

E : the Field strength at 3m = 61.95 [dB μ V/m]
D : the measure distance in meter

2. Conclusion: No SAR is required.