



## FCC PART 15.247

## RSS-GEN ISSUE 5, MARCH 2019 AMENDMENT 1 RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017

### TEST REPORT

For

**FCC: VTech Telecommunications Ltd** 

FCC: 23/F Tai Ping Ind Center Block 1 57 Ting Kok Rd Tai Po NT, Hong Kong

#### ISEDC: VTECH TELECOMMUNICATIONS LIMITED

ISEDC: BL.1 23/F Tai Ping Industr Ctr. 57 Ting Kok Road Tai Po, NT Hongkong

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Original Report

Video Baby Monitor

**Report Number:** RSZ201106001B

**Report Date:** 2020-11-25

Jacob Kong

**Reviewed By:** RF Engineer

**Prepared By:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone,

Jacob Gong

Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)**

Product	Video Baby Monitor
Tested Model	VM3254 PU
Multiple Models	VM3254-2 PU, VM3254-ab PU, VM3256 PU, VM3256-2 PU, VM3256-ab PU, VM819 PU, VM819-2 PU, VM819-ab PU, VM3262 PU, VM3262-2 PU, VM3262-ab PU, VM923 PU, VM923-2 PU, VM923-ab PU (a=any alphanumeric character or blank is presenting number of baby unit; b = any alphanumeric character or blank is presenting color of enclosure.)
Model Differences	Refer to the DOS letter
HVIN	35-201481PU
Frequency Range	2405~2475MHz
Maximum conducted Peak output power	15.93dBm
Modulation Technique	GFSK
Antenna Specification*	Internal Antenna: 0dBi (It is provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 3.6 from battery or DC 5.0V from adapter
Date of Test	2020-11-15 to 2020-11-24
Sample serial number	RSZ201106001-RF-S1 ( Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen)
Received date	2020-11-06
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter information	Model:VT05EUS05100 Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz, 150mA Output: DC 5.0V, 1000mA

#### **Objective**

This test report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules and RSS-GEN Issue 5, March 2019 Amendment 1 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017 of the Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada rules

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

#### **Test Methodology**

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and RSS-GEN Issue 5, March 2019 Amendment 1 and RSS-247, Issue 2, February 2017.

For Radiated Emissions testing, please refer to DA 00-705 Released March 30, 2000, Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

#### **Measurement Uncertainty**

Parameter		Uncertainty	
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		±5%	
RF Output Power	with Power meter	±0.73dB	
RF conducted test with spectrum		±1.6dB	
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		±1.95dB	
Emissions,	Below 1GHz	±4.75dB	
Radiated	Above 1GHz	±4.88dB	
Temperature		±1℃	
Humidity		±6%	
Supply	voltages	±0.4%	

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

#### **Test Facility**

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 342867, the FCC Designation No.: CN1221.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0023.

#### **SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION**

#### **Description of Test Configuration**

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode.

32 channels are provided:

Channel	TX Frequency (MHz) Channe		RX Frequency (MHz)
1	2405	17	2439
2	2407	18	2441
3	2409	19	2444
4	2411	20	2446
5	2413	21	2450
6	2415	22	2452
7	2418	23	2454
8	2420	24	2456
9	2422	25	2458.5
10	2424	26	2460.5
11	2426	27	2462.5
12	2428	28	2467
13	2430	29	2469
14	2433	30	2471
15	2435	31	2473
16	2437	32	2475

EUT was tested with Channel 1, 17 and 32.

The frequency range of the system is operating from 2405MHz to 2475MHz. There are totally 32 non-overlapping channels, and 16 active channels out of the 32 channels at same time. There are 16 active channels out of the 32 channels. The 16 active channels are selected in pseudo random manner by default. The remaining 16 channels are spare channels which will be exchanged with active channels one at a time when any one of the active channels jamming with noise. Once an active channel has noise jamming during frequency hopping, it will be marked as dirty channel and exchanged with a spare channel after a dwell time. The spare channel is selected randomly so that at any time the active channels are always equally used in a pseudo random manner. The dirty channel become part of spare channels and can be used in active channels again after all the other spare channels have been used.

#### **EUT Exercise Software**

"ComTestSerial.exe" software was made to the EUT tested. The software was provided by the applicant.

#### **Special Accessories**

No special accessory.

### **Equipment Modifications**

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

#### **Support Equipment List and Details**

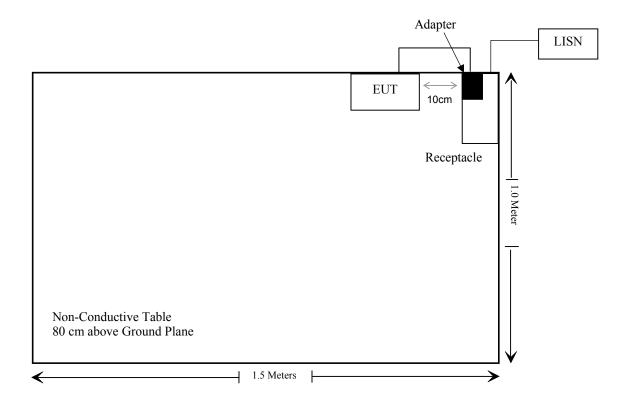
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
/	/	/	/

#### **External I/O Cable**

Cable Description	Cable Description Length (m)		То
Un-Shielding Detachable DC cable	1.5	Adapter	PU

#### **Block Diagram of Test Setup**

For conducted emission:



## **SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

FCC Rules	RSS-247/RSS-Gen Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) &§2.1093	RSS-102	RF Exposure (SAR)	Compliance
§15.203	RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.207(a)	RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	Radiated Emissions	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)	RSS- Gen§6.7, RSS-247 § 5.1 (a)	99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 20 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 § 5.1 (b)	Channel Separation Test	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 § 5.1 (d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliance
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 § 5.1 (d)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliance
§15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 § 5.1(b) &§ 5.4(b)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliance
§15.247(d)	RSS-247 § 5.5	Band edges	Compliance

## TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Conducted Emissions Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	101120	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Rohde & Schwarz	LISN	ENV216	101613	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Rohde & Schwarz	Transient Limitor	ESH3Z2	DE25985	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Unknown	CE Cable	CE Cable	UF A210B-1- 0720-504504	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Rohde & Schwarz	CE Test software	EMC 32	V8.53.0	NCR	NCR
	Radia	ated Emission T	'est		
R&S	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102455	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Sonoma instrument	Pre-amplifier	310 N	186238	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2017/12/22	2020/12/21
Unknown	Cable 2	Cable 2 RF Cable 2		2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Unknown	Cable	Chamber Cable 1	F-03-EM236	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test software	EMC 32	V9.10	NCR	NCR
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40-N	102259	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
COM-POWER	Pre-amplifier	PA-122	181919	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Quinstar	Amplifier	QLW- 18405536-J0	15964001002	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2017/12/22	2020/12/21
Insulted Wire Inc.	RF Cable	SPS-2503- 3150	02222010	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Unknown	RF Cable	W1101-EQ1 OUT	F-19-EM005	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
SNSD	Band Reject filter	BSF2402- 2480MN- 0898-001	2.4G filter	2020/04/20	2021/04/20
Ducommun Technolagies	Horn antenna	ARH-4223- 02	1007726-02 1304	2017/12/6	2020/12/5
	RF	<b>Conducted Tes</b>	t		
Rohde & Schwarz	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSU26	200982	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
WEINSCHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU3842	2019/11/29	2020/11/28
Unknown	RF Cable	Unknown	2301 276	2019/11/29	2020/11/28

<sup>\*</sup> Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307 (b) (1) &§2.1093 - RF EXPOSURE INFORMATION

## **Applicable Standard**

FCC§1.1307(b) and §2.1093.

#### **Test Result**

#### **Pass**

Please refer to the SAR report: RSZ201106001-20B.

#### **RSS-102 – RF EXPOSURE**

#### **Applicable Standard**

According to RSS-102, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

**Result: Pass** 

Please refer to SAR Report Number: RSZ201106001-20A

### FCC §15.203 & RSS-Gen §6.8–ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

#### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

#### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has one internal antenna arrangement, which was permanently attached and the antenna gain is 0dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

**Result: Pass** 

## FCC §15.207 (a) & RSS-Gen §8.8–AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

#### **Applicable Standard**

FCC §15.207(a)

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50  $\mu H$  / 50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table 4 shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

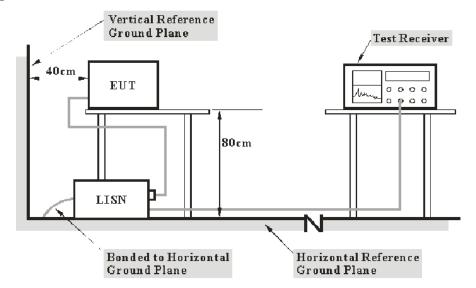
Table 4 - AC Power Lines Conducted Emission Limits					
Frequency range Conducted limit (dBµV)					
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak Average				
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 <sup>1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>1</sup>			
0.5 - 5	56	46			
5 – 30	60	50			

**Note 1:** The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

For an EUT with a permanent or detachable antenna operating between 150 kHz and 30 MHz, the AC power-line conducted emissions must be measured using the following configurations:

- (a) Perform the AC power-line conducted emissions test with the antenna connected to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 outside the transmitter's fundamental emission band.
- (b) Retest with a dummy load instead of the antenna to determine compliance with the limits of table 4 within the transmitter's fundamental emission band. For a detachable antenna, remove the antenna and connect a suitable dummy load to the antenna connector. For a permanent antenna, remove the antenna and terminate the RF output with a dummy load or network that simulates the antenna in the fundamental frequency band.

#### **EUT Setup**



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.

2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The measurement procedure of EUT setup is according with ANSI C63.10-2013. The related limit was specified in FCC Part 15.207 & RSS-247/RSS-Gen limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

#### **EMI Test Receiver Setup**

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

#### **Test Procedure**

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

#### **Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation**

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

Correction Factor = LISN VDF + Cable Loss + Transient Limiter Attenuation

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

#### **Test Data**

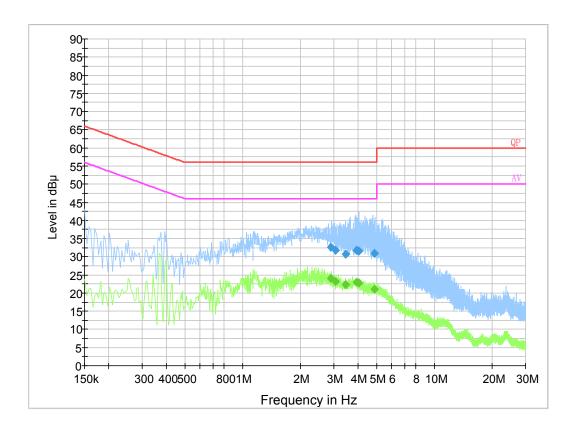
#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 ℃
Relative Humidity:	65 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Haiguo Li on 2020-11-16.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting (worst case at low channel)

#### AC 120V/60 Hz, Line



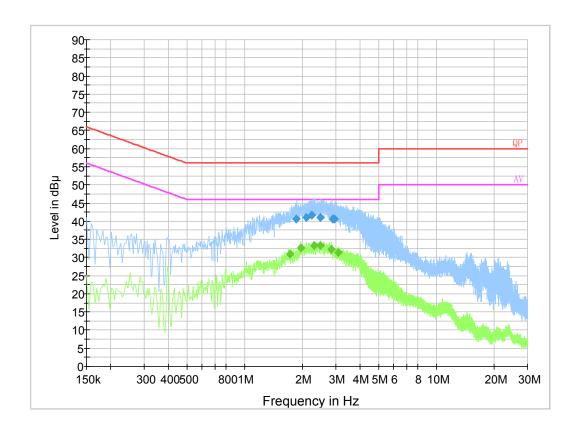
#### **Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB µ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB µ V)
2.878350	32.6	9.000	L1	19.9	23.4	56.0
3.056430	31.8	9.000	L1	19.9	24.2	56.0
3.446430	30.7	9.000	L1	19.9	25.3	56.0
3.947590	31.7	9.000	L1	19.9	24.3	56.0
4.033370	31.5	9.000	L1	19.9	24.5	56.0
4.857790	30.9	9.000	L1	19.9	25.1	56.0

## Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dB µ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB µ V)
2.878350	24.1	9.000	L1	19.9	21.9	46.0
3.056430	23.2	9.000	L1	19.9	22.8	46.0
3.446430	22.3	9.000	L1	19.9	23.7	46.0
3.947590	23.1	9.000	L1	19.9	22.9	46.0
4.033370	22.7	9.000	L1	19.9	23.3	46.0
4.857790	21.1	9.000	L1	19.9	24.9	46.0

#### AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral



## **Final Result 1**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB µ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB µ V)
1.861890	40.5	9.000	N	19.9	15.5	56.0
2.106530	40.9	9.000	N	19.9	15.1	56.0
2.247830	41.7	9.000	N	19.8	14.3	56.0
2.484290	40.9	9.000	N	19.8	15.1	56.0
2.898890	40.5	9.000	N	19.9	15.5	56.0
2.957330	40.5	9.000	N	19.9	15.5	56.0

## Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dB µ V)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dB µ V)
1.730000	31.0	9.000	N	19.8	15.0	46.0
1.970000	32.6	9.000	N	19.9	13.4	46.0
2.314000	33.3	9.000	N	19.8	12.7	46.0
2.478000	33.4	9.000	N	19.8	12.6	46.0
2.838000	32.2	9.000	N	19.9	13.8	46.0
3.074000	31.4	9.000	N	19.9	14.6	46.0

## FCC §15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5– RADIATED EMISSIONS

#### **Applicable Standard**

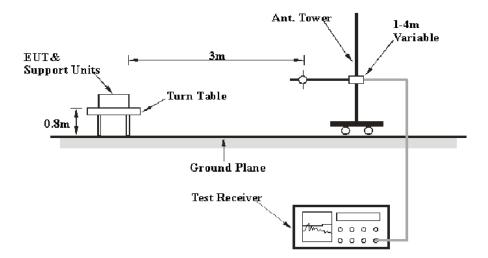
FCC §15.205; §15.209; §15.247(d)

According to RSS-247 §5.5

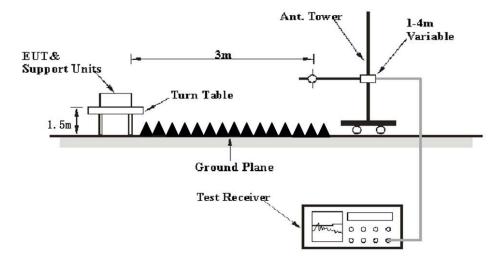
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

#### **EUT Setup**

#### **Below 1 GHz:**



#### **Above 1GHz:**



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209 and FCC 15.247 & RSS-247/RSS-Gen limits.

#### **EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup**

During the radiated emission test, according to the DA 00-705 Released March 30, 2000, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Measurement
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
Above I GHZ	1 MHz	10 Hz	/	Average

#### **Test Procedure**

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz -1 GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

#### **Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation**

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain

The "Margin" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

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#### **Test Data**

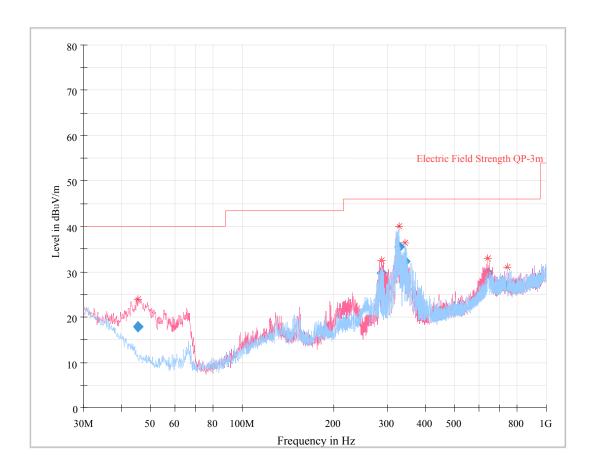
#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	27~28.4 °C	
Relative Humidity:	42~52 %	
ATM Pressure:	101.0~101.1 kPa	

The testing was performed by Holland Yang on 2020-11-15 for below 1GHz and by Leven Gan on 2020-11-16 for above 1GHz.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

#### **30 MHz~1 GHz:** (the worst case at Low channel)



## Final\_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB µ V/m)	Limit (dB µ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
45.200875	17.89	40.00	22.11	102.0	V	52.0	-14.2
287.285500	29.60	46.00	16.40	229.0	V	188.0	-9.6
327.221000	35.41	46.00	10.59	109.0	Н	310.0	-8.8
342.000625	32.33	46.00	13.67	110.0	Н	321.0	-8.6
641.758625	29.61	46.00	16.39	109.0	V	176.0	-2.1
747.012125	26.86	46.00	19.14	114.0	Н	181.0	-0.2

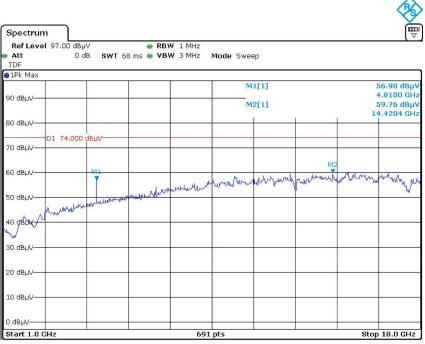
#### 1 GHz - 25 GHz:

Т	Re	eceiver	TD 4 11	Rx An	itenna	Corrected	Corrected	T,	24
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	PK/QP/Ave.	Turntable Degree	Height (m)		Factor (dB/m)	Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
			Low Ch	annel (2	2405 MI	Hz)			
2389.64	28.89	PK	62	1.1	Н	31.87	60.76	74	13.24
2389.64	14.53	Ave.	62	1.1	Н	31.87	46.40	54	7.60
2484.96	28.81	PK	183	1.3	Н	32.13	60.94	74	13.06
2484.96	14.55	Ave.	183	1.3	Н	32.13	46.68	54	7.32
4810.00	53.23	PK	210	1.4	Н	6.28	59.51	74	14.49
4810.00	38.07	Ave.	210	1.4	Н	6.28	44.35	54	9.65
7215.00	44.28	PK	188	1.6	Н	11.93	56.21	74	17.79
7215.00	31.41	Ave.	188	1.6	Н	11.93	43.34	54	10.66
			Middle C	hannel	(2439 M	(Hz)			
4878.00	52.04	PK	141	1.3	Н	6.76	58.80	74	15.20
4878.00	36.31	Ave.	141	1.3	Н	6.76	43.07	54	10.93
7317.00	44.12	PK	324	2.0	Н	11.56	55.68	74	18.32
7317.00	31.19	Ave.	324	2.0	Н	11.56	42.75	54	11.25
			High Cl	nannel (2	2475 MI	Hz)			
2389.40	28.71	PK	56	2.1	Н	31.87	60.58	74	13.42
2389.40	14.56	Ave.	56	2.1	Н	31.87	46.43	54	7.57
2484.77	28.57	PK	308	1.7	Н	32.13	60.70	74	13.30
2484.77	14.48	Ave.	308	1.7	Н	32.13	46.61	54	7.39
4950.00	51.29	PK	297	1.4	Н	6.80	58.09	74	15.91
4950.00	35.47	Ave.	297	1.4	Н	6.80	42.27	54	11.73
7425.00	43.89	PK	106	1.6	Н	12.39	56.28	74	17.72
7425.00	30.75	Ave.	106	1.6	Н	12.39	43.14	54	10.86

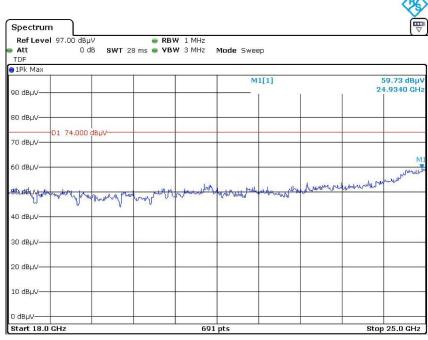
Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading Margin = Limit - Corrected. Amplitude

The other spurious emission which is 20dB to the limit was not recorded.

#### Pre-scan with low channel Peak Horizontal

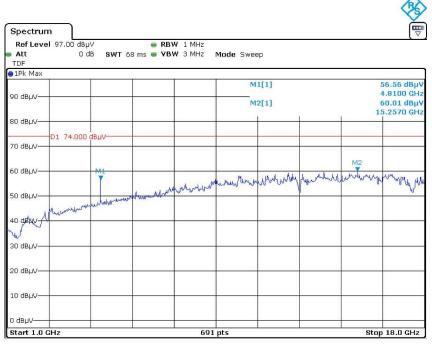


Date: 16.NOV.2020 18:27:42

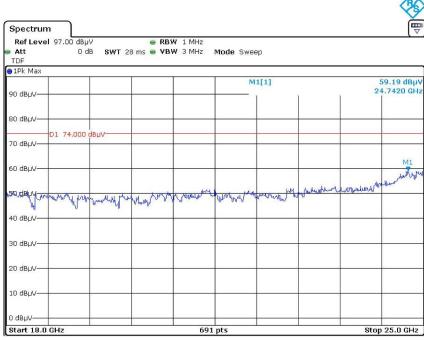


Date: 16.NOV.2020 19:17:51

#### Vertical

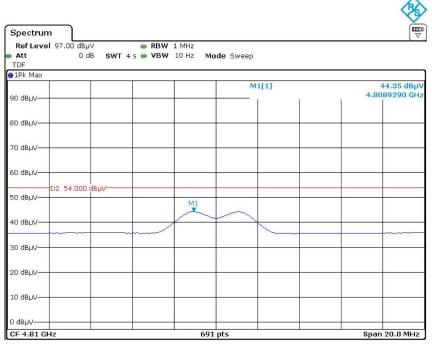


Date: 16.Nov.2020 18:38:47

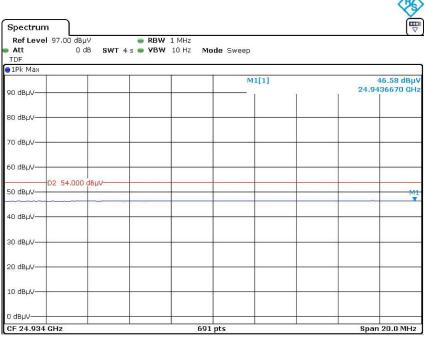


Date: 16.NOV.2020 19:30:05

#### Pre-scan for Average Horizontal

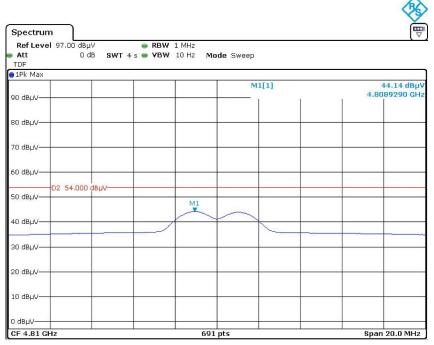


Date: 16.NOV.2020 18:34:28

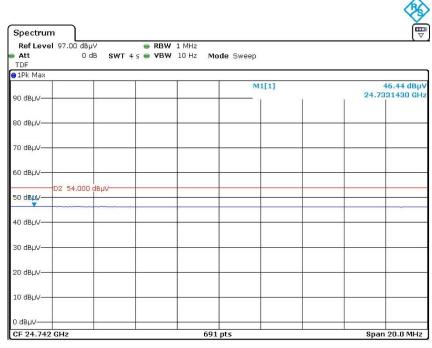


Date: 16.NOV.2020 19:21:14

#### Vertical



Date: 16.NOV.2020 18:42:22



Date: 16.NOV.2020 19:33:38

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (b)-CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

#### **Applicable Standard**

Frequency hopping systems shall have hoping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

#### **Test Procedure**

- 1. Set the EUT in transmitting mode, max hold the channel.
- 2. Set the adjacent channel of the EUT and max hold another trace.
- 3. Measure the channel separation.

#### **Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	26.5 ℃	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa	

The testing was performed by Coco Liu on 2020-11-19.

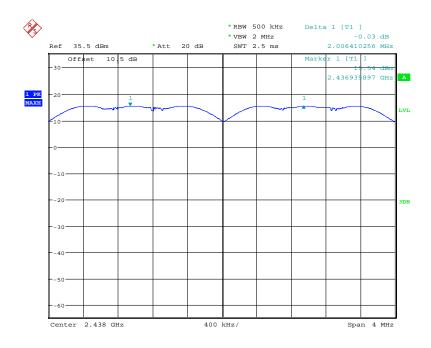
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**Test Result: Pass** 

Please refer to following table and plots.

Report No.: RSZ201106001B

Note: The limit > two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth



Date: 19.NOV.2020 23:54:12

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) & RSS- Gen § 6.7 & RSS-247 § 5.1 (a) – 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & 20 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

#### **Applicable Standard**

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the "20 dB bandwidth" is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated 20 dB below the maximum inband power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

#### **Test Procedure**

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and 20 dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / 20 dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / 20 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).



#### **Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25.8 ℃	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa	

The testing was performed by Coco Liu on 2020-11-19.

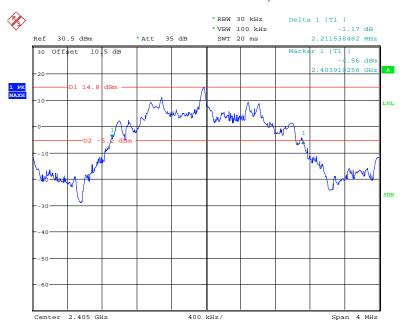
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**Test Result: Pass** 

Please refer to following table and plots.

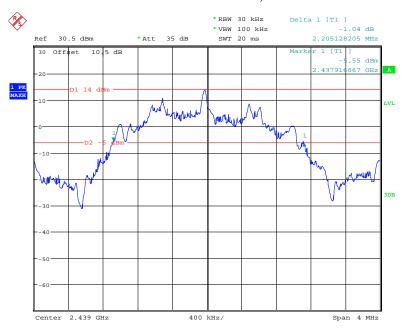
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2405	2.173	2.212
Middle	2439	2.160	2.205
High	2475	2.173	2.218

#### 20 dB Emission Bandwidth, Low Channel



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#### 20 dB Emission Bandwidth, Middle Channel



Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:17:55

#### 20 dB Emission Bandwidth, High Channel



Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:17:13

#### 99% Emission Bandwidth, Low Channel



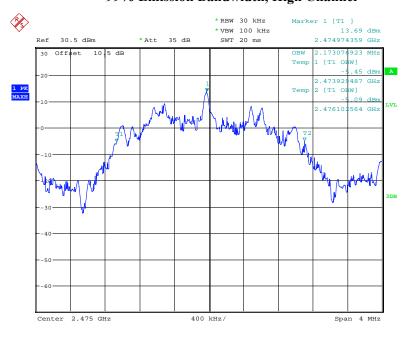
Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:12:58

#### 99% Emission Bandwidth, Middle Channel



Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:12:38

#### 99% Emission Bandwidth, High Channel



Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:12:05

## FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (d) - QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

#### **Applicable Standard**

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

#### **Test Procedure**

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Set the EUT in hopping mode from first channel to last.
- 3. By using the max-hold function record the quantity of the channel.

#### **Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	26.5 ℃	
Relative Humidity:	56 %	
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa	

The testing was performed by Coco Liu on 2020-11-19.

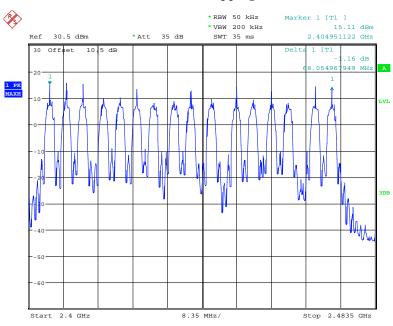
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**Test Result: Pass** 

Please refer to following table and plots.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Hopping Channel (CH)	Limit (CH)
2405-2475	16	≥15

#### **Number of Hopping Channels**



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# FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) & RSS-247 § 5.1 (d) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

#### **Applicable Standard**

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

#### **Test Procedure**

- 1. The EUT was worked in channel hopping.
- 2. Set the RBW to: 1MHz.
- 3. Set the VBW  $\geq$  3×RBW.
- 4. Set the span to 0Hz.
- 5. Detector = peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Recorded the time of single pulses

#### **Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	26.5 ℃
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Coco Liu on 2020-11-19.

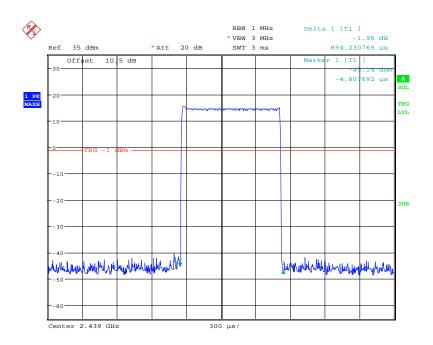
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**Test Result: Pass** 

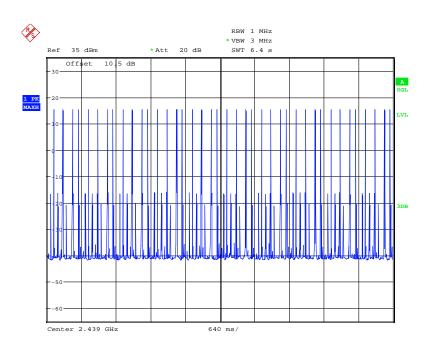
Please refer to following table and plots

Test Mode	Channel	Pulse Time (ms)	Total Hops	Period Time (s)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
Hopping	2439	0.894	42	6.4	37.548	400	Pass

Note 1: A period time=0.4\*16=6.4(s), Result=Pulse Time\* Total Hops



Date: 19.NOV.2020 22:46:53



Date: 19.NOV.2020 22:47:53

## FCC §15.247(b) (1) & RSS-247 § 5.1(b) &§ 5.4(b) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

#### Applicable Standard

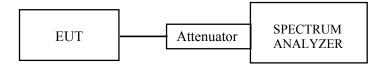
According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. And for all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

For frequency hopping systems (FHSs) operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W (see Section 5.4(e) for exceptions).

Frequency hopping systems (FHSs) shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided that the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W.

#### **Test Procedure**

- 1. Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to one test equipment.
- 3. Add a correction factor to the display.



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#### **Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25.8 ℃
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Coco Liu on 2020-11-19.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

**Test Result: Pass** 

Please refer to following table.

Report No.: RSZ201106001B

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Low	2405	15.93	21
Middle	2439	14.96	21
High	2475	14.64	21

Note: the antenna gain is 2dBi. The maximum EIRP is 15.93dBm+0dBi=15.93dBm, less than 36dBm, so it's compliance with the ISED EIRP limit.

#### Low Channel



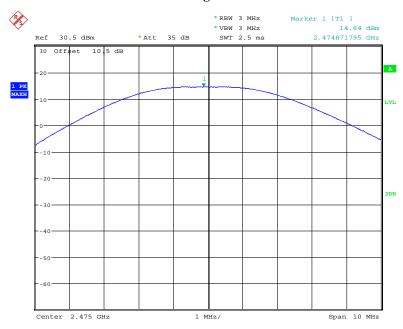
Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:10:38

### Middle Channel



Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:11:09

#### **High Channel**



Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:11:23

### FCC §15.247(d) & RSS-247 § 5.5 - BAND EDGES TESTING

#### **Applicable Standard**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to RSS-247 § 5.5.

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(e), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

#### **Test Procedure**

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

#### **Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	26.5 ℃
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9~101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Coco Liu on 2020-11-19 and 2020-11-24.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

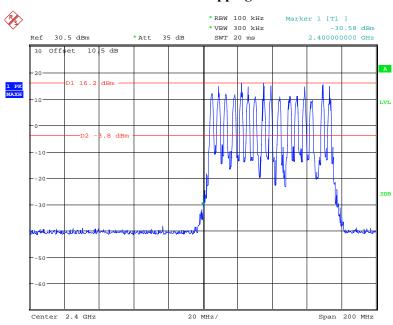
**Test Result: Pass** 

Please refer to following plots.

#### \*

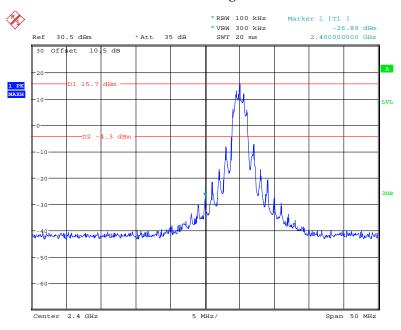
Report No.: RSZ201106001B

## Band Edge-Left Side Hopping



Date: 19.NOV.2020 15:17:30

#### Single

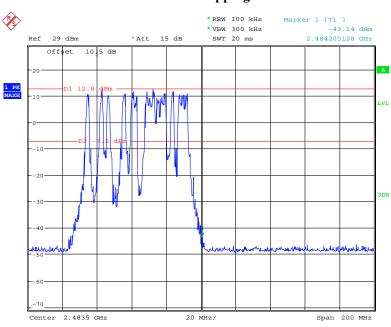


Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:13:46

#### Report No.: RSZ201106001B

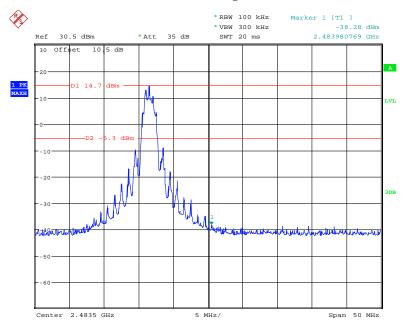
#### **Band Edge-Right Side**

#### **Hopping**



Date: 24.NOV.2020 23:49:25

#### Single



Date: 19.NOV.2020 16:14:27

#### \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*