



FCC PART 15C TEST REPORT

No. I23Z60867-IOT02

for

TCL Communication Ltd.

GSM Mobile phone

Model Name: T302D,T302X

FCC ID: 2ACCJB209

with

Hardware Version: V1.0

Software Version: V1.1

Issued Date: 2023-6-2

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government.

Test Laboratory:

CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I23Z60867-IOT02	Rev.0	1st edition	2023-6-2

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1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Introduction & Accreditation

Telecommunication Technology Labs, CAICT is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 accredited test laboratory under NATIONAL VOLUNTARY LABORATORY ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (NVLAP) with lab code 600118-0, and is also an FCC accredited test laboratory (CN5017), and ISED accredited test laboratory (ISED#: 24849). The detail accreditation scope can be found on NVLAP website.

1.2. Testing Location

Conducted testing Location: CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,
P. R. China100191

Radiated testing Location: CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,
P. R. China100191

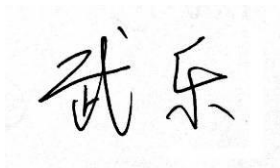
1.3. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature: 20-27℃
Relative Humidity: 20-50%

1.4. Project data

Testing Start Date: 2023-5-8
Testing End Date: 2023-6-2

1.5. Signature



Wu Le
(Prepared this test report)



Sun Zhenyu
(Reviewed this test report)



Hu Xiaoyu
(Approved this test report)

2. Client Information

2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: TCL Communication Ltd.
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City: Hong Kong
Postal Code: /
Country: China
Telephone: +86 755 3661 1621
Fax: +86 755 3661 2000-81722

2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: TCL Communication Ltd.
Address /Post: 5/F, Building 22E, 22 Science Park East Avenue, Hong Kong Science
Park, Shatin, NT, Hong Kong
City: Hong Kong
Postal Code: /
Country: China
Telephone: +86 755 3661 1621
Fax: +86 755 3661 2000-81722

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1. About EUT

Description	GSM Mobile phone
Model Name	T302D,T302X
FCC ID	2ACCJB209
Frequency Band	ISM 2400MHz~2483.5MHz
Type of Modulation	GFSK/ $\pi/4$ DQPSK/8DPSK
Number of Channels	79
Power Supply	3.8V DC by Battery
Antenna gain	-5.9dBi

3.2. Internal Identification of EUT

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version	Date of receipt
EUT1(T302D)	351052820002059/ 351052820002067	V1.0	V1.1	2023-5-8
EUT2(T302D)	351052820001499/ 351052820001507	V1.0	V1.1	2023-5-8

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3. Internal Identification of AE

AE ID*	Description		
AE1-1	Battery	/	Inbuilt
AE1-2	Battery	/	/
AE1-3	Battery	/	/
AE1-4	Battery	/	/
AE2	USB Cable	/	/
AE3-1	Charger	/	/
AE3-2	Charger	/	/
AE3-3	Charger	/	/
AE3-4	Charger	/	/
AE4	Headset	/	/

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

AE1-1

Model	TLi010EA
Manufacturer	Zhongshan Tianmao Battery Co.,Ltd.
Capacity	1000mAh
Nominal Voltage	3.7V

AE1-2

Model	TLi010CA
Manufacturer	Zhongshan Tianmao Battery Co.,Ltd.
Capacity	1000mAh
Nominal Voltage	3.7V

AE1-3

Model	TLi010CB
Manufacturer	Shenzhen Aerospace Electronic Co., Ltd.
Capacity	1000mAh
Nominal Voltage	3.7V

AE1-4

Model	TLi010EB
Manufacturer	Shenzhen Aerospace Electronic Co., Ltd.
Capacity	1000mAh
Nominal Voltage	3.7V

AE2

Model	810-T28700000
Manufacturer	JUWEI
Length of cable	/

AE3-1

Model	XT-252E-5055
Manufacturer	BaiJunDa Electronic Private Ltd
Length of cable	/

AE3-2

Model	XT-252A-5055
Manufacturer	BaiJunDa Electronic Private Ltd
Length of cable	/

AE3-3

Model	XT-536B-5055A
Manufacturer	BaiJunDa Electronic Private Ltd
Length of cable	/

AE3-4

Model	MC-701
Manufacturer	BaiJunDa Electronic Private Ltd
Length of cable	/

AE4

Model	805-T28700000
Manufacturer	JUWEI
Length of cable	/

3.4. Normal Accessory setting

Fully charged battery should be used during the test.

3.5. General Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of GSM Mobile phone with integrated antenna. It consists of normal options: lithium battery, charger. Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfill the test. Samples undergoing test were selected by the Client.

4. Reference Documents

4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT parameters, referring to Annex A for detailed information, is supplied by the client or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
FCC Part15	FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C:	
	15.205 Restricted bands of operation;	
	15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements;	2021
	15.247 Operation within the bands 902–928MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz.	
ANSI C63.10	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices	June,2013

5. Test Results

5.1. Summary of Test Results

Abbreviations used in this clause:

P Pass, The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.

F Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard

NA Not Applicable, The test was not applicable

NP Not Performed, The test was not performed by CTTL

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS	Sub-clause	Verdict
Peak Output Power	15.247 (b)(1)	P
Frequency Band Edges- Conducted	15.247 (d)	P
Frequency Band Edges- Radiated	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	P
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted	15.247 (d)	P
Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	P
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247 (a) (1)(iii)	P
20dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	NA
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	P
Number of hopping channels	15.247 (a)(iii)	P
AC Powerline Conducted Emission	15.107, 15.207	P

Please refer to **ANNEX A** for detail.

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

5.2. Statements

CTTL has evaluated the test cases requested by the applicant /manufacturer as listed in section 5.1 of this report for the EUT specified in section 3 according to the standards or reference documents listed in section 4.2

The T302D is a new product for this testing. The T302X is a variant product of T302D and shares the T302D results. For detail differences between two models please refer the Declaration of Changes document.

6. Test Facilities Utilized

Conducted test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	100024	R&S	1 year	2024-03-09
2	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100315	R&S	1 year	2024-03-08
3	LISN	ENV216	101200	R&S	1 year	2023-06-29
4	Test Receiver	ESCI	100344	R&S	1 year	2024-02-21
5	Shielding Room	S81	/	ETS-Lindgren	/	/

Radiated emission test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Test Receiver	ESW44	103144	R&S	1 year	2023-10-25
2	EMI Antenna	3115	00167250	ETS-Lindgren	1 year	2023-06-20
3	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	101042	R&S	1 year	2024-01-15
4	EMI Antenna	VULB 9163	01223	SCHWARZBECK	1 year	2023-07-25
5	EMI Antenna	HFH2-Z2	829324/007	R&S	2 years	2024-12-23
6	EMI Antenna	3116	2663	ETS-Lindgren	1 year	2023-11-22

7. Measurement Uncertainty

7.1. Peak Output Power - Conducted

Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.66dB
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7.2. Frequency Band Edges - Conducted

Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.66dB
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7.3. Frequency Band Edges - Radiated

Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	/
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7.4. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted

Measurement Uncertainty:

Frequency Range	Uncertainty (k=2)
30 MHz ~ 8 GHz	1.22dB
8 GHz ~ 12.75 GHz	1.51dB
12.7GHz ~ 26 GHz	1.51dB

7.5. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Radiated

Measurement Uncertainty:

Frequency Range	Uncertainty(dBm) (k=2)
9kHz-30MHz	4.92
$30\text{MHz} \leq f \leq 1\text{GHz}$	5.15
$1\text{GHz} \leq f \leq 18\text{GHz}$	5.54
$18\text{GHz} \leq f \leq 40\text{GHz}$	5.26

7.6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	0.88ms
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7.7. 20dB Bandwidth

Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	61.936Hz
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7.8. Carrier Frequency Separation

Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	61.936Hz
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7.9. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

Measurement Uncertainty:

Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)	3.08dB
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ANNEX A: EUT parameters

Disclaimer: The antenna gain provided by the client may affect the validity of the measurement results in this report, and the client shall bear the impact and consequences arising therefrom.

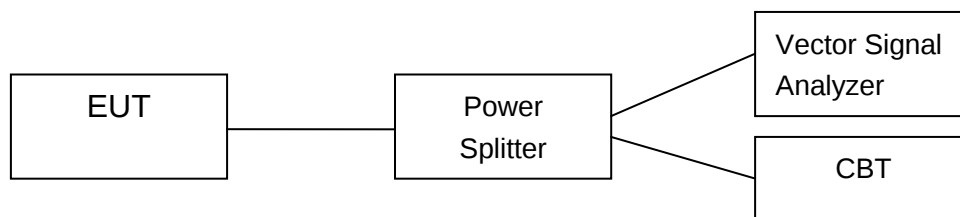
ANNEX B: Detailed Test Results

B.1. Measurement Method

B.1.1. Conducted Measurements

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

- 1). Connect the EUT to the test system correctly.
- 2). Set the EUT to the required work mode (Transmitter, receiver or transmitter & receiver).
- 3). Set the EUT to the required channel.
- 4). Set the EUT hopping mode (hopping or hopping off).
- 5). Set the spectrum analyzer to start measurement.
- 6). Record the values. Vector Signal Analyzer



B.1.2. Radiated Emission Measurements

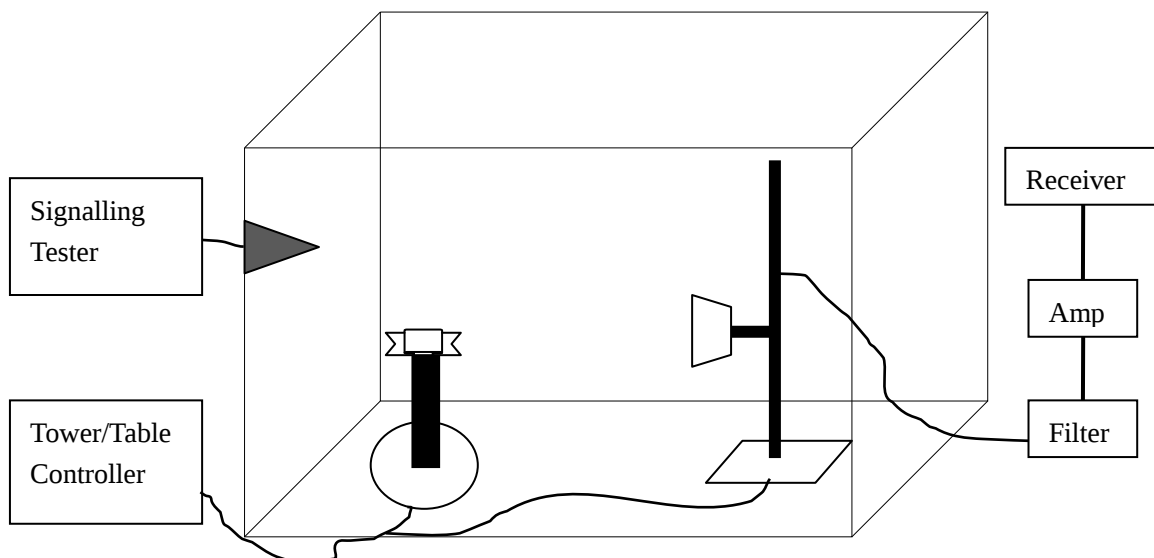
The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

The radiated emission test is performed in semi-anechoic chamber. The distance from the EUT to the reference point of measurement antenna is 3m. The test is carried out on both vertical and horizontal polarization and only maximization result of both polarizations is kept. During the test, the turntable is rotated 360° and the measurement antenna is moved from 1m to 4m to get the maximization result.

In the case of radiated emission, the used settings are as follows,

Sweep frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz, RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz;

Sweep frequency from 1 GHz to 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz;



B.2. Peak Output Power

B.2.1. Peak Output Power – Conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.5

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span: 6MHz
- RBW: 3MHz
- VBW: 3MHz
- Sweep time: 2.5ms
- Detector function: peak
- Trace: max hold

b) Allow trace to stabilize.

c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.

d) The indicated level is the peak output power.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limits	
FCC Part 15.247 (b)(1)	Bandwidth $\leq$ 1MHz	30dBm (1W)
	Bandwidth $>$ 1MHz	21dBm (125mW)

Measurement Results:

For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	8.83	8.61	8.47	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	7.47	7.40	7.20	P

For 8DPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	7.69	7.58	7.45	P

Conclusion: PASS

B.2.2. E.I.R.P.

The radiated E.I.R.P. is listed below:

Antenna gain = -5.9dBi

For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
E.I.R.P (dBm)	2.93	2.71	2.57	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
E.I.R.P (dBm)	1.57	1.50	1.30	P

For 8DPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
E.I.R.P (dBm)	1.79	1.68	1.55	P

Note: E.I.R.P. are calculated with the antenna gain.

Conclusion: PASS

B.3. Frequency Band Edges – Conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.6

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

- Span: 10 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth: 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Sweep Time: Auto
- Detector: Peak
- Trace: max hold

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. Save the spectrum analyzer plot. Repeat for each power and modulation for lowest and highest channel.

Observe the stored trace and measure the amplitude delta between the peak of the fundamental and the peak of the band-edge emission. This is not an absolute field strength measurement; it is only a relative measurement to determine the amount by which the emission drops at the band edge relative to the highest fundamental emission level.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	< -20

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power (dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.1	-57.31	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.2	-60.36	P
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.3	-60.30	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.4	-63.91	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power (dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.5	-54.48	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.6	-57.96	P
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.7	-59.75	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.8	-61.87	P

For 8DPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power (dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.9	-56.25	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.10	-57.92	P
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.11	-60.60	P

	Hopping ON	Fig.12	-60.65	P
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Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below

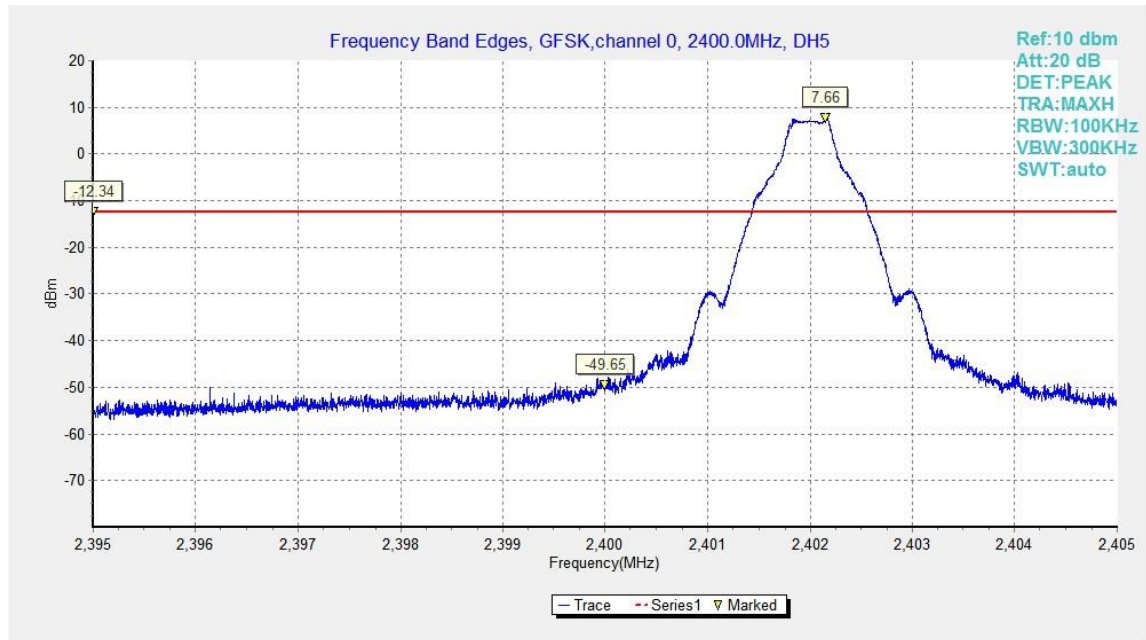


Fig.1. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

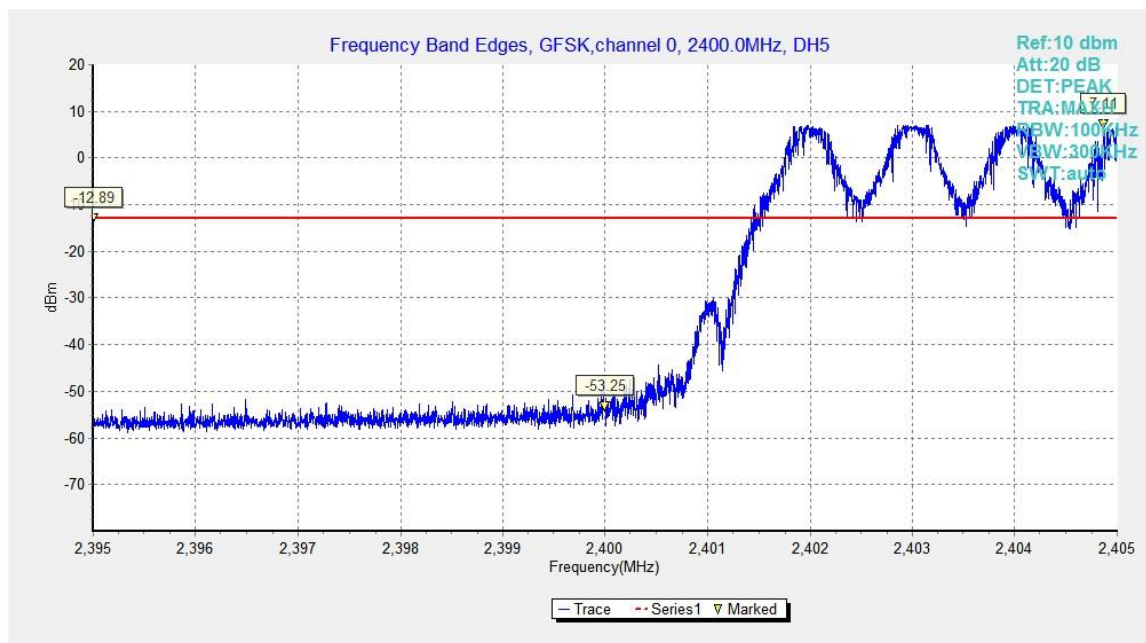


Fig.2. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping On

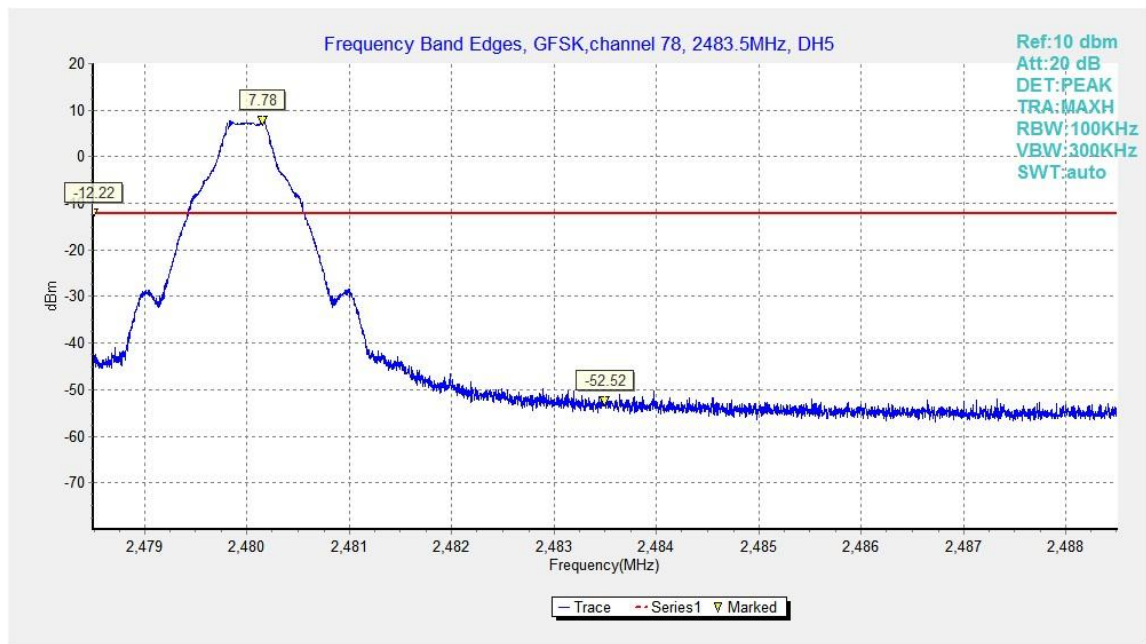


Fig.3. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

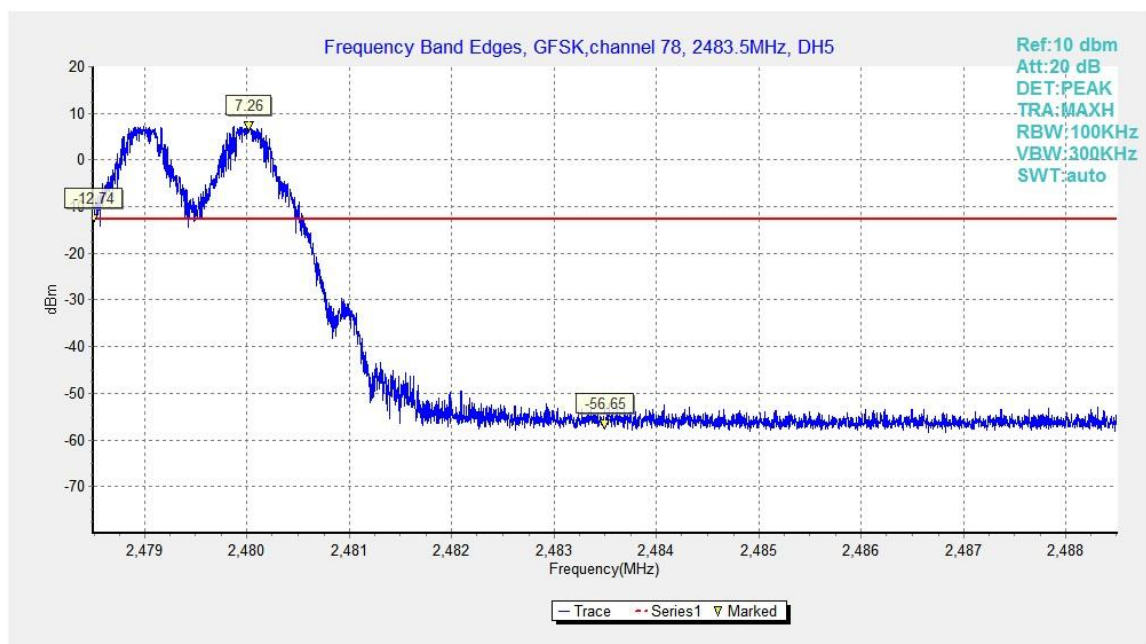


Fig.4. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping On

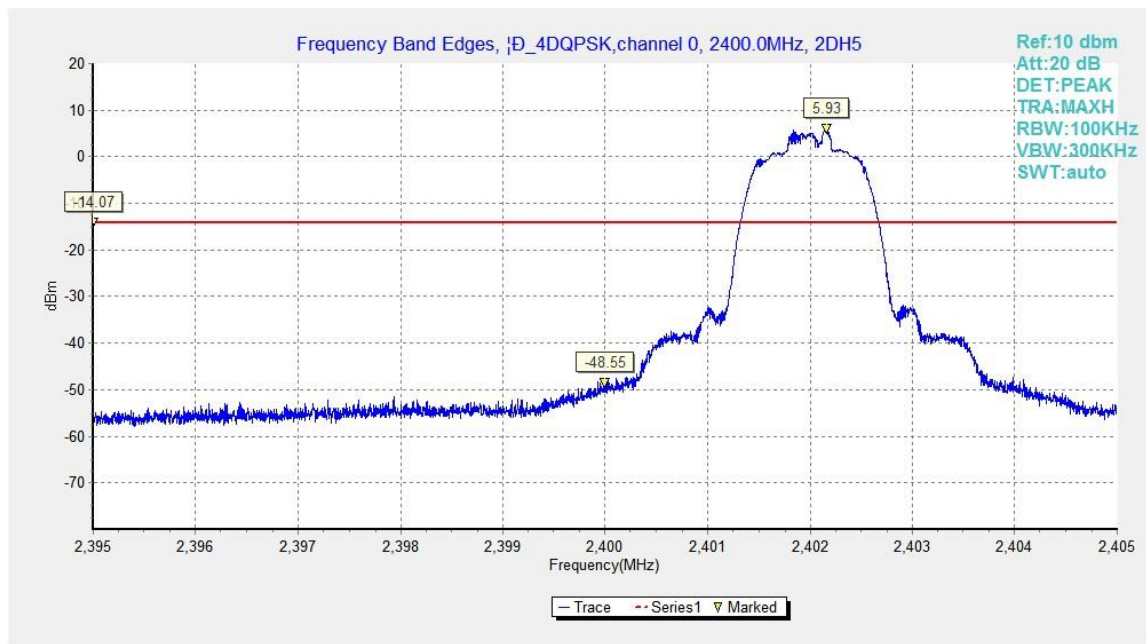


Fig.5. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

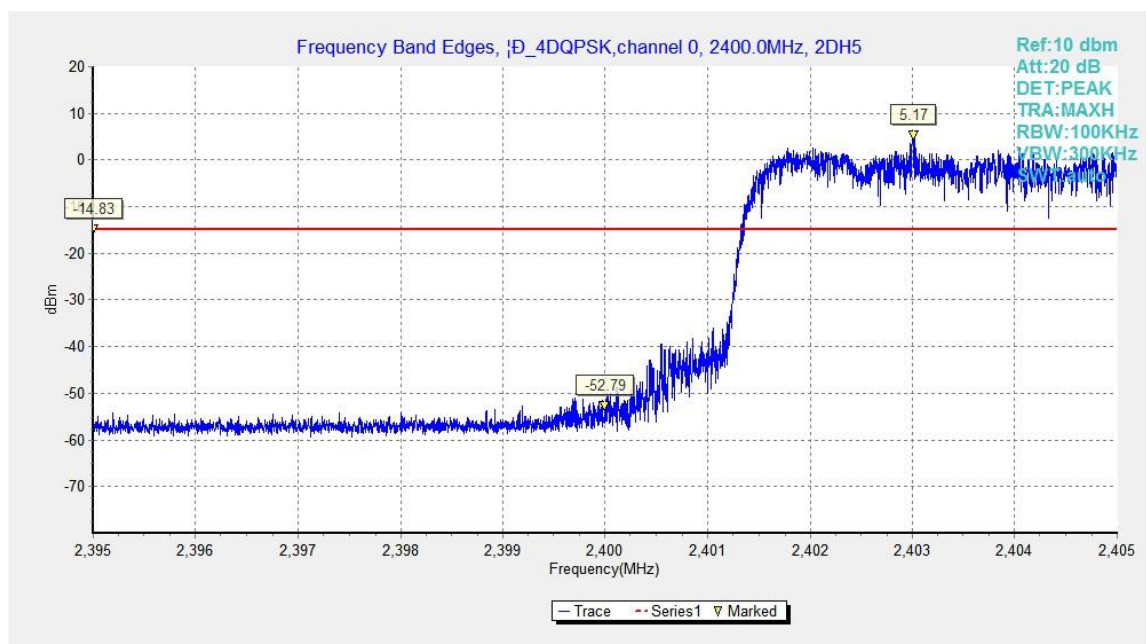


Fig.6. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On

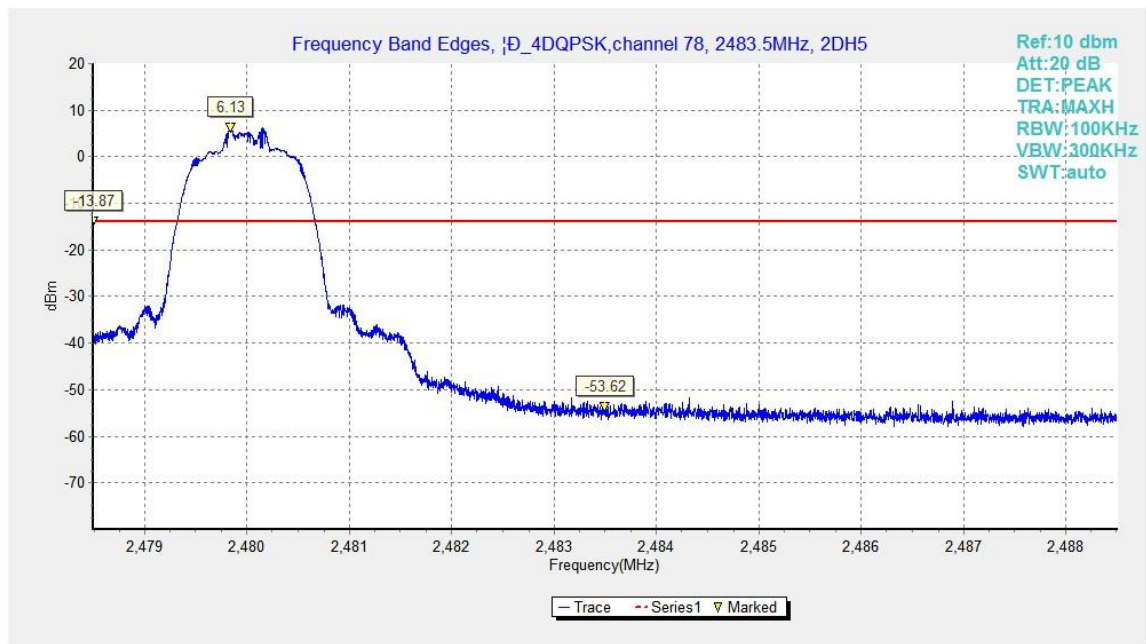


Fig.7. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

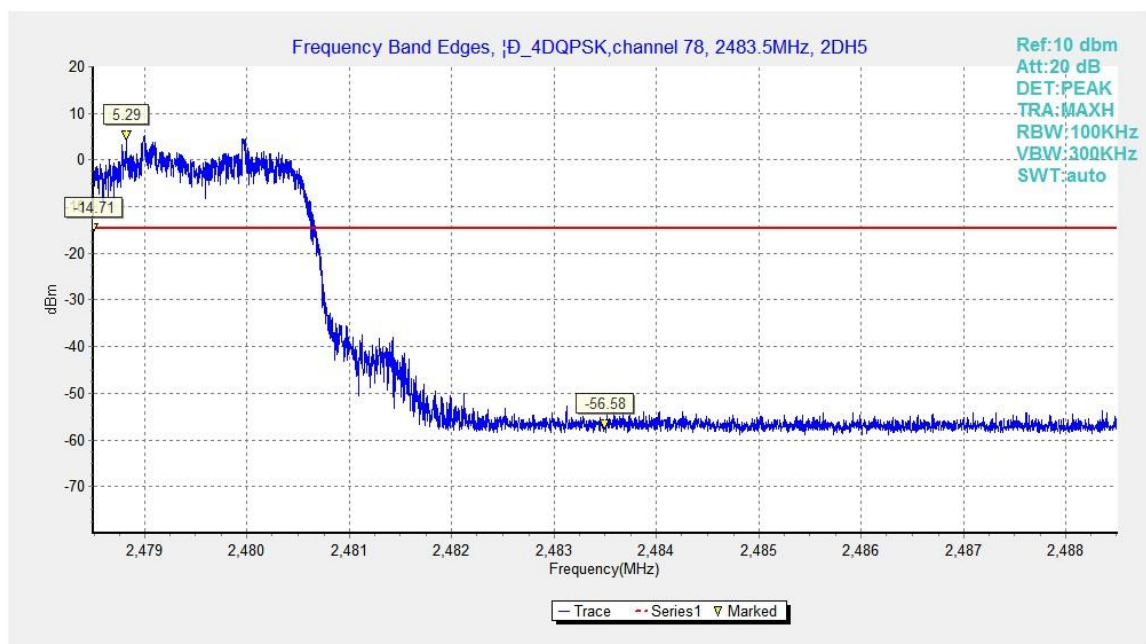


Fig.8. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On

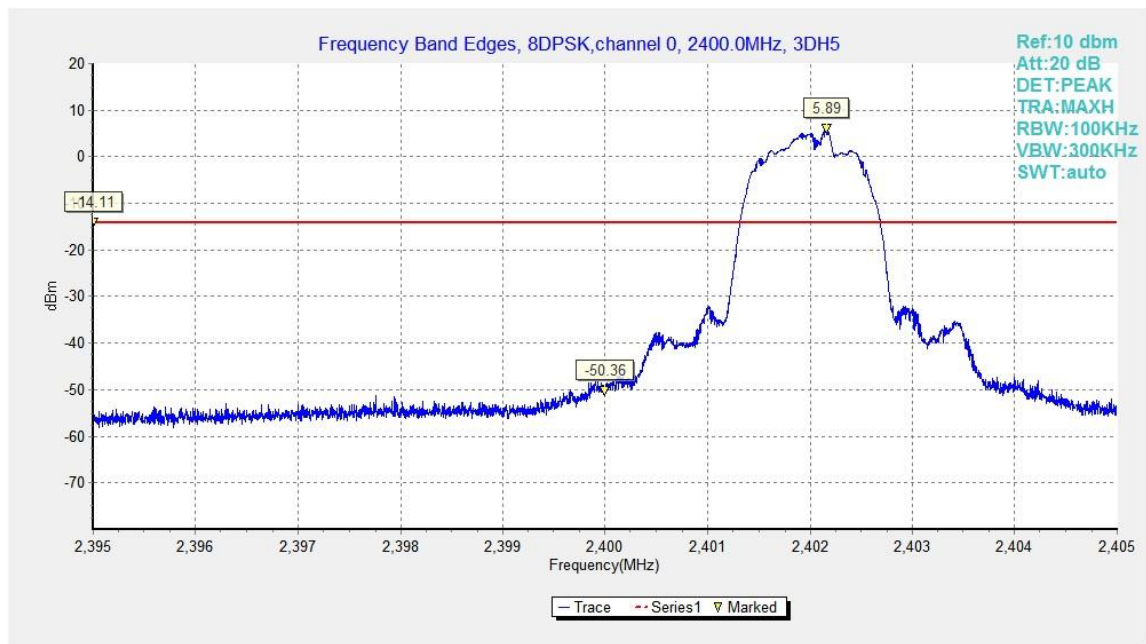


Fig.9. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off

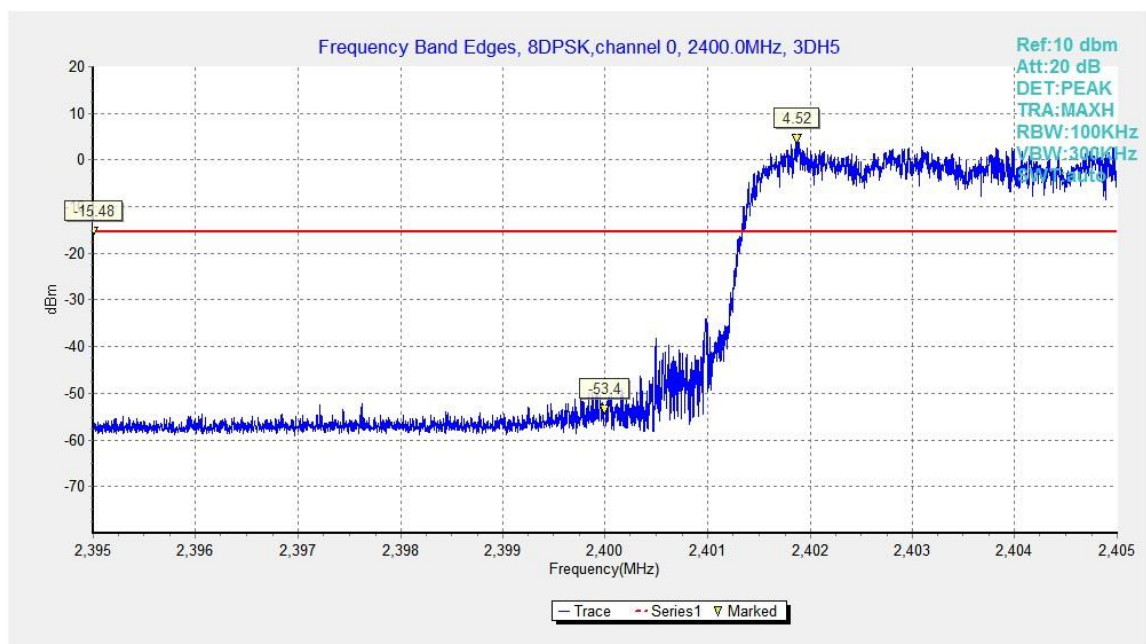


Fig.10. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On

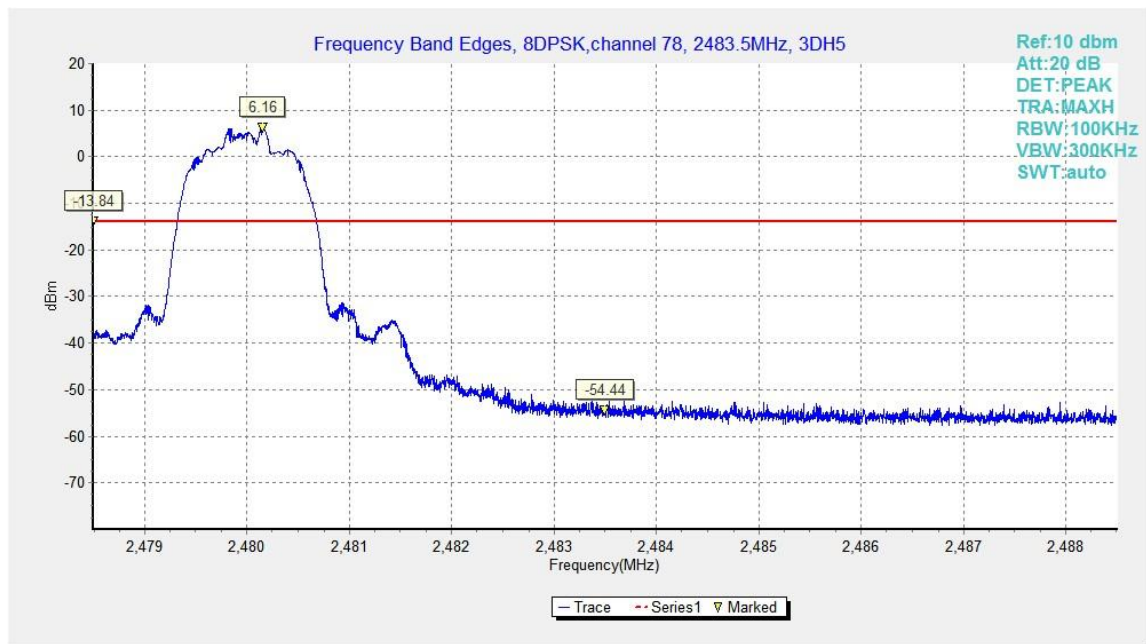


Fig.11. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off

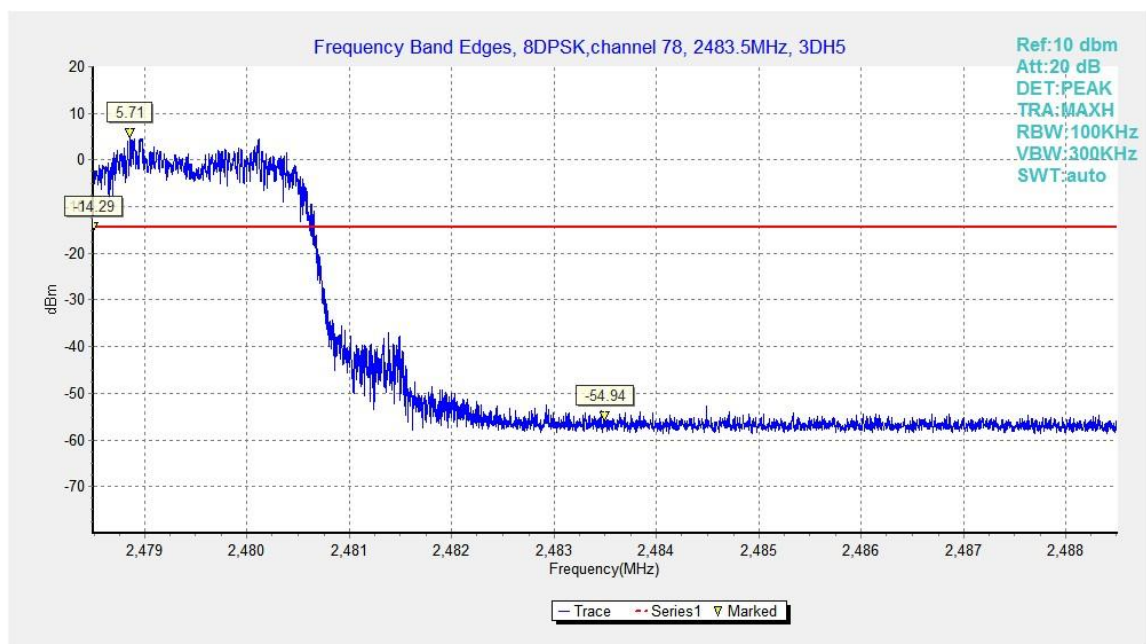


Fig.12. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On

B.4. Frequency Band Edges –Radiated

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-2013-clause 6.4 &6.5 & 6.6

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power

radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Limit in restricted band:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength(μ V/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(μ V/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

Set up:

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a nonconducting platform with nominal top surface dimensions 1 m by 1.5 m and the table height shall be 1.5 m.

The EUT and transmitting antenna shall be centered on the turntable.

Test Condition

The EUT shall be tested 1 near top, 1 near middle, and 1 near bottom. Set the unlicensed wireless device to operate in continuous transmit mode. For unlicensed wireless devices unable to be configured for 100% duty cycle even in test mode, configure the system for the maximum duty cycle supported.

When required for unlicensed wireless devices, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated measurements shall be performed at the measurement distance or at a closer distance than that specified for compliance to determine the emission characteristics of the EUT and, if applicable, the EUT configuration that produces the maximum level of emissions. The frequencies of maximum emission may be determined by manually positioning the antenna close to the EUT, and then moving the antenna over all sides of the EUT while observing a spectral

display. It is advantageous to have prior knowledge of the frequencies of emissions, although this may be determined from such a near-field scan. The near-field scan shall only be used to determine the frequency but not the amplitude of the emissions. Where exploratory measurements are not adequate to determine the worst-case operating modes and are used only to identify the frequencies of the highest emissions, additional preliminary tests can be required.

For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360° . For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored.

Broadband antennas and a spectrum analyzer or a radio-noise meter with a panoramic display are often useful in this type of test. If either antenna height or EUT azimuth are not fully measured during exploratory testing, then complete testing can be required at the OATS or semi-anechoic chamber when the final full spectrum testing is performed.

Final radiated emissions measurements

The final measurements are using the orientation and equipment arrangement of the EUT based on the measurement results found during the preliminary (exploratory) measurements, the EUT arrangement, appropriate modulation, and modes of operation that produce the emissions that have the highest amplitude relative to the limit shall be selected for the final measurement.

For emissions from the EUT, the maximum level shall be determined by rotating the EUT and its antenna through 0° to 360° . Final measurements for the EUT require a measurement antenna height scan of 1 m to 4 m and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurements for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations. For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum (based on findings from exploratory measurements) shall be monitored.

For each mode selected, record the frequency and amplitude of the highest fundamental emission (if applicable), as well as the frequency and amplitude of the six highest spurious emissions relative to the limit. Emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

The receiver references:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/3MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/3MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/3MHz	20

EUT ID: EUT1

Measurement Results:

Mode	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
GFSK	0	2.38GHz ~2.45GHz	Fig.13	P
	78	2.45GHz ~2.5GHz	Fig.14	P

Mode	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	0	2.38GHz ~2.43GHz	Fig.15	P
	78	2.45GHz ~2.5GHz	Fig.16	P

Mode	Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
8DPSK	0	2.38GHz ~2.45GHz	Fig.17	P
	78	2.45GHz ~2.5GHz	Fig.18	P

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below

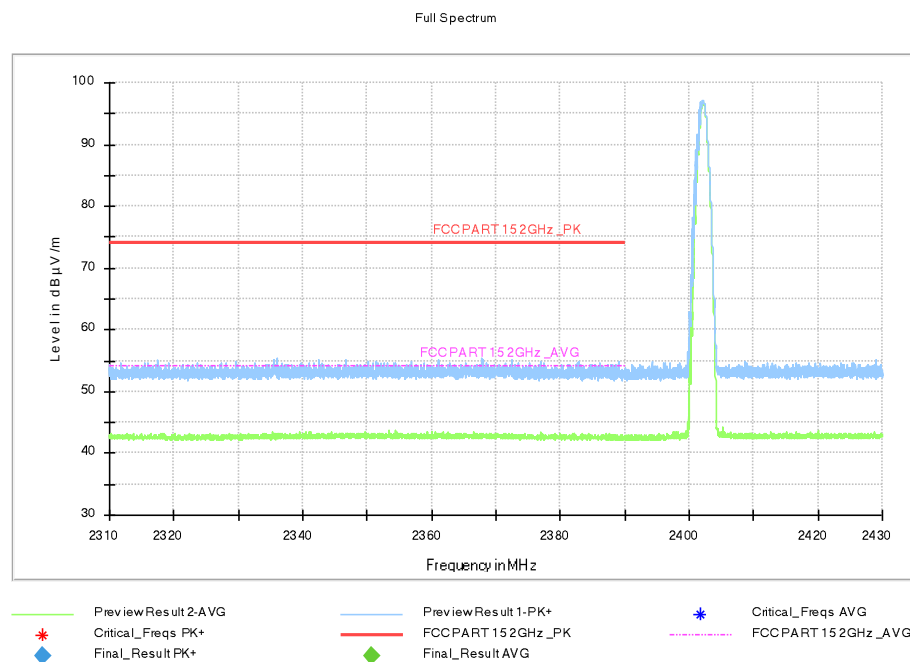


Fig.13. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off, 2.38 GHz – 2.45GHz

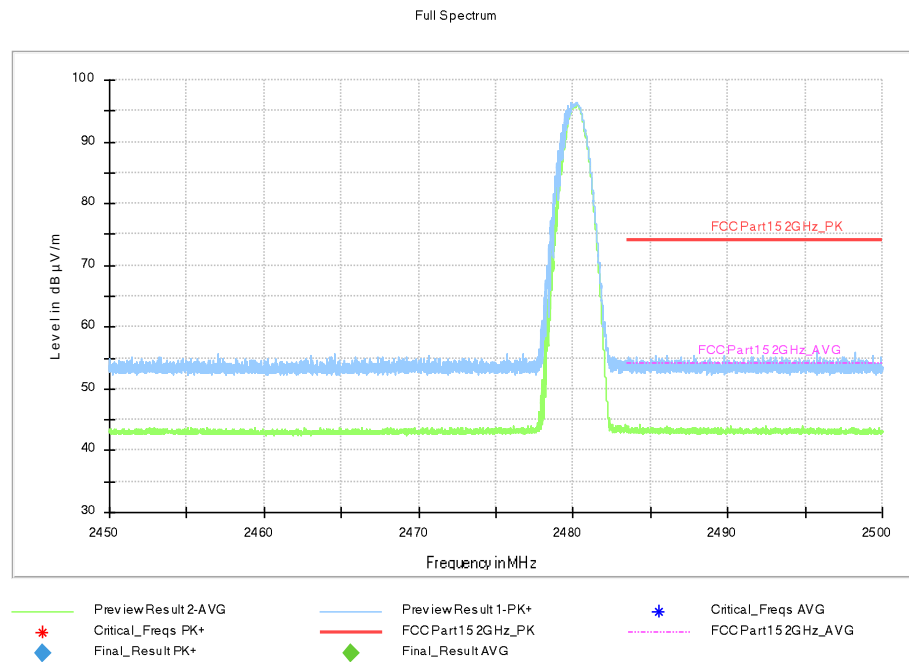


Fig.14. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off, ch11, 2.45 GHz - 2.50GHz

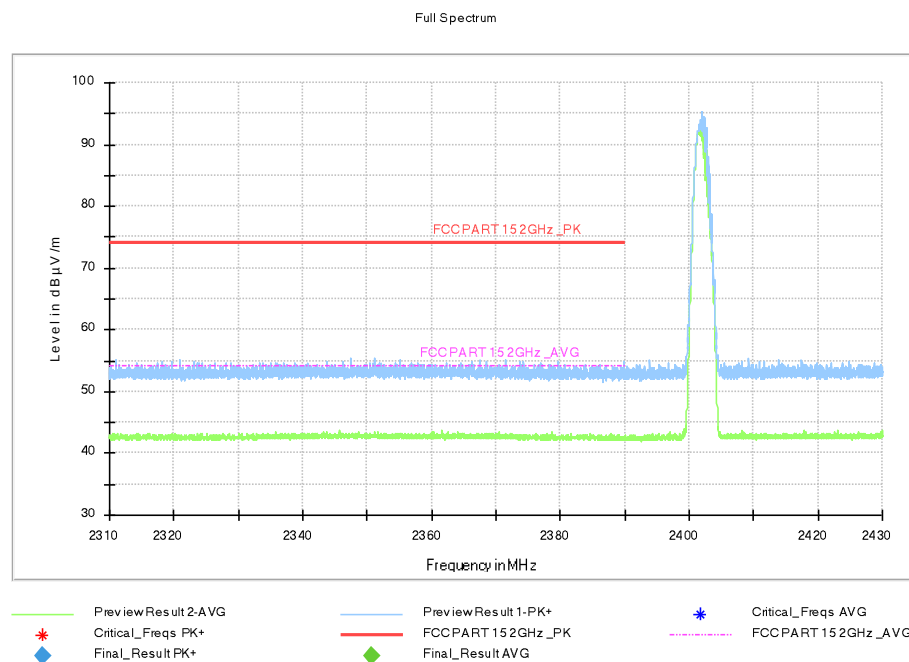


Fig.15. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz

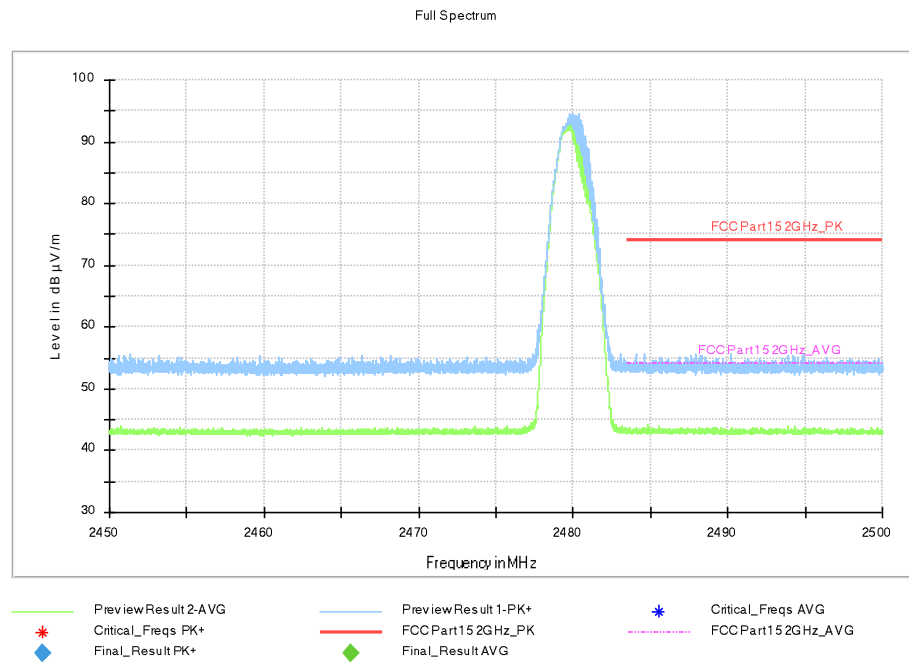


Fig.16. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz

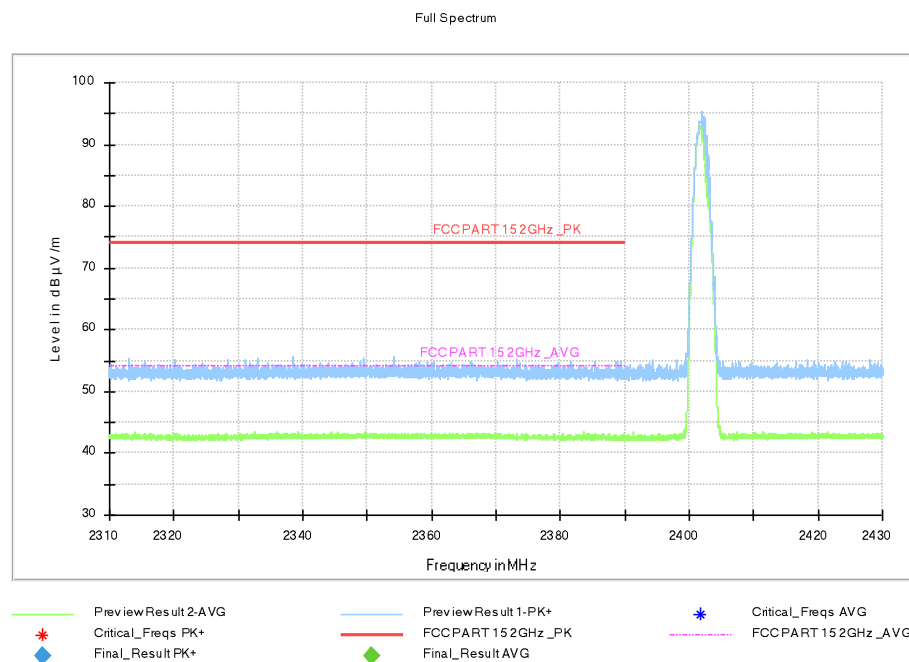


Fig.17. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz

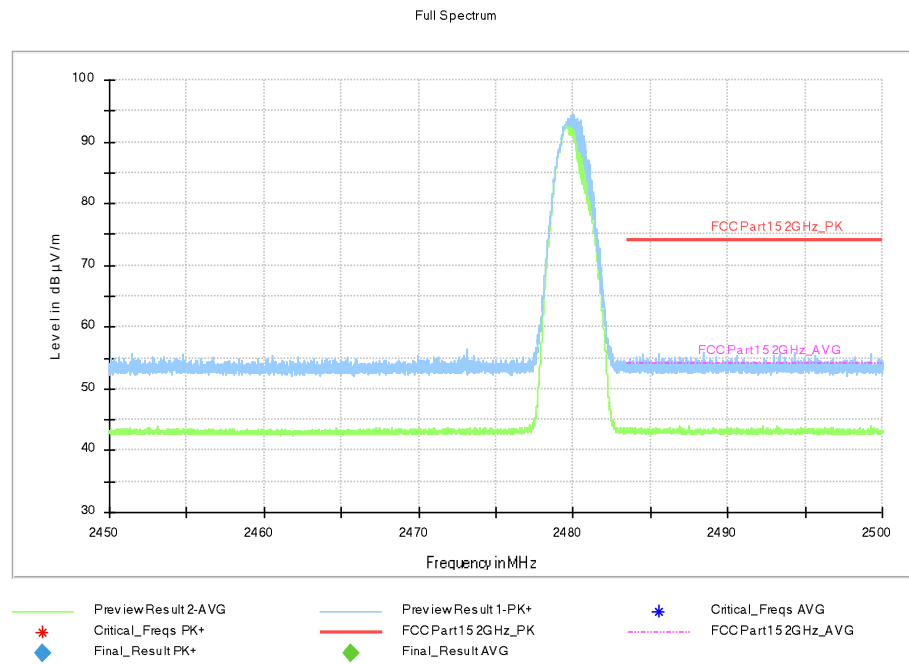


Fig.18. Frequency Band Edges: 8DPSK, Channel 78, 2.38 GHz - 2.45GHz

B.5. Transmitter Spurious Emission - Conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.8

Measurement Procedure – Reference Level

1. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
3. Set the span to 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
4. Detector = peak.
5. Sweep time = auto couple.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW. Next, determine the power in 100 kHz band segments outside of the authorized frequency band using the following measurement:

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set VBW = 300 kHz.
3. Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
4. Detector = peak.
5. Trace Mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified above.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz bandwidth

Measurement Results:

For GFSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0	Center Frequency	Fig.19	P

2402 MHz	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.20	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.21	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.22	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.23	P
Ch 39 2441 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.24	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.25	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.26	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.27	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.28	P
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.29	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.30	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.31	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.32	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.33	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.34	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.35	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.36	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.37	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.38	P
Ch 39 2441 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.39	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.40	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.41	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.42	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.43	P
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.44	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.45	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.46	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.47	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.48	P

For 8DPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.49	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.50	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.51	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.52	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.53	P

Ch 39 2441 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.54	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.55	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.56	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.57	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.58	P
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.59	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.60	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.61	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.62	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.63	P

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below

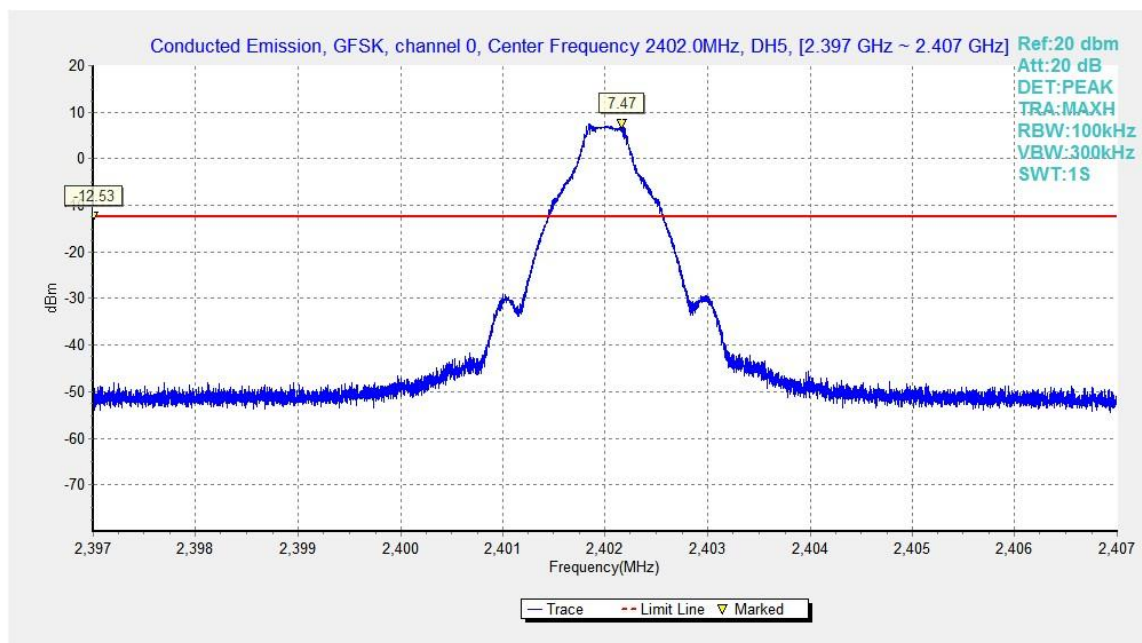


Fig.19. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,2402MHz

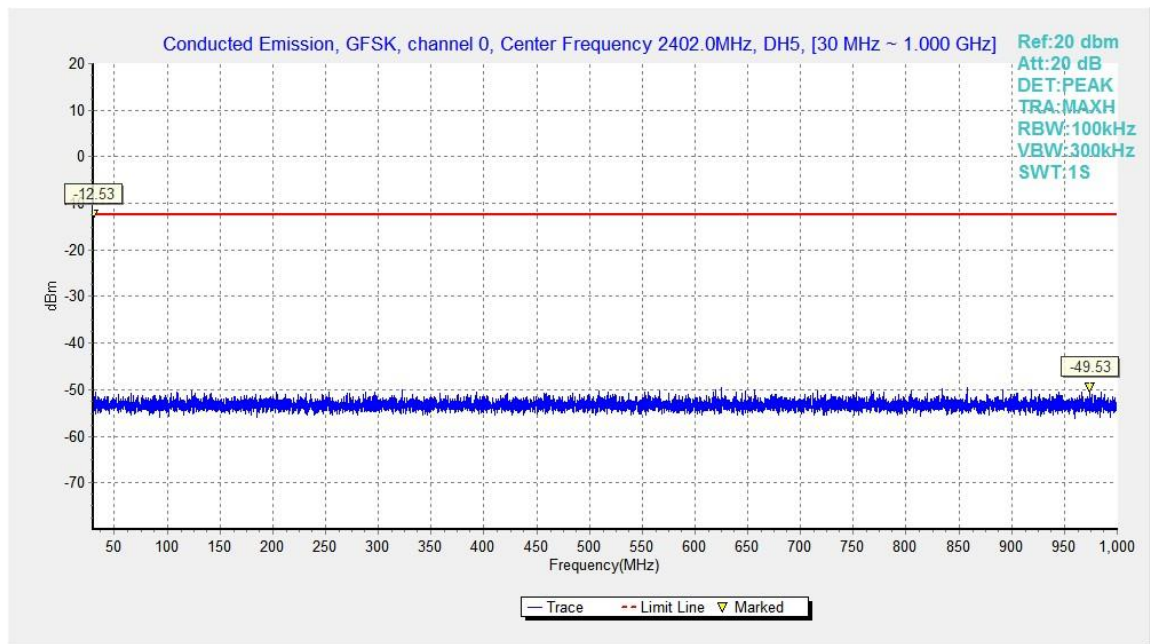


Fig.20. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz

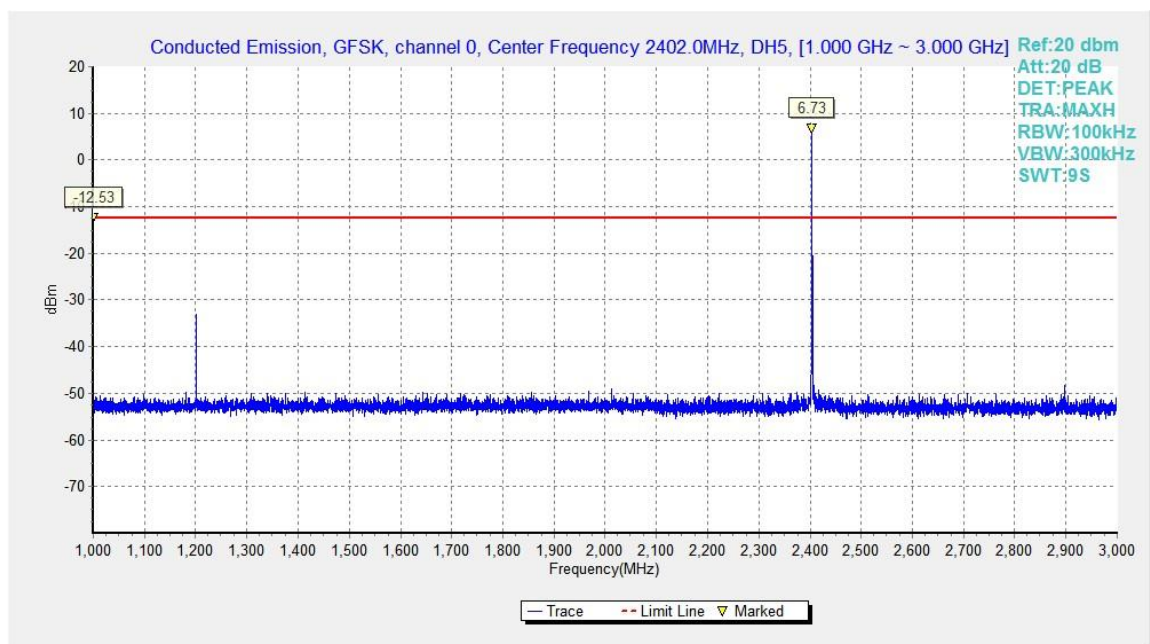


Fig.21. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz

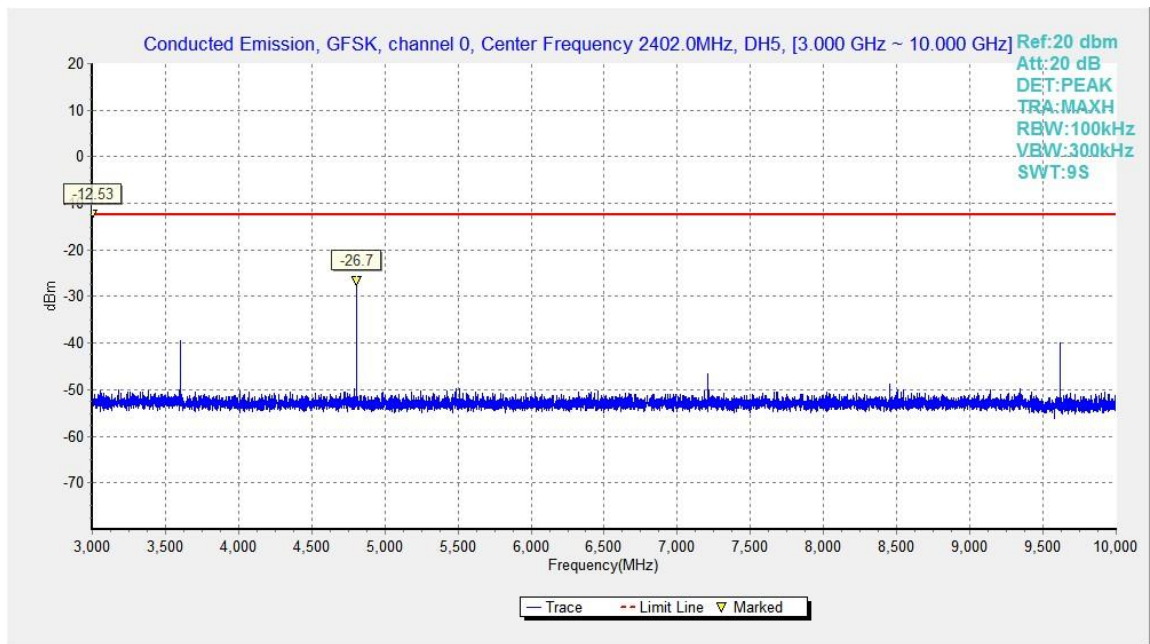


Fig.22. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz

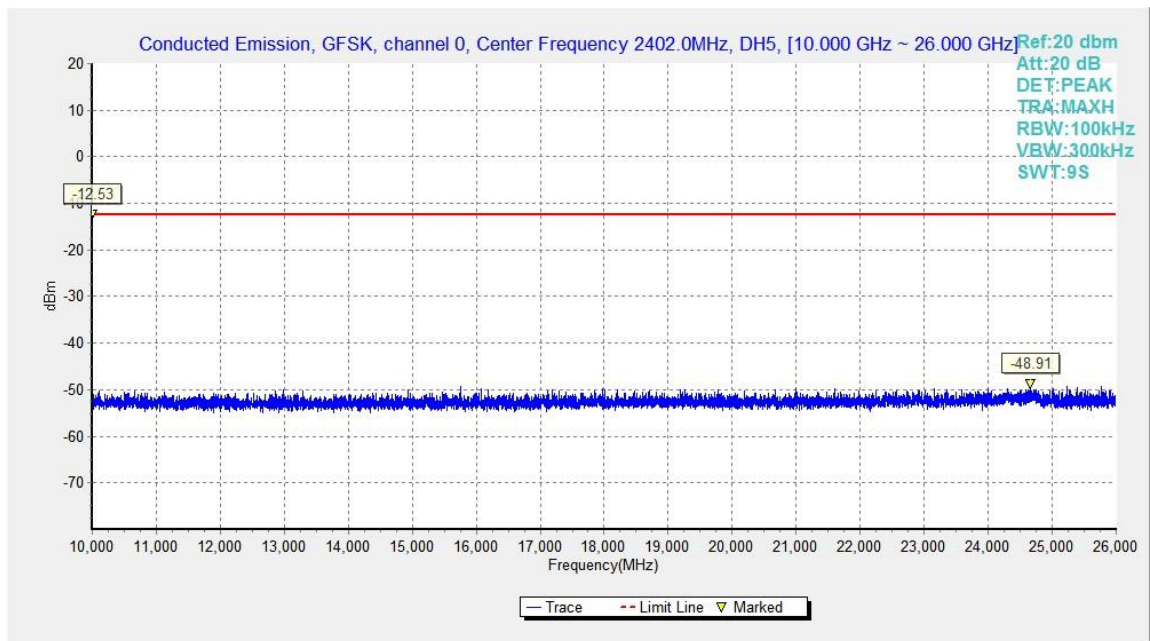


Fig.23. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 10GHz - 26GHz

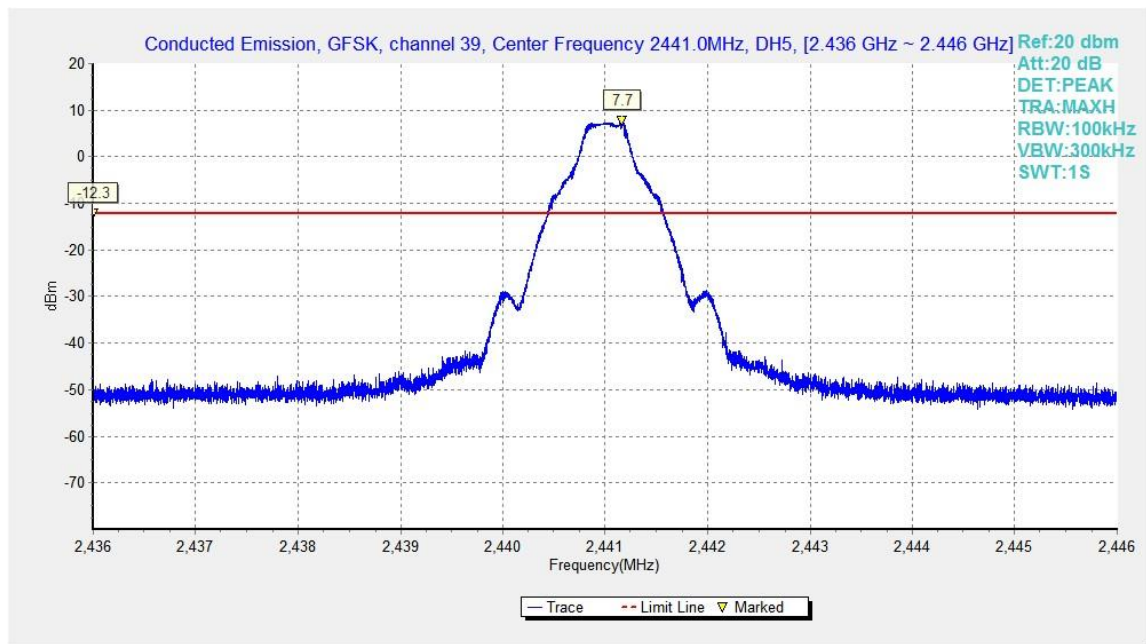


Fig.24. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz

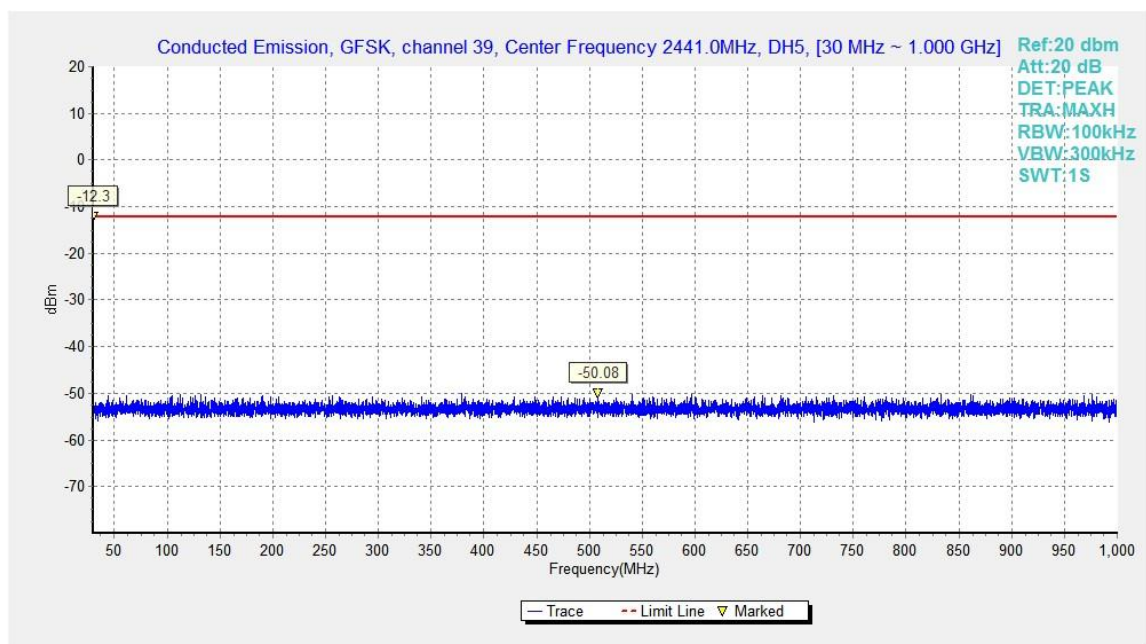


Fig.25. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz

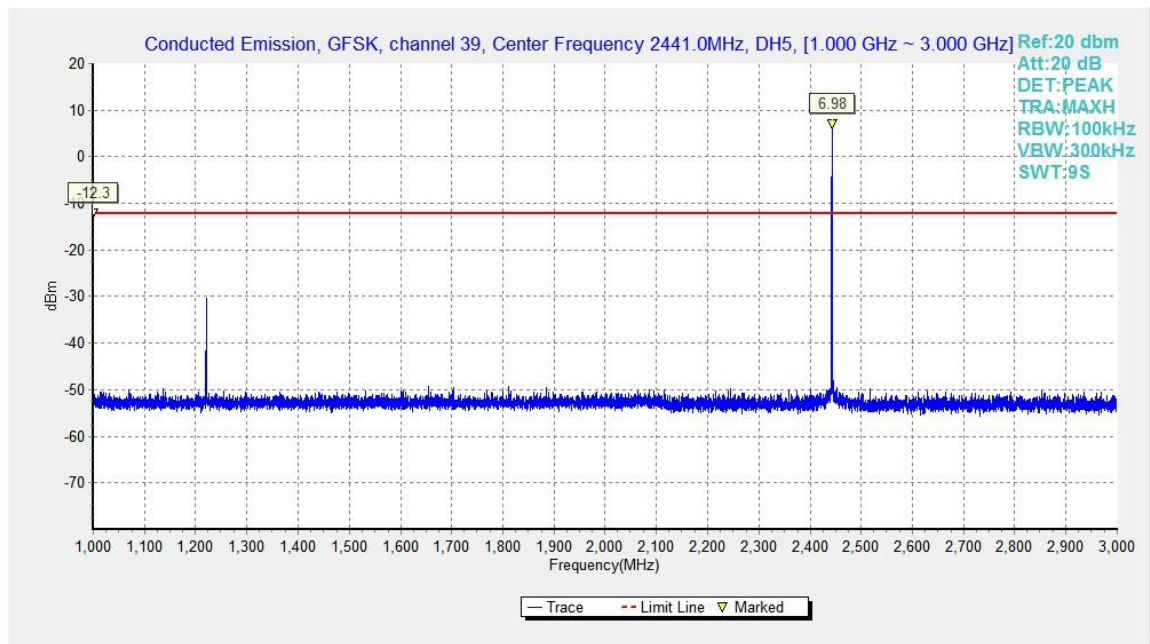


Fig.26. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 1GHz – 3GHz

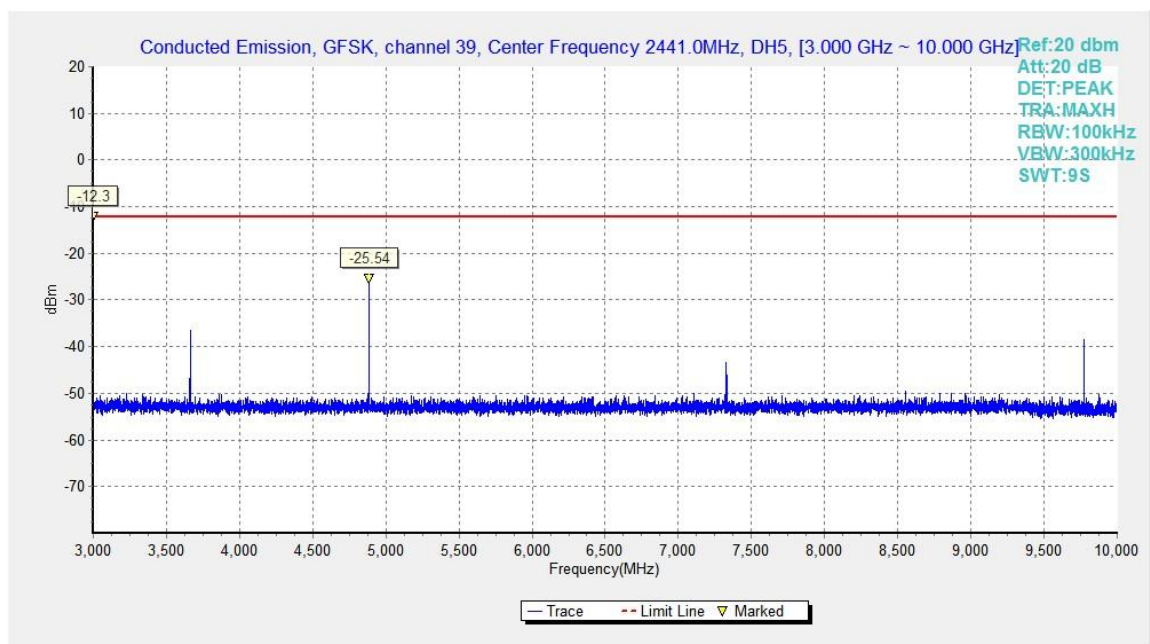


Fig.27. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 3GHz – 10GHz

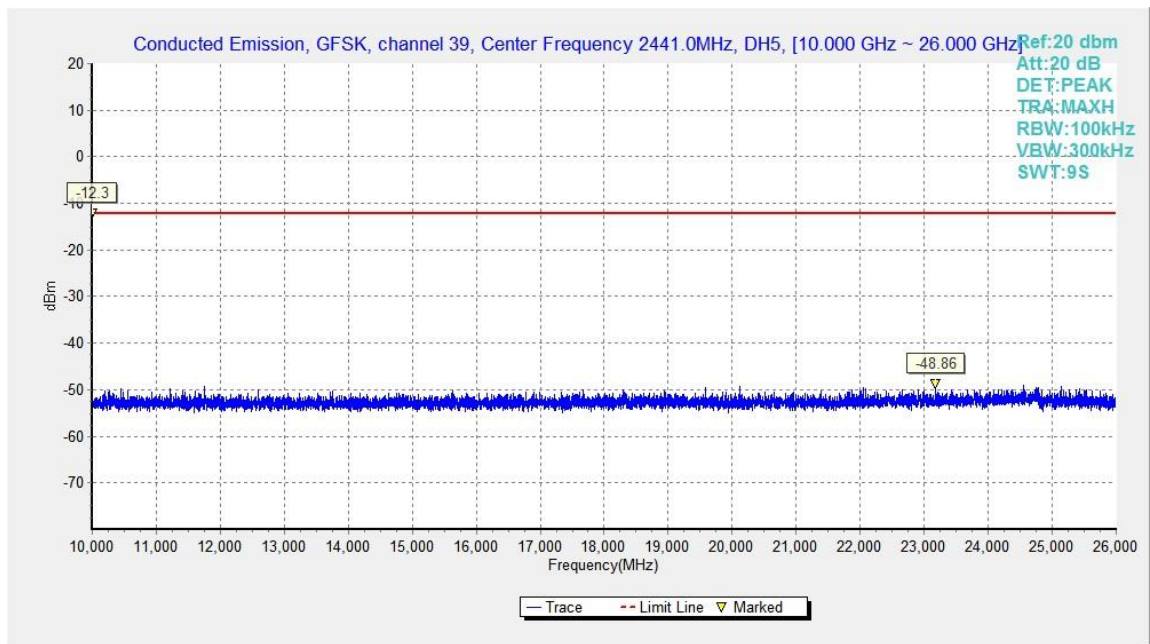


Fig.28. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz

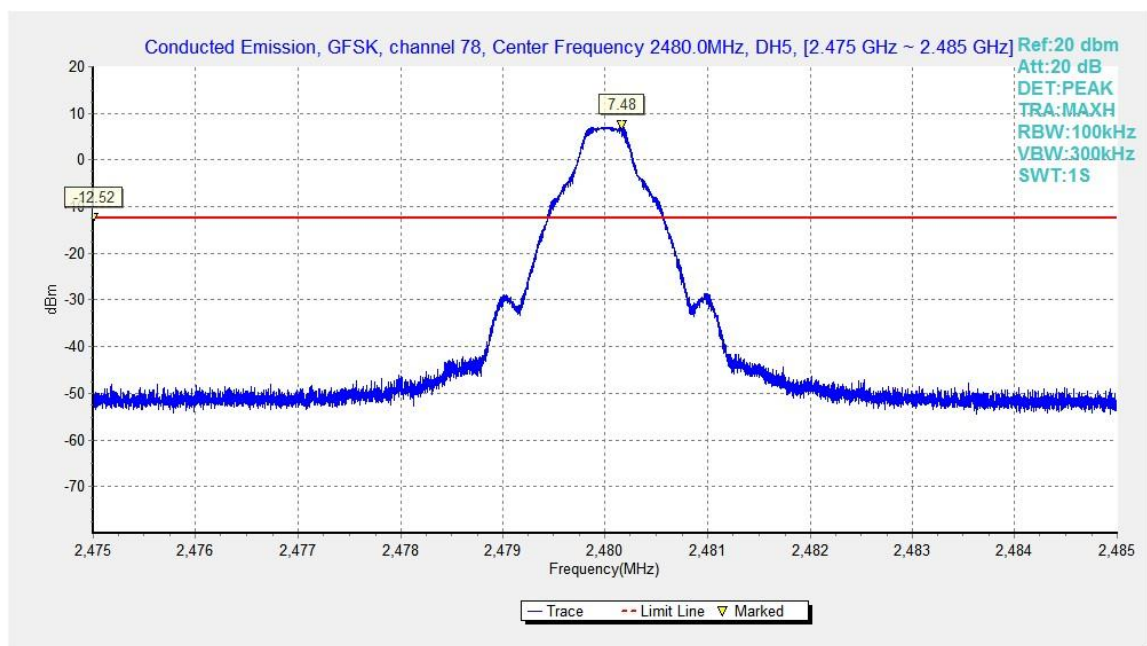


Fig.29. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz

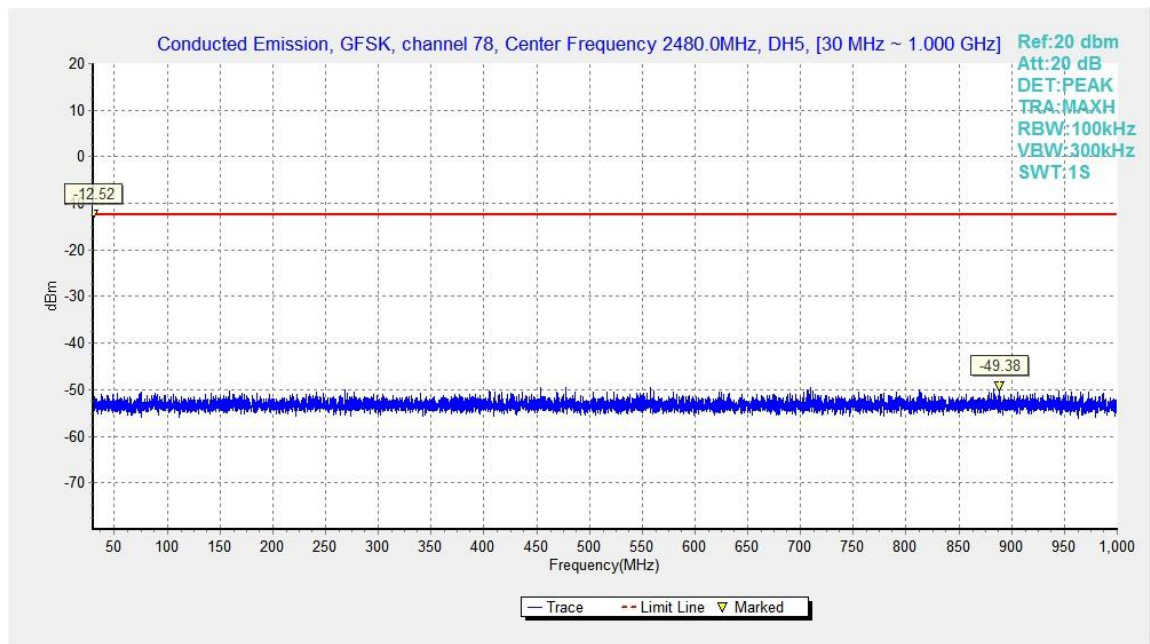


Fig.30. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz

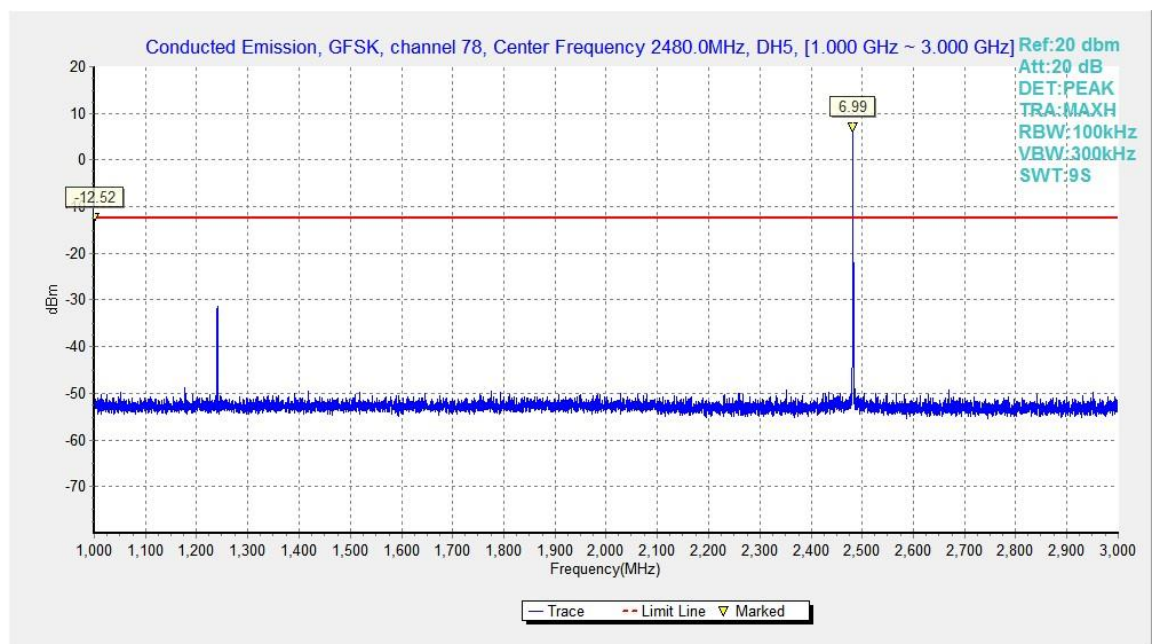


Fig.31. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz

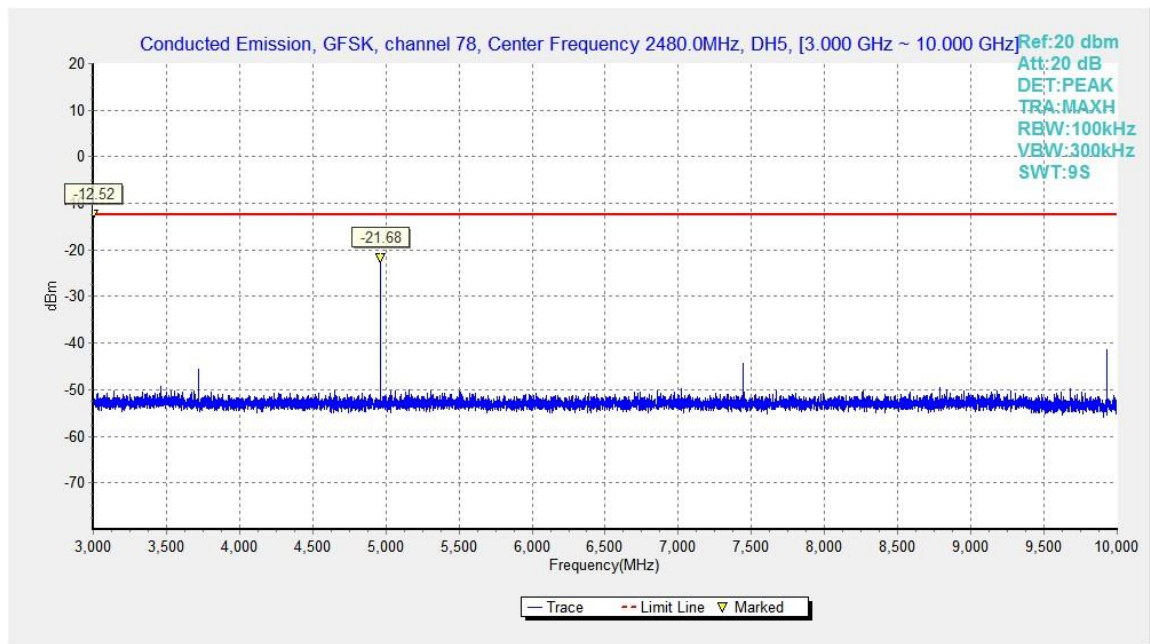


Fig.32. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

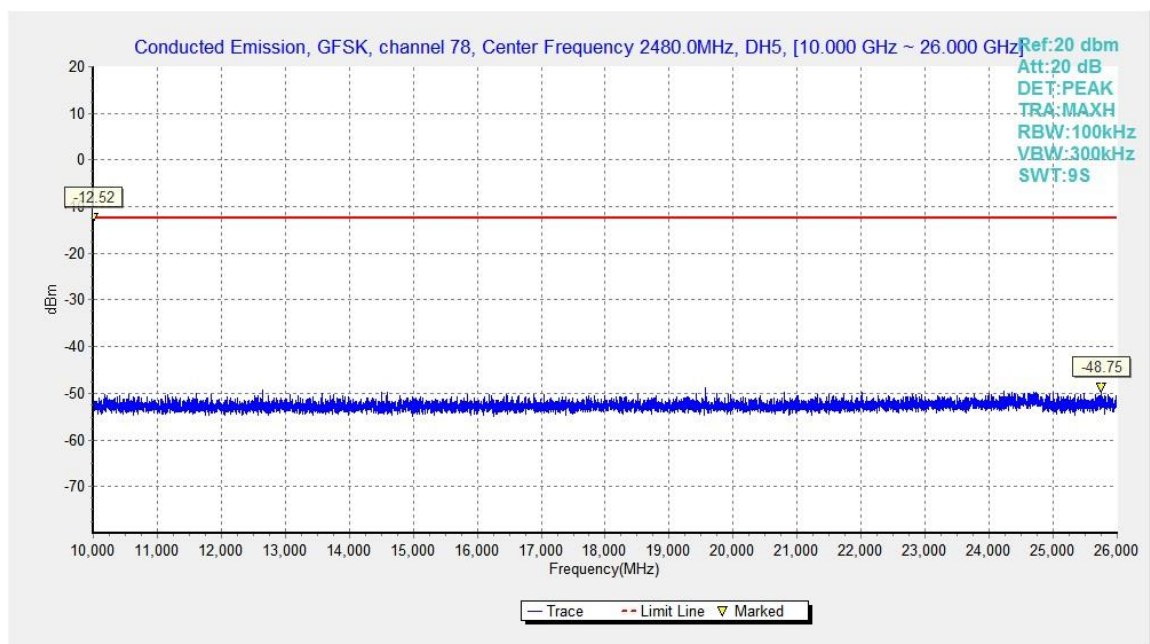


Fig.33. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz

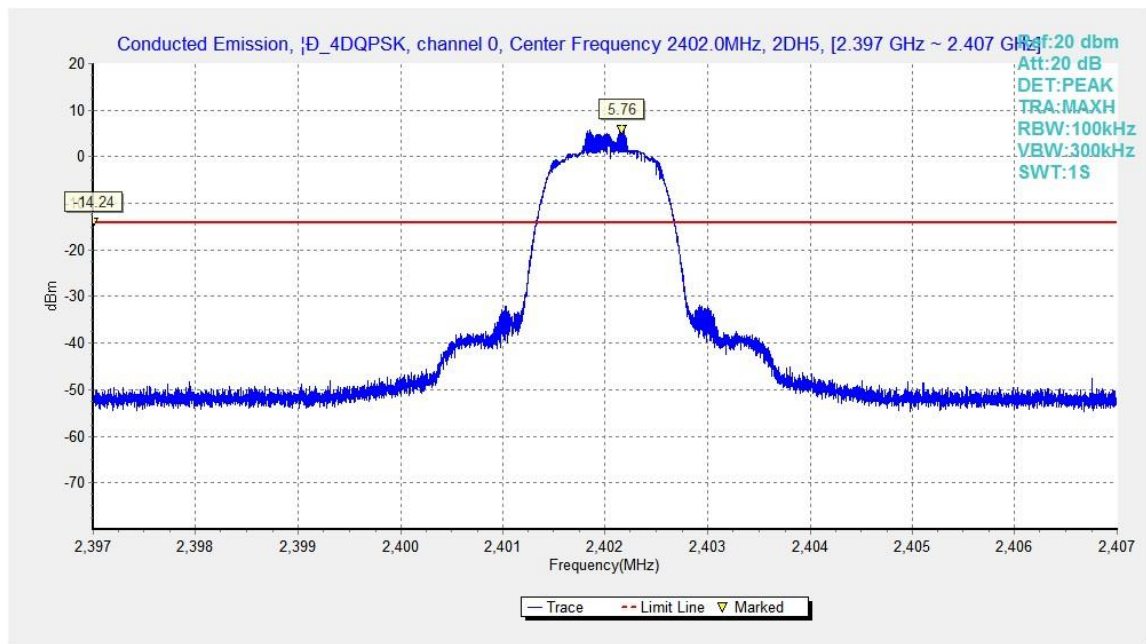


Fig.34. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 2402MHz

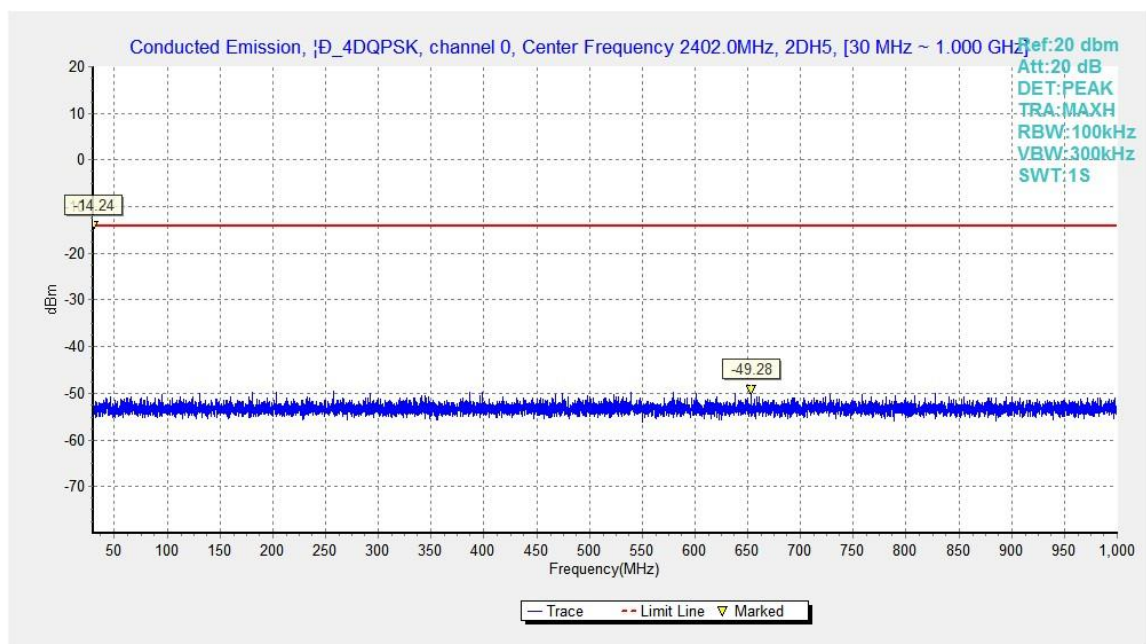


Fig.35. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz

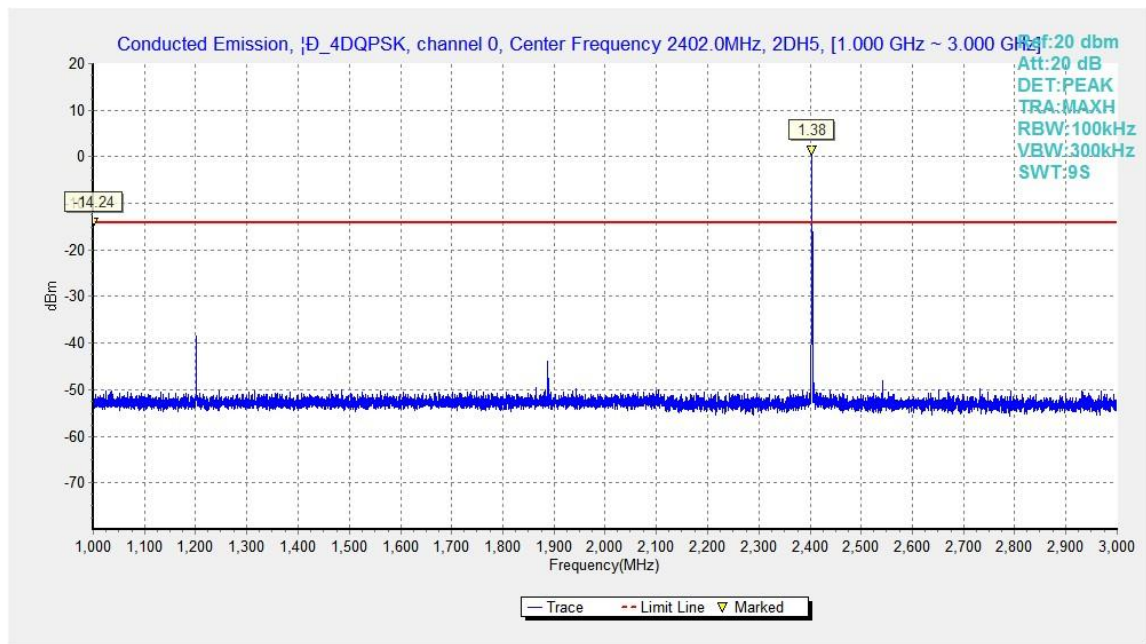


Fig.36. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz

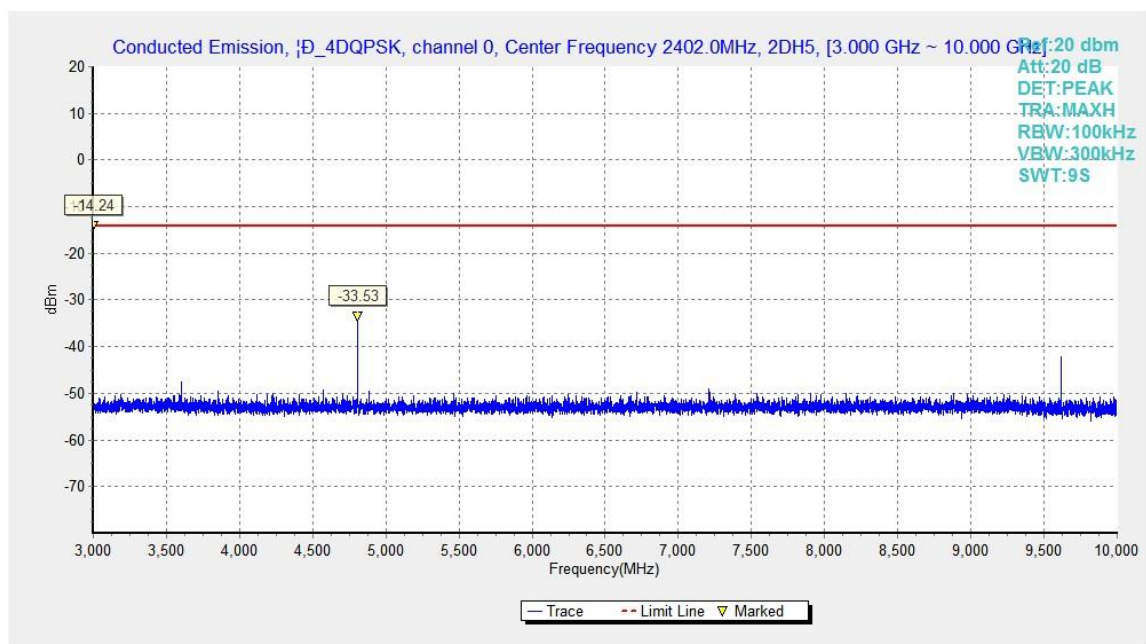


Fig.37. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz

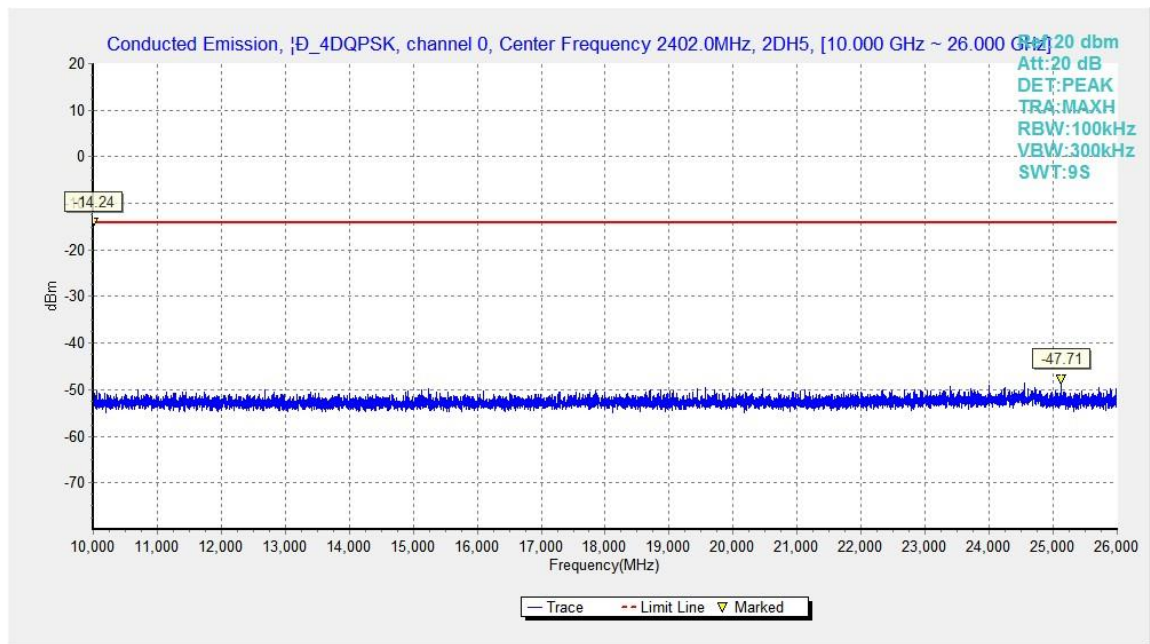


Fig.38. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 10GHz - 26GHz

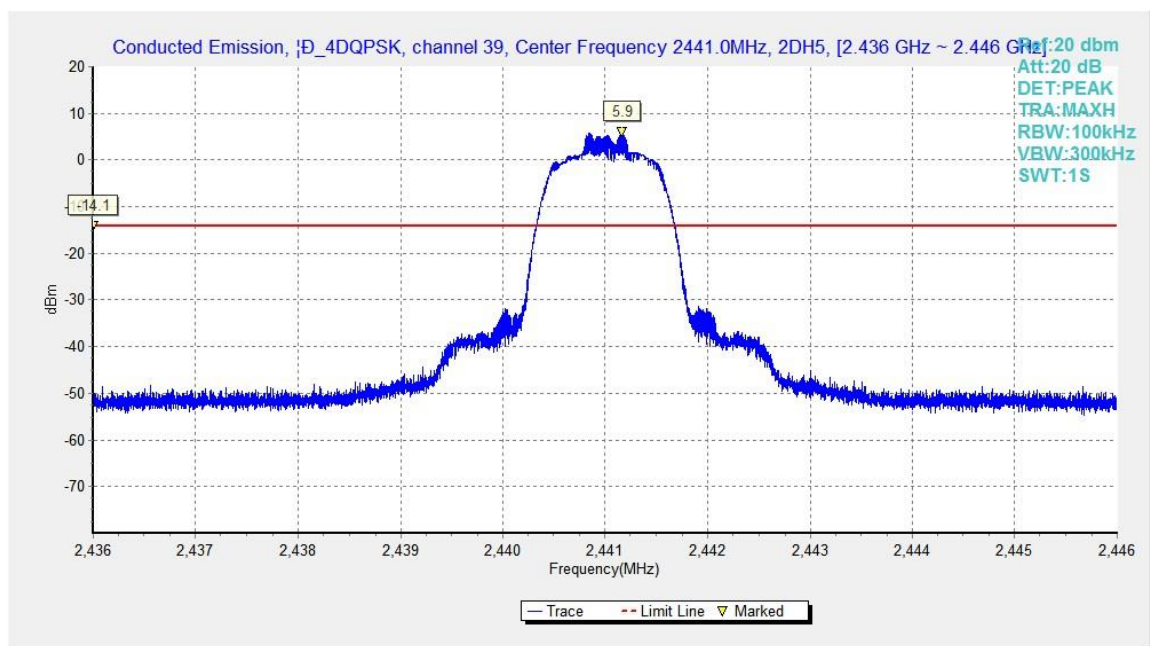


Fig.39. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz

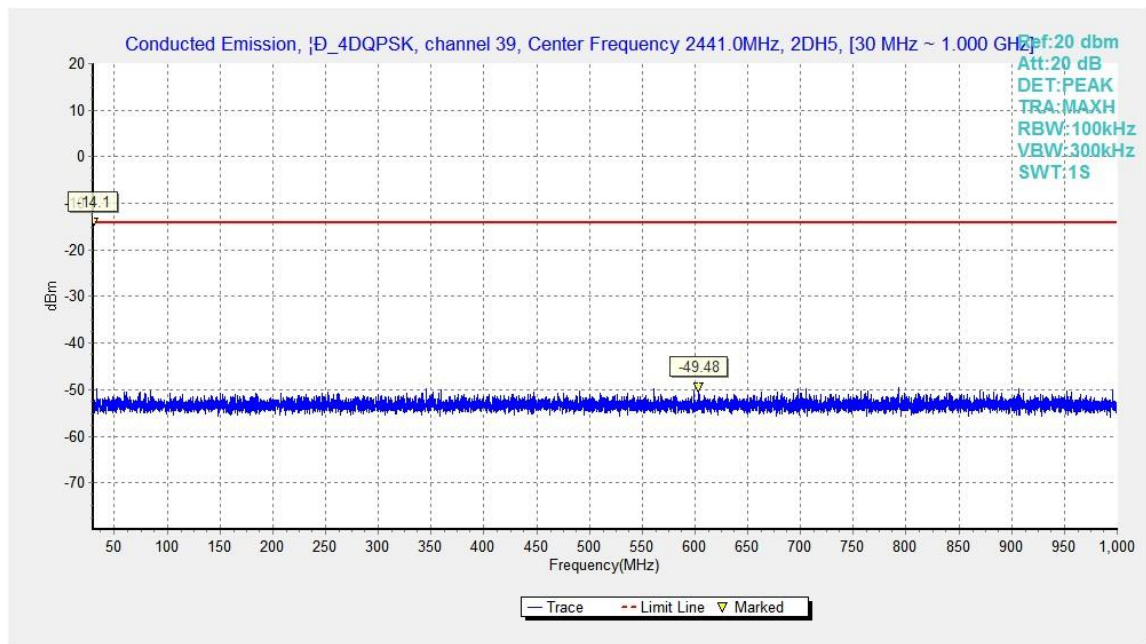


Fig.40. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz

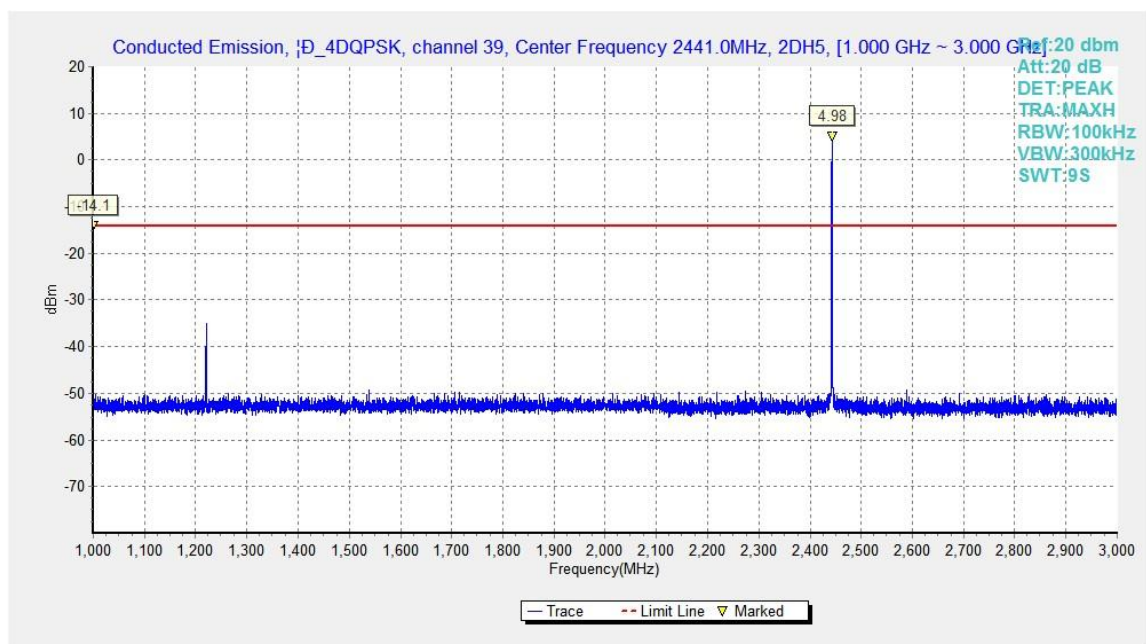


Fig.41. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz

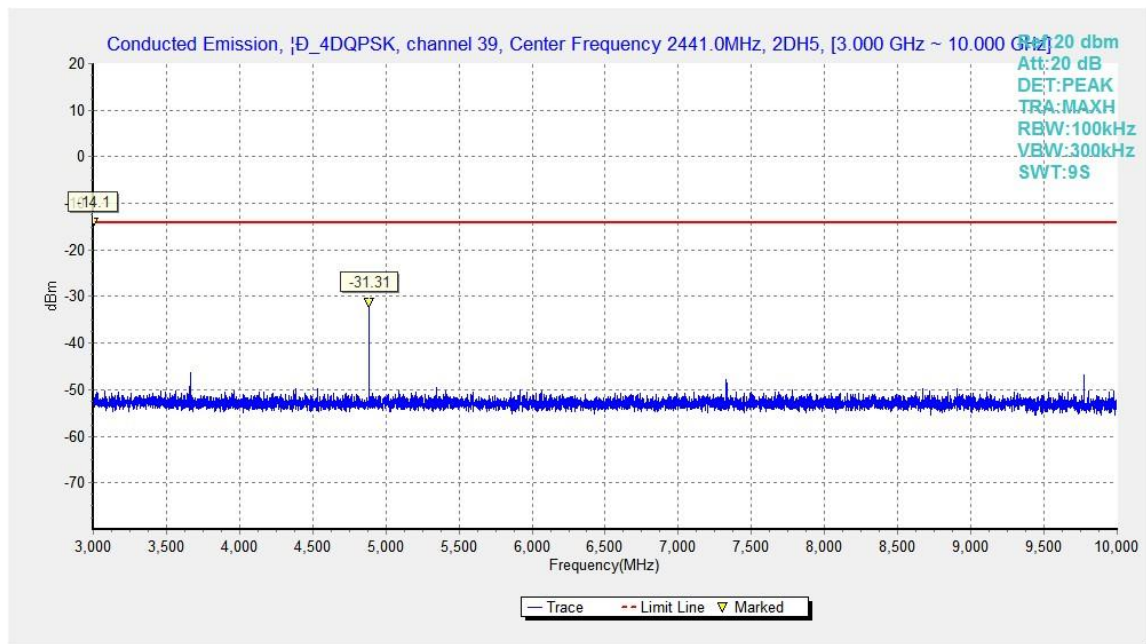


Fig.42. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz

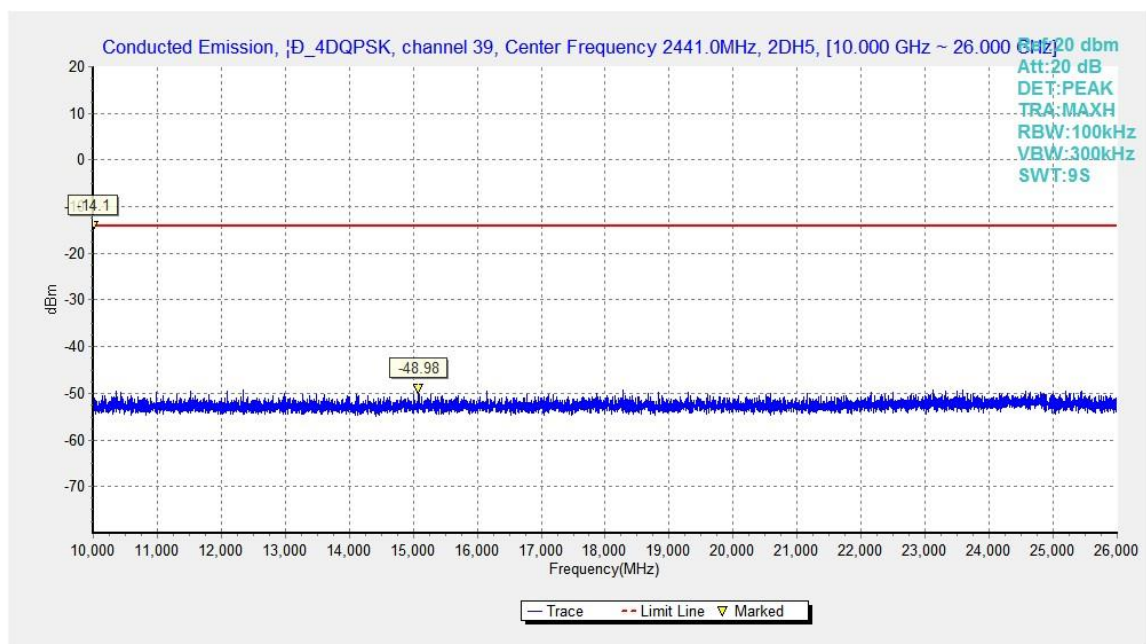


Fig.43. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz

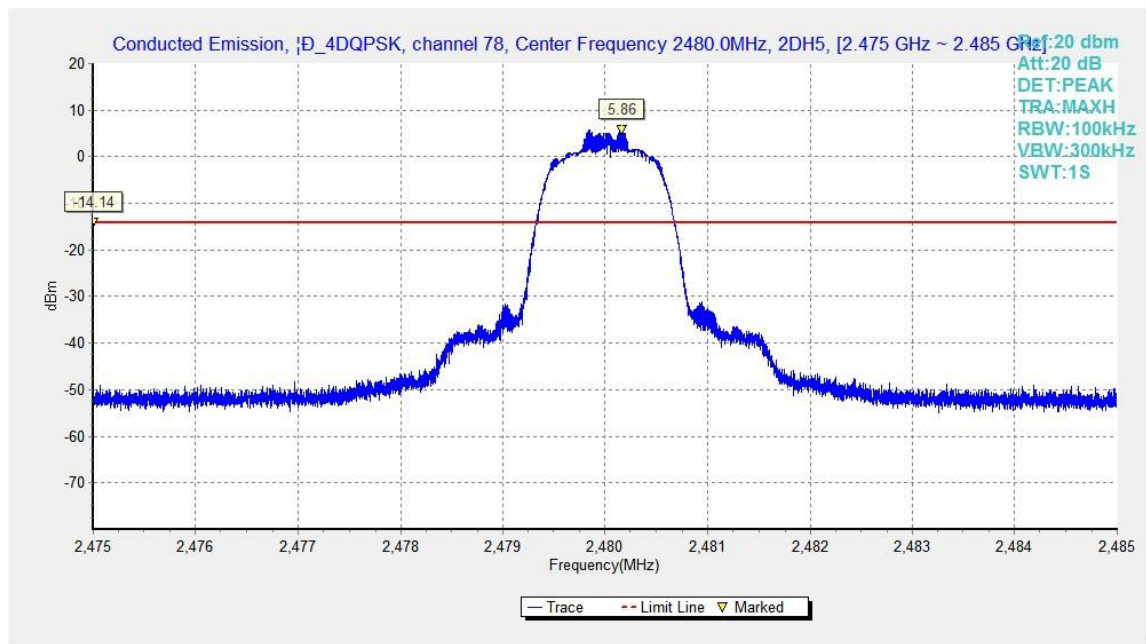


Fig.44. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz

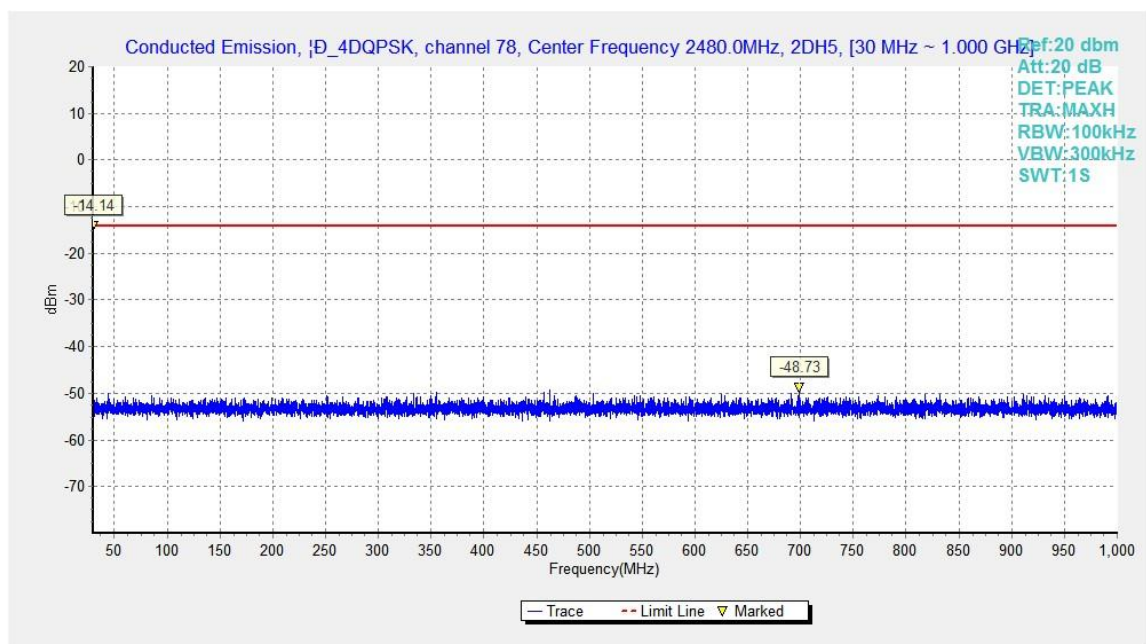


Fig.45. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz

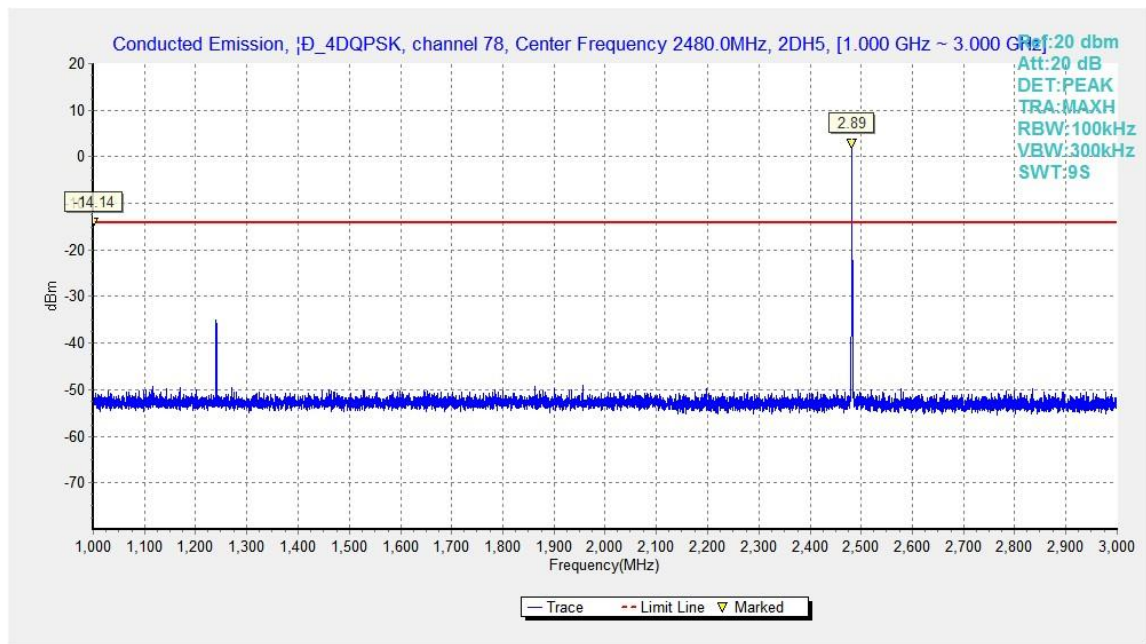


Fig.46. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz

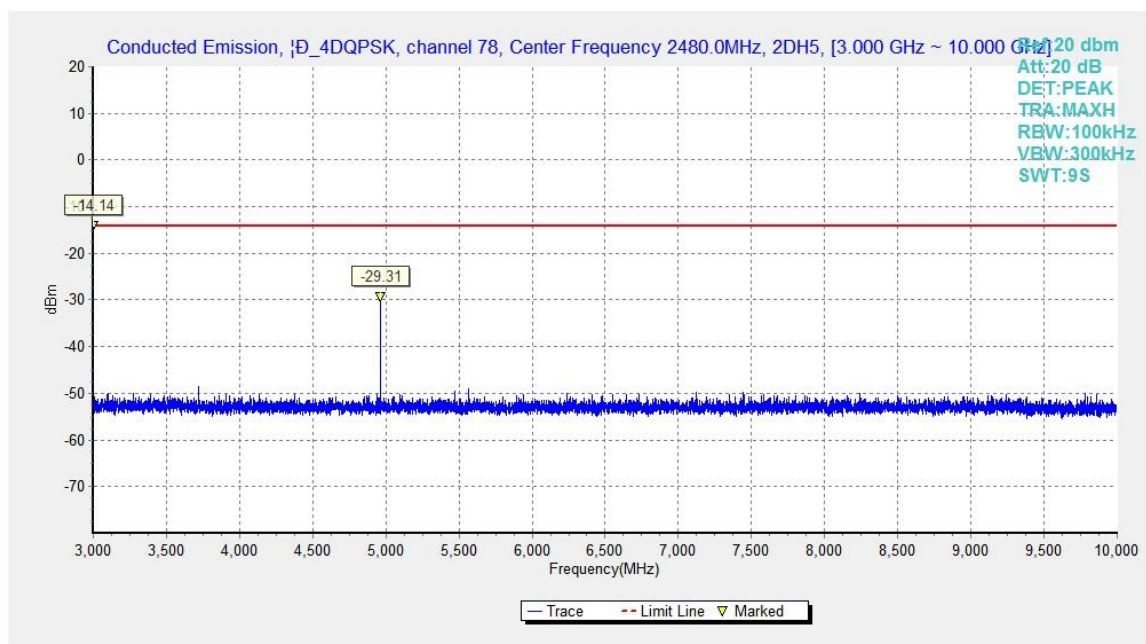


Fig.47. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz

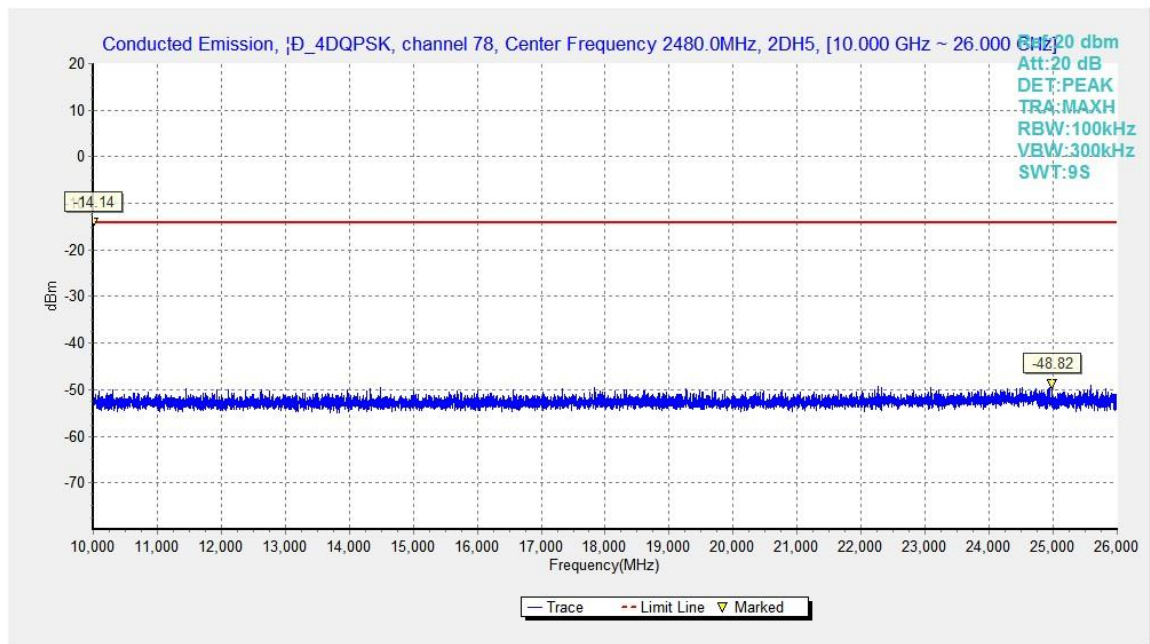


Fig.48. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz

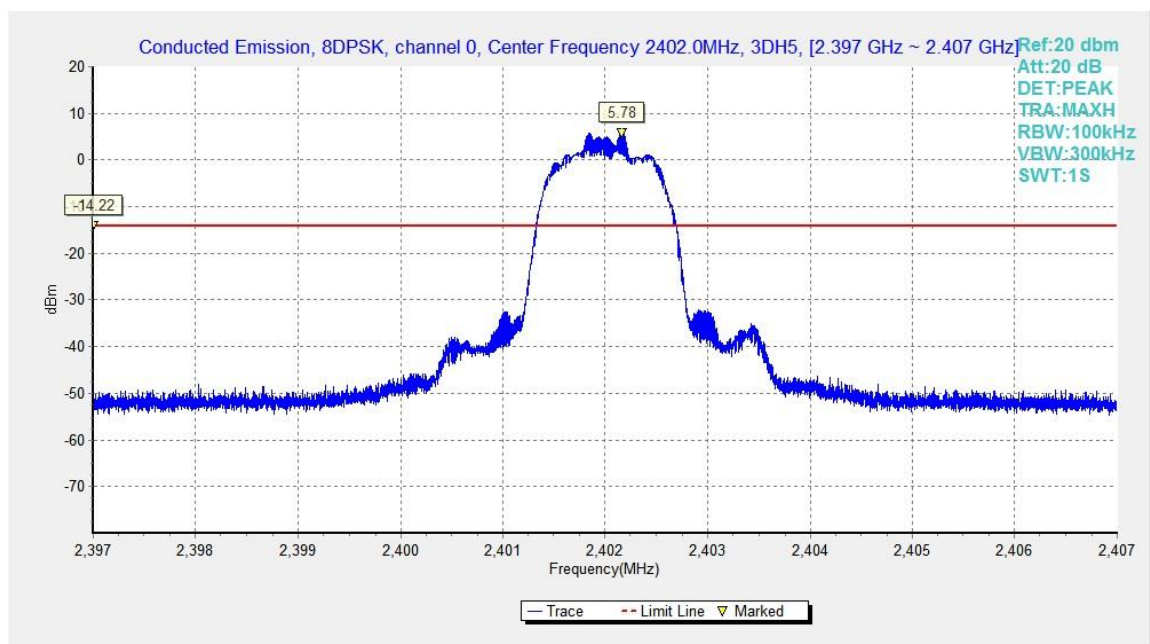


Fig.49. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 2402MHz

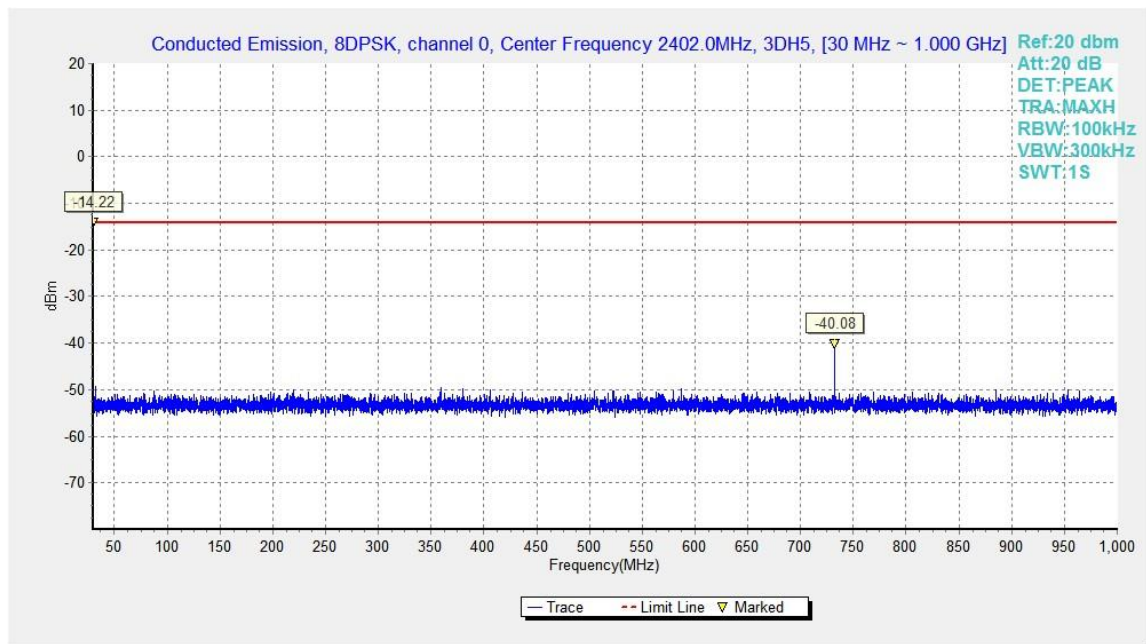


Fig.50. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz

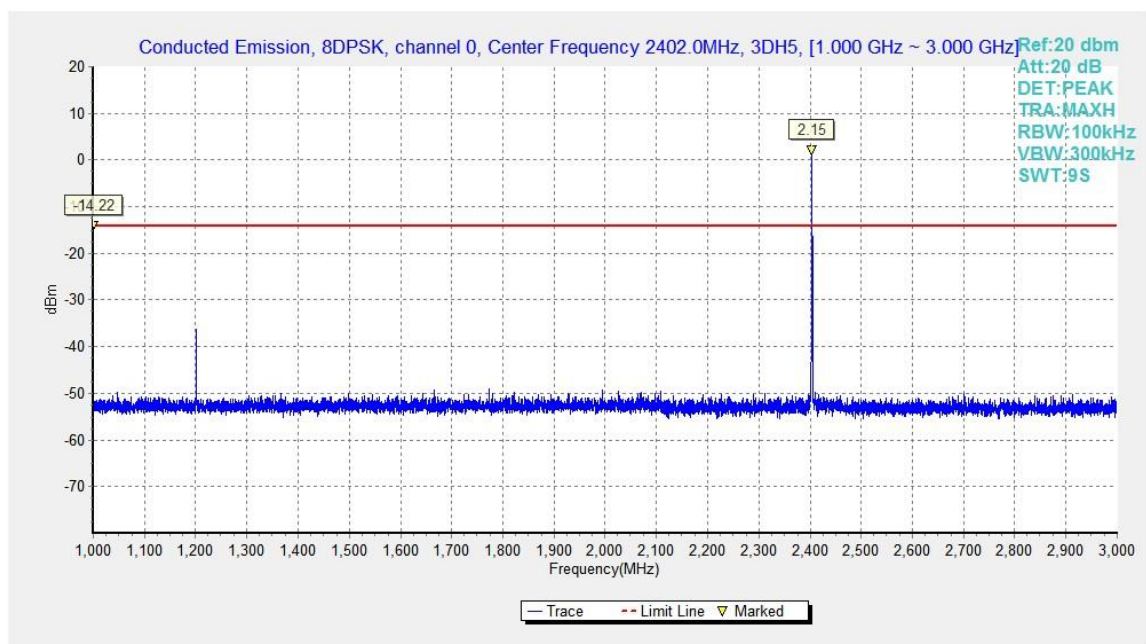


Fig.51. Conducted spurious emission: 8DPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz