Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

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Object(s)	D5GH2V2 - 9	SN:1019	
Calibration procedure(s)	OA CAL-05 v Calibration pr	2 ocedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	February 23,	2004	
Condition of the calibrated item	in Tolerance	(according to the specific calibration	1 document)
This calibration statement docum	nents traceability of M&Ti	E used in the calibration procedures and conformity of	the procedures with the ISO/IEC
di calibrations have been condu	cted in the closed laboral	tory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	Celsius and humidity < 75%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
Model Type	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
ower sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
ower sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
F generator R&S SMT06	100058	23-May-01 (SPEAG, in house check May-03)	In house check: May-05
letwork Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	The May
Approved by:	Fin Bonheit	R&D Director	Emili Grand
			Date issued: February 26, 2004

Date issued. February 26, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

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DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D5GHzV2

Serial: 1019

Manufactured:

February 5, 2004

Calibrated:

February 23, 2004

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head** simulating solution of the following electrical parameters:

Frequency:	6200 NATE:
riequency.	5200 MHz

Relative Dielectricity	36.3	\pm 5%
Conductivity	4.57 mho/m	± 5%

Relative Dielectricity	35.4	± 5%
Conductivity	5.20 mho/m	± 5%

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe EX3DV3 - SN:3503 was used for the measurements. The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. Special 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm). Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm. The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW \pm 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figures supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at **5200 MHz** (Head Tissue) with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: **86.0 mW/g**
$$\pm$$
 20.3 % (k=2)¹

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: **24.1 mW/g**
$$\pm$$
 19.8 % (k=2)¹

The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at 5800 MHz (Head Tissue) with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: **86.8 mW/g**
$$\pm$$
 20.3 % (k=2)²

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: **24.4 mW/g**
$$\pm$$
 19.8 % (k=2)²

¹ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_1g=76.5 mW/g, SAR_10g=21.6 mW/g and SAR_peak=310.3 mW/g.

² Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_1g=78.0 mW/g, SAR_10g=21.9 mW/g and SAR_peak=340.9 mW/g.

3. Dipole Transformation Parameters

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint (please refer to the graphics attached to this document). The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1. 200 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.974

(voltage transmission, one direction)

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters:

Frequency:

5200 MHz

Relative Dielectricity

49.7

± 5% ± 5%

Conductivity

5.18 mho/m

Frequency:

5800 MHz

Relative Dielectricity

48.5

± 5%

Conductivity

6.01 mho/m

± 5%

The DASY3 System with a dosimetric E-field probe EX3DV3 - SN:3503 was used for the measurements. The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. Lossless spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10mm was aligned with the dipole. The 8x8x8 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm). Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm. The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW \pm 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figures supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at **5200 MHz (Body Tissue)** with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue:

77.6 mW/g \pm 20.3 % (k=2)³

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue:

21.8 mW/g \pm 19.8 % (k=2)³

The resulting averaged SAR-values measured at 5800 MHz (Body Tissue) with the dosimetric probe EX3DV3 SN:3503 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue:

75.6 mW/g \pm 20.3 % (k=2)⁴

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue:

21.0 mW/g \pm 19.8 % (k=2)⁴

6. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

7. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to increase frequency bandwidth at the position as explained in Sections 1 and 4.

8. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

³ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_1g=71.8 mW/g, SAR_10g=20.1 mW/g and SAR_peak=284.7 mW/g.

⁴ Target dipole values determined by FDTD (feedpoint impedance set to 50 Ohm). The values are SAR_1g=74.1 mW/g, SAR_10g=20.5 mW/g and SAR_peak=324.7 mW/g.

Date/Time: 02/20/04 16:13:30

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1019

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: HSL5800

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.57 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3503; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7) ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 6/27/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 600; Calibrated: 9/30/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP:1312; Phantom section: Flat Section
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 30; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 98

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 96.8 V/m

Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 39.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz 2/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2.5mm (7x7x8)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 90.4 W/kg

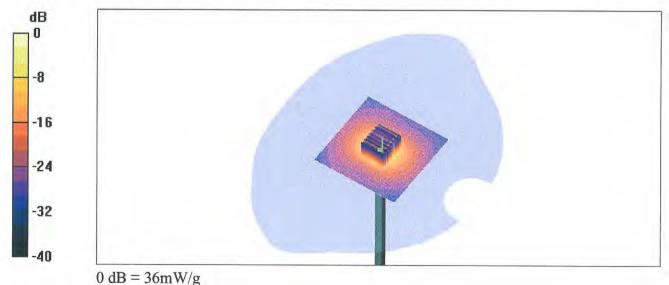
SAR(1 g) = 21.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g

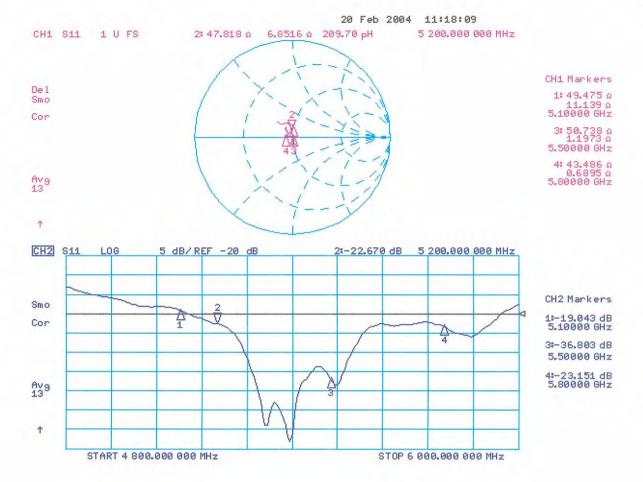
d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2.5mm (7x7x8)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 83.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 21.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 mW/g





Date/Time: 02/23/04 18:22:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1019

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: MSL5800

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.18 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3503; ConvF(5, 5, 5)
 ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 6/27/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 600; Calibrated: 9/30/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP:1312; Phantom section: Flat Section
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 34; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 105

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Reference Value = 79.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 35.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2.5mm (7x7x8)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 75.2 W/kg

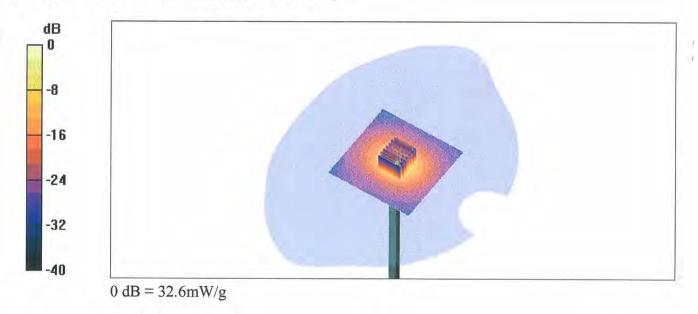
SAR(1 g) = 18.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2.5mm (7x7x8)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 69.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 19.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 mW/g



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