FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : B32V240MPLUSU

Equipment: Point of Sales Terminal

Brand Name: Verifone

Model Name: V240m Plus 3GBWU, V240m Plus 3GBWCU

Applicant: Verifone, Inc.

1400 West Stanford Ranch Road, Suite 200,

Rocklin CA 95765 USA

Manufacturer: Verifone, Inc.

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was received on Nov 12, 2020 and testing was started from Dec 04, 2020 and completed on Dec 06, 2020. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

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Report No.: FA862115-01

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA862115-01	01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 15, 2020

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Verifone, Inc., Point of Sales Terminal, V240m Plus 3GBWU, V240m Plus 3GBWCU, are as follows.

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Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary Extremity (Separation 0mm) 10g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	1.90
Licensed	GSM1900	2.30
Licensed	WCDMA II	1.50
	WCDMA V	0.61
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.78
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.76
DSS	Bluetooth	0.08
Date of Testing:		2020/12/4 ~ 2020/12/6

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Carlie Tsai</u>

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

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3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification			
Equipment Name	Point of Sales Terminal		
Brand Name	Verifone		
Model Name	240m Plus 3GBWU, V240m Plus 3GBWCU		
FCC ID	B32V240MPLUSU		
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz		
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA WLAN 2.4GHz: 802.11b/g/n HT20 WLAN 5GHz: 802.11a/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK		
EUT Stage	Production Unit		
Pomark:			

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Remark:

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^{1.} The device is designed for ordering and electronic payment, intended for use in hand; therefore, extremity SAR is necessary to show compliance.

^{2.} The WWAN / WLAN and Bluetooth will not transmit simultaneous at the same time for this device.

4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

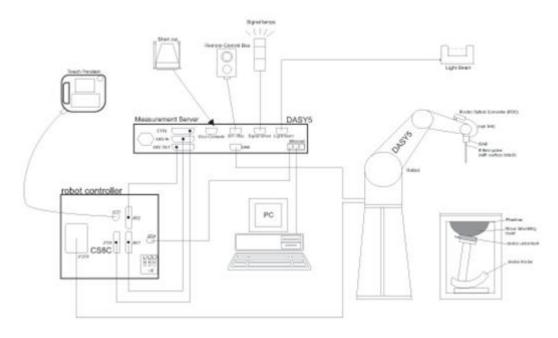
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 0007) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW0007 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory			
Test Site Location	TW1190 No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, CHINESE TAIPEI		TW0007 No. 58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wehnua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, CHINESE TAIPEI	
	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY
Test Site No.	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY		

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6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm



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<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1	
	mm	



6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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6.4 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

VEET I Halltonia		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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6.5 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 2 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

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7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface graded grid 2z_{Zoom}(n>1): between subsequent points Minimum zoom scan		≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
			≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume			≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8. Test Equipment List

	N		0.1111	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit ⁽²⁾	D835V2	4d167	Nov. 25, 2019	Nov. 23, 2021
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit ⁽²⁾	D1900V2	5d041	Sep. 11, 2018	Sep. 08, 2021
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit ⁽²⁾	D2450V2	736	Aug. 31, 2018	Aug. 28, 2021
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit ⁽²⁾	D5GHzV2	1006	Sep. 27, 2018	Sep. 24, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	853	Jul. 23, 2020	Jul. 22, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1311	Aug. 25, 2020	Aug. 24, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Feb. 18, 2020	Feb. 17, 2021
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3642	Apr. 29, 2020	Apr. 28, 2021
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7306	Jul. 24, 2020	Jul. 23, 2021
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7346	May. 20, 2020	May. 19, 2021
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Nov. 10, 2020	Nov. 09, 2021
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Nov. 10, 2020	Nov. 09, 2021
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May. 24, 2020	May. 23, 2021
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 15, 2020	Feb. 14, 2021
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
R&S	Signal Generator	SMA100A	101091	Jul. 20, 2020	Jul. 19, 2021
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46101588	Jun. 10, 2020	Jun. 09, 2021
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1146	Jul. 22, 2020	Jul. 21, 2021
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	3252	Jun. 23, 2020	Jun. 22, 2021
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 19, 2020	Aug. 18, 2021
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 18, 2020	Aug. 17, 2021
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1804003	Oct. 21, 2020	Oct. 20, 2021
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1726150	Oct. 21, 2020	Oct. 20, 2021
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 30, 2020	Jun. 29, 2021
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	N9010A	MY53470118	Mar. 12, 2020	Mar. 11, 2021
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	321501827	Aug. 06, 2020	Aug. 05, 2021
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	715701915	May. 07, 2020	May. 06, 2021
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 1

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General Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

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9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of 18° C to 25° C, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within \pm 2° C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

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The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

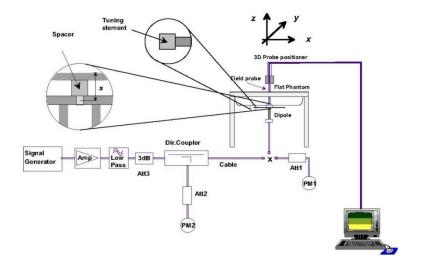
11.0000	Though Diction 1 drameter Officer Resources										
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date		
835	22.4	0.907	42.320	0.90	41.50	0.78	1.98	±5	2020/12/5		
835	22.4	0.907	42.320	0.90	41.50	0.78	1.98	±5	2020/12/5		
1900	22.4	1.439	39.113	1.40	40.00	2.79	-2.22	±5	2020/12/4		
1900	22.4	1.439	39.113	1.40	40.00	2.79	-2.22	±5	2020/12/4		
2450	22.4	1.828	38.327	1.80	39.20	1.56	-2.23	±5	2020/12/6		
5250	22.4	4.661	36.770	4.71	35.95	-1.04	2.28	±5	2020/12/6		
5600	22.4	5.067	36.378	5.07	35.50	-0.06	2.47	±5	2020/12/6		
5750	22.4	5.323	36.034	5.22	35.35	1.97	1.93	±5	2020/12/6		

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9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2020/12/5	835	250	D835V2-4d167	EX3DV4 - SN3642	DAE4 Sn1311	1.50	6.21	6	-3.38
2020/12/5	835	250	D835V2-4d167	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE4 Sn1399	1.70	6.21	6.8	9.50
2020/12/4	1900	250	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN3642	DAE4 Sn1311	5.25	21.20	21	-0.94
2020/12/4	1900	50	D1900V2-5d041	EX3DV4 - SN7306	DAE4 Sn1399	1.02	21.20	20.4	-3.77
2020/12/6	2450	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN7346	DAE4 Sn853	5.94	24.60	23.76	-3.41
2020/12/6	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN7346	DAE4 Sn853	2.21	23.20	22.1	-4.74
2020/12/6	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN7346	DAE4 Sn853	2.35	23.80	23.5	-1.26
2020/12/6	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5750	EX3DV4 - SN7346	DAE4 Sn853	2.32	22.90	23.2	1.31





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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10. GSM/UMTS Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

GSM850	Burst A	verage Powe	r (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-	Average Powe	er (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.82	32.81	32.64	33.50	23.82	23.81	23.64	24.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	32.80	32.80	32.63	33.50	26.80	26.80	26.63	27.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	31.36	31.36	32.12	32.50	27.10	27.10	27.86	28.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots	29.38	29.30	28.99	30.00	26.38	26.30	25.99	27.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	27.02	27.08	26.97	27.50	18.02	18.08	17.97	18.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots	26.96	26.93	26.88	27.50	20.96	20.93	20.88	21.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots	24.77	24.88	24.74	25.50	20.51	20.62	20.48	21.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots	22.81	22.95	22.86	23.50	19.81	19.95	19.86	20.50

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GSM1900	Burst A	verage Powe	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up
TX Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.79	29.76	29.48	30.50	20.79	20.76	20.48	21.50
GPRS 2 Tx slots	29.78	29.00	29.46	30.50	23.78	23.00	23.46	24.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.00	28.03	27.94	29.00	23.74	23.77	23.68	24.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	25.89	25.96	25.92	27.50	22.89	22.96	22.92	24.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot	26.20	26.17	26.05	27.00	17.20	17.17	17.05	18.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	26.04	26.01	25.90	26.50	20.04	20.01	19.90	20.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots	24.29	24.28	24.29	25.00	20.03	20.02	20.03	20.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	22.00	21.99	21.99	23.00	19.00	18.99	18.99	20.00

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βd	βa	β₀/βd	Внѕ	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)
			(SF)		(Note1,	(Note 3)	(Note 3)
					Note 2)		
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_{\text{o}}/\beta_{\text{d}}$ =12/15, $\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{e}}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_d/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	Внs (Note1)	β ес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with β_{hs} = 5/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{he}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

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< WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

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2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

WCDMA Power Mode

	Band		WCDMA II				WCDMA V		
T>	(Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up
R)	c Channel	9662	9800	9938	Limit (dBm)	4357	4407	4458	Limit (dBm)
Frequ	uency (MHz)	1852.4	1880	1907.6		826.4	836.4	846.6	, í
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	21.75	21.61	21.20	22.00	23.45	23.09	23.23	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.57	21.05	21.09	22.00	23.36	22.93	23.14	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.60	21.47	21.10	22.00	23.37	22.96	23.09	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.46	21.46	21.14	21.50	22.90	22.79	22.82	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.40	21.49	21.13	21.50	22.92	22.83	22.80	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.72	21.52	21.16	22.00	23.07	22.69	22.78	23.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.85	19.68	19.34	20.00	21.46	21.16	21.38	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.30	19.97	19.68	21.00	21.98	21.53	21.69	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.93	19.65	19.53	20.00	21.40	21.26	21.36	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.69	21.31	21.47	22.00	21.96	21.85	21.70	23.50

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11. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤1 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 1 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 2.0 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 2.0 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 3 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	2412	15.80	16.00	
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	16.50	17.00	100
2.4GHz WLAN		11	2462	15.60	16.00	
2.4GHZ WLAN		1	2412	12.60	13.00	
	802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	13.50	14.00	93.49
		11	2462	12.60	13.00	
		1	2412	12.20	12.50	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	13.00	13.50	93.08
		11	2462	12.20	12.50	

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<5.2Gŀ	₁z W	'LAN>
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	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		36	5180	13.80	14.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	40	5200	13.70	14.00	92.86
	602.11a 6Wbps	44	5220	13.60	14.00	92.00
		48	5240	12.70	13.50	
		36	5180	13.40	14.00	
	000 44 n LIT20 MCC0	40	5200	13.30	14.00	92.41
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	44	5220	13.40	14.00	92.41
5.2GHz WLAN		48	5240	13.10	13.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	13.70	14.00	89.30
	802.1111-H140 MCS0	46	5230	13.40	14.00	69.30
		36	5180	13.30	14.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	40	5200	13.20	14.00	00.55
	MCS0	44	5220	13.30	14.00	98.55
		48	5240	13.00	13.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40	38	5190	13.60	14.00	00.52
	MCS0	46	5230	13.30	14.00	96.53
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	13.70	14.00	94.32

<5.3GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %		
		52	5260	13.50	14.00			
	000 44 - CMb	56	5280	13.50	14.00	00.00		
	802.11a 6Mbps	60	5300	13.60	14.00	92.86		
		64	5320	12.80	13.50			
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0 -	52	5260	13.20	14.00			
		56	5280	13.20	14.00	00.44		
		60	5300	13.30	14.00	92.41		
5.3GHz WLAN		64	5320	12.50	13.50			
		54	5270	12.90	13.50	00.00		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	62	5310	12.50	13.50	89.30		
		52	5260	13.10	14.00			
	802.11ac-VHT20	56	5280	13.10	14.00	00.55		
	MCS0	60	5300	13.20	14.00	98.55		
		64	5320	12.40	13.50			
	802.11ac-VHT40	54	5270	12.80	13.50	00.50		
	MCS0	62	5310	12.40	13.50	96.53		
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	11.00	11.50	94.32		

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<5.5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %			
		100	5500	11.20	11.50				
		116	5580	10.40	10.50				
	802.11a 6Mbps	124	5620	9.80	10.00	92.86			
		132	5660	9.80	10.00				
		140	5700	8.80	9.50				
		100	5500	11.00	11.50				
		116	5580	9.90	10.50				
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	124	5620	9.40	10.00	92.41			
		132	5660	9.40	10.00				
		140	5700	8.50	9.50				
5 5011-14/1 481	802.11n-HT40 MCS0 -	102	5510	10.60	11.00				
5.5GHz WLAN		110	5550	10.80	11.00	89.30			
		126	5630	5630 9.50		89.30			
		134	5670	9.20	10.00				
		100	5500	10.90	10.90 11.50				
		116	5580	9.80	10.50				
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	124	5620	9.30	10.00	98.55			
	MOOO	132	5660	9.30	10.00				
		140	5700	8.40	9.50				
		102	5510	10.50	11.00				
	802.11ac-VHT40	110	5550	10.70	11.00	00.50			
	MCS0	126	5630	9.40	10.00	96.53			
		134	5670	9.10	10.00				
	802.11ac-VHT80	106	5530	8.00	8.50	04.00			
	MCS0	122	5610	9.60	10.00	94.32			

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<5.8GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %		
		149	5745	10.20	10.50			
	802.11a 6Mbps	157	5785	9.20	10.00	92.86		
		165	5825	9.50	10.00			
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	9.70	10.00			
		157	5785	8.80	10.00	92.41		
5.8GHz WLAN		165	5825	9.30	10.00			
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	9.20	9.50	89.30		
	602.1111-H140 WC30	159	5795	8.90	9.50	69.30		
		149	5745	9.60	10.00			
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	157	5785	8.70	10.00	98.55		
	MOCO	165	5825	9.20	10.00			
	802.11ac-VHT40	151	5755	9.10	9.50	06.53		
	MCS0	159	5795	8.80	9.50	96.53		
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	8.90	9.50	94.32		

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<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

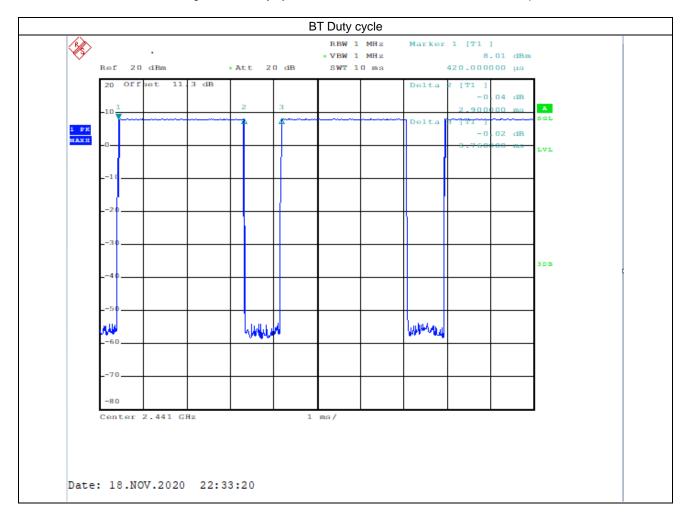
Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)							
Mode	Chamei	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps					
	CH 00	2402	7.78	3.25	3.27					
BR / EDR	CH 39	2441	7.75	4.17	4.22					
	CH 78	2480	2.93	0.11	0.11					
	Tune-up Limit		8.00	4.50	4.50					

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)				
iviode	Chamilei	(MHz)	GFSK				
	CH 00	2402	3.50				
LE	CH 19	2440	4.50				
	CH 39	2480	-0.40				
	Tune-up Limit		5.00				

General Note:

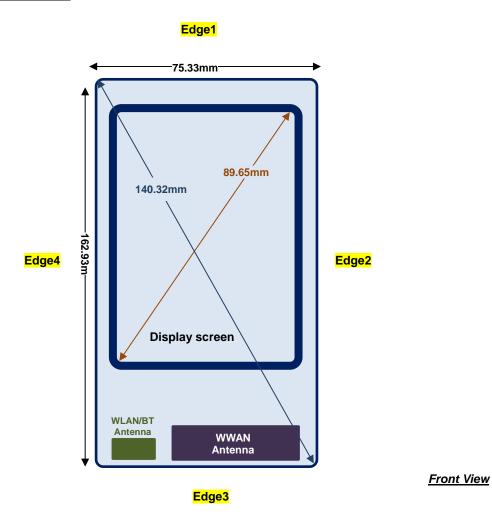
1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 77.13% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.

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12. Antenna Location



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13. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥2W/kg.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
- 2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

UMTS Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3 W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 3.0 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
- 3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 1 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 2.0 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 2.0 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 3 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- $5. \quad \text{During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.} \\$

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13.1 Extremity SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	0mm	251	848.8	32.12	32.50	1.091	0.1	0.341	0.373
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear	0mm	251	848.8	32.12	32.50	1.091	0.08	1.150	1.255
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	0mm	251	848.8	32.12	32.50	1.091	-0.12	0.054	0.059
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 2	0mm	251	848.8	32.12	32.50	1.091	0.09	0.534	0.583
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 3	0mm	251	848.8	32.12	32.50	1.091	0.01	0.916	1.000
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 4	0mm	251	848.8	32.12	32.50	1.091	0.11	0.463	0.505
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear Slant	0mm	251	848.8	32.12	32.50	1.091	-0.15	1.350	1.473
	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear Slant	0mm	128	824.2	31.36	32.50	1.300	0.1	1.400	1.820
01	GSM850	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear Slant	0mm	189	836.4	31.36	32.50	1.300	-0.02	1.460	1.898
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Front	0mm	661	1880	28.03	29.00	1.250	-0.1	0.394	0.493
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear	0mm	661	1880	28.03	29.00	1.250	0.02	1.330	1.663
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 1	0mm	661	1880	28.03	29.00	1.250	0.16	0.001	0.001
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 2	0mm	661	1880	28.03	29.00	1.250	-0.11	0.960	1.200
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 3	0mm	661	1880	28.03	29.00	1.250	0.07	1.200	1.500
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Edge 4	0mm	661	1880	28.03	29.00	1.250	0.06	0.172	0.215
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear Slant	0mm	661	1880	28.03	29.00	1.250	0.1	1.630	2.038
02	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear Slant	0mm	512	1850.2	28.00	29.00	1.259	-0.05	1.830	2.304
	GSM1900	GPRS 3 Tx slots	Rear Slant	0mm	810	1909.8	27.94	29.00	1.276	0.15	1.580	2.017

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.75	22.00	1.059	0.05	0.324	0.343
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.75	22.00	1.059	0.06	0.941	0.997
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.75	22.00	1.059	-0.14	0.001	0.001
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.75	22.00	1.059	0.05	0.879	0.931
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.75	22.00	1.059	0.01	1.160	1.229
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.75	22.00	1.059	0.16	0.108	0.115
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Slant	0mm	9262	1852.4	21.75	22.00	1.059	-0.18	1.220	1.292
03	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Slant	0mm	9400	1880	21.61	22.00	1.094	-0.08	1.370	1.499
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Slant	0mm	9538	1907.6	21.20	22.00	1.202	0.14	1.230	1.479
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	4132	826.4	23.45	23.50	1.012	0.1	0.274	0.277
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear	0mm	4132	826.4	23.45	23.50	1.012	0.09	0.526	0.532
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 1	0mm	4132	826.4	23.45	23.50	1.012	0.05	0.001	0.001
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 2	0mm	4132	826.4	23.45	23.50	1.012	-0.1	0.424	0.429
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 3	0mm	4132	826.4	23.45	23.50	1.012	-0.11	0.559	0.565
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Edge 4	0mm	4132	826.4	23.45	23.50	1.012	-0.06	0.065	0.066
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Slant	0mm	4132	826.4	23.45	23.50	1.012	0.04	0.596	0.603
04	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Slant	0mm	4182	836.4	23.09	23.50	1.099	-0.13	0.559	0.614
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Rear Slant	0mm	4233	846.6	23.23	23.50	1.064	0.11	0.569	0.605

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	0mm	6	2437	16.50	17.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.12	0.060	0.067
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Rear	0mm	6	2437	16.50	17.00	1.122	100	1.000	-0.06	0.360	0.404
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	6	2437	16.50	17.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.11	0.001	0.001
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	6	2437	16.50	17.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.19	0.001	0.001
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 3	0mm	6	2437	16.50	17.00	1.122	100	1.000	0.01	0.274	0.307
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	6	2437	16.50	17.00	1.122	100	1.000	-0.19	0.195	0.219
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	6	2437	16.50	17.00	1.122	100	1.000	-0.11	0.594	0.666
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	1	2412	15.80	16.00	1.047	100	1.000	0.19	0.704	0.737
05	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	11	2462	15.60	16.00	1.096	100	1.000	0.04	0.714	0.783
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	60	5300	13.60	14.00	1.096	92.86	1.077	0.16	0.072	0.085
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear	0mm	60	5300	13.60	14.00	1.096	92.86	1.077	0.05	0.350	0.413
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	60	5300	13.60	14.00	1.096	92.86	1.077	-0.02	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	60	5300	13.60	14.00	1.096	92.86	1.077	-0.07	0.031	0.037
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 3	0mm	60	5300	13.60	14.00	1.096	92.86	1.077	0.18	0.261	0.308
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	60	5300	13.60	14.00	1.096	92.86	1.077	0.13	0.231	0.273
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	60	5300	13.60	14.00	1.096	92.86	1.077	-0.03	0.513	0.606
06	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	52	5260	13.50	14.00	1.122	92.86	1.077	0.01	0.632	0.764
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	56	5280	13.50	14.00	1.122	92.86	1.077	0.13	0.535	0.647
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	64	5320	12.80	13.50	1.175	92.86	1.077	-0.18	0.547	0.692
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	100	5500	11.20	11.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	0.19	0.109	0.126
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear	0mm	100	5500	11.20	11.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	0.02	0.354	0.409
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	100	5500	11.20	11.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.13	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	100	5500	11.20	11.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.12	0.034	0.039
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 3	0mm	100	5500	11.20	11.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.13	0.282	0.325
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	100	5500	11.20	11.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.03	0.288	0.332
07	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	100	5500	11.20	11.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.1	0.501	0.578
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	116	5580	10.40	10.50	1.023	92.86	1.077	0.01	0.437	0.482
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	124	5620	9.80	10.00	1.047	92.86	1.077	-0.08	0.409	0.461
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	132	5660	9.80	10.00	1.047	92.86	1.077	-0.1	0.394	0.444
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	140	5700	8.80	9.50	1.175	92.86	1.077	-0.08	0.302	0.382
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Front	0mm	149	5745	10.20	10.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.15	0.121	0.140
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear	0mm	149	5745	10.20	10.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.02	0.218	0.252
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	149	5745	10.20	10.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.05	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	149	5745	10.20	10.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	0.08	0.001	0.001
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 3	0mm	149	5745	10.20	10.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	-0.03	0.256	0.295
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	149	5745	10.20	10.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	0.04	0.300	0.346
08	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	149	5745	10.20	10.50	1.072	92.86	1.077	0	0.379	0.437
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	157	5785	9.20	10.00	1.202	92.86	1.077	0.11	0.308	0.399
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	165	5825	9.50	10.00	1.122	92.86	1.077	-0.06	0.284	0.343

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<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Drift	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	0mm	00	2402	7.78	8.00	1.052	77.13	1.080	0.1	0.006	0.007
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Rear	0mm	00	2402	7.78	8.00	1.052	77.13	1.080	-0.15	0.036	0.041
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	00	2402	7.78	8.00	1.052	77.13	1.080	-0.12	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 2	0mm	00	2402	7.78	8.00	1.052	77.13	1.080	0.02	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 3	0mm	00	2402	7.78	8.00	1.052	77.13	1.080	0.15	0.027	0.031
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	00	2402	7.78	8.00	1.052	77.13	1.080	0.12	0.011	0.012
09	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	00	2402	7.78	8.00	1.052	77.13	1.080	-0.07	0.071	0.081
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	39	2441	7.75	8.00	1.059	77.13	1.080	0.14	0.059	0.067
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Rear Slant	0mm	78	2480	2.93	8.00	3.214	77.13	1.080	-0.02	0.001	0.003

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14. Simultaneous transmission SAR analysis

This device does not support simultaneous transmission

Test Engineer: Sing Lim

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15. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\le 30\%$, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

16. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 648474 D03 v01r04, "Evaluation and Approval Considerations for Handsets with Specific Wireless Charging Battery Covers" Dec 2015.
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

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