

RF Test Report

Applicant : Nippon POP Rivets & Fasteners Ltd.
Product Type : Power Tool
Trade Name : STANLEY
Model Number : PB2500 Smart
Applicable Standard : FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C
ANSI C63.10:2013
Received Date : Nov. 27, 2019
Test Period : Jul. 03 ~ Jul. 04, 2020
Issued Date : Jul. 15, 2020

Issued by

A Test Lab Techno Corp.
No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District,
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Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330
Frequency Range : 9 kHz to 40 GHz
Test Firm MRA designation number: TW0010

Note:

1. The test results are valid only for samples provided by customers and under the test conditions described in this report.
2. This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of A Test Lab Technology Corporation.
3. The relevant information is provided by customers in this test report. According to the correctness, appropriateness or completeness of the information provided by the customer, if there is any doubt or error in the information which affects the validity of the test results, the laboratory does not take the responsibility.



Revision History

Rev.	Issued Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	Jun. 03, 2020	Initial Issue	Nina Lin
01	Jul. 15, 2020	It is verified that the power difference is too large, so retest with a new case.	Tobey Cheng

Verification of Compliance

Applicant : Nippon POP Rivets & Fasteners Ltd.

Product Type : Power Tool

Trade Name : STANLEY

Model Number : PB2500 Smart

FCC ID : 2AWAW-PB2500SMART

EUT Rated Voltage : DC 20 V

Test Voltage : DC 20 V

Applicable Standard : FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C
ANSI C63.10:2013

Test Result : Complied

Performing Lab. : A Test Lab Techno Corp.

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Taoyuan City 33465, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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<http://www.atl-lab.com.tw/e-index.htm>



A Test Lab Techno Corp. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by A Test Lab Techno Corp. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Approved By

: Fly Lu

(Manager)

(Fly Lu)

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1 General Information

1.1. Summary of Test Result

Standard	Item	Result	Remark
15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	N/A	The EUT used DC Power source.
15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS	----
15.247(b)(1)	Max. Output Power	PASS	----
15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Emissions	PASS	----
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB RF Bandwidth	PASS	----
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	----
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping	PASS	----
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	----
15.247(d)	Out of Band Conducted Spurious Emission	PASS	----

Decision Rule

- ☒ Uncertainty is not included.
☐ Uncertainty is included.

Standard	Description
CFR47, Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional Radiators
ANSI C63. 10: 2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
DA 00-705	Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems

1.2. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Frequency Range	Uncertainty (dB)
Radiated Emission	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.14
	30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz	4.99
	1000 MHz ~ 18000 MHz	4.99
	18000 MHz ~ 26500 MHz	4.23
	26500 MHz ~ 40000 MHz	4.39
Conducted Output Power	0.92 dB	
RF Bandwidth	4.79 %	
Power Spectral Density	0.92 dB	

2 EUT Description

Applicant	Nippon POP Rivets & Fasteners Ltd. Hosoda, Noyori-cho, Toyohashi-shi, Aichi, 441-8540, Japan	
Manufacturer	Nippon POP Rivets & Fasteners Ltd. Hosoda, Noyori-cho, Toyohashi-shi, Aichi, 441-8540, Japan	
Product	Power Tool	
Trade Name	STANLEY	
Model Number	PB2500 Smart	
FCC ID	2AWAW-PB2500SMART	
Frequency Range	2402 ~ 2480 MHz	
Modulation Type	GFSK for 1 Mbps	
	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK for 2 Mbps	
	8DPSK for 3 Mbps	
Operate Temp. Range	0 ~ +40 °C	
Antenna information	Type	Max. Gain (dBi)
	PCB antenna	2
Max. RF Output Power	GFSK for 1 Mbps	0.00216 W
	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK for 2 Mbps	0.00208 W
	8DPSK for 3 Mbps	0.00211 W

3 Test Methodology

3.1. Mode of Operation

Decision of Test ATL has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

Pre-Test Mode
Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode
Mode 2: $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Continuous TX mode
Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes.

By preliminary testing and verifying three axis (X and Y) position of EUT transmitted status, it was found that “Y axis” position was the worst, then the final test was executed the worst condition and test data were recorded in this report.

Final-Test Mode
Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode
Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode

Description of Test Modes

Preliminary tests were performed in different modulation to find the worst case. The modulation has shown the worst-case in section 4.5. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases.

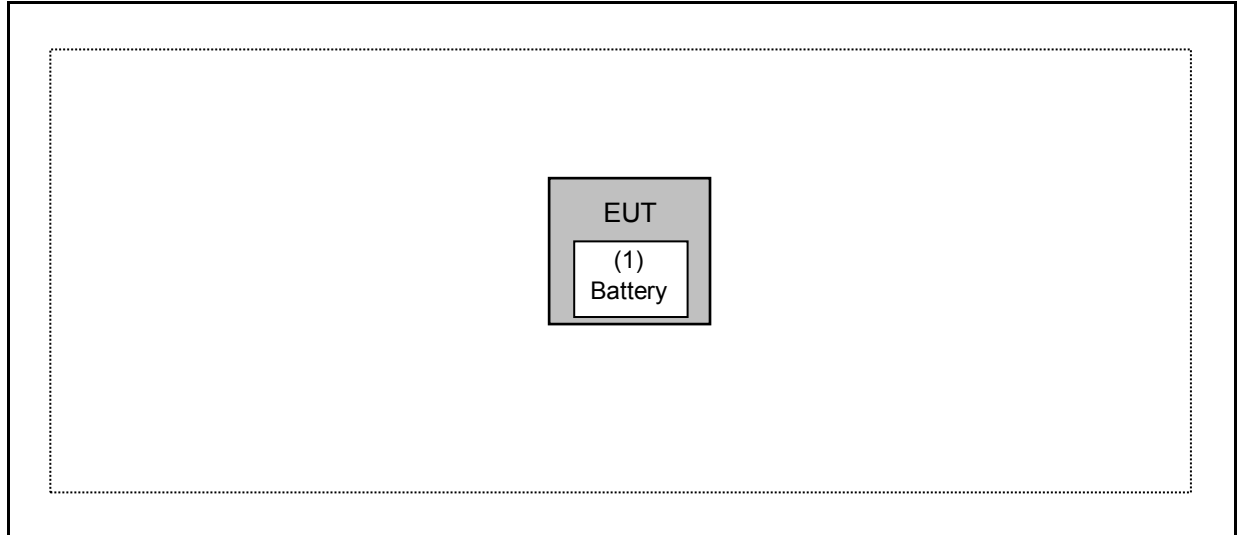
3.2. EUT Test Step

1	Setup the EUT shown on “Configuration of Test System Details.”
2	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3	Turn on TX function
4	EUT run test program.

Measurement Software			
No.	Description	Software	Version
1	Radiated Emission	EZ EMC	1.1.4.4

3.3. Configuration of Test System Details

Radiated Emissions



Devices Description					
	Product	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Power Cord
(1)	Battery	DEWALT	DCB203	N/A	N/A

3.4. Test Instruments

For Radiated Emissions

Test Period: Jul. 04, 2020

Testing Engineer: Ricky Liu, Marc Yeh

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Cal. Period
Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~44 GHz)	Keysight	N9010A	MY52221312	01/13/2020	1 year
Pre Amplifier (1~26.5 GHz)	Agilent	8449B	3008A02456	03/25/2020	1 year
Pre Amplifier (100 kHz~1.3 GHz)	Agilent	8447D	2944A11119	01/15/2020	1 year
Horn Antenna (1~18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	BBHA9120D	9120D-550	08/22/2019	1 year
Horn Antenna (18~40 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	BBHA9170	9170-320	08/14/2019	1 year
Loop Antenna	COM-POWER CORPORATION	AL-130	121014	03/27/2020	1 year
RF Cable	EMCI	EMC104-N-N-6000	TE01-1	02/20/2020	1 year
Microwave Cable	EMCI	EMC104-SM- SM-13000	170814	10/29/2019	1 year
Microwave Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM- KM-14000	151001	02/20/2020	1 year

For Conducted

Test Period: Jul. 03, 2020

Testing Engineer: Peter Shui

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Cal. Period
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1126022	09/02/2019	1 year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1135009	09/02/2019	1 year
Spectrum Analyzer (20 Hz~26.5 GHz)	Agilent	N9020A	US47520902	09/18/2019	1 year

Note: N.C.R. = No Calibration Request.

3.5. Test Site Environment

Items	Required (IEC 60068-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	20-30
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	45-75

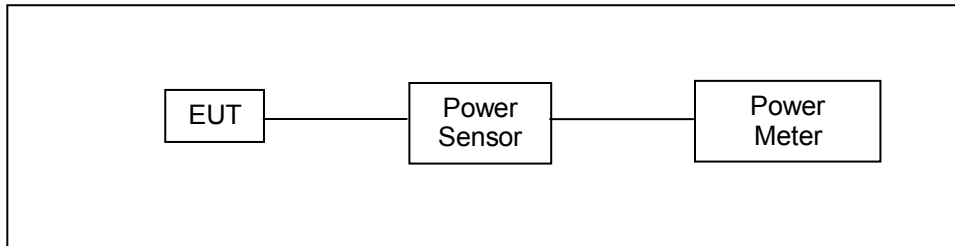
4 Measurement Procedure

4.1. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

■ Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels < 0.125 watt.

■ Test Setup



■ Test Procedure

Testing must be done according to this procedure, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 - Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems. This is the only method recognized by the FCC. The tests below are run with the EUT's transmitter set at high power in TX mode. The EUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number. While testing, EUT was set to transmit continuously. Remove the Subjective device's antenna and connect the RF output port to power sensor. The maximum peak output power shall not exceed 1 watt.

Use a direct connection between the antenna port of transmitter and the power sensor, for prevent the power sensor input attenuation 40-50 dB. Set the RBW Bandwidth of the emission or use a channel power meter mode. For antennas with gains of 6 dBi or less, maximum allowed transmitter output is 1 watt (+30 dBm). For antennas with gains greater than 6 dBi, transmitter output level must be decreased by an amount equal to $(\text{GAIN} - 6)/3$ dBm. The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a power sensor. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals.

4.2. Radiated Emission Measurement

■ Limit

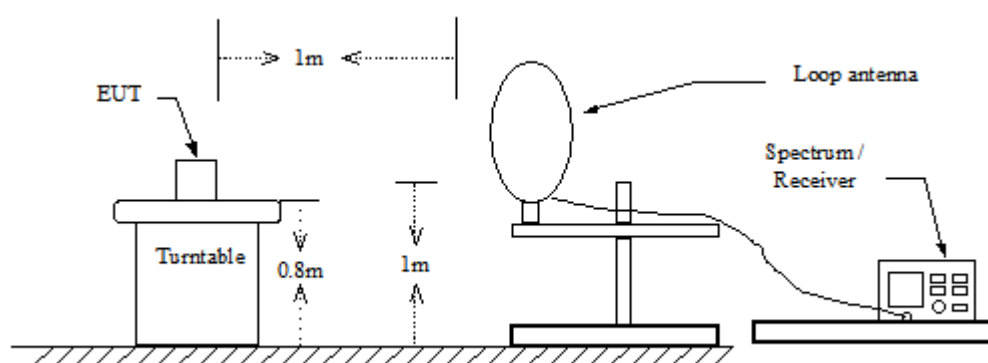
According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V/m}$ at meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400 / F$ (kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000 / F$ (kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

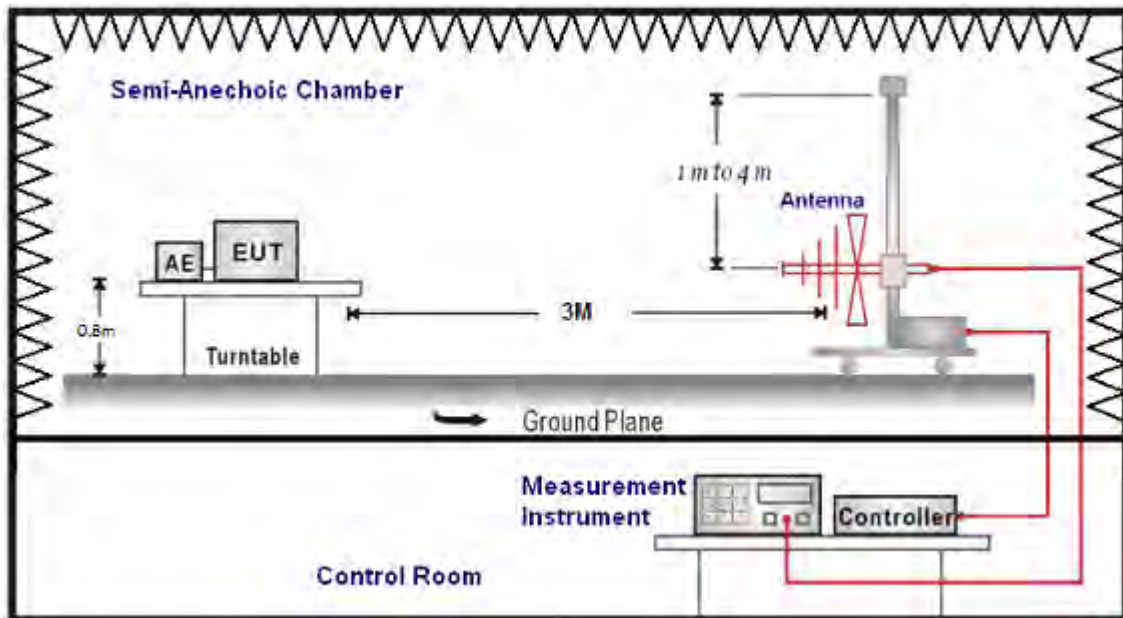
** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

■ Setup

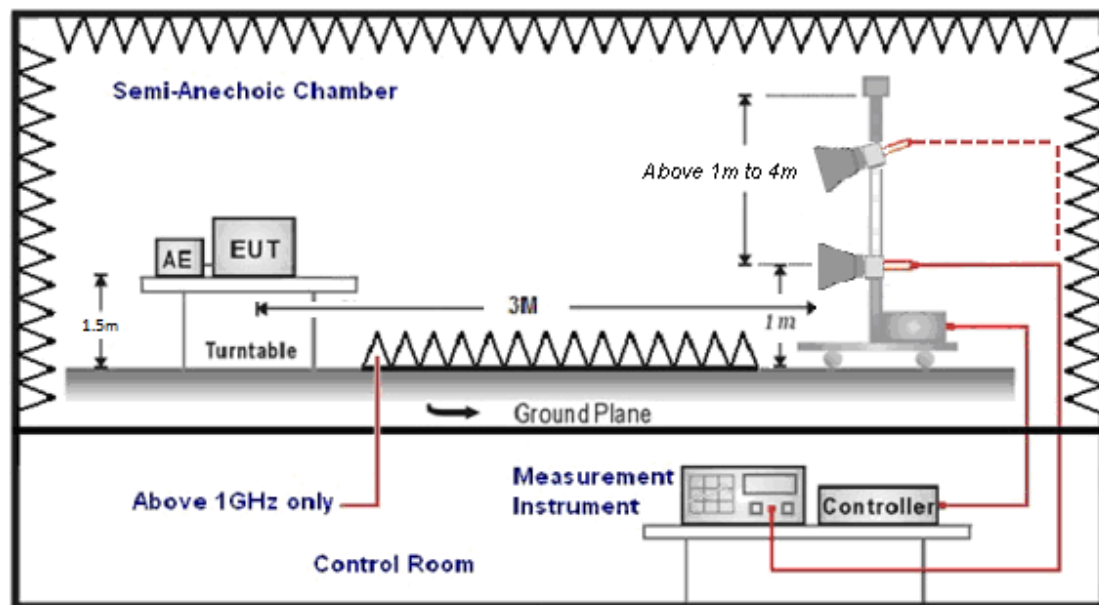
9 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



■ Test Procedure

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, Semi Anechoic Chamber. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 or 1.5 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter. The spectrum was examined from 250 MHz to 2.5 GHz in order to cover the whole spectrum below 10th harmonic which could generate from the EUT. During the test, EUT was set to transmit continuously & Measurements spectrum range from 9 kHz to 26.5 GHz is investigated.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, and then the video bandwidth is set to 3 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements when Duty cycle >98 % / 1/T for average measurements when Duty cycle <98 %. A nonconductive material surrounded the EUT to supporting the EUT for standing on three orthogonal planes. At each condition, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK Biconilog Antenna at 3 Meter and the SCHWARZBECK Double Ridged Guide Antenna was used in frequencies 1 – 26.5 GHz at a distance of 1 meter. All test results were extrapolated to equivalent signal at 3 meters utilizing an inverse linear distance extrapolation Factor (20 dB/decade).

For testing above 1 GHz, the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 20 dB lower than average limit (that means the emission level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. No post – detector video filters were used in the test.

The spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 1 MHz, and the analyzer was operated in the peak detection mode, for frequencies both below and up 1 GHz. The average levels were obtained by subtracting the duty cycle correction factor from the peak readings.

The following procedures were used to convert the emission levels measured in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt (dBuV) into field intensity in micro volts per meter (uV/m).

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt in to field intensity in micro volts per meter (dBuV/m).

The actual field intensity in referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dBuV/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dBuV, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) and Subtracting the gain of preamplifier (dB) is auto calculate in spectrum analyzer.

$$(1) \text{ Amplitude (dBuV/m) = FI (dBuV) + AF (dBuV) + CL (dBuV) - Gain (dB)}$$

FI= Reading of the field intensity.

AF= Antenna factor.

CL= Cable loss.

P.S Amplitude is auto calculate in spectrum analyzer.

$$(2) \text{ Actual Amplitude (dBuV/m) = Amplitude (dBuV) - Dis(dB)}$$

The FCC specified emission limits were calculated according the EUT operating frequency and by following linear interpolation equations:

- (a) For fundamental frequency : Transmitter Output < +30 dBm
- (b) For spurious frequency : Spurious emission limits = fundamental emission limit /10

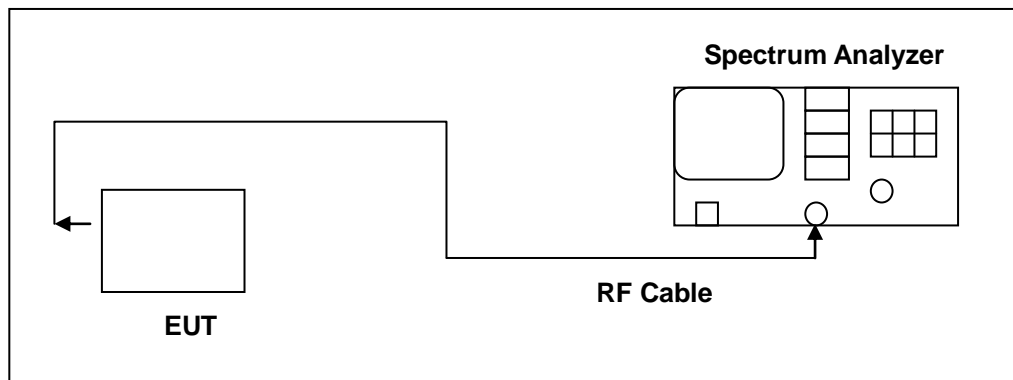
Data of measurement within this frequency range without mark in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

4.3. 20 dB RF Bandwidth Measurement

■ **Limit**

N/A

■ **Test Setup**



■ **Test Procedure**

Testing must be done according to this procedure, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 - Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems. This is the only method recognized by the FCC. The RF output port of the Equipment-Under-Test is directly coupled to the input of the EMC analyzer through a specialized RF connector and a 10 dB passive attenuator. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage. The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled. The spectrum analyzer used the following settings:

1. Span = approx. 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping frequency
2. RBW \geq 1 % of the 20 dB span
3. VBW \geq RBW
4. Sweep = auto
5. Detector function = peak
6. Trace = max hold

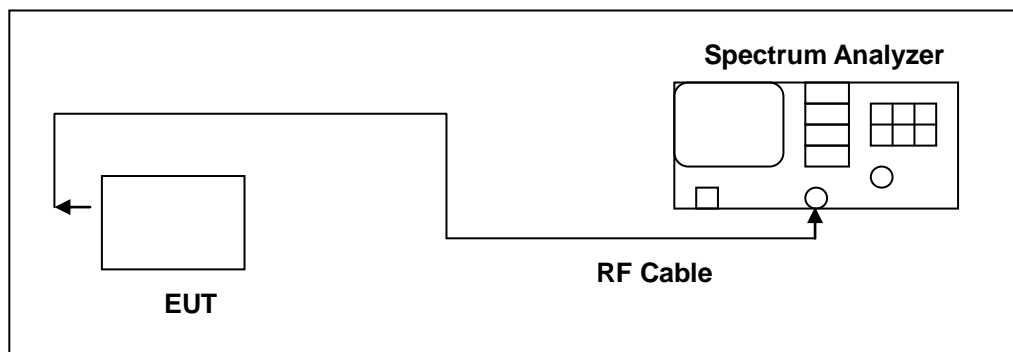
The trace was allowed to stabilize. The EUT was transmitting at its maximum data rate. The marker-to-peak function was used to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The marker-delta function was used to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. The marker-delta function and marker was moved to the other side of the emission until it was even with the reference marker. The marker-delta reading at this point was the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

4.4. Carrier Frequency Separation Measurement

■ Limit

Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 Subpart (c) 15.247(a)(1) requires the measurement of the bandwidth of the transmission between the -20 dB points on the transmitted spectrum. The results of this test determine the limits for channel spacing. The channel spacing shall be a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel.

■ Test Setup



■ Test Procedure

Testing must be done according to this procedure, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 - Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems. This is the only method recognized by the FCC. The RF output port of the Equipment-Under-Test is directly coupled to the input of the EMC analyzer through a specialized RF connector and a 10 dB passive attenuator. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage. The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled. The following spectrum analyzer settings were used:

1. Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
2. Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) $\geq 1\%$ of the span
3. Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) \geq RBW
4. Sweep = auto
5. Detector function = peak
6. Trace = max hold

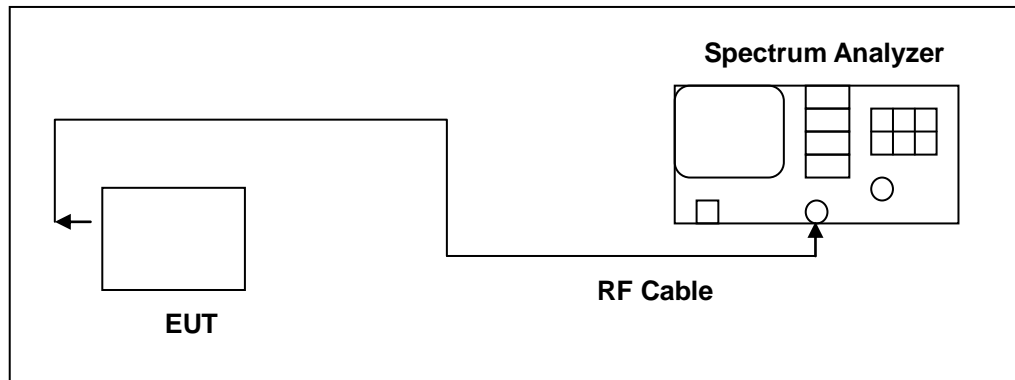
The trace was allowed to stabilize. The marker-delta function was used to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

4.5. Number of Hopping Measurement

■ Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

■ Test Setup



■ Test Procedure

Testing must be done according to this procedure, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 - Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems. This is the only method recognized by the FCC. The RF output port of the Equipment-Under-Test is directly coupled to the input of the EMC analyzer through a specialized RF connector and a 10 dB passive attenuator. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage. The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled. The spectrum analyzer used the following settings:

1. Span = the frequency band of operation
2. RBW \geq 1 % of the span
3. VBW \geq RBW
4. Sweep = auto
5. Detector function = peak
6. Trace = max hold

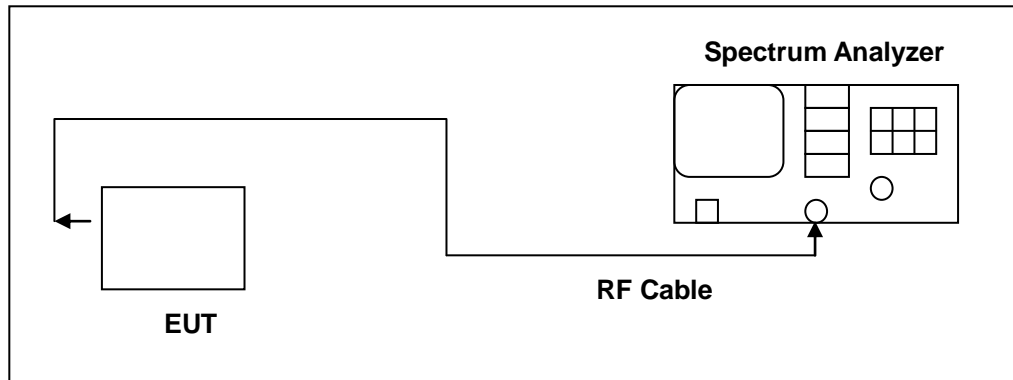
The trace was allowed to stabilize.

4.6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) Measurement

■ Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

■ Test Setup



■ Test Procedure

Testing must be done according to this procedure, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 - Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems. This is the only method recognized by the FCC. The RF output port of the Equipment-Under-Test is directly coupled to the input of the spectrum through a specialized RF connector and a 10 dB passive attenuator. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage. The Bluetooth hopping function of the EUT was enabled. The following spectrum analyzer settings were used:

1. Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
2. RBW = 1 MHz
3. VBW \geq RBW
4. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
5. Detector function = peak
6. Trace = max hold

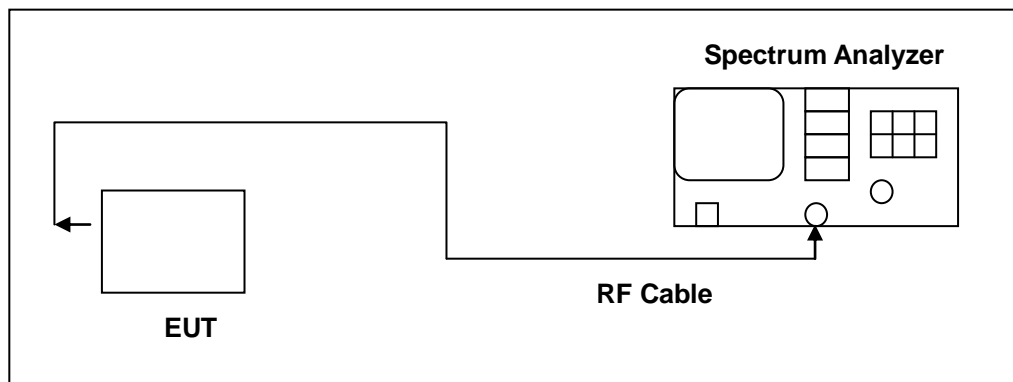
The marker-delta function was used to determine the dwell time.

4.7. Out of Band Conducted Emissions Measurement

■ Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power

■ Test Setup



■ Test Procedure

Testing must be done according to this procedure, FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 - Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems. This is the only method recognized by the FCC. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the EUT pass band, the RF power produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence, and the carrier frequency shall be at least 20 dB below that of the maximum in-band 100 kHz emission, antenna output of the EUT was coupled directly to spectrum analyzer; if an external attenuator and/or cable was used, these losses are compensated for with the analyzer OFFSET function. All other types of emissions from the EUT shall meet the general limits for radiated frequencies outside the pass band. The test was performed at 3 channels (Channel 0, 39, 78)

4.8. Antenna Measurement

■ Limit

For intentional device, according to 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And According to 15.247 (b)(4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

■ Antenna Connector Construction

See section 2 – antenna information.

5 Test Results

Annex A. Conducted Test Results

Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Average Power		Peak Power		Limit (W)
			(dBm)	(W)	(dBm)	(W)	
Mode 1	2402	DH1	2.49	0.00177	3.08	0.00203	≤ 0.125
		DH3	2.54	0.00179	3.15	0.00207	≤ 0.125
		DH5	2.67	0.00185	3.34	0.00216	≤ 0.125
	2441	DH1	1.53	0.00142	1.81	0.00152	≤ 0.125
		DH3	1.56	0.00143	1.84	0.00153	≤ 0.125
		DH5	1.65	0.00146	1.98	0.00158	≤ 0.125
	2480	DH1	-0.01	0.00100	0.36	0.00109	≤ 0.125
		DH3	0.06	0.00101	0.48	0.00112	≤ 0.125
		DH5	0.28	0.00107	0.67	0.00117	≤ 0.125
Mode 2	2402	2DH1	2.34	0.00171	3.01	0.00200	≤ 0.125
		2DH3	2.38	0.00173	3.04	0.00201	≤ 0.125
		2DH5	2.53	0.00179	3.19	0.00208	≤ 0.125
	2441	2DH1	1.12	0.00129	1.69	0.00148	≤ 0.125
		2DH3	1.21	0.00132	1.72	0.00149	≤ 0.125
		2DH5	1.31	0.00135	1.92	0.00156	≤ 0.125
	2480	2DH1	-0.20	0.00095	0.35	0.00108	≤ 0.125
		2DH3	-0.18	0.00096	0.42	0.00110	≤ 0.125
		2DH5	-0.04	0.00099	0.49	0.00112	≤ 0.125
Mode 3	2402	3DH1	2.40	0.00174	3.07	0.00203	≤ 0.125
		3DH3	2.45	0.00176	3.14	0.00206	≤ 0.125
		3DH5	2.55	0.00180	3.24	0.00211	≤ 0.125
	2441	3DH1	1.15	0.00130	1.75	0.00150	≤ 0.125
		3DH3	1.24	0.00133	1.80	0.00151	≤ 0.125
		3DH5	1.34	0.00136	1.96	0.00157	≤ 0.125
	2480	3DH1	-0.15	0.00097	0.39	0.00109	≤ 0.125
		3DH3	-0.12	0.00097	0.46	0.00111	≤ 0.125
		3DH5	-0.02	0.00100	0.52	0.00113	≤ 0.125

Note: The relevant measured result has the offset with cable loss already.

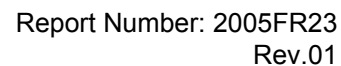


20 dB RF Bandwidth Measurement

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Results (MHz)
Mode 1	2402	0.948
	2441	0.947
	2480	0.945
Mode 3	2402	1.313
	2441	1.310
	2480	1.315

■ Test Graphs

Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode	
2402 MHz	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq: 2.40200000 GHz Trig: Free Run #Att: 30 dB Radio Std: None Radio Device: BTS</p> <p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>Center 2.402 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Span 3 MHz Sweep 3.2 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 856.70 kHz</p> <p>Total Power 8.99 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -17.811 kHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 948.2 kHz</p> <p>x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>File name not found; D:\User_My_Documents\Instrument\My...</p>
2441 MHz	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq: 2.441000000 GHz Trig: Free Run #Att: 30 dB Radio Std: None Radio Device: BTS</p> <p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>Center 2.441 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Span 3 MHz Sweep 3.2 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 846.99 kHz</p> <p>Total Power 7.68 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -16.995 kHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 946.5 kHz</p> <p>x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>File <BBB.png> saved</p>
2480 MHz	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW</p> <p>Center Freq: 2.480000000 GHz Trig: Free Run #Att: 30 dB Radio Std: None Radio Device: BTS</p> <p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p> <p>Center 2.48 GHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Span 3 MHz Sweep 3.2 ms</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 844.49 kHz</p> <p>Total Power 5.80 dBm</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -17.107 kHz</p> <p>OBW Power 99.00 %</p> <p>x dB Bandwidth 945.3 kHz</p> <p>x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>File <BBB.png> saved</p>

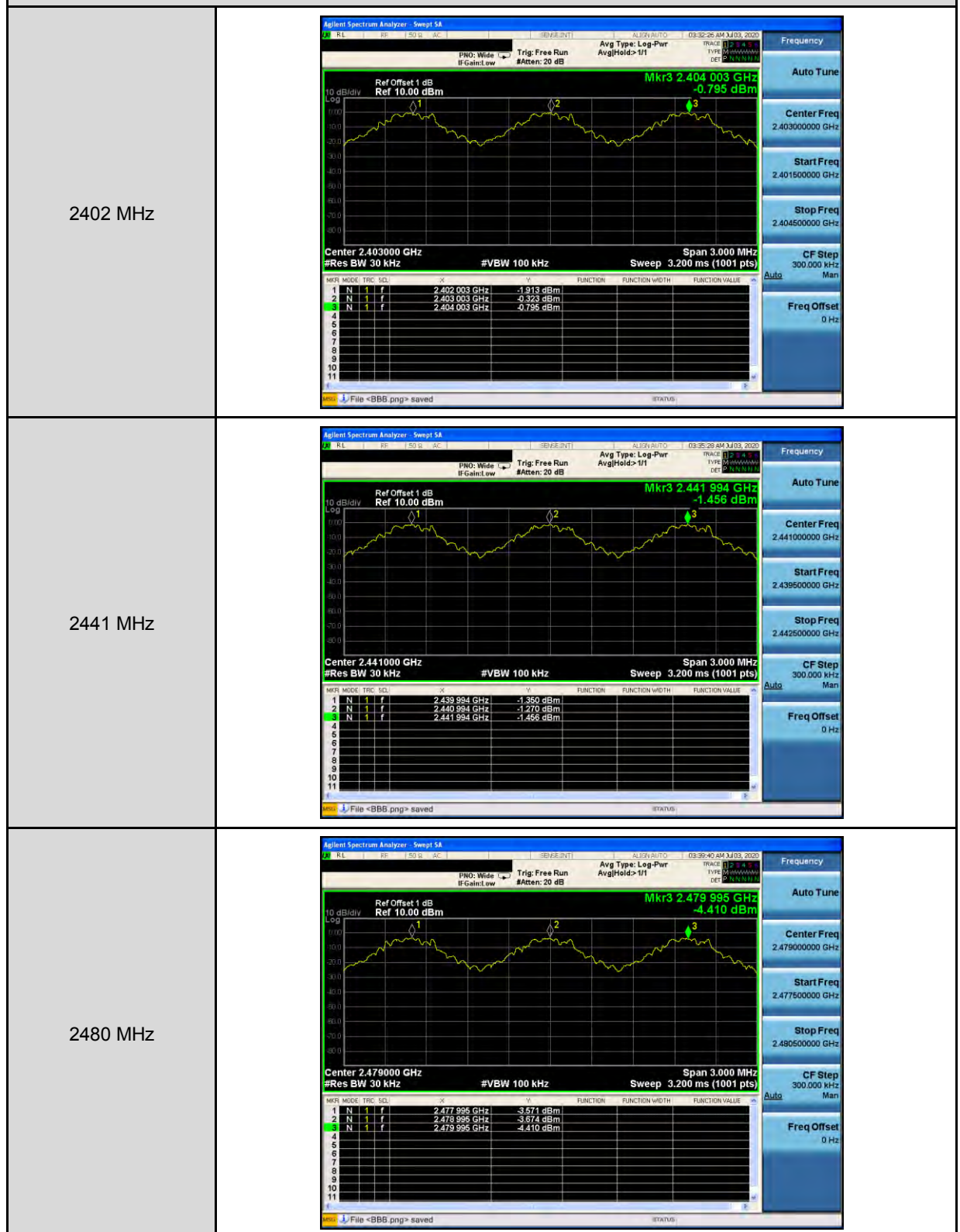
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Carrier Frequency Separation Measurement

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Results (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
Mode 1	2402	1.000	≥ 0.632
	2441	1.000	≥ 0.631
	2480	1.000	≥ 0.630
Mode 3	2402	1.000	≥ 0.875
	2441	1.000	≥ 0.873
	2480	1.000	≥ 0.877

■ Test Graphs

Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode



Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode

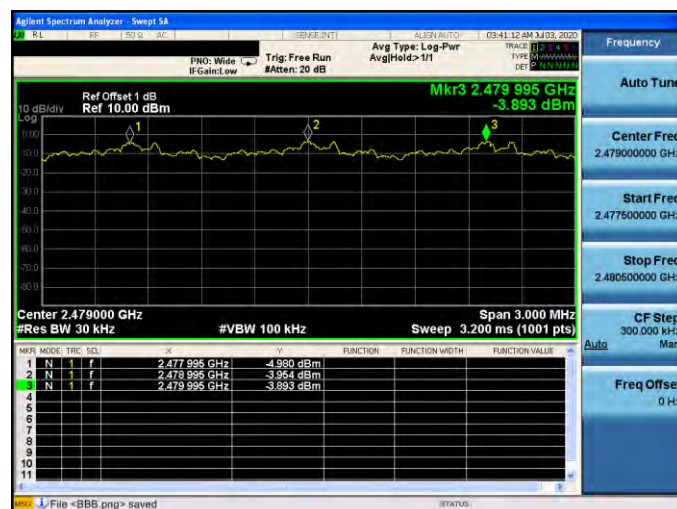
2402 MHz



2441 MHz



2480 MHz



Number of Hopping Measurement

Test Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Measurement Results (Ch)	Limit (ch)
Mode 1	2402 - 2480	79	≥ 15
Mode 3	2402 - 2480	79	≥ 15

■ Test Graphs

Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode

CH0~CH39



CH40~CH78



Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode

CH0~CH39



CH40~CH78

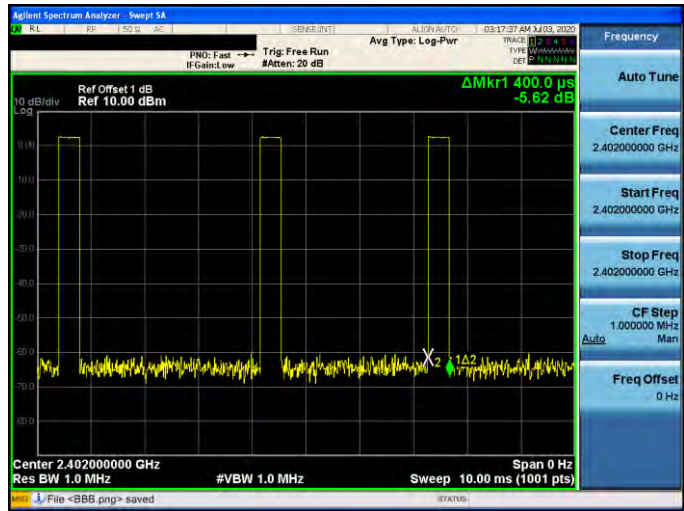
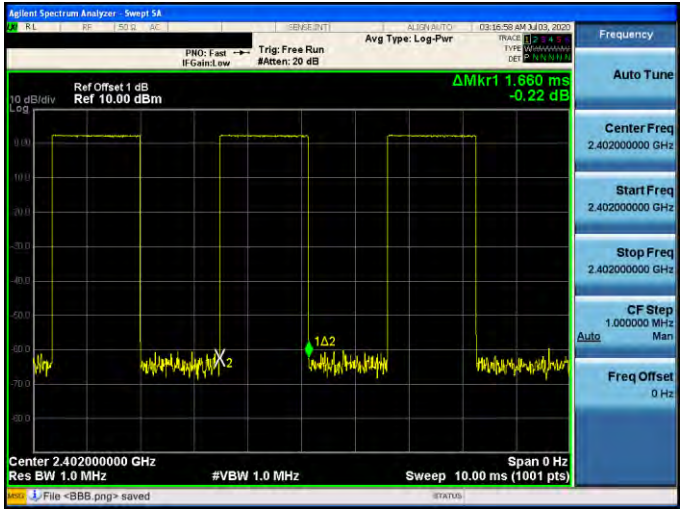


Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) Measurement

Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode	
DH1	
Cycle Calculate	$79CH * 0.4 = 31.6 \text{ (sec)}$
The EUT Hopping Number per Sec	1600 times/sec
Each Channel Dwell Times per Sec	$800/79CH = 10.13(\text{times/sec})$
Each Channel Dwell Times on Cycle(1)	$31.6 * 10.13 = 320.108(\text{times})$
Each Channel Dwell Times (2)	0.400 ms (sec)
Dwell Times on Cycle (1) * (2)	128.043 ms (sec)
LIMIT(msec)	$< = 400$
DH3	
Cycle Calculate	$79CH * 0.4 = 31.6 \text{ (sec)}$
The EUT Hopping Number per Sec	1600 times/sec
Each Channel Dwell Times per Sec	$400/79CH = 5.1(\text{times/sec})$
Each Channel Dwell Times on Cycle(1)	$31.6 * 5.1 = 161.16(\text{times})$
Each Channel Dwell Times (2)	1.660 ms (sec)
Dwell Times on Cycle (1) * (2)	265.427 ms (sec)
LIMIT(msec)	$< = 400$
DH5	
Cycle Calculate	$79CH * 0.4 = 31.6 \text{ (sec)}$
The EUT Hopping Number per Sec	1600 times/sec
Each Channel Dwell Times per Sec	$266.7/79CH = 3.37(\text{times/sec})$
Each Channel Dwell Times on Cycle(1)	$31.6 * 3.37 = 106.492(\text{times})$
Each Channel Dwell Times (2)	2.910 ms (sec)
Dwell Times on Cycle (1) * (2)	310.811 ms (sec)
LIMIT(msec)	$< = 400$

Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode	
3DH1	
Cycle Calculate	$79CH * 0.4 = 31.6 \text{ (sec)}$
The EUT Hopping Number per Sec	1600 times/sec
Each Channel Dwell Times per Sec	$800/79CH = 10.13(\text{times/sec})$
Each Channel Dwell Times on Cycle(1)	$31.6 * 10.13 = 320.108(\text{times})$
Each Channel Dwell Times (2)	0.420 ms (sec)
Dwell Times on Cycle (1) * (2)	134.445 ms (sec)
LIMIT(msec)	$< = 400$
3DH3	
Cycle Calculate	$79CH * 0.4 = 31.6 \text{ (sec)}$
The EUT Hopping Number per Sec	1600 times/sec
Each Channel Dwell Times per Sec	$400/79CH = 5.1(\text{times/sec})$
Each Channel Dwell Times on Cycle(1)	$31.6 * 5.1 = 161.16(\text{times})$
Each Channel Dwell Times (2)	1.660 ms (sec)
Dwell Times on Cycle (1) * (2)	265.427 ms (sec)
LIMIT(msec)	$< = 400$
3DH5	
Cycle Calculate	$79CH * 0.4 = 31.6 \text{ (sec)}$
The EUT Hopping Number per Sec	1600 times/sec
Each Channel Dwell Times per Sec	$266.7/79CH = 3.37(\text{times/sec})$
Each Channel Dwell Times on Cycle(1)	$31.6 * 3.37 = 106.492(\text{times})$
Each Channel Dwell Times (2)	2.930 ms (sec)
Dwell Times on Cycle (1) * (2)	312.947 ms (sec)
LIMIT(msec)	$< = 400$

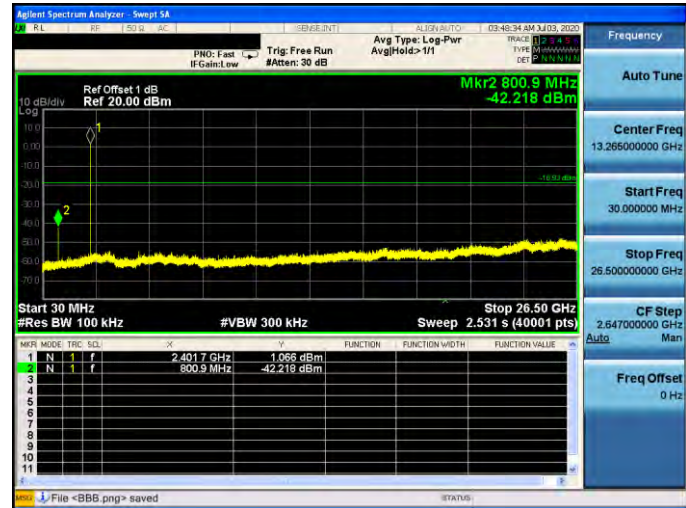
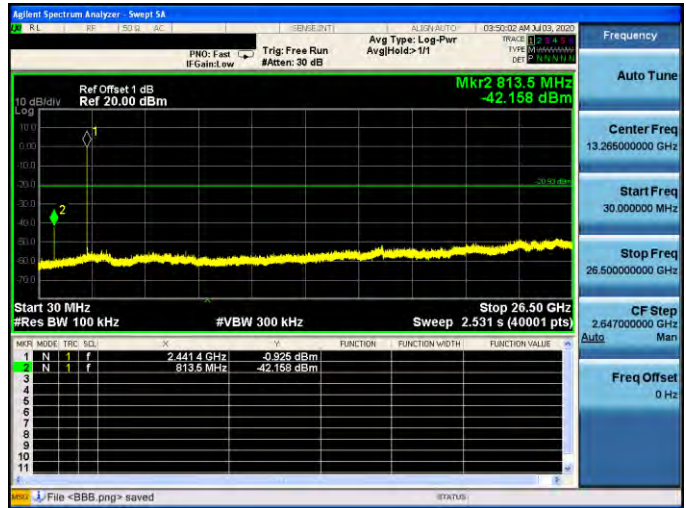
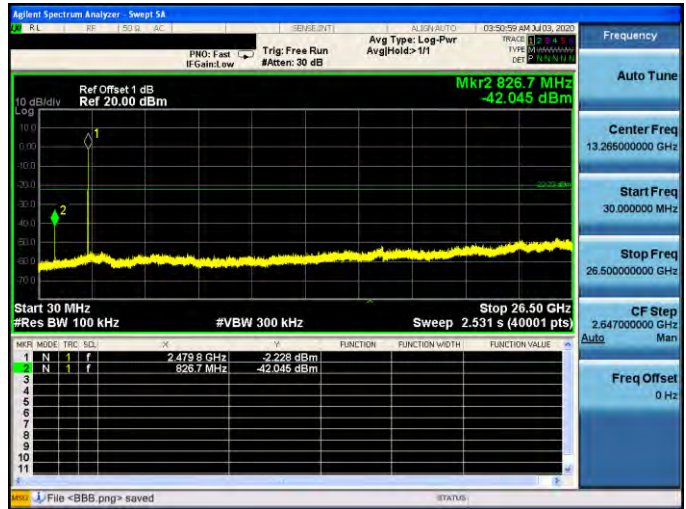
■ Test Graphs

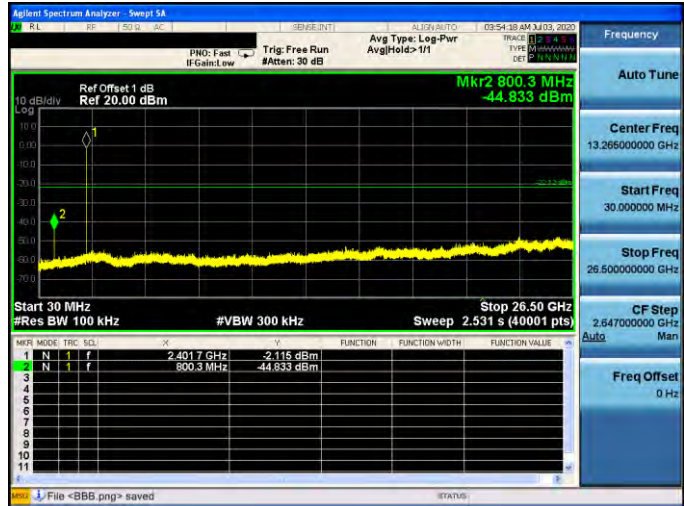
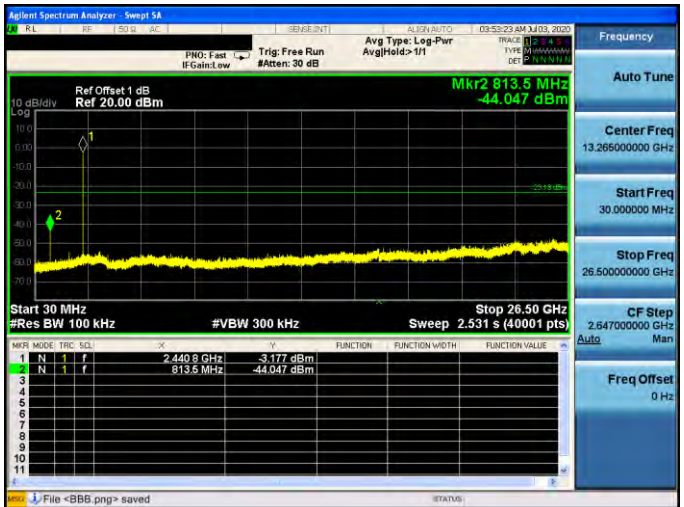
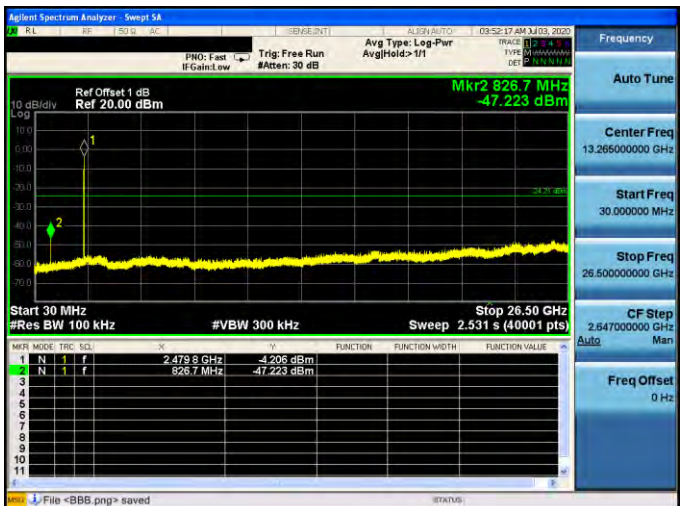
Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode	
DH1	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep 5A</p> <p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 10.00 dBm</p> <p>ΔMkr1 400.0 μs -5.82 dB</p> <p>Center 2.402000000 GHz Res BW 1.0 MHz Sweep 10.00 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>File <BBB.png> saved</p>
DH3	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep 5A</p> <p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 10.00 dBm</p> <p>ΔMkr1 1.660 ms -0.22 dB</p> <p>Center 2.402000000 GHz Res BW 1.0 MHz Sweep 10.00 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>File <BBB.png> saved</p>
DH5	 <p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep 5A</p> <p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 10.00 dBm</p> <p>ΔMkr1 2.910 ms -1.19 dB</p> <p>Center 2.402000000 GHz Res BW 1.0 MHz Sweep 10.00 ms (1001 pts)</p> <p>File <BBB.png> saved</p>

Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode	
3DH1	
3DH3	
3DH5	

Out of Band Conducted Emissions Measurement

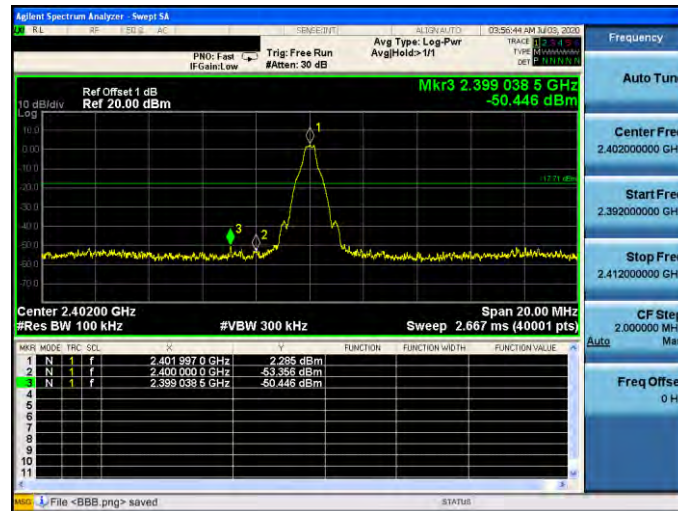
■ Test Graphs

Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode																												
2402 MHz	<div><p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep 5A</p><p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p><p>Mkr2 800.9 MHz -42.218 dBm</p><p>Start 30 MHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 2.531 s (40001 pts)</p><table><tr><th>Mkr</th><th>Mode</th><th>Trig</th><th>SOL</th><th>F</th><th>P</th><th>FUNCTION</th><th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th><th>FUNCTION VALUE</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>N</td><td>1</td><td>f</td><td>2401.7 GHz</td><td>-1.068 dBm</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>N</td><td>1</td><td>f</td><td>800.9 MHz</td><td>-42.218 dBm</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table></div>	Mkr	Mode	Trig	SOL	F	P	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2401.7 GHz	-1.068 dBm				2	N	1	f	800.9 MHz	-42.218 dBm			
Mkr	Mode	Trig	SOL	F	P	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE																				
1	N	1	f	2401.7 GHz	-1.068 dBm																							
2	N	1	f	800.9 MHz	-42.218 dBm																							
2441 MHz	<div><p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep 5A</p><p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p><p>Mkr2 813.5 MHz -42.158 dBm</p><p>Start 30 MHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 2.531 s (40001 pts)</p><table><tr><th>Mkr</th><th>Mode</th><th>Trig</th><th>SOL</th><th>F</th><th>P</th><th>FUNCTION</th><th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th><th>FUNCTION VALUE</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>N</td><td>1</td><td>f</td><td>2441.4 GHz</td><td>-0.926 dBm</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>N</td><td>1</td><td>f</td><td>813.5 MHz</td><td>-42.158 dBm</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table></div>	Mkr	Mode	Trig	SOL	F	P	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2441.4 GHz	-0.926 dBm				2	N	1	f	813.5 MHz	-42.158 dBm			
Mkr	Mode	Trig	SOL	F	P	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE																				
1	N	1	f	2441.4 GHz	-0.926 dBm																							
2	N	1	f	813.5 MHz	-42.158 dBm																							
2480 MHz	<div><p>Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Sweep 5A</p><p>Ref Offset 1 dB Ref 20.00 dBm</p><p>Mkr2 826.7 MHz -42.045 dBm</p><p>Start 30 MHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 2.531 s (40001 pts)</p><table><tr><th>Mkr</th><th>Mode</th><th>Trig</th><th>SOL</th><th>F</th><th>P</th><th>FUNCTION</th><th>FUNCTION WIDTH</th><th>FUNCTION VALUE</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>N</td><td>1</td><td>f</td><td>2479.8 GHz</td><td>-2.228 dBm</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>N</td><td>1</td><td>f</td><td>826.7 MHz</td><td>-42.045 dBm</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table></div>	Mkr	Mode	Trig	SOL	F	P	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE	1	N	1	f	2479.8 GHz	-2.228 dBm				2	N	1	f	826.7 MHz	-42.045 dBm			
Mkr	Mode	Trig	SOL	F	P	FUNCTION	FUNCTION WIDTH	FUNCTION VALUE																				
1	N	1	f	2479.8 GHz	-2.228 dBm																							
2	N	1	f	826.7 MHz	-42.045 dBm																							

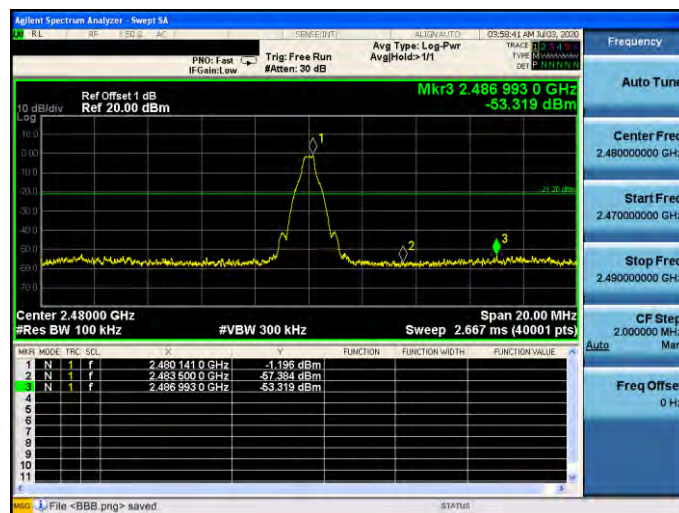
Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode	
2402 MHz	
2441 MHz	
2480 MHz	

Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode _ Un-hopping

2402 MHz

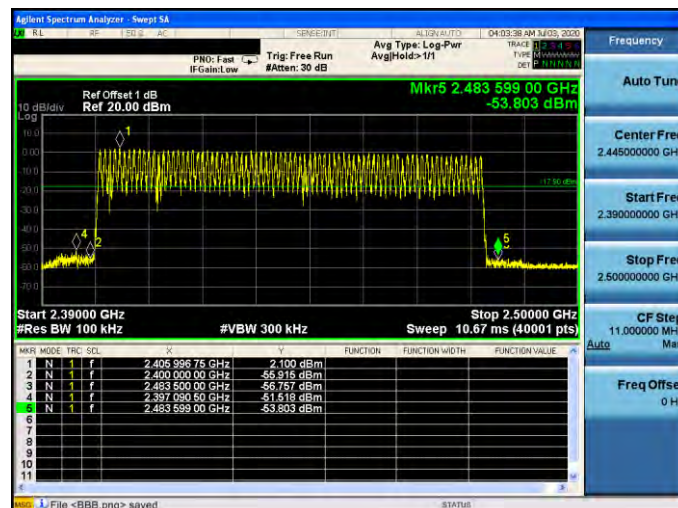


2480 MHz



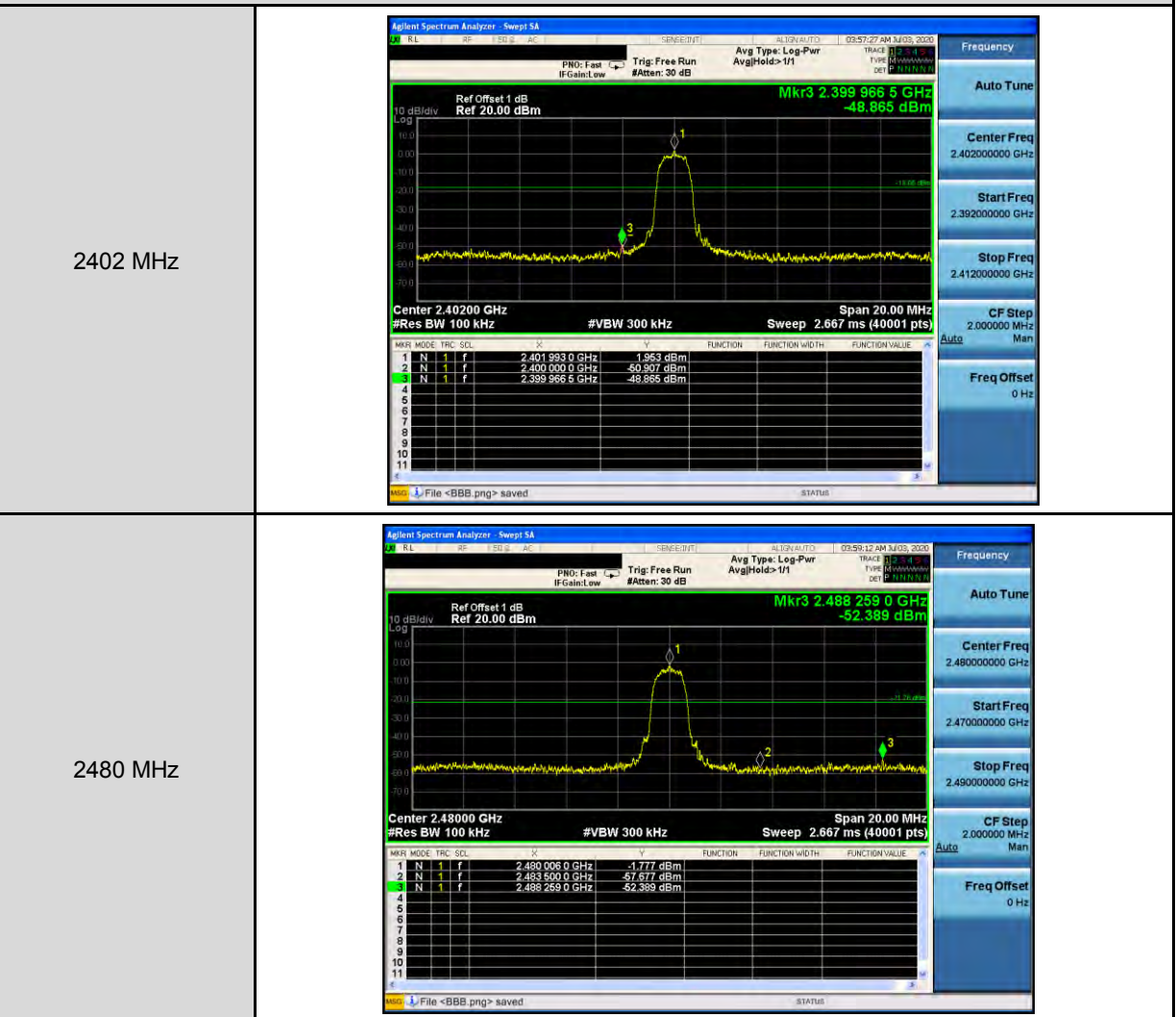
Mode 1: GFSK Continuous TX mode _ Hopping

2402 ~ 2480 MHz

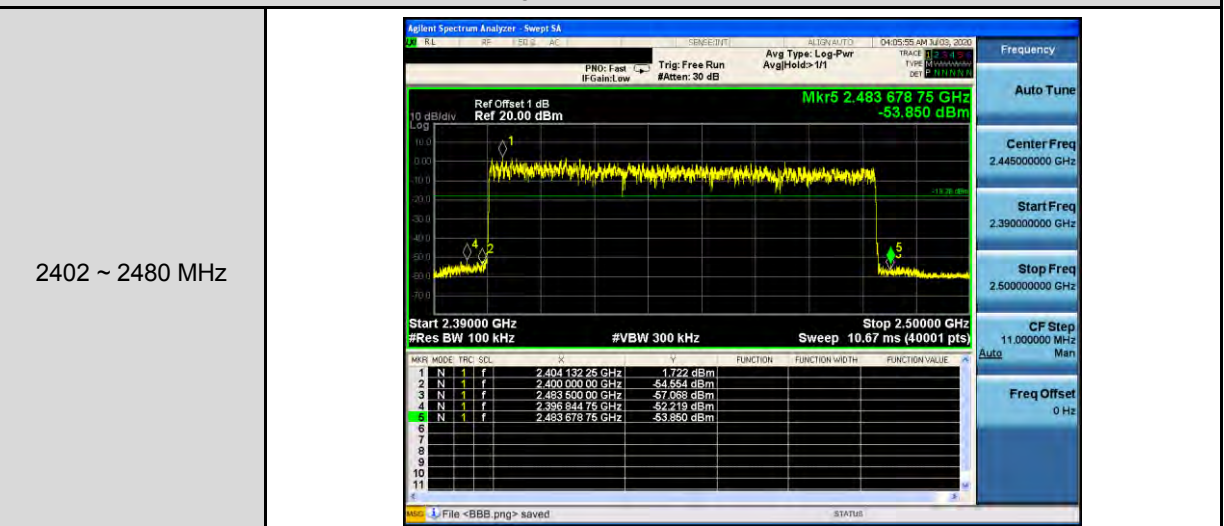




Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode _ Un-hopping



Mode 3: 8DPSK Continuous TX mode _ Hopping



Annex B. Radiated Emission Measurement

Below 1 GHz

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247			Test Distance:	3 m		
Test item:	Radiated Emission			Power:	DC 20 V		
Frequency:	2402 MHz			Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH		
Mode:	Mode 3						
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Polar. H / V
178.4100	42.51	-6.48	36.03	43.50	-7.47	QP	H
287.0500	41.22	-4.52	36.70	46.00	-9.30	QP	H
396.6600	37.41	-2.18	35.23	46.00	-10.77	QP	H
514.0300	31.17	0.19	31.36	46.00	-14.64	QP	H
704.1500	29.33	4.04	33.37	46.00	-12.63	QP	H
856.4400	28.73	6.77	35.50	46.00	-10.50	QP	H
84.3200	44.03	-11.35	32.68	40.00	-7.32	QP	V
193.9300	41.76	-7.48	34.28	43.50	-9.22	QP	V
274.4400	34.74	-4.93	29.81	46.00	-16.19	QP	V
450.0100	33.16	-0.70	32.46	46.00	-13.54	QP	V
591.6300	28.95	2.25	31.20	46.00	-14.80	QP	V
685.7200	29.95	3.64	33.59	46.00	-12.41	QP	V

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

Example: 36.03 = -6.48 + 42.51

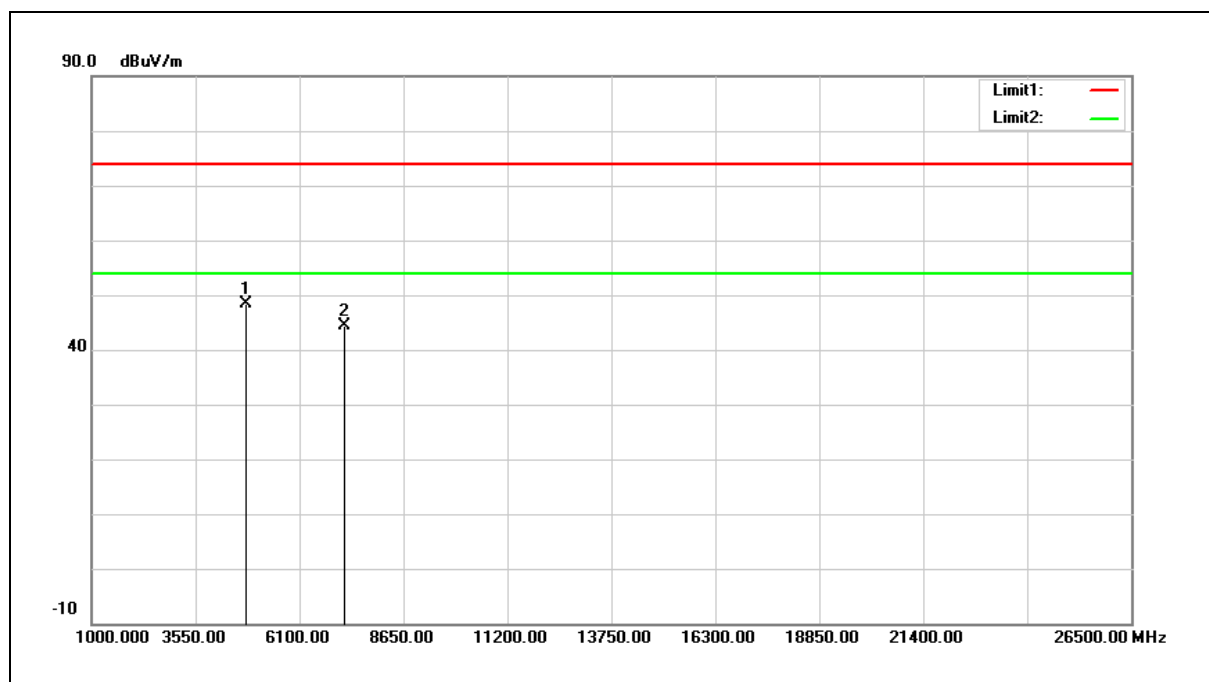
2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Harmonic

Above 1 GHz

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	44.31	4.14	48.45	74.00	-25.55	peak
2	7206.000	34.16	10.28	44.44	74.00	-29.56	peak

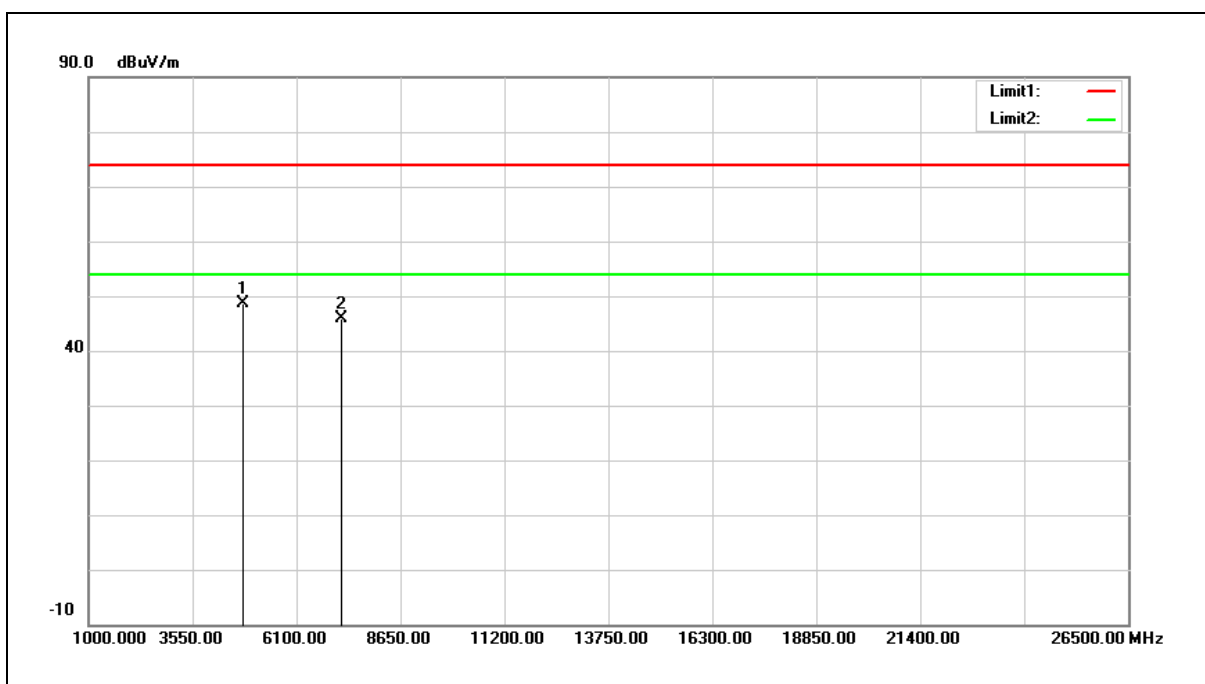
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

Example: 48.45 = 4.14 + 44.31

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	44.44	4.14	48.58	74.00	-25.42	peak
2	7206.000	35.67	10.28	45.95	74.00	-28.05	peak

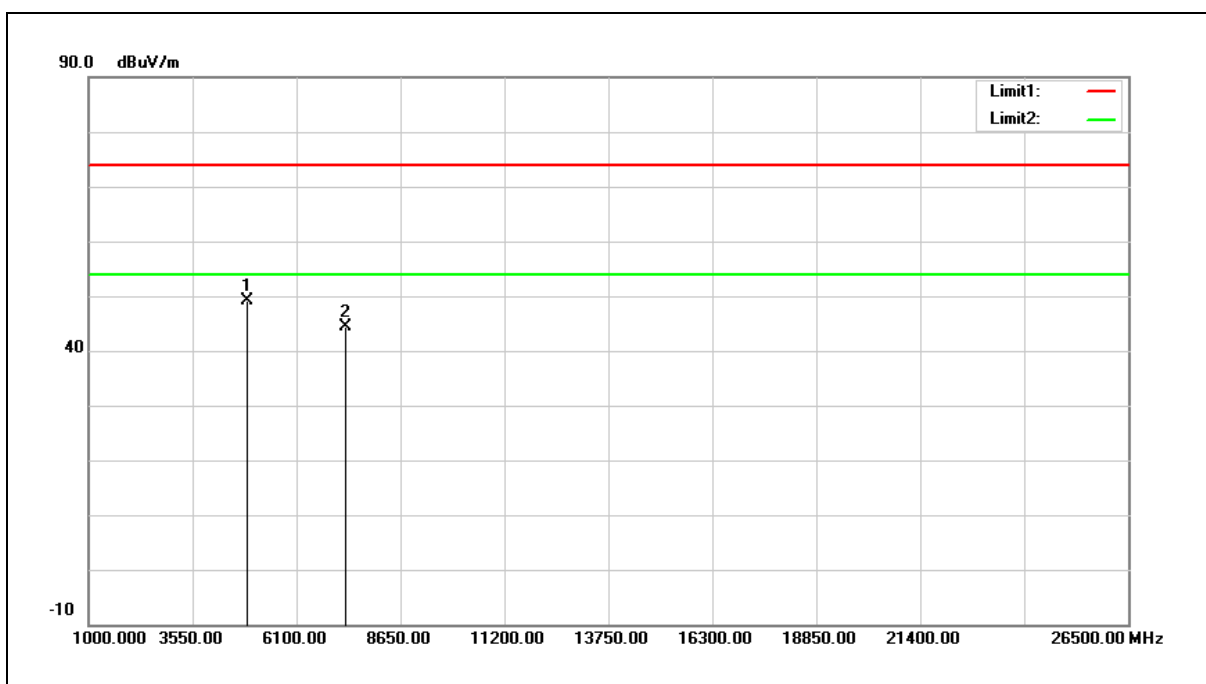
Note: 1. Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading (dBuV).

Example: $48.58 = 4.14 + 44.44$

2. Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2441 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



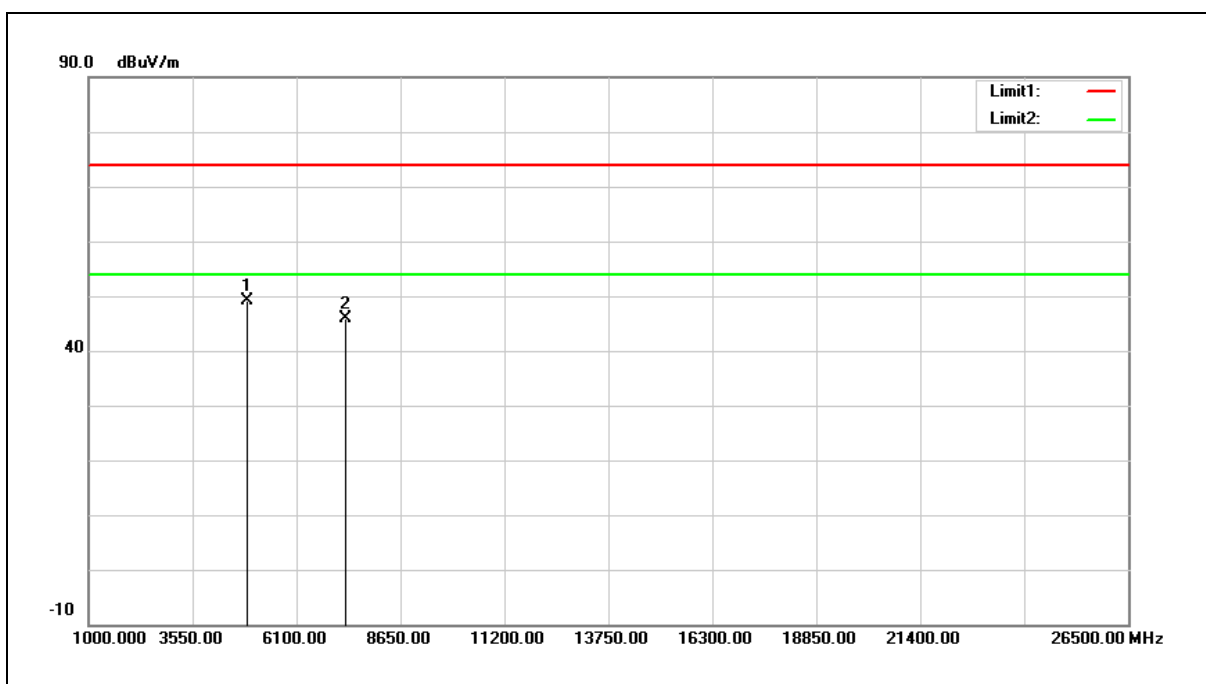
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	44.69	4.37	49.06	74.00	-24.94	peak
2	7323.000	33.82	10.66	44.48	74.00	-29.52	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2441 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



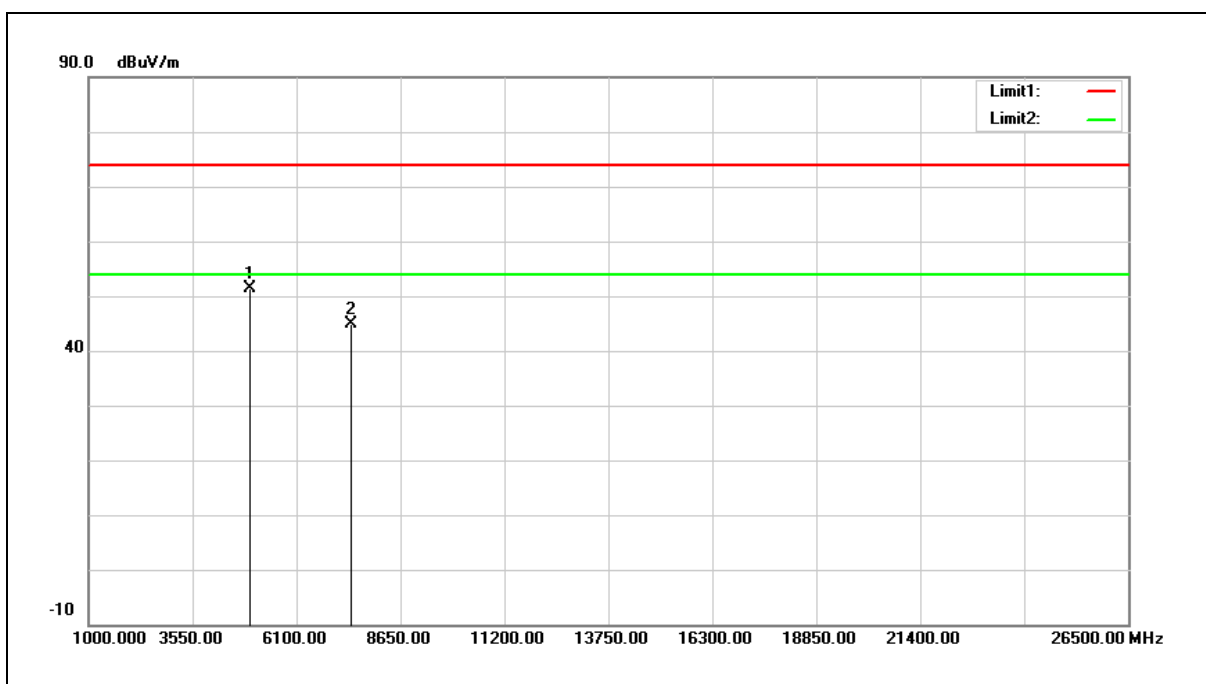
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	44.87	4.37	49.24	74.00	-24.76	peak
2	7323.000	35.16	10.66	45.82	74.00	-28.18	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



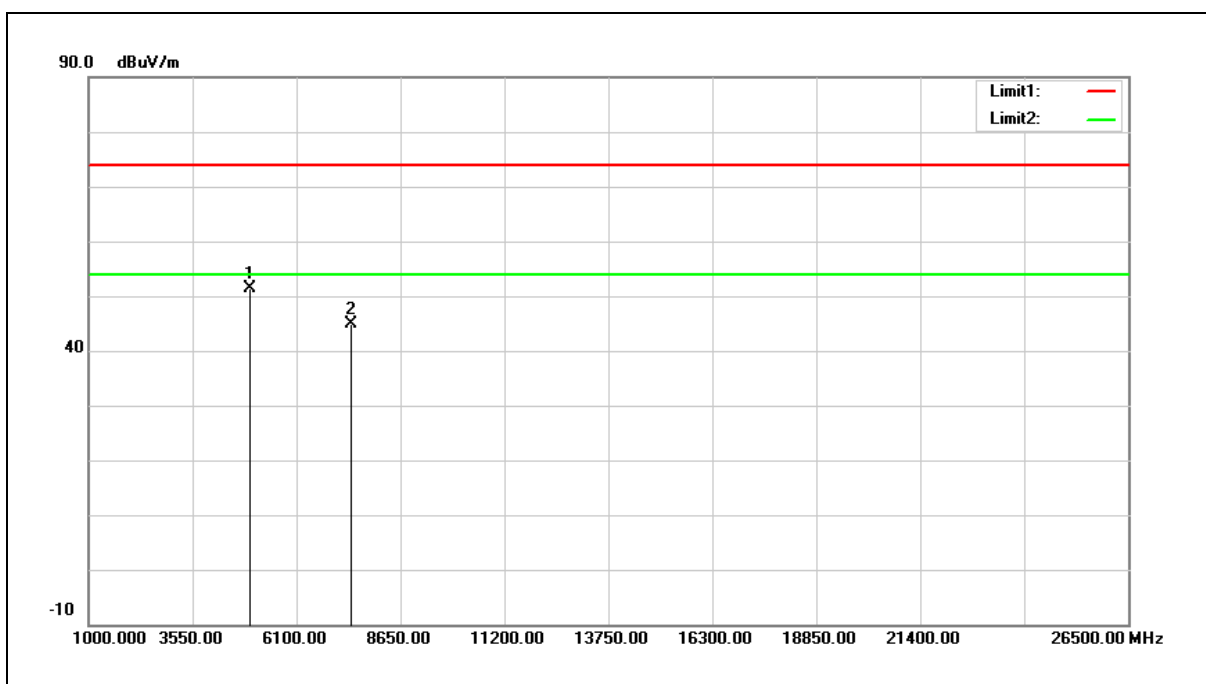
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	46.67	4.60	51.27	74.00	-22.73	peak
2	7440.000	33.78	11.02	44.80	74.00	-29.20	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



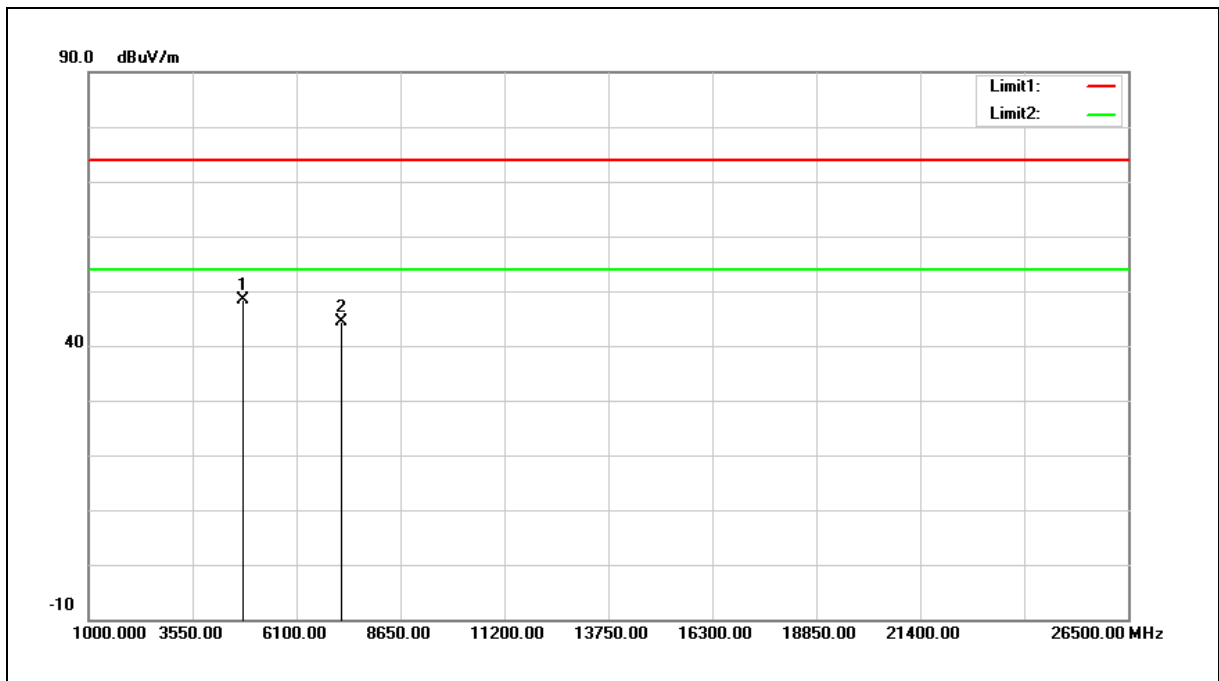
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	46.89	4.60	51.49	74.00	-22.51	peak
2	7440.000	33.86	11.02	44.88	74.00	-29.12	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	44.33	4.14	48.47	74.00	-25.53	peak
2	7206.000	34.00	10.28	44.28	74.00	-29.72	peak

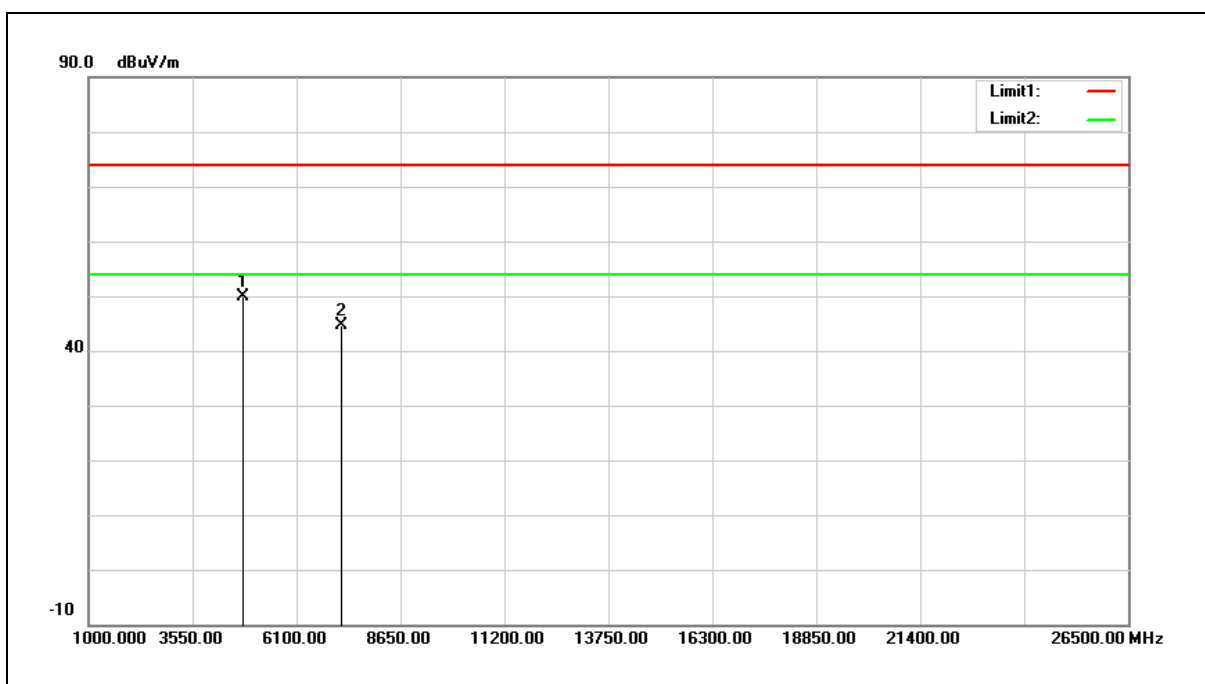
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4804.000	45.71	4.14	49.85	74.00	-24.15	peak
2	7206.000	34.35	10.28	44.63	74.00	-29.37	peak

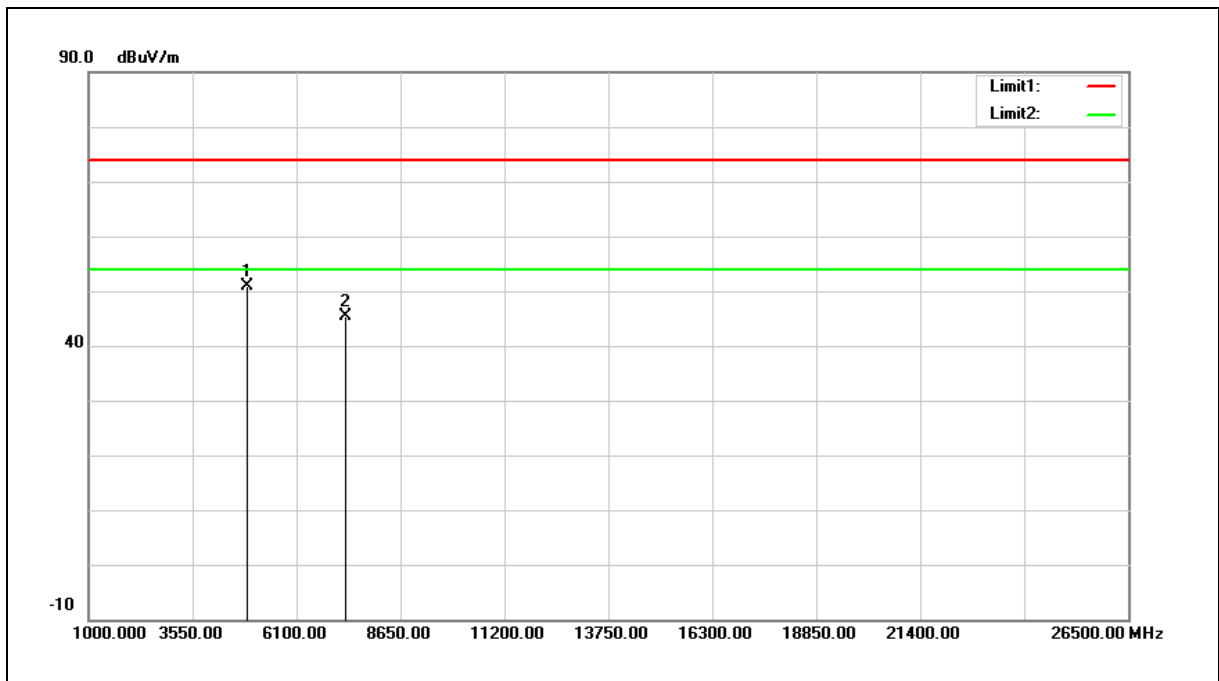
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2441 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	46.52	4.37	50.89	74.00	-23.11	peak
2	7323.000	34.66	10.66	45.32	74.00	-28.68	peak

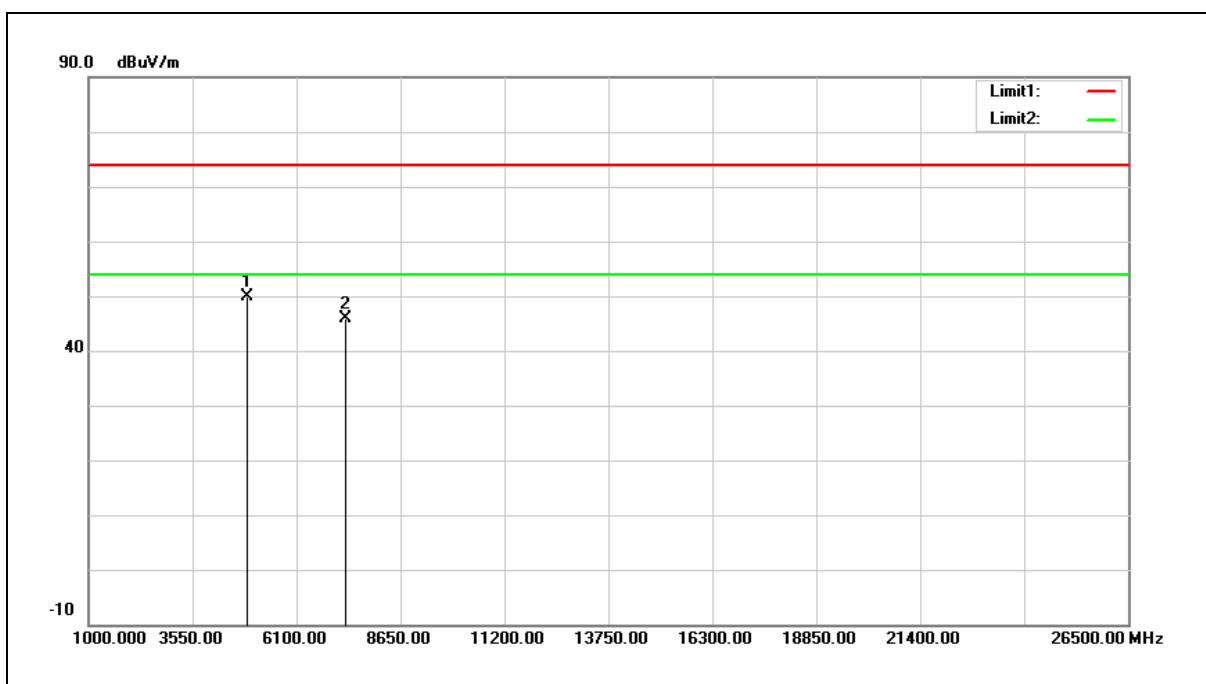
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2441 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



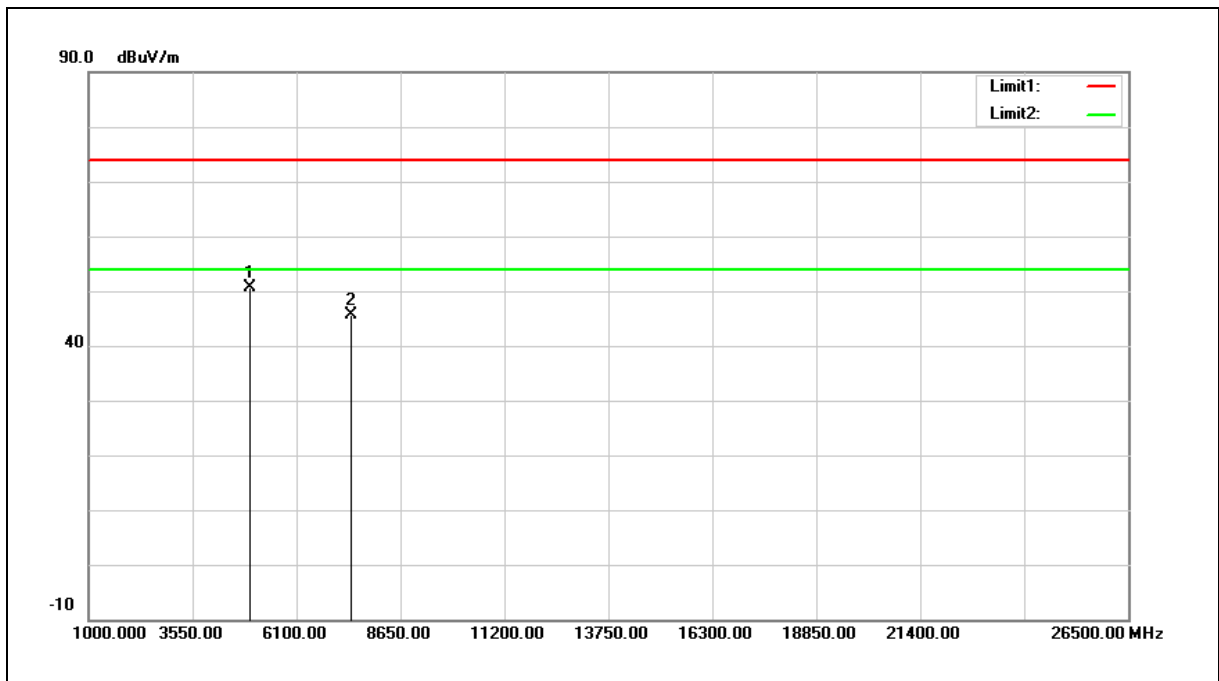
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4882.000	45.41	4.37	49.78	74.00	-24.22	peak
2	7323.000	35.21	10.66	45.87	74.00	-28.13	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



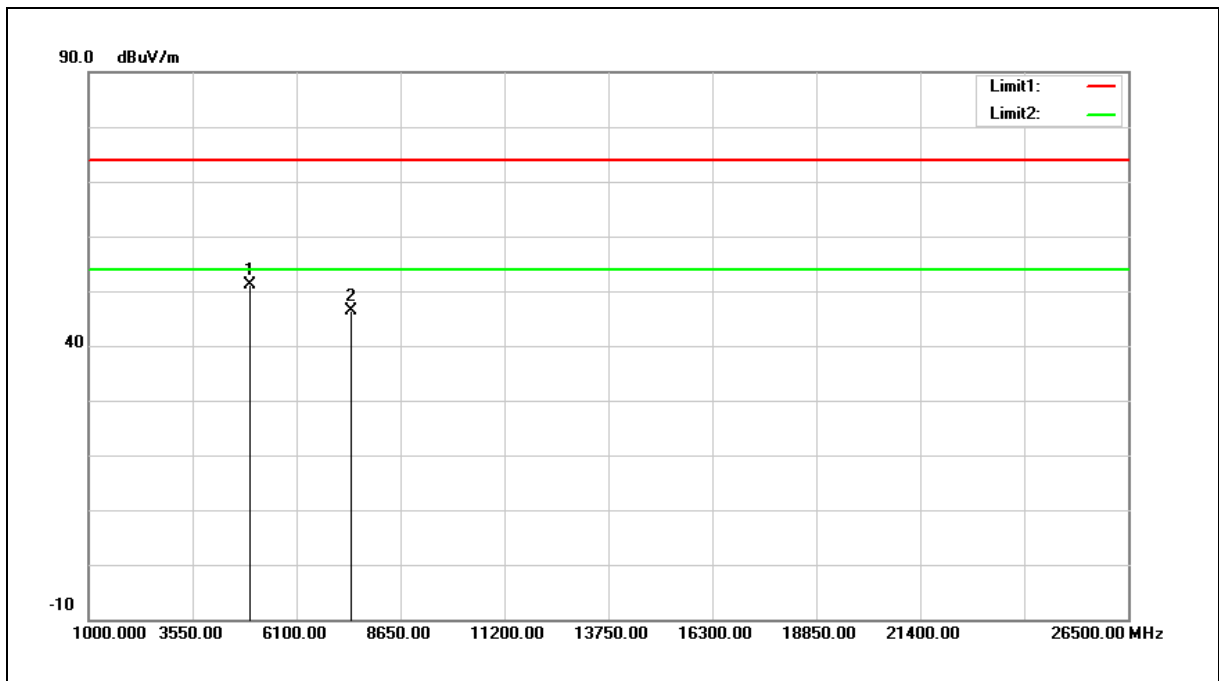
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	45.91	4.60	50.51	74.00	-23.49	peak
2	7440.000	34.71	11.02	45.73	74.00	-28.27	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



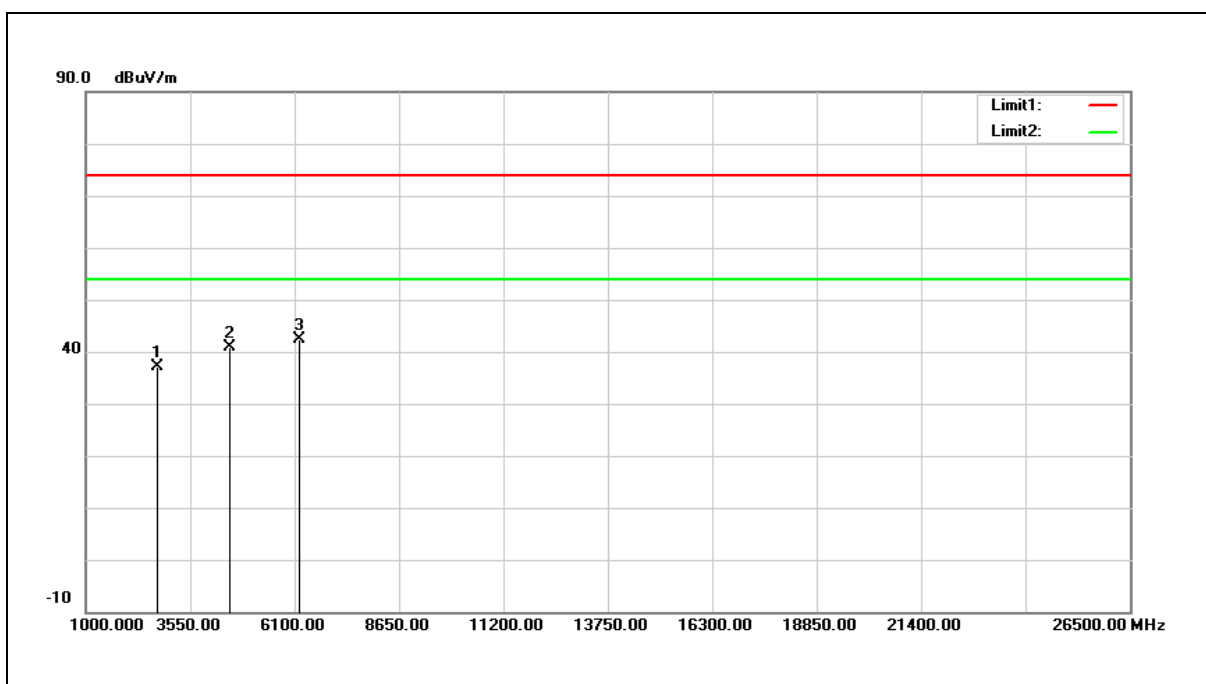
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	4960.000	46.43	4.60	51.03	74.00	-22.97	peak
2	7440.000	35.44	11.02	46.46	74.00	-27.54	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Mode:	Simultaneous Transmitting (Bluetooth + WLAN 2.4 GHz)	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



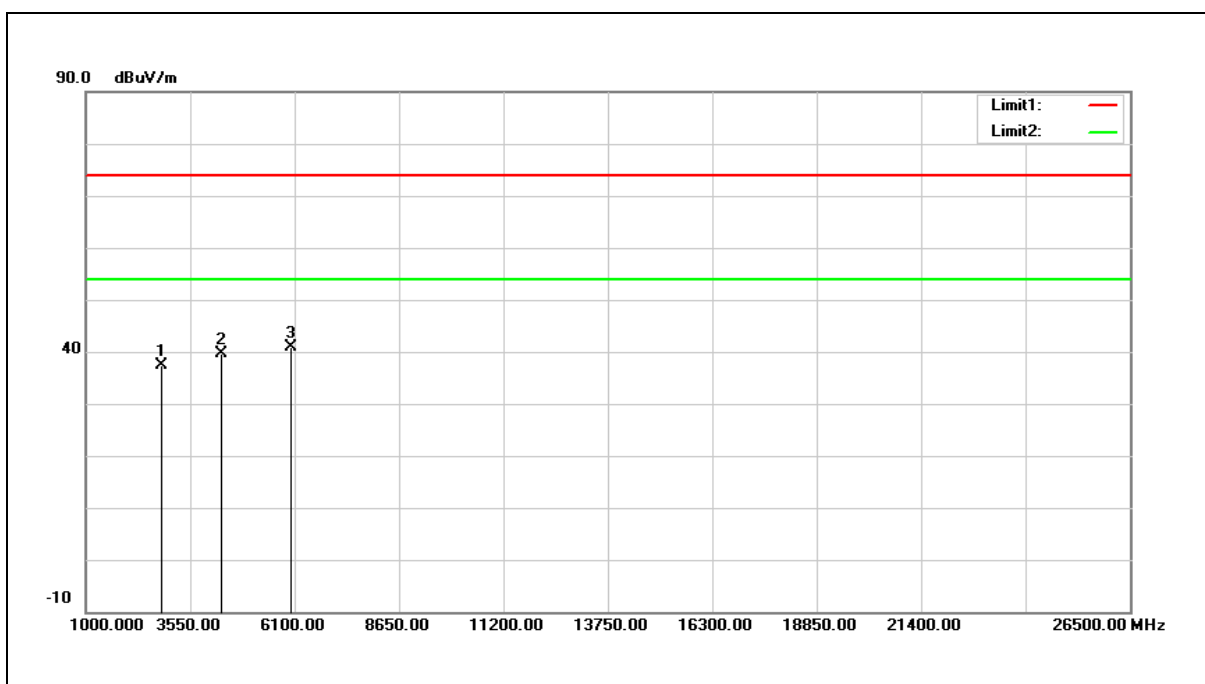
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2751.000	38.66	-1.45	37.21	74.00	-36.79	peak
2	4502.000	37.52	3.24	40.76	74.00	-33.24	peak
3	6202.000	34.74	7.54	42.28	74.00	-31.72	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Harmonic	Power:	DC 20 V
Mode:	Simultaneous Transmitting (Bluetooth + WLAN 2.4 GHz)	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2819.000	38.66	-1.24	37.42	74.00	-36.58	peak
2	4315.000	36.81	2.89	39.70	74.00	-34.30	peak
3	5998.000	33.85	6.94	40.79	74.00	-33.21	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

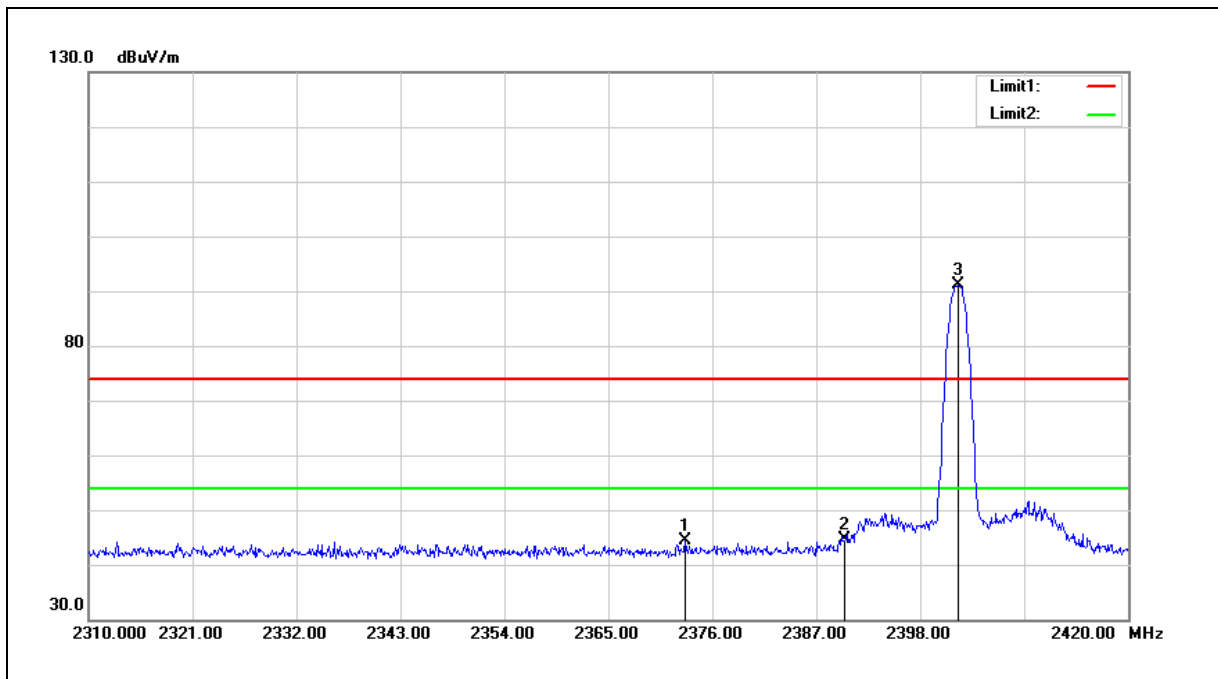
2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Band Edge

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2373.140	47.11	-2.82	44.29	74.00	-29.71	peak
2	2390.000	47.31	-2.73	44.58	74.00	-29.42	peak
3	2402.070	93.74	-2.67	91.07	--	--	peak

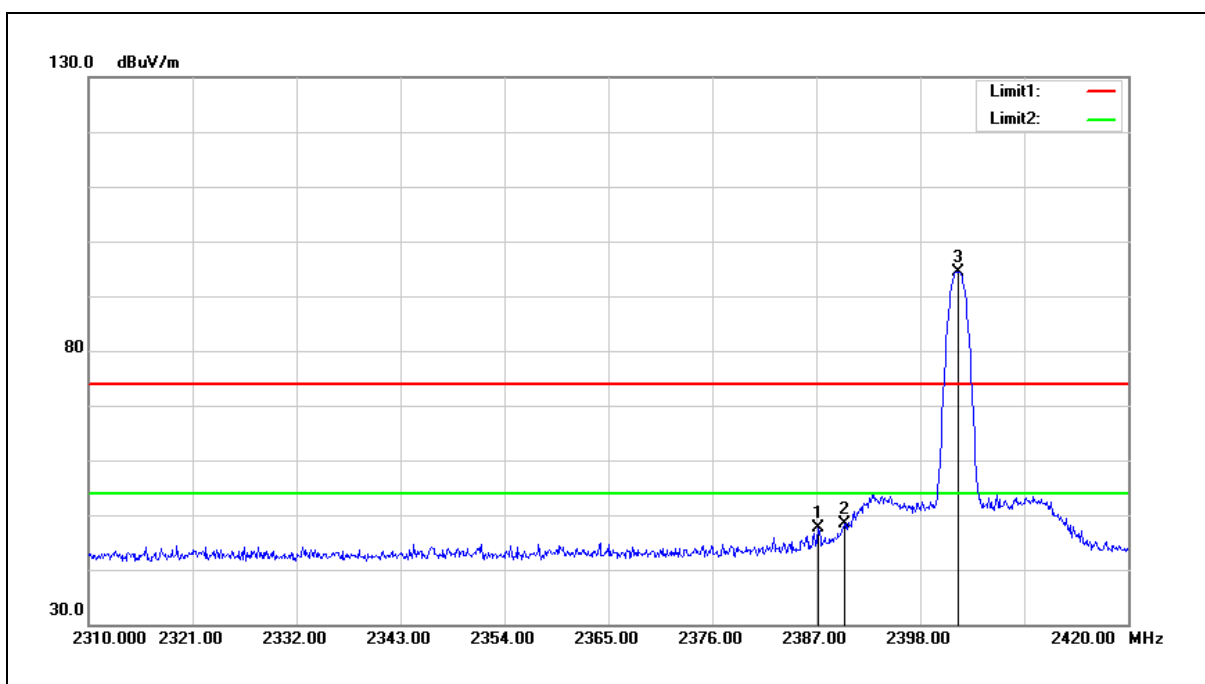
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



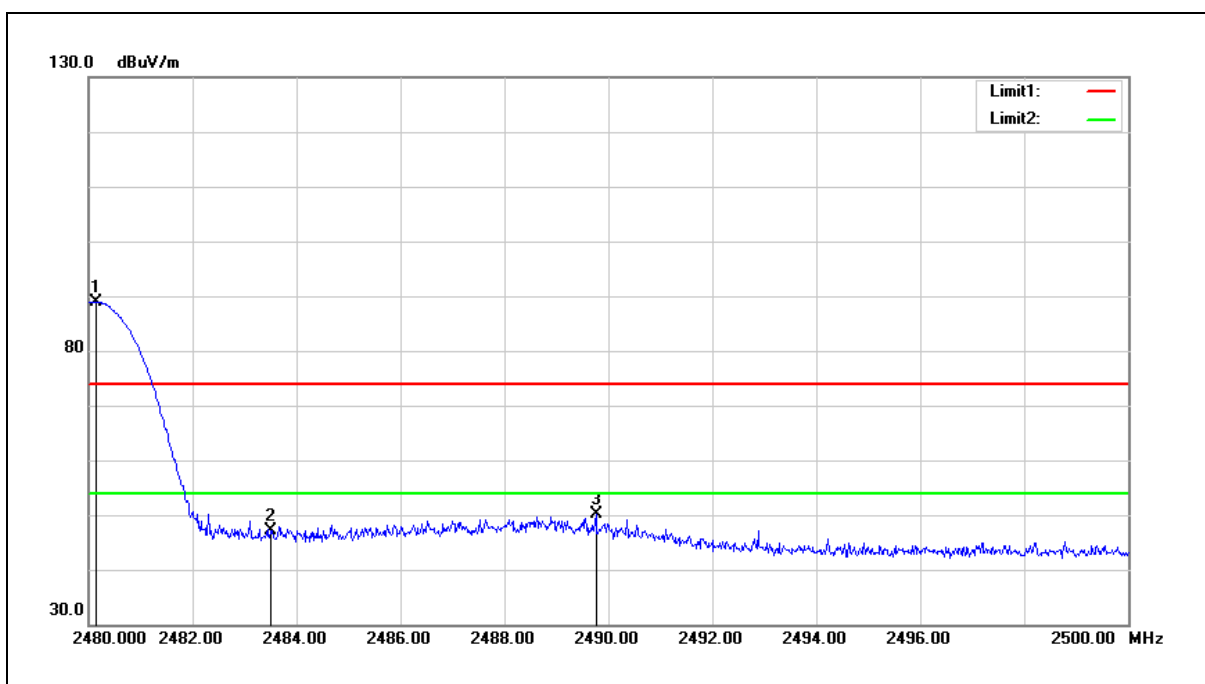
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2387.220	50.42	-2.74	47.68	74.00	-26.32	peak
2	2390.000	51.03	-2.73	48.30	74.00	-25.70	peak
3	2402.070	97.11	-2.67	94.44	--	--	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



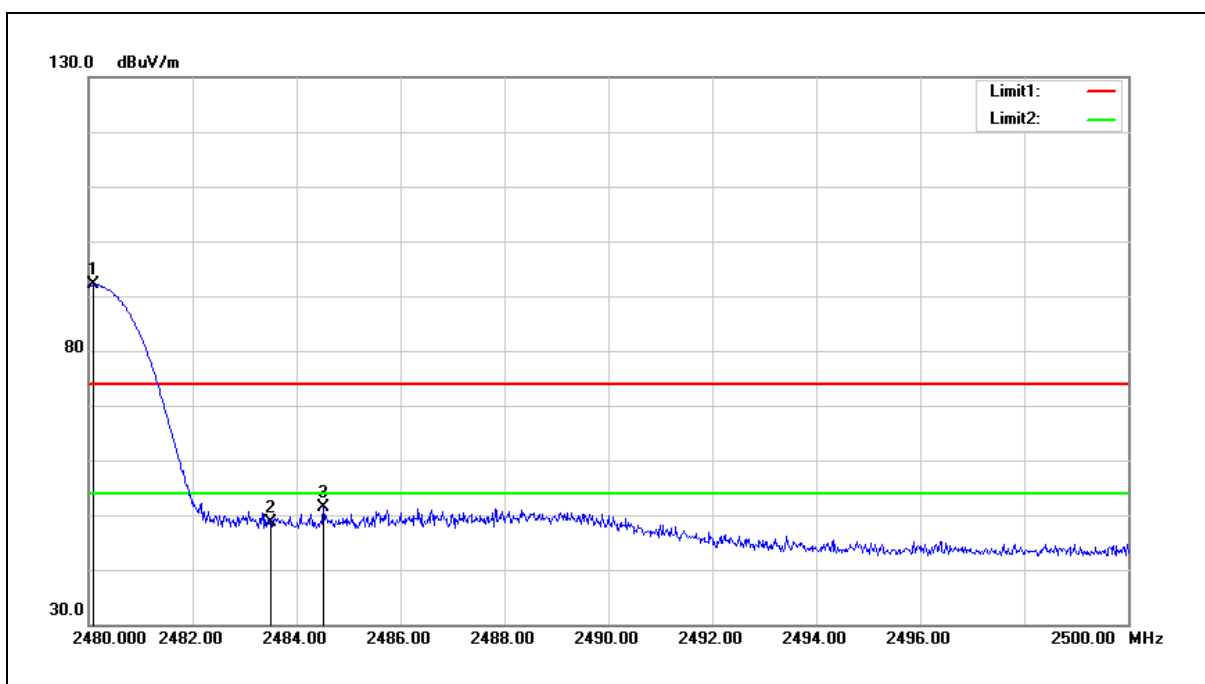
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2480.140	91.27	-2.28	88.99	--	--	peak
2	2483.500	49.30	-2.27	47.03	74.00	-26.97	peak
3	2489.760	52.29	-2.23	50.06	74.00	-23.94	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



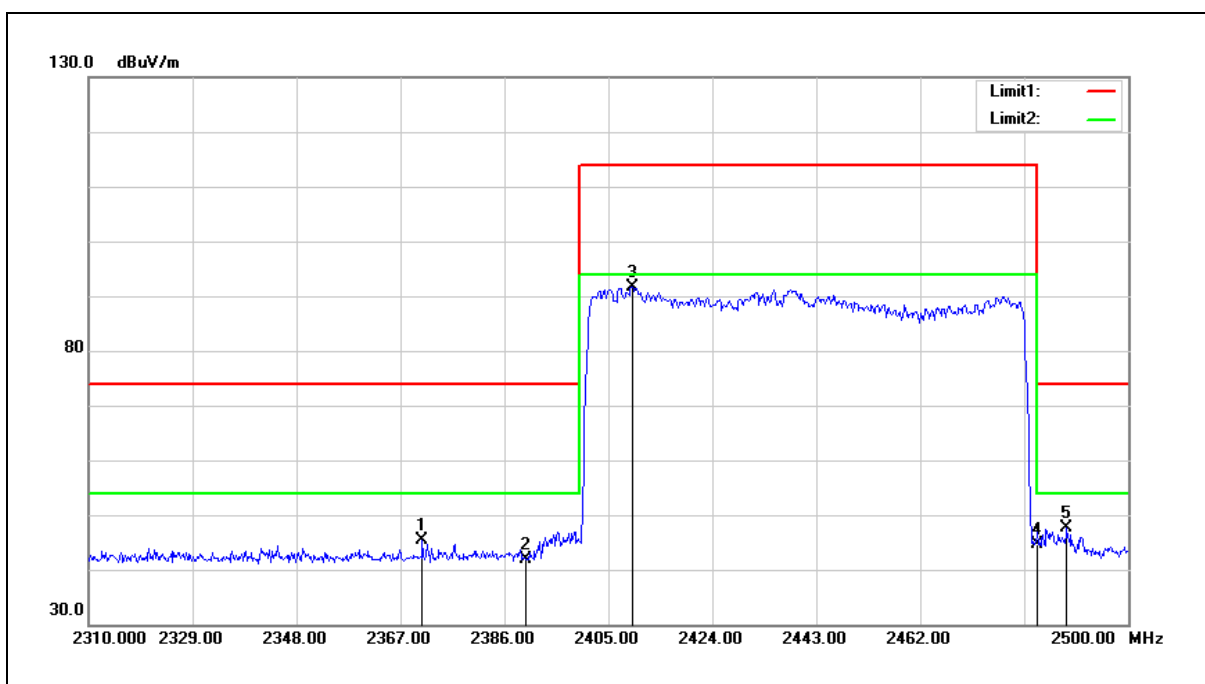
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2480.080	94.31	-2.28	92.03	--	--	peak
2	2483.500	50.83	-2.27	48.56	74.00	-25.44	peak
3	2484.520	53.68	-2.26	51.42	74.00	-22.58	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	Hopping	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



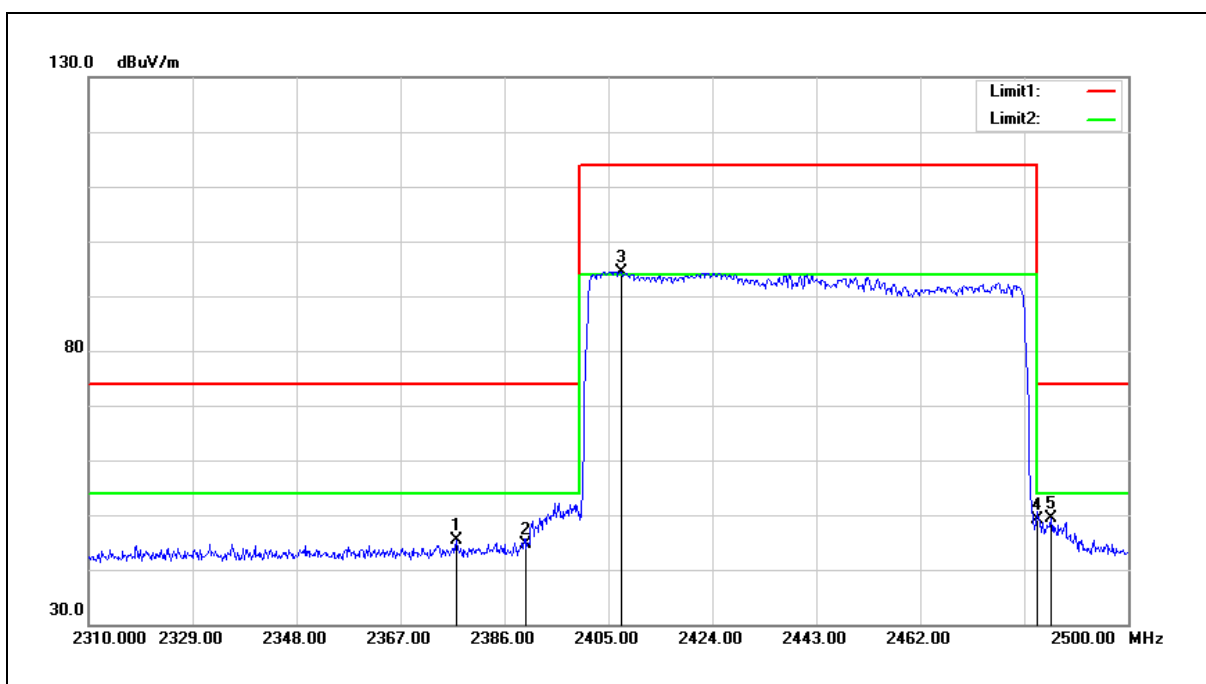
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2370.990	48.09	-2.83	45.26	74.00	-28.74	peak
2	2390.000	44.63	-2.73	41.90	74.00	-32.10	peak
3	2409.370	94.16	-2.64	91.52	--	--	peak
4	2483.500	46.98	-2.27	44.71	74.00	-29.29	peak
5	2488.790	49.86	-2.24	47.62	74.00	-26.38	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	Hopping	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 1		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2377.260	48.15	-2.80	45.35	74.00	-28.65	peak
2	2390.000	47.43	-2.73	44.70	74.00	-29.30	peak
3	2407.280	97.14	-2.65	94.49	--	--	peak
4	2483.500	51.47	-2.27	49.20	74.00	-24.80	peak
5	2485.940	51.70	-2.25	49.45	74.00	-24.55	peak

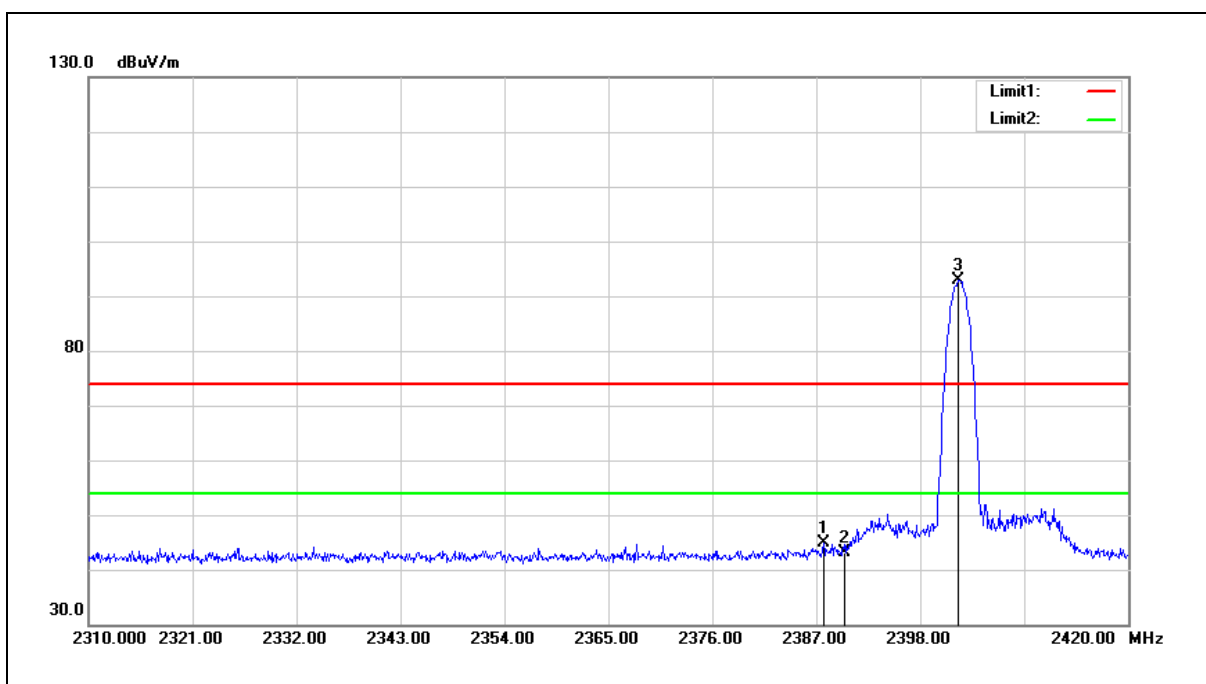
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2387.770	47.60	-2.74	44.86	74.00	-29.14	peak
2	2390.000	45.98	-2.73	43.25	74.00	-30.75	peak
3	2401.960	95.61	-2.67	92.94	--	--	peak

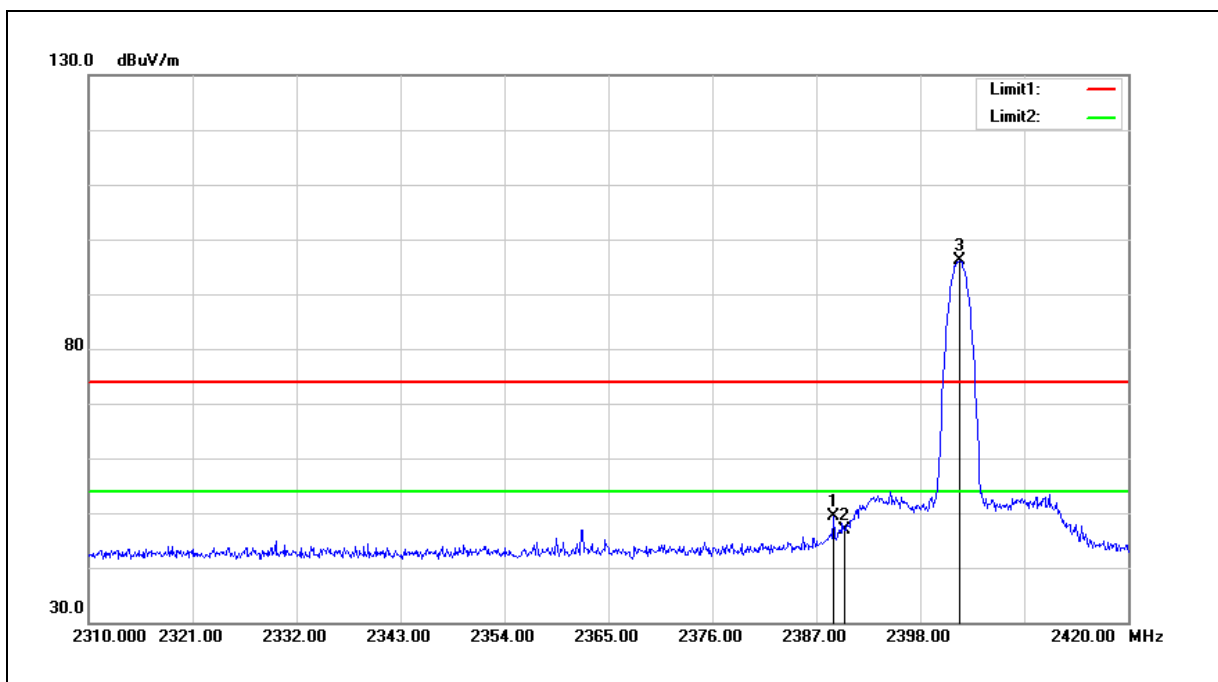
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2402 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2388.870	52.10	-2.74	49.36	74.00	-24.64	peak
2	2390.000	49.56	-2.73	46.83	74.00	-27.17	peak
3	2402.180	98.81	-2.67	96.14	--	--	peak

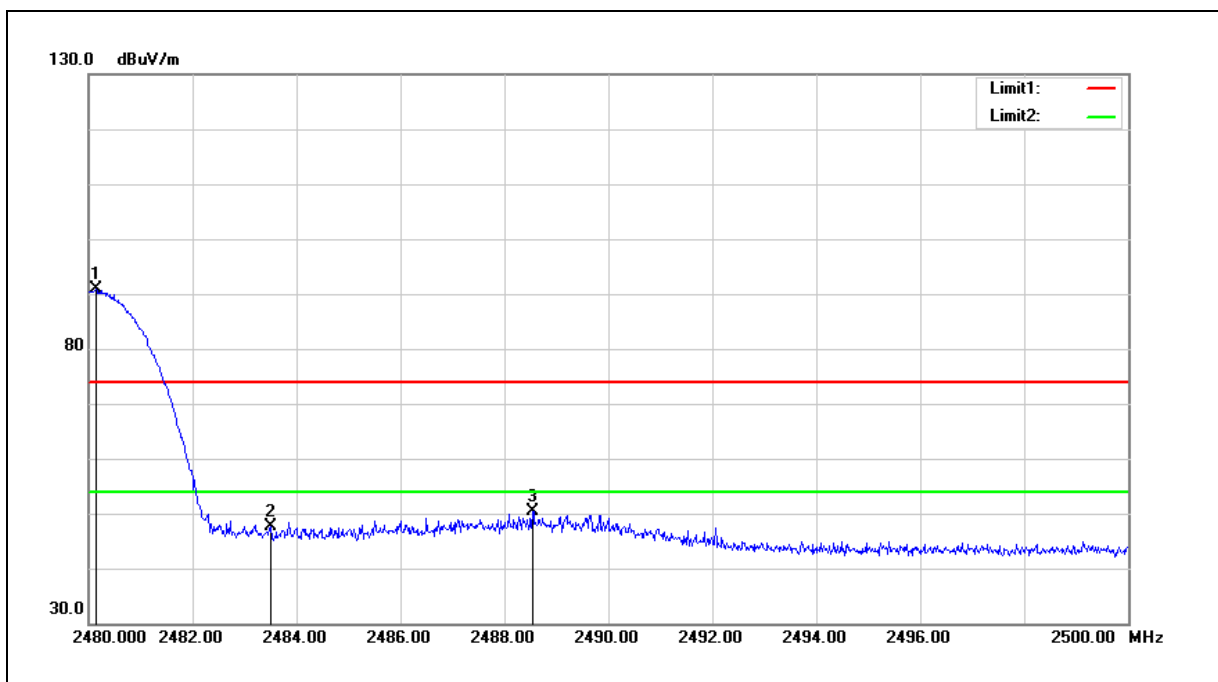
Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



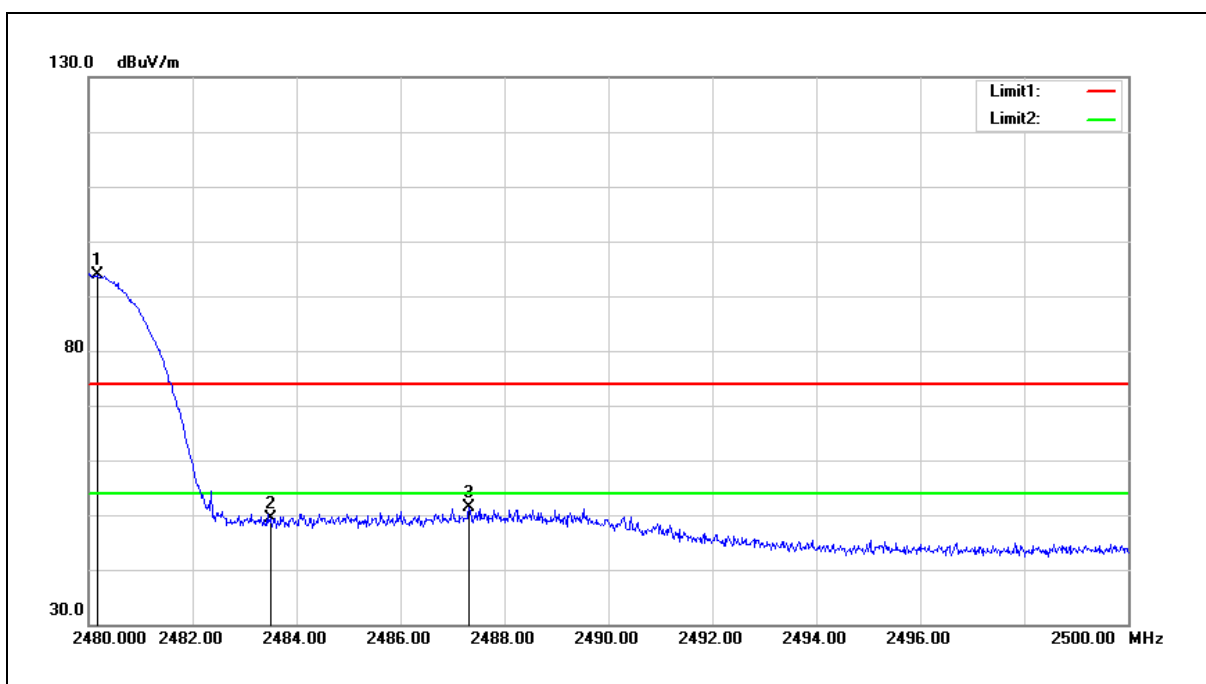
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2480.140	93.19	-2.28	90.91	--	--	peak
2	2483.500	49.92	-2.27	47.65	74.00	-26.35	peak
3	2488.540	52.72	-2.24	50.48	74.00	-23.52	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	2480 MHz	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



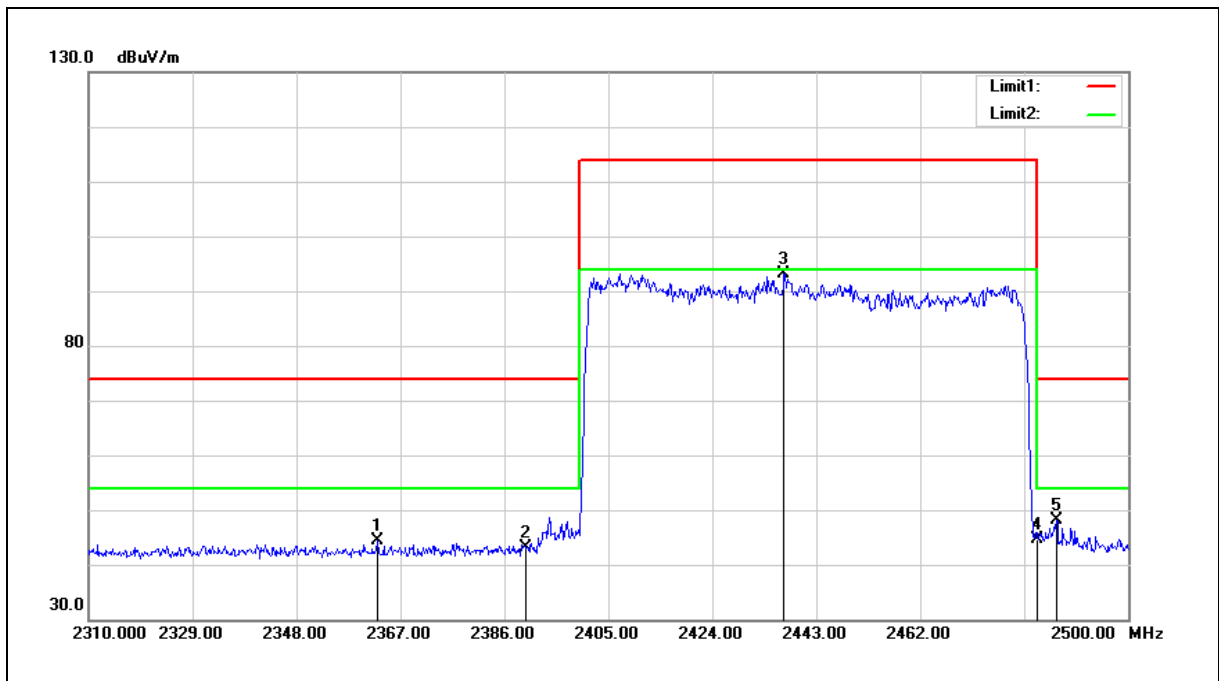
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2480.160	96.04	-2.28	93.76	--	--	peak
2	2483.500	51.58	-2.27	49.31	74.00	-24.69	peak
3	2487.320	53.65	-2.24	51.41	74.00	-22.59	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	Hopping	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Horizontal		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBUV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBUV/m)	Limit (dBUV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2362.820	47.24	-2.88	44.36	74.00	-29.64	peak
2	2390.000	45.85	-2.73	43.12	74.00	-30.88	peak
3	2437.110	95.67	-2.50	93.17	--	--	peak
4	2483.500	46.92	-2.27	44.65	74.00	-29.35	peak
5	2486.890	50.37	-2.24	48.13	74.00	-25.87	peak

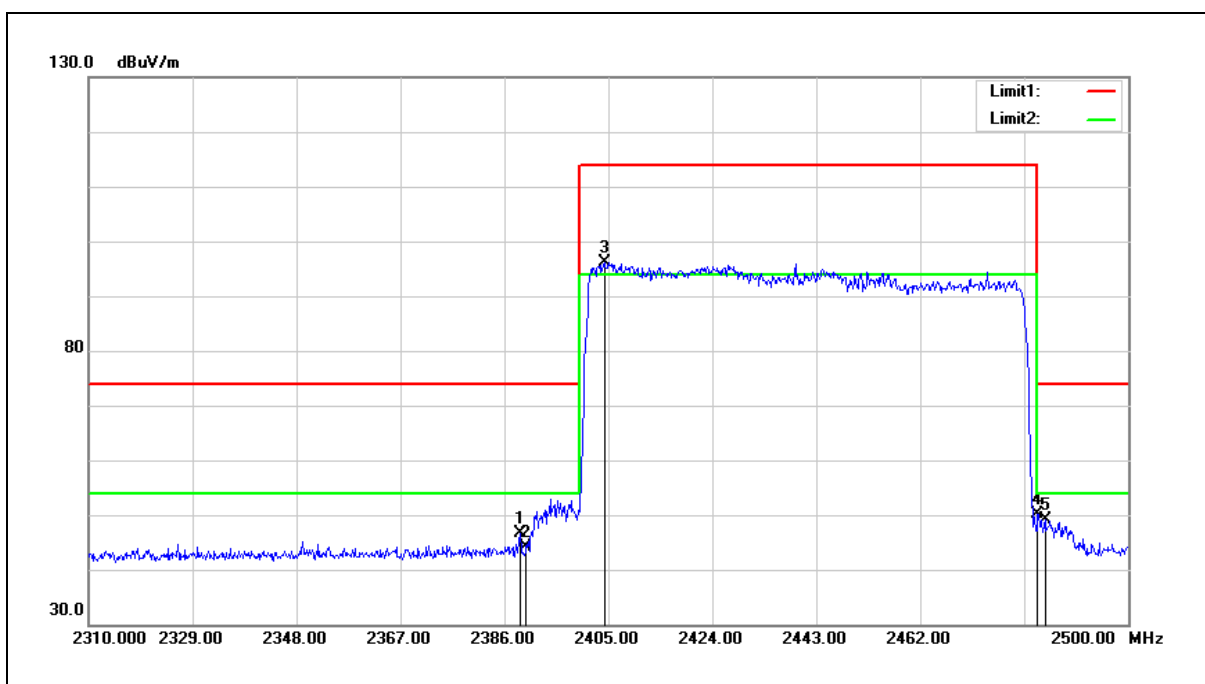
Note:1.Result (dBUV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBUV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



Standard:	FCC Part 15.247	Test Distance:	3 m
Test item:	Band edge	Power:	DC 20 V
Frequency:	Hopping	Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH):	26(°C)/60 %RH
Mode:	Mode 3		
Ant.Polar.:	Vertical		



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2388.850	49.36	-2.74	46.62	74.00	-27.38	peak
2	2390.000	46.92	-2.73	44.19	74.00	-29.81	peak
3	2404.240	98.71	-2.66	96.05	--	--	peak
4	2483.500	52.34	-2.27	50.07	74.00	-23.93	peak
5	2484.800	51.27	-2.26	49.01	74.00	-24.99	peak

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.

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