FCC ID: 2AIRP-389175

RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

$$P_{\rm th} \, ({\rm mW}) = ERP_{\rm 20 \, cm} \, ({\rm mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040 f & 0.3 \, {\rm GHz} \le f < 1.5 \, {\rm GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5 \, {\rm GHz} \le f \le 6 \, {\rm GHz} \end{cases} \tag{B.1}$$

$$P_{\text{th}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^{x} & d \le 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \le 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$
(B. 2)

where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20}\operatorname{cm}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and ERP_{20cm} is per Formula (B.1). The example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

	Distance (mm)											
Frequency (MHz)		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	
	300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217	
	450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226	
	835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240	
	1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236	
	2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219	
	3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195	
	5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169	

 $ERP/EIRP = P_T + G_T - L_C$

ERP/EIRP is the equivalent (or effective) radiated power [in same units as P_T , typically dBW, dBm, or power spectral density (psd)], relative to either a dipole antenna (ERP) or an isotropic antenna (EIRP).

P_T is the transmitter output power, in dBW, dBm, or psd (power over a specified reference bandwidth).

G_T is the gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP).

L_C is the signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and the antenna, in dB.

For 2.4G mode

Frequenc y (MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Ant gain(dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP(mw)	ERP (dBm)	ERP(mw)	Distance (cm)	P _{th} (mW)
2413	-1.09	0.17	-0.92	0.81	-3.07	0.493	0.5	2.8

ERP = EIRP - 2.15 dB

WORSE CASE

0.81mW<2.8mW

Remark:

Then SAR evaluation is not required