

Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 02/10/04 15:14:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN499

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 835 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
 Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 101

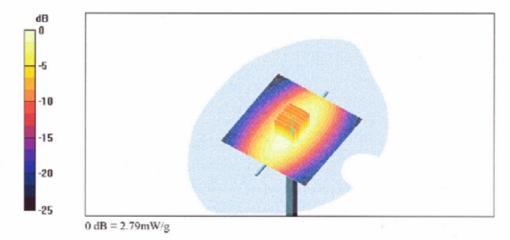
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.79 mW/g

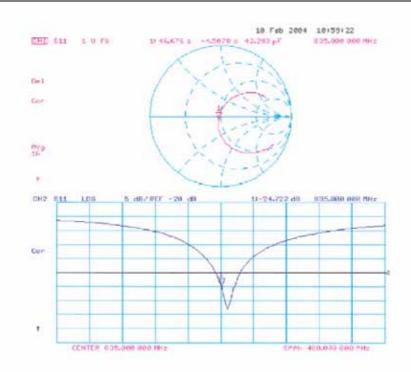
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 mW/g Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 mW/g







Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Sproton Int. (Auden)

Object(s)	D1900V2 - St	N:5d041	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05 v Calibration pr	2 ocedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	February 17,	2004	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance	(according to the specific calibration	document)
17025 international standard. All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T		ory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	Celsius and humidity < 75%.
Model Type	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317 100698 US37390585	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254) 18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018) 27-Mer-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, In house chack Nov-03)	Nov-04 Nov-04 Oct-04 In house check: Mar-05 In house check: Oct 05
	Name	Function	Signature
Celibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	Smidlet
Approved by:	Kalja Pokovic	Laberatory Director	Un list
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		Date Issued: February 18, 2004
This calibration certificate is issue	d as an intermediate sol & Partner Engineering A	ution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IE/	C 17025 International Standard) for



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1900V2

Serial: 5d041

Manufactured: July 4, 2003

Calibrated: February 17, 2004

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with **head** simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 38.8 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.47 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.96 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the <u>advanced extrapolation</u> are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: 41.6 mW/g \pm 16.8 % (k=2)¹ averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 21.6 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)¹

¹ validation uncertainty

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.200 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.993 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 51.2 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = 4.9\Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz -26.1 dB

4. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating tissue of the following electrical parameters at 1900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 52.5 $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.58 mho/m $\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 4.57 at 1900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

5. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of tissue: $42.0 \text{ mW/g} \pm 16.8 \% (k=2)^2$

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 22.0 mW/g \pm 16.2 % (k=2)²

6. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1900 MHz: $Re\{Z\} = 46.6 \Omega$

 $Im \{Z\} = 5.1 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1900 MHz -24.0 dB

7. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

8. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

9. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

² validation uncertainty

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Date/Time: 02/17/04 14:13:01

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d041

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(4.96, 4.96, 4.96); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 30; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 98

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Reference Value = 93.8 V/m

Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.8 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

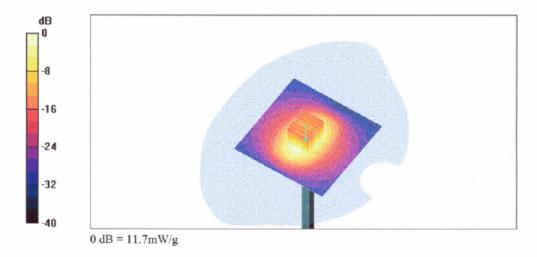
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

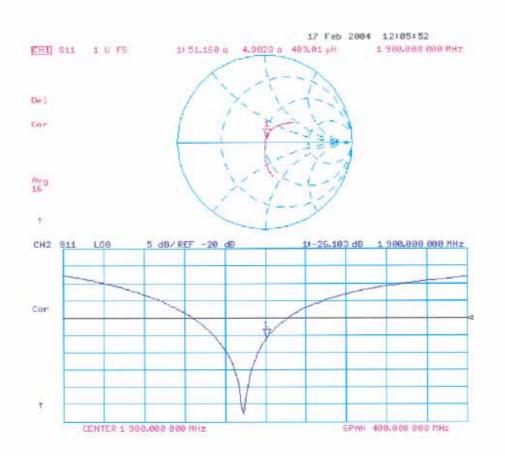
SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.39 mW/g

Reference Value = 93.8 V/m

Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.7 mW/g





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Date/Time: 02/09/04 15:58:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d041

Communication System: CW-1900; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_s = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 1/23/2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN411; Calibrated: 11/6/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 101

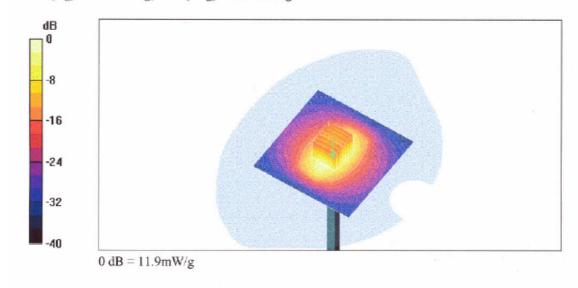
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Reference Value = 92.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

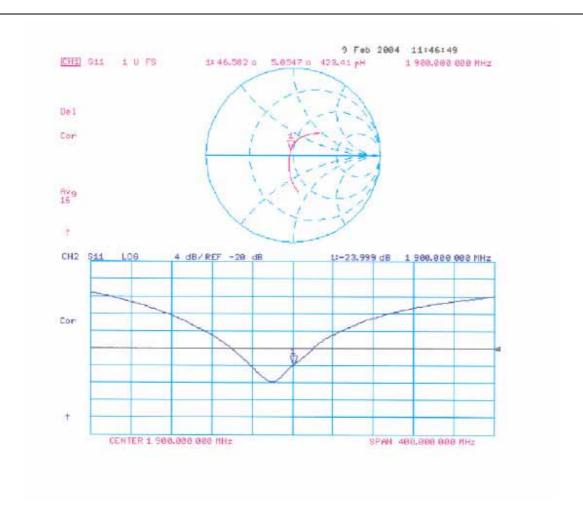
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 mW/g







Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
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SWISS

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage С Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1788					
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration proc	edure for dosimetric E-field probes				
Calibration date:	September 30, 2	2004				
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance					
Calibration Equipment used (M&		ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	entangen over the first transfer of the second of the seco			
Delevan - Chandenda	Pa		School and Calibration			
	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration			
Power meter E4419B	ID# GB41293874	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05 May-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	ID# GB41293874	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Jan-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 May-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180 US3642U01700	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house) 18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05 In house check: Dec-05			
Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180 US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house) 18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05 In house check: Nov 04 Signature			
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN:3013 SN: 617 ID # MY41092180 US3642U01700 US37390585 Name	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388) 5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) 3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) 8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04) 26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04) Check Date (in house) 18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03) Function	May-05 May-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Aug-05 Jan-05 May-05 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct 05 In house check: Dec-05 In house check: Nov 04			

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04 Page 1 of 9



Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in free space

ConF sensit DCP diode

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

Polarization φ

diode compression point φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of
 the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY 4.3 B17 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04

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ET3DV6 SN:1788

September 30, 2004

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1788

Manufactured: Last calibrated: May 28, 2003 August 29, 2003

Recalibrated:

September 30, 2004

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04

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ET3DV6 SN:1788

September 30, 2004

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1788

		- A
Sensitivity in	Free	Space"

Diode Compression^B

NormX	$1.68 \pm 9.9\%$	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	94 mV
NormY	1.70 ± 9.9%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	94 mV
NormZ	1.74 ± 9.9%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	94 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL

900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Cente	r to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.1	4.4	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.1	

TSL

1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Cente	r to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	12.0	8.2	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.1	

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

2.7 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04

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^{*} The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

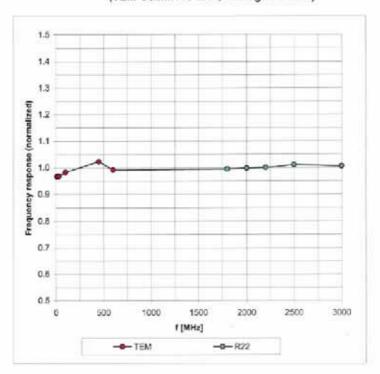
^{*} Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

ET3DV6 SN:1788

September 30, 2004

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:Iff110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

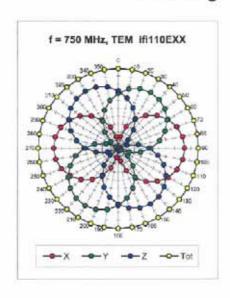
Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04

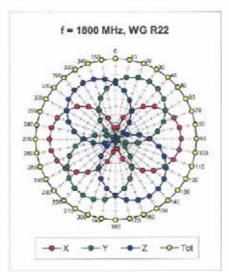
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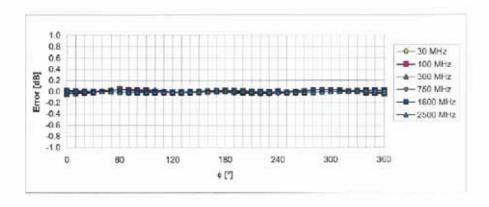
ET3DV6 SN:1788

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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

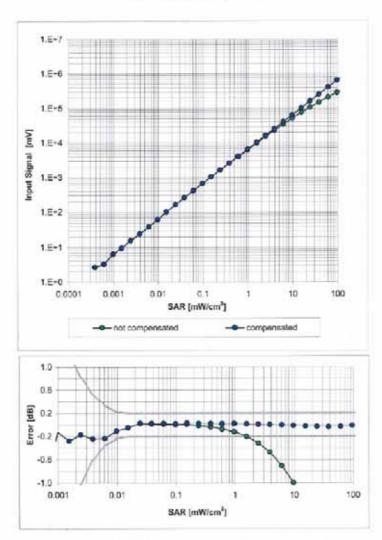
Certificate No: ET3-1788_Sep04

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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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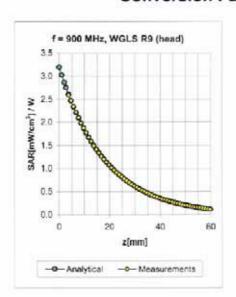
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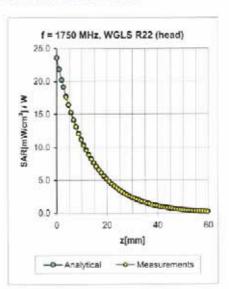


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Conversion Factor Assessment





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	±50/±100	Head	$41.5\pm5\%$	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	1.12	1.42	6.74 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$41.5 \pm 5\%$	0.97 ± 5%	1.07	1.44	6.63 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	±50/±100	Head	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	0.56	2.31	5.37 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$40.0\pm5\%$	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	0.55	2.42	5.16 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Head	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	0.54	2.59	4.88 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	±50/±100	Head	$39.2\pm5\%$	$1.80 \pm 5\%$	0.65	2.22	4.56 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$55.2\pm5\%$	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	1.04	1.52	6.53 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$55.0 \pm 5\%$	1.05 ± 5%	0.99	1.56	6.17 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	$1.52 \pm 5\%$	0.53	2.74	4.73 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	$1.52 \pm 5\%$	0.55	2.82	4.56 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Body	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	$1.52 \pm 5\%$	0.54	2.98	4.43 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.72	2.00	4.26 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY 4.3 B17 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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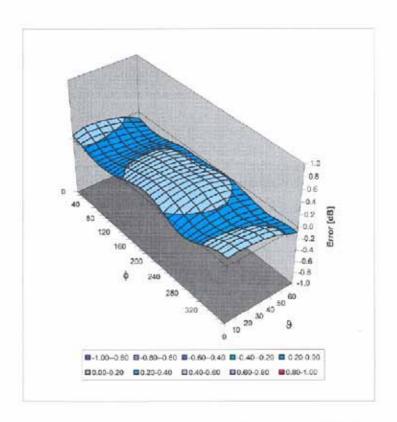


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Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (4, 8), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Certificate No: DAE4-658 Mar05

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BA - SN: 658 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v10 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition unit (DAE) Calibration date: March 30, 2005 Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (Si). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702 SN: 6295803 7-Sep-04 (Sintrel, No.E-040073) Sep-05 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Calibrator Box V1.1 SE UMS 006 AB 1002 16-Jul-04 (SPEAG, in house check) In house check Jul-05 Name Function Calibrated by: Eric Hainfeld Technician Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director iV. O. Lelen Issued: March 30, 2005 This collibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory. Certificate No: DAE4-658_Mar05 Page 1 of 5



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Glossary

DAE digital acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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