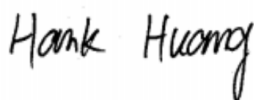


FCC SAR Test Report

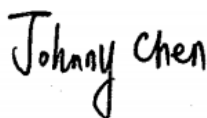
APPLICANT : Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : Redmi
MODEL NAME : 21091116UG
FCC ID : 2AFZZ16UG
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International (ShenZhen) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (ShenZhen) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Hank Huang / Supervisor



Approved by: Johnny Chen / Manager



Sporton International (ShenZhen) Inc.

**1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, 518055
People's Republic of China**

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Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd., Mobile Phone, 21091116UG**, are as follows.

Highest 1g SAR Summary						
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	GSM	GSM850	0.72	0.66	0.43	1.59
		GSM1900	1.04	0.41	0.24	
	WCDMA	Band V	0.57	0.74	0.40	
		Band IV	0.96	0.96	0.66	
		Band II	0.93	0.86	0.68	
	LTE	Band 12/Band 17	0.92	1.07	0.52	
		Band 13	0.94	0.90	0.60	
		Band 5	0.73	0.67	0.42	
		Band 26	0.77	0.76	0.33	
		Band 4	1.06	0.62	0.65	
		Band 66	1.09	0.56	0.56	
		Band 2	0.96	0.54	0.46	
		Band 7	1.09	0.92	0.76	
		Band 38	1.09	0.46	0.42	
		Band 41	1.05	0.54	0.41	
		Band 42	1.08	0.49	0.39	
	5G NR	n5	0.75	0.79	0.39	
		n66	1.08	0.88	0.51	
		n7	1.01	0.70	0.80	
		n38	1.04	0.52	1.04	
		n41	1.09	0.79	0.92	
		n77	1.07	1.02	1.03	
		n78	1.09	0.99	1.09	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.92	0.22	<0.10	1.59
NII		5GHz WLAN	1.06	0.24	0.65	1.58
DSS	Bluetooth	2.4GHz Bluetooth	0.34	0.13	<0.10	1.58

Highest 10g SAR Summary				
Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Product Specific 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
Licensed	WCDMA	Band IV	2.68	3.76
		Band II	2.39	
	LTE	Band 12/Band 17	1.46	
		Band 13	1.49	
		Band 5	0.78	
		Band 4	2.22	
		Band 66	2.37	
		Band 7	2.49	
		Band 38	1.54	
		Band 41	1.60	
		Band 42	1.36	
		5G NR	n5	
	n66		2.31	
	n7		2.15	
	n38		2.52	
	n41		2.28	
	n77		2.09	
	n78	2.55		
NII	WLAN	5GHz WLAN	1.76	3.76
Date of Testing:			2021/9/14 ~ 2021/11/16	
Remark: This device supports LTE B17 and B12. Since the supported frequency span for LTE B17 falls completely within the supports frequency span for LTE B12, both LTE bands have the same target power, and both LTE bands share the same transmission path; therefore, SAR was only assessed for LTE B12.				

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc. is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.01.

Testing Laboratory			
Test Firm	Sporton International (Shenzhen) Inc.		
Test Site Location	1/F, 2/F, Bldg 5, Shiling Industrial Zone, Xinwei Village, Xili, Nanshan, Shenzhen, 518055 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-755-86379589 FAX: +86-755-86379595		
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.
	SAR01-SZ SAR02-SZ	CN1256	421272

Applicant	
Company Name	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
Address	#019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China, 100085

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.
Address	#019, 9th Floor, Building 6, 33 Xi'erqi Middle Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China, 100085

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	Redmi
Model Name	21091116UG
FCC ID	2AFZZ16UG
IMEI Code	SIM1: 861239050036906 SIM2: 861239050036914
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz 5G NR n41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz 5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n77: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+(16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM LTE: 256QAM(Downlink Only) 5G NR : CP-OFDM / DFT-s-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 LAN 5GHz 802.11ax HE20/HE40/HE80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK
HW Version	P2
SW Version	MIUI 12.5

GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	
1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS/EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation. 2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications. 3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN/5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WiFi Direct (GC only). 4. This device does not support DTM operation and supports GPRS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12. 5. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests. 6. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table. Full power table and reduced power table (DSI 0: receiver on reduced power for head; DSI 4: P-sensor on for hotspot; DSI 1: P-sensor on for handheld; DSI 3: P-sensor off). 7. For 2.4GHz, 5GHz WLAN and Bluetooth when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity. 8. The LTE B4/B66 at Antenna 0/5 and LTE B7 at Antenna 0/1/3/5 may support different PA. For RF exposure will choose either one PA perform full SAR tested, other Pas spot check worst case to ensure the RF exposure is compliance. 9. For WLAN2.4GHz and WLAN5GHz support SISO and MIMO mode. For WLAN2.4GHz 11b is limited to SISO mode only. It has no MIMO mode. 10. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission. 11. NSA and SA mode should measure power and perform SAR separately. 12. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing. 13. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary. 14. 5G NR n77/n78 supports HPUE when at SA mode. HPUE power level is same with class 3 power level, and power class 3 SAR can represent HPUE conservatively, so SAR testing only performed for power class 3. 15. For 5G NR EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5G NR band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed 5G NR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR, the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively. 16. This device supports 5G NR FR1 bands as following table, including NSA mode and SA mode. 17. There are three types of EUT, please refer to the 21091116UG_Operational Description of Product Equality Declaration which is exhibited separately. According to the differences, we choose sample 1 to perform full test.	

<5G NR>

Mode	Band	Duplex	SCS(KHz)	Bandwidths(BW)
NSA	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n66	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100
SA	n5	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20
	n7	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50
	n66	FDD	15	5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40
	n38	TDD	30	20, 30, 40
	n41	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 90, 100
	n77	TDD	30	20, 40, 50, 60, 80, 90, 100
	n78	TDD	30	20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05																																																																										
FCC ID	2AFZZ16UG																																																																									
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone																																																																									
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 42: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz																																																																									
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 26: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 41: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 42: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 66:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz																																																																									
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM																																																																									
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data																																																																									
LTE Release Version	R15, Cat13																																																																									
CA Support	Supported, Uplink and Downlink																																																																									
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<table><tr><th colspan="8">Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3</th></tr><tr><th rowspan="2">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})</th><th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th></tr><tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr><tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr><tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr><tr><td>64 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 3</td></tr><tr><td>256 QAM</td><td colspan="6">≥ 1</td><td>≤ 5</td></tr></table>				Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3								Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3	256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5
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16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1																																																																			
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																																																			
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64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3																																																																			
256 QAM	≥ 1						≤ 5																																																																			
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																																									
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																																									
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, head/body-worn/ hotspot/extremity will trigger reduced power for some LTE bands, the detail please referred to section 13.																																																																									
LTE Carrier Aggregation Combinations	Inter-Band and Intra-Band possible combinations and the detail power verification please referred to section 13.																																																																									
LTE Carrier Aggregation Additional Information	1. This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the uplink for 7C/38C/CA_4A-7A with two component carriers in the uplink. SAR Measurements and conducted powers were evaluated per FCC Guidance. 2. This device supports maximum of 4 carriers in the downlink and 2 carriers in the uplink.																																																																									

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829	20475	830.5	20500	832
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844	20575	842.5	20550	840
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 25 MHz		Bandwidth 30 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510	20875	2512.5	20900	2515
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560	21325	2557.5	21300	2555
LTE Band 12												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704	23085	707	23110	710
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711	23105	708.5	23080	706
LTE Band 13												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq.(MHz)	
L	23205		779.5		23230		782		23255		784.5	
M	23230		782									
H	23255		784.5									
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz				Bandwidth 10 MHz				Bandwidth 15 MHz			
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)		Channel #		Freq. (MHz)	
L	23755		706.5		23780		709		23805		712	
M	23790		710		23790		710		23790		710	
H	23825		713.5		23800		711		23775		708	
LTE Band 26												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	26697	814.7	26705	815.5	26715	816.5	26740	819	26765	821.5	26790	824
M	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5	26865	831.5
H	27033	848.3	27025	847.5	27015	846.5	26990	844	26965	841.5	26940	838
LTE Band 38												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		Bandwidth 25 MHz		Bandwidth 30 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	37775	2572.5	37800	2575	37825	2577.5	37850	2580	37875	2582.5	37900	2585
M	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595	38000	2595
H	38225	2617.5	38200	2615	38175	2612.5	38150	2610	38125	2607.5	38100	2605

LTE Band 41												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)				
L	39675	2498.5	39700	2501	39725	2503.5	39750	2506				
LM	40148	2545.8	40160	2547	40173	2548.3	40185	2549.5				
M	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593	40620	2593				
HM	41093	2640.3	41080	2639	41068	2637.8	41055	2636.5				
H	41565	2687.5	41540	2685	41515	2682.5	41490	2680				
LTE Band 66												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	131979	1710.7	131987	1711.5	131997	1712.5	132022	1715	132047	1717.5	132072	1720
M	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745	132322	1745
H	132665	1779.3	132657	1778.5	132647	1777.5	132622	1775	132597	1772.5	132572	1770

3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz

LTE Band 42									
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz		
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	42115	3452.5	42140	3455	42165	3457.5	42190	3460	
M	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	42590	3500	
H	43065	3547.5	43040	3545	43015	3542.5	42990	3540	

4.3 General 5G NR SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

5G NR Information	
Operating Frequency Range of each 5G NR transmission band	5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n38 : 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz 5G NR n41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz 5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n77: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz 5G NR n78: 3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz, 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	5G NR n5: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz 5G NR n7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, 25MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz 5G NR n38: 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz 5G NR n41: 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz, 60MHz, 80MHz, 90MHz, 100MHz 5G NR n66: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz 5G NR n77: 20MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz, 60MHz, 80MHz, 90MHz, 100MHz 5G NR n78: 20MHz, 30MHz, 40MHz, 50MHz, 60MHz, 70MHz, 80MHz, 90MHz, 100MHz
SCS	FDD: SCS15KHz, TDD: SCS30KHz
uplink modulations used	DFT-s-OFDM: PI/2 BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM CP-OFDM: QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes
LTE Anchor Bands for n5	LTE B7
LTE Anchor Bands for n7	LTE B5/7
LTE Anchor Bands for n66	LTE B7/66
LTE Anchor Bands for n78	LTE B2/5/7/38/41/66

NR Band 5 SCS15KHz							
Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L 165300	826.5	165800	829	166300	831.5	166800	834
M 167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5	167300	836.5
H 169300	846.5	168800	844	168300	841.5	167800	839

NR Band 7 SCS15KHz															
Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 25MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L 500500	2502.5	501000	2505	501500	2507.5	502000	2510	502500	2512.5	503000	2515	504000	2520	505000	2525
M 507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535	507000	2535
H 513500	2567.5	513000	2565	512500	2562.5	512000	2560	511500	2557.5	511000	2555	510000	2550	509000	2545

NR Band 66 SCS15KHz											
Bandwidth 5MHz		Bandwidth 10MHz		Bandwidth 15MHz		Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L 342500	1712.5	343000	1715	343500	1717.5	344000	1720	345000	1725	346000	1730
M 349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745	349000	1745
H 355500	1777.5	355000	1775	354500	1772.5	354000	1770	353000	1765	352000	1760

NR Band 38 SCS30KHz					
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L 516000	2580	517002	2585.01	518004	2590.02
M 519000	2595	519000	2595	519000	2595
H 522000	2610	520998	2604.99	519996	2599.98

NR Band 41 SCS30KHz													
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L 501204	2506.02	502200	2511	503202	2516.01	504204	2521.02	505200	2526	507204	2536.02	508200	2541
M 518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99	518598	2592.99
H 535998	2679.99	534996	2674.98	534000	2670	532998	2664.99	531996	2659.98	529998	2649.99	528996	2644.98



<3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz>

NR Band 77 SCS30KHz													
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L647334	3710.01	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02	650000	3750
M656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840	656000	3840
H664666	3969.99	664000	3960	663666	3954.99	663332	3949.98	662666	3939.99	662332	3934.98	662000	3930

NR Band 78 SCS30KHz																	
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L647334	3710.01	647668	3715.02	648000	3720	648334	3725.01	648668	3730.02	649000	3735	649334	3740.01	649668	3745.02		
M650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750	650000	3750
H652666	3789.99	652332	3784.98	652000	3780	651666	3774.99	651332	3769.98	651000	3765	650668	3760.02	650334	3755.01		

<3450 MHz ~ 3550 MHz>

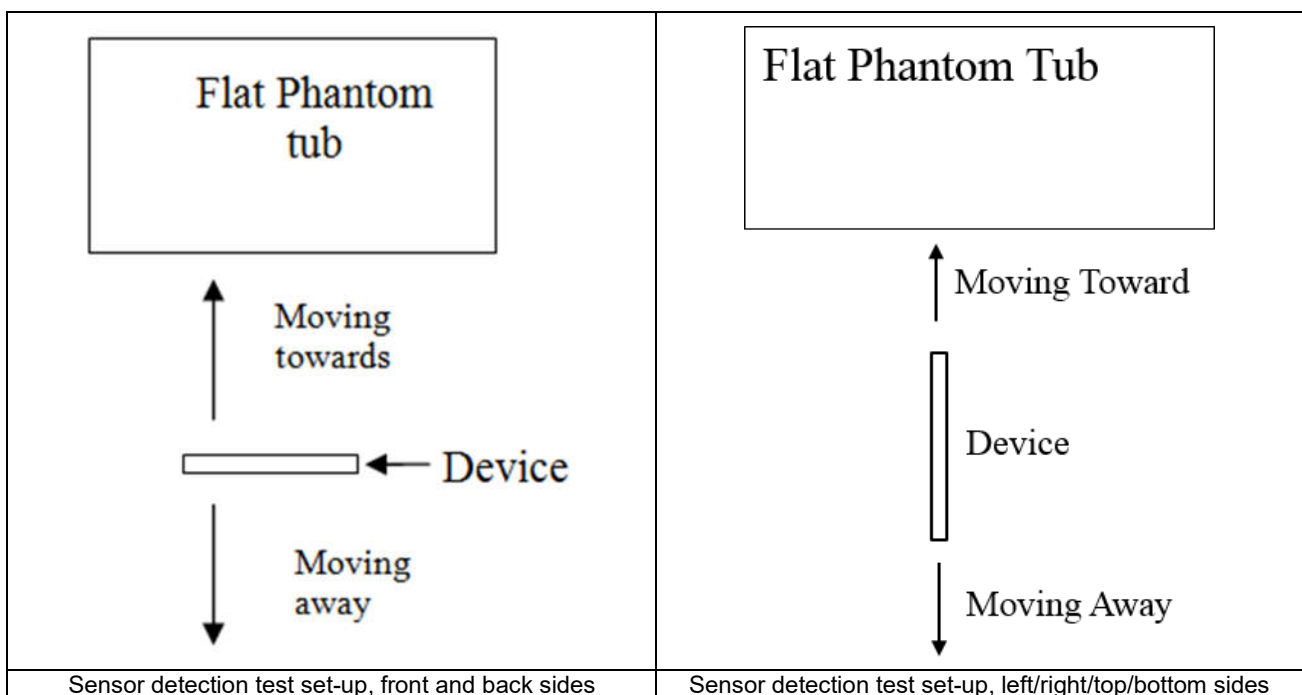
NR Band 77 SCS30KHz													
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L630668	3460.02	631334	3470.01	631668	3475.02	632000	3480	632668	3490.02	633000	3495		
M633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01
H636000	3540	635332	3529.98	635000	3525	634666	3519.99	634000	3510	633666	3504.99		

NR Band 78 SCS30KHz																	
Bandwidth 20MHz		Bandwidth 30MHz		Bandwidth 40MHz		Bandwidth 50MHz		Bandwidth 60MHz		Bandwidth 70MHz		Bandwidth 80MHz		Bandwidth 90MHz		Bandwidth 100MHz	
Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L630668	3460.02	631000	3465	631334	3470.01	631668	3475.02	632000	3480	632334	3485.01	632668	3490.02	633000	3495		
M633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01	633334	3500.01
H636000	3540	635666	3534.99	635332	3529.98	635000	3525	634666	3519.99	634332	3514.98	634000	3510	633666	3504.99		

5. Proximity Sensor Triggering Test

5.1 Proximity sensor triggering distances(Per KDB616217§6.2)

1. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according to the procedures outlined in KDB 616217 D04 section 6.2, and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed.
2. Proximity sensor triggering distance testing was performed according and EUT moving further away from the flat phantom and EUT moving toward the flat phantom were both assessed and the tissue-equivalent medium for highest frequency (4200MHz) and lowest (835MHz) frequency was used for proximity sensor triggering testing.
3. Capacitive proximity sensor placed coincident with antenna elements at the top/bottom end of the phone are utilized to determine when the device comes in proximity of the user's body or finger or hand at the front or back or bottom or left or right or top side of the device. There is no need to do sensor coverage testing for the proximity sensor is designed to support sufficient detection range and sensitivity to cover regions of the sensors in all applicable directions since the proximity sensor entirely covers the antenna.
4. The sensors can use to detect the proximity of the user's body or handheld states at the front or back or bottom or left or right or top side of the device use a detection threshold distance. When front/back/left/right/top/bottom sides of body or handheld condition is detected reduced power will be active. The trigger distance shown in the sections below.
5. For verification of compliance of power reduction scheme, additional SAR testing with EUT transmitting at full RF power at a conservative trigger distance -1mm was performed.



<P-Sensor>
< Sensor for Ant0/Ant1 >

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Right Side		Bottom Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16

< Sensor for Ant3/Ant4/Ant5 >

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)								
Position	Front		Back		Left Side		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

< Sensor for Ant6 >

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Top Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	6	6	6	6	6	6

< Sensor for Ant11 >

Proximity Sensor Triggering Distance (mm)						
Position	Front		Back		Left Side	
	Moving towards	Moving away	Moving towards	Moving towards	Moving towards	Moving away
Minimum	6	6	6	6	6	6

6. RF Exposure Limits

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

7. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

7.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

7.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

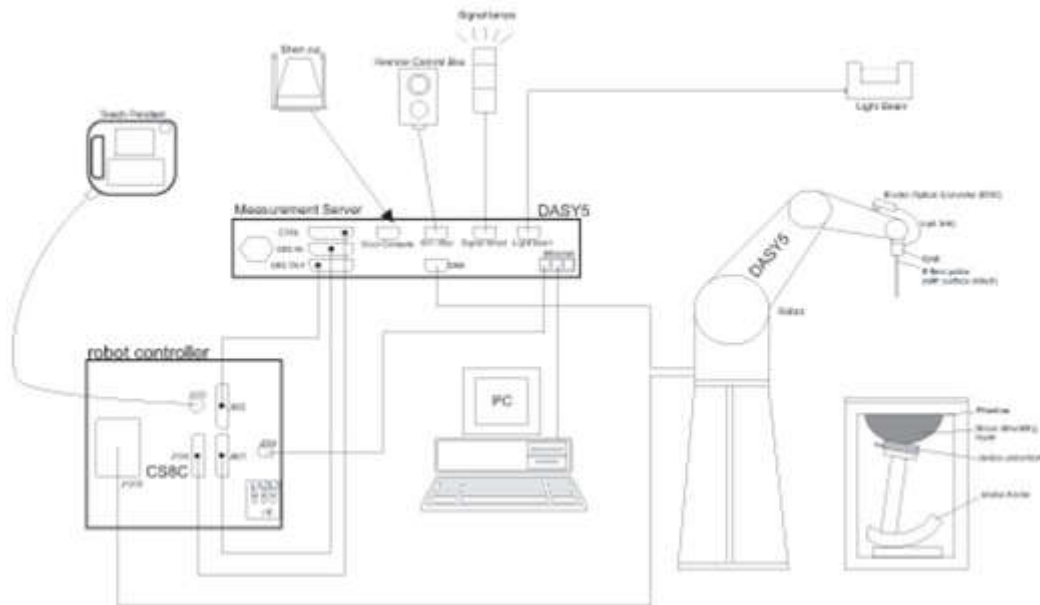
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

8. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Photo of DAE

8.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

8.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the head, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

9.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm *	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1099	Dec. 06, 2018	Nov. 24, 2021
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	Dec. 05, 2018	Nov. 24, 2021
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	Mar. 27, 2019	Mar. 25, 2022
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	Dec. 07, 2018	Nov. 24, 2021
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Sep. 02, 2020	Sep. 01, 2023
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1070	Dec. 07, 2018	Nov. 24, 2021
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1076	Apr. 29, 2019	Apr. 14, 2022
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1037	Apr. 29, 2019	Apr. 14, 2022
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1022	Jul. 11, 2019	Jul. 06, 2022
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	Sep. 24, 2019	Sep. 22, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1386	Jan. 13, 2021	Jan. 12, 2022
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1664	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3975	Jun. 07, 2021	Jun. 06, 2022
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7641	Mar. 15, 2021	Mar. 14, 2022
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300653	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201341952	Dec. 25, 2020	Dec. 24, 2021
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201563813	Dec. 25, 2020	Dec. 24, 2021
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8821C	6262314715	Jun. 29, 2021	Jun. 28, 2022
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46523671	Oct. 15, 2020	Oct. 14, 2021
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	Jul. 31, 2021	Jul. 30, 2022
Speag	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1071	Dec. 23, 2020	Dec. 22, 2021
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 25, 2020	Dec. 24, 2021
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Dec. 25, 2020	Dec. 24, 2021
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Dec. 25, 2020	Dec. 24, 2021
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP50S	101254	Apr. 09, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP8S	109228	Apr. 09, 2021	Apr. 08, 2022
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100963	Dec. 25, 2020	Dec. 24, 2021
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	100818	Jul. 14, 2021	Jul. 13, 2022
TES	Hygrometer	1310	200505600	Jul. 17, 2021	Jul. 16, 2022
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015030904	Jul. 17, 2021	Jul. 16, 2022
Anymetre	Thermo-Hygrometer	JR593	2015030903	Jan. 05, 2021	Jan. 04, 2022
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	0333096	Note 1	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	599201528	Note 1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note 1	
ET Industries	Dual Directional Coupler	C-058-10	N/A	Note 1	
Weinschel	Attenuator 1	3M-10	N/A	Note 1	
Weinschel	Attenuator 2	3M-20	N/A	Note 1	

Note:

- Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check.
- Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The justification data of dipole can be found in appendix C. The return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

11. System Verification

11.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 11.2.

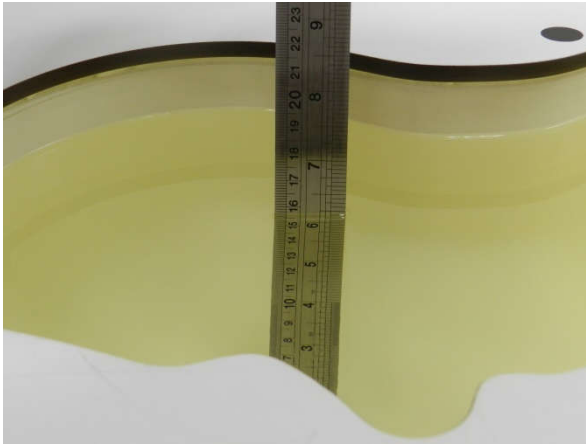


Fig 11.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 11.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR



11.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.881	40.783	0.89	41.90	-1.01	-2.67	±5	2021/9/14
750	Head	22.5	0.880	40.797	0.89	41.90	-1.12	-2.63	±5	2021/9/17
835	Head	22.5	0.911	42.603	0.90	41.50	1.22	2.66	±5	2021/9/20
835	Head	22.8	0.928	42.730	0.90	41.50	3.11	2.96	±5	2021/9/21
835	Head	22.5	0.913	40.859	0.90	41.50	1.44	-1.54	±5	2021/9/26
1750	Head	22.6	1.404	40.106	1.37	40.10	2.48	0.01	±5	2021/9/15
1750	Head	22.9	1.406	41.525	1.37	40.10	2.63	3.55	±5	2021/9/18
1750	Head	22.4	1.378	41.340	1.37	40.10	0.58	3.09	±5	2021/9/22
1900	Head	22.4	1.417	40.994	1.40	40.00	1.21	2.49	±5	2021/9/14
1900	Head	22.5	1.445	40.021	1.40	40.00	3.21	0.05	±5	2021/9/25
2450	Head	22.3	1.823	37.961	1.80	39.20	1.28	-3.16	±5	2021/9/27
2450	Head	22.7	1.882	38.651	1.80	39.20	4.56	-1.40	±5	2021/9/29
2600	Head	22.4	2.039	37.491	1.96	39.00	4.03	-3.87	±5	2021/9/18
2600	Head	22.6	1.995	40.438	1.96	39.00	1.79	3.69	±5	2021/9/19
2600	Head	22.6	1.974	38.204	1.96	39.00	0.71	-2.04	±5	2021/10/1
3500	Head	22.5	2.813	39.758	2.91	37.90	-3.33	4.90	±5	2021/9/22
3500	Head	22.7	2.909	38.635	2.91	37.90	-0.03	1.94	±5	2021/9/24
3500	Head	22.5	2.990	36.338	2.91	37.90	2.75	-4.12	±5	2021/10/5
3700	Head	22.8	2.967	39.530	3.12	37.70	-4.90	4.85	±5	2021/9/21
3700	Head	22.9	3.054	38.374	3.12	37.70	-2.12	1.79	±5	2021/9/24
3700	Head	22.7	3.054	36.103	3.12	37.70	-2.12	-4.24	±5	2021/10/8
3900	Head	22.3	3.199	38.142	3.33	37.51	-3.93	1.68	±5	2021/9/24
5250	Head	22.8	4.591	36.753	4.71	35.95	-2.53	2.23	±5	2021/10/9
5250	Head	22.8	4.635	37.362	4.71	35.95	-1.59	3.93	±5	2021/10/10
5600	Head	22.3	4.986	36.112	5.07	35.50	-1.66	1.72	±5	2021/10/12
5600	Head	22.3	5.004	36.879	5.07	35.50	-1.30	3.88	±5	2021/10/13
5750	Head	22.2	5.152	35.850	5.22	35.35	-1.30	1.41	±5	2021/10/14
5750	Head	22.7	5.383	35.944	5.22	35.35	3.12	1.68	±5	2021/10/15
2450	Head	22.3	1.811	37.922	1.80	39.20	0.61	-3.26	±5	2021/11/16

11.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

<1g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/9/14	750	Head	250	1099	3975	1386	2.19	8.52	8.76	2.82
2021/9/17	750	Head	250	1099	7641	1664	2.23	8.52	8.92	4.69
2021/9/20	835	Head	250	4d162	7641	1664	2.42	9.61	9.68	0.73
2021/9/21	835	Head	250	4d162	3975	1386	2.36	9.61	9.44	-1.77
2021/9/26	835	Head	250	4d162	3975	1386	2.31	9.61	9.24	-3.85
2021/9/15	1750	Head	250	1090	3975	1386	9.07	36.40	36.28	-0.33
2021/9/18	1750	Head	250	1090	3975	1386	9.82	36.40	39.28	7.91
2021/9/22	1750	Head	250	1090	7641	1664	9.17	36.40	36.68	0.77
2021/9/14	1900	Head	250	5d182	3975	1386	10.50	39.60	42	6.06
2021/9/25	1900	Head	250	5d182	7641	1664	9.93	39.60	39.72	0.30
2021/9/27	2450	Head	250	924	7641	1664	13.50	51.40	54	5.06
2021/9/29	2450	Head	250	924	7641	1664	13.50	51.40	54	5.06
2021/9/18	2600	Head	250	1070	3975	1386	15.30	58.10	61.2	5.34
2021/9/19	2600	Head	250	1070	3975	1386	13.80	58.10	55.2	-4.99
2021/10/1	2600	Head	250	1070	7641	1664	14.10	58.10	56.4	-2.93
2021/9/22	3500	Head	100	1076	3975	1386	6.48	67.90	64.8	-4.57
2021/9/24	3500	Head	100	1076	3975	1386	6.34	67.90	63.4	-6.63
2021/10/5	3500	Head	100	1076	7641	1664	6.91	67.90	69.1	1.77
2021/9/21	3700	Head	100	1037	3975	1386	6.43	68.50	64.3	-6.13
2021/9/24	3700	Head	100	1037	3975	1386	6.62	68.50	66.2	-3.36
2021/10/8	3700	Head	100	1037	7641	1664	6.67	68.50	66.7	-2.63
2021/9/24	3900	Head	100	1022	3975	1386	6.61	70.50	66.1	-6.24
2021/10/9	5250	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	7.54	80.50	75.4	-6.34
2021/10/10	5250	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	7.62	80.50	76.2	-5.34
2021/10/12	5600	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	8.93	83.40	89.3	7.07
2021/10/13	5600	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	8.12	83.40	81.2	-2.64
2021/10/14	5750	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	8.11	80.00	81.1	1.37
2021/10/15	5750	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	7.80	80.00	78	-2.50
2021/11/16	2450	Head	250	924	7641	1664	12.90	51.40	51.6	0.39

<10g SAR>

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2021/9/14	750	Head	250	1099	3975	1386	1.48	5.64	5.92	4.96
2021/9/17	750	Head	250	1099	7641	1664	1.49	5.64	5.96	5.67
2021/9/20	835	Head	250	4d162	7641	1664	1.58	6.35	6.32	-0.47
2021/9/21	835	Head	250	4d162	3975	1386	1.54	6.35	6.16	-2.99
2021/9/26	835	Head	250	4d162	3975	1386	1.56	6.35	6.24	-1.73
2021/9/15	1750	Head	250	1090	3975	1386	4.84	19.20	19.36	0.83
2021/9/18	1750	Head	250	1090	3975	1386	5.02	19.20	20.08	4.58
2021/9/22	1750	Head	250	1090	7641	1664	4.98	19.20	19.92	3.75
2021/9/14	1900	Head	250	5d182	3975	1386	5.39	20.70	21.56	4.15
2021/9/25	1900	Head	250	5d182	7641	1664	5.16	20.70	20.64	-0.29
2021/9/27	2450	Head	250	924	7641	1664	6.06	24.00	24.24	1.00
2021/9/29	2450	Head	250	924	7641	1664	6.23	24.00	24.92	3.83
2021/9/18	2600	Head	250	1070	3975	1386	6.63	26.10	26.52	1.61
2021/9/19	2600	Head	250	1070	3975	1386	6.02	26.10	24.08	-7.74
2021/10/1	2600	Head	250	1070	7641	1664	6.31	26.10	25.24	-3.30
2021/9/22	3500	Head	100	1076	3975	1386	2.42	25.30	24.2	-4.35
2021/9/24	3500	Head	100	1076	3975	1386	2.37	25.30	23.7	-6.32
2021/10/5	3500	Head	100	1076	7641	1664	2.53	25.30	25.3	0.00
2021/9/21	3700	Head	100	1037	3975	1386	2.35	24.80	23.5	-5.24
2021/9/24	3700	Head	100	1037	3975	1386	2.42	24.80	24.2	-2.42
2021/10/8	3700	Head	100	1037	7641	1664	2.33	24.80	23.3	-6.05
2021/9/24	3900	Head	100	1022	3975	1386	2.44	24.60	24.4	-0.81
2021/10/9	5250	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	2.15	23.10	21.5	-6.93
2021/10/10	5250	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	2.17	23.10	21.7	-6.06
2021/10/12	5600	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	2.49	23.80	24.9	4.62
2021/10/13	5600	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	2.30	23.80	23	-3.36
2021/10/14	5750	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	2.30	22.80	23	0.88
2021/10/15	5750	Head	100	1113	7641	1664	2.28	22.80	22.8	0.00
2021/11/16	2450	Head	250	924	7641	1664	5.62	24.00	22.48	-6.33

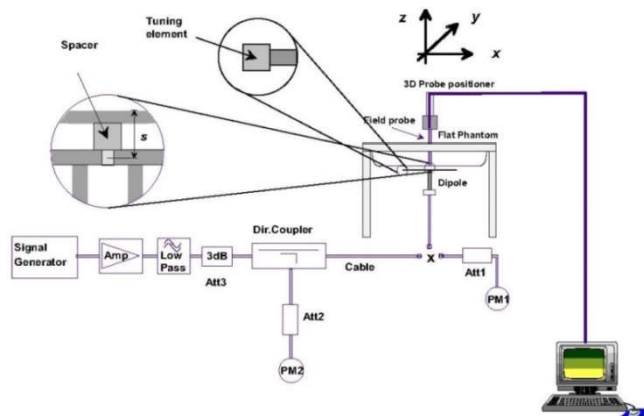

Fig 11.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 11.3.2 Setup Photo

12. RF Exposure Positions

12.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 12.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 12.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 12.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 12.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

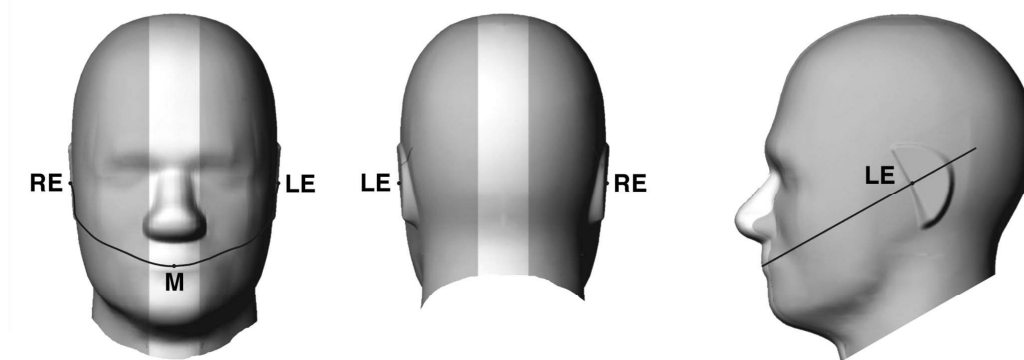


Fig 12.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

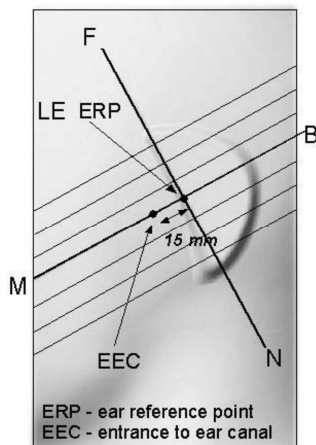


Fig 12.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

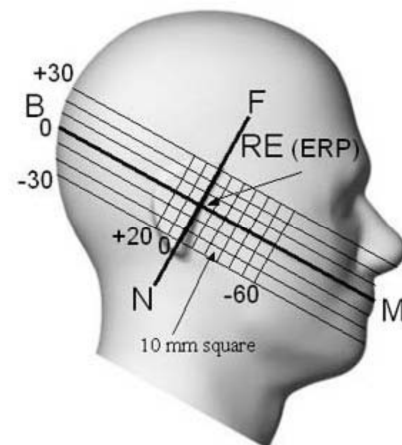


Fig 12.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

12.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 12.2.1 and Figure 12.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 12.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the handset. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 12.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 12.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 12.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

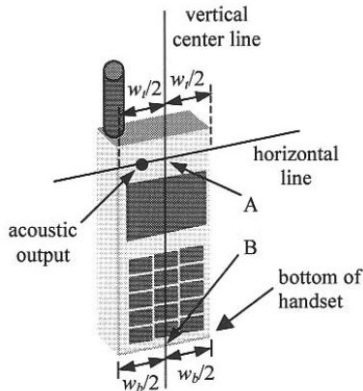


Fig 12.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

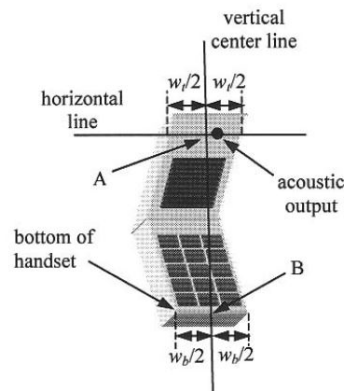


Fig 12.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

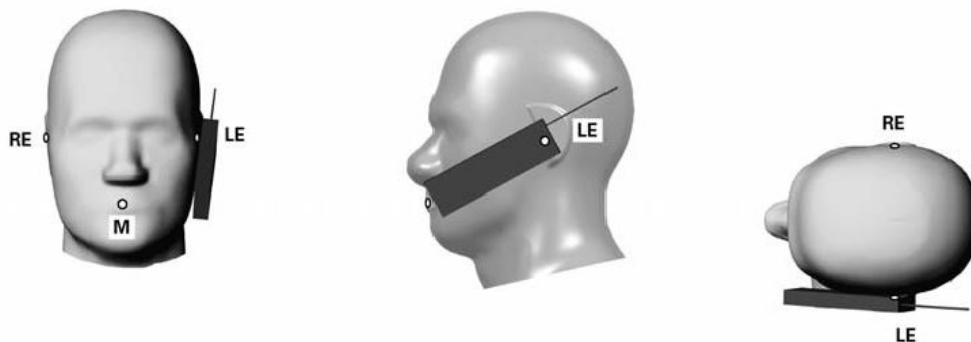


Fig 12.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 12.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

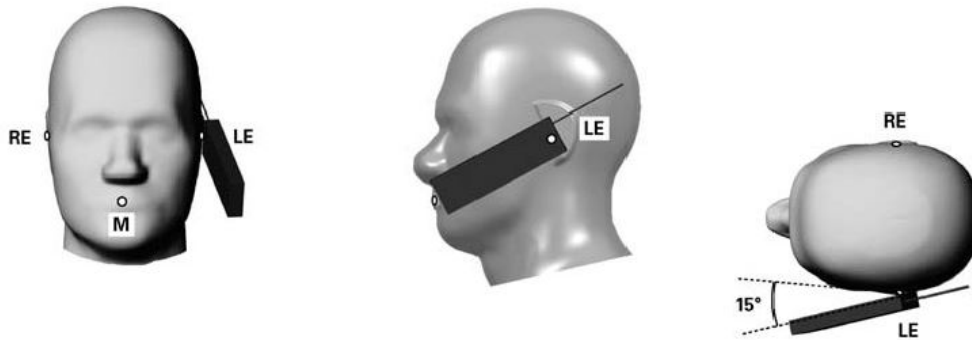


Fig 12.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

12.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 12.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

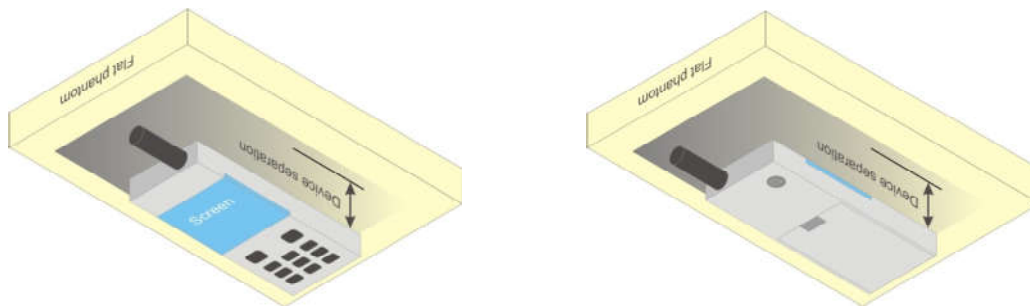


Fig 12.4 Body Worn Position

12.5 Product Specific 10g SAR Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.⁶ The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

12.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9$ cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

13. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

The detailed conducted power table can refer to Appendix E.

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_o/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_o/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_o/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - Set UE Target Power
 - Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{EC}	β_{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 5/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 5/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 5: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

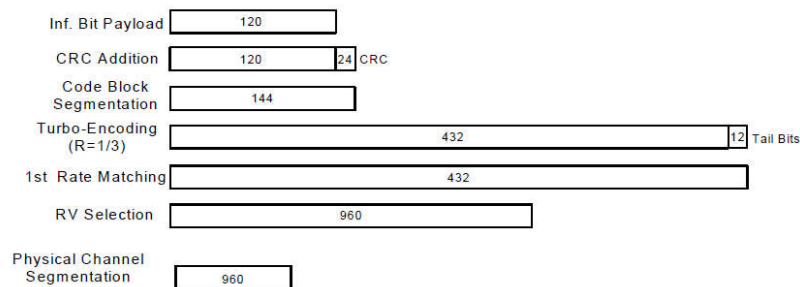


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

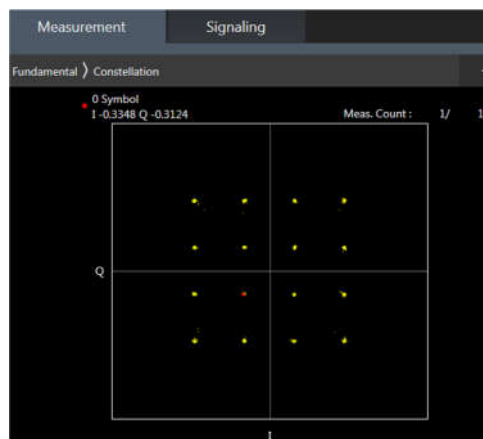
<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
9. LTE B17 SAR test was covered by B12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band
10. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.



64QAM



16QAM

<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS
- Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

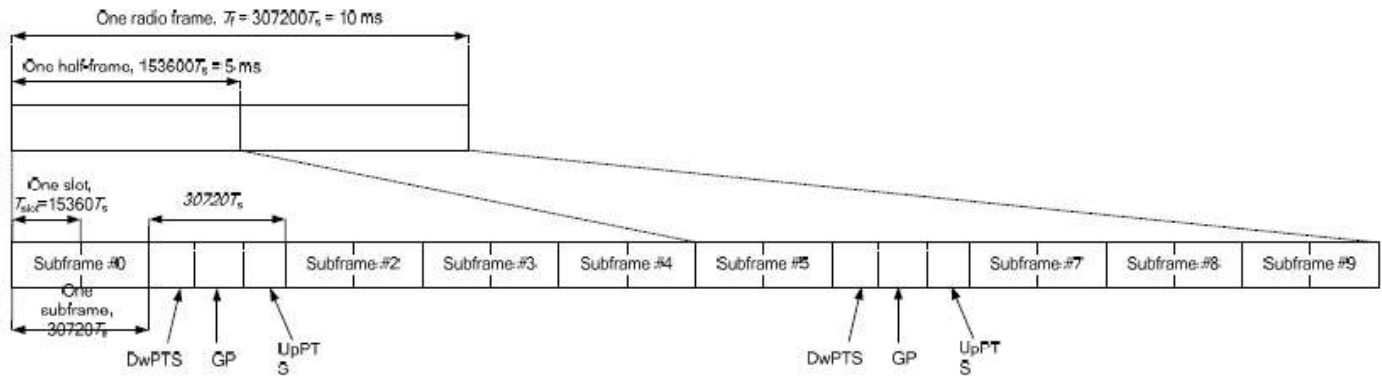


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$	-	-
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-		

Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~4	7.13%	8.33%
	5~9	14.3%	16.7%

Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)			
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
Uplink duty factor in one special subframe	0~3	7.13%	8.33%
	4~7	14.3%	16.7%

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subframes, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.167)/5 = 63.3\%$
- for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is:
 $(3+0.143)/5 = 62.9\%$
- For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix $63.3\%/62.9\% = 1.006$ is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

<LTE Carrier Aggregation>
General Note:

1. This device supports Carrier Aggregation on downlink for inter and intra band. For the device supports bands and bandwidths and configurations are provided as follow table was according to 3GPP.
2. In applying the existing power measurement procedures of KDB 941225 D05A for DL CA SAR test exclusion, only the subset with the largest number of combinations of frequency bands and CCs in each row need combination, and for this device that all the configurations were choose to power measurement.
3. The gray color table is covered by other combinations and no need to verify power.
4. All permutations exist. No restrictions on Pcell & SCell combinations.

2CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation					3CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation					4CC Downlink Carrier Aggregation				
Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Restriction	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Restriction	Covered by Measurement Superset	Number	Combination	4X4 MIMO	Restriction	Covered by Measurement Superset
1	CA_2C				1	CA_2A-4A-5A				1	CA_2A-4A-7C			
2	CA_2A-4A			3CC-1	2	CA_2A-4A-7A				2	CA_5A-7C-66A	7C,66A		
3	CA_2A-5A			3CC-1	3	CA_2A-7A-7A				3	CA_5A-7A-66A-66A	7A,66A-66A		
4	CA_2A-7A			3CC-2	4	CA_2A-7C			4CC-1	4	CA_7C-66A-66A	7C,66A-66A		
5	CA_4A-5A	4A		3CC-1	5	CA_4A-7C	4A-7C		4CC-1	5				
6	CA_4A-7A	4A-7A		3CC-2	6	CA_5A-7A-7A	7A-7A			6				
7	CA_5A-7A	7A		3CC-6	7	CA_5A-7C	7C		4CC-2	7				
8	CA_5A-66A	66A		3CC-8	8	CA_5A-7A-66A	7A,66A		4CC-3	8				
9	CA_7A-7A	7A-7A		3CC-3	9	CA_5A-66A-66A	66A-66A		4CC-3	9				
10	CA_7C	7C		3CC-4	10	CA_7A-66A-66A	66A-66A		4CC-3	10				
11	CA_7A-42A	7A-42A			11	CA_12A-66A-66A	66A-66A			11				
12	CA_12A-66A	66A		3CC-11	12	CA_7C-66A	7C,66A		4CC-4	12				
13	CA_38C	38C			13					13				
14	CA_41A-41A	41A-41A			14					14				
15	CA_41C	41C			15					15				
16	CA_66A-66A	66A-66A		3CC-9	16					16				
17	CA_7A-66A	66A		3CC-8	17					17				
18	CA_2A-66A				18					18				

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Downlink)

- i. According to KDB941225 D05A v01r02, Uplink maximum output power measurement with downlink carrier aggregation active should be measured, using the highest output channel measured without downlink carrier aggregation, to confirm that uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output measured without downlink carrier aggregation active.
- ii. Uplink maximum output power with downlink carrier aggregation active does not show more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power without downlink carrier aggregation active, therefore SAR evaluation with downlink carrier aggregation active can be excluded.
- iii. The device supports downlink four carrier aggregation. For power measurement were control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
- iv. Selected highest measured power when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive for conducted power comparison with downlink carrier aggregation is active, to confirm that when downlink carrier aggregation is active uplink maximum output power remains within the specified tune-up tolerance limits and not more than ¼ dB higher than the maximum output power measured when downlink carrier aggregation inactive.
- v. For inter-band CA, the SCC selected highest bandwidth and near the middle of its transmission band. For SCC DL RB size and offset will base on the PCC corresponding RB allocation.
- vi. For non-contiguous intra-band CA, the SCC selected to provide maximum separation from the PCC and must remain fully within the downlink transmission band.
- vii. For Intra-band, contiguous CA, the downlink channels selected to perform the uplink power measurement must satisfy 3GPP channel spacing (5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521 or equivalent) and channel bandwidth (5.4.2A) requirements.

$$\text{Nominal channel spacing} = \left\lceil \frac{BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} + BW_{\text{Channel}(2)} - 0.1|BW_{\text{Channel}(1)} - BW_{\text{Channel}(2)}|}{0.6} \right\rceil 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

LTE 4x4 MIMO (Downlink)

This device supports downlink 4x4 MIMO operations for LTE Bands 4/7/66/38/41/42 only. Uplink transmission is limited to a single output stream. Power measurements were performed with downlink 4x4 MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with 4x4 downlink MIMO inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

Per FCC Guidance, SAR for downlink 4x4 MIMO was not needed since the maximum average output power in 4x4 downlink MIMO mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power with downlink 4x4 MIMO inactive. When carrier aggregation is applicable, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation and 4x4 DL MIMO active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.

4X4 MIMO	WWAN Band
	LTE Band: B4/B7/B38/B41/B42/B66

LTE Carrier Aggregation Conducted Power (Uplink)
<Intra-band>

2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation	
Number	Combination
1	7C
2	38C

General Note:

- The device supports intra-band uplink carrier aggregation for LTE B7/B38 with a maximum of two 20MHz component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre 3GPP requirement.
- The device supports uplink carrier aggregation with a maximum of two 20MHz component carriers. For intra band contiguous carrier aggregation scenarios, 3GPP 36.101 table 6.2.2A-1 specifies that the aggregate maximum allowed output power is equivalent to the single carrier scenario. 3GPP 36.101 6.2.3A allows for several dB of MPR to be applied when not-contiguous RB allocation is implemented. The conducted power and MPR setting in this device are permanently implemented pre the 3GPP requirement.
- According TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- According TCB workshop, the output power with uplink CA active was measured for the configuration with the highest reported SAR with single carrier for each exposure condition. The power was measured with wideband signal integration over both component carriers.
- Additional SAR measurement for LTE UL CA with other DL CA combinations active were not required since the maximum output power for this configuration was not > 0.25dB higher than the maximum output power for UL CA active.

<Inter-band uplink carrier aggregation consideration>

2CC Uplink Carrier Aggregation				
ULCA	PCC		SCC	
	Band	ANT port	Band	ANT port
4A-7A	4A	1	7A	0
4A-7A	4A	1	7A	5
4A-7A	4A	3	7A	0
4A-7A	4A	3	7A	5
7A-4A	7A	0	4A	1
7A-4A	7A	0	4A	3
7A-4A	7A	5	4A	1
7A-4A	7A	5	4A	3

General Note:

- According to October 2018 TCB workshop, uplink CA SAR test guidance as follows:
 - Provide the single uplink SAR values you have obtained for the relevant SAR configuration and frequency bands that employ inter-band uplink carrier aggregation.
 - If the single uplink 1g SAR values for each band are both less than 0.8W/kg and the algebraic summation of the 1g SAR values are less than 1.45W/kg, no additional measurements need to be performed.
 - If one of the single uplink 1g SAR values is greater than 0.8W/kg, instead of algebraically summing the 1g SAR values, sum up the SAR distributions, similar to the enlarged zoom scan (volume scan) procedures found in FCC KDB publication 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz V01r04
 - If the algebraic sum of the 1g SAR values is > 1.45W/kg, additional measurements may have to be made. Submit a KDB inquiry for additional guidance.
- The single uplink 1g SAR values for each band are both less than 0.8W/kg and the algebraic summation of the 1g SAR value are less than 1.45W/kg, additional measurements are not required.

5G NR Output Power (Unit: dBm)**General Note:**

1. 5G NR n5, n7, n66, n38, n41, n77, n78 supports SA operation.
2. 5G NR n5, n7, n66, n78 supports NSA.
3. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. For DFT-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-OFDM mode, therefore, similar FCC KDB 941225 D05 procedure for other modulation output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in DFT-QPSK and the reported SAR for the DFT-QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; CP-OFDM testing is not required.
 - b. For DFT-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for power class2 and 3, for 16QAM/64 QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will spot check largest channel bandwidth worst RB configuration to ensure the 16QAM/64QAM/256QAM and smaller bandwidth output power will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth.
 - c. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for PI/2 BPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel
 - d. 50% RB allocation for PI/2 BPSK SAR testing follows 1RB PI/2 BPSK allocation procedure
 - e. PI/2 BPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested
 - f. QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM AM SAR testing are not required.
 - g. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
4. Due to test setup limitations, SAR testing for NR was performed using Factory Test Mode software to establish the connection and perform SAR with 100% transmission.
5. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
6. NSA and SA mode should measure power and perform SAR separately.
7. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
8. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
9. 5G NR n77/n78 supports HPUE when at SA mode. HPUE power level is same with class 3 power level, and power class 3 SAR can represent HPUE conservatively, so SAR testing only performed for power class 3.
10. For 5G NR EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5G NR band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed 5G NR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR, the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively.

<3GPP 38.101 MPR for EN-DC>
Table 6.2.2-1 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 3

Modulation		MPR (dB)		
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	$\leq 3.5^1$	$\leq 1.2^1$	$\leq 0.2^1$
		$\leq 0.5^2$	$\leq 0.5^2$	0 ²
	QPSK	≤ 1		0
	16 QAM	≤ 2		≤ 1
	64 QAM	≤ 2.5		
CP-OFDM	256 QAM	≤ 4.5		
	QPSK	≤ 3		≤ 1.5
	16 QAM	≤ 3		≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5		
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5		

NOTE 1: Applicable for UE operating in TDD mode with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and UE indicates support for UE capability *powerBoosting-pi2BPSK* and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 1 and 40 % or less slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79. The reference power of 0 dB MPR is 26 dBm.

NOTE 2: Applicable for UE operating in FDD mode, or in TDD mode in bands other than n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79 with Pi/2 BPSK modulation and if the IE *powerBoostPi2BPSK* is set to 0 and if more than 40 % of slots in radio frame are used for UL transmission for bands n40, n41, n77, n78 and n79.

Table 6.2.2-2 Maximum power reduction (MPR) for power class 2

Modulation		MPR (dB)		
		Edge RB allocations	Outer RB allocations	Inner RB allocations
DFT-s-OFDM	Pi/2 BPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 0.5	0
	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 1	0
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2	≤ 1
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 2.5	
	256 QAM	≤ 4.5		
CP-OFDM	QPSK	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 1.5
	16 QAM	≤ 3.5	≤ 3	≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 3.5		
	256 QAM	≤ 6.5		



ENDC	ENDC combination	
	LTE Ant	FR1 Ant
DC_7A_n5A	ANT5	ANT0
	ANT0	ANT0
	ANT1	ANT0
	ANT3	ANT0
	ANT5	ANT2
	ANT0	ANT2
	ANT1	ANT2
	ANT3	ANT2
DC_5A_n7A	ANT0	ANT5
	ANT0	ANT0
	ANT0	ANT1
	ANT0	ANT3
	ANT2	ANT5
	ANT2	ANT0
	ANT2	ANT1
	ANT2	ANT3
DC_7A_n7A	ANT1	ANT5
	ANT1	ANT0
	ANT3	ANT5
	ANT3	ANT0
DC_7A_n66A	ANT1	ANT5
	ANT1	ANT0
	ANT3	ANT5
	ANT3	ANT0
DC_66A_n66A	ANT1	ANT5
	ANT1	ANT0
	ANT3	ANT5
	ANT3	ANT0
DC_5A_n78A	ANT0	ANT6
	ANT0	ANT4
	ANT0	ANT11
	ANT0	ANT2
	ANT2	ANT6
	ANT2	ANT4
	ANT2	ANT11
	ANT2	ANT2
DC_66A_n78A	ANT1	ANT6
	ANT1	ANT4
	ANT1	ANT11
	ANT1	ANT2
	ANT3	ANT6
	ANT3	ANT4
	ANT3	ANT11
	ANT3	ANT2
DC_2A_n78A	ANT1	ANT6
	ANT1	ANT4
	ANT1	ANT11
	ANT1	ANT2
	ANT3	ANT6
	ANT3	ANT4
	ANT3	ANT11
	ANT3	ANT2
DC_7A_n78A	ANT1	ANT6
	ANT1	ANT4
	ANT1	ANT11
	ANT1	ANT2
	ANT3	ANT6
	ANT3	ANT4
	ANT3	ANT11
	ANT3	ANT2



	ANT3	ANT2
	ANT5	ANT6
	ANT5	ANT4
	ANT5	ANT11
	ANT5	ANT2
	ANT0	ANT6
	ANT0	ANT4
	ANT0	ANT11
	ANT0	ANT2
DC_38A_n78A	ANT1	ANT6
	ANT1	ANT4
	ANT1	ANT11
	ANT1	ANT2
	ANT3	ANT6
	ANT3	ANT4
	ANT3	ANT11
	ANT3	ANT2
	ANT5	ANT6
	ANT5	ANT4
	ANT5	ANT11
	ANT5	ANT2
	ANT0	ANT6
	ANT0	ANT4
	ANT0	ANT11
DC_41A_n78A	ANT0	ANT2
	ANT1	ANT6
	ANT1	ANT4
	ANT1	ANT11
	ANT1	ANT2
	ANT3	ANT6
	ANT3	ANT4
	ANT3	ANT11
	ANT3	ANT2
	ANT5	ANT6
	ANT5	ANT4
	ANT5	ANT11
	ANT5	ANT2
	ANT0	ANT6
	ANT0	ANT4
	ANT0	ANT11
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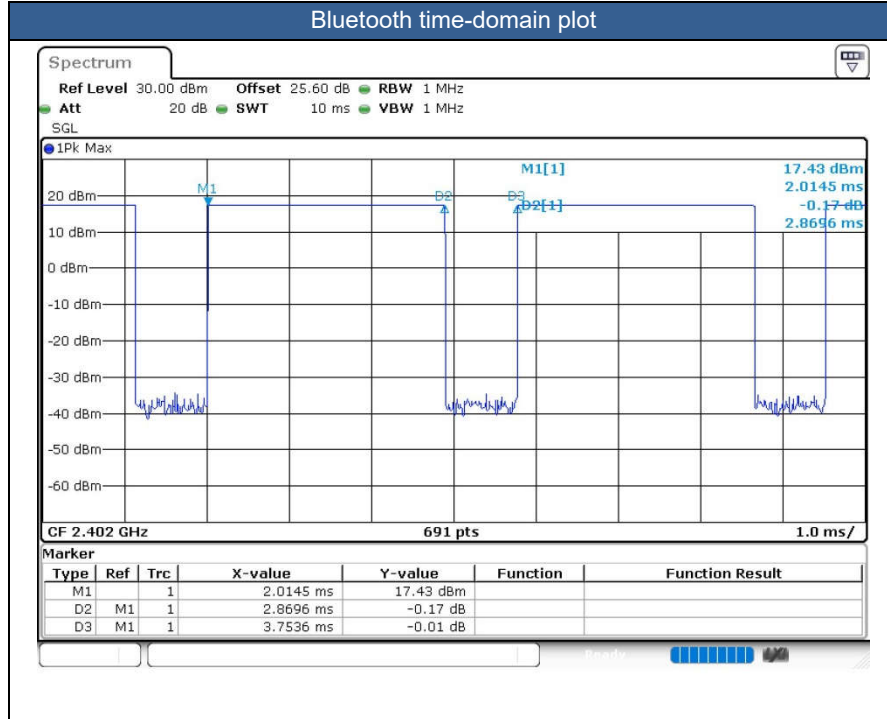
<WLAN Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. Per 201904 TCBC workshops, General principles of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax SAR testing. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA).
6. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing.
7. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
8. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
 - a. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
 - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
 - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel.
9. 802.11ax full tone and partial tone supported for WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz, partial tone power level is far less than full tone power level including tune up power, we chose full tone power to perform SAR testing.
10. For WLAN2.4GHz and WLAN5GHz support SISO and MIMO mode. For WLAN2.4GHz 11b is limited to SISO mode only. It has no MIMO mode.

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The Bluetooth duty cycle is 76.45 % as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the maximum duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to 100% for Bluetooth reported SAR calculation





14. Antenna Location

The detailed antenna location information can refer to SAR Test Setup Photos.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of BT/WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For BT/WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
 - e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. For dual SIM card mobile has two SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose SIM1 slot to perform all tests.
5. The device implements Proximity sensors/receiver detect mechanism/hotspot trigger reduced power for the power management for SAR compliance at different exposure conditions (head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity). The device will invoke corresponding work scenarios power level base on frequency bands/antennas, which can refer to appendix E. power table. Full power table and reduced power table (DSI 0: receiver on reduced power for head; DSI 4: P-sensor on for hotspot; DSI 1: P-sensor on for handheld; DSI 3: P-sensor off).
6. For 2.4GHz, 5GHz WLAN and Bluetooth when transmit simultaneous with WWAN, power reduction will be activated to head, body-worn, hotspot, extremity.
7. For WLAN2.4GHz and WLAN5GHz support SISO and MIMO mode. For WLAN2.4GHz 11b is limited to SISO mode only. It has no MIMO mode.
8. The LTE B4/B66 at Antenna 0/5 and LTE B7 at Antenna 0/1/3/5 may support different PA, for RF exposure will choose either one PA perform full SAR tested, other Pas spot check worst case to ensure the RF exposure is compliance.
9. For 5G NR test, using FTM (Factory Test Mode) to perform SAR with default 100% transmission.
10. 5GNR n77/n78 supports HPUE when at SA mode. HPUE power level is same with class 3 power level, and power class 3 SAR can represent HPUE conservatively, so SAR testing only performed for power class 3.
11. For 5GNR EN-DC mode, standalone SAR performed for 5GNR band with the maximum power, EN-DC SAR summed 5GNR standalone SAR and LTE standalone SAR, the result of EN-DC SAR is more conservatively.
12. NSA and SA mode should measure power and perform SAR separately.
13. 5G NR supports CP-OFDM and DFT-s-OFDM modulation, for DFT-s-OFDM power is higher than CP-OFDM, so only show DFT-s-OFDM power table and chose DFT-s-OFDM to perform SAR testing.
14. For DFT-s-OFDM and CP-OFDM output power measurement reduction, according to 38.101 maximum power reduction for the CP-OFDM mode will not higher than DFT-s-OFDM mode, therefore, CP-OFDM measurement is unnecessary.
15. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold,
 - a. WCDMA B2/B4, LTE B4/B5/B7/B12/B13/B17/B66/B38/B41/B42, 5GNR n5/n7/n38/n41/n66/n77/n78 are required to

be tested.

- b. WLAN 5.3/5.5GHz tested the product specific 10g SAR since it has no hotspot mode.
 - c. When 10-g product specific 10g SAR is considered, SAR thresholds is specified in the procedures for SAR test reduction and exclusion should be multiplied by 2.5.
16. The "n/a" in the test results means the 1g/10g tube is too small to be found.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
2. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA) are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B12 / B17 / B26/ B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
7. LTE B17 SAR test was covered by B12; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
 - a. the maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is $\leq$ the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion
 - b. the channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band

5G NR Note:

1. For 5G NR test procedure was following step similar FCC KDB 941225 D05:
 - a. SAR testing start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for PI/2 BPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
 - b. 50% RB allocation for PI/2 BPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure
 - c. PI/2 BPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
 - d. QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM output powers according to 3GPP MPR will not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK, also reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is less than 1.45 W/kg, QPSK/16QAM /64QAM/256QAM SAR testing are not required.
 - e. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration for this device will not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required for this device
 - f. For 5G FR1 n41/n66/n77 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, U-NII-1 SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
6. 802.11ax full tone and partial tone supported for WLAN2.4GHz/WLAN5GHz, partial tone power level is far less than full tone power level including tune up power, we chose full tone power to perform SAR testing.
7. For WLAN2.4GHz and WLAN5GHz support SISO and MIMO mode. For WLAN2.4GHz 11b is limited to SISO mode only. It has no MIMO mode.

15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	251	848.8	26.02	27.50	1.406	-0.08	0.158	0.222
	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	251	848.8	26.02	27.50	1.406	-0.13	0.072	0.101
	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	251	848.8	26.02	27.50	1.406	-0.14	0.144	0.202
	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	251	848.8	26.02	27.50	1.406	-0.18	0.064	0.090
	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	251	848.8	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.05	0.376	0.492
	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	251	848.8	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.08	0.056	0.074
01	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	251	848.8	22.83	24.00	1.309	-0.05	0.551	0.721
	GSM850	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	251	848.8	22.83	24.00	1.309	0.01	0.062	0.081
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	661	1880	23.33	24.50	1.309	0.19	0.066	0.086
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	661	1880	23.33	24.50	1.309	-0.16	0.031	0.040
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	661	1880	23.33	24.50	1.309	0.11	0.045	0.059
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	661	1880	23.33	24.50	1.309	0.04	0.040	0.053
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	661	1880	21.94	22.50	1.138	0.13	0.826	0.940
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	661	1880	21.94	22.50	1.138	-0.08	0.637	0.725
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	661	1880	21.94	22.50	1.138	0.19	0.393	0.447
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	661	1880	21.94	22.50	1.138	-0.11	0.406	0.462
02	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	512	1850.2	21.92	22.50	1.143	-0.04	0.913	1.043
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 TX slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	810	1909.8	21.78	22.50	1.180	-0.14	0.615	0.726

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	4182	836.4	23.72	25.00	1.343	0.02	0.229	0.307
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	4182	836.4	23.72	25.00	1.343	0.05	0.105	0.141
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	4182	836.4	23.72	25.00	1.343	0.18	0.227	0.305
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSIO	Full	4182	836.4	23.72	25.00	1.343	-0.09	0.100	0.134
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	4182	836.4	20.25	21.50	1.334	0.1	0.258	0.344
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	4182	836.4	20.25	21.50	1.334	-0.14	0.045	0.059
03	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	4182	836.4	20.25	21.50	1.334	-0.02	0.427	0.569
	WCDMA V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DSIO	Reduced	4182	836.4	20.25	21.50	1.334	-0.17	0.048	0.064
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	1513	1752.6	23.94	25.00	1.276	0.02	0.106	0.135
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	1513	1752.6	23.94	25.00	1.276	-0.19	0.089	0.114
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	1513	1752.6	23.94	25.00	1.276	0.03	0.128	0.163
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	1513	1752.6	23.94	25.00	1.276	0.07	0.103	0.131
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.93	19.50	1.435	0.16	0.561	0.805
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.93	19.50	1.435	-0.09	0.460	0.660
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.93	19.50	1.435	0.18	0.294	0.422
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	1513	1752.6	17.93	19.50	1.435	0.08	0.405	0.581
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	1312	1712.4	17.83	19.50	1.469	-0.02	0.656	0.964
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	1413	1732.6	17.86	19.50	1.459	-0.07	0.610	0.890
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	9400	1880	23.86	25.00	1.300	-0.01	0.099	0.129
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	9400	1880	23.86	25.00	1.300	-0.04	0.090	0.117
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	9400	1880	23.86	25.00	1.300	-0.03	0.128	0.166
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSIO	Full	9400	1880	23.86	25.00	1.300	-0.16	0.113	0.147
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	9400	1880	18.06	19.00	1.242	0.07	0.654	0.812
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	9400	1880	18.06	19.00	1.242	0.15	0.520	0.646
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	9400	1880	18.06	19.00	1.242	-0.03	0.345	0.428
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	9400	1880	18.06	19.00	1.242	-0.13	0.341	0.423
05	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	9262	1852.4	18.05	19.00	1.245	-0.02	0.747	0.930
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSIO	Reduced	9538	1907.6	17.90	19.00	1.288	0.08	0.633	0.815



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA190306

LTE Band 7_Other PA_DL CA	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	17.62	18.50	1.225	0.02	0.630	0.772
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.73	25.00	1.340	-0.15	0.082	0.110
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.73	25.00	1.340	-	n/a	n/a
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.73	25.00	1.340	0.05	0.048	0.064
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.73	25.00	1.340	-0.1	0.039	0.052
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.22	24.00	1.197	-0.09	0.096	0.115
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.22	24.00	1.197	-	n/a	n/a
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.02	0.035	0.042
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	21350	2560	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.09	0.025	0.030
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.13	16.00	1.222	-0.19	0.411	0.502
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.13	16.00	1.222	0.03	0.284	0.347
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.13	16.00	1.222	0.02	0.208	0.254
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.13	16.00	1.222	0.13	0.215	0.263
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.10	16.00	1.230	-0.05	0.419	0.515
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.10	16.00	1.230	-0.07	0.283	0.348
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.10	16.00	1.230	0.16	0.204	0.251
LTE Band 7_Other PA_inter-CA	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	21350	2560	15.10	16.00	1.230	0.14	0.222	0.273

**<TDD LTE SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.057	0.081
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	21.75	23.50	1.496	62.9	1.006	0.14	0.026	0.038
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.012	0.017
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.013	0.019
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.009	0.013
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.043	0.059
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.007	0.010
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.011	0.015
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.007	0.010
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.121	0.148
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.088	0.108
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.181	0.221
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	24.32	25.50	1.312	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.144	0.190
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	0.15	0.088	0.108
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	23.78	24.50	1.180	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.096	0.114
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	23.78	24.50	1.180	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.071	0.084
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	23.78	24.50	1.180	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.144	0.171
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	38000	2595	23.78	24.50	1.180	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.070	0.083
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.25	14.50	1.334	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.653	0.876
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.25	14.50	1.334	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.191	0.256
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.25	14.50	1.334	62.9	1.006	0.19	0.207	0.278
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.25	14.50	1.334	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.070	0.094
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.20	14.50	1.349	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.682	0.926
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	13.08	14.50	1.387	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.590	0.823
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.20	14.50	1.349	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.186	0.252
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.20	14.50	1.349	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.210	0.285
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.20	14.50	1.349	62.9	1.006	-0.13	0.072	0.098
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	13.22	14.50	1.343	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.622	0.840
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.13	17.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.15	0.768	1.059
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.13	17.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.15	0.578	0.797
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.13	17.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.450	0.621
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.13	17.50	1.371	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.458	0.632
14	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.09	17.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.785	1.093
	LTE Band 38C	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	37901+38099	2585.1+2604.9	15.89	17.50	1.449	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.723	1.054
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.09	17.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.03	0.581	0.809
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.09	17.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.445	0.619
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.09	17.50	1.384	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.457	0.636
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DS10	Reduced	38000	2595	16.07	17.50	1.390	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.611	0.854
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.057	0.081
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.012	0.017
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.013	0.019
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.99	23.50	1.416	62.9	1.006	-0.15	0.009	0.013
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	-0.17	0.043	0.059
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.007	0.010
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.011	0.015
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	21.14	22.50	1.368	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.007	0.010
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.121	0.148
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.088	0.108
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.181	0.221
	LTE Band 38_EN-DC	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS1 0	Full	38000	2595	24.65	25.50	1.216	62.9	1.006	0.15	0.088	0.108



FCC SAR Test Report

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	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.36	21.00	1.159	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.328	0.382
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.36	21.00	1.159	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.389	0.453
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42190	3460	20.32	21.00	1.169	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.735	0.865
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42990	3540	20.30	21.00	1.175	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.770	0.910
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.31	21.00	1.172	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.646	0.762
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.31	21.00	1.172	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.787	0.928
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.31	21.00	1.172	62.9	1.006	0.16	0.328	0.387
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.31	21.00	1.172	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.390	0.460
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42190	3460	20.28	21.00	1.180	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.770	0.914
16	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42990	3540	20.26	21.00	1.186	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.902	1.076
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 4	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.24	21.00	1.191	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.743	0.890
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.11	20.50	1.094	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.753	0.829
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.11	20.50	1.094	62.9	1.006	0.16	0.840	0.924
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.11	20.50	1.094	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.479	0.527
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.11	20.50	1.094	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.617	0.679
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42190	3460	20.08	20.50	1.102	62.9	1.006	-0.12	0.537	0.595
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42990	3540	19.91	20.50	1.146	62.9	1.006	0.16	0.634	0.731
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42190	3460	20.08	20.50	1.102	62.9	1.006	-0.08	0.623	0.690
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42990	3540	19.91	20.50	1.146	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.729	0.840
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.06	20.50	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.728	0.810
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.06	20.50	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.802	0.893
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.06	20.50	1.107	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.478	0.532
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.06	20.50	1.107	62.9	1.006	0.11	0.639	0.711
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42190	3460	19.99	20.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.18	0.555	0.628
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42990	3540	19.73	20.50	1.194	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.647	0.777
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42190	3460	19.99	20.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	-0.03	0.714	0.808
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42990	3540	19.73	20.50	1.194	62.9	1.006	-0.18	0.750	0.901
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.01	20.50	1.119	62.9	1.006	-0.02	0.621	0.699
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 6	DSi0	Reduced	42590	3500	20.01	20.50	1.119	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.710	0.800
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	22.95	23.50	1.135	62.9	1.006	-0.04	0.120	0.137
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	22.95	23.50	1.135	62.9	1.006	-0.16	0.091	0.104
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	22.95	23.50	1.135	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.047	0.054
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	22.95	23.50	1.135	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.054	0.062
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	21.99	22.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.01	0.102	0.115
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	21.99	22.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.078	0.088
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	21.99	22.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	0.04	0.049	0.055
	LTE Band 42_Part 27Q	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 11	DSi0	Full	42590	3500	21.99	22.50	1.125	62.9	1.006	-0.1	0.073	0.083



<5G NR SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Power State	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	-0.13	0.210	0.257
	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	-0.01	0.125	0.153
	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	0.05	0.271	0.332
	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	-0.1	0.097	0.119
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	0.08	0.209	0.258
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	0.11	0.123	0.152
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	-0.03	0.221	0.273
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	-0.16	0.093	0.115
	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.97	22.00	1.268	-0.14	0.342	0.434
	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.97	22.00	1.268	0.11	0.057	0.072
17	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.97	22.00	1.268	-0.06	0.594	0.753
	N5	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.97	22.00	1.268	0.01	0.070	0.089
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.91	22.00	1.285	-0.08	0.342	0.440
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.91	22.00	1.285	0.01	0.057	0.073
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.91	22.00	1.285	0.15	0.571	0.734
	N5	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	20.91	22.00	1.285	0.17	0.073	0.094
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	-0.13	0.210	0.257
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	-0.01	0.125	0.153
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	0.05	0.271	0.332
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.62	25.50	1.225	-0.1	0.097	0.119
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	0.08	0.209	0.258
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	0.11	0.123	0.152
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	-0.03	0.221	0.273
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	167300	836.5	24.59	25.50	1.233	-0.16	0.093	0.115
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.78	21.00	1.324	-0.14	0.289	0.383
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.78	21.00	1.324	0.11	0.047	0.062
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.78	21.00	1.324	-0.16	0.456	0.604
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	1	53	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.78	21.00	1.324	0.01	0.067	0.089
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.77	21.00	1.327	-0.08	0.248	0.329
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.77	21.00	1.327	0.01	0.045	0.060
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.77	21.00	1.327	0.15	0.422	0.560
	N5_NSA	20M	BPSK	50	28	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 2	DS10	Reduced	167300	836.5	19.77	21.00	1.327	0.17	0.068	0.090
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.11	0.071	0.094
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.03	0.036	0.048
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.16	0.033	0.044
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.02	0.026	0.034
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.1	0.069	0.093
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.03	0.037	0.051
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.17	0.032	0.044
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DS10	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.08	0.026	0.036
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.78	24.50	1.180	0.06	0.118	0.139
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.78	24.50	1.180	-0.01	0.100	0.118
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.78	24.50	1.180	0.08	0.178	0.210
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.78	24.50	1.180	-0.17	0.094	0.111
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.74	24.50	1.191	-0.18	0.115	0.137
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.74	24.50	1.191	-0.16	0.095	0.113
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.74	24.50	1.191	-0.05	0.177	0.211
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DS10	Full	349000	1745	23.74	24.50	1.191	-0.18	0.093	0.110
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	349000	1745	18.58	19.50	1.236	-0.12	0.785	0.970
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	349000	1745	18.58	19.50	1.236	-0.11	0.208	0.257
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	349000	1745	18.58	19.50	1.236	0.16	0.205	0.253
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DS10	Reduced	349000	1745	18.58	19.50	1.236	-0.19	0.063	0.078



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	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	18.56	19.50	1.242	0.1	0.832	1.033
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	18.56	19.50	1.242	-0.11	0.184	0.228
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	18.56	19.50	1.242	0.08	0.176	0.219
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	18.56	19.50	1.242	-0.09	0.054	0.066
	N66	40M	BPSK	216	0	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	18.32	19.50	1.312	0.17	0.725	0.951
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.49	20.00	1.125	-0.11	0.922	1.037
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.49	20.00	1.125	-0.02	0.607	0.683
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.49	20.00	1.125	-0.01	0.483	0.543
	N66	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.49	20.00	1.125	-0.18	0.519	0.584
18	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.47	20.00	1.130	-0.16	0.957	1.081
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.47	20.00	1.130	-0.1	0.952	1.076
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.47	20.00	1.130	-0.17	0.603	0.681
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.47	20.00	1.130	0.1	0.480	0.542
	N66	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.47	20.00	1.130	0.09	0.517	0.584
	N66	40M	BPSK	216	0	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI0	Reduced	349000	1745	19.22	20.00	1.197	-0.02	0.900	1.077
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.11	0.071	0.094
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.03	0.036	0.048
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	-0.16	0.033	0.044
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.78	24.00	1.324	0.02	0.026	0.034
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.1	0.069	0.093
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.03	0.037	0.051
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.17	0.032	0.044
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI 0	Full	349000	1745	22.67	24.00	1.358	0.08	0.026	0.036
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.47	17.00	1.130	0.09	0.382	0.432
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.47	17.00	1.130	-0.07	0.293	0.331
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.47	17.00	1.130	0.16	0.223	0.252
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	1	108	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.47	17.00	1.130	-0.14	0.248	0.280
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.46	17.00	1.132	0.03	0.511	0.579
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.46	17.00	1.132	-0.1	0.314	0.356
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.46	17.00	1.132	-0.16	0.242	0.274
	N66_NSA	40M	BPSK	108	54	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 5	DSI 0	Reduced	349000	1745	16.46	17.00	1.132	-0.16	0.274	0.310
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.77	24.50	1.183	-0.08	0.092	0.109
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.77	24.50	1.183	-	n/a	n/a
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.77	24.50	1.183	-	n/a	n/a
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.77	24.50	1.183	-	n/a	n/a
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.76	24.50	1.186	-0.01	0.088	0.104
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.76	24.50	1.186	-	n/a	n/a
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.76	24.50	1.186	-	n/a	n/a
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 0	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	23.76	24.50	1.186	-	n/a	n/a
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.35	25.00	1.161	-0.04	0.154	0.179
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.35	25.00	1.161	-0.17	0.106	0.123
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.35	25.00	1.161	0.12	0.284	0.330
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.35	25.00	1.161	0.09	0.119	0.138
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.18	25.00	1.208	-0.09	0.155	0.187
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.18	25.00	1.208	-0.18	0.113	0.136
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.18	25.00	1.208	-0.08	0.283	0.342
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 1	DSI0	Full	509000	2545	24.18	25.00	1.208	0.03	0.123	0.149
19	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	509000	2545	16.72	17.50	1.197	0.13	0.847	1.014
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	509000	2545	16.72	17.50	1.197	-0.05	0.187	0.224
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	509000	2545	16.72	17.50	1.197	0.08	0.239	0.286
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	509000	2545	16.72	17.50	1.197	-0.09	0.083	0.099
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI-0	Reduced	505000	2525	16.71	17.50	1.199	-0.19	0.811	0.973
	N7	50M	BPSK	1	135	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI-0	Reduced	507000	2535	16.69	17.50	1.205	0.02	0.793	0.956
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	509000	2545	16.62	17.50	1.225	-0.14	0.621	0.760
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	509000	2545	16.62	17.50	1.225	-0.06	0.186	0.228
	N7	50M	BPSK	135	68	DFT-15	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant 3	DSI0	Reduced	509000	2545	16.62	17.50	1.225	0.13	0.240	0.294

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