

## Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

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# **TEST REPORT**

Report No. .....: CHTEW19050025

Report verification:

Project No.....: SHT1904092402EW

FCC ID.....: 2ASWW-KS209

Applicant's name.....: XINCHUANGXIN INTERNATIONAL CO. LTD

Address...... ROOM 605 6/F, FA YUEN COMMERCIAL BUILDING, 75-77 FA

YUEN STREET MONGKOK KL

Manufacturer...... Shenzhen Chiteng Technology Co.,Ltd

Address...... Second Floor, Area A, Building 4, Huiye Technology Workshop,

Guanguang Road, Tangjia Community, Gongming Street,Guangming New District, Shenzhen, Guangdong

Test item description .....: Feature phone

Trade Mark ...... CORN

Model/Type reference..... K8

Listed Model(s) ...... K8+,K8 mini,K8 pro,K8s

Standard .....: FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition

IEEE 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample.......... Apr. 30, 2019

Date of testing....... May. 05, 2019- May. 09, 2019

Date of issue...... May. 15, 2019

Result.....: PASS

Compiled by

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Testing Laboratory Name .....: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd

Gongming, Shenzhen, China

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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## 1. Test Standards and Report version

### 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

## 1.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2019-05-15	Original

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# 2. **Summary**

# 2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	XINCHUANGXIN INTERNATIONAL CO. LTD						
Address:	ROOM 605 6/F, FA YUEN COMMERCIAL BUILDING, 75-77 FA YUEN STREET MONGKOK KL						
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Chiteng Technology Co.,Ltd						
Address:	Second Floor, Area A, Building 4, Huiye Technology Workshop, Guanguang Road, Tangjia Community, Gongming Street, Guangming New District, Shenzhen, Guangdong						

# 2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	Feature phone	Feature phone					
Trade Mark:	CORN						
Model No.:	K8						
Listed Model(s):	K8+,K8 mini,K	K8+,K8 mini,K8 pro,K8s					
Power supply:	DC 3.7V						
Device Category:	Portable	Portable					
Product stage:	Production uni	it					
RF Exposure Environment:	General Popul	lation/Uncontrolled					
IMEI:	352273027386340						
Hardware version:	CE209_MAIN_V1.1						
Software version:	CE209_3232_	_240320_A28205_K8_CORN_EnSpFrPo_V02_0_20190507					
Device Dimension:	Overall (Lengt	h x Width x Thickness):140 x 51 x 12mm					
Maximum SAR Value							
Separation Distance:	Head:	Omm Omm					
	Body:	15mm					
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Head:	1.29 W/kg					
	Body:	0.783 W/kg					
GSM							
Support Network:	GSM,GPRS						
Support Band:	GSM850,PCS1900						
Modulation Type:	GSM/GPRS:GMSK						
GPRS Multislot Class:	12						
Antenna type:	PIFA						

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Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT2.1+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA

## Remark:

- 1. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power.
- 2. The Test EUT support two SIM card(SIM1,SIM2),so all the tests are performed at each SIM card (SIM1,SIM2) mode, the datum recorded is the worst case for all the mode at SIM1 Card mode.

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## 3. Test Environment

## 3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

## 3.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

## FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

### IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

#### **ACA**

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

### 3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

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# 4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)		
•	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2019/03/19	2020/03/18		
•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2019/03/25	2020/03/24		
•	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	137681	2018/07/11	2019/07/10		
Tissue-equivalent liquids Validation								
•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A		
0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A		
•	Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2018/09/19	2019/09/18		
• S	ystem Validation							
0	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2018/02/21	2021/02/20		
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1102	2018/02/23	2021/02/22		
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2018/02/07	2021/02/06		
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2018/02/19	2021/02/18		
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1164	2018/02/06	2021/02/05		
•	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2018/02/22	2021/02/21		
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04		
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2018/02/05	2021/02/04		
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2018/02/21	2021/02/20		
•	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2018/08/21	2019/08/20		
•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2018/08/21	2019/08/20		
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101011	2018/08/21	2019/08/20		
•	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2018/11/15	2019/11/14		
•	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2018/11/15	2019/11/14		
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2018/11/15	2019/11/14		
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2018/11/15	2019/11/14		

## Note:

<sup>1.</sup> The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.

<sup>2.</sup> Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justifcatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

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# 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq$  30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

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# 6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

## 6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

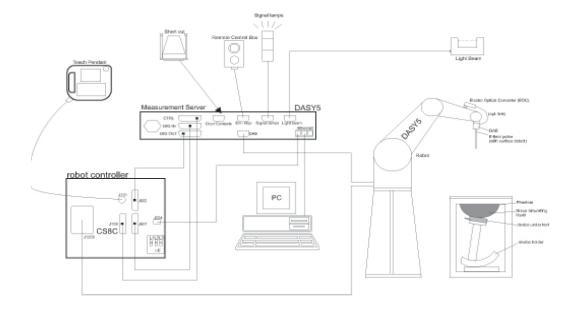
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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## 6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

## Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 4 MHz to 10 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity  $\pm 0.3$  dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

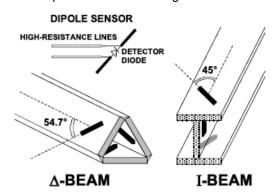
Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



## • Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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## 6.3. Phantoms

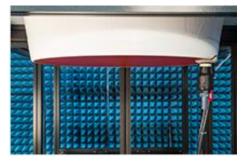
The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI isfully compatible with standard and all known tissuesimulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



SAM-Twin Phantom



**ELI Phantom** 

#### 6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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## 7. SAR Test Procedure

## 7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm$  0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm$  30°.)

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

#### **Zoom Scan**

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

#### **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pa		measurement point ors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the i			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan sp	patial reso	lution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	$\leq$ 2 GHz: $\leq$ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq$ 5 mm <sup>*</sup>	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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## 7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

## **Data Storage**

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

> Conversion factor: ConvFi Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency:

Crest factor: cf Conductivity: σ

Media parameters: Density:

ρ These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the

scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the

direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the

DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) cf: dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated: 
$$E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – field  
probes : 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Vi: Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij:

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Report No: CHTEW19050025 Page: 15 of 37 Issued: 2019-05-15

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units. 
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg

Etot: total field strength in V/m

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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## 8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

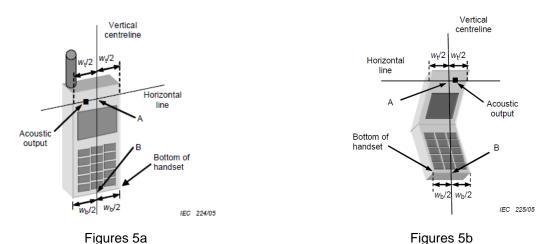
### 8.1. Head Position

The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

**The vertical centreline** passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width  $W_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width  $W_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B).

**The horizontal line** is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets, handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic

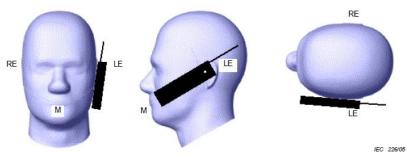
W<sub>b</sub> Width of the bottom of the handset

A Midpoint of the widthwt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output

B Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

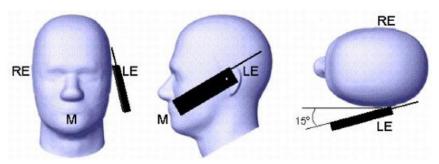
### **Cheek position**

 $W_t$ 



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

### Tilt position



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

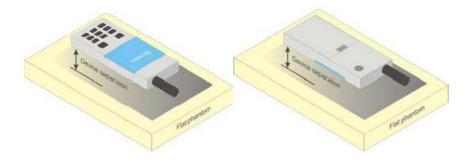
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## 8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.

Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring

Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance ≤ 5 mm to support compliance.



Test positions for body-worn devices

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# 9. System Check

## 9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms								
Target Frequency	Target Frequency Head Body							
(MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)	εr	σ(s/m)				
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97				
1800-2000 40.0 1.40 53.3 1.52								

### **Check Result:**

Oncok Resource										
Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid										
Frequency (MHz)	εr		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp		
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(er)	(σ)	Limit	(℃)	Date	
835	41.50	42.50	0.90	0.93	2.41%	3.56%	±5%	22	2019-05-07	
1900	40.00	41.67	1.40	1.47	4.16%	4.71%	±5%	22	2019-05-08	

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency	εr		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp	
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)	(σ)	Limit	(℃)	Date
835	55.20	55.40	0.97	0.97	0.36%	-0.41%	±5%	22	2019-05-07
1900	53.30	53.72	1.52	1.55	0.79%	1.97%	±5%	22	2019-05-08

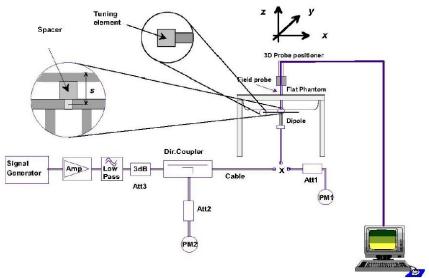
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## 9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



System Performance Check Setup

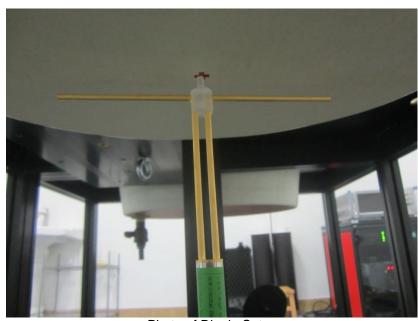


Photo of Dipole Setup

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## **Check Result:**

Head											
Frequency		1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta		Temp	
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW		(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date
835	9.51	9.92	2.48	6.15	6.52	1.63	4.31%	6.02%	±10%	22	2019-05-07
1900	40.30	41.60	10.40	21.10	21.68	5.42	3.23%	2.75%	±10%	22	2019-05-08

	Body												
Frequency	1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta	Delta	Limit	Temp	Dete		
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	LIMIL	(℃)	Date		
835	9.64	10.08	2.52	6.32	6.64	1.66	4.56%	5.06%	±10%	22	2019-05-07		
1900	39.80	41.60	10.40	20.90	21.68	5.42	4.52%	3.73%	±10%	22	2019-05-08		

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## **Plots of System Performance Check**

## System Performance Check-Head 835MHz

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d238

Date: 2019-05-07

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.932 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 42.5;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.41, 10.41, 10.41); Calibrated: 3/25/2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/19/2019

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947

• DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

# Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.51 W/kg

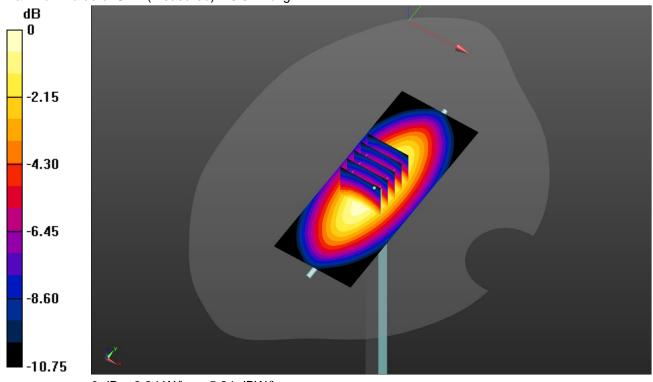
# Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 66.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.78 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg



0 dB = 3.34 W/kg = 5.24 dBW/kg

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## System Performance Check-Body 835MHz

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d238

Date: 2019-05-07

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.966 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 55.403$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

## **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.46, 10.46, 10.46); Calibrated: 3/25/2019;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/19/2019

Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078

• DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

# Body/d=15mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.40 W/kg

## Body/d=15mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

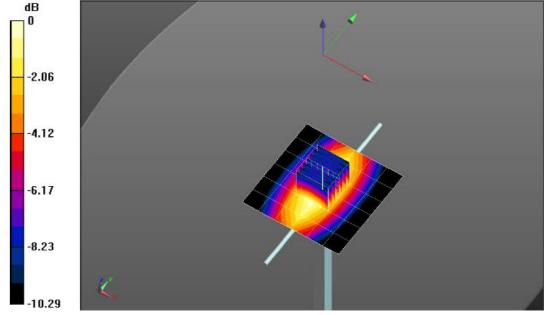
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.44 W/kg



0 dB = 1.27 W/kg = 1.04 dBW/kg

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## System Performance Check-Head 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d226

Date:2019-05-08

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.466 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.665$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.57, 8.57, 8.57); Calibrated: 3/25/2019;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/19/2019
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

# Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.1 W/kg

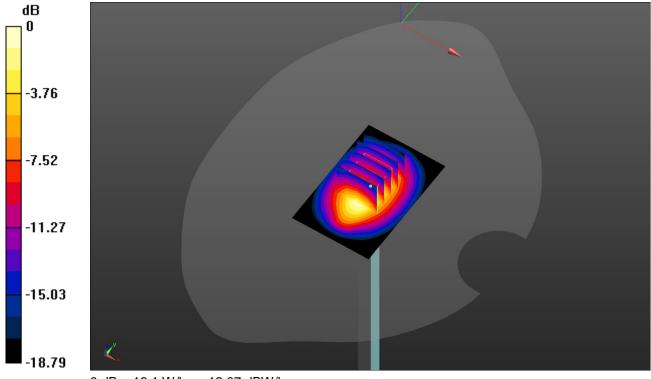
# Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg



0 dB = 16.1 W/kg = 12.07 dBW/kg

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## System Performance Check-Body 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d226

Date:2019-05-08

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.553 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### **DASY5 Configuration:**

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38); Calibrated: 3/25/2019;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 3/19/2019

Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

# Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.4 W/kg

# Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

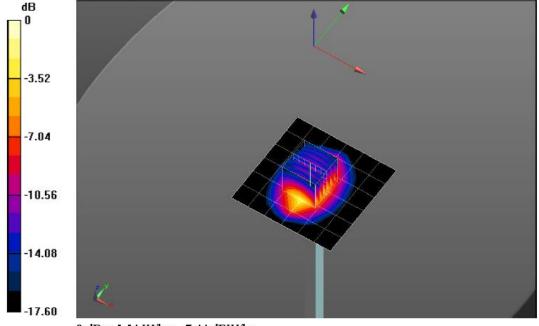
dv=8mm. dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 5.54 W/kg = 7.44 dBW/kg

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# 10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (\	N/kg)
Type Exposure	General Population /	Occupational /
	Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Controlled Exposure Environment
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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## 11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

## **GSM Conducted Power**

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Bodyworn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.
- 3. Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.

		Burst A	verage Powe	er (dBm)	5	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)
Mode:	GSM850	CH128	CH190	CH251	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	1 401010	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
GSM		32.62	32.62	32.77	-9.03	23.59	23.59	23.74
	1Tx slot	32.05	31.92	31.93	-9.03	23.02	22.89	22.90
GPRS	2Tx slots	30.63	30.47	30.58	-6.02	24.61	24.45	24.56
(GMSK)	3Tx slots	28.94	28.75	28.54	-4.26	24.68	24.49	24.28
	4Tx slots	26.79	26.58	26.36	-3.01	23.78	23.57	23.35
		Burst Av	verage Powe	er (dBm)	<b>5</b>	Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)
Mode:	PCS1900	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	1 401010	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
G	SM	29.20	28.51	27.61	-9.03	20.17	19.48	18.58
	1Tx slot	29.21	28.52	27.67	-9.03	20.18	19.49	18.64
GPRS	2Tx slots	28.07	27.46	26.58	-6.02	22.05	21.44	20.56
(GMSK)	3Tx slots	26.35	25.91	24.85	-4.26	22.09	21.65	20.59
	4Tx slots	24.42	23.90	22.97	-3.01	21.41	20.89	19.96

#### Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1Tx-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2Tx-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3Tx-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4Tx-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

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## **Bluetooth Conducted Power**

	В	luetooth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power(dBm)
	0	2402	4.16
GFSK	39	2441	4.87
	78	2480	5.45
	0	2402	5.55
π/4QPSK	39	2441	6.24
	78	2480	6.27
	0	2402	5.61
8DPSK	39	2441	6.37
	78	2480	6.56

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# 12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

	GSM						
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)						
Mode	GSM850	PCS1900					
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	29.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	32.50	29.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slots)	31.00	28.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slots)	29.00	26.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slots)	27.00	24.50					

	Bluetooth
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
GFSK	5.50
π/4QPSK	6.50
8DPSK	7.00

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≦50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

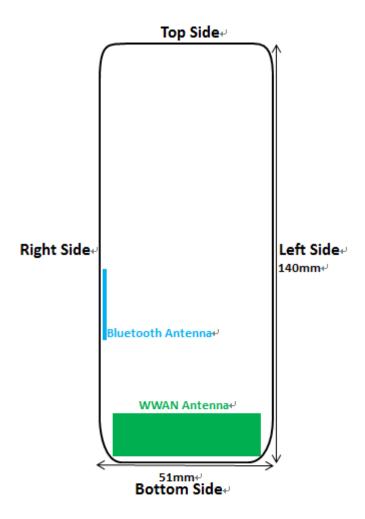
Day I/May Is	Frequency	Danitian	Tune-up	Power	Separation Distance	Exclusion	
Band/Mode	(GHz)	Position	dBm	mW	(mm)	Thresholds	
Bluetooth	2.45	Head	7.00	5.01	0	1.6	
Diueloolii	2.45	Body	7.00	5.01	15	0.5	

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.

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# 13. Antenna Location



Rear View

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## 14. SAR Measurement Results

#### **GENERAL:**

## 1. Reference from KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- a) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- b) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- c)  $\leq$  0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq$  200 MHz

#### 2. Reference from KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR:

With headset attached, when the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

#### **WIRELESS TECHNOLOGY:**

## 3. Reference KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

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## **Head SAR**

					GSM850					
	Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune up	Power	Measured	Report	Plot
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.
		128	824.2	28.94	29.00	1.01	-0.06	0.814	0.825	-
	Left- Cheek	190	836.6	28.75	29.00	1.06	0.00	1.020	1.080	-
	GHOOK	251	848.8	28.54	29.00	1.11	-0.01	1.160	1.290	1
	Left-Tilt	128	824.2	28.94	29.00	1.01	-	-	-	-
		190	836.6	28.75	29.00	1.06	0.00	0.719	0.762	-
GPRS		251	848.8	28.54	29.00	1.11	-	-	-	-
(3Tx slots)		128	824.2	28.94	29.00	1.01	-0.12	0.749	0.759	-
,	Right- Cheek	190	836.6	28.75	29.00	1.06	0.05	0.924	0.979	-
	Griodic	251	848.8	28.54	29.00	1.11	0.08	1.050	1.167	-
		128	824.2	28.94	29.00	1.01	-	-		-
	Right-Tilt	190	836.6	28.75	29.00	1.06	0.03	0.700	0.741	-
		251	848.8	28.54	29.00	1.11	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900	)				
	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Plot
Mode		СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	, ,,	
		512	1850.2	26.35	26.50	1.04	•	•	-	-
	Left- Cheek	661	1880.0	25.91	26.50	1.15	-0.18	0.164	0.188	3
	<b>55</b>	810	1909.8	24.85	26.50	1.46	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	512	1850.2	26.35	26.50	1.04	-	-	-	-
		661	1880.0	25.91	26.50	1.15	0.20	0.125	0.143	-
GPRS		810	1909.8	24.85	26.50	1.46	-	-	-	-
(3Tx slots)	<b>5.</b>	512	1850.2	26.35	26.50	1.04	-	-	-	-
	Right- Cheek	661	1880.0	25.91	26.50	1.15	-0.19	0.119	0.136	-
	<b>G</b> ille Gill	810	1909.8	24.85	26.50	1.46	•	•	-	-
		512	1850.2	26.35	26.50	1.04	-		-	-
	Right-Tilt	661	1880.0	25.91	26.50	1.15	-0.10	0.090	0.103	-
		810	1909.8	24.85	26.50	1.46	-	-	-	-

Note:

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

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**Body SAR** 

	GSM850												
	Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune up	Tune up	Power	Measured	Report	Plot			
Mode	Position CH MHz Power (dBm) limit (dBm) scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.								
	Front	128	824.2	28.94	29.00	1.01	ı	-	-	ı			
		Front	190	836.6	28.75	29.00	1.06	0.06	0.645	0.683	-		
GPRS		251	848.8	28.54	29.00	1.11	-	-	-	-			
(3Tx slots)		128	824.2	28.94	29.00	1.01	-	-	-	-			
,	Rear	190	836.6	28.75	29.00	1.06	0.02	0.739	0.783	2			
		251	848.8	28.54	29.00	1.11	-	-	-	-			

	PCS1900												
	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted	Tune up	Tune		Measured	Report	Plot			
Mode		СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.			
	Front	512	1850.2	26.35	26.50	1.04	-	-	-	•			
		661	1880.0	25.91	26.50	1.15	-0.14	0.167	0.191	-			
GPRS		810	1909.8	24.85	26.50	1.46	-	-	-	-			
(3Tx slots)		512	1850.2	26.35	26.50	1.04	-	-	-	-			
,	Rear	661	1880.0	25.91	26.50	1.15	-0.19	0.366	0.419	4			
		810	1909.8	24.85	26.50	1.46	-	-	-	-			

Note:

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

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## 15. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq$  1.45 or 3.6 W/kg ( $\sim$  10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Band	Toot	Frequency		Highest	Fii Repe		Second Repeated		
	Test Position	СН	MHz	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR(W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	
GPRS850 3Tx slots	Left- Cheek	251	848.8	1.16	1.12	1.04	N/A	N/A	
GPRS850 3Tx slots	Right- Cheek	251	848.8	1.05	1.01	1.04	N/A	N/A	

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# 16. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
2	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
3	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
4	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	

#### General note:

- 1. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 2. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
  - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50$ mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
  - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Head	Body-worn
Max power	Test separation	0mm	15mm
7.00 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.209	0.070

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Maximum reported SAR value for Head

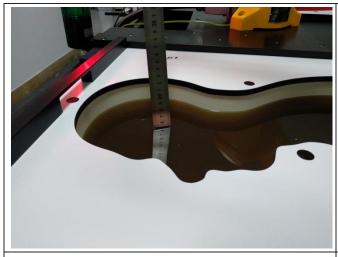
WWAN PCE + Bluetooth					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR
			WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
	GSM850	Left Cheek	1.290	0.209	1.499
		Left Tilted	0.762	0.209	0.971
		Right Cheek	1.167	0.209	1.376
GSM		Right Tilted	0.741	0.209	0.950
GOIVI		Left Cheek	0.188	0.209	0.397
	PCS1900		0.143	0.209	0.352
	PCS1900 -	Right Cheek	0.136	0.209	0.345
		Right Tilted	0.103	0.209	0.312

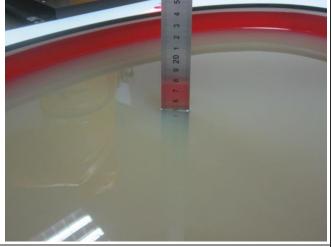
Maximum reported SAR value for Body

Maximum reported SAK value for Body					
WWAN PCE + Bluetooth					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR
			WWAN PCE	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.683	0.070	0.753
GSM	GSIVIOSO	Rear	0.783	0.070	SAR (W/kg) 0.753 <b>0.853</b> 0.261
GSIVI	PCS1900	Front	0.191	0.070	0.261
		Rear	0.419	0.070	0.489

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# 17. Test Setup Photos





Liquid depth in the Head phantom

Liquid depth in the Body phantom

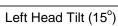




Left Head Touch

Right Head Touch

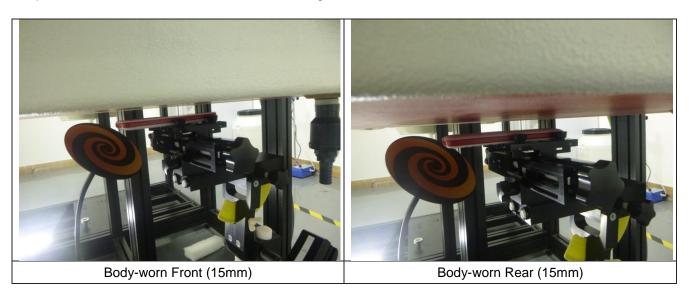






Right Head Tilt (15°)

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# 18. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: CHTEW19050042

-----End of Report-----