



# SAR TEST REPORT

**REPORT NO.:** SA911122A11  
**MODEL NO.:** SC800, SC500, SC300  
**RECEIVED:** Nov. 12, 2002  
**TESTED:** Jan. 2, 2003

**APPLICANT:** TATUNG CO.

**ADDRESS:** 22, ChungShan N. Rd., 3<sup>rd</sup> Sec., Taipei,  
Taiwan, R.O.C.

**ISSUED BY:** Advance Data Technology Corporation

**LAB LOCATION:** 47 14th Lin, Chiapau Tsun, Linko, Taipei,  
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## 1. CERTIFICATION

**PRODUCT :** Tablet PC  
**MODEL NO. :** SC800, SC500, SC300  
**BRAND :** Electrovaya  
**APPLICANT :** TATUNG CO.  
**STANDARDS :** 47 CFR Part 2 (Section 2.1093), FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)

We, **Advance Data Technology Corporation**, hereby certify that one sample of the designation has been tested in our facility. The test record, data evaluation and Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts for the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions herein specified.

**CHECKED BY:** Rennie Wang, **DATE:** January 2, 2003  
Rennie Wang  
**APPROVED BY:** Dr. Alan Lane **DATE:** January 2, 2003  
Dr. Alan Lane  
Manager

## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

|                               |                       |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>PRODUCT</b>                | Tablet PC             |
| <b>MODEL NO.</b>              | SC800, SC500, SC300   |
| <b>POWER SUPPLY</b>           | Power Adapter         |
| <b>MODULATION TYPE</b>        | DBPSK, QPSK, CCK      |
| <b>RADIO TECHNOLOGY</b>       | DSSS                  |
| <b>TRANSFER RATE</b>          | 1/2/5.5/11Mbps        |
| <b>FREQUENCY RANGE</b>        | 2412MHz ~ 2462MHz     |
| <b>NUMBER OF CHANNEL</b>      | 11                    |
| <b>CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER</b> | 18.42 dBm ( 69.60 mW) |
| <b>ANTENNA TYPE</b>           | Printed Antenna       |
| <b>PEAK SAR</b>               | 0.0451 W/kg           |
| <b>DATA CABLE</b>             | NA                    |
| <b>I/O PORTS</b>              | NA                    |
| <b>ASSOCIATED DEVICES</b>     | NA                    |

**NOTE:** model SC800 uses PIII 866MHz CPU, two 256MB memories and fingerprint identification function. Model SC500 uses PIII 866MHz CPU, two 256MB memories but without fingerprint identification function. Model SC300 uses CELERON 733MHz CPU, one 256MB memory but without fingerprint identification function.

### 2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)**

**FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)**

All tests have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

### 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES AND CONFIGURATIONS

|                                                                      |                                                                                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>CARRIER MODULATION UNDER TEST</b>                                 | Un-modulated CW Carrier                                                                 |
| <b>CREST FACTOR</b>                                                  | 1.0                                                                                     |
| <b>CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER</b> | Ch. 1: 2412MHz / 18.36 dBm<br>Ch. 6: 2437MHz / 18.42 dBm<br>Ch. 11: 2462MHz / 18.32 dBm |
| <b>ANTENNA CONFIGURATION</b>                                         | Printed Tx antenna is located on the top end right hand side of the tablet PC.          |
| <b>EUT POWER SOURCE</b>                                              | From Host Tablet PC                                                                     |
| <b>HOST POWER SOURCE</b>                                             | Chargeable Battery                                                                      |

The following test configurations have been applied in this test report:

- Mode 1: The bottom of the Tablet PC contact the bottom of the flat phantom with 0 cm separation distance.
- Mode 2: The screen of the tablet PC is perpendicular with the bottom of the flat phantom with the antenna portion on the top. There is 1.5 cm separation distance between the EUT and the bottom of the flat phantom.
- Mode 3: The screen of the tablet PC is perpendicular with the bottom of the flat phantom with the antenna portion on the top. There is no separation distance between the EUT and the bottom of the flat phantom.

**Note 1:** Please reference "APPENDIX A" for the photos of test configuration.

**Note 2:** The output power of the un-modulated CW carrier has been adjusted to be the same with that of modulated signal.



#### 4. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

| NO. | PRODUCT | BRAND | MODEL NO. | SERIAL NO. | FCC ID |
|-----|---------|-------|-----------|------------|--------|
| 1   | NA      |       |           |            |        |

| NO. | SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | NA                                                  |

**NOTE:** All power cords of the above support units are non shielded (1.8m).

## 5. TEST RESULTS

### 5.1 TEST PROCEDURES

The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm which has been implemented in the software of DASY3 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by Schmid & Partner.

A coarse scan with 20mm x 20mm grid was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. A fine scan with 5mm x 5mm x 7mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.

### 5.2 MEASURED SAR RESULT

| ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION     |                 | TESTED BY |                        |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------|
|                             |                 |           |                        |
| 24 degree C<br>53% Humidity |                 | Bunny Yao |                        |
| CHANNEL                     | FREQUENCY (MHz) | MODE      | MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg) |
| 1                           | 2412            | 1         | 0.0033                 |
| 6                           | 2437            | 1         | 0.0420                 |
| 11                          | 2462            | 1         | 0.0010                 |
| 1                           | 2412            | 2         | 0.0025                 |
| 6                           | 2437            | 2         | 0.0014                 |
| 11                          | 2462            | 2         | 0.0039                 |
| 1                           | 2412            | 3         | 0.0259                 |
| 6                           | 2437            | 3         | 0.0330                 |
| 11                          | 2462            | 3         | 0.0451                 |

Note: Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.

Note: In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.

Note: Please see the Appendix for the photo of the test configuration and also the data.



### 5.3 SAR LIMITS

| HUMAN EXPOSURE                                                   | SAR (W/kg)                                               |                                                  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                  | (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment) | (Occupational / controlled Exposure Environment) |
| Spatial Average<br>( whole body)                                 | 0.08                                                     | 0.4                                              |
| Spatial Peak<br>(averaged over 1 g)                              | <b>1.6</b>                                               | 8.0                                              |
| Spatial Peak<br>(hands/wrists/feet/ankles<br>averaged over 10 g) | 4.0                                                      | 20.0                                             |

### 5.4 EUT CONDUCTED POWER VARIATION

The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%. The test procedures for conducted power level is described in FCC rule part 2.1046.

The maximum variation in this testing is listed in the following table.

| Channel | Mode | Conducted Power<br>(Before) | Conducted Power<br>(After) | Variation<br>(%) |
|---------|------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 11      | 3    | 67.9 mW                     | 65.2 mW                    | -3.97 %          |

## 5.5 TISSUE

The tissue of 2450MHz for brain and body was well prepared according to the standard procedures. The required and measured dielectric parameters are listed in this table.

|                               | Brain    |          | Muscle   |          |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|                               | Required | Measured | Required | Measured |
| Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | 39.2±5%  | NA       | 52.7±5%  | 52.94    |
| Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )     | 1.8±5%   | NA       | 1.95±5%  | 1.990    |

The measured parameters of the used tissue.

| Tissue Prepared and Measured on 2 <sup>nd</sup> Jan. 2003 |       |             |        |            |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------|--------|------------|
|                                                           | Brain |             | Muscle |            |
|                                                           | Value | Freq. (MHz) | Value  | Freq.(MHz) |
| Max Permittivity                                          | NA    | NA          | 53.10  | 2400       |
| Min. Permittivity                                         | NA    | NA          | 52.84  | 2500       |
| Max Conductivity                                          | NA    | NA          | 2.045  | 2500       |
| Min Conductivity                                          | NA    | NA          | 1.932  | 2400       |

## 5.6 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

| Item | Name             | Provider | Type   | Series No. | Calibrated Until |
|------|------------------|----------|--------|------------|------------------|
| 1    | Network Analyzer | Agilent  | 8720ES | NA         | May 6, 2003      |
| 2    | Dielectric Probe | Agilent  | 85070C | NA         | NA               |



## 6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue, and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 50mW RF input power was used instead of 250mW used by Schmid & Partner, then the measured SAR will be linearly extrapolated to that of 250mW RF power.

### 6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

| Item | Name              | Provider             | Type         | Series No. | Calibrated Until |
|------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|------------------|
| 1    | SAM Phantom       | S & P                | QD000 P40 CA | PT-1150    | NA               |
| 2    | Validation Dipole | S & P                | D2450V2      | 716        | Sept. 25, 2004   |
| 3    | Signal Generator  | R & S                | SMP04        | 10001      | May 5, 2003      |
| 4    | E-Field Probe     | S & P                | ET3DV6       | 1687       | Sept. 27, 2003   |
| 5    | DAE               | S & P                | DAE3 V1      | 510        | April 10, 2004   |
| 6    | Robot Positioner  | Staubli<br>Unimation | NA           | NA         | NA               |

### 6.2 VALIDATION RESULT

|                                               |                             |               |                     |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Environmental Condition                       | 24 degree C<br>53% Humidity | Test Engineer | Bunny Yao           |
| 2450MHz System Validation Test in Body Tissue |                             |               |                     |
| Required                                      | Measured                    | Deviation (%) | Separation Distance |
| 14.30 (1g)                                    | 13.90                       | 2.87          | 1.0 cm              |
| 6.74 (10g)                                    | 6.60                        | 2.12          | 1.0 cm              |

Note: Please see Appendix for the photo of system validation test.

## 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

|                                | Uncertainty Value | Probability Distribution | Divisor    | C <sub>i</sub> | Standard Uncertainty |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------------|
| <b>Test Sample Related</b>     |                   |                          |            |                |                      |
| Test Sample Positioning        | ±6%               | Normal                   | 1          | 1              | ±6%                  |
| Drift of Output Power          | ±5%               | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ±2.9%                |
| <b>Phantom and Setup</b>       |                   |                          |            |                |                      |
| Phantom Uncertainty            | ±0%               | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ±0%                  |
| Liquid Conductivity(target)    | ±5%               | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.5            | ±1.4%                |
| Liquid Conductivity(meas)      | ±10%              | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.5            | ±2.9%                |
| Liquid Permittivity(target)    | ±5%               | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.5            | ±1.4%                |
| Liquid Permittivity(meas)      | ±5%               | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.5            | ±1.4%                |
| RF Ambient Conditions          | ±3%               | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ±1.7%                |
| <b>System Check</b>            |                   |                          |            |                |                      |
| Calibration                    | ± 2.6 %           | normal                   | 1          | 1              | ± 2.6 %              |
| Axial isotropy                 | ± 2.3 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | $(1-cp)^{1/2}$ | ± 0.9 %              |
| Hemispherical isotropy         | ± 9.6 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{cp}$    | ± 3.9 %              |
| Spatial resolution             | ± 0.5 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ± 0.3 %              |
| Boundary effect                | ± 4.0 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ± 6.4 %              |
| Linearity                      | ± 4.7 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ± 2.7 %              |
| Detection Limit                | ± 2.0 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ± 1.2 %              |
| Readout Electronics            | ± 1.0 %           | normal                   | 1          | 1              | ± 1.0 %              |
| Mechanical Constrains of Robot | ± 0.4 %           | normal                   | 1          | 1              | ± 0.4 %              |
| Probe positioning              | ± 5.0 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ± 2.9 %              |
| Extrapolation/Integration      | ± 3.9 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ± 2.3 %              |
| Dipole/Liquid Distance         | ± 1.0 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1              | ± 0.6 %              |
| Dipole Input Power             | ± 4.7 %           |                          | 1          | 1              | ± 4.7 %              |
| Liquid conductivity (target)   | ± 5.0 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6            | ± 1.7 %              |
| Liquid conductivity (meas.)    | ± 10 %            | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6            | ± 3.5 %              |
| Liquid permittivity (target)   | ± 5.0 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6            | ± 1.7 %              |
| Liquid permittivity (meas.)    | ± 5.0 %           | rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6            | ± 1.7 %              |

|                                      |              |        |   |   |               |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------|---|---|---------------|
| RF Ambient condition                 | $\pm 3.0 \%$ | normal | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.7 \%$  |
|                                      |              |        |   |   |               |
| <b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b> |              |        |   |   | $\pm 12.4 \%$ |
| <b>Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)</b>    |              |        |   |   | $\pm 24.9 \%$ |



## 8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, ADT Corp., were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025, Guide 25 or EN 45001:

|                    |                 |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| <b>USA</b>         | FCC, NVLAP      |
| <b>Germany</b>     | TUV Rheinland   |
| <b>Japan</b>       | VCCI            |
| <b>New Zealand</b> | MoC             |
| <b>Norway</b>      | NEMKO           |
| <b>R.O.C.</b>      | BSMI, DGT, CNLA |

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site:

[www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml](http://www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml).

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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**Web Site:** [www.adt.com.tw](http://www.adt.com.tw)

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

## APPENDIX A: TEST CONFIGURATIONS AND TEST DATA

### A1: TEST CONFIGURATION

#### Mode 1



## Mode 2



## Mode 3



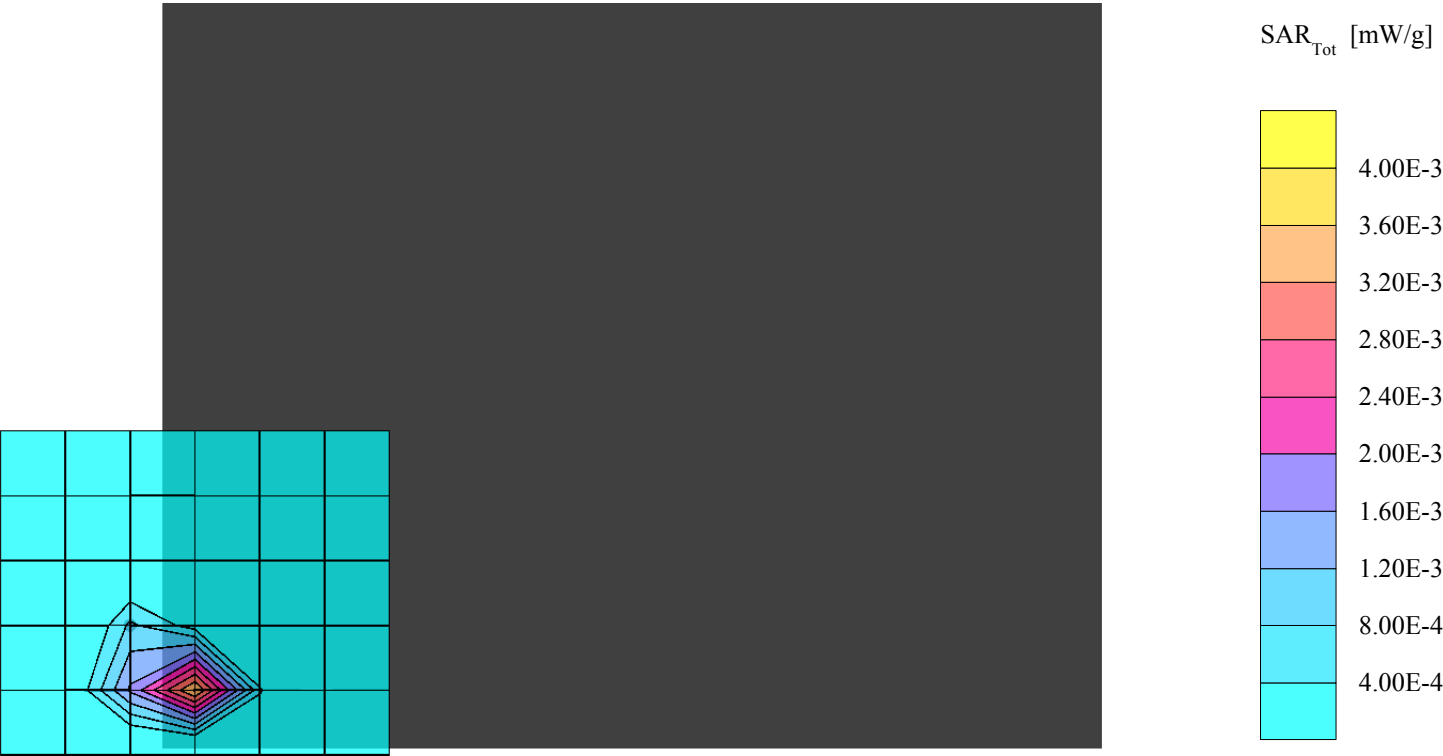
## EUT Photo



## A2: TEST DATA

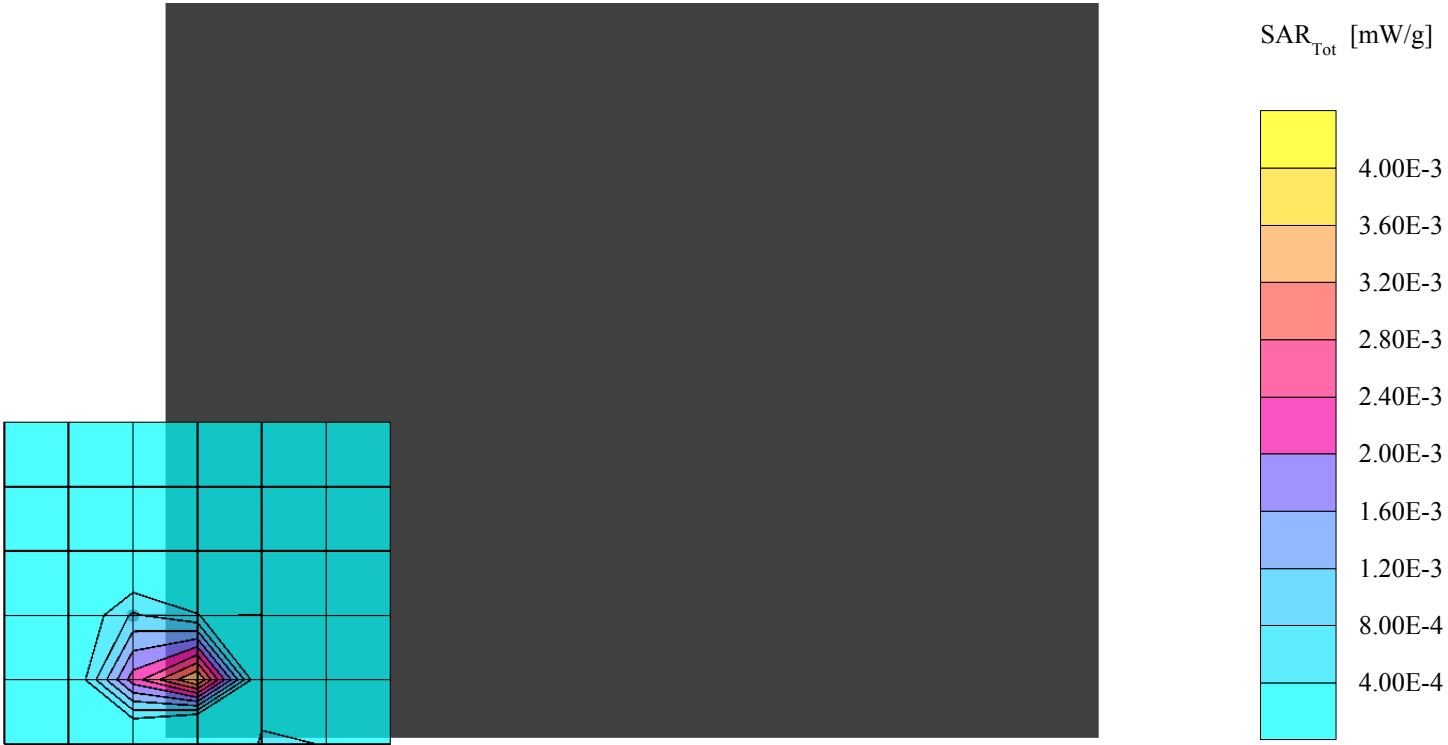
# Tablet PC mode 1

Distance=0mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Antenna type:Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2412 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 53.1$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0033 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0007 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift:0.1dB



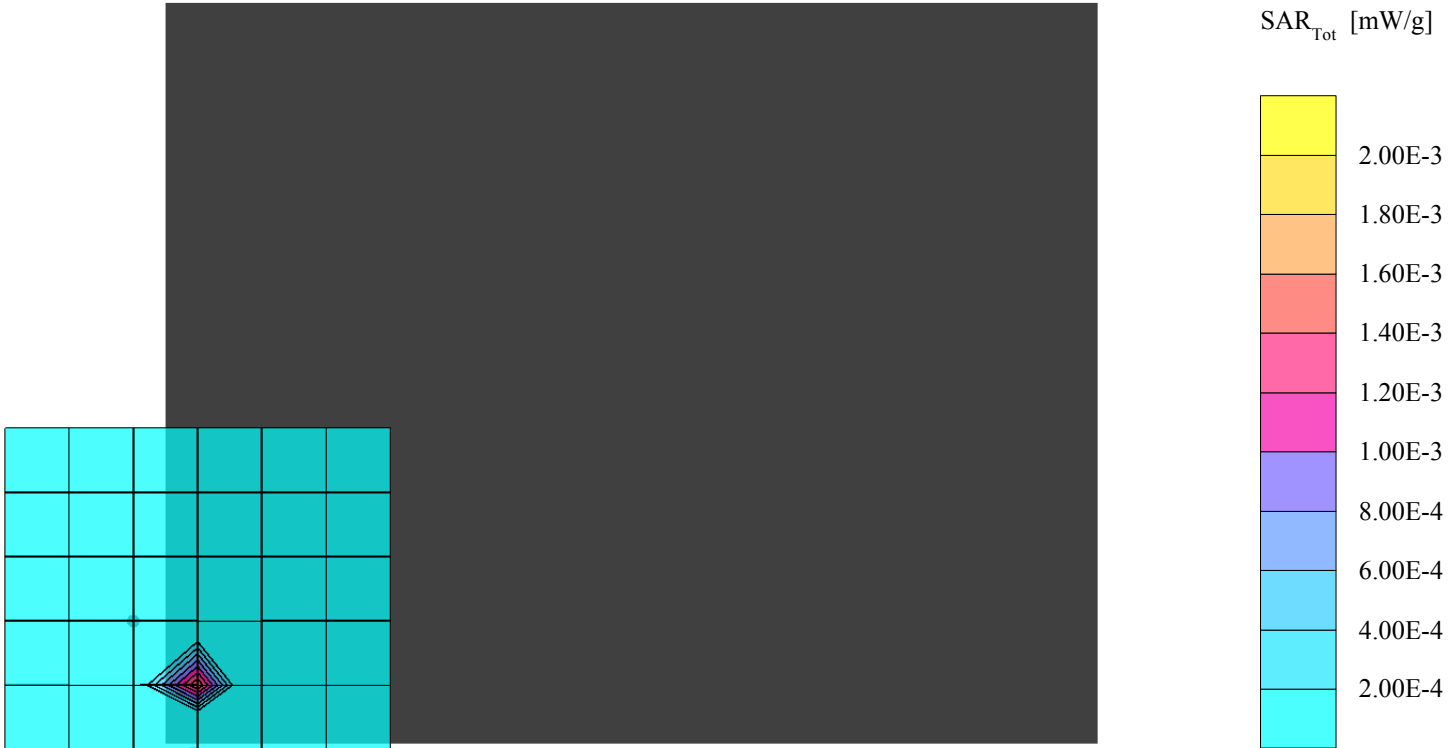
# Tablet PC mode 1

Distance=0mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2437 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 53.0$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0042 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0012 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift:0.08 dB



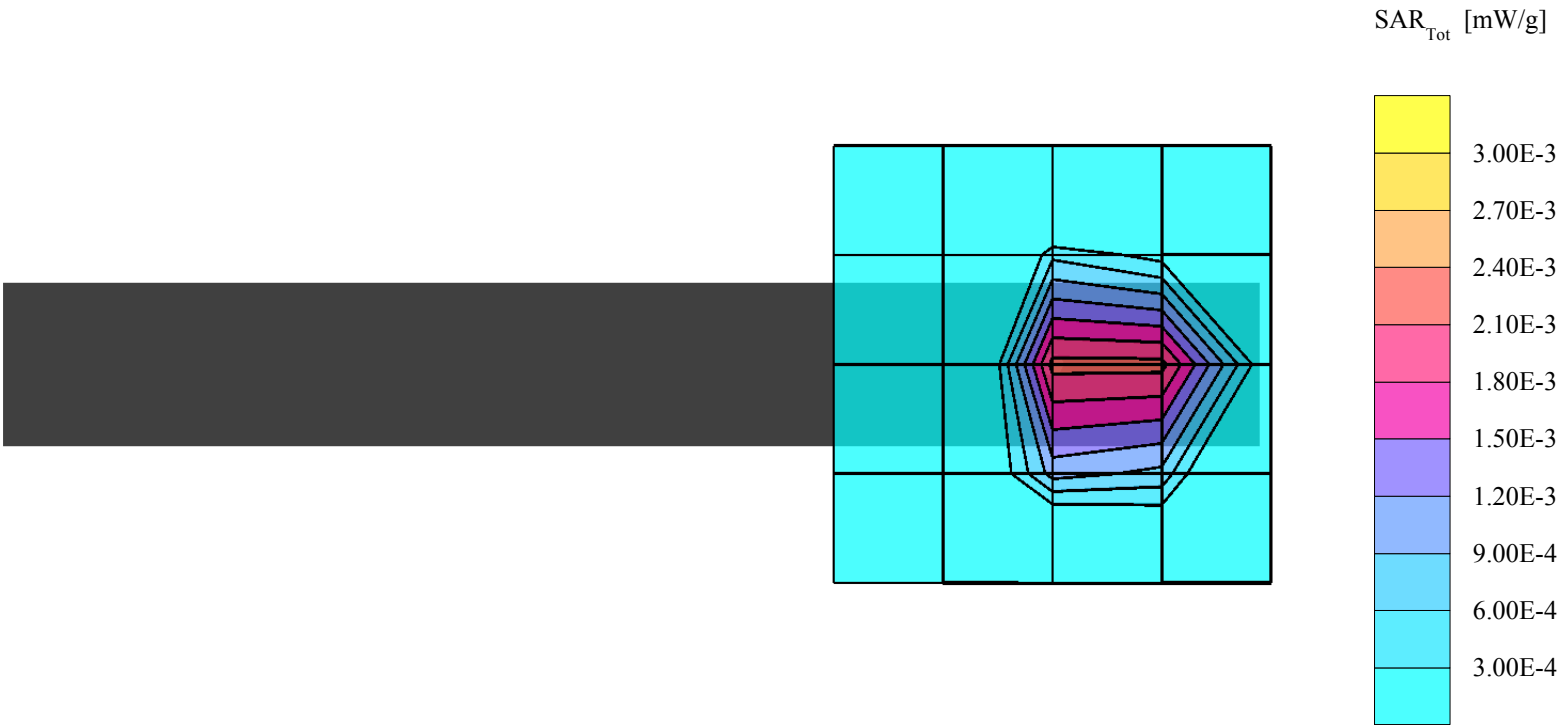
# Tablet PC mode 1

Distance=0mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Anetnna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2462 MHz:  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 52.9$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0010 mW/g, SAR (10g): -0.00 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift:0.07 dB



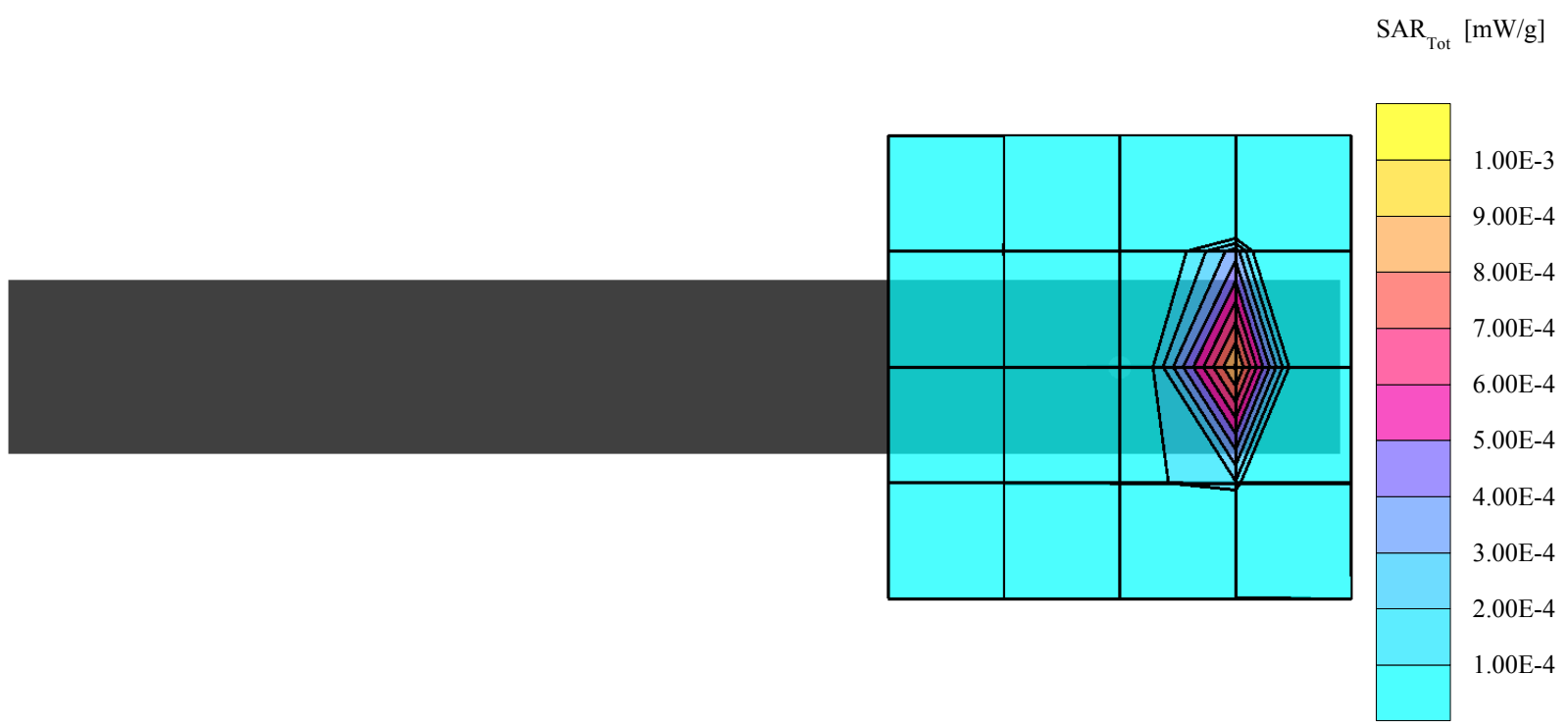
# Tablet PC mode 2

Distance=15mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2412 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 53.1$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0025 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0001 mW/g \* Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.01 dB



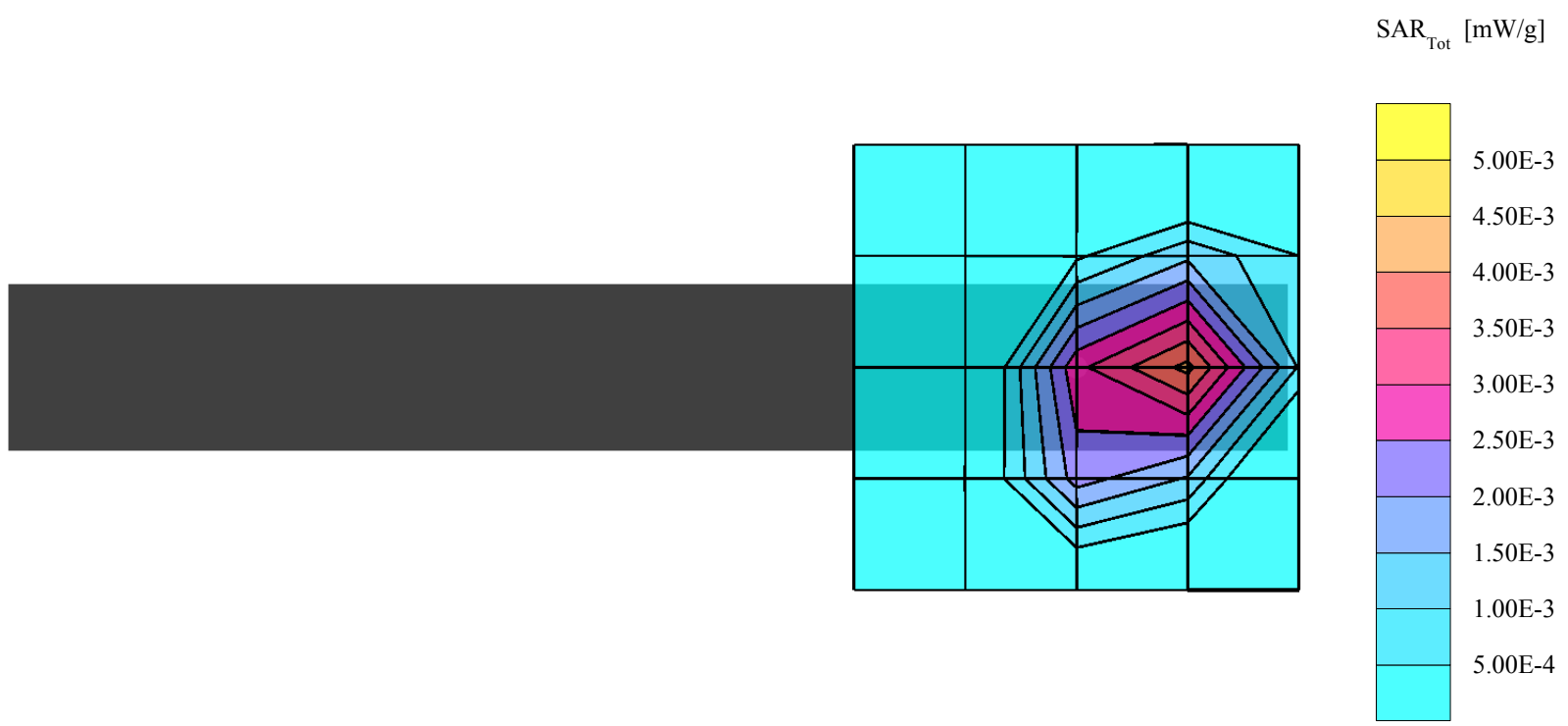
# Tablet PC mode 2

Distance=15mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2437 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 53.0$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0014 mW/g, SAR (10g): -0.00 mW/g \* Max outside, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



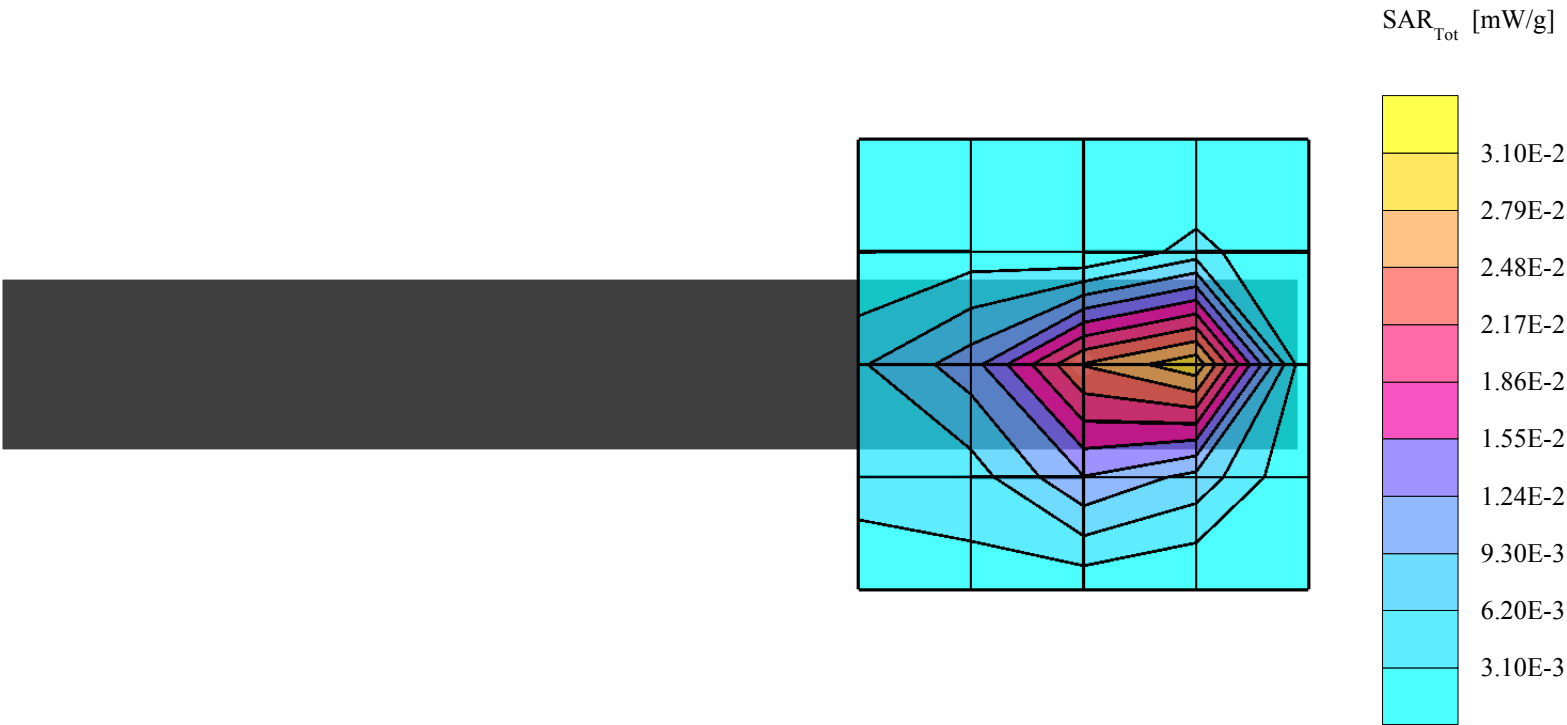
# Tablet PC mode 2

Distance=15mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2462 MHz:  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 52.9$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0039 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0013 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.01 dB



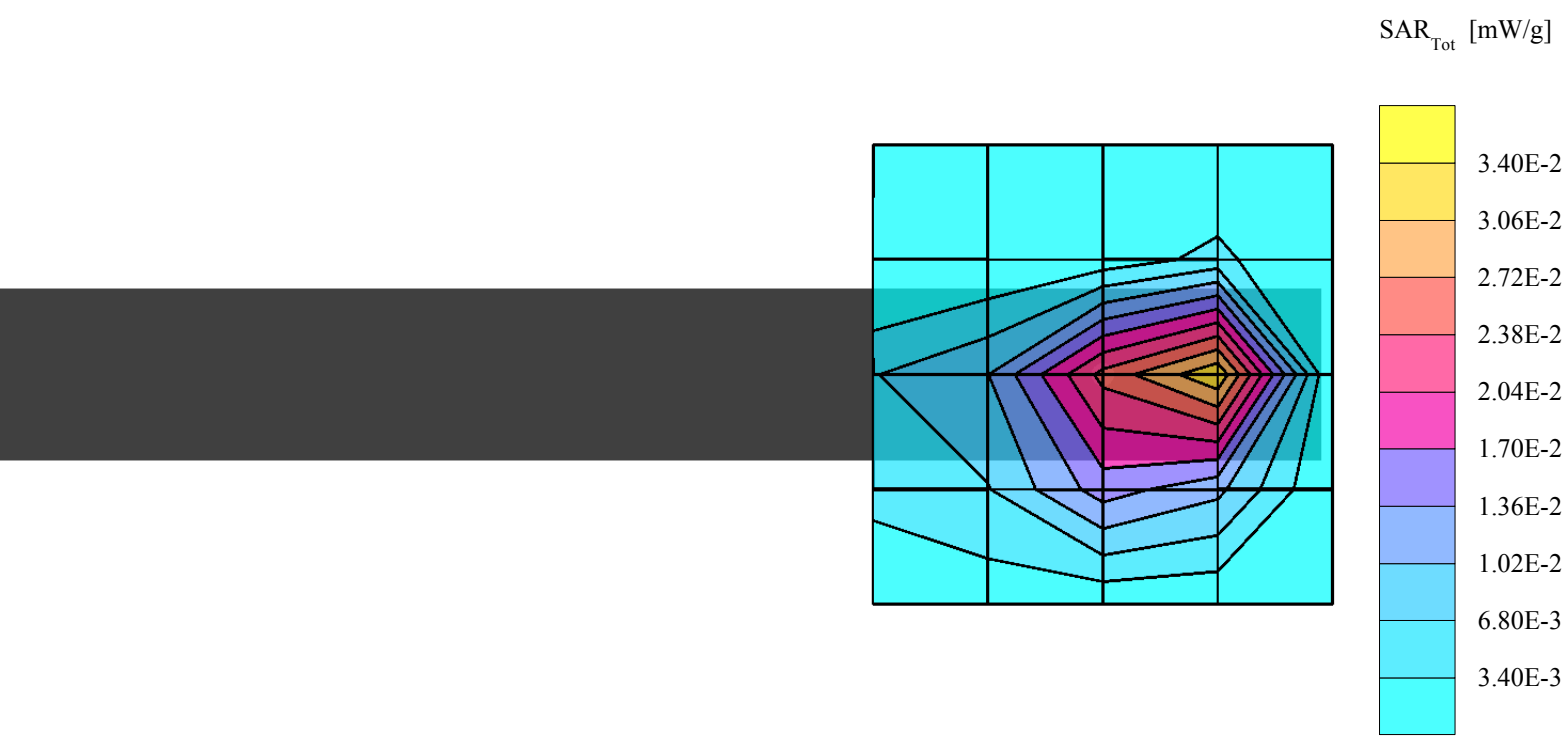
# Tablet PC mode 3

Distance=0mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2412 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 53.1$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0259 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0137 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.06 dB



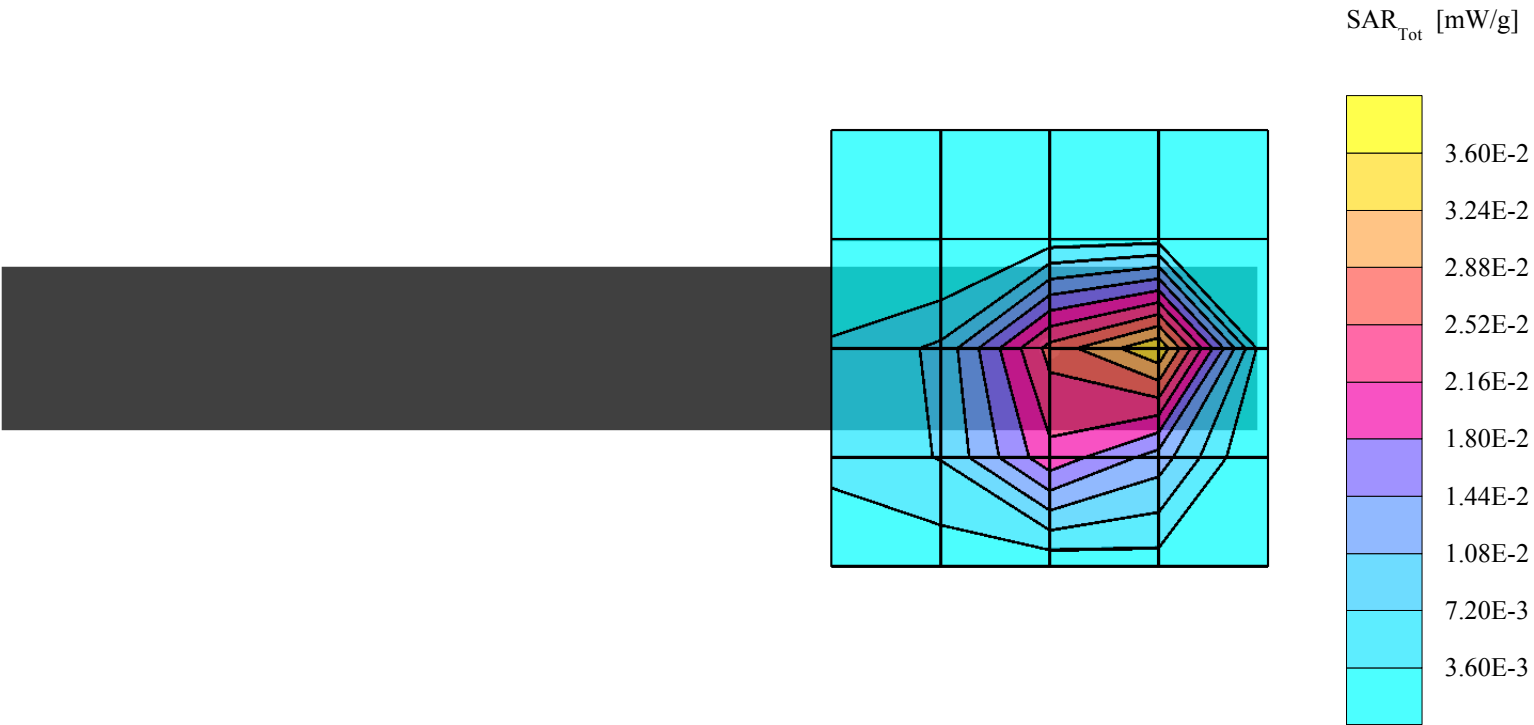
# Tablet PC mode 3

Distance=0mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2437 MHz:  $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 53.0$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0330 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0155 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



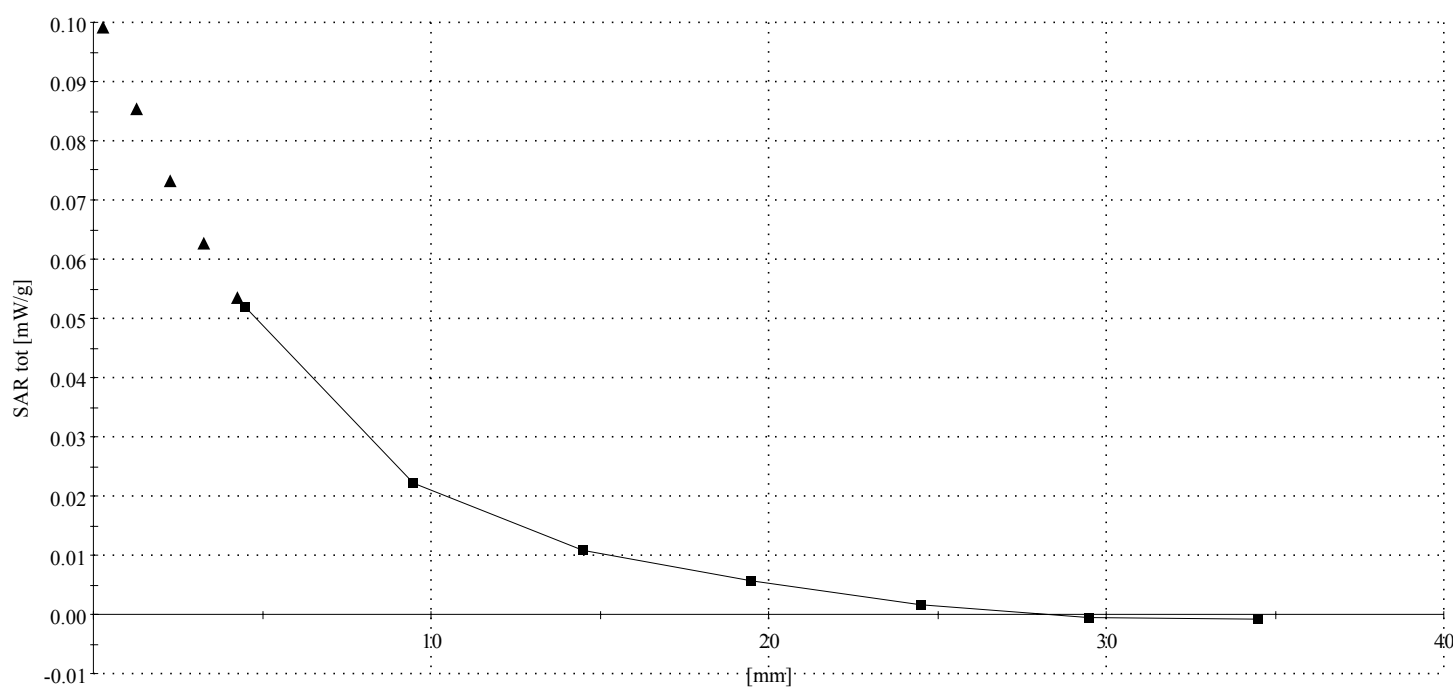
### Tablet PC mode 3

Distance=0mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2462 MHz:  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 52.9$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0451 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0194 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Coarse: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0  
Powerdrift: 0.13 dB



# Tablet PC mode 3

Distance=0mm; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°,90°); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Antenna type: Printed Antenna  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2462 MHz:  $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ mho/m}$   $\epsilon_r = 52.9$   $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Cube 5x5x7: SAR (1g): 0.0451 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0194 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Cube 5x5x7: Dx = 8.0, Dy = 8.0, Dz = 5.0

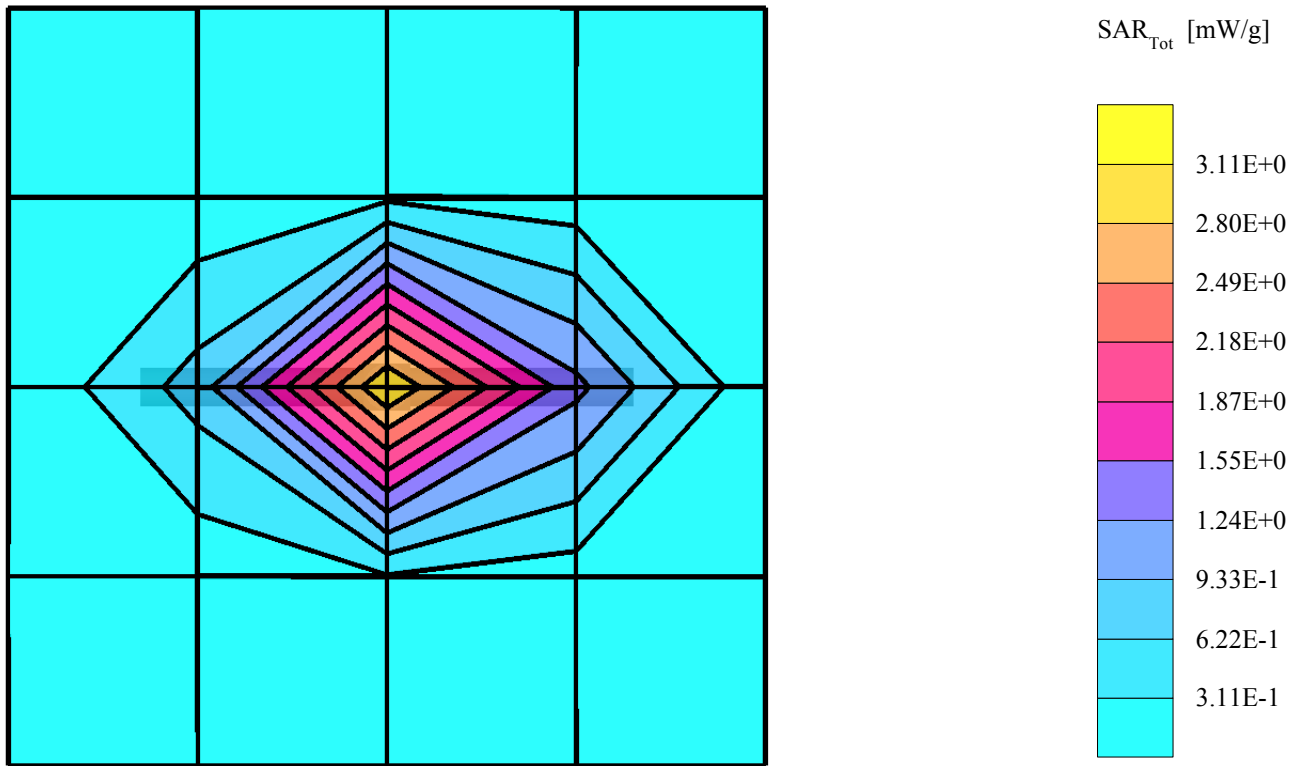




### **A3: VALIDATION TEST DATA**

# Validation Dipole D2450V2 SN:716,d=10mm

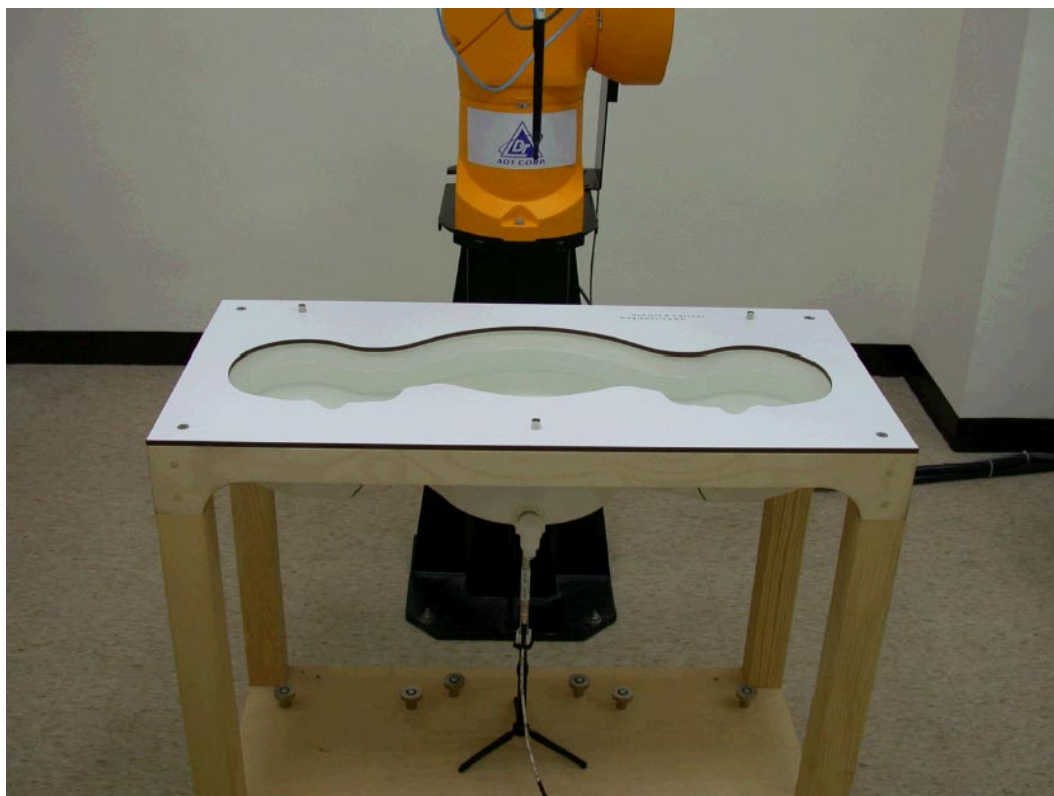
SAM; Flat; Air temperature:24 degrees centigrade; Liquid temperature:22.1 degrees centigrade  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1687; ConvF(4.40,4.40,4.40); Crest factor: 1.0; Body 2450 MHz:  $\sigma = 2.00$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 53.0$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Cubes (2): Peak: 5.47 mW/g  $\pm 0.00$  dB, SAR (1g): 2.78 mW/g  $\pm 0.02$  dB, SAR (10g): 1.32 mW/g  $\pm 0.05$  dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)  
Penetration depth: 7.8 (7.3, 8.9) [mm]  
Powerdrift: -0.05 dB



## APPENDIX B: ADT SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



## APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHS OF SYSTEM VALIDATION





## **APPENDIX D: SYSTEM CERTIFICATE & CALIBRATION**

### **D1: SAM PHANTOM**

# Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

## Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

|                       |                                                                          |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Item                  | SAM Twin Phantom V4.0                                                    |
| Type No               | QD 000 P40 CA                                                            |
| Series No             | TP-1150 and higher                                                       |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Untersee Composites<br>Hauptstr. 69<br>CH-8559 Fruthwilen<br>Switzerland |

### Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

| Test                 | Requirement                                                                             | Details                                                              | Units tested              |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Shape                | Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.                                | IT'IS CAD File (*)                                                   | First article, Samples    |
| Material thickness   | Compliant with the requirements according to the standards                              | 2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas                                      | First article, Samples    |
| Material parameters  | Dielectric parameters for required frequencies                                          | 200 MHz – 3 GHz<br>Relative permittivity < 5<br>Loss tangent < 0.05. | Material sample TP 104-5  |
| Material resistivity | The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards | Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.           | Pre-series, First article |

### Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9

(\*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

### Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date 28.02.2002

Signature / Stamp

*F. Bombault*

**Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich  
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

*Thomas Kofe*



## **D2: 2450MHZ SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE**

# Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

## Calibration Certificate

### 2450 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:

**D2450V2**

Serial Number:

**716**

Place of Calibration:

**Zurich**

Date of Calibration:

**September 26, 2002**

Calibration Interval:

**24 months**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

*N. Vella*

Approved by:

*Volker Kötter*

**DASY**

**Dipole Validation Kit**

**Type: D2450V2**

**Serial: 716**

**Manufactured: September 10, 2002**

**Calibrated: September 26, 2002**

## **1. Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

|                       |                   |            |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Relative permittivity | <b>37.7</b>       | $\pm 5\%$  |
| Conductivity          | <b>1.88 mho/m</b> | $\pm 10\%$ |

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, conversion factor 5.0 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 20mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW  $\pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

### **2.1. SAR Measurement with DASY3 System**

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the worst-case extrapolation are:

|                                                    |                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:   | <b>57.2 mW/g</b> |
| averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue: | <b>26.4 mW/g</b> |

### **2.2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System**

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

|                                                    |                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:   | <b>54.0 mW/g</b> |
| averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue: | <b>25.2 mW/g</b> |

### **3. Dipole impedance and return loss**

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

|                      |                 |                                       |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Electrical delay:    | <b>1.148 ns</b> | (one direction)                       |
| Transmission factor: | <b>0.982</b>    | (voltage transmission, one direction) |

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

|                                  |                                |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz: | $\text{Re}\{Z\} = 54.1 \Omega$ |
|                                  | $\text{Im}\{Z\} = 2.4 \Omega$  |
| Return Loss at 2450 MHz          | <b>- 26.8 dB</b>               |

### **4. Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with body simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

|                       |                   |            |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Relative permittivity | <b>52.4</b>       | $\pm 5\%$  |
| Conductivity          | <b>1.99 mho/m</b> | $\pm 10\%$ |

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, conversion factor 4.5 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 20mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW  $\pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

### **5.1. SAR Measurement with DASY3 System**

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the worst-case extrapolation are:

|                                                    |                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:   | <b>57.2 mW/g</b> |
| averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue: | <b>27.0 mW/g</b> |

### **5.2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System**

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 4. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

|                                                    |                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:   | <b>51.6 mW/g</b> |
| averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue: | <b>25.0 mW/g</b> |

## **6. Dipole impedance and return loss**

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 4 (with body tissue inside the phantom) and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

|                                  |                                         |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz: | <b>Re{Z} = 49.6 <math>\Omega</math></b> |
|                                  | <b>Im {Z} = 4.2 <math>\Omega</math></b> |
| Return Loss at 2450 MHz          | <b>- 27.5 dB</b>                        |

25 Sep 2002 11:22:10

[CH1] S11 1 U FS

1: 54.092  $\Omega$  2.3984  $\Omega$  155.81  $\mu\text{H}$

2 450.000 000 MHz

↑

De1

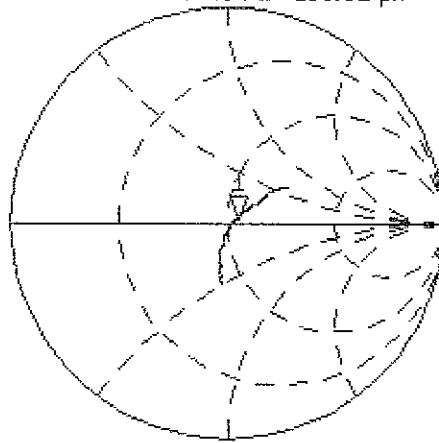
PRm

Cor

Avg

16

↑

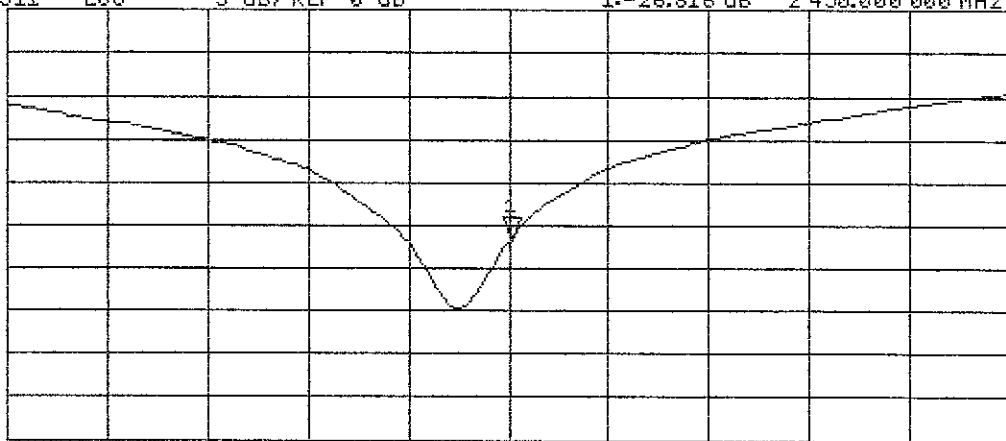


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF 0 dB 1:-26.816 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

PRm

Cor

↑



START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz



## D3: DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

## Calibration Certificate

### Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1687**

Place of Calibration:

**Zurich**

Date of Calibration:

**June 5, 2002**

Calibration Interval:

**12 months**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

*D. Vellea*

Approved by:

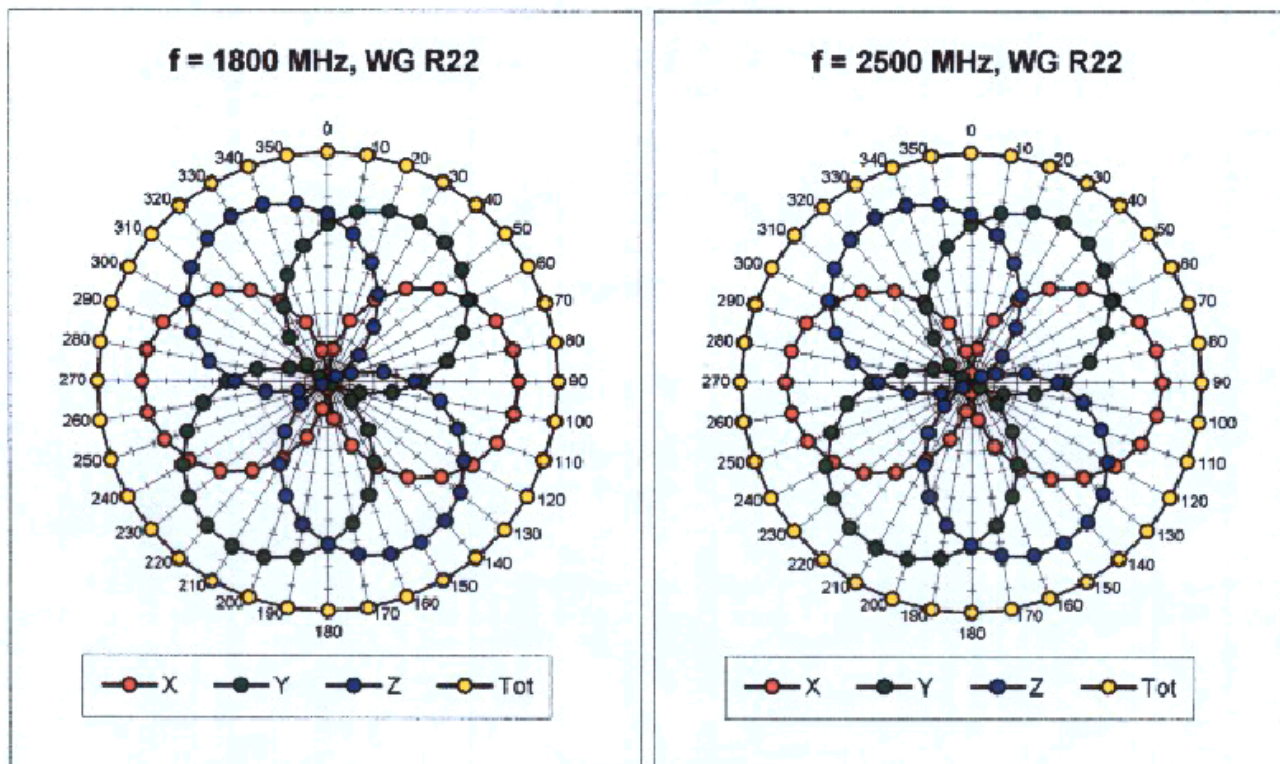
*Adrian Kofler*

# Probe ET3DV6

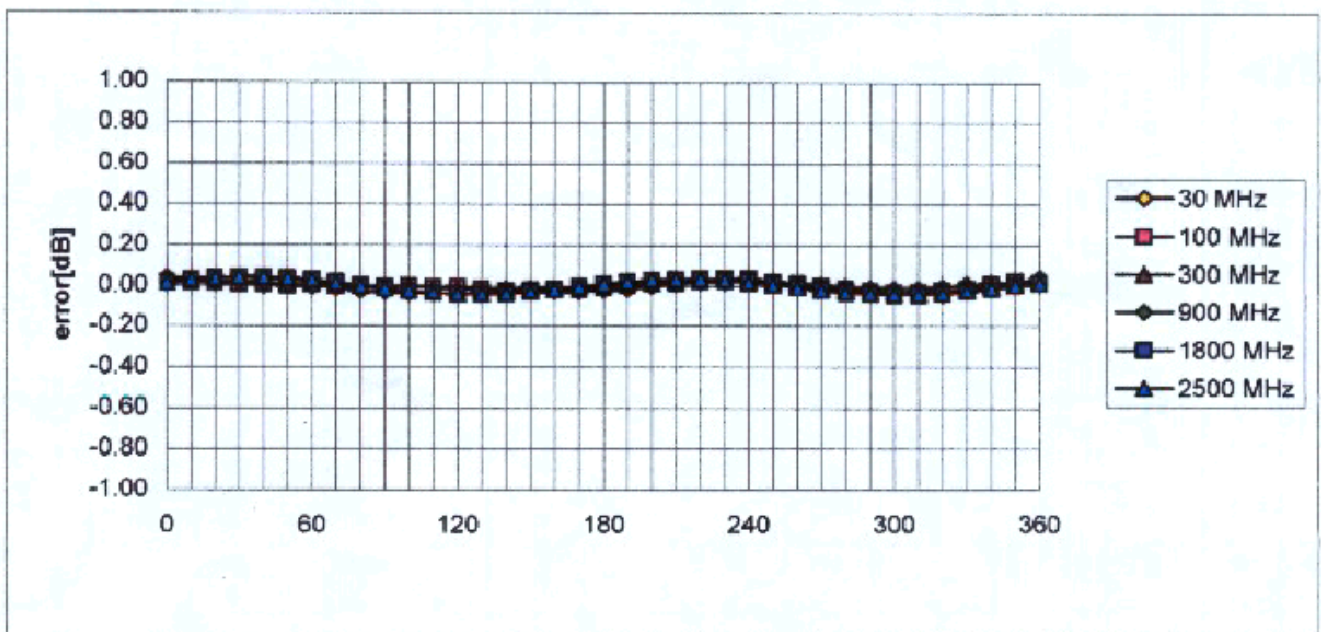
**SN:1687**

|                   |              |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Manufactured:     | May 28, 2002 |
| Last calibration: | June 5, 2002 |

**Calibrated for System DASY3**

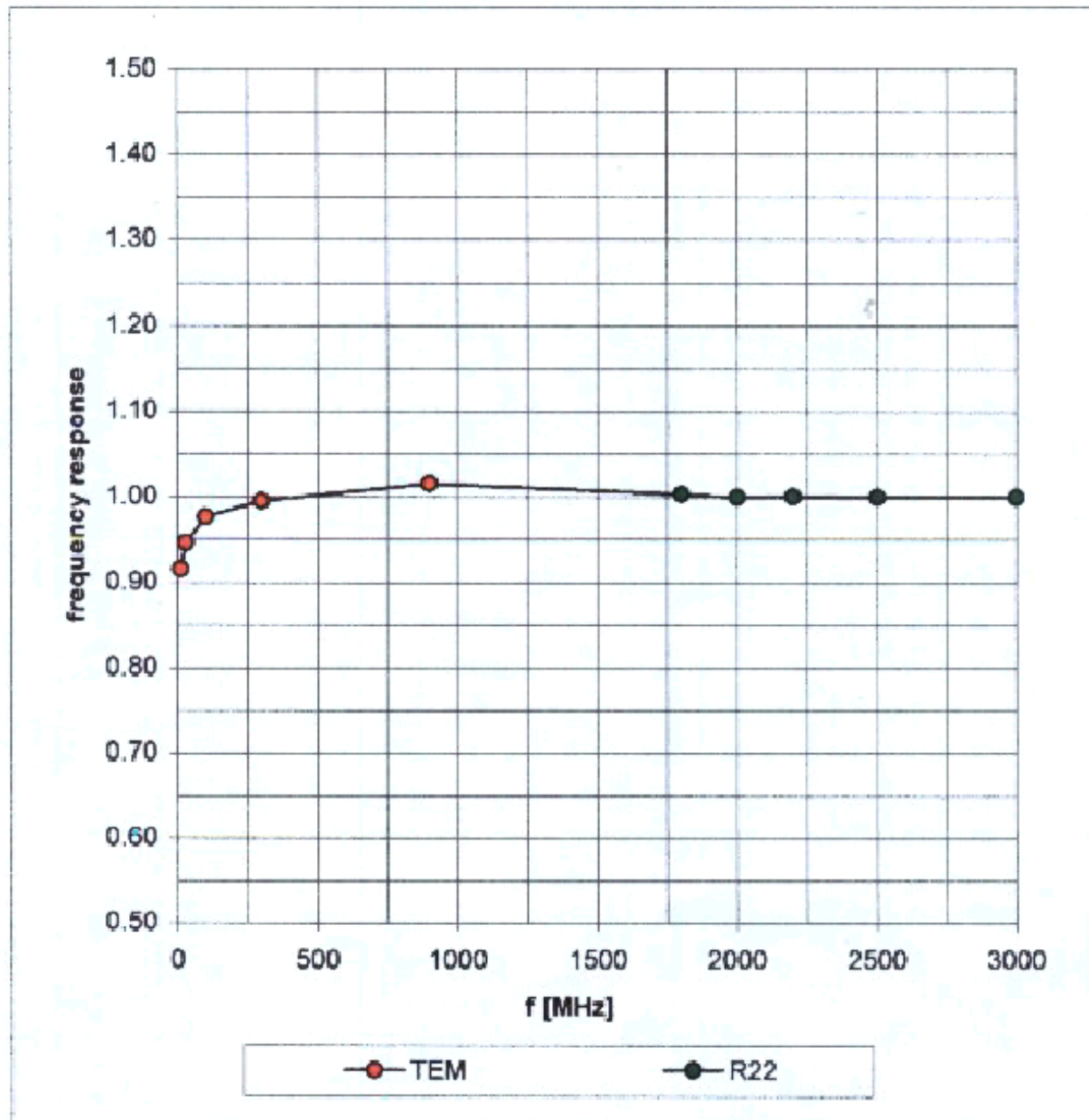


Isotropy Error ( $\Phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$

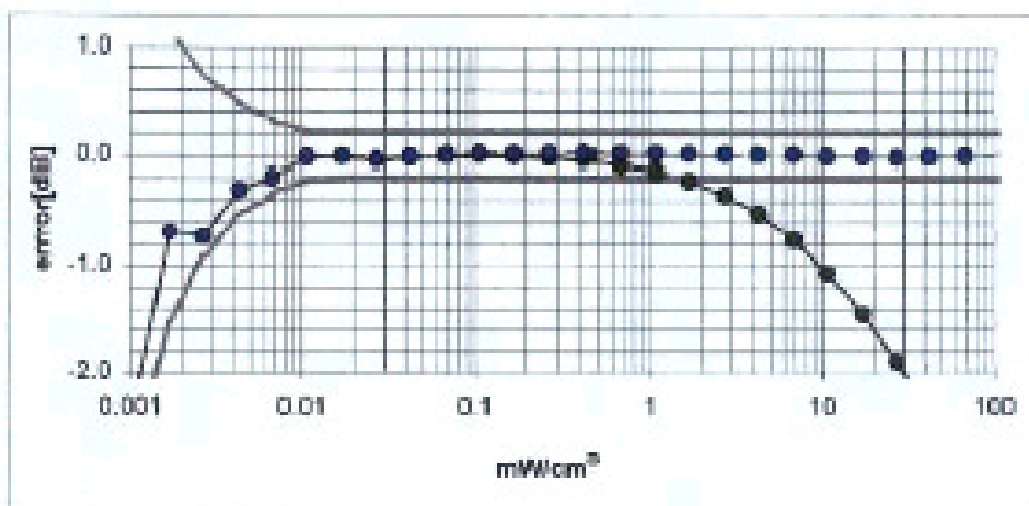
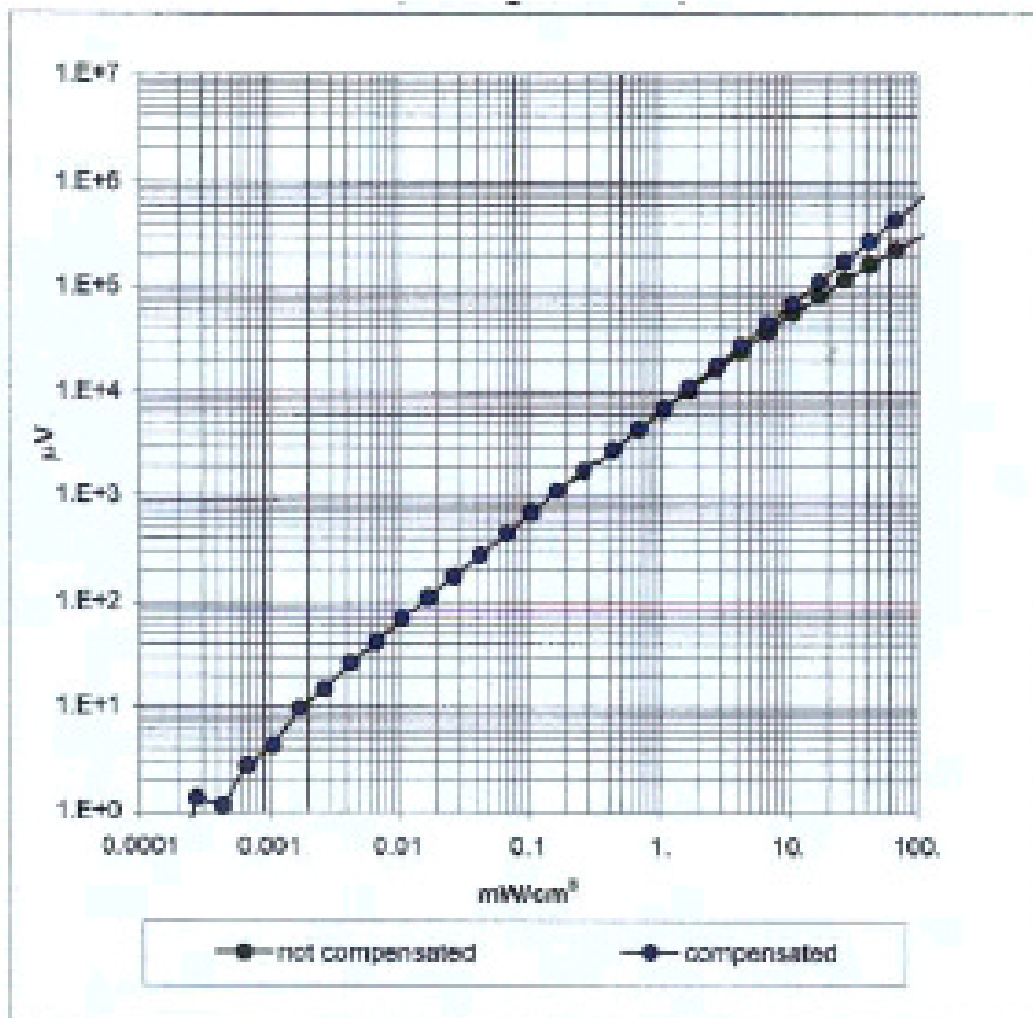


## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM – Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



## Dynamic Range f (SAR<sub>brain</sub>) (Waveguide R22)



## Calibration Certificate

### Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1687**

Place of Calibration:

**Zurich**

Date of Calibration:

**September 28, 2002**

Calibration Interval:

**12 months**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

*D. Vollen*

Approved by:

*Heinrich Kötter*

**Probe ET3DV6**

**SN:1687**

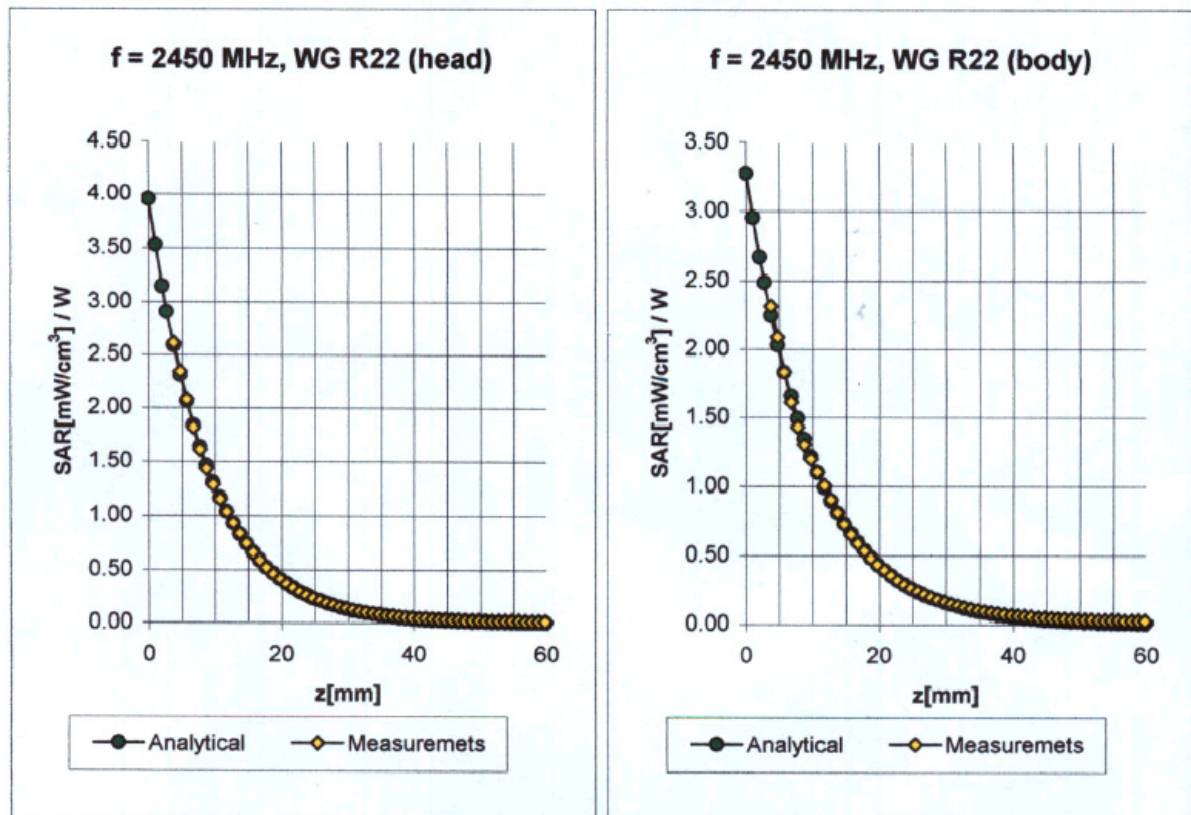
**Additonal Conversion Factors**

**Calibrated: September 28, 2002**

**Calibrated for DASY Systems**

**(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)**

## Conversion Factor Assessment



**Head**                      **2450 MHz**                       $\epsilon_r = 39.2 \pm 5\%$                        $\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

ConvF X                      **4.9**  $\pm 8.9\%$  (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y                      **4.9**  $\pm 8.9\%$  (k=2)

Alpha                      **1.00**

ConvF Z                      **4.9**  $\pm 8.9\%$  (k=2)

Depth                      **1.70**

**Body**                      **2450 MHz**                       $\epsilon_r = 52.7 \pm 5\%$                        $\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

ConvF X                      **4.4**  $\pm 8.9\%$  (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y                      **4.4**  $\pm 8.9\%$  (k=2)

Alpha                      **1.00**

ConvF Z                      **4.4**  $\pm 8.9\%$  (k=2)

Depth                      **1.65**