RF Exposure Lab

802 N. Twin Oaks Valley Road, Suite 105 • San Marcos, CA 92069 • U.S.A. TEL (760) 471-2100 • FAX (760) 471-2121 http://www.rfexposurelab.com

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Intel Mobile Communication 100 Center Point Circle, Suite 200 Columbia, SC 29210

Dates of Test: Test Report Number: July 29-30, 2015 SAR.20150802 **Revision A**

| FCC ID:PD97265D2 (Contains Model 7265D2W, 7265D2W AN)IC Certificate:1000M-7265D2 (Contains Model 7265D2W, 7265D2W AN)Model(s):TPN-Q165Contains WLAN Model(s):Intel® Dual Band Wireless-AC 7265 (Model 7265D2W, 7265D2W AN) | |
|--|--|
| Model(s): TPN-Q165 | |
| | |
| Containe WLAN Model(e): Intel® Dual Band Wirelese AC 7265 (Model 7265D2W/ 7265D2W/ AN) | |
| | |
| Test Sample: Engineering Unit Same as Production | |
| Serial Number: Eng 1 | |
| Equipment Type: Wireless Module Installed in Notebook/Tablet | |
| Classification: Portable Transmitter Next to Body | |
| TX Frequency Range: 2412 – 2462 MHz; 5180 – 5320 MHz; 5500 – 5700 MHz; 5745 – 5825 MHz | |
| Frequency Tolerance: ± 2.5 ppm | |
| Maximum RF Output: 2450 MHz (b) – 17.50 dB, 2450 MHz (g) – 17.50 dB, 2450 MHz (n20) – 17.50 dB, | |
| 2450 MHz (n40) – 16.50 dB, 5250 MHz (a) – 16.00 dB, 5250 MHz (n20) – 16.00 dB, | |
| 5250 MHz (n40) – 16.50 dB, 5250 MHz (ac) – 13.50 dB, 5600 MHz (a) – 16.50 dB, | |
| 5600 MHz (n20) – 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (n40) – 16.50 dB, 5600 MHz (ac) – 16.50 dB, | |
| 5800 MHz (a) – 16.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n20) – 16.50 dB, 5800 MHz (n40) – 16.50 dB, | |
| 5800 MHz (ac) – 16.50 dB Conducted | |
| Signal Modulation: DSSS, OFDM | |
| Antenna Type: Speedwire, P/N DQ660060000 (Tx1) and DQ660060001 (Tx2); PIFA Antenna | |
| Application Type: Certification | |
| FCC Rule Parts: Part 2, 15C, 15E | |
| KDB Test Methodology: KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, KDB 248227 v02, KDB 616217 D04 v01 | |
| Industry Canada: RSS-102 Issue 5, Safety Code 6 | |
| Maximum SAR Value: 1.38 W/kg Reported | |
| Max. Simultaneous SAR: 1.38 W/kg Reported | |
| Separation Distance: 5 mm | |
| | |

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jav M. Moulton Vice President





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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Intel Mobile Communications Model 7265D2W including family sub-models 7265D2W AN installed in HP Model TPN-Q165 FCC ID: PD97265D2 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 1000M-7265D2 with RSS102 Issue 5 & Safety Code 6. The FCC have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Intel Mobile Communications Model 7265D2W including family sub-models 7265D2W AN in HP Model TPN-Q165 and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2003 Recommended Practice [4], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the 7265D2W including family sub-models 7265D2W AN installed in HP Model TPN-Q165 wireless modem. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

| Band | Technology | 3GPP Nominal Power dBm | Setpoint Nominal Power dBm | Tolerance dBm | Lower Tolerance dBm | Upper Tolerance dBm |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| WLAN – 2.4 GHz | 802.11b (Ch. 2-10) | N/A | 16 | ±1.5 | 14.5 | 17.5 |
| WLAN – 2.4 GHz | 802.11b (Ch. 1,11) | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 2.4 GHz | 802.11g/n20(Ch. 3-9) | N/A | 16 | ±1.5 | 14.5 | 17.5 |
| WLAN – 2.4 GHz | 802.11g/n20(Ch. 2,10) | N/A | 14 | ±1.5 | 12.5 | 15.5 |
| WLAN – 2.4 GHz | 802.11g/n20(Ch. 1,11) | N/A | 11 | ±1.5 | 9.5 | 12.5 |
| WLAN – 2.4 GHz | n40 SISO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 2.4 GHz | n40 MIMO | N/A | 12 | ±1.5 | 10.5 | 13.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band I, II | 802.11a/n20 (Ch. 40-60) | N/A | 14.5 | ±1.5 | 13 | 16 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band I, II | 802.11a/n20 (Ch. 36-64) | N/A | 12.5 | ±1.5 | 11 | 14 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band I, II | 40 MHz SISO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band I, II | 40 MHz MIMO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band I, II | 80 MHz SISO | N/A | 12 | ±1.5 | 10.5 | 13.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band I, II | 80 MHz MIMO | N/A | 12 | ±1.5 | 10.5 | 13.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band III | 802.11a/n20 (Ch. 104-136) | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band III | 802.11a/n20 (Ch. 100) | N/A | 12 | ±1.5 | 10.5 | 13.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band III | 802.11a/n20 (Ch. 140) | N/A | 11.5 | ±1.5 | 10 | 13 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band III | 40 MHz SISO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band III | 40 MHz MIMO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band III | 80 MHz SISO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band III | 80 MHz MIMO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band IV | 802.11a/n20 (Ch. 149-165) | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band IV | 40 MHz SISO & MIMO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |
| WLAN – 5 GHz Band IV | 80 MHz SISO & MIMO | N/A | 15 | ±1.5 | 13.5 | 16.5 |



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)



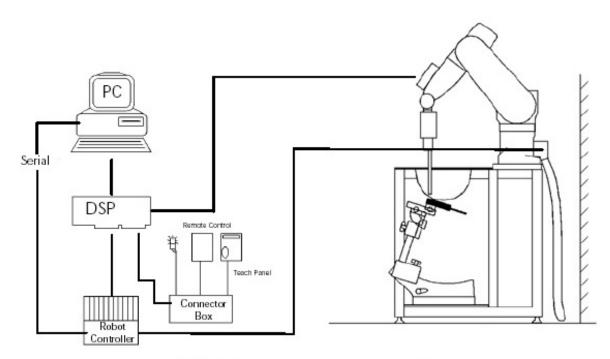
2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.







System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with autozeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

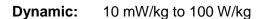


DAE System



Probe Specifications

- Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz
- Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz
- Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)



- **Range:** Linearity: ±0.2dB
- Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm
- Tip length: 20 mm
- Body diameter: 12 mm
- Tip diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm
- Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of wireless device



A-BEAM

Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations

Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

SAR =
$$C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$\mathsf{SAR} = \frac{\left|\mathsf{E}\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

simulated tissue conductivity,

Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

where:

where:

σ

ρ

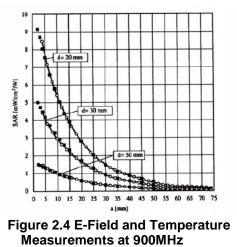
 Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;



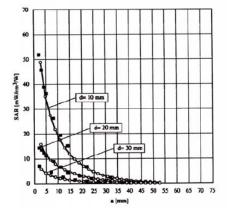


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below:

$$W_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$
with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_{i} = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 Cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_{i} = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

| E-field probes: | with | V _i Norm _i | = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z) |
|---|------|-------------------------------------|---|
| $E_{i} = \sqrt{\frac{V_{i}}{Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF}}$ | | ConvF E _i | μV/(V/m) ² for E-field probes = sensitivity of enhancement in solution = electric field strength of channel i in V/m |

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^{2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pure} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 with
$$P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$$
$$= \text{total electric field strength in V/m}$$



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y- dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

| Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges | | | | | | |
|---|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Frequency range Grid spacing | | | | | | |
| ≤ 2 GHz | ≤ 15 mm | | | | | |
| 2 – 4 GHz | ≤ 12 mm | | | | | |
| 4 – 6 GHz | ≤ 10 mm | | | | | |

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

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• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

| Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Frequency range | Grid spacing | rid spacing Grid spacing | | | | | |
| r requency range | for x, y axis | for z axis | scan volume | | | | |
| ≤ 2 GHz | ≤ 8 mm | ≤ 5 mm | ≥ 30 mm | | | | |
| 2 – 3 GHz | ≤ 5 mm | ≤ 5 mm | ≥ 28 mm | | | | |
| 3 – 4 GHz | ≤ 5 mm | ≤ 4 mm | ≥ 28 mm | | | | |
| 4 – 5 GHz | ≤ 4 mm | ≤ 3 mm | ≥ 25 mm | | | | |
| 5 – 6 GHz | ≤ 4 mm | ≤ 2 mm | ≥ 22 mm | | | | |

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three onedimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

| Phantom: | SAN |
|-----------------|-----|
| Shell Material: | V |
| Thickness: | 2.0 |

SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) Vivac Composite 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worstcase condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.

4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528-2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

| | Simulating Tissue | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Ingredients | 2450 MHz Body | 5250 MHz Body | 5600 MHz Body | 5785 MHz Body | | | | | |
| Mixing Percentage | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 73.20 | | | | | | | | |
| Sugar | 0.00 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| Salt | 0.04 | Proprietary Mixture | | | | | | | |
| HEC | 0.00 | Proc | ured from Spe | eag | | | | | |
| Bactericide | 0.00 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| DGBE | 26.70 | 7 | | | | | 1 | | |
| Dielectric Constant Target | 52.70 | 48.96 48.47 | | 48.25 | | | | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) Target | 1.95 | 5.35 | 5.77 | 5.96 | | | | | |

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

| | UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g) | CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g) |
|--|--|--|
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head | 1.60 | 8.00 |
| SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body | 0.08 | 0.40 |
| SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists | 4.00 | 20.00 |

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

| Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------------|--------|----------|--|--|
| | | 2450 I | 2450 MHz Body | | MHz Body | | |
| Date(s) | | Jul. 3 | 30, 2015 | Jul. 2 | 29, 2015 | | |
| Liquid Temperature (°C) | 20.0 | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | | |
| Dielectric Constant: ε | | 52.70 | 52.58 | 49.01 | 48.94 | | |
| Conductivity: σ | Conductivity: σ | | 2.00 | 5.30 | 5.34 | | |
| | | 5600 I | 5600 MHz Body | | MHz Body | | |
| Date(s) | | Jul. 2 | Jul. 29, 2015 | | 29, 2015 | | |
| Liquid Temperature (°C) | 20.0 | Target | Measured | Target | Measured | | |
| Dielectric Constant: ε | | 48.47 | 48.36 | 48.20 | 48.05 | | |
| Conductivity: σ | | 5.77 | 5.80 | 6.00 | 6.04 | | |

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

 Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

| | Test Frequency | Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | Measure SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | Tissue Used for Verification | Deviation Target and Fast SAR to SAR (%) | Plot Number |
|-------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------|
| 30-Jul-2015 | 2450 MHz | 51.50 | 52.00 | Body | + 0.97 | 1 |
| 29-Jul-2015 | 5200 MHz | 73.40 | 73.60 | Body | + 0.27 | 2 |
| 29-Jul-2015 | 5600 MHz | 79.10 | 79.99 | Body | + 1.13 | 3 |
| 29-Jul-2015 | 5800 MHz | 72.90 | 72.10 | Body | - 1.10 | 4 |

See Appendix A for data plots.

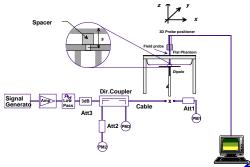


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The EUT was tested in on all sides of the device where the antenna was within 25 mm of that side in the tablet mode. All measurements were conducted with the side of the device in direct contact with the phantom. For sides of the antenna which were not measured in this report, the SAR was conduct on the module in the modular approval with the maximum distance of 8 mm on all six sides of the antenna. Therefore, the requirements mentioned in RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures (SPR)-001 – SAR Testing Requirements with Regards to Bystanders for Laptop Type Computers with Antennas Built-In on Display Screen (Laptop/Tablet Mode) are covered.

The Bluetooth transmitter does simultaneously transmit with the WiFi transmitter. When the BT is turned on, it transmits on Main and the WiFi transmits on Aux. Simultaneous transmission is evaluated on page 42.

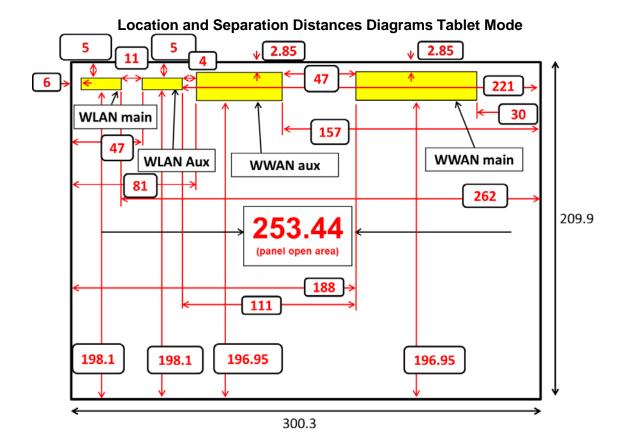
The main antenna was evaluated for stand-alone SAR per RSS-102 Issue 5 for BT. The Tablet Back, Left Side and Top Edge was tested. The remaining sides were excluded due to distance from the antenna (See pages 24-37). Please see data sheet summary on page 38.

The data rates used when evaluating the WiFi transmitter were the lowest data rates for each mode. The device was operating at its maximum output power at the lowest data rate for all measurements.

The tablet was using the Intel test utility DRTU Version 1.7.6-1091 and the device driver was version 17.13.0.9.

The device was on a minimum of 10 cm of Styrofoam during each test. The following is a pictorial drawing of the locations and separation distances.







| Band | Mode | Bandwidth | Channel | Frequency | Data | Antenna | Power |
|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Dunia | moue | (MHz) | channel | (MHz) | Rate | Antenna | (dBm) |
| | | | 1 | 2412 | | | 16.49 |
| | | | 6 | 2437 | | Chain A | 17.50 |
| | 802.11b | 20 | <u>11</u> | 2462 2412 | 1 Mbps | | <u>16.47</u> 16.47 |
| | | | 6 | 2412 | | Chain B | 17.50 |
| | | | 11 | 2462 | | | 16.45 |
| | | | 1 | 2412 | | | 13.97 |
| | | | 6 | 2437 | | Chain A | 17.49 |
| | 802.11g | 20 | <u>11</u> | 2462 2412 | 6 Mbps | | <u>12.42</u> 14.43 |
| | | | 6 | 2437 | | Chain B | 17.44 |
| 2450 MHz | | | 11 | 2462 | | | 12.46 |
| 2450 MIRZ | | | 1 | 2412 | | | 13.92 |
| | | | 6 | 2437 | | Chain A | 17.46 |
| | 802.11n | 20 | <u>11</u> | 2462 2412 | HT4 | | <u>12.44</u> 14.39 |
| | | | 6 | 2437 | | Chain B | 17.42 |
| | | | 11 | 2462 | | | 12.40 |
| | | | 3 | 2422 | | | 13.42 |
| | | | 6 | 2437 | 1 | Chain A | 16.46 |
| | 802.11n | 40 | 9 | 2452 2422 | HT4 | | 12.40 13.43 |
| | | | 6 | 2422 | | Chain B | 16.47 |
| | | | 9 | 2452 | | | 11.42 |
| | | | 36 | 5180 | | | 13.97 |
| | | | 40 | 5200 | Chain A | Chain A | 15.92 |
| | | | 44 | 5220 | | | 16.00 |
| | 802.11a | 20 | 48 36 | 5240 5180 | 6 Mbps | Chain B | <u>15.93</u> 13.92 |
| | | | 40 | 5200 | | | 15.96 |
| | | | 44 | 5220 | | | 16.00 |
| | | | 48 | 5240 | | | 15.94 |
| | | | 36 | 5180 | | Chain A Chain B | 13.92 |
| | | | 40 | 5200 5220 | | | <u>15.90</u> 16.00 |
| 5.15-5.25 GHz | | | 44 | 5240 | | | 15.95 |
| | 802.11n | 20 | 36 | 5180 | HT4 | | 13.97 |
| | | | 40 | 5200 | | | 15.94 |
| | | | 44 | 5220 | | | 16.00 |
| | | | 48 38 | 5240 5190 | | | <u>15.93</u> 11.94 |
| | | | 46 | 5230 | HT4 | Chain A | 16.47 |
| | 802.11n | 40 | 38 | 5190 | HT4 | Chain B | 13.42 |
| | | | 46 | 5230 | 1114 | | 16.49 |
| | 802.11ac | 80 | 42 | 5210 | VHT6 | Chain A | 13.47 |
| | | | 52 | 5260 | | Chain B | <u>13.42</u> 15.92 |
| | | | 56 | 5280 | | Chain A | 15.89 |
| | | | 60 | 5300 | | Chain A | 16.00 |
| | 802.11a | 20 | 64 | 5320 | 6 Mbps | | 13.48 |
| | - | | 52 | 5260 | | | 15.92 |
| | | | <u>56</u> 60 | 5280 5300 | | Chain B | <u>15.97</u> 16.00 |
| | | | 60 64 | 5300 5320 | | | 13.46 |
| | | | 52 | 5260 | | | 15.89 |
| | | | 56 | 5280 | | Chain A | 15.87 |
| 5.25-5.35 GHz | | | 60 | 5300 | | | 15.96 |
| | 802.11n | 20 | 64 52 | 5320 5260 | HT4 | | <u>13.45</u> 15.92 |
| | | | 56 | 5280 | | Chail D | 15.96 |
| | | | 60 | 5300 | | Chain B | 15.98 |
| | | | 64 | 5320 | | | 13.42 |
| | | | 54 | 5270 | HT4 | Chain A | 16.47 |
| | 802.11n | 40 | <u>62</u> | 5310 | | | 13.43 |
| | | | 54 62 | 5270 5310 | HT4 | Chain B | 16.44 13.49 |
| | 802.11ac | 80 | 58 | 5290 | VHT6 | Chain A | 13.42 |
| | 002.11dL | 00 | 20 | 5230 | UTIV | Chain B | 13.48 |



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| Rand | Mode | Bandwidth | Channel | Frequency | Data | Antonno | Power | |
|----------|----------|-----------|------------|---------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Band | widde | (MHz) | Channel | (MHz) | Rate | Antenna | (dBm) | |
| | | | 100 | 5500 | | | 13.42 | |
| | | | 104 108 | 5520 5540 | | - | <u>16.49</u> 16.37 | |
| | | | 100 | 5560 | | | 16.42 | |
| | | | 116 | 5580 | | | 16.50 | |
| | | | 120 | 5600 | | Chain A | 16.44 | |
| | | | 124 128 | 5620 5640 | | - | <u>16.47</u> 16.37 | |
| | | | 132 | 5660 | | - | 16.43 | |
| | | | 136 | 5680 | | | 16.47 | |
| | 802.11a | 20 | 140 | 5700 | 6 Mbps | | 12.98 | |
| | | | 100 104 | 5500 5520 | | - | <u>13.37</u> 16.48 | |
| | | | 104 | 5540 | | - | 16.46 | |
| | | | 112 | 5560 | | | 16.41 | |
| | | | 116 | 5580 | | | 16.50 | |
| | | | 120 | 5600 | | Chain B | 16.44 | |
| | | | 124 128 | 5620 5640 | | - | <u>16.48</u> 16.40 | |
| | | | 132 | 5660 | | - | 16.46 | |
| | | | 136 | 5680 | | | 16.47 | |
| | | | 140 | 5700 | | | 12.96 | |
| | | | 100 | 5500 | | - | 13.45 | |
| | | | 104 108 | <u>5520</u> 5540 | HT4 | Chain A | <u>16.47</u> 16.39 | |
| | | | 112 | 5560 | | | 16.38 | |
| | | | 116 | 5580 | | | 16.48 | |
| | | | 120 | 5600 | | | 16.47 | |
| | | | 124 128 | 5620 5640 | | | <u>16.41</u> 16.40 | |
| | | | 132 | 5660 | | | 16.39 | |
| | | | 136 | 5680 | | | 16.48 | |
| 5600 MHz | 802.11n | 1n 20 | 140 | 5700 | | | 12.91 | |
| | | - | 100 | 5500 | | Chain B | 13.47 | |
| | | | 104 108 | 5520 5540 | | | <u>16.43</u> 16.38 | |
| | | | 112 | 5560 | | | 16.37 | |
| | | | 116 | 5580 | | | 16.39 | |
| | | | 120 | 5600 | | | 16.42 | |
| | | | 124 128 | 5620 5640 | | | <u>16.45</u> 16.46 | |
| | | | 132 | 5660 | | | 16.44 | |
| | | | 136 | 5680 | | | 16.48 | |
| | | | 140 | 5700 | | | 12.95 | |
| | | | 102 110 | 5510 5550 | | Chain A | <u>13.42</u> 16.48 | |
| | | | 110 | 5580 | | | 16.42 | |
| | | | 126 | 5610 | | | 16.44 | |
| | 802.11n | 40 | 134 | 5670 | HT4 | | 16.43 | |
| | | - | 102 | 5510 | | | 13.89 | |
| | | | 110 118 | 5550 5580 | | Chain B | <u>16.38</u> 16.46 | |
| | | | 126 | 5610 | | | 16.47 | |
| | L | | 134 | 5670 | | | 16.42 | |
| | | 20 | 144 | 5720 | | Chain A | 16.42 | |
| | | | | | VHT0 | Chain B Chain A | <u>16.45</u> 16.46 | |
| | | 40 | 142 | 5710 | | Chain B | <u>16.46</u> 16.47 | |
| | 802.11ac | | 106 | 5530 | | chain b | 13.42 | |
| | 0U2.110C | | 122 | 5610 | | Chain A | 16.45 | |
| | | 80 | 138 | 5690 | VHT6 | | 16.48 | |
| | | | 106 122 | 5530 5610 | | Chain B | <u>13.40</u> 16.39 | |
| | | | | 122 | 5690 | | | 16.39 |



| Band | Mode | Bandwidth (MHz) | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | Antenna | Power (dBm) |
|-----------|----------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| | | | 149 | 5745 | | | 16 42 |
| | | | 153 | 5765 | | | 16.45 |
| | | | 157 | 5785 | | Chain A | 16.50 |
| | | | 161 | 5805 | | | 16.43 |
| | 802.11a | 20 | 165 | 5825 | 6 Mbps | | 16.39 |
| | 802.118 | 20 | 149 | 5745 | 6 IVIDPS | | 16.47 |
| | | | 153 | 5765 | | | 16.43 |
| | | | 157 | 5785 | | Chain B | 16.50 |
| | | | 161 | 5805 | | | 16.42 |
| | | | 165 | 5825 | | | 16.44 |
| | | | 149 | 5745 | HT8 | Chain A IT8 Chain B | 16.43 |
| | | | 153 | 5765 | | | 16.42 |
| 5000 1411 | | | 157 | 5785 | | | 16.48 |
| 5800 MHz | | | 161 | 5805 | | | 16.43 |
| | 802.11n | 20 | 165 | 5825 | | | 16.44 |
| | 802.110 | | 149 | 5745 | | | 16.40 |
| | | | 153 | 5765 | | | 16.37 |
| | | | 157 | 5785 | | | 16.43 |
| | | | 161 | 5805 | | | 16.42 |
| | | | 165 | 5825 | | | 16.37 |
| | | | 151 | 5755 | | Chain A | 16.46 |
| | 902.11 | 40 | 159 | 5795 | HT8 | Chain A | 16.41 |
| | 802.11n | 40 | 151 | 5755 | п18 | Chain D | 16.43 |
| | | | 159 | 5795 | | Chain B | 16.48 |
| | 802 1122 | 80 | 155 | | VHT6 | Chain A | 16.42 |
| | 802.11ac | 80 | 155 | 5775 | VHID | Chain B | 16.44 |



| Figure 8 | Figure 8.1 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | | |
| | Back | 6 – 2437 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | | |
| | Тор | 6 – 2437 MHz | Tested | | | |
| 000 11h | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | | |
| 802.11b | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | | |
| | Left | 6 – 2437 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ³ | | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ³ | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ³ | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Back | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Тор | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 902.11~ | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 802.11g | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Left | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Back | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Тор | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 802.11n | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 002.1111 | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Left | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| pe mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 4474 | | | | | | |

Figure 8.1 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Main

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the highest report SAR for DSSS is \leq 1.2 W/kg, OFDM modes are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 56.2 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 221 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√2.462)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1576 mW which is greater than 56.2 mW



| rigure o | Figure 8.2 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHZ AUX | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | Back | 6 – 2437 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ⁵ | | | |
| | Тор | 6 – 2437 MHz | Tested | | | |
| 000 445 | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Tested | | | |
| 802.11b | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | | |
| | Left | 6 – 2437 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ³ | | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ³ | | | |
| | - | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ³ | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | | |
| | Back | 6 – 2437 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Tested | | | |
| | Тор | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 000.44 * | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 802.11g | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Left | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | - | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Back | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Тор | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 802.11n | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| 602.TTN | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Left | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | | 1 – 2412 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 6 – 2437 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| | 5 | 11 – 2462 MHz | Reduced ² | | | |
| no mid channol ic | 2 dB bolow the limit | the remaining channels are | not required per KDB 1171 | | | |

Figure 8.2 Test Reduction Table – 2.4 GHz Aux

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the highest report SAR for DSSS is \leq 1.2 W/kg, OFDM modes are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced⁵ – When the reported SAR is >0.4 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 0.8 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 56.2 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 221 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√2.462)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1576 mW which is greater than 56.2 mW



| rigure 6.5 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHZ Main | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | |
| | | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | Back | 40 – 5200 MHz | Tested | | |
| | Dack | 44 – 5220 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | | 40 – 5200 MHz | Tested | | |
| | Тор | 44 – 5220 MHz | Tested | | |
| 802.11a/n20 | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| 5150 MHz | | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Left | 40 – 5200 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Len | 44 – 5220 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 40 – 5200 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 44 – 5220 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Back | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | Dack | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | Тор | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| 802.11n40 | төр | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| 5150 MHz | Left | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Len | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | BULLUTT & RIGHL | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Back | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11ac | Тор | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5210 MHz | Left | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |

Figure 8.3 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Main

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg in U-NII-2A, U-NII-1 is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 262 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.24)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1546 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



| Figure 6.4 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHZ Aux | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | |
| | | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Back | 40 – 5200 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | DACK | 44 – 5220 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 40 – 5200 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Тор | 44 – 5220 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11a/n20 | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5150 MHz | | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Left | 40 – 5200 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 44 – 5220 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 36 – 5180 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 40 – 5200 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 44 – 5220 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 48 – 5240 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Back | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Тор | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11n40 | | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5150 MHz | Left | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Leit | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 38 – 5190 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | BULLUTT & RIGHL | 46 – 5230 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Back | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11ac | Тор | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5210 MHz | Left | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 42 – 5210 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |

Figure 8.4 Test Reduction Table – 5.1 GHz Aux

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the highest reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg in U-NII-2A, U-NII-1 is not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.3.1 1) page 11.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, test the next highest configuration until the SAR value is ≤ 1.2 W/kg per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 221 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.24)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1546 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



| Figure 6.5 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHZ Main | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | |
| | | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Back | 56 – 5280 MHz | Tested | | |
| | Dauk | 60 – 5300 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 56 – 5280 MHz | Tested | | |
| | Тор | 60 – 5300 MHz | Tested | | |
| 802.11a/n20 | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5250 MHz | | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | Left | 56 – 5280 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 60 – 5300 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 56 – 5280 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 60 – 5300 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Back | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Тор | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11n40 | төр | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5250 MHz | Left | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Leit | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Back | 58 – 5290 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11ac | Тор | 58 – 5290 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5210 MHz | Left | 58 – 5290 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 58 – 5290 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |

Figure 8.5 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Main

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – Not a required channel.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 262 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.32)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1546 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



| ModeSideRequired ChannelTested/ReducedBack52 - 5260 MHzReduced256 - 5280 MHzTested60 - 5300 MHzTested64 - 5320 MHzReduced255 - 5280 MHzReduced256 - 5280 MHzReduced256 - 5280 MHzReduced2550 MHzTested60 - 5300 MHzReduced25250 MHzReduced1Left52 - 5260 MHz64 - 5320 MHzReduced166 - 5300 MHzReduced152 - 5260 MHzReduced166 - 5300 MHzReduced166 - 5300 MHzReduced366 - 5300 MHzReduced267 - 5270 MHzReduced270p54 - 5270 MHzReduced2802.11n4054 - 5270 MHzReduced362 - 5310 MHzReduced3802.11ac54 - 5270 MHzReduced3802.11acTop58 - 5290 MHzReduced2802.11acTop58 - 5290 MHzReduced2802.11acTop5 | Figure 6.6 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHZ Aux | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|--|--|
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | Mode | Side | - | Tested/Reduced | | |
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11a/n20 60 - 5300 MHz 1ested 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ² 56 - 5280 MHz Tested 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Eeft 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ¹ 61 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 6 | | Pook | 56 – 5280 MHz | Tested | | |
| 802.11a/n20 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Top 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 5250 MHz 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ¹ 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ¹ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11ac Bottom & Right 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz | | Dauk | 60 – 5300 MHz | Tested | | |
| S02.11a/n20 Top 56 - 5280 MHz Tested 5250 MHz 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ¹ 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ¹ Left 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ¹ 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 66 - 5300 MHz Reduced ¹ 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ¹ Bottom & Right 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ³ 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 66 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ <td></td> <td></td> <td>64 – 5320 MHz</td> <td>Reduced²</td> | | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11a/n20 Top 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 5250 MHz 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ¹ 66 - 5280 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 66 - 5300 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 66 - 5300 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ¹ 66 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11ac Bottom & Right 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11n40 56 - 5300 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz | | | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11a/n20 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 66 - 5320 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ¹ 802.11a/n20 Bottom & Right 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ¹ 802.11a/n20 Bottom & Right 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11a/n2 Bottom & Right 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11n40 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 802.11n40 5250 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>56 – 5280 MHz</td><td>Tested</td></t<> | | | 56 – 5280 MHz | Tested | | |
| 5250 MHz 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ¹ Left 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ¹ 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ¹ Bottom & Right 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ³ 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ³ 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ Back 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 63 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 64 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 65 - 5290 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ </td <td></td> <td>Тор</td> <td>60 – 5300 MHz</td> <td>Tested</td> | | Тор | 60 – 5300 MHz | Tested | | |
| Left 56 - 5280 MHz Reduced1 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced1 802.11n40 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced3 802.11n40 52 - 5270 MHz Reduced2 802.11n40 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced2 802.11n40 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced2 802.11ac 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced3 802.11ac 520 MHz 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced2 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced2 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced2 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz </td <td>802.11a/n20</td> <td></td> <td>64 – 5320 MHz</td> <td>Reduced²</td> | 802.11a/n20 | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c } & & \hline $ | 5250 MHz | | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| Bottom & Right 60 - 5300 MHz Tested 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ¹ 62 - 5260 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 52 - 5260 MHz Reduced ³ 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ 61 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz | | Left | 56 – 5280 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | 60 – 5300 MHz | Tested | | |
| $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| Bottom & Right 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ Back 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 7op 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | Bottom & Right | 52 – 5260 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| Box 60 - 5300 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 64 - 5320 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11n40 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Top 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11ac Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | | 56 – 5280 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| Back 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² Top 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Top 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² Left 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² S02.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | | 60 – 5300 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| Back 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 802.11n40 Top 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | | 64 – 5320 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| 802.11n40 Top 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | Back | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11n40 10p 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11n40 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² 5250 MHz Left 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | Tan | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Left 62 – 5310 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 – 5270 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 62 – 5310 MHz Reduced ³ Back 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Top 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² | 802.11n40 | төр | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ² Bottom & Right 54 - 5270 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | 5250 MHz | Loft | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Bottom & Right 62 - 5310 MHz Reduced ³ Back 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Top 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 - 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | Len | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Back 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² 802.11ac Top 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | Pottom & Dight | 54 – 5270 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| 802.11ac Top 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² 5210 MHz Left 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | BULLUTT & RIGHL | 62 – 5310 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| 5210 MHz Left 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ² | | Back | 58 – 5290 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | 802.11ac | Тор | 58 – 5290 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Bottom & Right 58 – 5290 MHz Reduced ³ | 5210 MHz | | 58 – 5290 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| a tested shannel is 2 dB helow the limit the remaining channels are not required per KDP 44 | | Bottom & Right | | | | |

Figure 8.6 Test Reduction Table – 5.2 GHz Aux

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 221 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.32)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1546 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



| Figure 8.7 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | |
| | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Tested | | |
| | Back | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | • | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Tested | | |
| | Тор | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11a | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5600 MHz | • | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | Left | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | is 0 dD halavy that live | | na natura sudina dina su KDD 44 | | |

CU- Main Tast Paduation Table

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1.3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 262 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.70)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1543 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



| Figure 8 | .8 Test Red | uction Table – | 5.6 GHz Main |
|----------|----------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced |
| | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | Back | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | Тор | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² |
| 802.11n | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² |
| 5600 MHz | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | Left | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | Bottom & Right | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | 5 | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² |

est Peduction Table 6 CH- Main

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.



| Figure 8.9 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Main | | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | |
| | | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Back | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Тор | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11ac | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 5600 MHz | Left | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | | |

Figure 8.0 Test Peduction Table 56CH7 Main

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.



| Mode Side Required Channel Tested/Reduced 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ² 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ² 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ² 112 - 5580 MHz Reduced ² 112 - 5580 MHz Reduced ² 112 - 5580 MHz Reduced ² 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ² 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ² 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 13 | Figure 8.10 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|----------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Back 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ² 118 - 5540 MHz Reduced ² 116 - 5580 MHz Tested 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ² 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 133 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 134 - 5620 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 114 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Re | | | | | | |
| Back 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ² 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ² 116 - 5580 MHz Tested 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ² 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5640 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 133 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 134 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 134 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 135 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>100 – 5500 MHz</td><td>Reduced²</td></t<> | | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Back 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ² 116 - 5580 MHz Tested 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 136 - 5880 MHz Reduced ² 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 101 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 133 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 134 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 135 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 138 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>104 – 5520 MHz</td><td>Reduced²</td></t<> | | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Back 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ² 116 - 5580 MHz Tested 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 136 - 5880 MHz Reduced ² 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 101 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 133 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 134 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 135 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 138 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>108 – 5540 MHz</td><td>Reduced²</td></t<> | | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Back 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ² 124 - 5640 MHz Tested 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ² 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 133 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 134 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 126 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 128 - 5640 MHz <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Reduced²</td></t<> | | | | Reduced ² | | |
| Bottom & Right 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ² 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 134 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 134 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz | | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Tested | | |
| Bottom & Right 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ² 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ² 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz </td <td></td> <td>Back</td> <td>120 – 5600 MHz</td> <td>Reduced²</td> | | Back | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Bottom & Right 132 – 5660 MHz Reduced ² 136 – 5580 MHz Reduced ² 140 – 5700 MHz Reduced ² 100 – 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 – 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 – 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 – 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 – 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 – 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 – 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 – 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 – 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 – 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 – 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 – 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 – 5660 MHz </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>124 – 5620 MHz</td> <td>Tested</td> | | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Tested | | |
| Bottom & Right 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ² 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 111 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5800 MHz Reduced ¹ 137 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 122 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5600 MHz </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>128 – 5640 MHz</td> <td>Reduced²</td> | | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Idu - 5700 MHz Reduced ² 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 130 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 132 – 5660 MHz | | | |
| International and the second | | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Bottom & Right I04 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 117 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 118 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz | | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| Bottom & Right 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 137 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 138 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 138 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 139 - 5600 MHz | | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| Bottom & Right Interfactory Interfactory Reduced ¹ Top Interfactory Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 101 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 125 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ <td></td> <td></td> <td>104 – 5520 MHz</td> <td>Reduced¹</td> | | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| Bottom & Right 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5700 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 105 - 5600 MHz | | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| Top 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 101 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 102 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 122 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | | |
| 802.11a 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5600 MHz <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>116 – 5580 MHz</td><td>Reduced¹</td></td<> | | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| 802.11a 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 5600 MHz 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz < | | Тор | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| 802.11a 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Tested | | |
| 802.11a 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 128 – 5640 MHz | | | |
| 802.11a 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced1 5600 MHz 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced1 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced1 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced1 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced1 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced1 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced1 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced1 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced1 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced3 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced3 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced3 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced3 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced3 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced3 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced3 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced3 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced3 | | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ¹ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ¹ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ | 802.11a | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ¹ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ¹ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ¹ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | 5600 MHz | | | Reduced ¹ | | |
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| Left 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ¹ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | Reduced ¹ | | |
| Left 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ¹ 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 126 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| 124 - 5620 MHz Tested 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ¹ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | Left | 120 – 5600 MHz | | | |
| 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ¹ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ¹ 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 140 - 5700 MHz Reduced ¹ 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | Reduced ¹ | | |
| 100 - 5500 MHz Reduced ³ 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 104 - 5520 MHz Reduced ³ 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 108 - 5540 MHz Reduced ³ 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 112 - 5560 MHz Reduced ³ 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz | | | | | | |
| 116 - 5580 MHz Reduced ³ Bottom & Right 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 108 – 5540 MHz | | | |
| Bottom & Right 120 - 5600 MHz Reduced ³ 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 124 - 5620 MHz Reduced ³ 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| 128 - 5640 MHz Reduced ³ 132 - 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 - 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | Bottom & Right | | | | |
| 132 – 5660 MHz Reduced ³ 136 – 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| 136 – 5680 MHz Reduced ³ | | | | | | |
| | | | 132 – 5660 MHz | | | |
| 140 – 5700 MHz Reduced ³ | | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| a tested sharped is 2 dB helow the limit the remaining sharpeds are not required per KDP 44 | | | | | | |

at Daduation -

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.4 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 221 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.70)]*50 mm}]+[{198.1-50 mm}*10]=1543 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



| Figure 8.11 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | |
| | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | Back | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | Тор | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| 802.11n | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| 5600 MHz | | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | Left | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | Bottom & Right | 100 – 5500 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 104 – 5520 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 108 – 5540 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 112 – 5560 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 116 – 5580 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 120 – 5600 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 124 – 5620 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 128 – 5640 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 132 – 5660 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 136 – 5680 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 140 – 5700 MHz | Reduced ² | |

. . . .

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.



| Figure 8.12 Test Reduction Table – 5.6 GHz Aux | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | |
| 802.11ac 5600 MHz | Back | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | Тор | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | Left | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | Bottom & Right | 106 – 5530 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 122 – 5610 MHz | Reduced ² | |
| | | 138 – 5690 MHz | Reduced ² | |

Figure 9.12 Test Peduction Table

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.



| Figure 8.13 Test Reduction Table – 5.8 GHz Main | | | | | |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced | | |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | Back | 157 – 5785 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Tested | | |
| | Тор | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 157 – 5785 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11a | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Tested | | |
| 5800 MHz | Left | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 157 – 5785 MHz | Tested | | |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | Back | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | Тор | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| 802.11n 5800 MHz | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Left | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |
| 802.11ac 5775 MHz | Back | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ⁴ | | |
| | Тор | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ² | | |
| | Left | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ¹ | | |
| | Bottom & Right | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ³ | | |

Test Deductio

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.4 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 262 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.825)]*50 mm}]+[{198.150 mm}*10]=1543 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW



| Figure 8. | .14 Test Re | duction Table - | - 5.8 GHz Aux |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Mode | Side | Required Channel | Tested/Reduced |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | Back | 157 – 5785 MHz | Tested |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Tested |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | Тор | 157 – 5785 MHz | Tested |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ² |
| 802.11a | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Tested |
| 5800 MHz | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | Left | 157 – 5785 MHz | Tested |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | • | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | Bottom & Right | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | Back | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | Тор | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ² |
| | . 46 | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ² |
| 802.11n | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ² |
| 5800 MHz | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | Left | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| | | 149 – 5745 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | | 153 – 5765 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | Bottom & Right | 157 – 5785 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | Dottom of right | 161 – 5805 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | | 165 – 5825 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | Back | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ⁴ |
| 802.11ac | Тор | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ² |
| 5775 MHz | Left | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ¹ |
| 5 | Bottom & Right | 155 – 5775 MHz | Reduced ³ |
| | is 2 dD halawytha lim | | |

aat Daductian hla II_ A....

Reduced¹ – When the tested channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.

Reduced² – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.8 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1.3) page 9.

Reduced³ – When the antenna is more than 25 mm from a side, the test can be reduced per KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.1 1) page 11. See below for calculations.

Reduced⁴ – When the reported SAR for the initial position is > 0.4 W/kg, test next subsequent highest output power channel until SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, then all other test position/configurations are not required per KDB 248227 D01 v02 section 5.1.1 2) page 9.

Calculations for test exclusion for Bottom and Right side.

Maximum power: 44.7 mW Bottom distance: 198.1 mm Right Side distance: 221 mm

The closest distance is from the bottom side. Therefore, if the bottom side is excluded the right side would also be excluded.

[{[(3.0)/(√5.825)]*50 mm}]+[{198.150 mm}*10]=1543 mW which is greater than 44.7 mW

SAR Data Summary – 2450 MHz Body 802.11b & BT

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Plot | Ga | Antenna | Position | Frequ | ency | Modulation | Antenna | End Power | Measured SAR | Reported SAR |
|------|----|-------------|----------|-------|------|------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| FIOL | р | Antenna | FUSILION | MHz | Ch. | woodation | Antenna | (dBm) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| | | | | 2437 | 6 | DSSS | Main | 17.50 | 1.17 | 1.17 |
| | | | | 2462 | 11 | DSSS | wan | 17.46 | 0.786 | 0.79 |
| | | | | 2412 | 1 | DSSS | | 16.45 | 1.11 | 1.12 |
| | | | Back | 2437 | 6 | DSSS | | 17.50 | 1.23 | 1.23 |
| 1 | | | | 2462 | 11 | DSSS | Aux | 17.47 | 1.36 | 1.37 |
| | | | | 2437 | 6 | OFDM | | 17.50 | 1.01 | 1.01 |
| | | | | 2462 | 11 | OFDM | | 12.46 | 1.16 | 1.17 |
| | | | | 2437 | 6 | DSSS | Main | 17.50 | 0.298 | 0.30 |
| | 0 | On a advise | Тор | 2437 | 6 | DSSS | Aux | 17.50 | 0.557 | 0.56 |
| | mm | Speedwire | | 2462 | 11 | DSSS | Aux | 17.47 | 0.557 | 0.56 |
| | | | Left | 2437 | 6 | DSSS | Main | 17.50 | 0.232 | 0.23 |
| | | | Leit | 2437 | 6 | DSSS | Aux | 17.50 | 0.0574 | 0.06 |
| | | | Back | 2440 | 39 | GFSK | | 7.78 | 0.00421 | <0.01 |
| | | | Тор | 2440 | 39 | GFSK | Main | 7.78 | 0.00165 | <0.01 |
| | | | Left | 2440 | 39 | GFSK |] | 7.78 | 0.00129 | <0.01 |
| | | Repeated | Repeated | 2462 | 11 | DSSS | Aux | 17.47 | 1.32 | 1.33 |
| | | | - | 2437 | 6 | DSSS | Main | 14.50 | 0.567 | 0.57 |
| | | | MIMO | 2462 | 11 | DSSS | Aux | 14.46 | 0.685 | 0.69 |

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- ⊠Test Code □With Belt Clip

Head

Left Head

Eli4

ERP

Right Head

]EIRP

- Body Base Station Simulator
- $\overline{}$ Without Belt Clip $\overline{N/A}$

5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – 5250 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Plot | Plot Gap Antenna | | Position | Frequ | ency | Modulation | Antenna | End Power | Measured SAR | Reported SAR |
|------|------------------|-----------|----------|-------|------|------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| FIOL | Gap | Antenna | FUSILION | MHz | Ch. | Wouldtion | Antenna | (dBm) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| | | | | 5200 | 40 | OFDM | | 15.47 | 0.749 | 0.75 |
| | | | | 5220 | 44 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 0.969 | 0.97 |
| | | | Back | 5280 | 56 | OFDM | Iviain | 15.50 | 1.22 | 1.22 |
| | | | Dack | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | | 15.50 | 1.29 | 1.29 |
| | | | | 5280 | 56 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.968 | 0.97 |
| | | | | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | | 16.00 | 1.04 | 1.04 |
| | | | | 5200 | 40 | OFDM | Main | 15.47 | 0.961 | 0.97 |
| | | | | 5220 | 44 | OFDM | | 15.50 | 1.04 | 1.04 |
| | 0 mm | Speedwire | Тор | 5280 | 56 | OFDM | | 15.50 | 1.24 | 1.24 |
| 2 | | | төр | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | | 15.50 | 1.38 | 1.38 |
| | | | | 5280 | 56 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.618 | 0.62 |
| | | | | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.607 | 0.61 |
| | | | Left | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 0.0999 | 0.10 |
| | | | | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.0568 | 0.06 |
| | | | Repeated | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | Aux | 15.50 | 1.34 | 1.34 |
| | | | MIMO | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | Main | 12.50 | 0.657 | 0.66 |
| | | | NIINO | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | Aux | 13.00 | 0.539 | 0.54 |

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- Left Head
- Head
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

- Test Code
- With Belt Clip
- Eli4 Body Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip

ERP

Right Head

N/A

EIRP

SAR Data Summary – 5600 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Plot Gap | Gap | Antenna | Position | Frequency | | Modulation | Antenna | End Power | Measured SAR | Reported SAR |
|----------|------|--------------|----------|-----------|-----|------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| FIOL | Gap | Antenna | FUSICION | MHz | Ch. | woodlation | Antonna | (dBm) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| | | | | 5580 | 116 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 0.826 | 0.83 |
| | | | Back | 5620 | 124 | OFDM | wan | 15.50 | 0.782 | 0.78 |
| | | | Dack | 5580 | 116 | OFDM | A | 16.00 | 0.587 | 0.59 |
| | | | | 5620 | 124 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.558 | 0.56 |
| | | | Top | 5520 | 104 | OFDM | | 15.50 | 1.14 | 1.14 |
| 3 | | | | 5580 | 116 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 1.23 | 1.23 |
| | 0 mm | nm Speedwire | Тор | 5620 | 124 | OFDM | | 15.50 | 1.08 | 1.08 |
| | | | | 5620 | 124 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.371 | 0.37 |
| | | | Left | 5620 | 124 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 0.0934 | 0.09 |
| | | | Len | 5620 | 124 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.0526 | 0.05 |
| | | | Repeated | 5580 | 116 | OFDM | Aux | 15.50 | 1.19 | 1.19 |
| | | | MIMO | 5580 | 116 | OFDM | Main | 12.50 | 0.587 | 0.59 |
| | | MIMO | | 5580 | 116 | OFDM | Aux | 13.00 | 0.315 | 0.32 |

Left Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

Head

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests.

 Power Measured

 Conducted
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

| ERP | EIRP |
|----------------|------------|
| ⊠Eli4 ⊠Body | Right Head |
| Base Station S | Simulator |

 $\square Without Belt Clip \qquad \square N/A$

SAR Data Summary – 5800 MHz Body 802.11a

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Plot | Gap | Antenna | Position | Frequ | lency | Modulation | Antenna | End Power | Measured SAR | Reported SAR |
|------|-----|-----------|----------|-------|-------|------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| FIOL | Gap | Antenna | FUSICION | MHz | Ch. | Wouldton | Antenna | (dBm) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| | | | | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 0.722 | 0.72 |
| | | | Back | 5825 | 165 | OFDM | IVIAIIT | 15.50 | 0.309 | 0.31 |
| | | | Dack | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | A.ux | 16.00 | 0.571 | 0.57 |
| | | | | 5825 | 165 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.572 | 0.57 |
| | | | Top | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 0.935 | 0.94 |
| 4 | 0 | | | 5825 | 165 | OFDM | IVIAIIT | 15.50 | 1.04 | 1.04 |
| | 0 | Speedwire | Тор | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | A | 16.00 | 0.521 | 0.52 |
| | mm | | | 5825 | 165 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.480 | 0.48 |
| | | | Left | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | Main | 15.50 | 0.0899 | 0.09 |
| | | | Leit | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | Aux | 16.00 | 0.0403 | 0.04 |
| | | | Repeated | 5825 | 165 | OFDM | Aux | 15.50 | 0.996 | 1.00 |
| | | | | 5825 | 165 | OFDM | Main | 12.50 | 0.513 | 0.51 |
| | | | MIMO | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | Aux | 13.00 | 0.276 | 0.28 |
| | | | | | | | | Body | | |

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured

ERP

 \boxtimes Eli4

 \boxtimes Body

```
EIRP
```

Right Head

- SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
 Test Signal Call Mode
- Left Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



MEASUREMENT RESULTS - BT Frequency Frequency Modulation Modulation **SAR**₁ SAR₂ SAR Total MHz Ch. MHz Ch. DSSS GFSK 1.37 1.38 2437 6 2440 39 0.01 5230 46 HT40 2440 39 GFSK 1.04 0.01 1.05 5520 104 OFDM 2440 39 GFSK 0.59 0.01 0.60 OFDM 2440 39 GFSK 0.57 5749 149 0.01 0.58 Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

SAR Data Summary – Simultaneous Evaluation

The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.2 page 11.

| MEASUREMENT RESULTS - MIMO | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------------|-------|------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Freque | ency | Modulation | Frequ | ency | Modulation | SAR ₁ - Main | SAR ₂ - Aux | SAR Total |
| MHz | Ch. | modulation | MHz | Ch. | modulation | | | |
| 2437 | 6 | DSSS | 2462 | 11 | DSSS | 0.57 | 0.69 | 1.26 |
| 5300 | 60 | OFDM | 5300 | 60 | OFDM | 0.66 | 0.54 | 1.20 |
| 5580 | 116 | OFDM | 5580 | 116 | OFDM | 0.59 | 0.32 | 0.91 |
| 5825 | 165 | OFDM | 5785 | 157 | OFDM | 0.51 | 0.28 | 0.79 |
| Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram | | | | | | | | |

In MIMO mode, the sum of the two stand-alone values at full power would not meet the simultaneous SAR evaluation for summation or separation ratio. Therefore, the highest stand-alone for each band was tested using the MIMO power setting which is 3 dB lower than the stand-alone value. See the data sheet for each band above for the SAR measured. The sum of the two transmitters is less than the limit; therefore, the simultaneous transmission meets the requirements of KDB447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.2 page 11.



9. Test Equipment List

| Table 9.1 Equipment Specifications | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Туре | Calibration Due Date | Calibration Done Date | Serial Number | | | | |
| Staubli Robot TX60L | N/A | N/A | F07/55M6A1/A/01 | | | | |
| Measurement Controller CS8c | N/A | N/A | 1012 | | | | |
| ELI4 Flat Phantom | N/A | N/A | 1065 | | | | |
| Device Holder | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | | |
| Data Acquisition Electronics 4 | 04/15/2016 | 04/15/2015 | 1416 | | | | |
| SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4 | 04/27/2016 | 04/27/2015 | 3662 | | | | |
| Speag Validation Dipole D2450V2 | 12/04/2015 | 12/04/2012 | 829 | | | | |
| Speag Validation Dipole D5GHzV2 | 12/11/2015 | 12/11/2012 | 1085 | | | | |
| Agilent N1911A Power Meter | 05/20/2017 | 05/20/2015 | GB45100254 | | | | |
| Agilent N1922A Power Sensor | 06/25/2017 | 06/25/2015 | MY45240464 | | | | |
| Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer | 03/26/2017 | 03/26/2015 | 31720068 | | | | |
| Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator | 03/26/2017 | 03/26/2015 | 2749A10226 | | | | |
| Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In | 03/26/2017 | 03/26/2015 | 2647A01172 | | | | |
| Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer | 03/26/2017 | 03/26/2015 | 3135A01724 | | | | |
| Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set | 03/26/2017 | 03/26/2015 | 2904A00595 | | | | |
| Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim. | 03/31/2017 | 03/31/2015 | MY48360364 | | | | |
| Anritsu MT8820C | 07/28/2017 | 07/28/2015 | 6201176199 | | | | |
| Agilent 778D Dual Directional Coupler | N/A | N/A | MY48220184 | | | | |
| MiniCircuits BW-N20W5+ Fixed 20 dB | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | | |
| Attenuator | | | | | | | |
| MiniCircuits SPL-10.7+ Low Pass Filter | N/A | N/A | R8979513746 | | | | |
| Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly | N/A | N/A | 0011 | | | | |
| Body Equivalent Matter (2450 MHz) | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | | |
| Body Equivalent Matter (5 GHz) | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | | |

Table 9.1 Equipment Specifications



10. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



11. References

[1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996

[2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 – 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.

[5] IEEE Standard 1528 – 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.

[6] Industry Canada, RSS – 102e, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2010.

[7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.



Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

* value interpolated



***** Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Wed 29/Jul/2015 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM

* value interpolated



Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 829

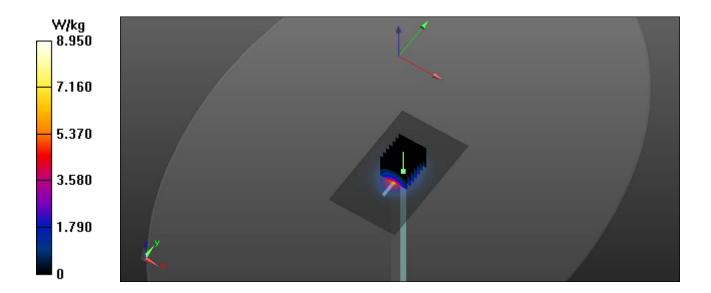
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.58; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 7/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

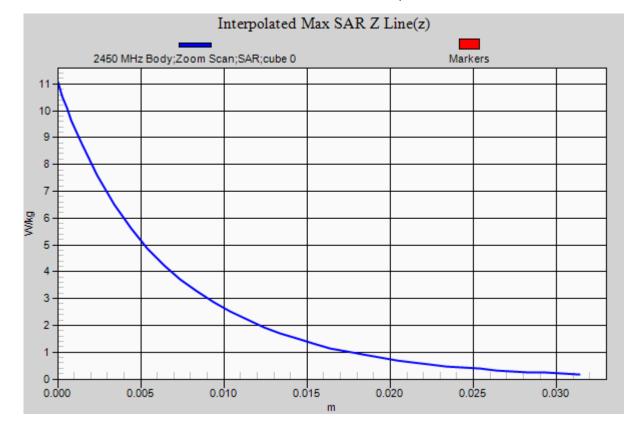
Body Verification/2450 MHz/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.85 W/kg

Body Verification/2450 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.243 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.1 W/kg Pin=100 mW SAR(1 g) = 5.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.93 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20150802





Plot 2

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.34 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.94; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

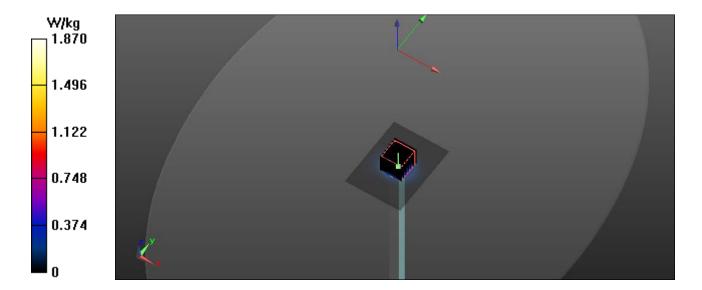
Test Date: Date: 7/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

Body Verification/5200 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.76 W/kg

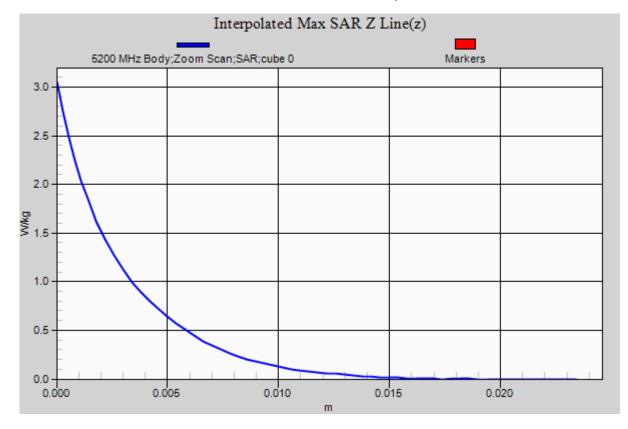
Body Verification/5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 13.429 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg Pin=10 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.736 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.87 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20150802





Plot 3

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.8 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.36; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

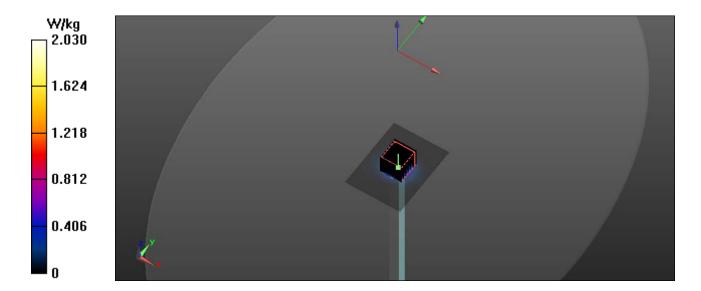
Test Date: Date: 7/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

Body Verification/5600 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.89 W/kg

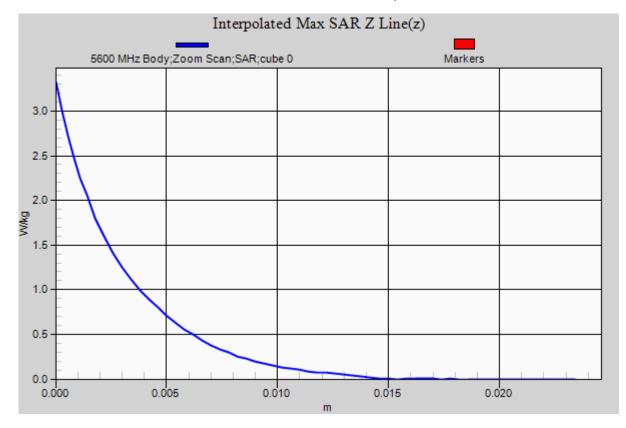
Body Verification/5600 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 12.967 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.35 W/kg Pin=10 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.799 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20150802





Plot 4

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.04 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.05; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

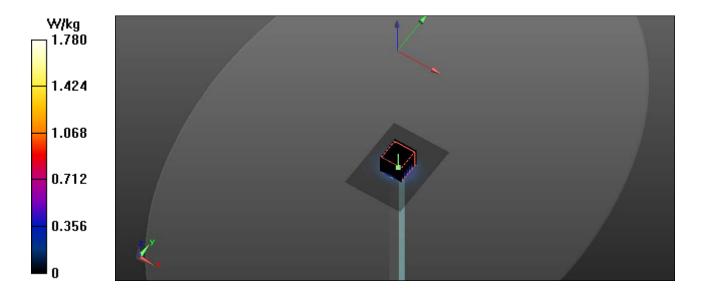
Test Date: Date: 7/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.99, 3.99, 3.99); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

Body Verification/5800 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.69 W/kg

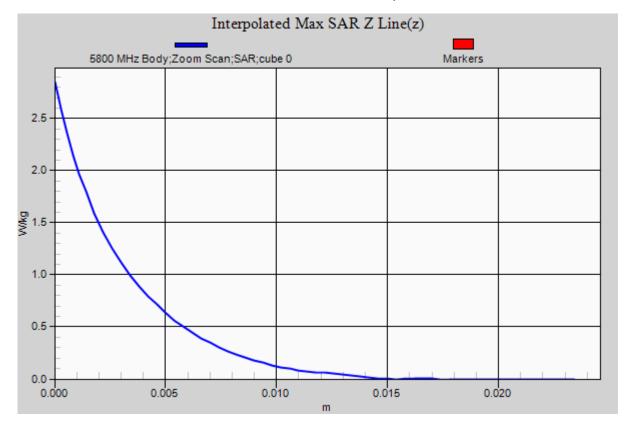
Body Verification/5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 12.497 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.87 W/kg Pin=10 mW SAR(1 g) = 0.721 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.79 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20150802





Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



Plot 1

DUT: TPN-Q165; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: WiFi 802.11b (DSSS, 1 Mbps); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.012 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.566; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 7/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

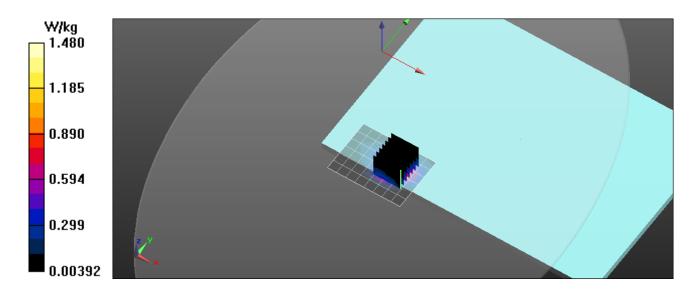
2450 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Back Tx2 High/Area Scan (9x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.98 W/kg

2450 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Back Tx2 High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.88 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.36 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.48 W/kg





Plot 2

DUT: TPN-Q165; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 5.45 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.81; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 7/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

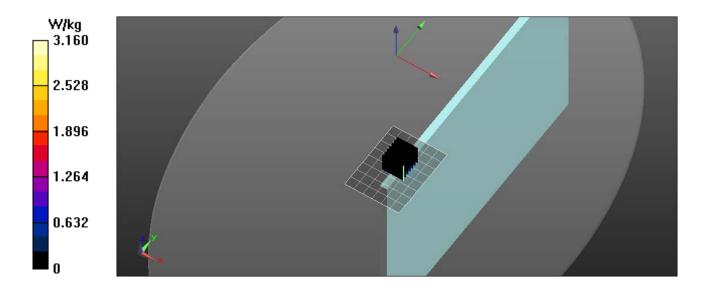
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

5200 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Top Tx1 60/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.11 W/kg

5200 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Top Tx1 60/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 11.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.38 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.16 W/kg





Plot 3

DUT: TPN-Q165; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used: f = 5580 MHz; σ = 5.77 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.39; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 7/30/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

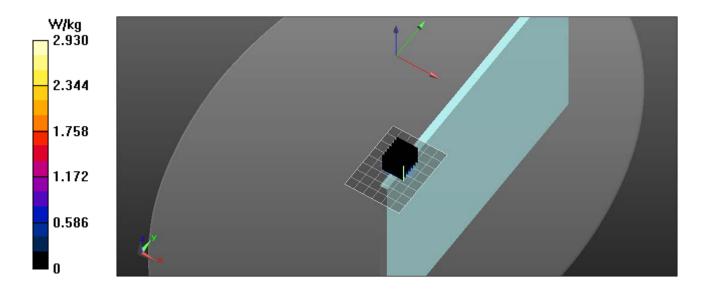
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

5600 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Top Tx1 116/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.94 W/kg

5600 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Top Tx1 116/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm Reference Value = 13.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.23 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.93 W/kg





Plot 4

DUT: TPN-Q165; Type: Tablet PC; Serial: Eng 1

Communication System: WiFi 802.11a (OFDM, 6 Mbps); Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 3-6 GHz; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 5825 MHz; σ = 6.068 S/m; ϵ_r = 48.013; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 7/29/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3662; ConvF(3.99, 3.99, 3.99); Calibrated: 4/27/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1416; Calibrated: 4/15/2015 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1065 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

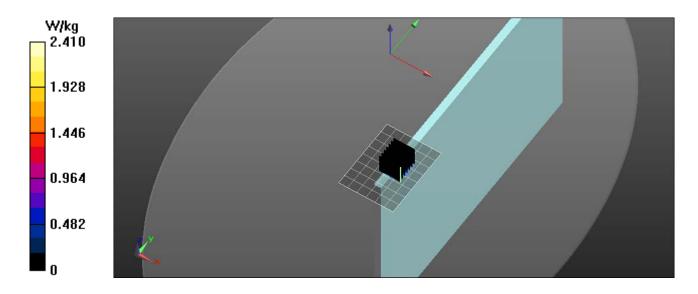
5800 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Top Tx1 165/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

5800 MHz Speedwire/Tablet Top Tx1 165/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.737 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.33 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.41 W/kg





Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





С

S

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- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Client RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| Object | EX3DV4 - SN:3662 |
|--|---|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes |
| Calibration date: | April 27, 2015 |
| This calibration certificate document The measurements and the uncert | nts the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). ainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. |

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) | Mar-16 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5277 (20x) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132) | Mar-16 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133) | Mar-16 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14) | Dec-15 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) | Jan-16 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) | In house check: Apr-16 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) | In house check: Oct-15 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Jeton Kastrati | Laboratory Technician | - C |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | Lelly |
| | | | Issued: April 28, 2015 |
| This calibration certificat | e shall not be reproduced except ir | full without written approval of the labor | pratory. |

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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 - Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

| Glossary: | |
|---------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORMx,y,z | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C, D | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization ϕ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization 9 | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| Connector Angle | information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \le 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3662

Manufactured: Calibrated: October 20, 2008 April 27, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 0.44 | 0.47 | 0.52 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 101.9 | 95.6 | 97.9 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | Β dB√μV | С | D dB | VR mV | Unc [⊏] (k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 153.2 | ±3.0 % |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 140.2 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 142.2 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| | 52.3 | 0.76 | 10.87 | 10.87 | 10.87 | 0.00 | 1.00 | ± 13.3 % |
| 220 | 49.0 | 0.81 | 11.06 | 11.06 | 11.06 | 0.00 | 1.00 | ± 13.3 % |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 10.63 | 10.63 | 10.63 | 0.16 | 1.20 | ± 13.3 % |
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 9.42 | 9.42 | 9.42 | 0.23 | 1.33 | <u>± 12.0 %</u> |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 0.34 | 0.93 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 8.79 | 8.79 | 8.79 | 0.21 | 1.31 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 7.76 | 7.76 | 7.76 | 0.19 | 1.18 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.48 | 7.48 | 7.48 | 0.34 | 0.85 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 6.95 | 6.95 | 6.95 | 0.37 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 6.84 | 6.84 | 6.84 | 0.42 | 0.80 | ± 12.0 % |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 4.66 | 5.05 | 5.05 | 5.05 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 4.96 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.73 | 4.73 | 4.73 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.68 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the Compt uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

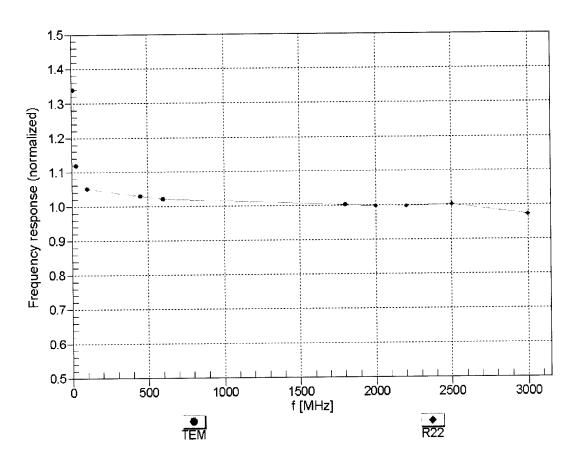
| f (MHz) ^C | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| 150 | 61.9 | 0.80 | 10.83 | 10.83 | 10.83 | 0.00 | 1.00 | <u>± 13.3 %</u> |
| 220 | 60.2 | 0.86 | 10.42 | 10.42 | 10.42 | 0.00 | 1.00 | ± 13.3 % |
| 450 | 56.7 | 0.94 | 10.37 | 10.37 | 10.37 | 0.08 | 1.20 | ± 13.3 % |
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 8.92 | 8.92 | 8.92 | 0.25 | 1.26 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 8.86 | 8.86 | 8.86 | 0.41 | 0.88 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 55.0 | 1.05 | 8.59 | 8.59 | 8.59 | 0.35 | 1.07 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.49 | 7.49 | 7.49 | 0.25 | 1.07 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.31 | 7.31 | 7.31 | 0.37 | 0.89 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 7.08 | 7.08 | 7.08 | 0.34 | 0.90 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 6.84 | 6.84 | 6.84 | 0.34 | 0.90 | ± 12.0 % |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 5.30 | 4.45 | 4.45 | 4.45 | 0.45 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 5.42 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 0.45 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 48.6 | 5.65 | 3.89 | 3.89 | 3.89 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 6.00 | 3.99 | 3.99 | 3.99 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

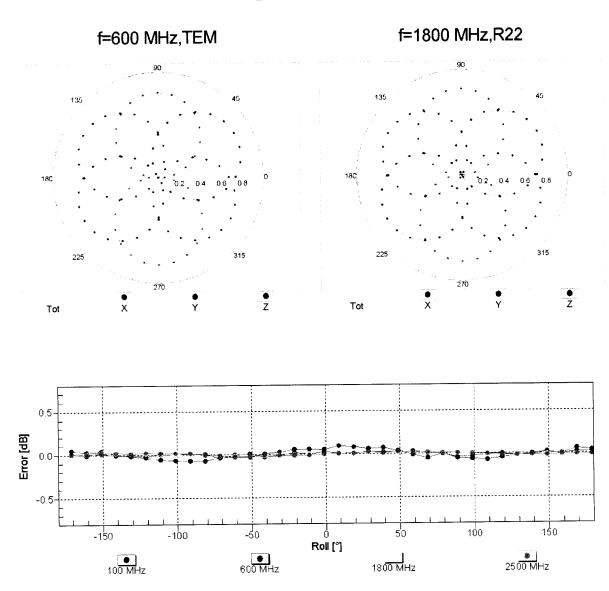
⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

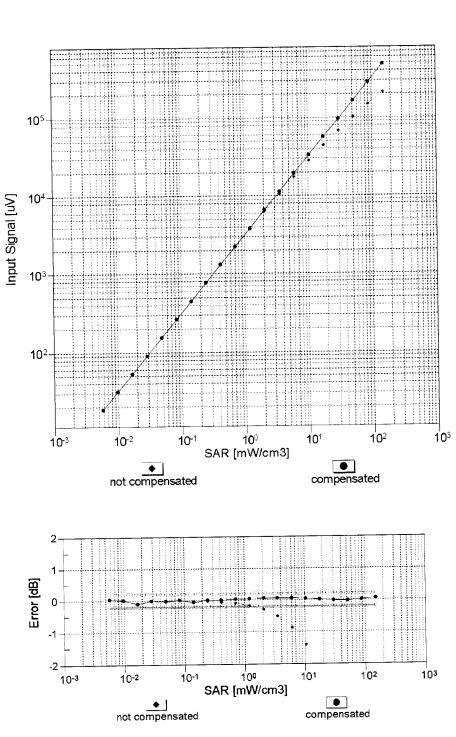
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3662_Apr15



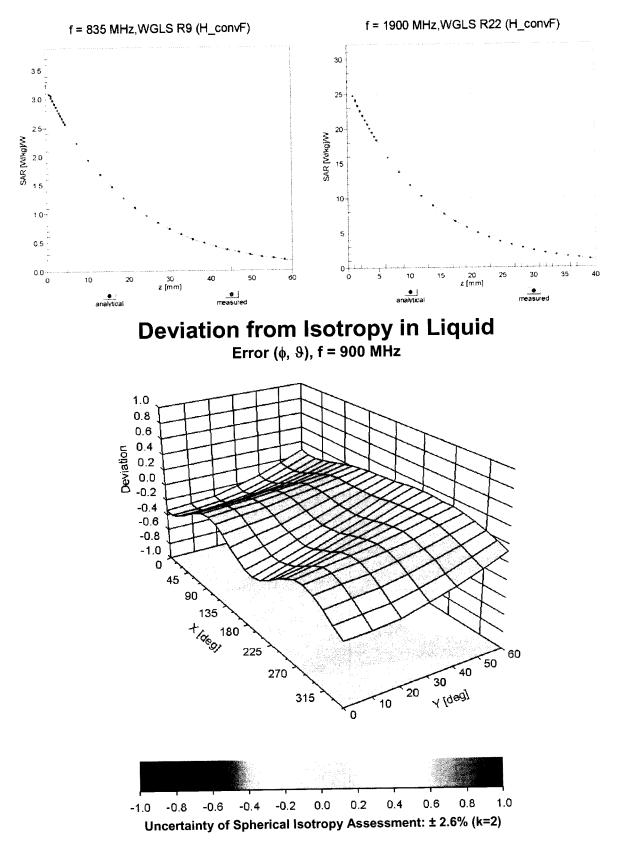
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | -31.2 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4 mm |
| | |



Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D2450V2-829_Dec12

| bject | D2450V2 - SN: 82 | 9 | |
|---|---|--|--|
| alibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration proced | lure for dipole validation kits abov | ve 700 MHz |
| Calibration date: | December 04, 20 ⁻ | 12 | |
| he measurements and the unce | rtainties with confidence pr | onal standards, which realize the physical unit obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C | Tale part of the certificate. |
| | | | |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&1 | TE critical for calibration) | | |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards | TE critical for calibration) | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A | TE critical for calibration) | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Fype-N mismatch combination | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 | TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 | ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E | ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 |
| All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by: | ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 | Cal Date (Certificate No.) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | Scheduled Calibration Oct-13 Oct-13 Apr-13 Apr-13 Dec-12 Jun-13 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 In house check: Oct-13 |

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

S Service suisse d'étalonnage

С Servizio svizzero di taratura

S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.3 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 38.2 ± 6 % | 1.84 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.7 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 53.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.33 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 25.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 50.7 ± 6 % | 2.02 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.2 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 51.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.08 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

 $\overline{}$

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.1 Ω + 4.2 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.9 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.7 Ω + 5.1 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.9 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.158 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured on | December 11, 2008 |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 04.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 829

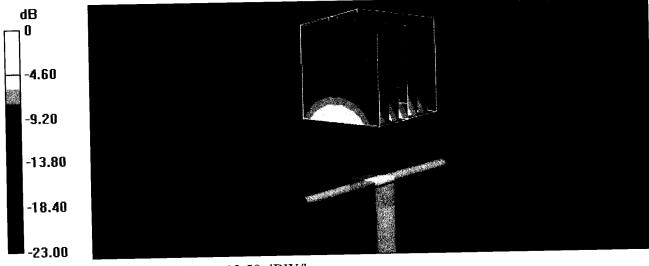
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

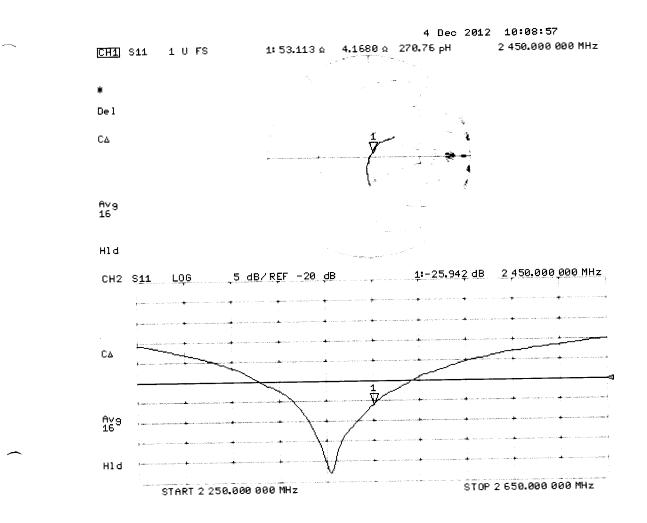
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg



0 dB = 17.8 W/kg = 12.50 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 04.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 829

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.02 mho/m; ϵ_r = 50.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

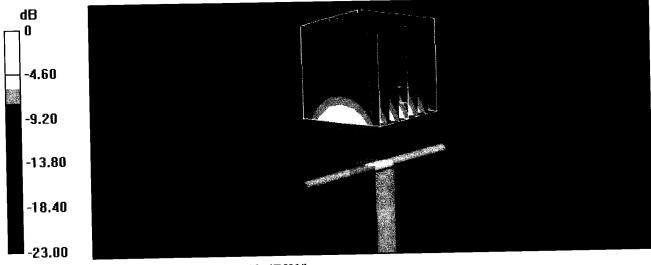
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

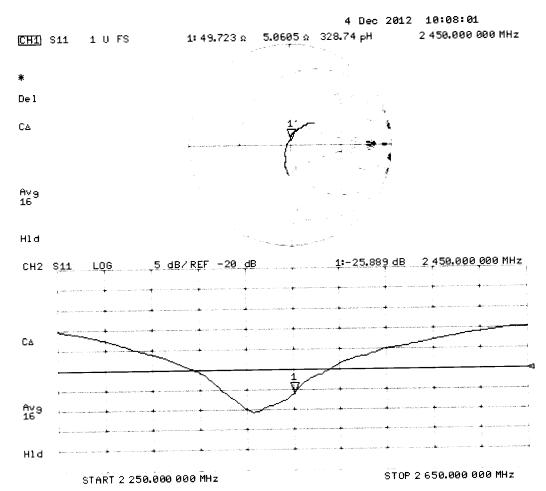
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg



0 dB = 17.5 W/kg = 12.43 dBW/kg



Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

| D2450V2 SN: 829 - Head | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------|----------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | Δ% | Impedance (Ω) | ΔΩ | Impedance Imaginary (jΩ) | ΔΩ | |
| 12/4/2012 | -25.9 | | 53.1 | | 4.2 | | |
| 12/5/2013 | -26.5 | 2.3 | 52.6 | -0.5 | 3.8 | -0.4 | |
| 12/5/2014 | -24.6 | -5.0 | 51.6 | -1.5 | 4.9 | 0.7 | |
| D2450V2 SN: 829 - Body | | | | | | | |
| | | D2450 | VZ SN: 829 - | Body | | | |
| Date of Measurement | Return Loss (dB) | Δ% | V2 SN: 829 - Impedance (Ω) | ΔΩ | Impedance Imaginary (jΩ) | ΔΩ | |
| Measurement | | | Impedance | | 1 | ΔΩ | |
| | (dB) | | Impedance (Ω) | | Imaginary (jΩ) | <u>ΔΩ</u> -0.5 | |

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1085_Dec12

| CALIBRATION C | ERTIFICATE | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Object | D5GHzV2 - SN: 10 | 085 | |
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-22.v1 Calibration proced | ure for dipole validation kits bet | ween 3-6 GHz |
| Calibration date: | December 11, 20 ⁻ | 12 | |
| The measurements and the uncer | rtainties with confidence pr | onal standards, which realize the physical ur obability are given on the following pages a | la die part of the continents. |
| All calibrations have been conduc | ted in the closed laborator | y facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ | C and number < 70 %. |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&T | re critical for calibration) | | |
| Primary Standards | 1D # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Oct-13 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) | Oct-13 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5058 (20k) | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) | Apr-13 |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.3 / 06327 | 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) | Apr-13 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN: 3503 | 30-Dec-11 (No. EX3-3503_Dec11) | Dec-12 |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) | Jun-13 |
| | L.= | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) | In house check: Oct-13 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | 0537390363 34200 | | |
| | | Function | Signature |
| | Name | Laboratory Technician | |
| Calibrated by: | Israe El-Naouq | Laboratory roominication | Joran En aou |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | Veran Unaou |
| | | | 2 |
| | | | Issued: December 11, 2012 |

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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- С Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency" Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. • No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. •
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna ٠ connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the • nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.8.3 |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| Frequency | 5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 36.0 | 4.66 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.8 ± 6 % | 4.53 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|--|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.20 W/kg | |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 81.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) | |
| | | | |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | | |
| | -1 | 0.05 M////m | |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm (10 g) of field 10 | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.35 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.3 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |
| | | |

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.9 | 4.76 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.7 ± 6 % | 4.63 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

| Condition | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 100 mW input power | 8.35 W/kg |
| normalized to 1W | 82.9 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |
| | 100 mW input power |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.39 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |
| SAR IOI HOITIINAI HEAU TEE parametere | | |

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.5 | 5.07 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.2 ± 6 % | 4.93 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 8.69 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 86.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.48 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 35.3 | 5.27 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 34.0 ± 6 % | 5.15 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| Condition | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 100 mW input power | 8.16 W/kg |
| normalized to 1W | 80.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |
| | 100 mW input power |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.33 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 49.0 | 5.30 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.8 ± 6 % | 5.35 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.41 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 73.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.08 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.9 | 5.42 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.7 ± 6 % | 5.47 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

| Condition | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 100 mW input power | 7.43 W/kg |
| normalized to 1W | 73.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |
| | 100 mW input power |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.09 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| The following parameters and an and a second s | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|--|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.5 | 5.77 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 46.2 ± 6 % | 5.86 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 7.98 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 79.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.22 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 48.2 | 6.00 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 45.9 ± 6 % | 6.13 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| Condition | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 100 mW input power | 7.36 W/kg |
| normalized to 1W | 72.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2) |
| | 100 mW input power |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.04 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.9 Ω - 9.9 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 20.2 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.7 Ω - 5.6 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 24.7 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.1 Ω - 4.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.0 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.9 Ω - 4.6 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 26.2 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.0 Ω - 9.5 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 20.5 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.7 Ω - 5.0 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 26.0 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 56.5 Ω - 3.4 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.2 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.5 Ω - 4.7 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.0 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| ļ | Electrical Delay (and direction) | 1.207 ns |
|---|----------------------------------|----------|
| | Electrical Delay (one direction) | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured by | December 21, 2009 |

Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

| D5GHzV2 SN: 1085 - Head | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Date of Measurement | Frequency | Return Loss (dB) Δ% | | Impedance (Ω) | ΔΩ | Impedance Imaginary (jΩ) | ΔΩ | | | |
| 12/11/2012 | | -20.2 | | 50.9 | | -9.9 | | | | |
| 12/11/2013 | 5200 MHz | -21.3 | 5.4 | 51.2 | 0.3 | -8.7 | 1.2 | | | |
| 12/11/2014 | | -20.8 | 3.0 | 50.1 | -0.8 | -9.4 | 0.5 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 | | -24.7 | | 48.7 | | -5.6 | | | | |
| 12/11/2013 | 5300 MHz | -24.3 | -1.6 | 47.9 | -0.8 | -4.8 | 0.8 | | | |
| 12/11/2014 | | -23.9 | -3.2 | 47.2 | -1.5 | -4.2 | 1.4 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 | | -23.0 | | 56.1 | | -4.4 | | | | |
| 12/11/2013 | 5600 MHz | -23.9 | 3.9 | 55.0 | -1.1 | -4.9 | -0.5 | | | |
| 12/11/2014 | 1 | -23.5 | 2.2 | 55.8 | -0.3 | -3.8 | 1.1 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 | | -26.2 | | 51.9 | | -4.6 | | | | |
| 12/11/2013 | 5800 MHz | -25.6 | -2.3 | 53.1 | 1.2 | -4.1 | 0.5 | | | |
| 12/11/2014 | 1 | -25.2 | -3.8 | 52.6 | 0.7 | -5.2 | -0.6 | | | |
| | | D5GH | IzV2 SN | l: 1085 - Body | , | | | | | |
| Date of | | Return Loss | A0/ | Impedance | ΔΩ | Impedance | | | | |
| | | | | | /M/ | | ΔΩ | | | |
| Measurement | Frequency | (dB) | Δ% | Real (Ω) | | Imaginary (jΩ) | ΔΩ | | | |
| Measurement 12/11/2012 | Frequency | (dB) -20.5 | Δ% | Real (Ω) 50.0 | | -9.5 | | | | |
| 12/11/2012 | 5200 MHz | | Δ% 3.9 | Real (Ω) | 1.2 | -9.5 -8.7 | 0.8 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 | | -20.5 | | Real (Ω) 50.0 | | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 | | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 | | -20.5 -21.3 | 3.9 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 | 1.2 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 | 0.8 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 | | -20.5 -21.3 -21.6 | 3.9 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 49.8 | 1.2 -0.2 1.6 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 -4.6 | 0.8 -0.7 0.4 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 | 5200 MHz | -20.5 -21.3 -21.6 -26.0 | 3.9 5.4 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 49.8 49.7 51.3 50.3 | <u>1.2</u> -0.2 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 -4.6 -5.8 | 0.8 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 | 5200 MHz | -20.5 -21.3 -21.6 -26.0 -25.3 | 3.9 5.4 -2.7 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 49.8 49.7 51.3 50.3 56.5 | 1.2 -0.2 <u>1.6</u> 0.6 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 -4.6 -5.8 -3.4 | 0.8 -0.7 0.4 -0.8 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 | 5200 MHz | -20.5 -21.3 -21.6 -26.0 -25.3 -27.1 | 3.9 5.4 -2.7 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 49.8 49.7 51.3 50.3 56.5 55.9 | 1.2 -0.2 <u>1.6</u> 0.6 -0.6 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 -4.6 -5.8 -3.4 -3.9 | 0.8 -0.7 0.4 -0.8 -0.5 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 | 5200 MHz 5300 MHz | -20.5 -21.3 -21.6 -26.0 -25.3 -27.1 -23.2 | 3.9 5.4 -2.7 4.2 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 49.8 49.7 51.3 50.3 56.5 | 1.2 -0.2 <u>1.6</u> 0.6 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 -4.6 -5.8 -3.4 -3.9 -2.8 | 0.8 -0.7 0.4 -0.8 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 | 5200 MHz 5300 MHz | -20.5 -21.3 -21.6 -26.0 -25.3 -27.1 -23.2 -22.6 | 3.9 5.4 -2.7 4.2 -2.6 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 49.8 49.7 51.3 50.3 56.5 55.9 | 1.2 -0.2 1.6 0.6 -0.6 0.6 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 -4.6 -5.8 -3.4 -3.9 -2.8 -4.7 | 0.8 -0.7 0.4 -0.8 -0.5 0.6 | | | |
| 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 12/11/2014 12/11/2012 12/11/2013 | 5200 MHz 5300 MHz | -20.5 -21.3 -21.6 -26.0 -25.3 -27.1 -23.2 -22.6 -24.3 | 3.9 5.4 -2.7 4.2 -2.6 | Real (Ω) 50.0 51.2 49.8 49.7 51.3 50.3 56.5 55.9 57.1 | 1.2 -0.2 <u>1.6</u> 0.6 -0.6 | -9.5 -8.7 -10.2 -5.0 -4.6 -5.8 -3.4 -3.9 -2.8 | 0.8 -0.7 0.4 -0.8 -0.5 | | | |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.53$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.63$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.93$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.15$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.782 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.35 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.947 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 64.857 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

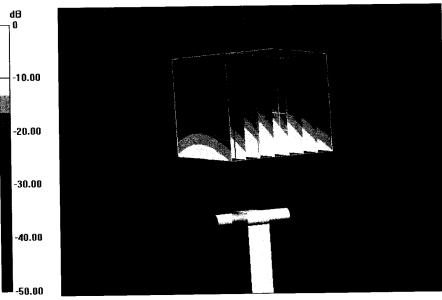
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 61.816 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

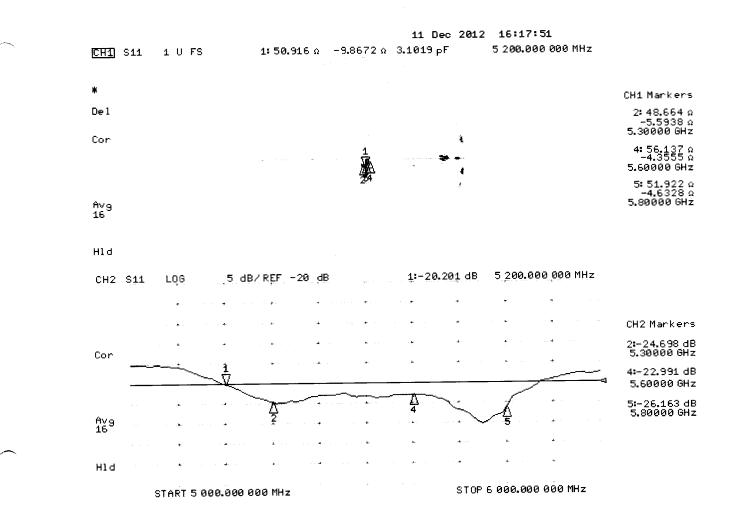
SAR(1 g) = 8.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.33 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



0 dB = 19.9 W/kg = 12.99 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 10.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1085

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.35$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.47$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.86$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 46.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.13$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 45.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2011, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 58.435 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 57.938 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 58.467 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 7.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

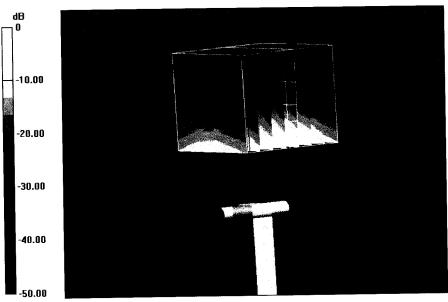
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 54.901 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.6 W/kg

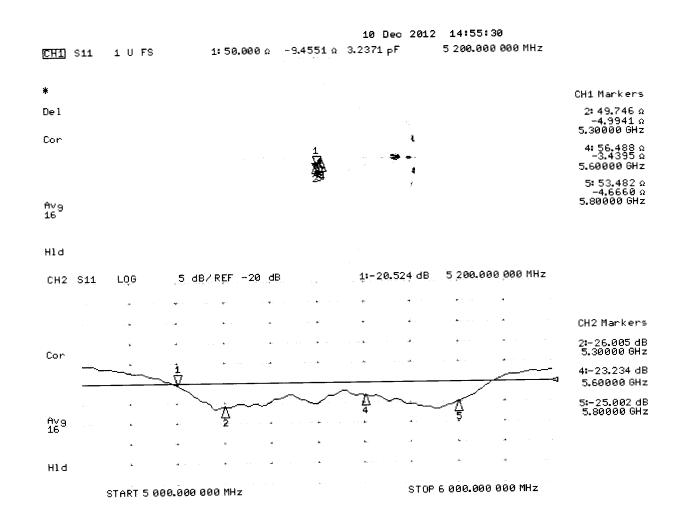
SAR(1 g) = 7.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



0 dB = 18.3 W/kg = 12.62 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

| Item | Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0 |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| Type No | QD OVA 001 B |
| Series No | 1003 and higher |
| Manufacturer | Untersee Composites |
| | Knebelstrasse 8 |
| | CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland |

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

| Test | Requirement | Details | Units tested |
|-------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Material | Compliant with the standard | Bottom plate: | all |
| thickness | requirements | 2.0mm +/- 0.2mm | |
| Material | Dielectric parameters for required | < 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4 | Material |
| parameters | frequencies | +/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05 | sample |
| Material | The material has been tested to be | DGBE based simulating | Equivalent |
| resistivity | compatible with the liquids defined in | liquids. | phantoms, |
| - | the standards if handled and cleaned | Observe Technical Note for | Material |
| | according to the instructions. | material compatibility. | sample |
| Shape | Thickness of bottom material, | Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm | Prototypes, |
| | Internal dimensions, | Depth 190 mm, | Sample |
| | Sagging | Shape is within tolerance for | testing |
| | compatible with standards from | filling height up to 155 mm, | _ |
| | minimum frequency | Eventual sagging is reduced or | [|
| | | eliminated by support via DUT | |

Standards

- CENELEC EN 50361-2001, « Basic standard for the measurement of the Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz) », July 2001
- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices – Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT. **S P G a G**

| Date | 28.4.2008 | Signature / Stamp | Schmid_& Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41,44,245 9779 info@speag.com; http://www.speag.com |
|------|-----------|-------------------|---|
|------|-----------|-------------------|---|

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Appendix G – Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

| SAR System valuation Summary | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|------|------|--------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------|
| SAR | F | | Ducha | Ducks | | | | | CW Validation | | | Modulation Validation | | |
| System # | Freq. (MHz) | Date | Probe S/N | Probe Type | | | Cond. (σ) | Perm. (ε _r) | Sens- itivity | Probe Linearity | Probe Isotropy | Modulation Type | Duty Factor | PAR |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2450 | 5/04/2015 | 3662 | EX3DV4 | 2450 | Body | 2.00 | 52.31 | Pass | Pass | Pass | OFDM/TDD | Pass | Pass |
| 1 | 5200 | 5/05/2015 | 3662 | EX3DV4 | 5200 | Body | 5.39 | 48.76 | Pass | Pass | Pass | OFDM | N/A | Pass |
| 1 | 5300 | 5/05/2015 | 3662 | EX3DV4 | 5300 | Body | 5.42 | 48.49 | Pass | Pass | Pass | OFDM | N/A | Pass |
| 1 | 5500 | 5/05/2015 | 3662 | EX3DV4 | 5500 | Body | 5.83 | 48.08 | Pass | Pass | Pass | OFDM | N/A | Pass |
| 1 | 5600 | 5/06/2015 | 3662 | EX3DV4 | 5600 | Body | 5.79 | 47.87 | Pass | Pass | Pass | OFDM | N/A | Pass |
| 1 | 5800 | 5/06/2015 | 3662 | EX3DV4 | 5800 | Body | 6.01 | 47.72 | Pass | Pass | Pass | OFDM | N/A | Pass |

Table G-1 SAR System Validation Summary