



TESTING LABORATORY  
CERTIFICATE#4323.01



## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

**Juniper Systems, Inc.**

1132 W 1700 N Logan, Utah ,84321 United States

**FCC ID: VSFCT8X2**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Cedar CT8X2	
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<b>Report Number:</b>	RSHD200817003-20B	
<b>Report Date:</b>	2021-04-02	
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Attestation of Test Results		
EUT Information	EUT Description	Cedar CT8X2
	Tested Model	CT8X2
	FCC ID	VSFCT8X2
	Serial Number	RSHD200817003
	Test Date	2021-02-21~ 2021-02-26
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)
Body supported Mode	GSM 850	0.24 W/kg 1g SAR
	PCS 1900	0.20 W/kg 1g SAR
	WCDMA 2	0.49 W/kg 1g SAR
	WCDMA 5	0.21 W/kg 1g SAR
	LTE Band 2	0.45 W/kg 1g SAR
	LTE Band 4	0.69 W/kg 1g SAR
	LTE Band 5	0.28 W/kg 1g SAR
	LTE Band 7	0.31 W/kg 1g SAR
	LTE Band 17	0.14 W/kg 1g SAR
	LTE Band 41	0.24 W/kg 1g SAR
	2.4GHz WLAN	0.82 W/kg 1g SAR
	5.2GHz WLAN	0.71 W/kg 1g SAR
	5.8GHz WLAN	0.55 W/kg 1g SAR
	Hotspot	1.51 W/kg 1g SAR
	Simultaneous	1.51 W/kg 1g SAR
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093	
	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices	
	RF Exposure Procedures: TCB Workshop April 2019	
	IEEE1528:2013	
	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	
	IEC 62209-1:2016	
	Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1: Devices used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)	
	IEC 62209-2:2010	
	Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
	KDB procedures	
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05 KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02		
<b>Note:</b> This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in <b>FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093</b> and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures. <b>The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</b>		

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**DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	RSHD200817003-20B	Original Report	2021-04-02

## EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of **Juniper Systems, Inc.** and their product **Cedar CT8X2**, Model: **CT8X2**, FCC ID: **VSFCT8X2** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*\*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 20200817003 (Assigned by BACL). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2020-09-10.*

### Technical Specification

<b>Device Type:</b>	Cedar CT8X2
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled
<b>Antenna Type(s):</b>	FPC antenna
<b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Face-Head Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Operation Mode :</b>	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, EGPRS Data, WCDMA( R99 (Voice+Data), HSDPA/HSUPA) FDD-LTE/ TDD-LTE WLAN2.4G/WLAN 5G Bluetooth
<b>Frequency Band:</b>	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850: 824-849 MHz(TX), 869-894 MHz(RX) GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX), 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band II: 1850-1910 MHz(TX), 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band V: 824-849 MHz(TX), 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX), 1930MHz-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX), 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX), 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX), 2620-2690 MHz(RX) LTE Band 17: 704-716 MHz(TX), 734-746 MHz(RX) LTE Band 41: 2555-2655 MHz(TX), 2555-2655 MHz(RX) 2.4G Wi-Fi: 2412~2462 MHz (802.11b/g/n20), 2422~2452 MHz (802.11n40) BT/BLE(1Mbps): 2402-2480MHz 5G Wi-Fi B1: 5180-5240 MHz, B4: 5745-5825 MHz
<b>Conducted RF Power:</b>	GSM 850: 33.99 dBm; PCS 1900: 31.93 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 22.54dBm;WCDMA Band 5: 22.67 dBm LTE Band 2: 23.05 dBm; LTE Band 4: 23.09 dBm LTE Band 5: 22.55 dBm ;LTE Band 7: 23.12 dBm LTE Band 17: 22.92 dBm; LTE Band 41: 23.05 dBm WLAN 2.4G: 14.43 dBm; WLAN 5.2G: 11.03 dBm WLAN 5.8G: 9.42 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR); 3.33 dBm; BLE(1Mbps):0.06dBm
<b>Power Source:</b>	DC 3.8V from battery and DC 5V from external power supply
<b>Normal Operation:</b>	Body Supported

## REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

### SAR Limits

#### FCC Limit

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	<b>1.60</b>	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	<b>4.0</b>	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg for 1g Body SAR and 4.0 W/kg for 10g Extremity SAR applied to the EUT.

## FACILITIES

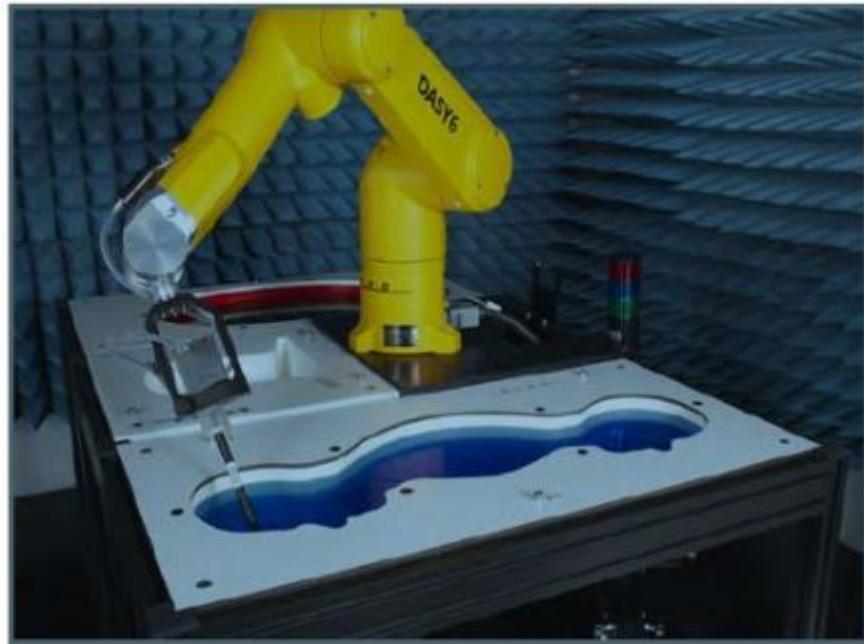
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The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on the No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) Lab is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by A2LA (Lab code: 4323.01) and the FCC designation No. CN1185 under the FCC KDB 974614 D01 and CAB identifier CN0004 under the ISED requirement. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

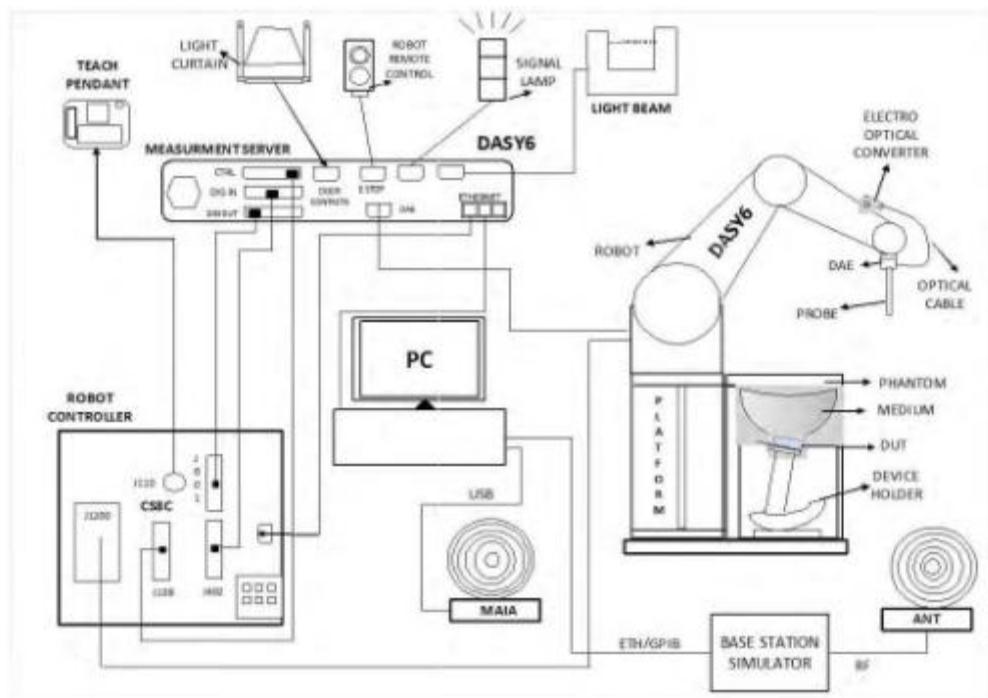
## DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY6 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### DASY6 System Description

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### DASY6 Measurement Server

The DASY6 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

## **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

### EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
<b>Compatibility</b>	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

### SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY6) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm. The phantom has three measurement areas: 1) Left Head, 2) Right Head, and 3) Flat Section. For larger devices, the use of the ELI-Phantom (shown behind DASY6) is required. For devices such as glasses with a wireless link, the Face Down Phantom is the most suitable (between the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms).

When the phantom is mounted inside allocated slot of the DASY6 platform, phantom reference points can be taught directly in the DASY5 V5.2 software. When the DASY6 platform is used to mount the Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required.

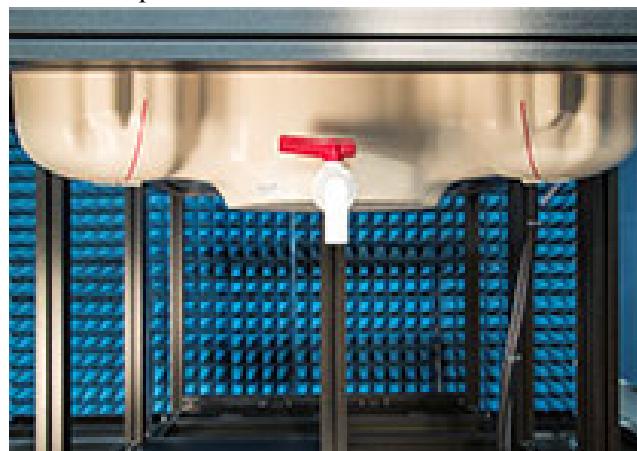
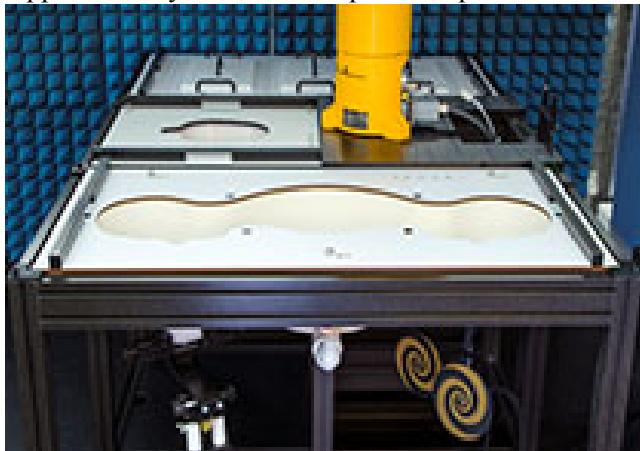
In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.

DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.



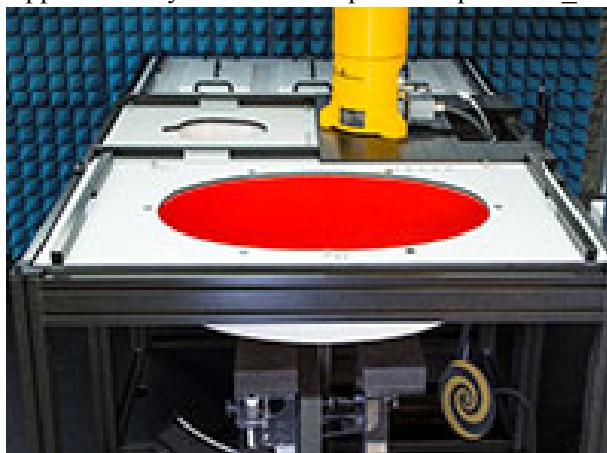
## ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and the use of all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom.

Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the ELI phantom.



## Robots

The DASY6 system uses the high-precision industrial robots TX60L, TX90XL, and RX160L from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family - the successor of the well-known RX robot family - continues to offer the features important for DASY6 applications:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is provided

## Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

## Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

## Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

**Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid**

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity $\epsilon_r$	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
<i>750</i>	<i>41,9</i>	<i>0,89</i>
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
<i>1 500</i>	<i>40,4</i>	<i>1,23</i>
1 640	40,2	1,31
<i>1 750</i>	<i>40,1</i>	<i>1,37</i>
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
<i>2 100</i>	<i>39,8</i>	<i>1,49</i>
<i>2 300</i>	<i>39,5</i>	<i>1,67</i>
2 450	39,2	1,80
<i>2 600</i>	<i>39,0</i>	<i>1,96</i>
3 000	38,5	2,40
<i>3 500</i>	<i>37,9</i>	<i>2,91</i>
<i>4 000</i>	<i>37,4</i>	<i>3,43</i>
<i>4 500</i>	<i>36,8</i>	<i>3,94</i>
<i>5 000</i>	<i>36,2</i>	<i>4,45</i>
<i>5 200</i>	<i>36,0</i>	<i>4,66</i>
<i>5 400</i>	<i>35,8</i>	<i>4,86</i>
<i>5 600</i>	<i>35,5</i>	<i>5,07</i>
<i>5 800</i>	<i>35,3</i>	<i>5,27</i>
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown in *italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

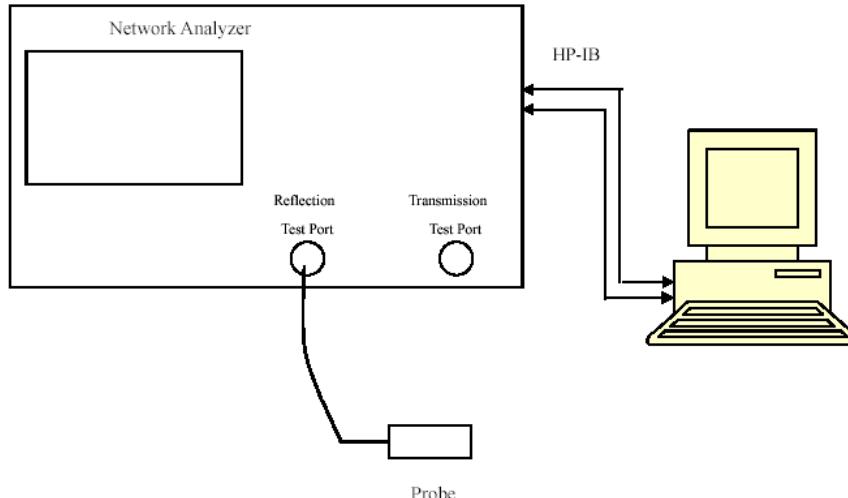
## EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

### Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52 52.10.2	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY6 Measurement Server	DASY6 6.0.31	N/A	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	527	2020/07/9	2021/07/8
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7557	2020/11/05	2021/11/04
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
Twin-SAM Phantom	QD 000 P41 AA	1963	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 750MHz	D750V3	1166	2018/09/05	2021/09/04
Dipole, 835MHz	D835V2	445	2019/12/17	2022/12/16
Dipole, 1750MHz	D1750V2	1140	2018/06/25	2021/06/24
Dipole, 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2018/09/11	2021/09/10
Dipole, 2450MHz	D2450V2	970	2018/06/26	2021/06/25
Dipole, 2600MHz	D2600V2	1162	2019/10/02	2022/10/01
Dipole, 5GHz	D5GHzV2	1296	2019/10/03	2022/10/02
Simulated Tissue LiquidHead	HBBL600-6000V6	180611-3	Each Time	
Network Analyzer	8753B	3625A00809	2020/12/13	2021/12/12
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	SM DAK 300AB	NCR	NCR
Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53051592	2020/12/13	2021/12/12
Power Meter	E4419B	GB43312421	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	71377	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	4242-10	3307	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	3dB	5402	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	10dB	AU 3842	NCR	NCR
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	100184	2021/02/13	2022/02/12
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	104478	2020/08/04	2021/08/03
Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101116	2020-07-22	2021-07-21

## SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\Delta O'$	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	
835	Head	0.911	42.214	0.90	41.50	1.22	1.72	$\pm 5$
836.6	Head	0.912	42.193	0.90	41.50	1.33	1.67	$\pm 5$
836.5	Head	0.912	42.199	0.90	41.50	1.33	1.68	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/21.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\Delta O'$	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	
750	Head	0.905	42.493	0.89	41.90	1.69	1.42	$\pm 5$
710	Head	0.871	43.140	0.89	42.10	-2.13	2.47	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/22.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\Delta O'$	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	
1750	Head	1.343	39.456	1.37	40.10	-1.97	-1.61	$\pm 5$
1732.5	Head	1.328	39.484	1.38	40.07	-3.77	-1.46	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/23.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\Delta O'$	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	
1900	Head	1.391	40.723	1.40	40.00	-0.64	1.81	$\pm 5$
1880	Head	1.368	40.808	1.40	40.00	-2.29	2.02	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/24.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	Δ O'	Δ ε <sub>r</sub>	
2450	Head	1.854	38.862	1.80	39.20	3.00	-0.86	±5
2462	Head	1.867	38.813	1.81	39.18	3.15	-0.94	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/24.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	Δ O'	Δ ε <sub>r</sub>	
2600	Head	2.006	38.010	1.96	39.00	2.35	-2.54	±5
2535	Head	1.932	38.243	1.89	39.08	2.22	-2.14	±5
2605	Head	2.012	37.988	1.97	38.99	2.13	-2.57	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/25.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	Δ O'	Δ ε <sub>r</sub>	
5250	Head	4.731	37.468	4.71	35.90	0.45	4.37	±5
5240	Head	4.723	37.483	4.70	35.96	0.49	4.24	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/25.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	ε <sub>r</sub>	Δ O'	Δ ε <sub>r</sub>	
5800	Head	5.299	36.717	5.27	35.30	0.55	4.01	±5
5785	Head	5.283	36.743	5.25	35.32	0.63	4.03	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2021/02/26

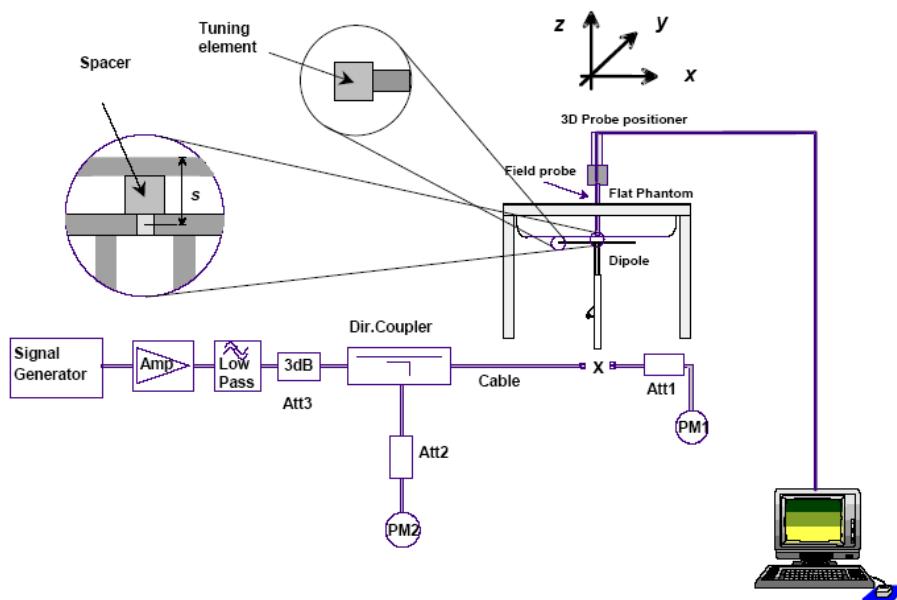
## System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ 000 MHz}$ ;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1 \text{ 000 MHz} < f \leq 3 \text{ 000 MHz}$ ;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3 \text{ 000 MHz} < f \leq 6 \text{ 000 MHz}$ .

## System Verification Setup Block Diagram



## System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)	
2021/02/21	835MHz	Head	250	1g	2.48	8.84	9.52	4.20	$\pm 10$
2021/02/22	750MHz	Head	250	1g	2.21	9.92	8.26	7.02	$\pm 10$
2021/02/23	1750 MHz	Head	250	1g	8.54	34.16	36.50	-6.41	$\pm 10$
2021/02/24	1900MHz	Head	250	1g	9.17	36.68	39.20	-6.43	$\pm 10$
2021/02/24	2450 MHz	Head	250	1g	13.30	53.2	53.30	-0.19	$\pm 10$
2021/02/25	2600 MHz	Head	250	1g	14.00	56	55.40	1.08	$\pm 10$
2021/02/25	5250 MHz	Head	100	1g	8.67	86.7	79.20	9.47	$\pm 10$
2021/02/26	5800 MHz	Head	100	1g	8.54	85.4	79.90	6.88	$\pm 10$

\*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

**SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA**

System Check\_Head\_750MHz

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1166

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.905 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.493$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.39, 10.39, 10.39); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$ 

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 W/kg

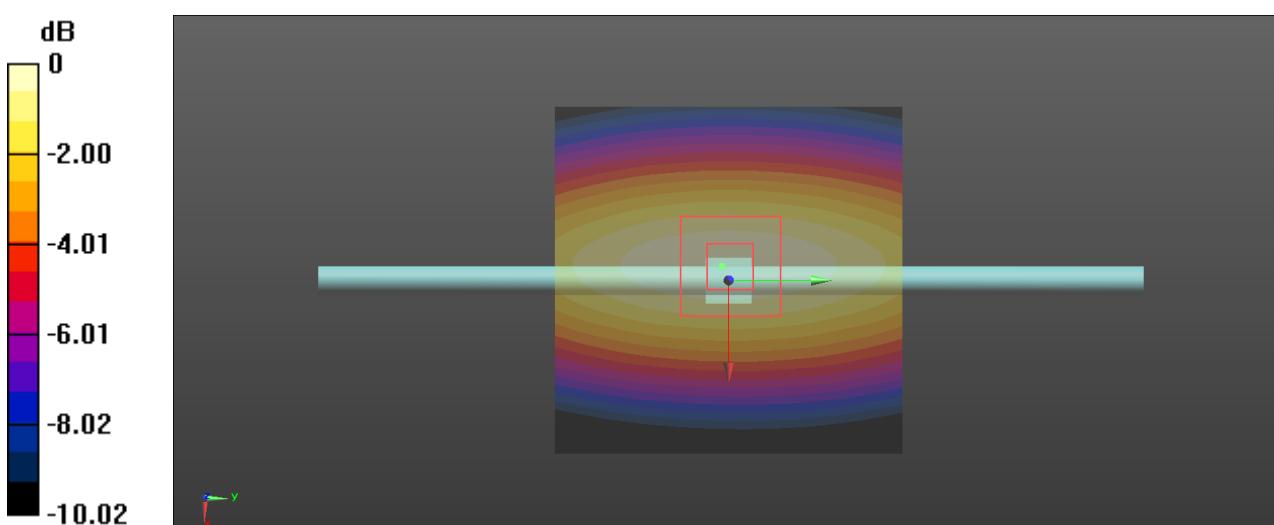
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$ 

Reference Value = 54.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 2.68 \text{ W/kg} = 4.28 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

System Check\_Head\_835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:445

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.911 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.214$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.86 W/kg

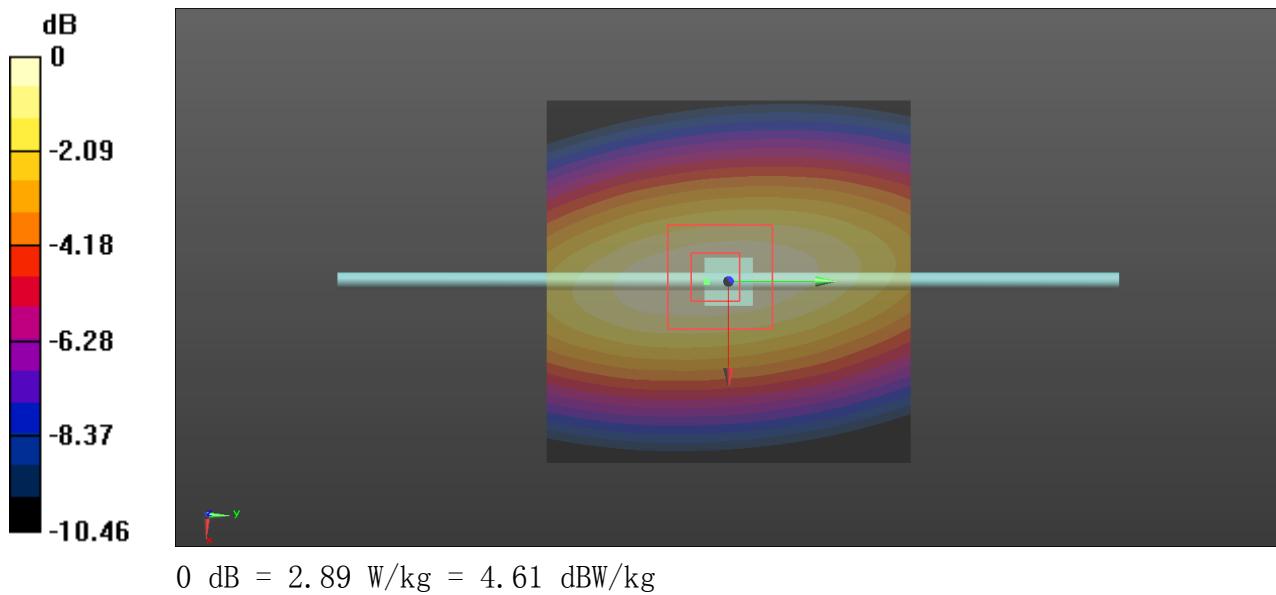
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.66 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



## System Check\_Head\_1750MHz

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1140

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.343 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.456$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 W/kg

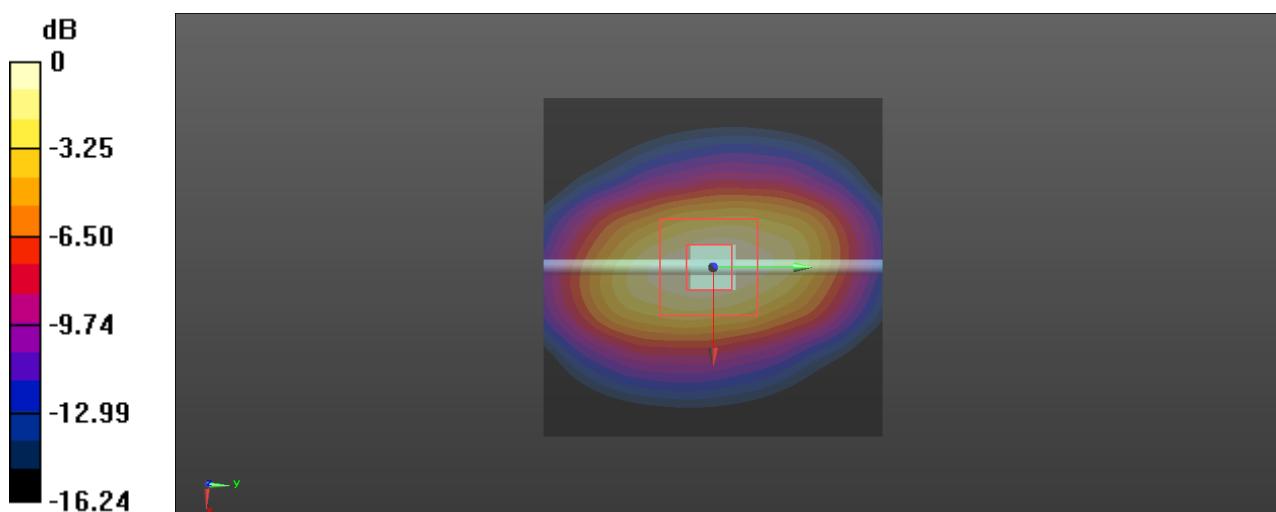
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 87.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.64 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 10.7 \text{ W/kg} = 10.29 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

## System Check\_Head\_1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d206

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.391 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.723$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 W/kg

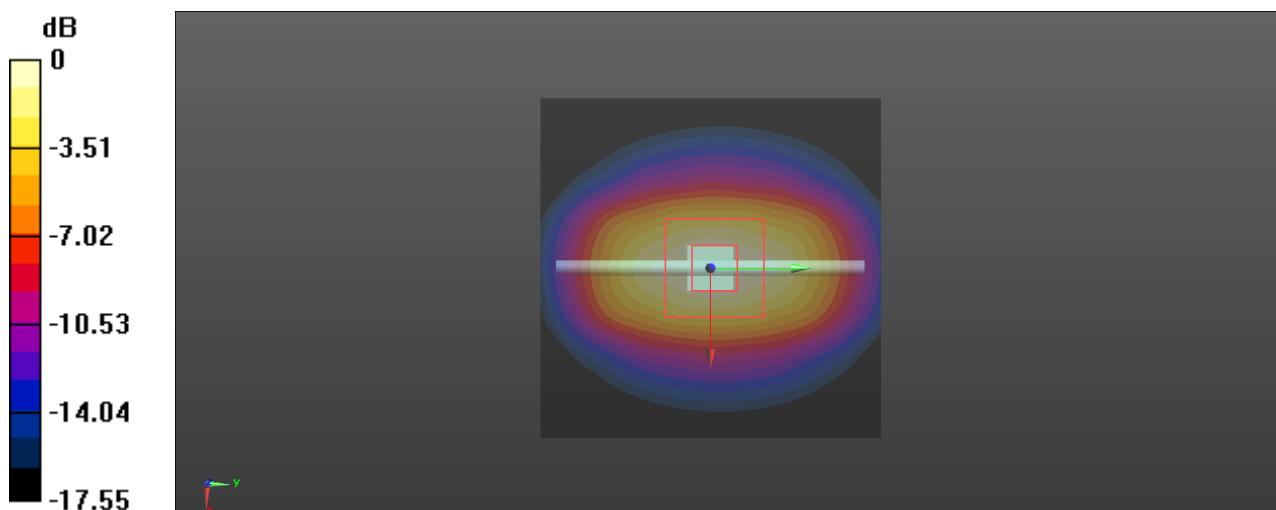
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 92.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.8 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg



System Check\_Head\_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2-970; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:970

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.854$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.862$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.5 W/kg

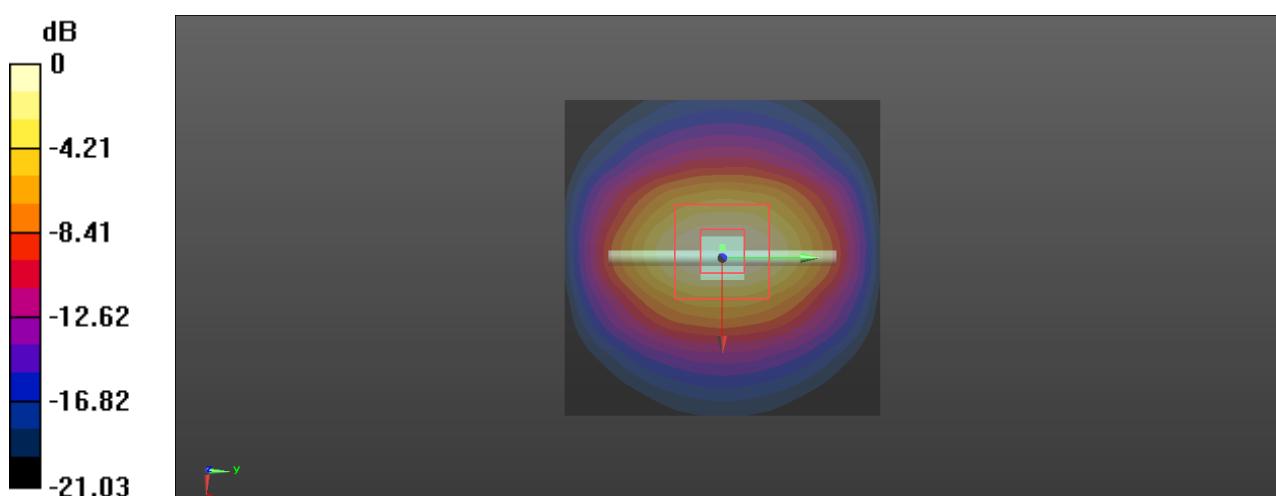
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 17.5 \text{ W/kg} = 12.43 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

System Check\_Head\_2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2-1162; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN:1162

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.006$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.01$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.0 W/kg

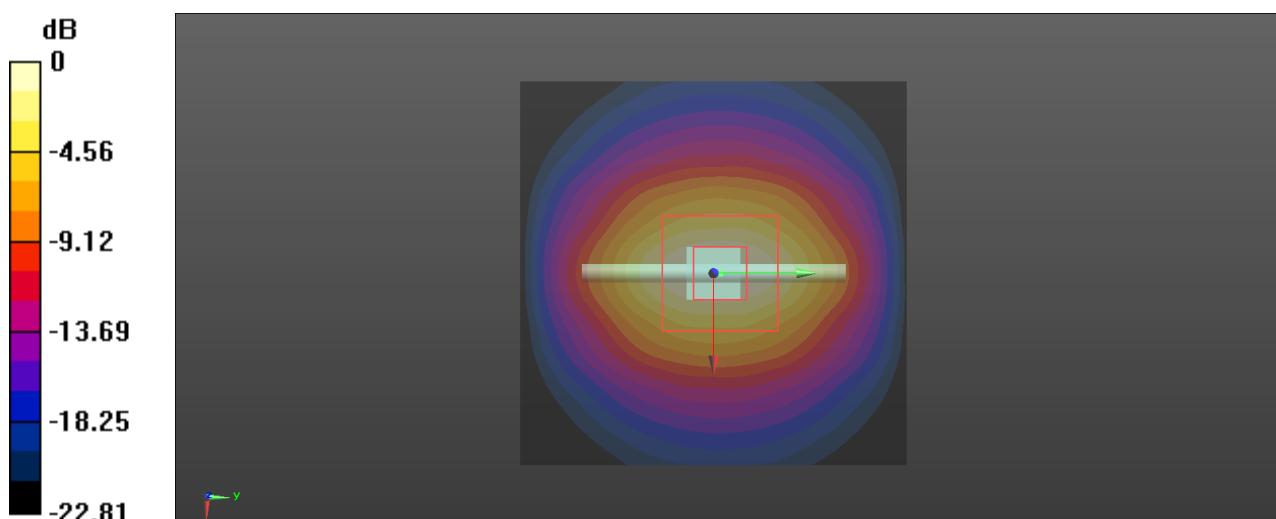
**Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 113.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.9 W/kg



System Check\_Head\_5250MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1296

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.731$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.468$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 24.9 W/kg

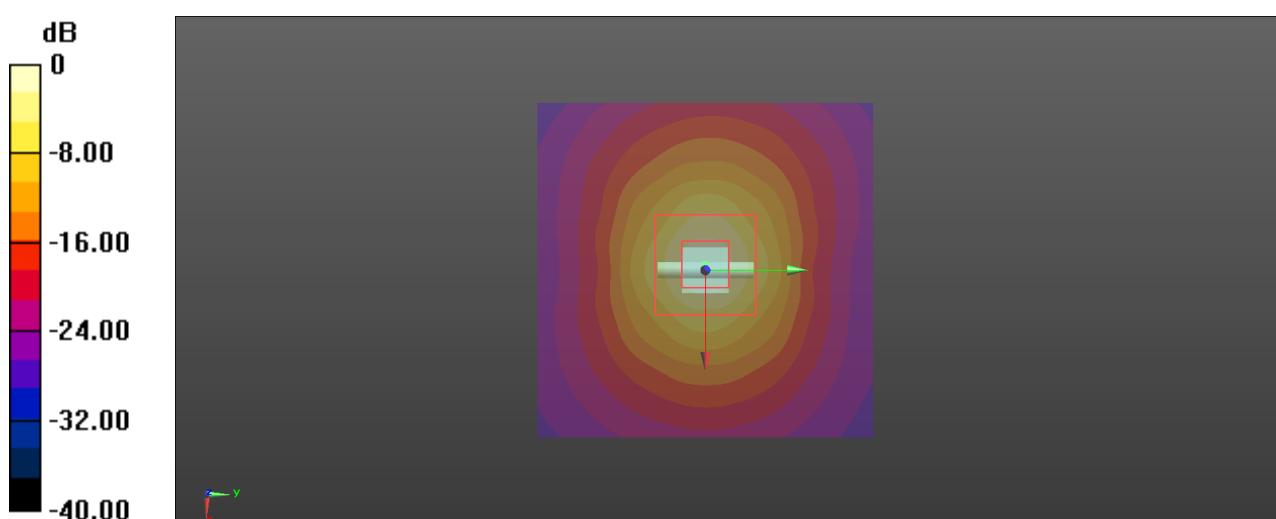
**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 78.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 41.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.49 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.2 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 25.2 \text{ W/kg} = 14.01 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

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System Check\_Head\_5800MHz

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1296

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.299$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.717$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

## DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

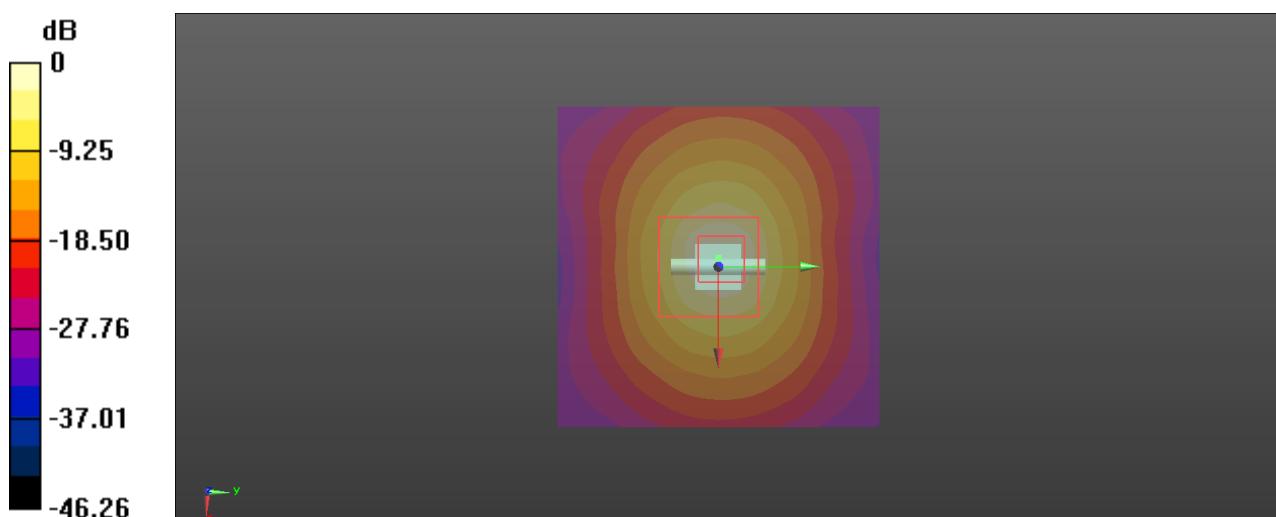
**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.7 W/kg**Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 70.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 40.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.38 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg

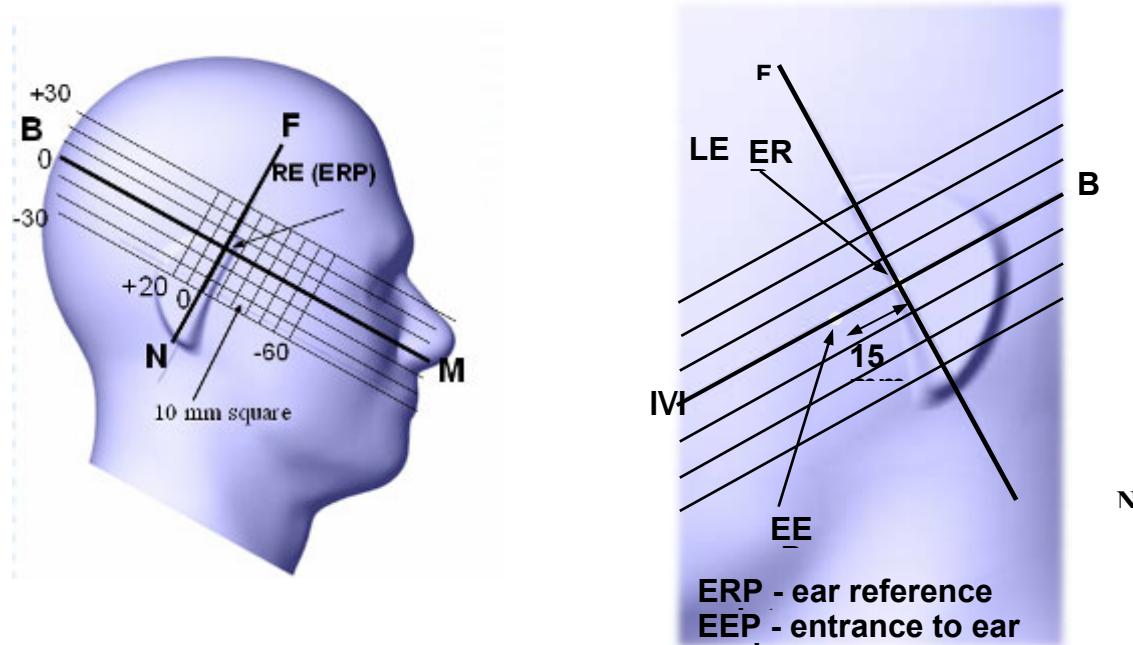


## EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



## Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

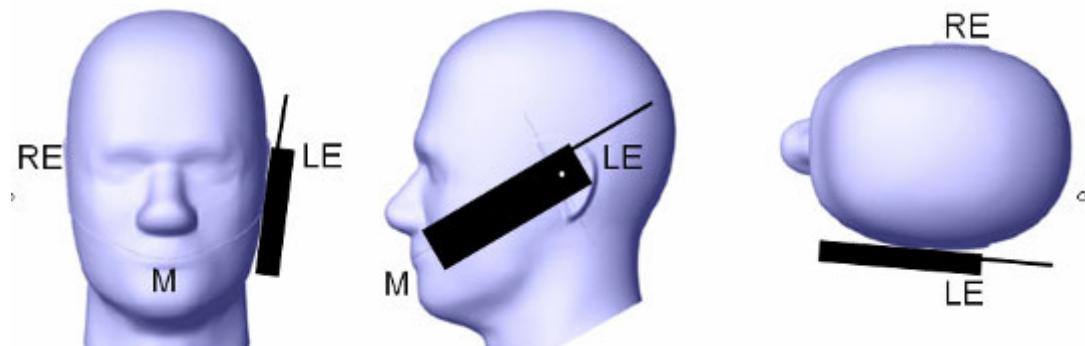
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

### Cheek /Touch Position



## Ear/Tilt Position

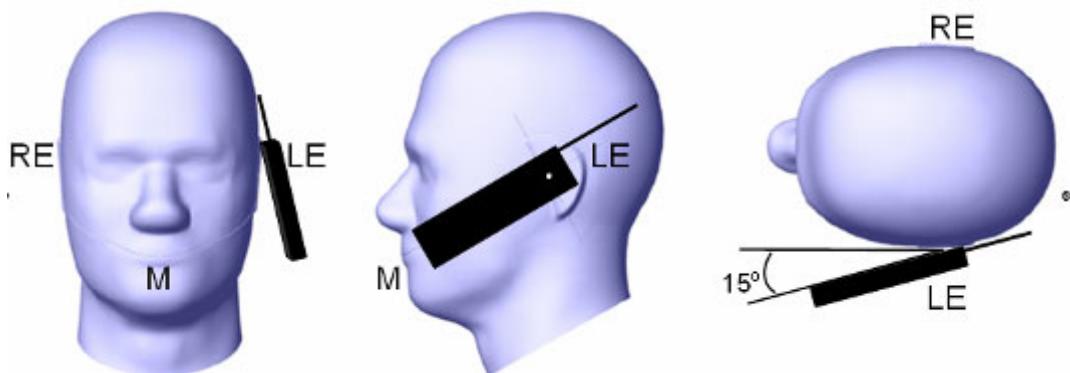
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

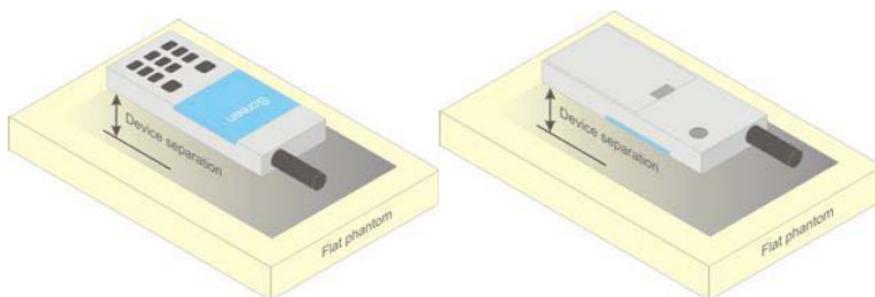
### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



### **Test positions for body-worn and other configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



**Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices**

### **Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

In this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set against from the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.

## SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.



## WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1	
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC	
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2	
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	8/15	

## HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	$\beta_c$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64			
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	$\beta_{hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

**HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	<b>Mode</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>	<b>HSUPA</b>
	<b>Subset</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	$\beta_c$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	$\beta_{ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	$\beta_{hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
<b>HSUPA Specific Settings</b>	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15				
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCl	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		

## DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{INF}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.	
Note 2:	Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.	

## HSPA+

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1: 30/15$ $\beta_{ed}2: 30/15$	$\beta_{ed}3: 24/15$ $\beta_{ed}4: 24/15$	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .											
Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).											
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the $\beta_c$ is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default.											
Note 4: $\beta_{ed}$ can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.											
Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.											

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**LTE**

For UE Power Class 1 and 3, the allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power in Table 6.2.2-1 due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1.

**Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1 and 3**

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth ( $N_{RB}$ )						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

For UE Power Class 1 and 3 the specific requirements and identified sub clauses are specified in Table 6.2.4-1 along with the allowed A-MPR values that may be used to meet these requirements. The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4-1 to 6.2.4-15 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements specified in sub clause 6.2.3.

**Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)**

Network Signalling value	Requirements (subclause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks ( $N_{RB}$ )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10, 15, 20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-5	
NS_12	6.6.3.3.5	26	1.4, 3, 5	Table 6.2.4-6	
NS_13	6.6.3.3.6	26	5	Table 6.2.4-7	
NS_14	6.6.3.3.7	26	10, 15	Table 6.2.4-8	
NS_15	6.6.3.3.8	26	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15	Table 6.2.4-9 Table 6.2.4-10	
NS_16	6.6.3.3.9	27	3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-11, Table 6.2.4-12, Table 6.2.4-13	
NS_17	6.6.3.3.10	28	5, 10	Table 5.6-1	N/A
NS_18	6.6.3.3.11	28	5	≥ 2	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	≥ 1	≤ 4
NS_19	6.6.3.3.12	44	10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-14	
NS_20	6.2.2 6.6.2.2.1 6.6.3.2	23	5, 10, 15, 20	Table 6.2.4-15	
...		-	-	-	-
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

## Maximum Target Output Power

Mode/Band	Max Target Power(dBm)		
	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM850	34.00	34.00	34.00
GPRS 1 TX Slot	34.00	34.00	34.00
GPRS 2 TX Slot	33.00	33.00	33.00
GPRS 3 TX Slot	32.00	32.00	32.00
GPRS 4 TX Slot	31.00	31.00	31.00
EGPRS 1 TX Slot	29.00	29.00	29.00
EGPRS 2 TX Slot	28.00	28.00	28.00
EGPRS 3 TX Slot	27.00	27.00	27.00
EGPRS 4 TX Slot	26.00	26.00	26.00
DCS1900	32.00	32.00	32.00
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.00	32.00	32.00
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.00	31.00	31.00
GPRS 3 TX Slot	30.00	30.00	30.00
GPRS 4 TX Slot	29.00	29.00	29.00
EGPRS 1 TX Slot	27.00	27.00	27.00
EGPRS 2 TX Slot	26.00	26.00	26.00
EGPRS 3 TX Slot	25.00	25.00	25.00
EGPRS 4 TX Slot	24.00	24.00	24.00
WCDMA Band 5	23.00	23.00	23.00
WCDMA Band 2	23.00	23.00	23.00
LTE Band 2	23.50	23.50	23.50
LTE Band 4	23.50	23.50	23.50
LTE Band 5	23.00	23.00	23.00
LTE Band 7	23.50	23.50	23.50
LTE Band 17	23.00	23.00	23.00
LTE Band 41	23.50	23.50	23.50
WLAN(2.4G)	14.50	14.50	14.50
Bluetooth	4.00	4.00	4.00
BLE	0.50	0.50	0.50
WLAN(5.2G)	11.20	11.20	11.20
WLAN(5.8G)	9.50	9.50	9.50

**Test Results:****GSM**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	33.55
	190	836.6	33.89
	251	848.8	33.32
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	31.91
	661	1880	31.92
	810	1909.8	31.57

**GPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	33.10	32.43	31.11	30.48
	190	836.6	33.99	32.69	31.88	30.79
	251	848.8	33.59	32.87	31.98	30.66
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	31.93	30.90	29.42	28.60
	661	1880.0	31.40	30.31	29.55	28.21
	810	1909.8	31.11	30.20	29.31	28.02

**EDGE:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	28.56	27.97	26.73	25.61
	190	836.6	28.58	27.38	26.17	25.78
	251	848.8	28.81	27.61	26.33	25.57
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	26.27	25.74	24.96	23.71
	661	1880.0	26.24	25.83	24.83	23.40
	810	1909.8	26.07	25.64	24.24	23.66

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

### The time based average power for GSM

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	24.55
	190	836.6	24.89
	251	848.8	24.32
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	22.91
	661	1880	22.92
	810	1909.8	22.57

### The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	24.1	26.43	26.85	27.48
	190	836.6	24.99	26.69	27.62	27.79
	251	848.8	24.59	26.87	27.72	27.66
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	22.93	24.9	25.16	25.21
	661	1880	22.4	24.31	25.29	25.6
	810	1909.8	22.11	24.2	25.05	25.02

### The time based average power for EDGE

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	19.56	21.97	22.47	22.61
	190	836.6	19.58	21.38	21.91	22.78
	251	848.8	19.81	21.61	22.07	22.57
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	17.27	19.74	20.7	20.71
	661	1880	17.24	19.83	20.57	20.4
	810	1909.8	17.07	19.64	19.98	20.66

**Note:**

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2 .For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3 .For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
4. According to KDB941225D01-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode.

**WCDMA:****WCDMA Band II**

Mode	Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Average Output Power (dBm)		
				Low Frequency	Middle Frequency	High Frequency
WCDMA (Band II)	Normal	Rel 99	1	22.36	22.54	22.49
			1	22.20	21.96	22.16
		HSDPA	2	22.27	22.04	22.13
			3	22.35	22.09	22.13
			4	22.26	22.01	22.16
		HSUPA	1	22.19	22.08	22.23
			2	22.16	22.08	22.14
			3	22.29	22.08	22.13
			4	22.29	22.09	22.19
			5	22.15	22.18	22.10
		HSPA+	1	22.16	22.13	22.12

**WCDMA Band V**

Mode	Test Condition	Test Mode	3GPP Sub Test	Average Output Power (dBm)		
				Low Frequency	Middle Frequency	High Frequency
WCDMA (Band V)	Normal	Rel 99	1	22.31	22.67	22.53
			1	22.10	22.01	22.27
		HSDPA	2	22.15	22.12	22.11
			3	22.10	22.08	22.08
			4	22.07	22.15	22.18
		HSUPA	1	22.01	22.03	22.10
			2	22.14	21.96	22.20
			3	22.13	22.06	22.21
			4	22.11	22.07	22.08
			5	22.07	22.08	22.07
		HSPA+	1	22.04	22.04	22.21

**Note:**

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

**Maximum Output Power:****LTE Band 2**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	22.20	22.04	22.48
		1#3	22.27	22.37	22.25
		1#5	21.84	22.29	22.51
		3#0	22.36	22.60	22.87
		3#1	22.42	22.16	22.81
		3#3	22.36	22.38	22.31
		6#0	22.16	21.70	22.10
	16-QAM	1#0	22.11	22.15	22.56
		1#3	22.51	21.84	22.15
		1#5	22.14	22.12	22.37
		3#0	22.77	22.14	22.38
		3#1	22.13	22.12	22.28
		3#3	22.07	21.86	22.48
		6#0	21.93	22.64	22.10
3M	QPSK	1#0	21.90	21.82	22.48
		1#7	22.62	22.65	22.70
		1#14	22.40	22.13	22.82
		8#0	22.39	21.99	22.77
		8#4	22.21	22.15	22.72
		8#7	22.79	21.96	22.30
		15#0	22.07	21.72	22.52
	16-QAM	1#0	22.57	21.82	22.59
		1#7	22.24	21.89	22.37
		1#14	22.26	21.74	22.22
		8#0	22.15	22.65	22.73
		8#4	21.90	22.56	22.65
		8#7	21.92	21.74	22.35
		15#0	22.57	22.32	22.95

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
5M	QPSK	1#0	21.86	22.30	22.86
		1#12	22.43	22.58	22.42
		1#24	22.69	22.27	22.67
		12#0	22.66	21.99	22.85
		12#6	21.91	22.57	22.15
		12#11	21.89	21.84	22.19
		25#0	22.02	22.65	22.27
	16-QAM	1#0	22.38	21.85	22.69
		1#12	21.90	22.66	22.48
		1#24	22.66	22.53	22.45
		12#0	22.80	22.03	22.16
		12#6	22.51	22.49	22.05
		12#11	21.99	22.27	22.50
		25#0	22.11	22.25	22.20
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.62	22.03	22.65
		1#24	22.77	22.09	22.52
		1#49	22.74	21.85	22.86
		25#0	21.99	22.59	22.56
		25#12	22.52	22.17	22.06
		25#24	22.55	21.83	22.22
		50#0	22.17	22.55	22.47
	16-QAM	1#0	22.45	22.51	23.04
		1#24	22.50	22.13	22.88
		1#49	22.59	21.69	22.38
		25#0	22.39	22.34	22.40
		25#12	22.47	22.27	22.14
		25#24	22.36	22.62	22.46
		50#0	21.84	21.95	22.13

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
15M	QPSK	1#0	22.43	22.50	22.73
		1#37	22.03	22.68	22.11
		1#74	22.33	21.82	23.02
		36#0	22.38	21.91	22.89
		36#17	22.32	21.85	22.18
		36#35	22.50	22.28	22.44
		75#0	21.89	22.03	22.17
	16-QAM	1#0	22.36	22.18	22.19
		1#37	22.12	22.61	22.73
		1#74	21.88	21.69	23.04
		36#0	21.91	22.12	22.15
		36#17	22.40	21.98	22.11
		36#35	21.85	22.18	22.69
		75#0	22.30	22.33	22.81
20M	QPSK	1#0	22.76	23.05	22.84
		1#49	22.41	22.26	22.53
		1#99	22.71	22.23	22.60
		50#0	22.20	22.70	22.29
		50#24	22.34	22.10	22.43
		50#49	22.01	22.28	22.23
		100#0	22.00	21.86	22.77
	16-QAM	1#0	21.97	22.65	22.71
		1#49	22.73	22.13	22.06
		1#99	22.24	21.83	22.28
		50#0	22.52	22.47	22.97
		50#24	22.45	22.27	22.79
		50#49	21.87	22.00	22.71
		100#0	22.35	22.60	22.73

**LTE Band 4**

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	21.21	21.58	22.04
		1#3	22.25	21.81	22.35
		1#5	22.53	22.20	22.61
		3#0	22.43	22.01	22.42
		3#1	22.14	21.84	22.46
		3#3	22.68	21.84	22.83
		6#0	22.04	22.18	22.90
	16-QAM	1#0	22.02	22.69	22.76
		1#3	22.25	22.28	22.80
		1#5	22.78	21.72	22.96
		3#0	22.02	22.04	22.81
		3#1	22.80	22.34	23.01
		3#3	22.53	22.04	23.05
		6#0	22.18	22.26	22.65
3M	QPSK	1#0	22.28	22.67	22.45
		1#7	22.07	22.40	22.23
		1#14	22.40	22.43	22.13
		8#0	22.03	22.64	22.58
		8#4	22.72	22.24	22.77
		8#7	22.34	22.61	22.24
		15#0	22.52	22.01	22.24
	16-QAM	1#0	22.54	22.38	22.87
		1#7	22.44	22.29	22.57
		1#14	21.85	21.93	22.84
		8#0	22.07	22.68	22.72
		8#4	22.36	22.67	22.73
		8#7	22.53	21.84	22.41
		15#0	22.03	22.34	22.81

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
5M	QPSK	1#0	21.54	21.87	21.96
		1#12	21.75	22.39	22.02
		1#24	22.52	22.16	22.62
		12#0	22.14	22.51	22.32
		12#6	21.81	22.69	22.64
		12#11	22.11	22.49	22.66
		25#0	22.27	22.69	22.43
	16-QAM	1#0	21.77	22.09	22.17
		1#12	22.12	22.32	22.46
		1#24	22.10	22.16	22.70
		12#0	21.82	22.18	22.80
		12#6	21.93	22.50	22.16
		12#11	21.74	21.95	22.58
		25#0	22.70	22.71	22.18
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.21	22.41	22.69
		1#24	22.08	22.03	22.15
		1#49	21.82	22.46	22.71
		25#0	22.16	22.67	22.84
		25#12	22.02	22.68	22.13
		25#24	22.15	22.41	22.00
		50#0	21.76	22.16	22.37
	16-QAM	1#0	21.81	22.35	21.98
		1#24	21.87	22.16	22.31
		1#49	22.61	22.22	22.69
		25#0	22.53	22.27	22.12
		25#12	22.41	21.88	22.62
		25#24	22.51	22.32	22.54
		50#0	22.44	22.08	22.44

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
15M	QPSK	1#0	22.54	21.96	21.87
		1#37	22.40	22.00	22.79
		1#74	22.67	22.56	22.02
		36#0	22.61	22.41	22.00
		36#17	21.98	21.99	22.79
		36#35	22.62	21.66	22.02
		75#0	22.11	21.82	21.88
	16-QAM	1#0	22.06	21.95	21.93
		1#37	22.40	21.88	22.14
		1#74	22.68	22.45	22.49
		36#0	22.63	21.68	22.13
		36#17	21.83	22.13	22.73
		36#35	22.56	22.38	22.50
		75#0	22.07	21.98	22.43
20M	QPSK	1#0	22.95	23.09	22.83
		1#49	22.04	22.05	22.15
		1#99	22.75	22.41	22.00
		50#0	21.78	23.01	21.71
		50#24	22.63	22.17	22.60
		50#49	22.42	22.37	22.48
		100#0	22.53	22.56	22.83
	16-QAM	1#0	22.68	22.04	22.07
		1#49	22.66	22.31	22.02
		1#99	22.42	22.39	22.42
		50#0	22.71	22.13	22.59
		50#24	22.04	21.77	21.91
		50#49	22.64	22.36	22.06
		100#0	22.41	22.53	22.60

**LTE Band 5**

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
1.4M	QPSK	1#0	21.87	21.88	21.69
		1#3	22.09	21.96	21.80
		1#5	21.84	22.05	21.69
		3#0	22.08	21.78	21.84
		3#1	22.35	21.85	22.26
		3#3	22.43	21.56	22.22
		6#0	22.25	22.35	22.38
	16-QAM	1#0	21.56	21.53	21.80
		1#3	21.83	22.01	22.44
		1#5	22.34	22.26	21.55
		3#0	21.97	22.51	22.26
		3#1	22.24	22.53	22.22
		3#3	21.68	21.55	21.96
		6#0	22.16	21.91	22.53
3M	QPSK	1#0	21.92	21.80	22.29
		1#7	22.41	22.22	21.80
		1#14	22.42	22.31	22.15
		8#0	21.99	21.85	22.00
		8#4	21.89	21.98	22.39
		8#7	22.32	22.06	21.65
		15#0	22.46	21.76	21.99
	16-QAM	1#0	21.66	22.06	22.11
		1#7	21.77	21.61	21.93
		1#14	22.45	21.54	21.90
		8#0	22.17	21.98	22.34
		8#4	22.15	21.74	21.96
		8#7	22.46	21.74	21.72
		15#0	22.45	22.27	22.40

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
5M	QPSK	1#0	22.31	21.97	22.06
		1#12	22.50	22.29	22.43
		1#24	22.13	21.81	22.16
		12#0	21.88	22.15	21.71
		12#6	22.41	22.39	22.44
		12#11	22.38	21.92	21.55
		25#0	22.20	21.77	21.65
	16-QAM	1#0	22.05	21.56	21.94
		1#12	22.21	22.11	21.56
		1#24	22.24	21.55	22.27
		12#0	22.03	21.66	21.93
		12#6	21.61	21.92	22.38
		12#11	21.71	21.96	22.28
		25#0	22.38	21.66	22.19
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.37	22.55	21.95
		1#24	22.34	21.57	21.59
		1#49	22.18	21.89	21.68
		25#0	22.01	22.44	22.00
		25#12	22.43	21.78	22.35
		25#24	22.31	22.34	21.67
		50#0	22.21	22.01	21.87
	16-QAM	1#0	21.67	22.20	22.27
		1#24	22.24	22.03	22.50
		1#49	22.15	22.42	22.28
		25#0	22.51	21.78	22.26
		25#12	21.88	22.06	22.15
		25#24	21.80	21.65	21.84
		50#0	21.93	21.96	21.59

**LTE Band 7**

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
5M	QPSK	1#0	22.10	22.11	22.18
		1#12	22.76	22.23	22.68
		1#24	21.99	22.25	22.11
		12#0	22.58	22.28	22.96
		12#6	22.38	22.52	22.95
		12#11	21.99	21.93	22.63
		25#0	22.50	22.41	22.76
	16-QAM	1#0	22.38	22.66	22.29
		1#12	22.29	22.50	22.19
		1#24	22.25	21.71	22.82
		12#0	21.84	22.53	22.39
		12#6	21.85	22.12	22.96
		12#11	22.79	22.66	22.79
		25#0	22.46	22.19	22.31
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.28	22.47	22.38
		1#24	21.85	22.18	22.81
		1#49	21.82	22.25	22.09
		25#0	21.90	21.76	22.50
		25#12	22.43	22.62	22.14
		25#24	21.92	22.27	22.22
		50#0	22.58	22.05	22.39
	16-QAM	1#0	22.79	22.24	22.37
		1#24	22.40	22.57	22.88
		1#49	22.26	22.28	23.02
		25#0	22.56	21.93	22.40
		25#12	22.48	22.21	22.89
		25#24	22.06	22.33	22.42
		50#0	22.54	22.62	22.79

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
15M	QPSK	1#0	21.90	22.24	22.13
		1#37	22.12	22.28	22.24
		1#74	21.90	22.01	22.39
		36#0	22.80	22.36	22.97
		36#17	22.48	21.75	22.53
		36#35	22.31	22.18	22.67
		75#0	22.30	21.86	22.40
	16-QAM	1#0	22.44	22.19	22.70
		1#37	21.86	22.21	22.62
		1#74	22.10	21.83	22.30
		36#0	22.45	22.51	22.71
		36#17	22.21	22.34	22.82
		36#35	22.12	22.16	22.16
		75#0	22.46	21.99	22.99
20M	QPSK	1#0	22.11	23.12	22.74
		1#49	22.10	21.96	22.85
		1#99	22.18	21.80	22.35
		50#0	22.07	22.96	22.32
		50#24	21.84	22.19	22.89
		50#49	22.35	22.26	22.84
		100#0	22.06	22.29	22.38
	16-QAM	1#0	21.82	21.75	22.06
		1#49	22.79	21.87	22.83
		1#99	22.37	22.58	22.28
		50#0	22.41	22.03	22.37
		50#24	22.09	21.98	22.97
		50#49	22.78	22.51	22.78
		100#0	21.86	22.50	22.39

**LTE Band 17**

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
5M	QPSK	1#0	22.73	21.83	22.56
		1#12	22.64	21.74	22.84
		1#24	22.81	22.39	22.21
		12#0	22.69	22.59	22.54
		12#6	22.35	22.03	22.49
		12#11	22.62	22.17	22.20
		25#0	22.27	21.98	22.61
	16-QAM	1#0	22.65	22.13	22.10
		1#12	22.68	22.34	22.07
		1#24	22.59	21.85	22.76
		12#0	21.83	22.21	22.57
		12#6	21.96	22.55	22.46
		12#11	22.48	22.15	22.29
		25#0	22.40	22.53	22.33
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.79	22.92	22.39
		1#24	22.07	22.47	22.85
		1#49	22.17	22.00	22.14
		25#0	21.73	22.74	22.18
		25#12	22.25	22.08	22.34
		25#24	22.51	21.73	22.50
		50#0	22.08	22.59	22.47
	16-QAM	1#0	21.98	22.36	22.42
		1#24	22.77	22.69	22.30
		1#49	22.46	22.05	22.66
		25#0	22.60	22.36	22.82
		25#12	21.97	22.45	22.30
		25#24	22.11	22.64	22.67
		50#0	21.94	22.28	22.23

**LTE Band 41**

<b>Test Bandwidth</b>	<b>Test Modulation</b>	<b>Resource Block &amp; RB offset</b>	<b>Lowest Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Low Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>Middle Channel (dBm)</b>	<b>High Channel (dBm)</b>
5M	QPSK	1#0	22.05	22.01	21.70	22.56
		1#12	22.33	22.32	22.63	22.78
		1#24	22.68	22.56	22.45	22.13
		12#0	22.27	22.16	22.05	22.30
		12#6	22.78	22.65	21.76	22.28
		12#11	22.31	22.16	21.79	22.08
		25#0	22.60	22.41	22.24	22.77
	16-QAM	1#0	22.48	22.35	21.99	22.31
		1#12	22.59	22.37	22.58	22.31
		1#24	22.13	22.05	22.37	22.30
		12#0	22.74	22.53	22.25	22.42
		12#6	22.02	22.01	22.57	22.82
		12#11	22.66	22.49	21.94	22.06
		25#0	22.33	22.14	22.12	22.52
10M	QPSK	1#0	22.34	22.26	22.35	22.21
		1#24	22.63	22.51	21.88	22.28
		1#49	22.13	22.06	22.26	22.28
		25#0	22.79	22.60	22.21	22.20
		25#12	22.50	22.35	22.67	22.39
		25#24	22.79	22.63	21.88	22.89
		50#0	21.83	21.71	21.98	22.29
	16-QAM	1#0	22.78	22.66	22.15	22.18
		1#24	22.77	22.48	21.76	22.38
		1#49	22.26	22.21	22.31	22.57
		25#0	22.59	22.39	21.83	22.08
		25#12	22.30	22.21	22.03	22.46
		25#24	21.89	21.74	22.63	22.73
		50#0	22.36	22.31	22.54	22.16

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Lowest Channel (dBm)	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
15M	QPSK	1#0	22.56	22.36	22.21	22.08
		1#37	21.89	21.78	22.67	22.10
		1#74	22.53	22.41	22.16	22.36
		36#0	22.60	22.49	22.46	22.87
		36#17	22.62	22.59	22.13	22.96
		36#35	22.11	22.06	22.61	22.75
		75#0	22.41	22.31	22.65	22.37
	16-QAM	1#0	22.18	22.14	22.59	22.59
		1#37	22.17	22.10	22.31	22.76
		1#74	22.55	22.42	21.87	22.32
		36#0	21.96	21.84	22.29	22.30
		36#17	22.44	22.32	21.98	22.09
		36#35	22.37	22.16	22.57	22.60
		75#0	22.28	22.11	22.68	22.27
20M	QPSK	1#0	22.85	22.75	23.05	22.79
		1#49	22.16	22.04	22.22	22.21
		1#99	22.44	22.20	22.56	22.38
		50#0	22.48	22.39	22.68	22.48
		50#24	21.94	21.85	21.90	22.25
		50#49	22.49	22.06	22.37	22.25
		100#0	22.04	22.01	22.28	22.31
	16-QAM	1#0	22.06	21.96	21.92	22.98
		1#49	22.06	21.84	22.44	22.98
		1#99	22.36	22.16	22.03	22.23
		50#0	22.26	22.09	22.35	22.09
		50#24	22.00	21.86	22.54	22.43
		50#49	22.06	22.01	22.57	22.85
		100#0	22.52	22.35	22.07	22.97

**Note:** The low channel frequency is 2580 MHz

**WLAN 2.4G:**

<b>Mode</b>	<b>Channel frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Data Rate</b>	<b>Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)</b>
802.11b	2412	1Mbps	14.31
	2437		14.36
	2462		14.43
802.11g	2412	6Mbps	13.55
	2437		13.03
	2462		13.31
802.11n HT20	2412	MCS0	13.54
	2437		13.05
	2462		13.37
802.11n HT40	2422	MCS0	11.93
	2437		12.34
	2452		11.86

**WLAN 5.2G:**

<b>Test mode</b>	<b>Band</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Average Conducted Output Power (dBm)</b>
802.11a	5150-5250 MHz	5180	10.13
		5200	10.18
		5240	11.03
802.11ac20	5150-5250 MHz	5180	10.07
		5200	10.13
		5240	10.91
802.11n-HT20	5150-5250 MHz	5180	10.14
		5200	10.19
		5240	11.02
802.11ac40	5150-5250 MHz	5190	9.13
		5230	9.28
802.11n-HT40	5150-5250 MHz	5190	9.22
		5230	9.39
802.11ac80	5150-5250 MHz	5210	9.52

**WLAN 5.8G:**

Test mode	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Average Conducted Output Power (dBm)
802.11a	5725-5850 MHz	5745	8.97
		5785	9.42
		5825	8.55
802.11ac20	5725-5850 MHz	5745	9.39
		5785	8.95
		5825	8.56
802.11n-HT20	5725-5850 MHz	5745	9.41
		5785	8.98
		5825	8.57
802.11ac40	5725-5850 MHz	5755	8.33
		5795	7.89
802.11n-HT40	5725-5850 MHz	5755	8.32
		5795	7.86
802.11ac80	5725-5850 MHz	5775	8.72

**Bluetooth:**

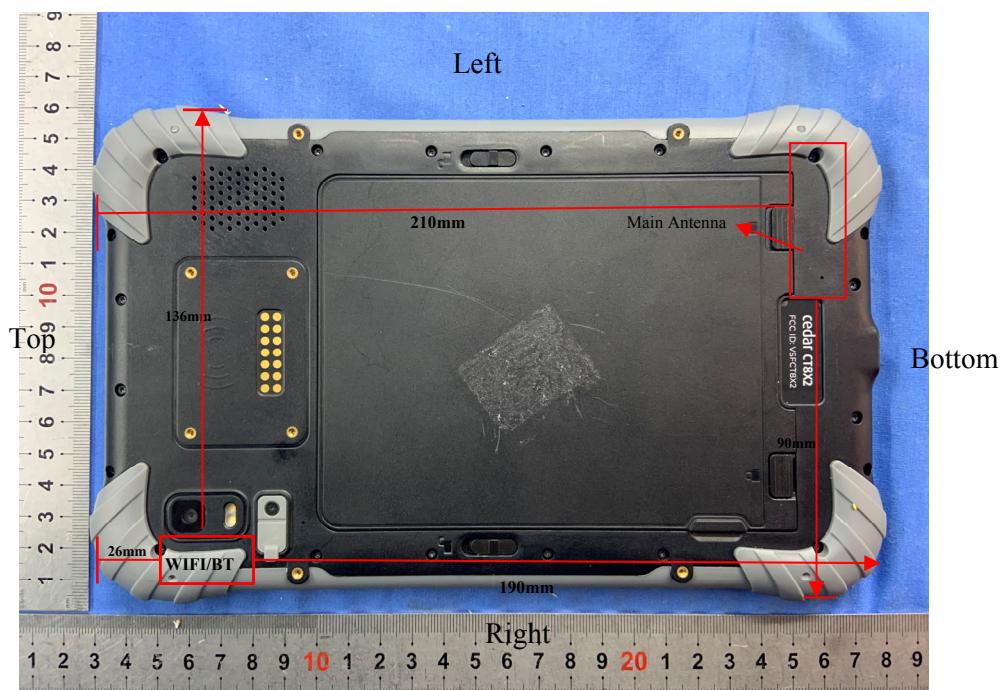
Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	2402	2.95
	2441	3.33
	2480	2.25
EDR( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	2402	2.95
	2441	3.20
	2480	1.95
EDR(8DPSK)	2402	3.20
	2441	3.72
	2480	2.45

**BLE:**

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)
BLE Mode		
Low	2402	-0.57
Middle	2440	0.06
High	2480	-2.61

## Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

### Antennas Location:



### Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna	Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)					
	Back	Front	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
WWAN	<5	<5	<5	90	210	<5
WIFI/BT	<5	<5	136	<5	26	190

### Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2441	4.00	2.51	5	0.8	3	YES

### NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

**Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Body	2441	4	2.51	5	0.105

**Note:** The bluetooth based Peak power for calculation.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance,mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}]$$

W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR. and x= 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

**Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Test exclusion Distance(mm)
GPRS 850	848.8	31	1259	244
GPRS 1900	1909.8	29	799	119
WCDMA Band2	1907.6	23	200	60
WCDMA Band5	846.6	23	200	57
LTE Band2	1909.3	23.5	224	62
LTE Band4	1754.3	23.5	224	62
LTE Band5	844.0	23	200	57
LTE Band7	2560	23.5	224	64
LTE Band17	711	23	200	60
LTE Band41	2645	23.5	224	64
Wi-Fi 2.4G	2462	14.5	28	15
Wi-Fi 5.2G	5240	11.2	13	11
Wi-Fi 5.8G	5825	9.5	9	8

**Note:** For GSM Mode(s), the maximum time based average power(4Slots) were used for calculation.

**SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result**

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)						
Mode	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
GSM850	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required
GSM1900	Required	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required
WCDMA Band2	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
WCDMA Band5	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band2	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band4	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band5	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band7	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band17	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
LTE Band41	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion	Required
WLAN 2.4G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion
WLAN 5.2G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion
WLAN 5.8G	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion	Exclusion

**Note:**

**Required:** The distance is less than **Test Exclusion Distance**, testing is required.

**Exclusion\***: SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above.

**Exclusion:** The distance is larger than **Test Exclusion Distance**, testing is not required.

**SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations detail:****Distance<50mm(To Edges)**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distance  $\leq 50\text{mm}$  are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5 \text{ mm}$ , a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

5. The Time based average Power is used for calculation.

**Distance>50mm(To Edges)**

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for *test separation distance*  $> 50\text{mm}$ , the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:

a) [(Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50mm) · (f(MHz)/150)]mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

a) [(Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50mm) · 10]mW, at  $> 1500 \text{ MHz}$  and  $\leq 6\text{GHz}$ .

## SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

### SAR Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	21.5-22.9 °C	21.1-22.4 °C	20.9-22.2 °C	20.8-21.8 °C	21.1-22.3 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	51 %	49 %	50 %	48 %	48 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.8 kPa	101.5 kPa	101.7 kPa	101.6 kPa	101.5 kPa
<b>Test Date:</b>	2021/02/21	2021/02/22	2021/02/23	2021/02/24	2021/02/25
<b>Temperature:</b>	21.5-22.7 °C				
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	53 %				
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.7 kPa				
<b>Test Date:</b>	2021/02/26				

*Testing was performed by Chris wang, and Bard Liu*

#### GSM 850 :

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
			Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	836.6	GPRS4TX	30.79	31	1.050	0.208	0.218	/
Body-Back (0mm)	836.6	GPRS4TX	30.79	31	1.050	0.224	0.235	#1
Body-Headset-Back(0mm)	836.6	GSM Voice	33.89	34	1.026	0.176	0.181	/
Body-Left (0mm)	836.6	GPRS4TX	30.79	31	1.050	0.013	0.013	/
Body-Right (0mm)	836.6	GPRS4TX	30.79	31	1.050	0.006	0.006	/
Body-Top (0mm)	836.6	GPRS4TX	30.79	31	1.050	0.004	0.004	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	836.6	GPRS4TX	30.79	31	1.050	0.165	0.173	/

**PCS 1900 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
			Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	1880	GPRS4TX	28.6	29	1.096	0.074	0.081	/
Body-Back (0mm)	1880	GPRS4TX	28.6	29	1.096	0.180	0.197	#2
Body-Headset-Back(0mm)	1880	GSM Voice	31.92	32	1.019	0.156	0.159	/
Body-Left (0mm)	1880	GPRS4TX	28.6	29	1.096	0.007	0.008	/
Body-Right (0mm)	1880	GPRS4TX	28.6	29	1.096	0.001	0.001	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	1880	GPRS4TX	28.6	29	1.096	0.117	0.128	/

**WCDMA Band 2 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
			Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.54	23	1.112	0.177	0.197	/
Body-Back (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.54	23	1.112	0.440	0.489	#3
Body-Left (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.54	23	1.112	0.020	0.022	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.54	23	1.112	0.301	0.335	/

**WCDMA Band 5 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
			Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.67	23	1.079	0.164	0.177	/
Body-Back (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.67	23	1.079	0.195	0.210	#4
Body-Left (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.67	23	1.079	0.012	0.013	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.67	23	1.079	0.132	0.142	/

**LTE Band 5 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
				Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	836.5	10	1RB	22.55	23	1.109	0.168	0.186	/
	836.5	10	50%RB	22.44	23	1.138	0.148	0.168	/
Body-Back (0mm)	836.5	10	1RB	22.55	23	1.109	0.255	0.283	#5
	836.5	10	50%RB	22.44	23	1.138	0.191	0.217	/
Body-Left (0mm)	836.5	10	1RB	22.55	23	1.109	0.013	0.014	/
	836.5	10	50%RB	22.44	23	1.138	0.011	0.012	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	836.5	10	1RB	22.55	23	1.109	0.158	0.175	/
	836.5	10	50%RB	22.44	23	1.138	0.117	0.133	/

**LTE Band 7 :**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
				Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	2535	20	1RB	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.253	0.276	/
	2535	20	50%RB	22.96	23.5	1.132	0.274	0.310	/
Body-Back (0mm)	2535	20	1RB	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.287	0.313	#6
	2535	20	50%RB	22.96	23.5	1.132	0.229	0.259	/
Body-Left (0mm)	2535	20	1RB	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.018	0.019	/
	2535	20	50%RB	22.96	23.5	1.132	0.014	0.016	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	2535	20	1RB	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.189	0.206	/
	2535	20	50%RB	22.96	23.5	1.132	0.149	0.169	/

**LTE Band 2:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
				Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	1880	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.186	0.206	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.7	23.5	1.202	0.176	0.212	/
Body-Back (0mm)	1880	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.405	0.449	#7
	1880	20	50%RB	22.7	23.5	1.202	0.364	0.438	/
Body-Left (0mm)	1880	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.015	0.016	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.7	23.5	1.202	0.015	0.019	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	1880	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.270	0.299	/
	1880	20	50%RB	22.7	23.5	1.202	0.270	0.325	/

**LTE Band 4:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
				Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	1732.5	20	1RB	23.09	23.5	1.099	0.259	0.285	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.218	0.244	/
Body-Back (0mm)	1732.5	20	1RB	23.09	23.5	1.099	0.627	0.689	#8
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.613	0.686	/
Body-Left (0mm)	1732.5	20	1RB	23.09	23.5	1.099	0.018	0.020	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.016	0.018	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	1732.5	20	1RB	23.09	23.5	1.099	0.219	0.241	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.01	23.5	1.119	0.184	0.206	/

**LTE Band 17:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
				Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	710.0	10	1RB	22.92	23	1.019	0.084	0.086	/
	710.0	10	50%RB	22.73	23	1.064	0.062	0.066	/
Body-Back (0mm)	710.0	10	1RB	22.92	23	1.019	0.137	0.140	#9
	710.0	10	50%RB	22.73	23	1.064	0.117	0.125	/
Body-Left (0mm)	710.0	10	1RB	22.92	23	1.019	0.007	0.007	/
	710.0	10	50%RB	22.73	23	1.064	0.007	0.007	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	710.0	10	1RB	22.92	23	1.019	0.056	0.057	/
	710.0	10	50%RB	22.73	23	1.064	0.045	0.048	/

**LTE Band 41:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max Power (dBm)		Scaled Factor	1g SAR (W/kg)		Plot
				Meas.	Rated		Meas.	Rated	
Body-Front (0mm)	2605	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.163	0.181	/
	2605	20	50%RB	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.125	0.151	/
Body-Back (0mm)	2605	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.215	0.238	#10
	2605	20	50%RB	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.162	0.196	/
Body-Left (0mm)	2605	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.013	0.014	/
	2605	20	50%RB	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.011	0.013	/
Body-Bottom (0mm)	2605	20	1RB	23.05	23.5	1.109	0.135	0.150	/
	2605	20	50%RB	22.68	23.5	1.208	0.106	0.128	/

**WLAN 2.4G:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Body-Front (0mm)	2462	802.11b	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.644	0.654	/
Body-Back (0mm)	2412	802.11b	14.31	14.5	1.045	0.785	0.820	/
	2437	802.11b	14.36	14.5	1.033	0.793	0.819	/
	2462	802.11b	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.811	0.824	11#
Body- Right (0mm)	2462	802.11b	14.43	14.5	1.016	0.127	0.129	/

**Note:**

1. When the SAR Value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
3. KDB 248227 D01-SAR measurement is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM(801.11g/n) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS(802.11b) is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, and the output power for DSSS is not less than that for OFDM.

**WLAN 5G:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Body-Front (0mm)	5240	802.11a	11.03	11.2	1.040	0.253	0.263	
Body-Back (0mm)	5240	802.11a	11.03	11.2	1.040	0.680	0.707	12#
Body- Right (0mm)	5240	802.11a	11.03	11.2	1.040	0.622	0.647	/

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Body-Front (0mm)	5785	802.11a	9.42	9.5	1.019	0.205	0.209	/
Body-Back (0mm)	5785	802.11a	9.42	9.5	1.019	0.537	0.547	13#
Body- Right (0mm)	5785	802.11a	9.42	9.5	1.019	0.421	0.429	/

## SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + WLAN 2.4G	√	√
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + WLAN 5G	√	√
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Bluetooth	√	X

### Simultaneous Transmission Consideration Detail

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR< 1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 2.4G	Body Front	0.285	0.654	0.939
	Body Back	0.689	0.824	1.513
	Body Left	0.022	N/A	N/A
	Body Right	0.013	0.129	0.129
	Body Top	0.004	N/A	N/A
	Body Bottom	0.335	N/A	N/A

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR< 1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(BT)	
WWAN+ Bluetooth	Body Front	0.285	0.105	0.390
	Body Back	0.689	0.105	0.794
	Body Left	0.022	0.105	0.127
	Body Right	0.013	0.105	0.118
	Body Top	0.004	0.105	0.109
	Body Bottom	0.335	0.105	0.440

Transmitter Combination	Position	Max SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR< 1.6W/kg
		SAR1(WWAN)	SAR2(WLAN)	
WWAN+ WLAN 5G	Body Front	0.285	0.263	0.548
	Body Back	0.689	0.707	1.396
	Body Left	0.022	N/A	N/A
	Body Right	0.013	0.647	0.660
	Body Top	0.004	N/A	N/A
	Body Bottom	0.335	N/A	N/A

### Conclusion:

Sum of SAR:  $\Sigma$ SAR ≤ 1.6 W/kg for 1g Body SAR , therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

## SAR Plots

### Test Plot 1# 1\_GSM850\_GPRS 4 Tx slots\_Back\_0mm\_Ch190

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.912 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.193$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.368 W/kg

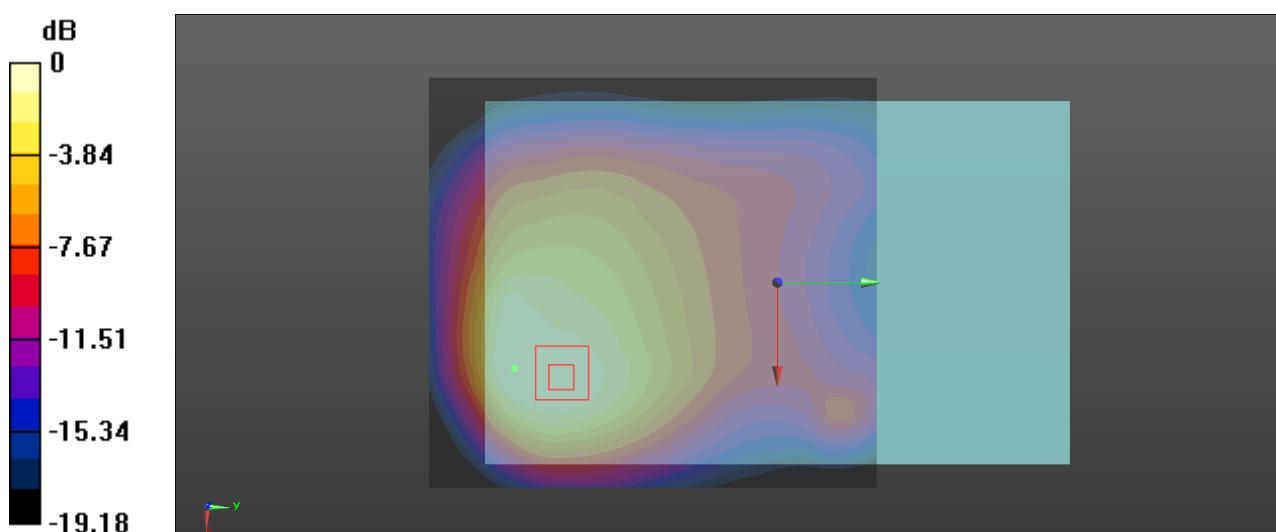
**Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.888 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.371 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 W/kg



**Test Plot 2# GSM1900\_GPRS 4 Tx slots\_Back\_0mm\_Ch661**

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.368$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.808$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.284 W/kg

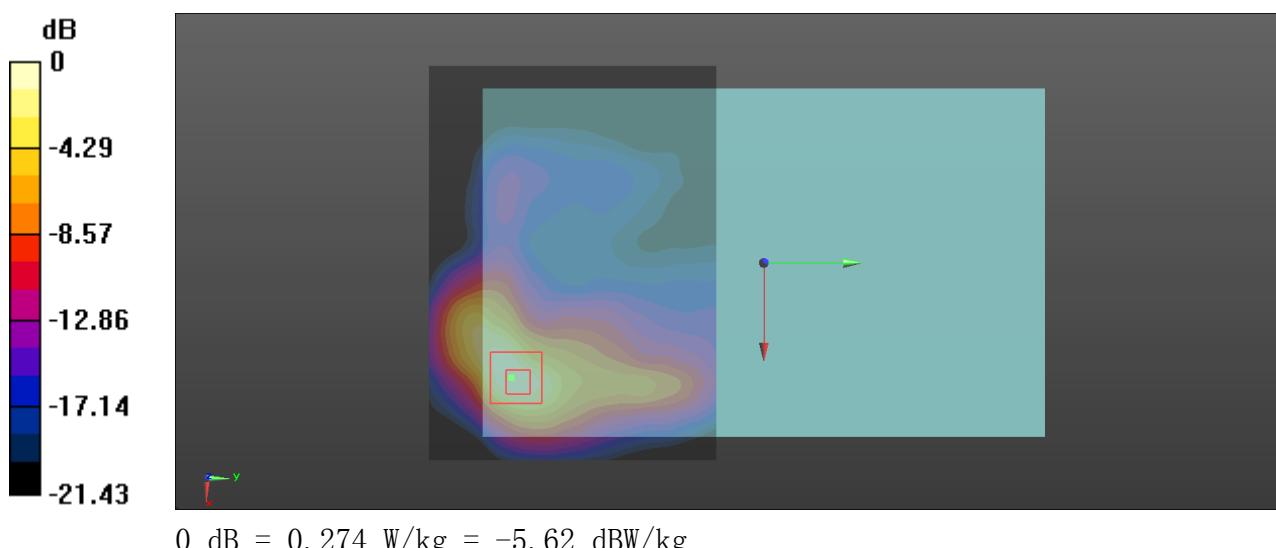
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.109 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.180 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 W/kg



**Test plot 3#WCDMA II\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_0mm\_Ch9400**

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 3G (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.368$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.808$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (101x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.516 W/kg

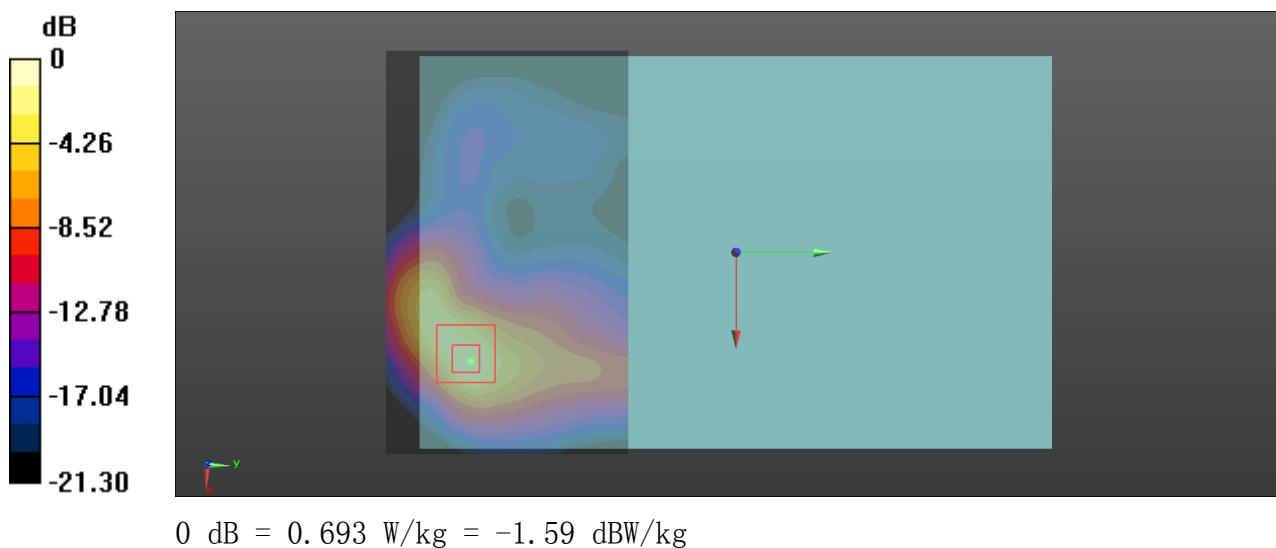
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.850 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.440 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.693 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.693 \text{ W/kg} = -1.59 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test plot 4# WCDMA V\_RMC 12.2Kbps\_Back\_0mm\_Ch4183

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA 3G (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.912 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 42.193$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.206 W/kg

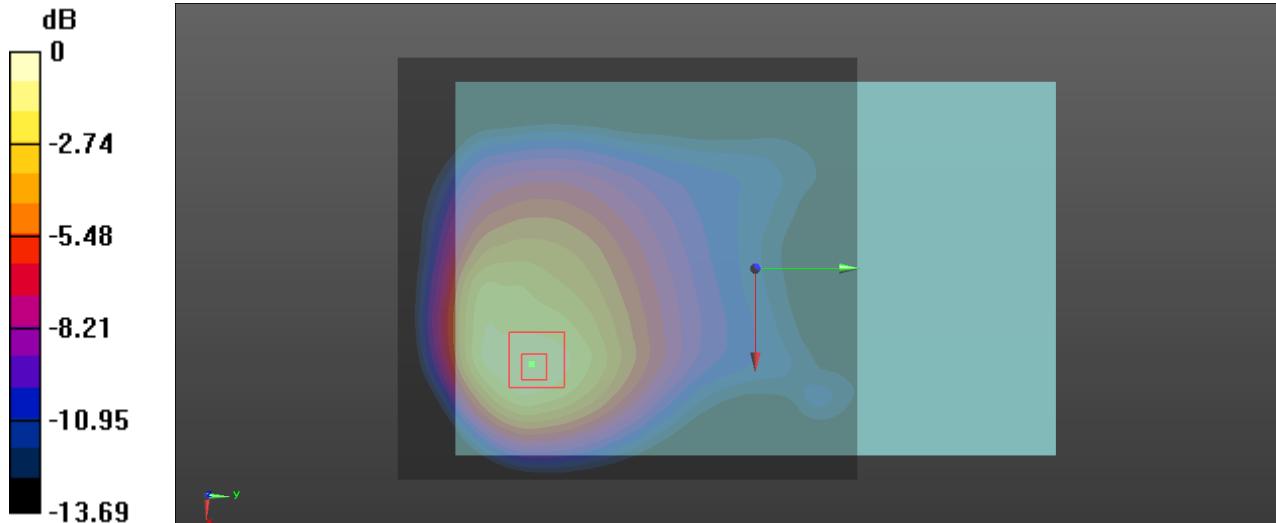
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.560 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.327 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.195 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 W/kg



Test plot 5# LTE Band 5\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0offset\_Back\_0mm\_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 836.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.912$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.199$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.337 W/kg

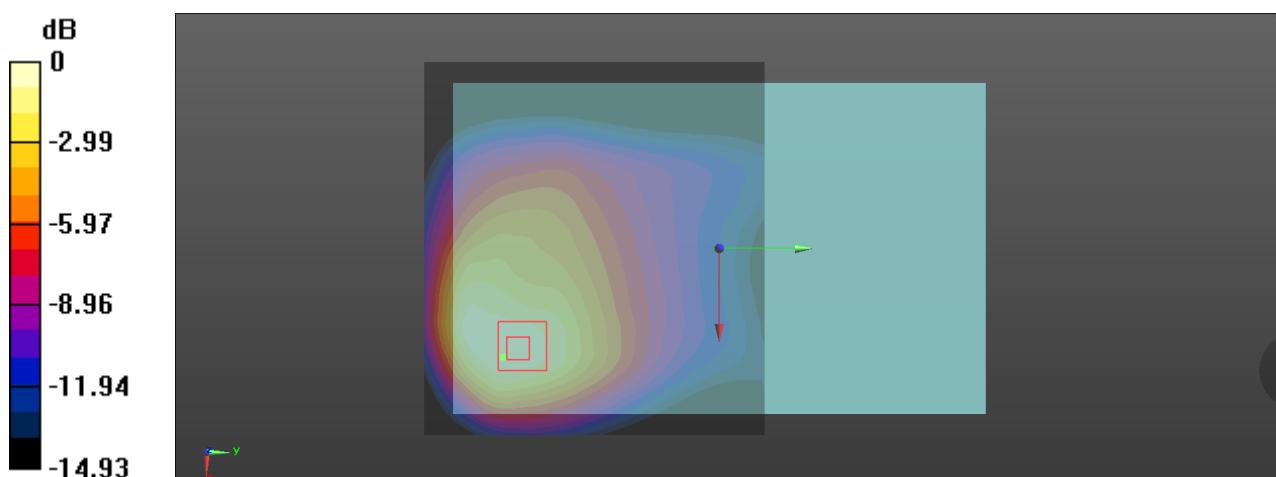
**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.006 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.255 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.336 \text{ W/kg} = -4.74 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

**Test plot 6# LTE Band 7\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0offset\_Back\_0mm\_Ch21100**

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2535$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.932$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.243$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (141x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.446 W/kg

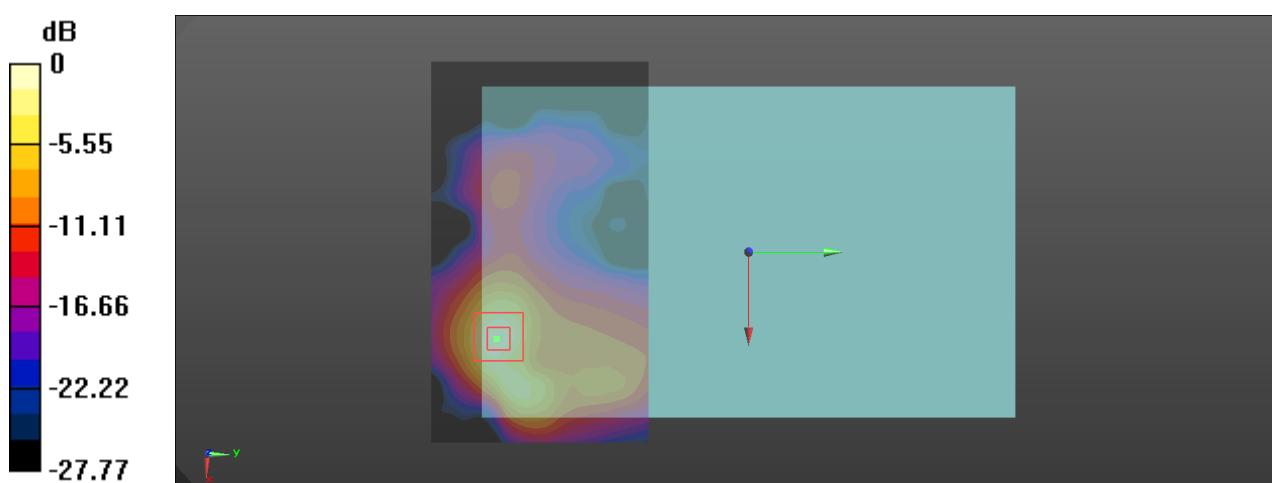
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.9440 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.568 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.287 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.469 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.469 \text{ W/kg} = -3.29 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

**Test plot 7# LTE Band 2\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0offset\_Back\_0mm\_Ch18900**

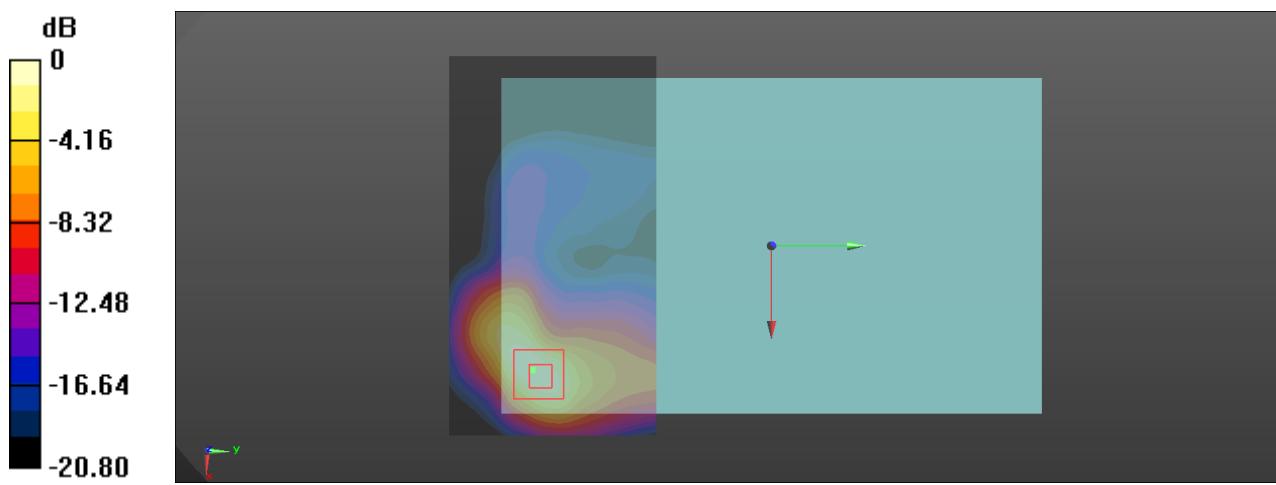
Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.368$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.808$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x61x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.580 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 1.650 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.754 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.405 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 W/kg



**Test plot 8# LTE Band 4\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0offset\_Back\_0mm\_Ch20175**

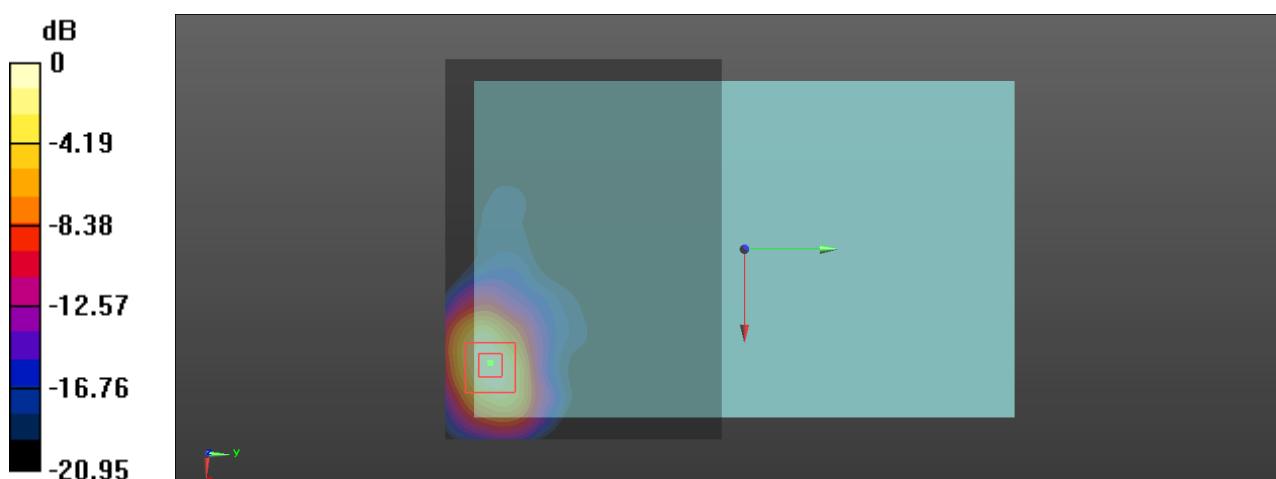
Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1733$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.328$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.484$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.974 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 0.627 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.997 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.997 \text{ W/kg} = -0.01 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

**Test plot 9# LTE Band 17\_10M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0offset\_Back\_0mm\_Ch23790**

Communication System: UID 0, FDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.871 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43.14$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(10.39, 10.39, 10.39); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x121x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.197 W/kg

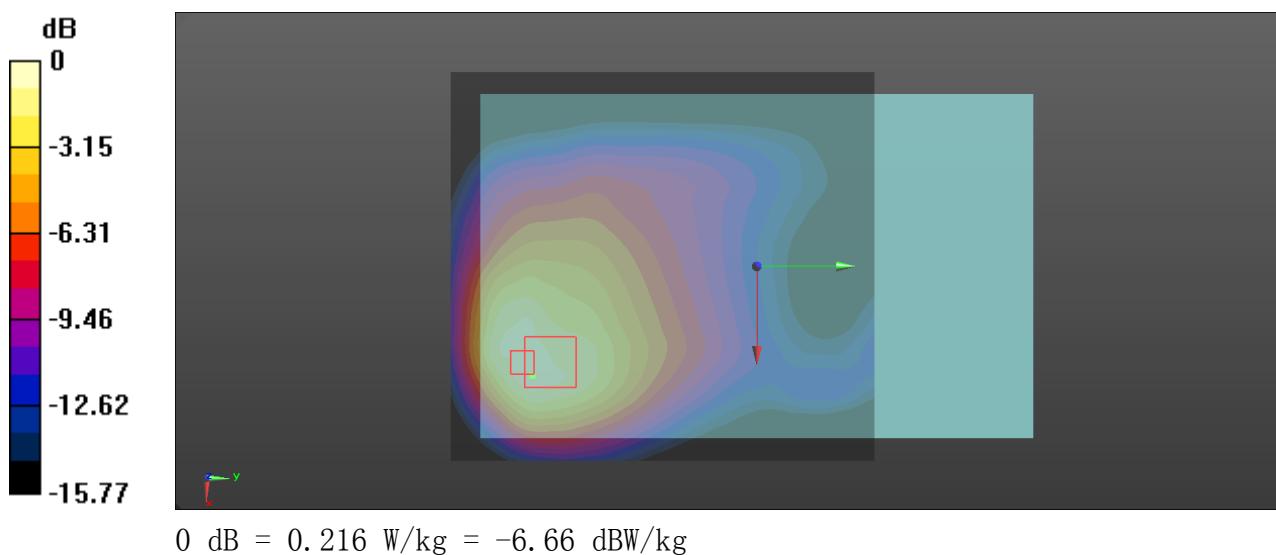
**Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.738 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.137 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.216 W/kg



**Test plot 10# LTE Band 41\_20M\_QPSK\_1RB\_0offset\_Back\_0mm\_Ch40740**

Communication System: UID 0, TDD LTE 4G (0); Frequency: 2605 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2605 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.012 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.988$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.13, 7.13, 7.13); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (111x81x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$   
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.339 W/kg

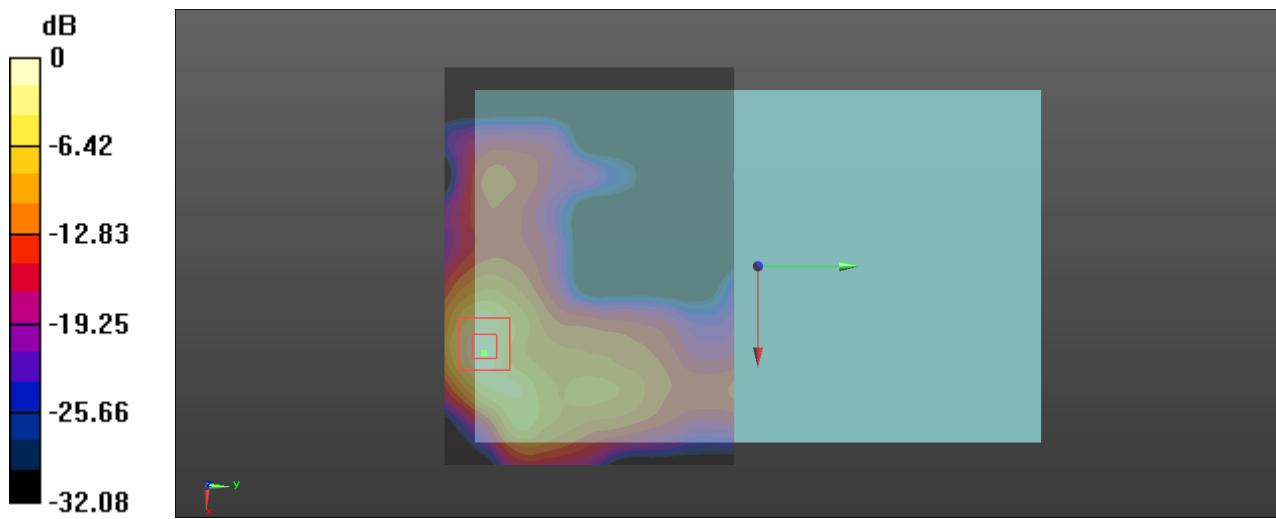
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.7470 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.215 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 W/kg



**Test plot 11# WLAN 2.4GHz\_802.11b 1Mbps\_Back\_0mm\_Ch11**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI2.4G (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.867$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.813$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (141x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

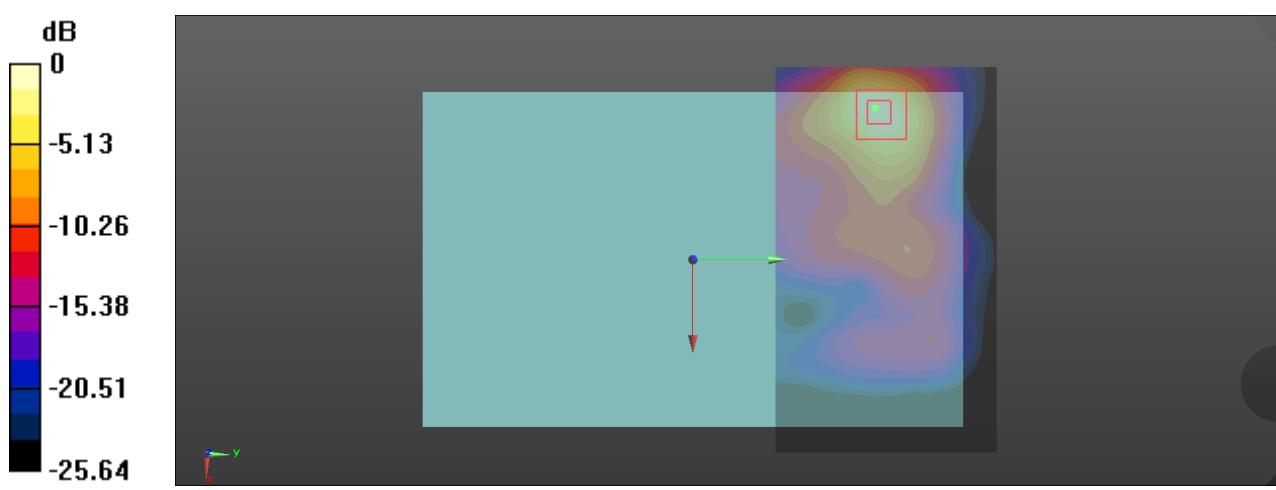
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.444 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.811 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 1.41 \text{ W/kg} = 1.49 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

**Test plot 12# WLAN 5.2GHz\_802.11a 6Mbps\_Back\_0mm\_Ch48**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5240$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.723$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.483$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.64 W/kg

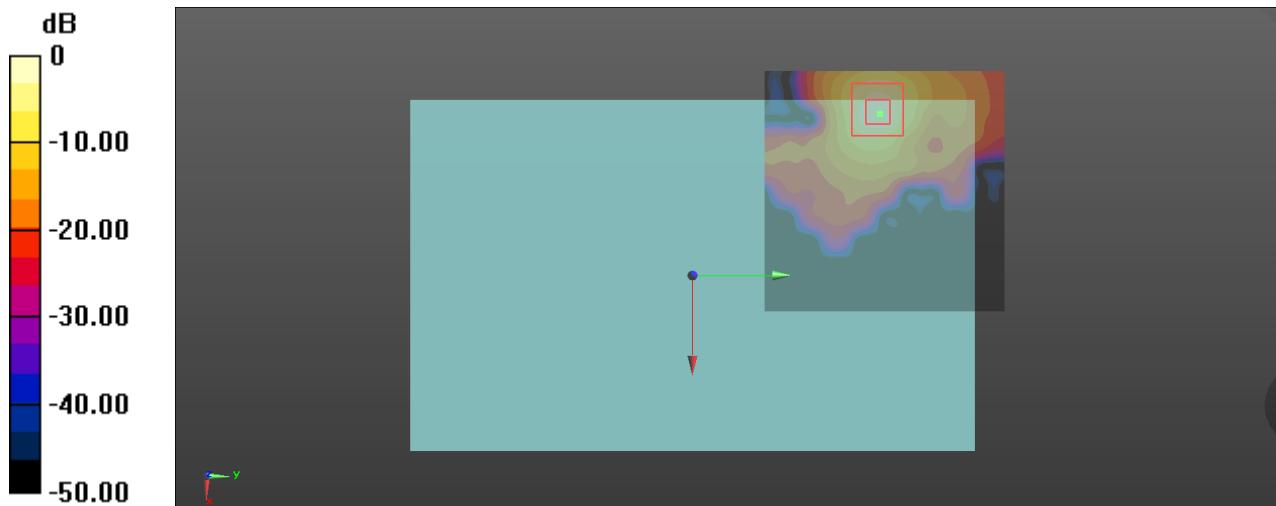
**Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0.4120 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.87 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.680 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.73 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 1.73 \text{ W/kg} = 2.38 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

**Test plot 13# WLAN 5.8GHz\_802.11n-HT20 MCS0\_Back\_0mm\_Ch157**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 5785$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.283$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 36.743$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7557; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/5/2020,
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn527; Calibrated: 7/9/2020
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 Ax; Serial: 2095
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7437)

**Area Scan (151x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.45 W/kg

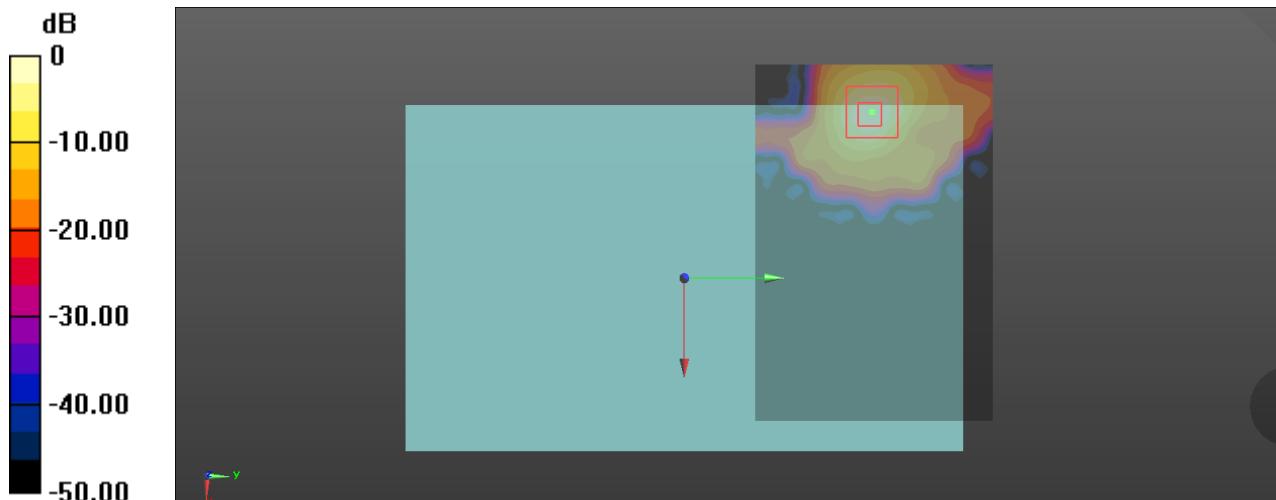
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.61 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.537 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

**Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test**

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

## APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

## APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

## Declarations

- 1: BACL is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with an asterisk '\*'. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.
- 2: Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.
- 3: Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.
- 4: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.
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