



# RF Exposure Study - Engineering Analysis per

## FCC 2.1093

# **Industry Canada RSS-102**

# **Australian ARPANSA Requirements**

# **New Zealand Regulations**

# CP-DX70

Desktop Telepresence

FCC ID: LDKDX700976 IC: 2461B- DX700976

Supplementary Appendix to Reports EDCS-1394241, EDCS-1401017

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#### 1.0: Attestation Statement of Compliance

The Cisco Systems Inc CP-DX70 Series desktop TelePresence has been evaluated for Maximum Permissible Exposure in compliance with 47 Code of Federal Regulations 2.1093. The evaluation was in accordance with methodology as referenced in FCC Bulletin OET 65C (rev 01-01).

This report serves as the technical analysis of Cisco of the radios in the CP-DX80 series. The technical information referenced for this study was derived from the FCC / Canada test report on the product.

For purposes of this study, the evaluation was only done with the worse case antennae for each programmable power level.

The limits used for this evaluation are in line with the recommendations of the World Health Organizations (WHO) International Committee on Non Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) as well as the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) C95.1.

This analysis also complies with the requirements stated in Industry Canada RSS-102 as well as the applicable Australian and New Zealand regulations.

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# 2.0 EUT Description

This is a Cisco DX-70 video-capable desktop TelePresence endpoint which contains an 802.11a/b/g/n radio and an 802.15 Bluetooth Ver. 3.0 + EDR Radio.



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# 3.0 Methodology

All calculations were made in accordance with ANSI C95.1, and FCC OET 65C.

# 4.0 Technical Requirements

## 4.1 Single Band Operation – Limits

As referenced by OET 65C / RSS-102

### (B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> ,  H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$(180/f^2)*$	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

#### NOTE 1: See Section 1 for discussion of exposure categories.

NOTE 2: The averaging time for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure to fixed transmitters is not applicable for mobile and portable transmitters. See 47 CFR §§2.1091 and 2.1093 on source-based time-averaging requirements for mobile and portable transmitters.



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Excerpt from Australian Radiation Protection Standard

# REFERENCE LEVELS FOR TIME AVERAGED EXPOSURE TO RMS ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS (UNPERTURBED FIELDS)

Exposure category	Frequency range	E-field strength (V/m rms)	H-field strength (A/m rms)	Equivalent plane wave power flux density Seq (W/m <sub>2</sub> )
Occupational	100 kHz – 1 MHz	614	1.63 / f	_
	1 MHz – 10 MHz	614 / f	1.63 / f	$1000 / f_2 $ (see note 5)
	10 MHz – 400 MHz	61.4	0.163	10 (see note 5)
	400 MHz – 2 GHz	$3.07 \times f_{0.5}$	0.00814×f <sub>0.5</sub>	<i>f</i> / 40
	2 GHz – 300 GHz	137	0.364	50
General public	100 kHz – 150 kHz	86.8	4.86	-
	150 kHz – 1 MHz	86.8	0.729 <i>/ f</i>	_
	1 MHz – 10 MHz	$86.8  / f_{0.5}$	0.729 <i>/ f</i>	_
	10 MHz – 400 MHz	27.4	0.0729	2 (see note 6)
	400 MHz – 2 GHz	1.37 × f o.5	0.00364×f <sub>0.5</sub>	f/ 200
	2 GHz – 300 GHz	61.4	0.163	10

## 5.0 Calculations

The Power Density (mW/cm2) is calculated as follows:

 $S = PG(Duty Cycle) / 4\pi R^2$ 

Where:

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)



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## 6.0 Results

TX	Frequency (MHz)	MPE Distance (cm)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Duty Cycle	Power Density (mW/cm^2)	Limit (cm)	% of Std
TX1	2412-2462 (Wi-Fi)	20	15.72	2.6	1	0.01	1	0.01
TX1	2402-2480 (BT)	20	05.57	2.6	1	0.001	1	0.001
TX3	5150-5250 (Wi-Fi)	20	15.50	3.3	1	0.02	1	0.02
TX3	5250-5350 (Wi-Fi)	20	15.93	3.1	1	0.02	1	0.02
TX3	5470-5725 (Wi-Fi)	20	15.88	3.5	1	0.02	1	0.02
TX3	5745-5825 (Wi-Fi)	20	15.09	4.0	1	0.02	1	0.02

#### **Calculations with additional transmitters**

The wifi radio operates in either the 2.4GHz or 5GHz Band but not both at the same time. Bluetooth may be used with either wi-fi band.



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Scenario 1:

#### Bluetooth and 2.4GHz Radio

$$TX1 + TX2 = \%$$
 standard  $20 \sqrt{\text{constant}} = d$  (estimate)

TX1	TX2	Total	
0.01	0.001	0.011	

Distance (estimate) = 2.10 cm < 20 cm (Passed)

Scenario 2:

#### Bluetooth and 5GHz Radio

$$TX1 + TX2 = \%$$
 standard  $20 \sqrt{3} \% = d$  (estimate)

TX1	TX2	Total	
0.02	0.001	0.021	

Distance (estimate) = 2.90 cm < 20cm (Passed)

The configuration above co-location calculation is for the General population /Uncontrolled exposure. The minimum recommended distance is 20 cm when all antenna's are within 20 cm boundary.