TEST REPORT

CTK Co., Ltd.
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Report No.: CTK-2019-02714

1. Client

◦ Name : ANOTO KOREA Corp.

◦ Address : Uspace2 #B-703, 670, Daewangpangyo-ro Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea

2. Manufacturer

◦ Name : IN-TECH ELECTRONICS LTD.

◦ Address : No.2, Qihang Industrial Park, Haoxiang Road, Shajing Town, Bao'an District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, P. R. China

3. Use of Report : For FCC Certification

4. Test Sample / Model : Digital Pen / LP2 PRO

5. Date of Test : 2019-07-01 to 2019-07-08

6. Test Standard(method) used : FCC 47 CFR part 15 subpart C 15.247

7. Testing Environment : Temp.: (21 ± 5) ℃, Humidity: (48 ± 3) % R.H.

8. Test Results : Compliance

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except in full.

Affirmation	Tested by Bong-seok Kim: (Signature)	Technical Manager Young-taek Lee: (Signature)

2019-07-12

Republic of KOREA **CTK Co., Ltd.**

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REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2019-07-12	Issued (CTK-2019-02714)	all

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1. General Product Description

1.1 Client Information

Company	ANOTO KOREA Corp.
Contact Point	Uspace2 #B-703, 670, Daewangpangyo-ro Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
Contact Person	Name : Chulmin, In E-mail : Chulmin.in@anoto.com Tel : +32-600-0824

1.2 Product Information

FCC ID	ADMLP2PRO
Product Description	Digital Pen
Model name	LP2 PRO
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz
RF Output Power	2.99 dBm(1.991 mW)
Antenna Specification	Antenna type : Chip Antenna Peak Gain : 0.9 dBi
Number of channels	79
Channel Spacing	1 MHz
Type of Modulation	GFSK(1Mbps), DQPSK(2Mbps), 8-DPSK(3Mbps)
Power Source	DC 3.7 V

1.3 Peripheral Devices

- For Conducted Measurement and Radiated Measurement

Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Note Computer	HP	HP Probook 650 G1	5CG5114K13
AC/DC Adapter	HP	PPP012D-S	677777-003

2. Facility and Accreditations

2.1 Test Facility

The measurement facility is located at (Ho-dong), 113, Yejik-ro, Cheoin-gu, Yong-in-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea.

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations and Listings

Country	Agency	Registration Number
USA	FCC	805871
CANADA	ISED	8737A-2
KOREA	NRRA	KR0025

2.3 Calibration Details of Equipment Used for Measurement

Test equipment and test accessories are calibrated on regular basis. The maximum time between calibrations is one year or what is recommended by the manufacturer, whichever is less. All test equipment calibrations are traceable to the Korea Research Institute of Standards and Science (KRISS), therefore, all test data recorded in this report is traceable to KRISS.

3. Test Specifications

3.1 Standards

FCC rule Section(s)	Requirement(s)	Status (Note 1)	Test Condition
15.247(a)	Carrier Frequency Separation	C	Conducted
15.247(a)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	C	
15.247(a)	20 dB Bandwidth	C	
15.247(a)	Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)	C	
15.247(b)	Transmitter Output Power	C	
15.247(d)	Unwanted Emission(Conducted)	C	
15.209	Radiated Emissions	C	Radiated
15.207	AC Conducted Emission	C	Line Conducted
Note 1: C=Complies NC=Not Complies NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable			
Note 2: The data in this test report are traceable to the national or international standards.			
Note 3: The equipment is operated on Car battery power only.			
Note 4: The sample was tested according to the following specification: FCC Part 15.247, ANSI C63.10-2013			

3.2 Mode of operation during the test

The EUT is operated in a manner representative of the typical of the equipments.
During at testing, system components were manipulated within the confines of typical usage to maximize each emission. All modulation modes were tests.
The results are only attached worst cases.

Test Frequency

Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz

Test mode

Modulation	Packet type	Data rate	Duty Cycle
GFSK	DH5	1 Mbps	77.1%
8-DPSK	3 DH5	3 Mbps	77.1%

3.3 Maximum Measurement Uncertainty

The value of the measurement uncertainty for the measurement of each parameter.
Coverage factor k = 2, Confidence levels of 95 %

Description	Uncertainty
Conducted RF Output Power	1.5 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	0.1 MHz
Unwanted Emission(conducted)	3.0 dB
Radiated Emissions (f ≤ 1 GHz)	4.0 dB
Radiated Emissions (f > 1 GHz)	5.0 dB

3.4 Test Software

Conducted Test	Ics Pro Ver. 6.0.3
Radiated Test	TOYO EMI software EP5RE Ver. 5.1.0
Line Conducted Test	ESCI7, ESCI3 : EMC32 Ver. 8.50.0 ESR7 : EMC32 Ver. 8.53.0

4. Technical Characteristic Test

4.1 Carrier Frequency Separation

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.2)

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT has its hopping function enabled.
After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:
Span : wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
RBW : approximately 30% of the channel spacing;
adjust as necessary to best indentify the center of each individual channel.
VBW ≥ RBW Sweep : auto
Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

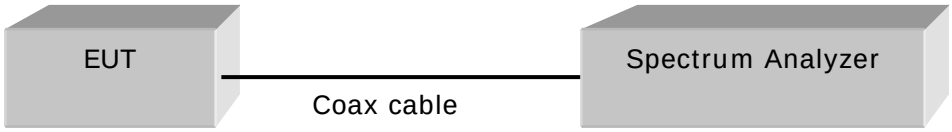


Figure 1 : Measurement setup for the carrier frequency separation

Limit

FHSS operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two thirds of the -20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Results

Test mode : GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 15 Packet Size : 339(DH5)

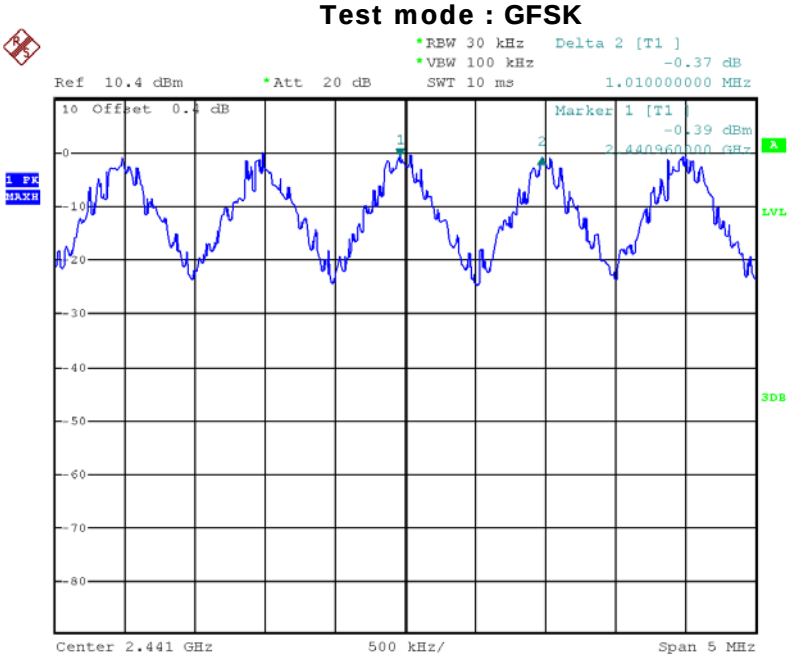
Channel	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation [kHz]	Two-third of 20dB bandwidth [kHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [kHz]	Result
Middle	1010	640.0	25	Complies

Test mode : 8-DPSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 31 Packet Size : 1021(3DH5)

Channel	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation [kHz]	Two-third of 20dB bandwidth [kHz]	Minimum Bandwidth [kHz]	Result
Middle	1020	933.3	25	Complies

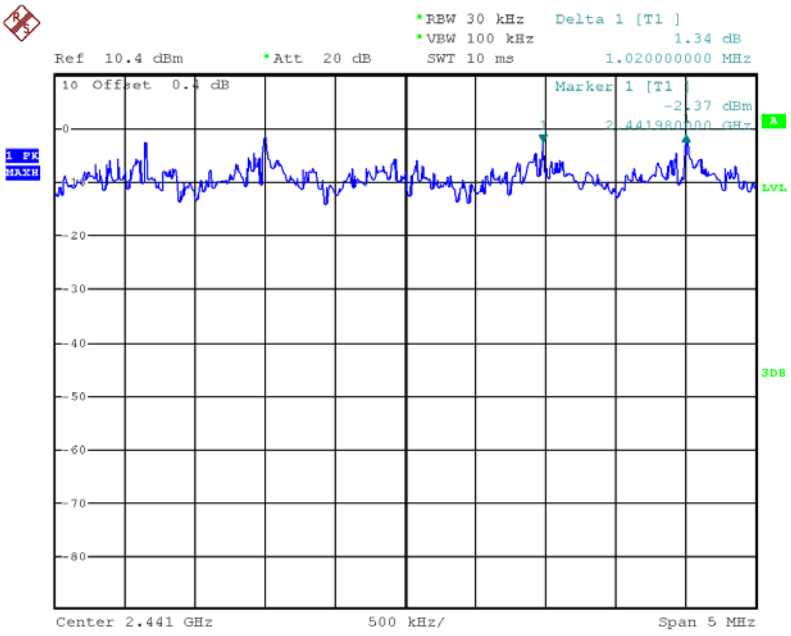
See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Test mode : GFSK



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:35:29

Test mode : 8-DPSK



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:45:12

4.2 Number of Hopping Frequencies

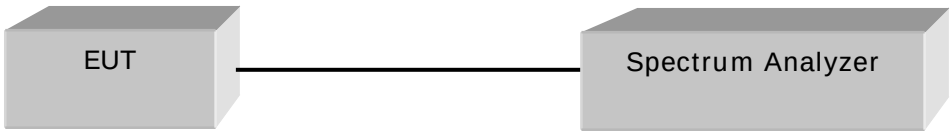
Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.3)

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Frequency range 1: Start = 2389.5 MHz, Stop = 2439.5 MHz
2: Start = 2439.5 MHz, Stop = 2489.5 MHz

RBW : To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak Trace = max hold



Limit

FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 hopping channels.

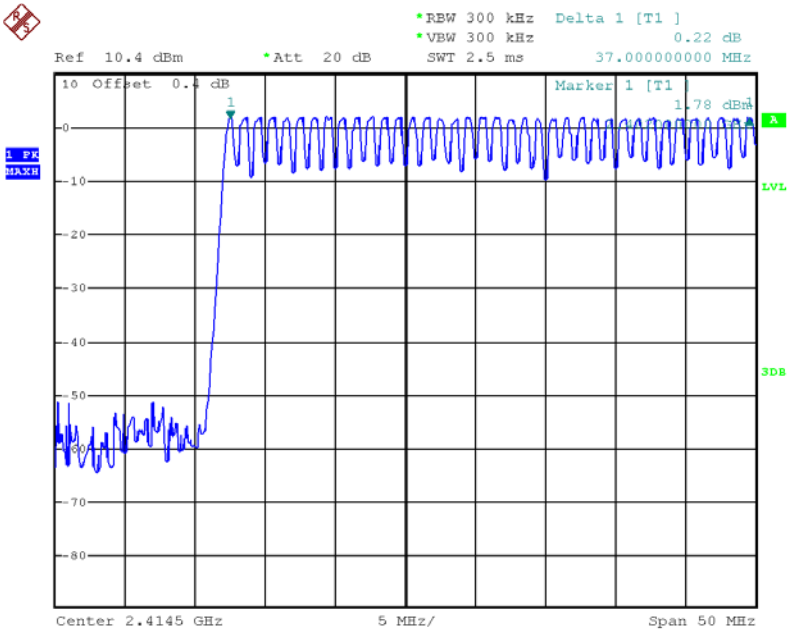
Test Results

Test mode : GFSK

Total number of Hopping Channels	Result
79	Complies

See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Test Mode : GFSK



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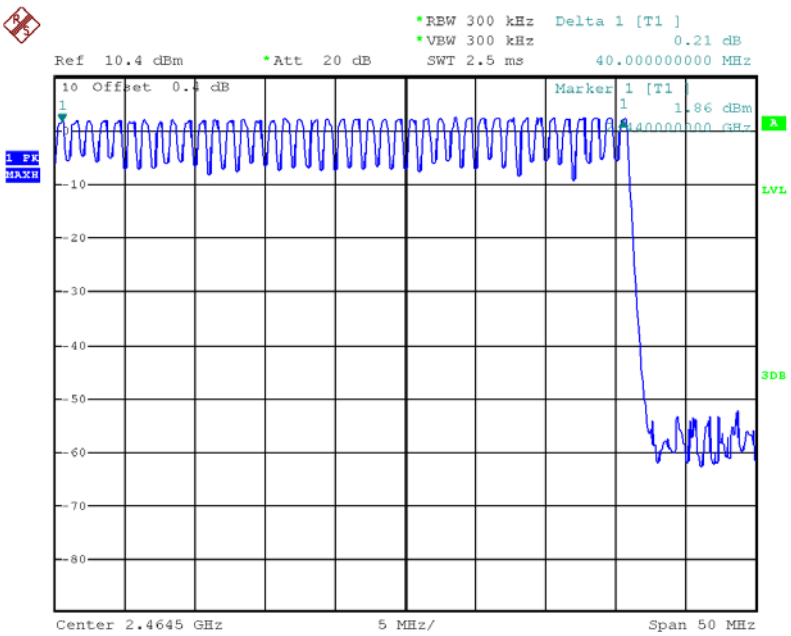

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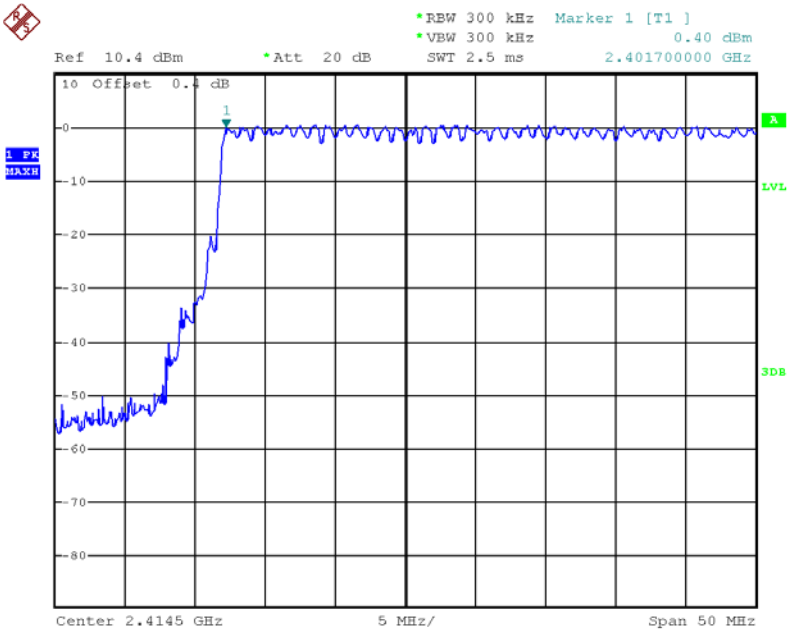
Test Mode : 8-DPSK



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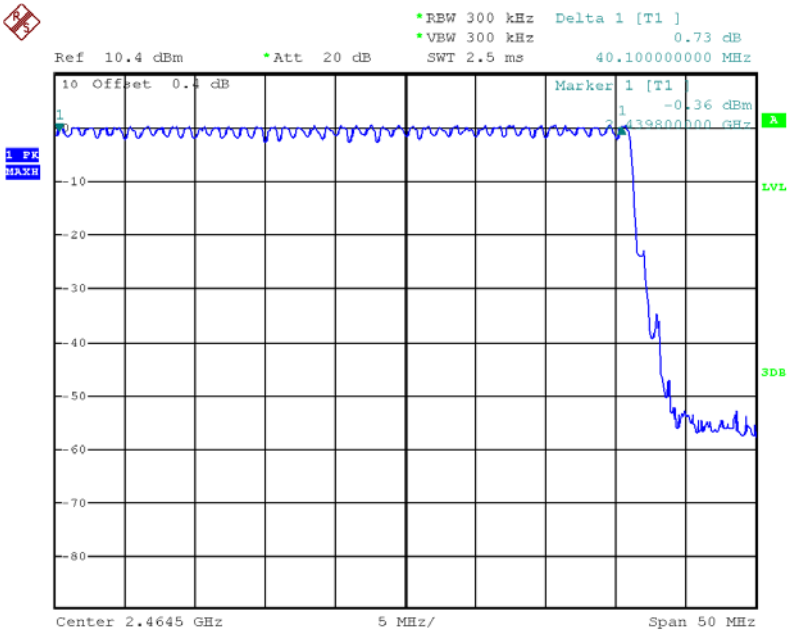


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:47:14

4.3 20 dB bandwidth & 99% Bandwidth

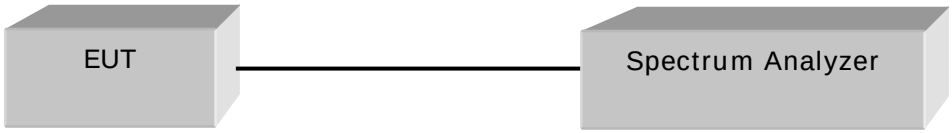
Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 6.9.2)

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 20 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 6.9.3)

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.
Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument and report the measured bandwidth.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:
Center frequency = the highest, middle and the lowest channels
Span = between 2 times and 5 times the OBW
RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW
VBW : approximately 3 times RBW
Trace = max hold
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak



Limit

Limit : N/A

Test Results

Test mode : GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 15 Packet Size : 339(DH5)

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% Bandwidth [MHz]	Result
Low	2402	0.890	0.860	Complies
Middle	2441	0.960	0.860	Complies
High	2480	0.960	0.880	Complies

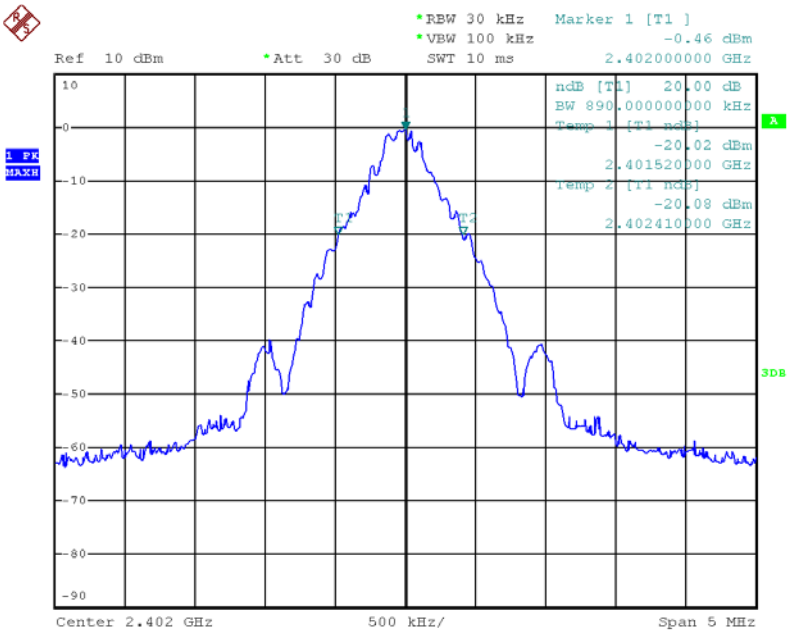
Test mode : 8-DPSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 31 Packet Size : 1021(3DH5)

Channel	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% Bandwidth [MHz]	Result
Low	2402	1.410	1.360	Complies
Middle	2441	1.400	1.320	Complies
High	2480	1.380	1.280	Complies

See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

20 dB Bandwidth - GFSK

[Low channel]



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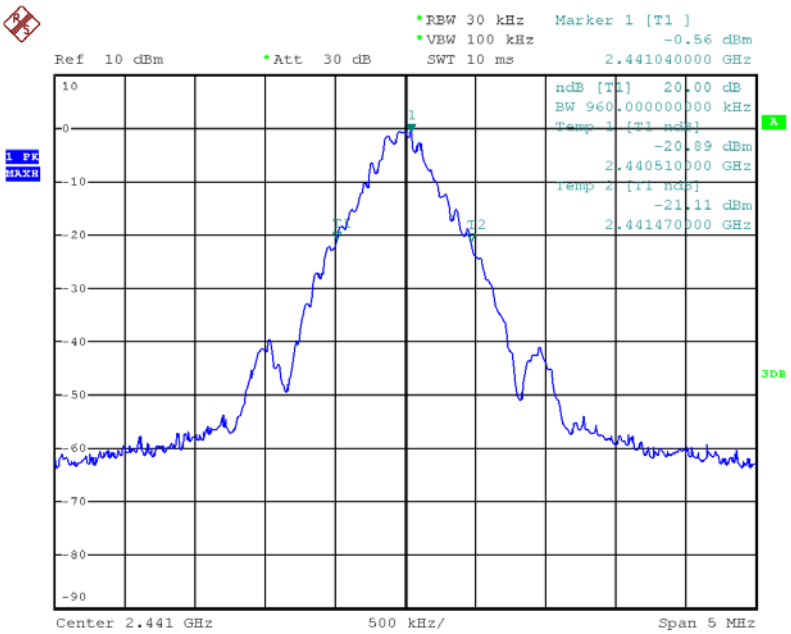
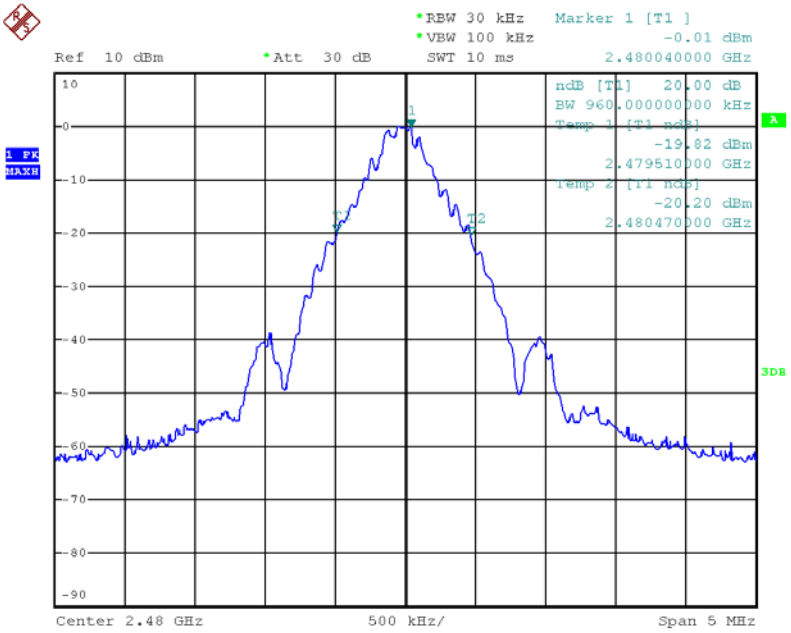
[Middle channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:32:07

[High channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:33:35

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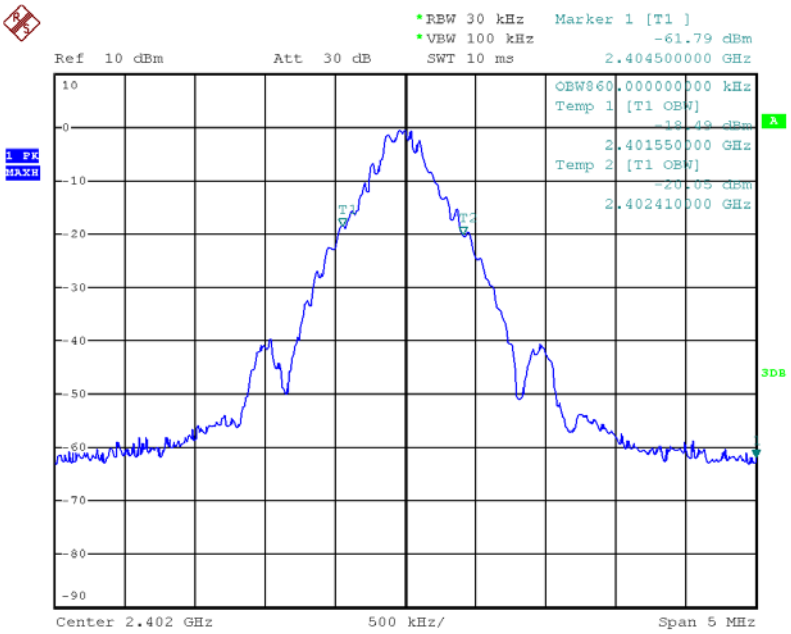
99% Bandwidth - GFSK

[Low channel]



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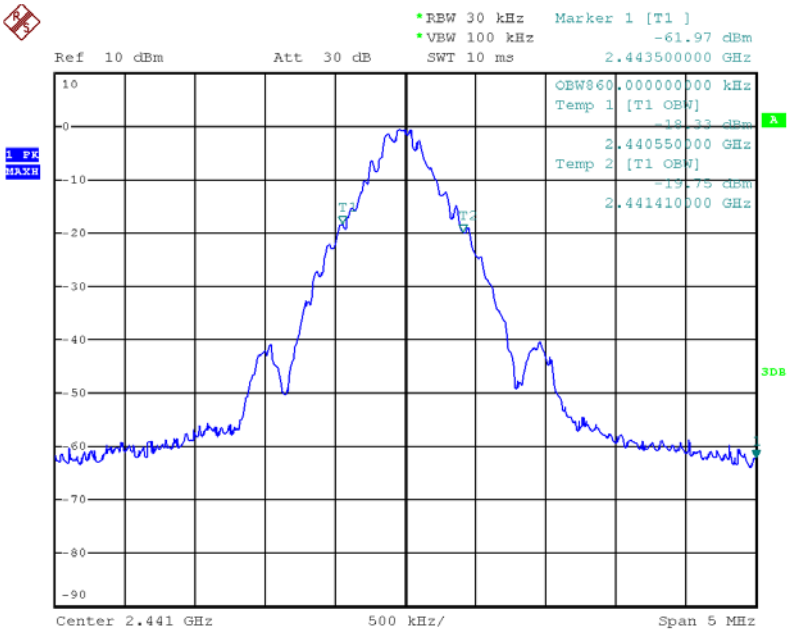
[Middle channel]



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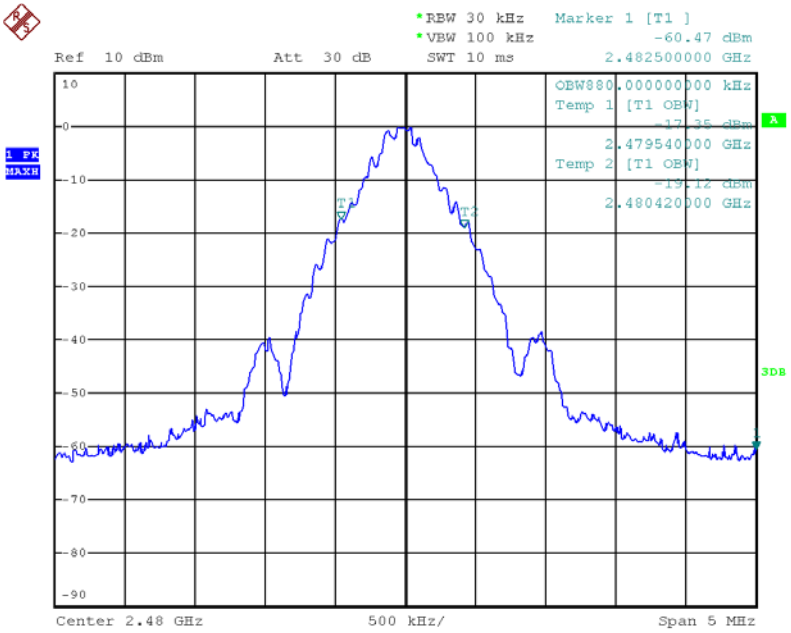
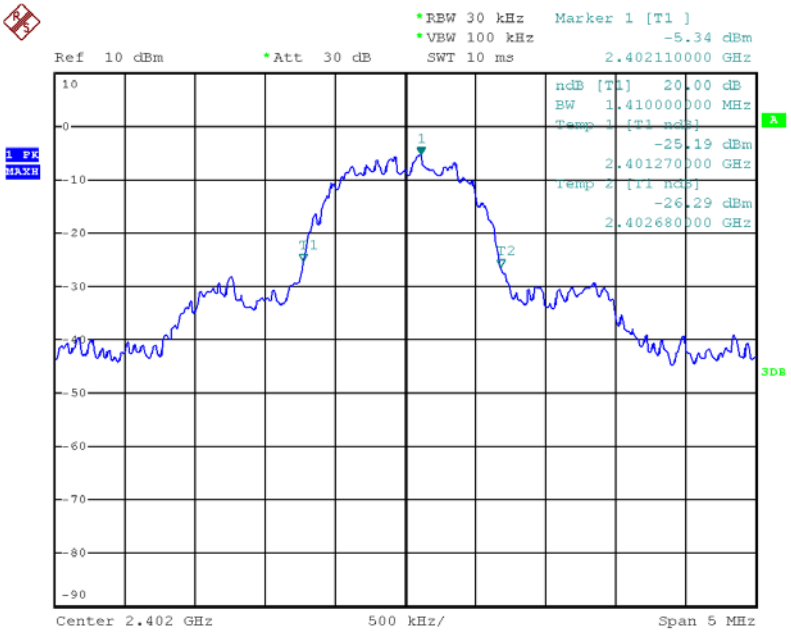
[High channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:33:49

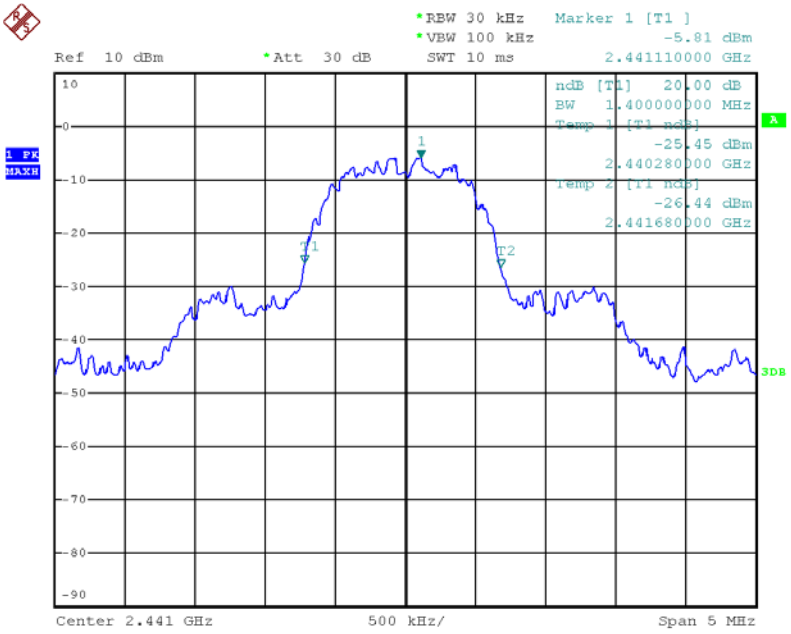
20 dB Bandwidth - 8-DPSK

[Low channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:09:01

[Middle channel]



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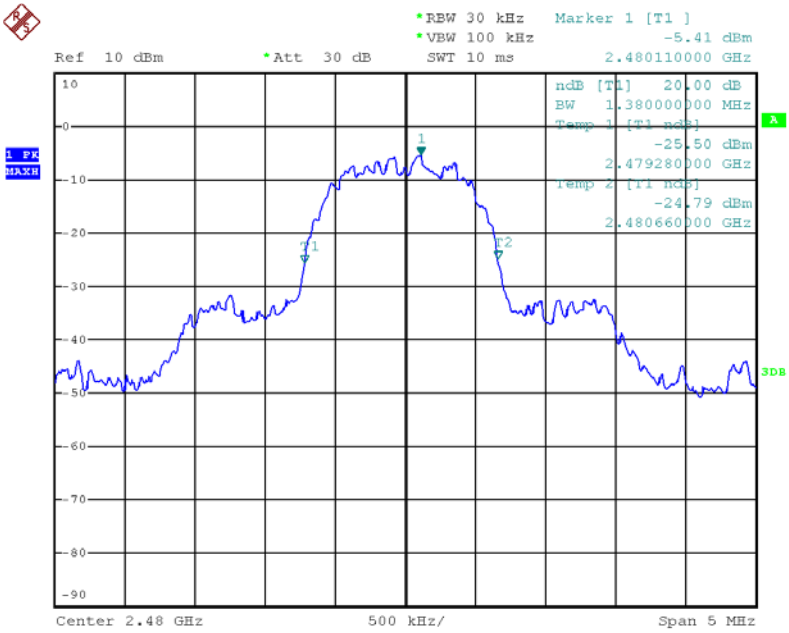
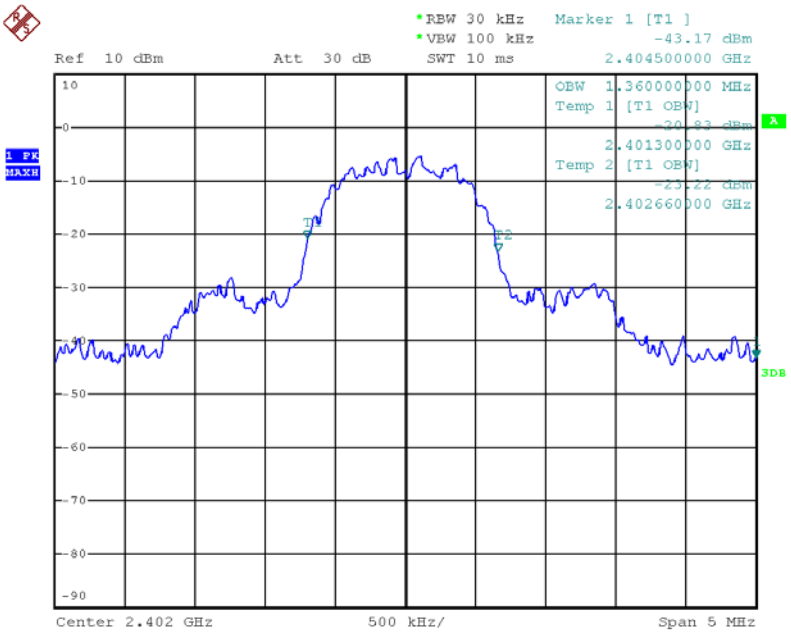
[High channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:12:41

99% Bandwidth - 8-DPSK

[Low channel]



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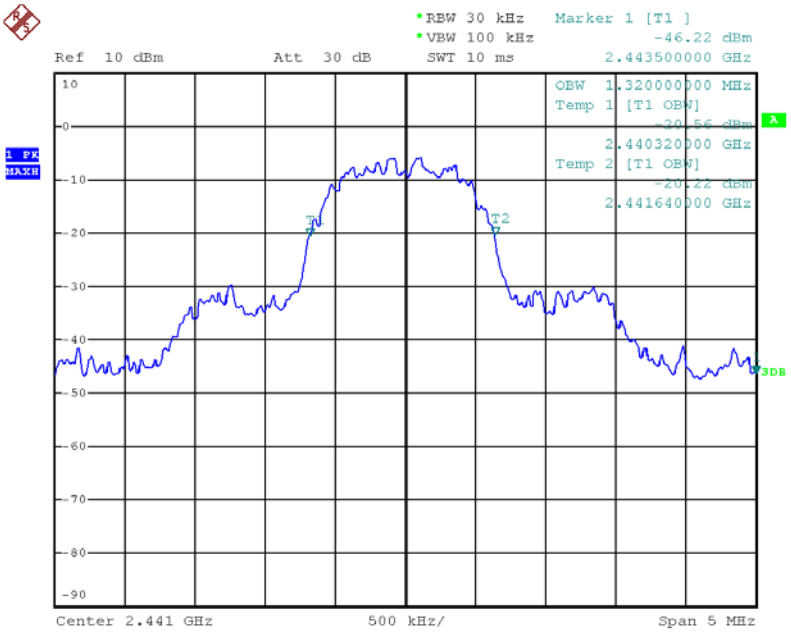
[Middle channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:11:22

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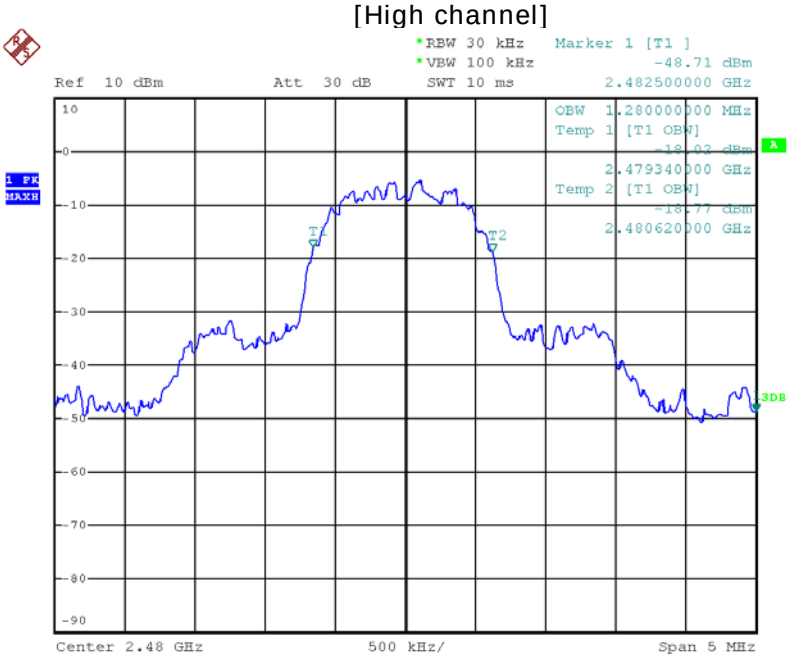
[High channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:12:55

4.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.4)

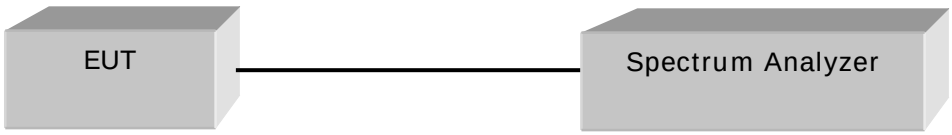
The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT has its hopping function enabled.

a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
b) RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
d) Detector function: Peak.
e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements =
(number of hops on spectrum analyzer) × (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)



Limit

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Results

Test mode : GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 15 Packet Size : 339(DH5)

Mode	Number of hops Channels	Length of Transmission Time(msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
DH1	79	0.380	**121.60**	400
DH3	79	1.650	**264.00**	400
DH5	79	2.900	**309.33**	400

Test mode : 8-DPSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 31 Packet Size : 1021(3DH5)

Mode	Number of hops Channels	Length of Transmission Time(msec)	Result (msec)	Limit (msec)
3DH1	79	0.396	**126.72**	400
3DH3	79	1.650	**264.00**	400
3DH5	79	2.900	**309.33**	400

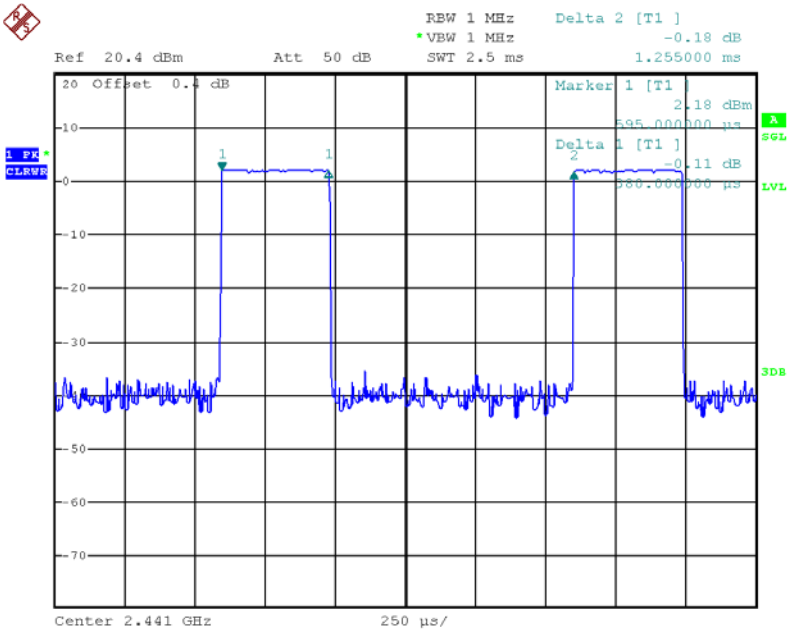
※ Remark:

dwell time = {(hopping rate / time slots) / hopping channel} x Hopping channel x Burst ON time x 0.4

- Time slots for DH1 = 2 slots(TX=1 slot / RX 1slot)
- Time slots for DH3 = 4 slots(TX=3 slot / RX 1slot)
- Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots(TX=5 slot / RX 1slot)
- Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode

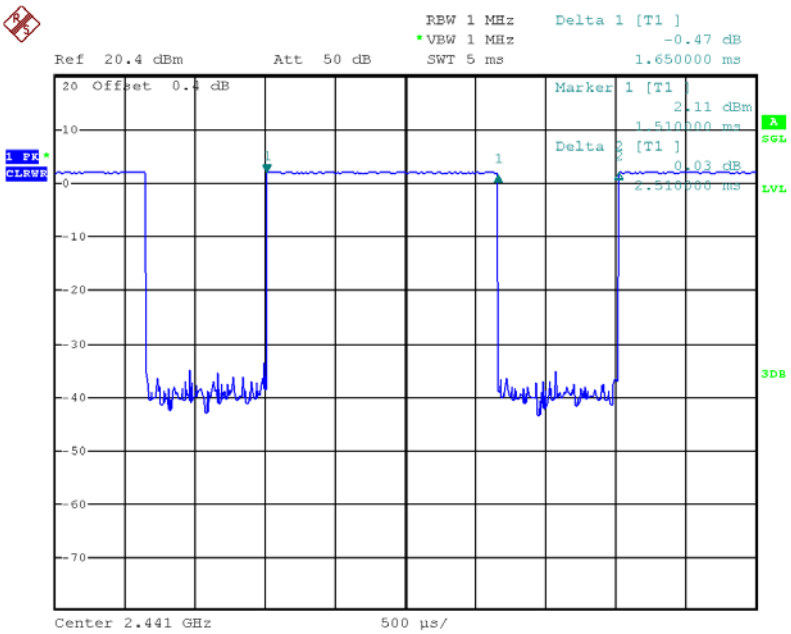
See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Time of Occupancy for PACKET Type DH1(GFSK)



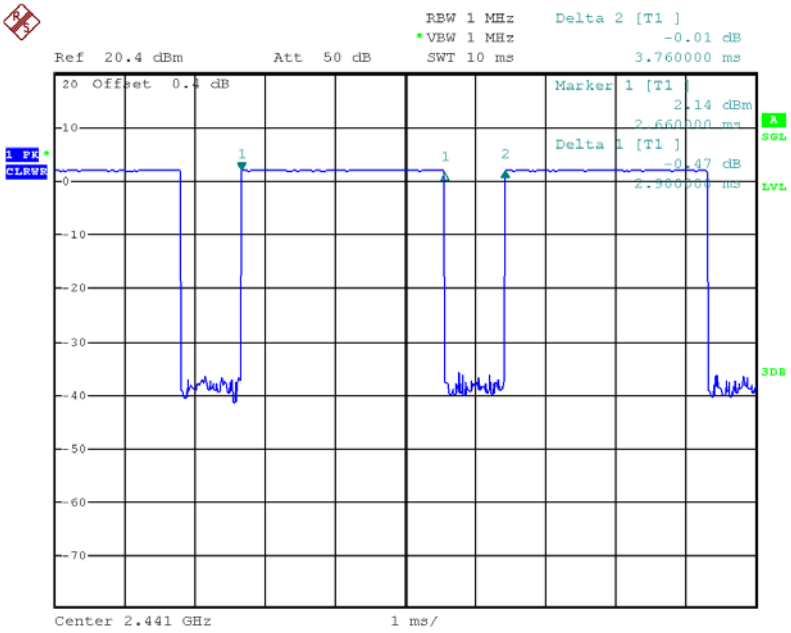
Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:37:57

Time of Occupancy for PACKET Type DH3(GFSK)



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:38:50

Time of Occupancy for PACKET Type DH5(GFSK)



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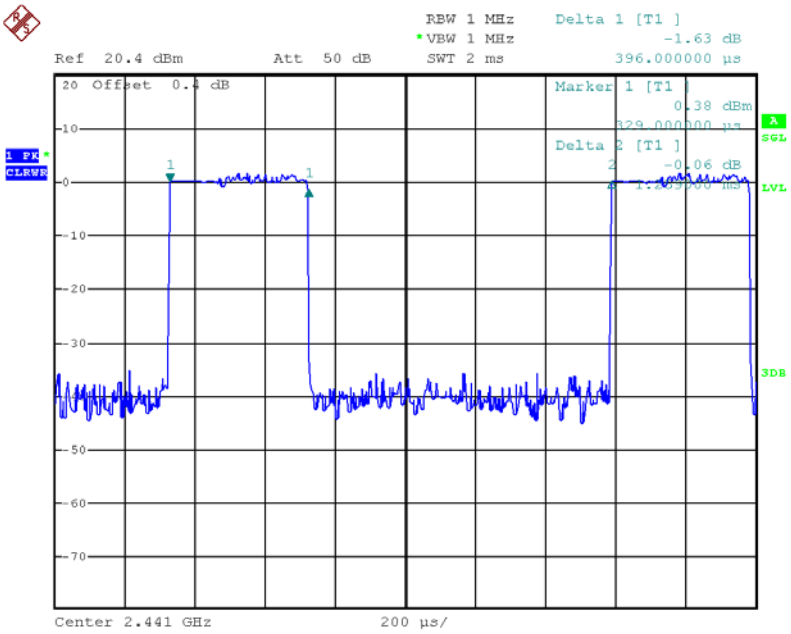
Time of Occupancy for PACKET Type 3DH1(8-DPSK)



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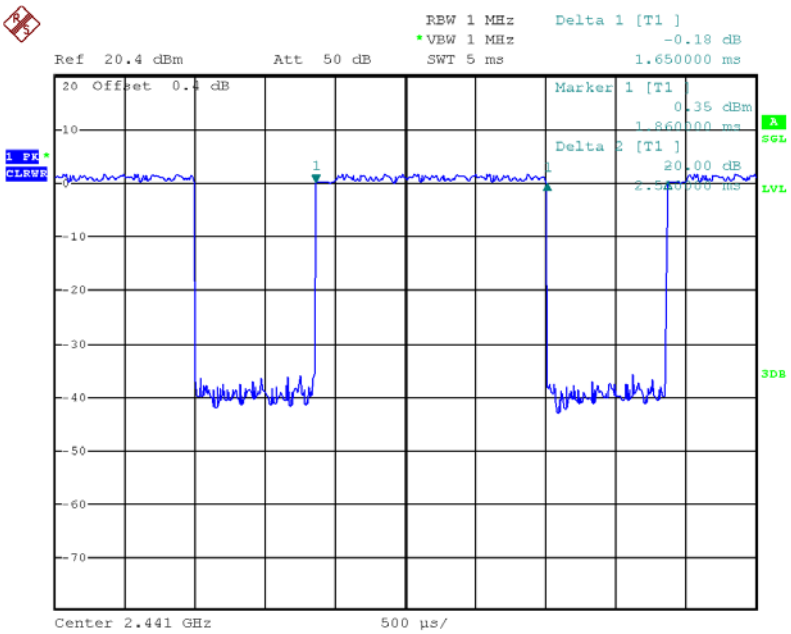
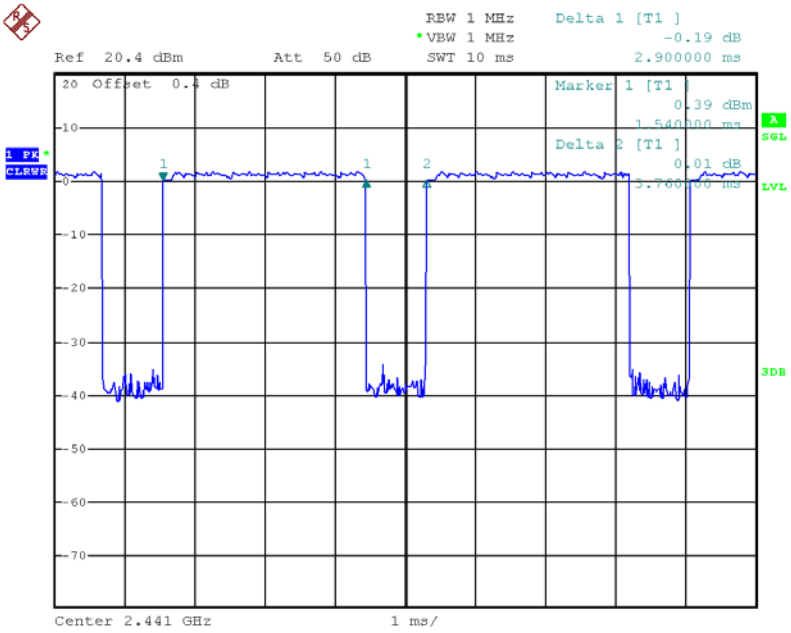
Time of Occupancy for PACKET Type 3DH3(8-DPSK)



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:50:59

Time of Occupancy for PACKET Type 3DH5(8-DPSK)



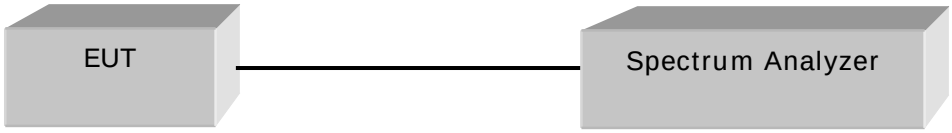
Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:51:47

4.5 Maximum peak Conducted Output Power

Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.5)

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:
Center frequency = the highest, middle, and the lowest channels
Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth
RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured
VBW ≥ RBW
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
Sweep = auto



Limit

For FHSS operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels.

Test Results

Test mode : GFSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 15 Packet Size : 339(DH5)

Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	Output Power [dBm]	Output power [mW]	Result
2 402	0	2.19	1.656	Complies
2 441	39	2.25	1.679	Complies
2 480	78	2.95	1.972	Complies

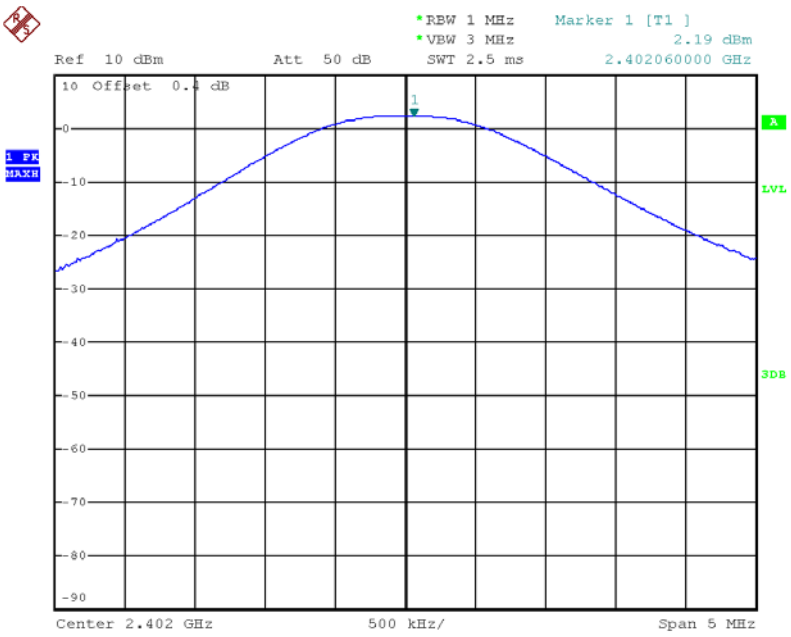
Test mode : 8-DPSK, CFG PKT Packet Type : 31 Packet Size : 1021(3DH5)

Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	Output Power [dBm]	Output power [mW]	Result
2 402	0	2.11	1.626	Complies
2 441	39	2.20	1.660	Complies
2 480	78	2.99	1.991	Complies

See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

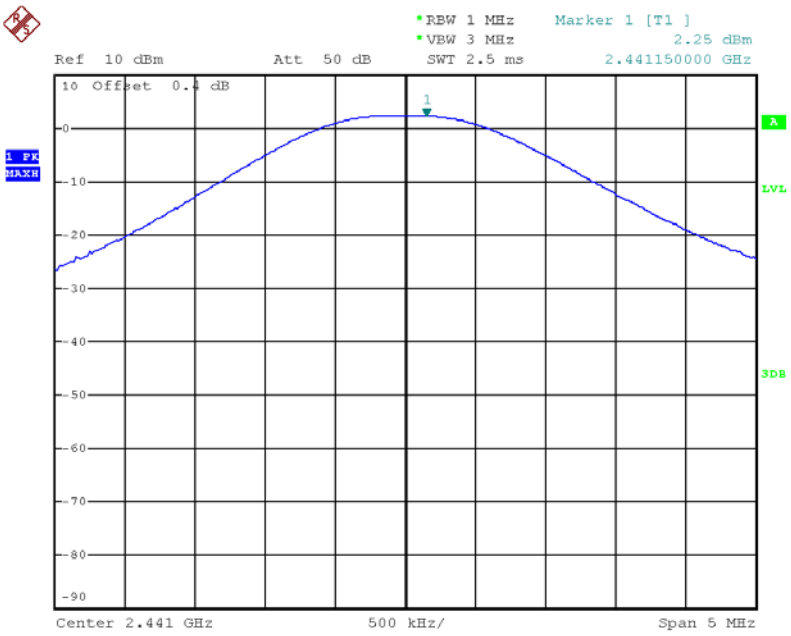
Test Mode : GFSK

[Low channel]



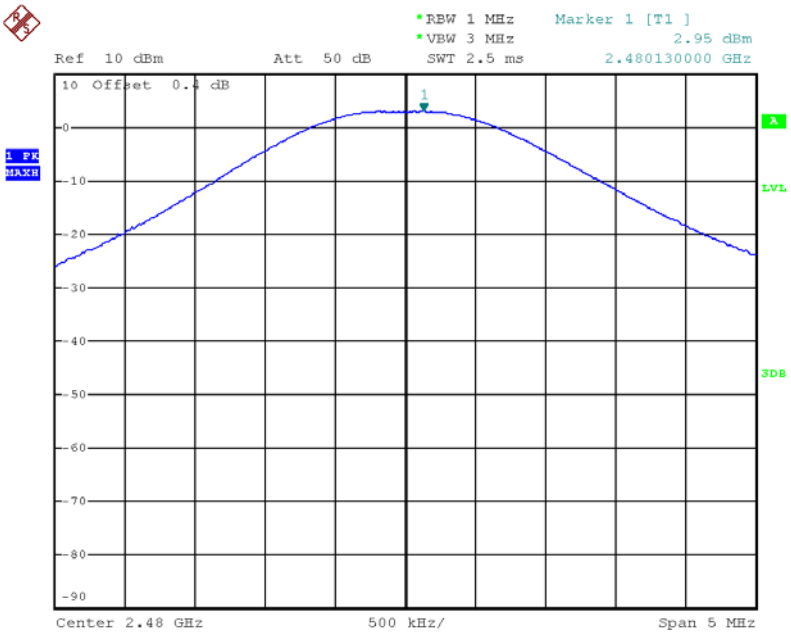
Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:30:04

[Middle channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:31:53

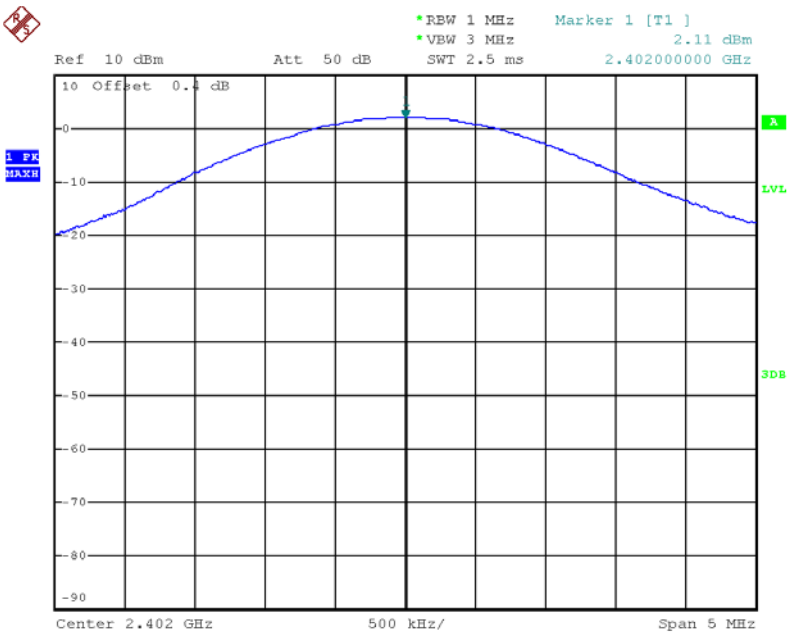
[High channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:33:21

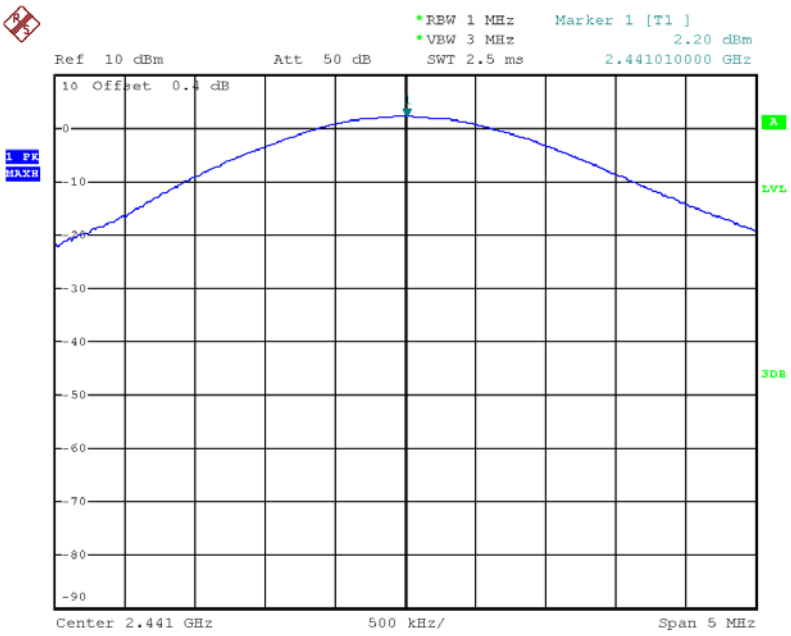
Test Mode : 8-DPSK

[Low channel]



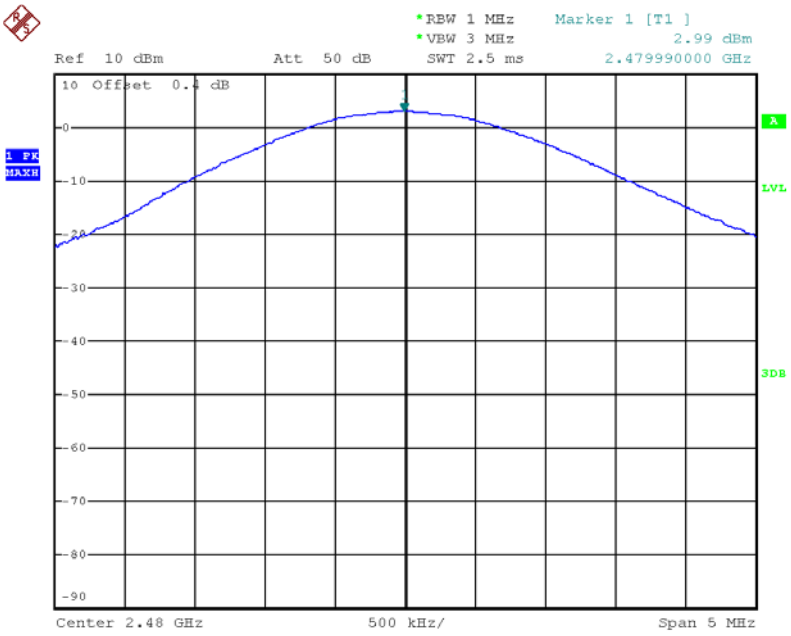
Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:08:47

[Middle channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:10:53

[High channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:12:27

4.6 Unwanted Emissions (Conducted)

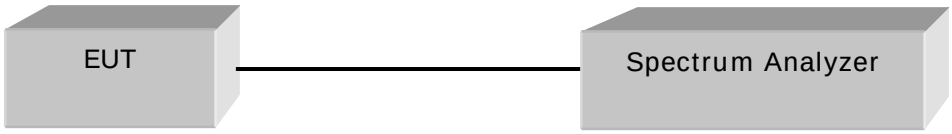
Test Procedures(ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.6 / ANSI C63.10-2013 7.8.8)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

The bandwidth at 20 dB down from the highest inband spectral density was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT has its hopping function disabled at the highest, middle and the lowest available channels.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

RBW : 100 kHz VBW : 300 kHz
Span : 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz
Detector function = peak
Trace : max hold Sweep = auto



Limit

> 20 dBc

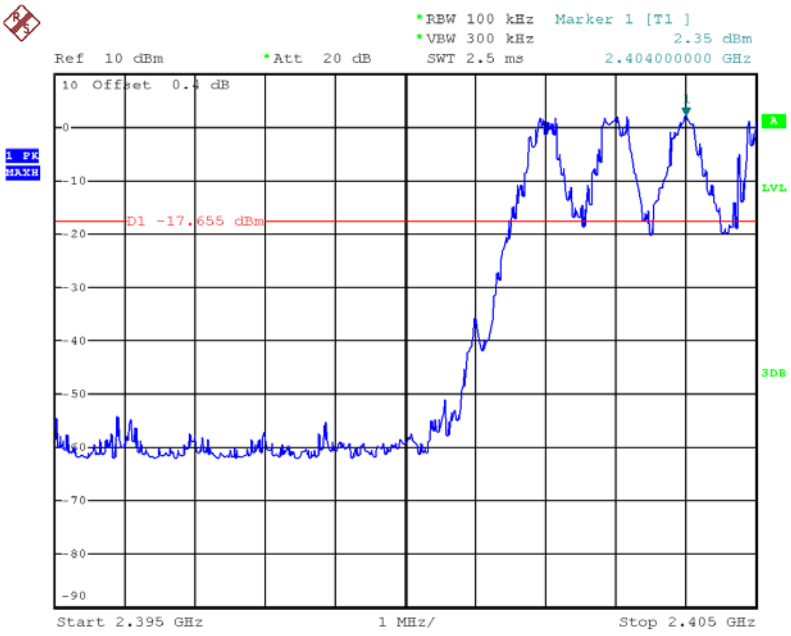
Test Results

All conducted emission in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the spectrum band was at least 20 dB lower than the highest level of the in-band spectral density.
Therefore the applying equipment meets the requirement.

See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

Band Edge

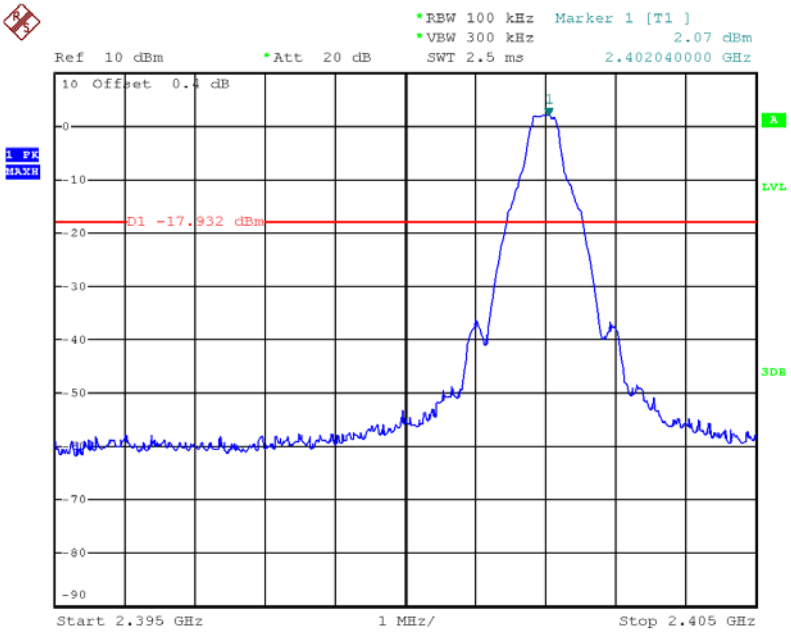
Test Mode : Hopping mode, GFSK



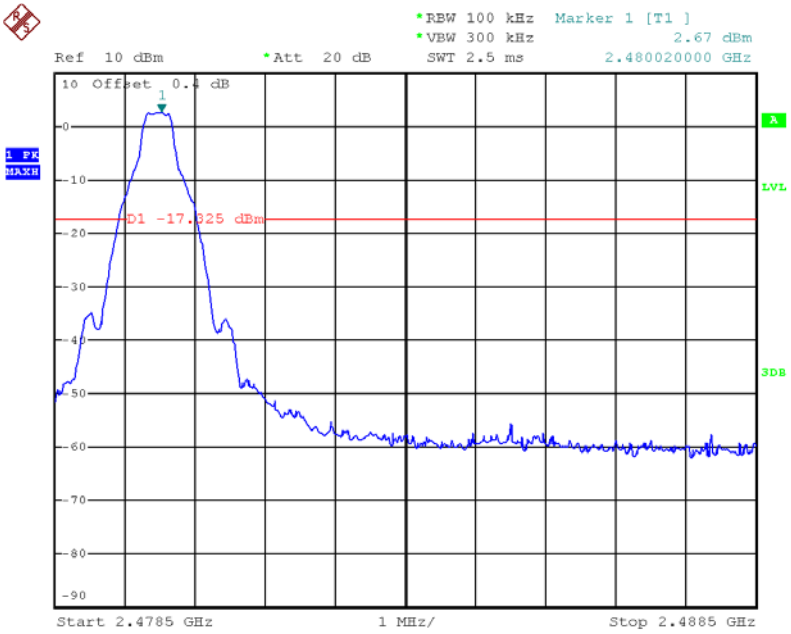
Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:36:31

Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:36:56

Test Mode : Non-Hopping mode, GFSK

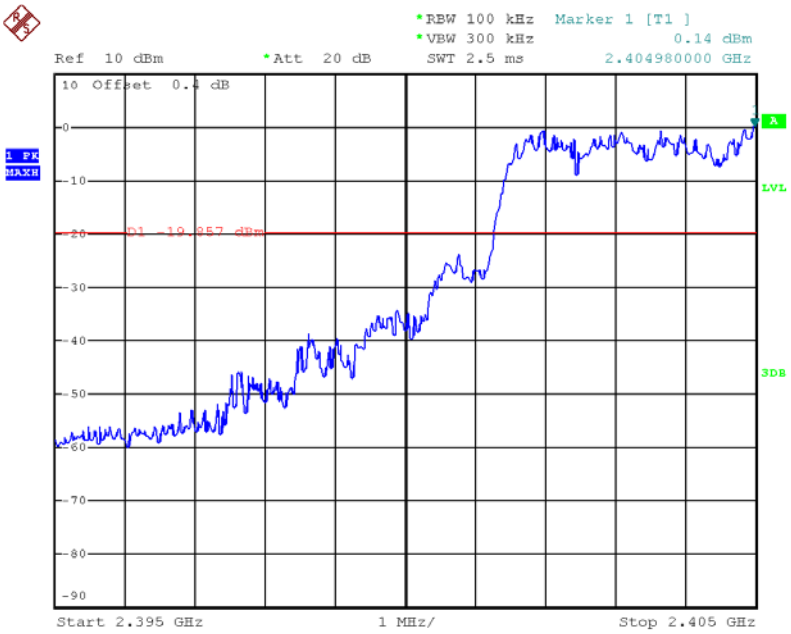


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:30:49



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:34:05

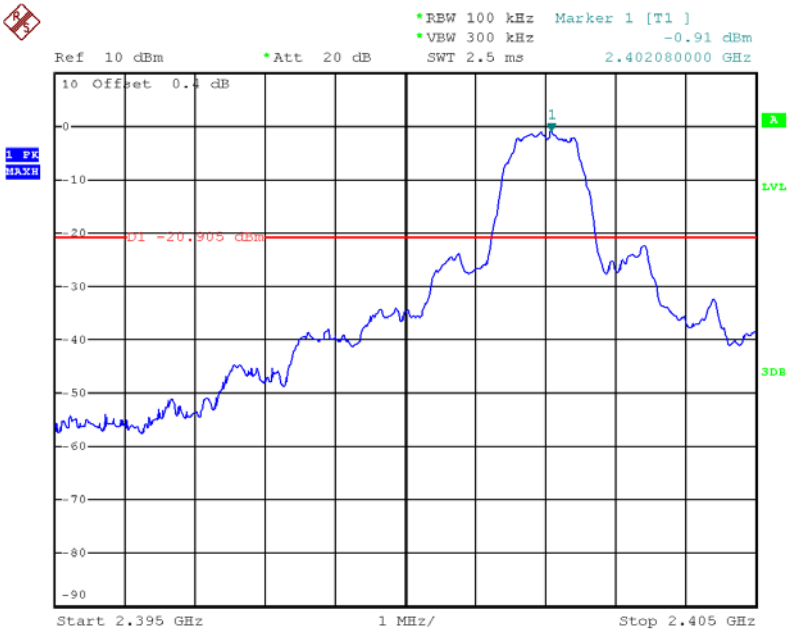
Test Mode : Hopping mode, 8-DPSK



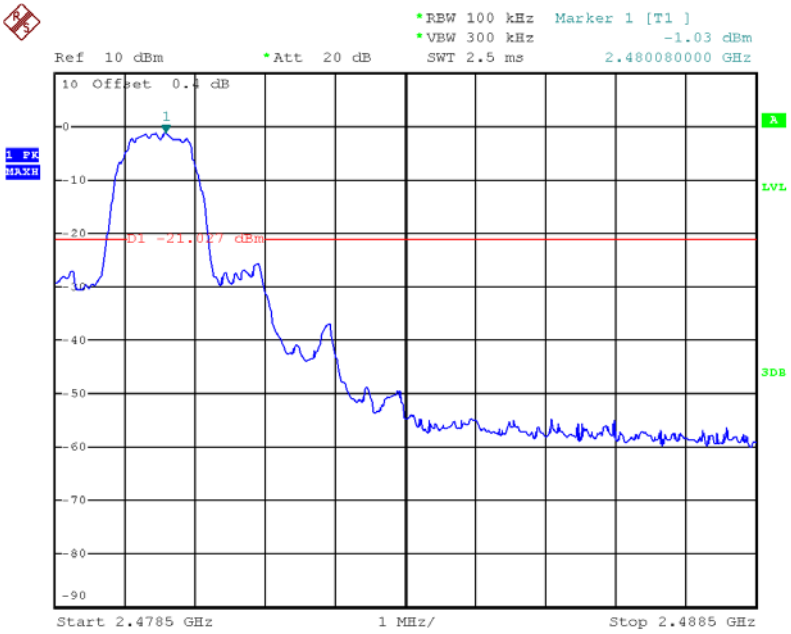
Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:48:11

Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:48:39

Test Mode : Non-Hopping mode, 8-DPSK



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:09:32

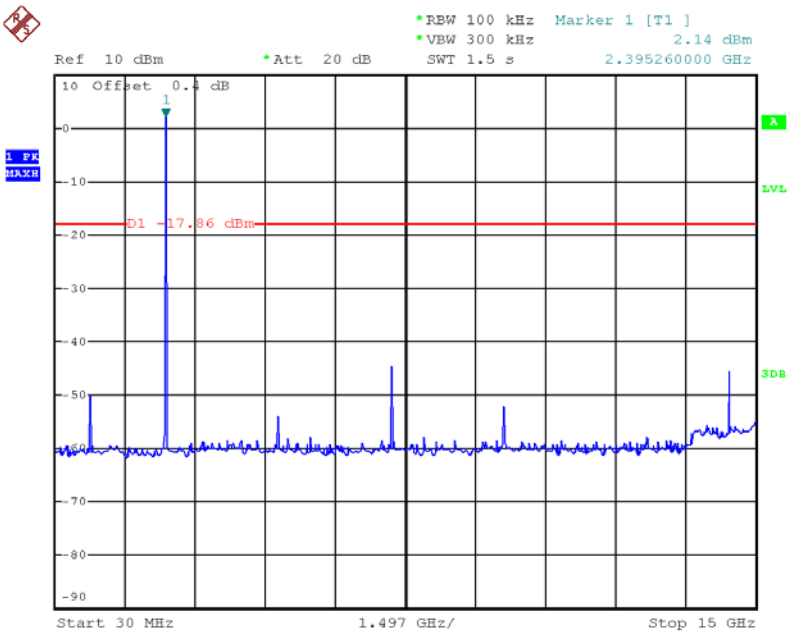


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:13:11

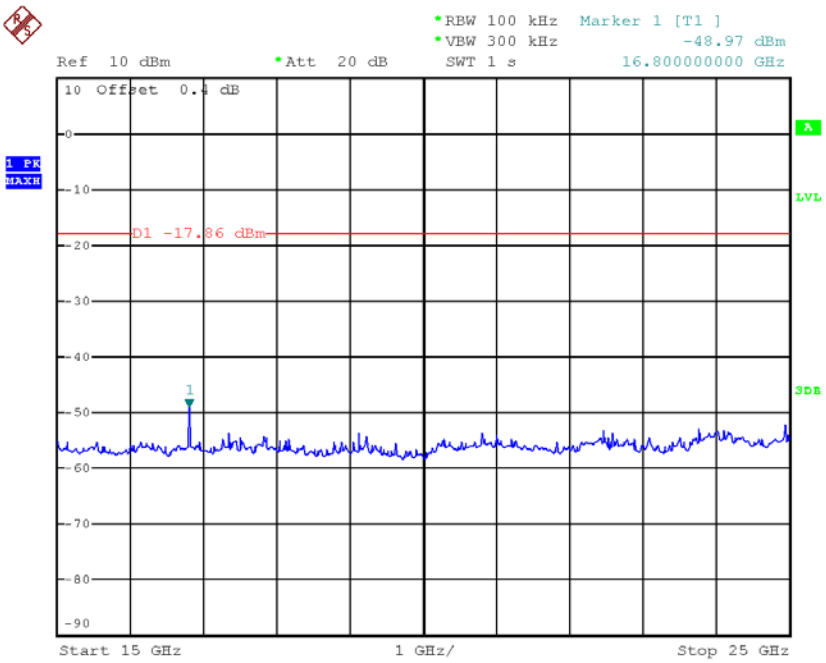
Spurious Emission

Test Mode : GFSK

[Low Channel]

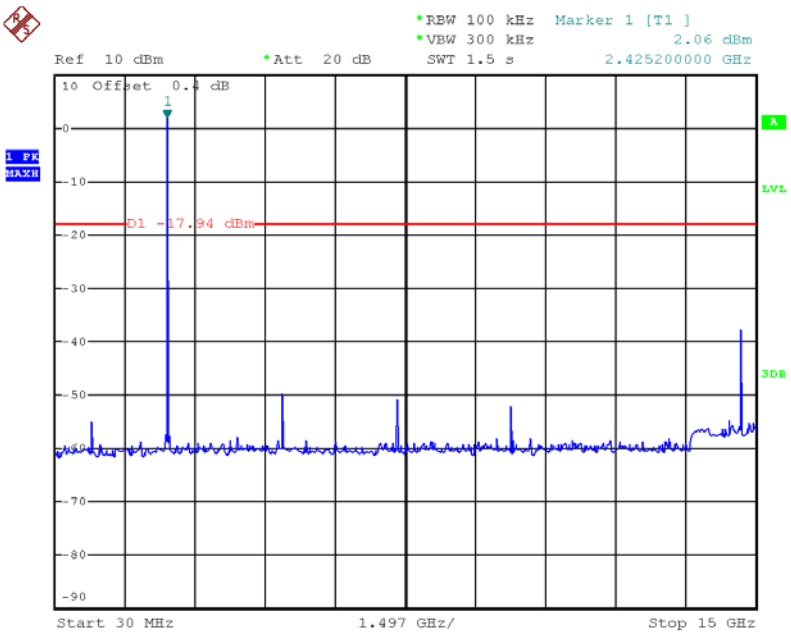


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:31:05

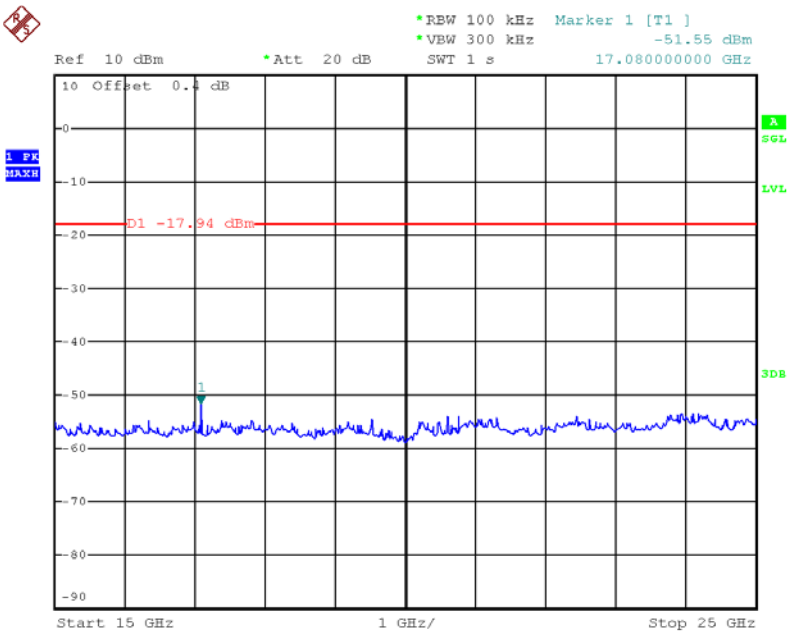


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:31:19

[Middle Channel]

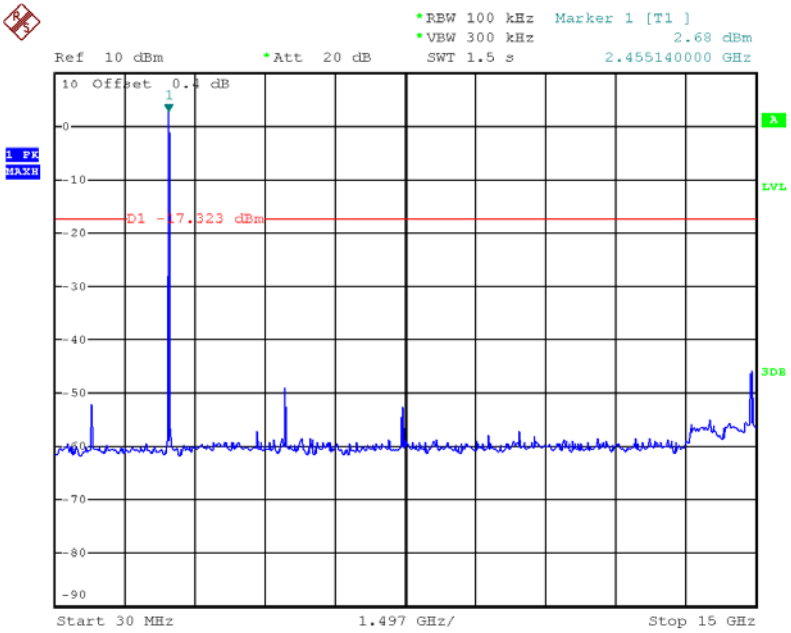


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:32:38

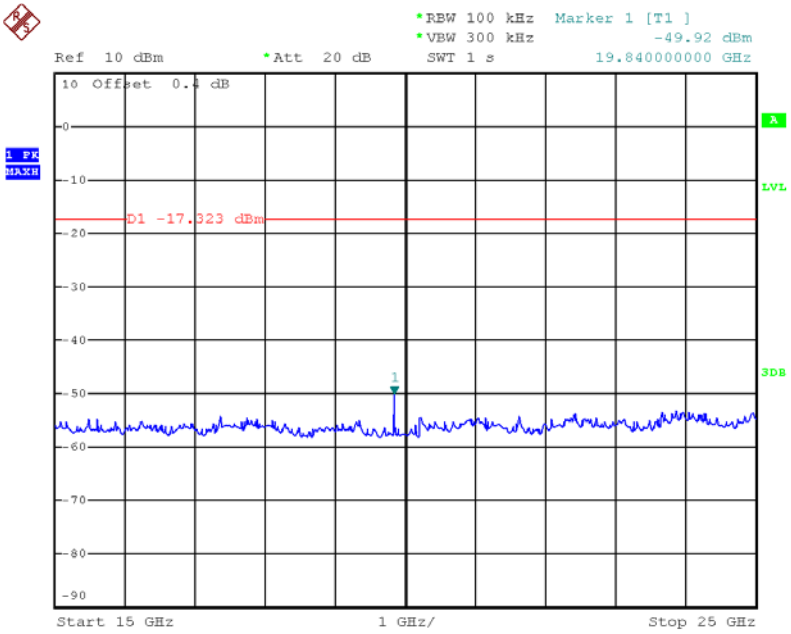


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:32:52

[High Channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:34:21

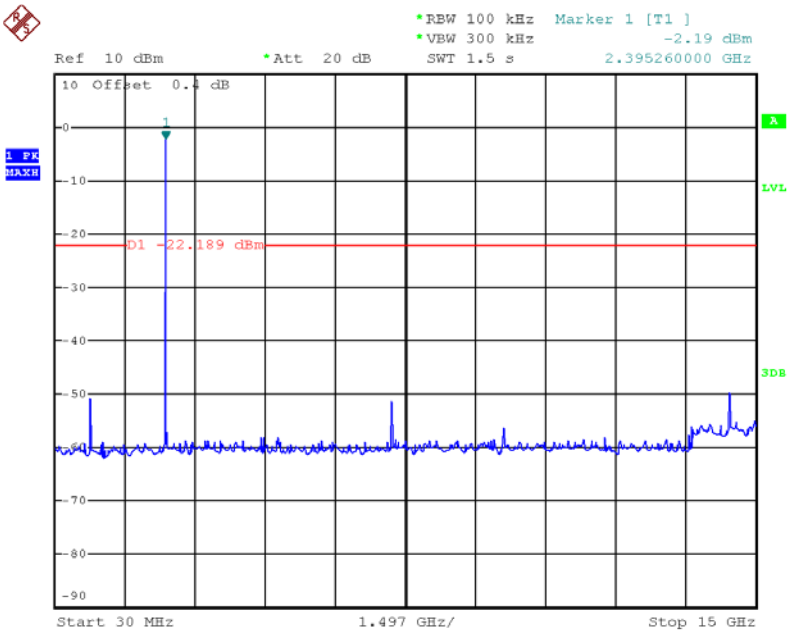


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:34:35

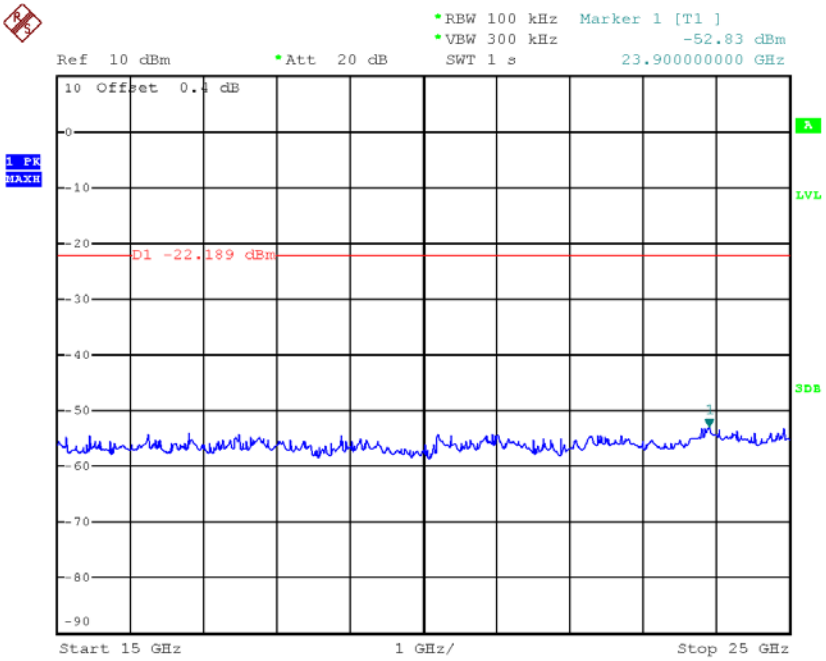
Spurious Emission

Test Mode : 8-DPSK

[Low Channel]

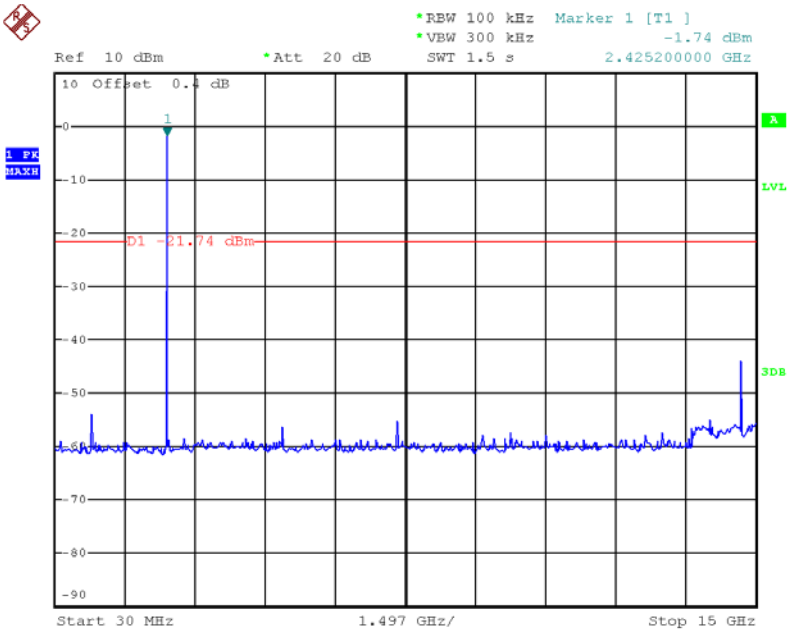


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:09:48



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:10:02

[Middle Channel]



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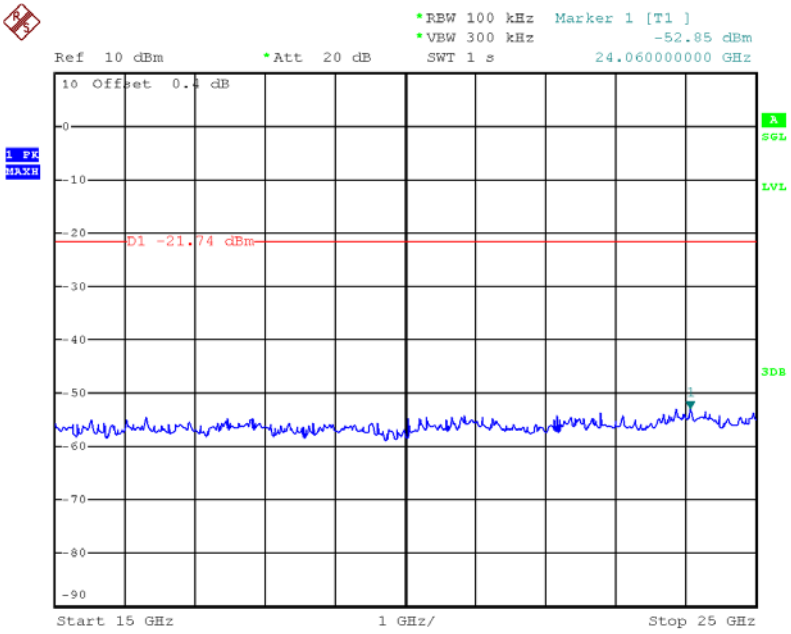
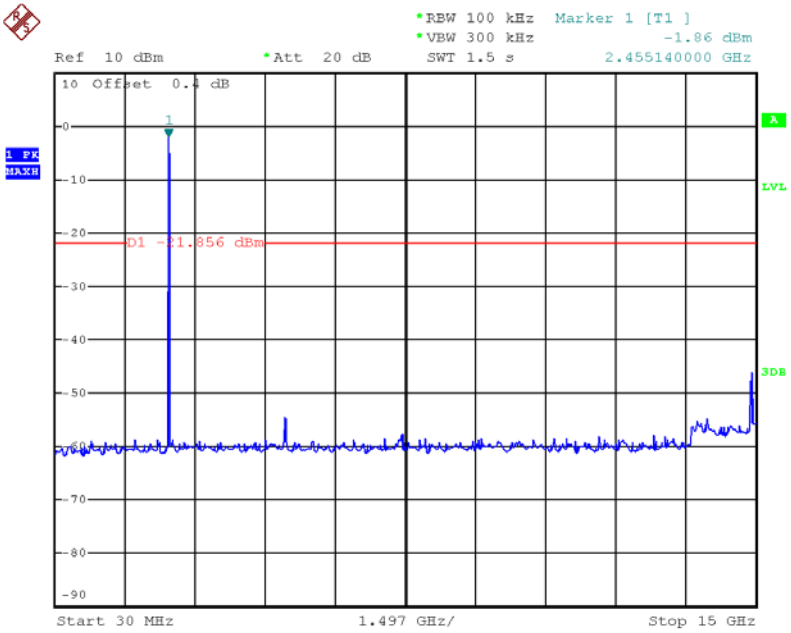
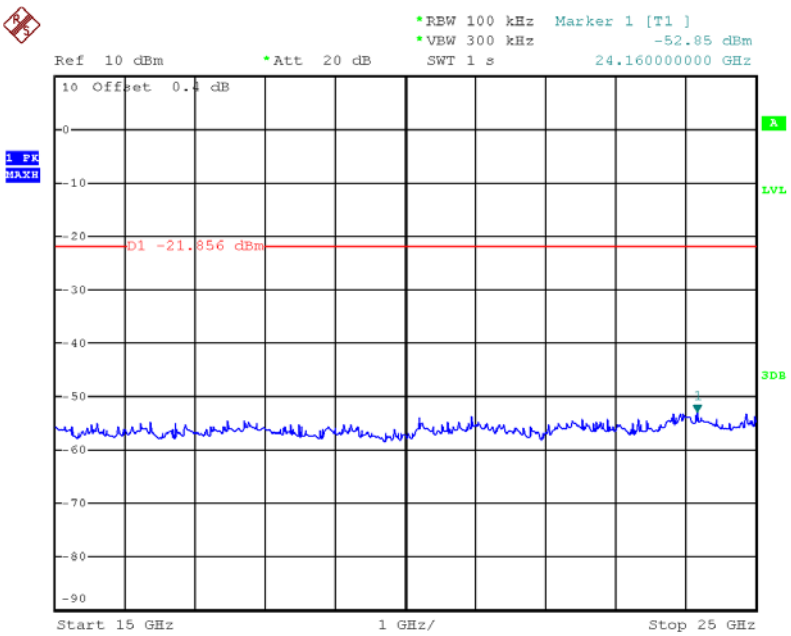


Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:11:52

[High Channel]



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:13:27



Date: 6.JUL.2019 02:13:41

4.7 Radiated Emission

Test Location

☒ 10 m SAC (test distance : ☐ 10 m, ☒ 3 m)
☒ 3 m SAC (test distance : 3 m)

Test Procedures

1) In the frequency range of 9 kHz to 30 MHz, magnetic field is measured with Loop Antenna. The center of the Loop Test Antenna is 1m above the ground. During the measurement the Loop Test Antenna rotates about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT.
2) In the frequency rage above 30 MHz, Bi-Log Test Antenna(30 MHz to 1 GHz) and Horn Test Antenna(above 1 GHz) are used. Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is carried from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. The emissions levels at both horizontal and vertical polarizations should be tested.

Test Settings:

Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 25 GHz (2.4 GHz 10^{th} harmonic)

a) RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz, 9 kHz for f < 30 MHz

b) VBW ≥ RBW

c) Sweep time = auto couple

Limit :

FCC Part 15 § 15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.09-0.11	8.37626-8.38675	73-74.6	399.9-410	2690-2900	10.6-12.7
[1]0.495-0.505	8.41425-8.41475	74.8-75.2	608-614	3260-3267	13.25-13.4
2.1735-2.1905	12.29-12.293	108-121.94	960-1240	3332-3339	14.47-14.5
4.125-4.128	12.51975-12.52025	123-138	1300-1427	3345.8-3358	15.35-16.2
4.17725-4.17775	12.57675-12.57725	149.9-150.05	1435-1626.5	3600-4400	17.7-21.4
4.20725-4.20775	13.36-13.41	156.52475-156.52525	1645.5-1646.5	4500-5150	22.01-23.12
6.215-6.218	16.42-16.423	156.7-156.9	1660-1710	5350-5460	23.6-24
6.26775-6.26825	16.69475-16.69525	162.0125-167.17	1718.8-1722.2	7250-7750	31.2-31.8
6.31175-6.31225	16.80425-16.80475	167.72-173.2	2200-2300	8025-8500	36.43-36.5
8.291-8.294	25.5-25.67	240-285	2310-2390	9000-9200	[2]Above 38.6
8.362-8.366	37.5-38.25	322-335.4	2483.5-2500	9300-9500	

[1] Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

[2] Above 38.6

§ 15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown is Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

FCC Part 15 § 15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength uV/m@3m	Field Strength dBuV/m@3m	Deasurement Distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	-	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	-	30
1.705-30	30	-	30
30-88	100**	40	3
88-216	150**	43.5	3
216-960	200**	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

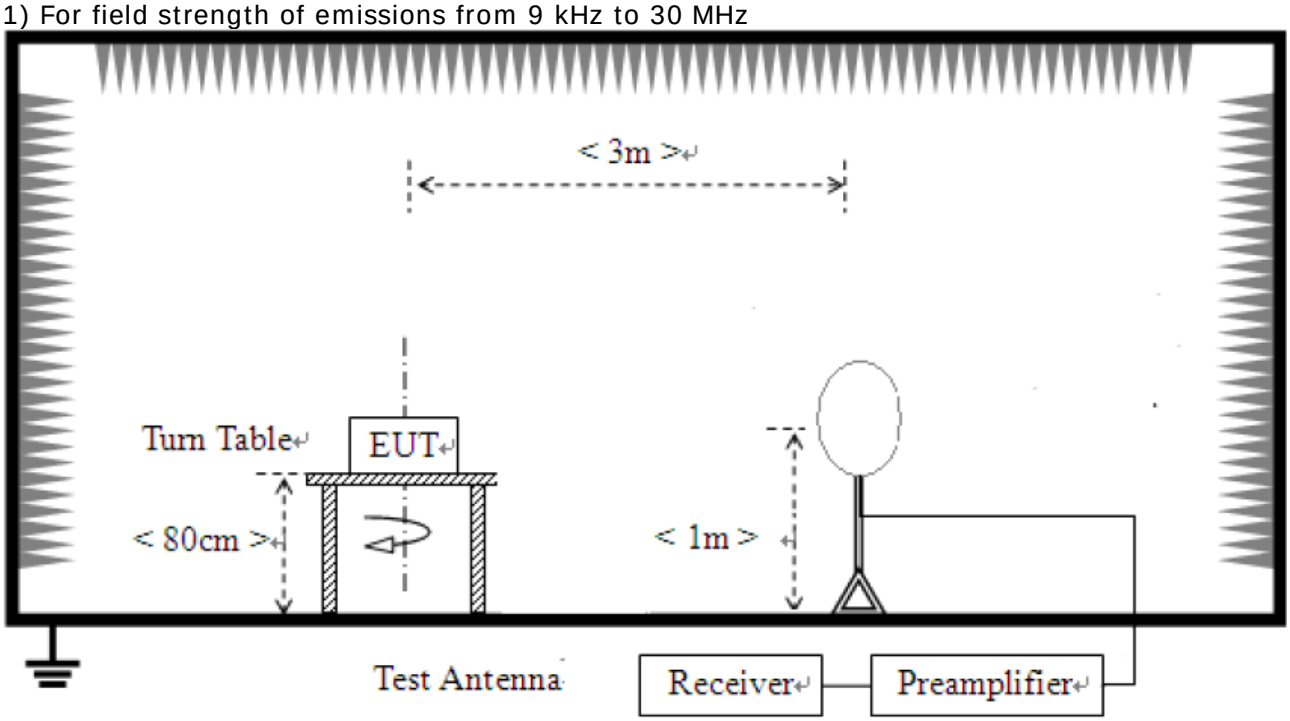
** Except as provided in 15.209(g).fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72MHz, 76-88MHz, 174-216MHz, 470-806MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g.15.231 and 15.241.

Note :

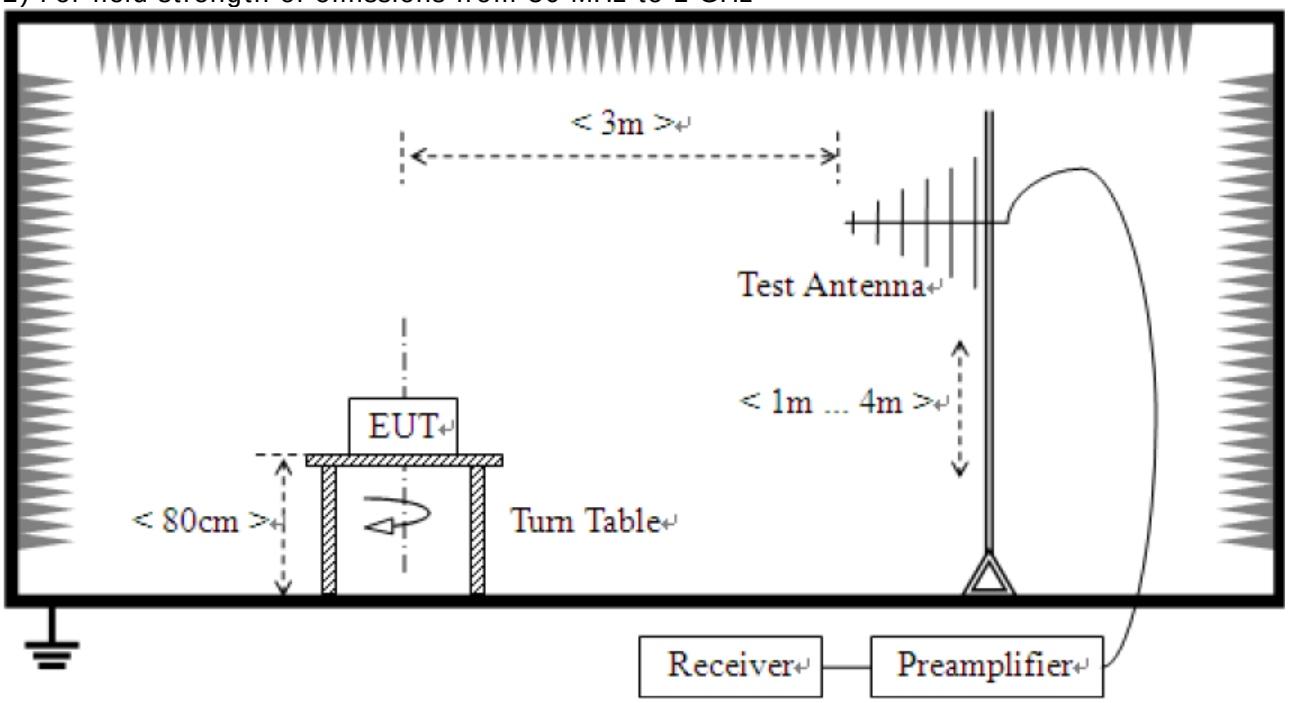
1) For above 1 GHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2) For above 1 GHz, limit field strength of harmonics : 54 dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74 dBuV/m@3m (PK)
3) For measurement above 1GHz, the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz and video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurement and 10 Hz for average measurement.(Duty Cycle is > 98%,)
4) Duty Cycle is < 98%, VBW setting will need to > 1/T.

Test Setup:

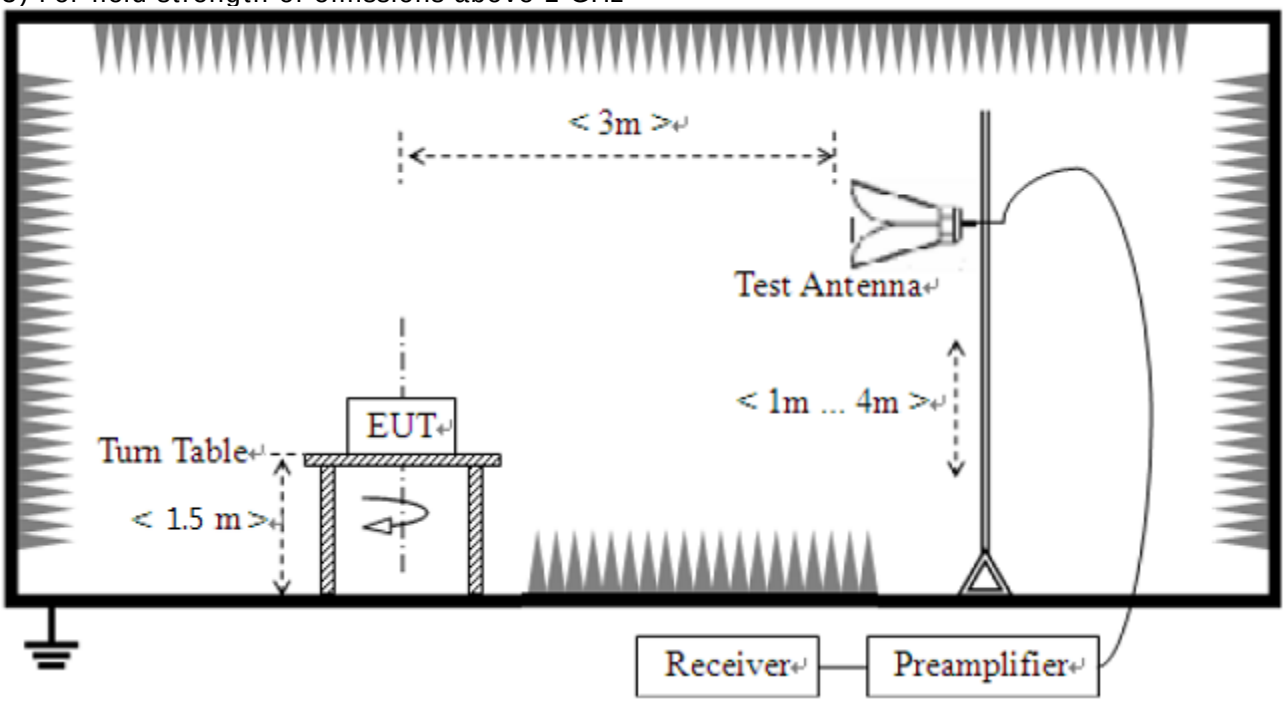
1) For field strength of emissions from 9 kHz to 30 MHz



2) For field strength of emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz



3) For field strength of emissions above 1 GHz



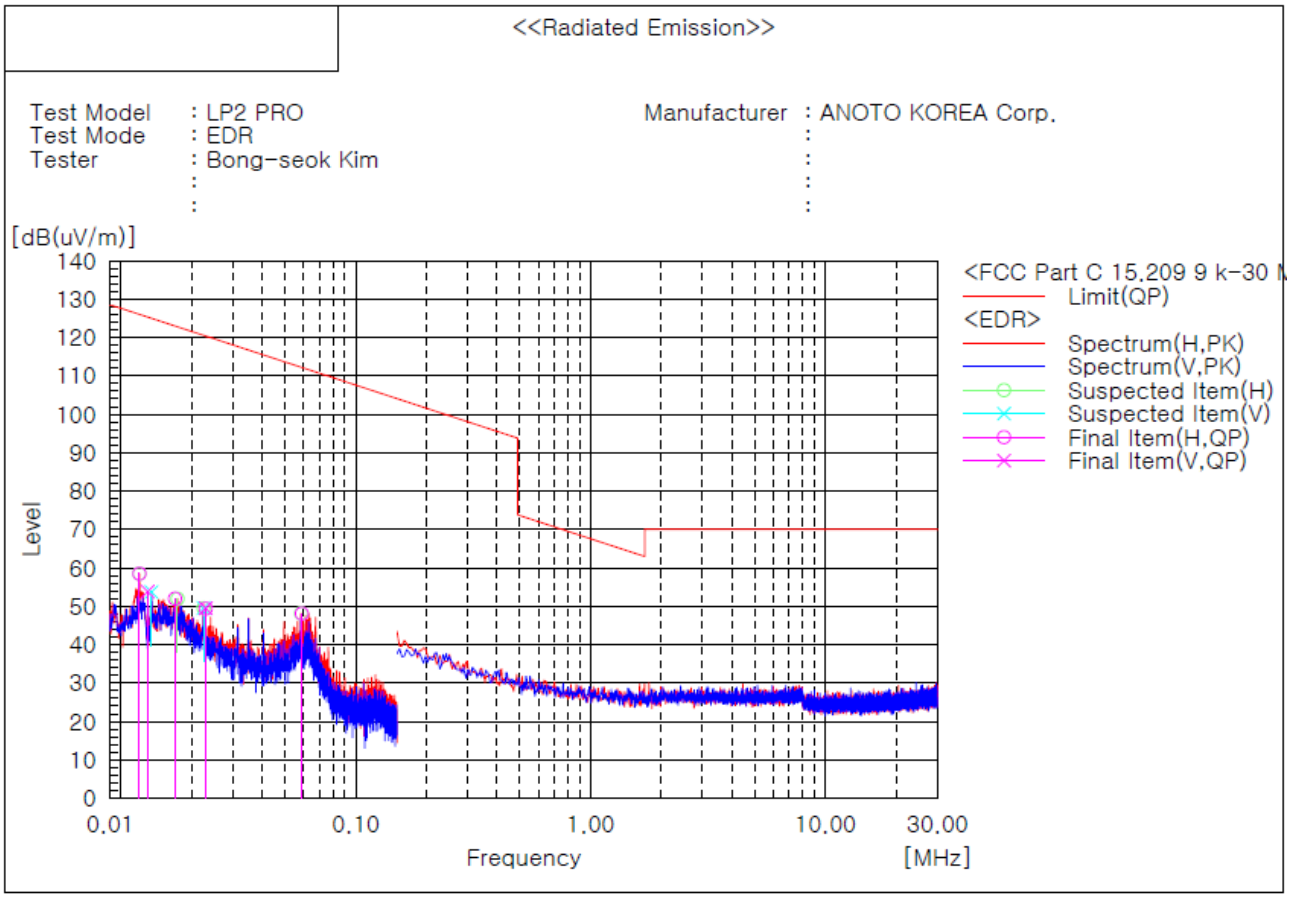
Test results

1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Test mode : 8-DPSK, Worst Case(Low channel)

The requirements are:
☒ Complies

Test Data



Final Result

No.	Frequency [MHz]	(P)	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB(1/m)]	Result QP [dB(uV/m)]	Limit QP [dB(uV/m)]	Margin QP [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [deg]
1	0.012	H	33.6	24.9	58.5	126.0	67.5	101.0	0.0
2	0.017	H	26.8	25.2	52.0	123.0	71.0	101.0	137.0
3	0.013	V	28.8	25.0	53.8	125.3	71.5	101.0	0.0
4	0.023	H	24.2	25.2	49.4	120.4	71.0	101.0	0.0
5	0.023	V	24.3	25.2	49.5	120.4	70.9	101.0	0.0
6	0.059	H	22.9	25.2	48.1	112.2	64.1	101.0	0.0

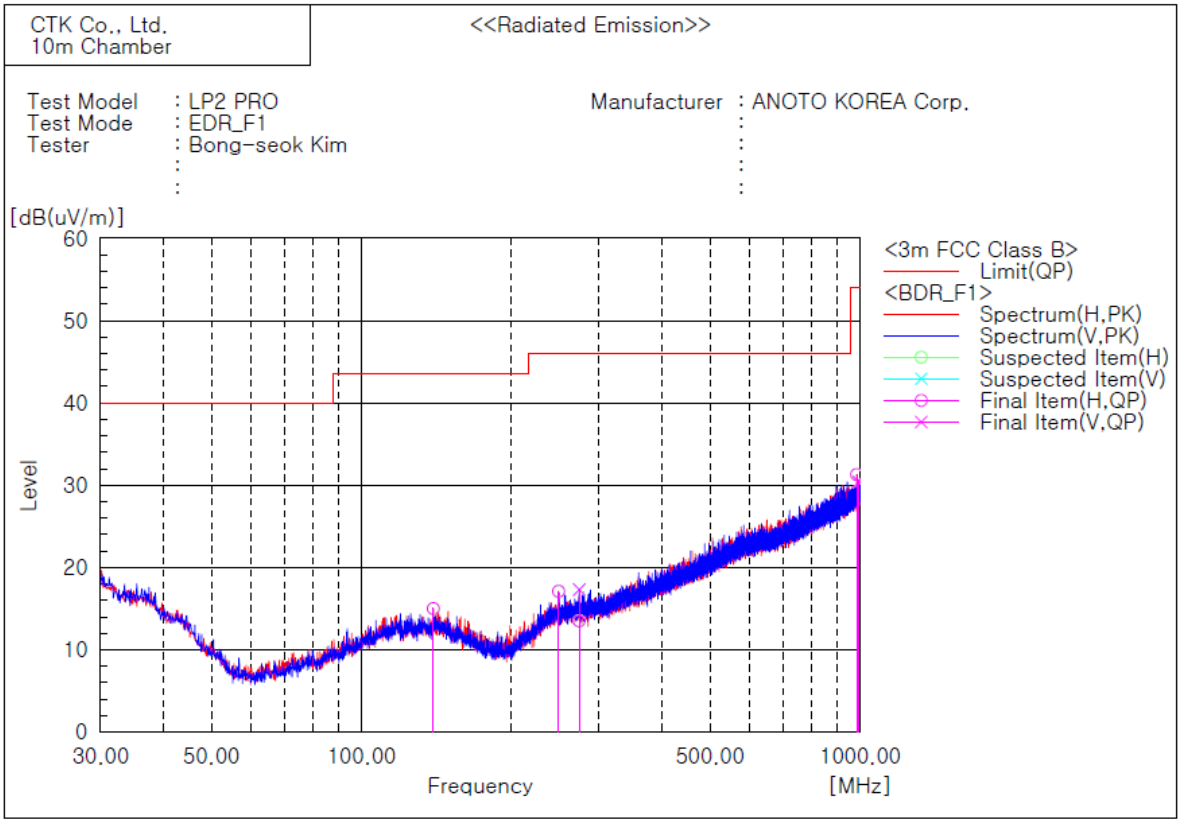
Remark :
1. The unwanted emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position(Z axis), lie-down positon(X,Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position(X axis) and the worst case was recorded.
2. Result = Reading + c.f(Correction factor)
3. Correction factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss + 6 dB attenuator - Amp Gain
4. This data is the Peak(PK) value.

2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Test mode : 8-DPSK, Worst Case(Low channel)

The requirements are:
☒ Complies

Test Data



Final Result

No.	Frequency [MHz]	(P)	Reading QP [dB(uV)]	c.f [dB(1/m)]	Result QP [dB(uV/m)]	Limit QP [dB(uV/m)]	Margin QP [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [deg]
1	139.489	H	26.8	-11.8	15.0	43.5	28.5	101.0	53.0
2	984.965	H	24.0	7.3	31.3	54.0	22.7	199.0	173.0
3	994.544	V	22.8	7.6	30.4	54.0	23.6	400.0	240.0
4	273.470	V	26.3	-9.0	17.3	46.0	28.7	101.0	200.0
5	273.470	H	22.5	-9.0	13.5	46.0	32.5	199.0	94.0
6	248.614	H	26.5	-9.4	17.1	46.0	28.9	300.0	0.0

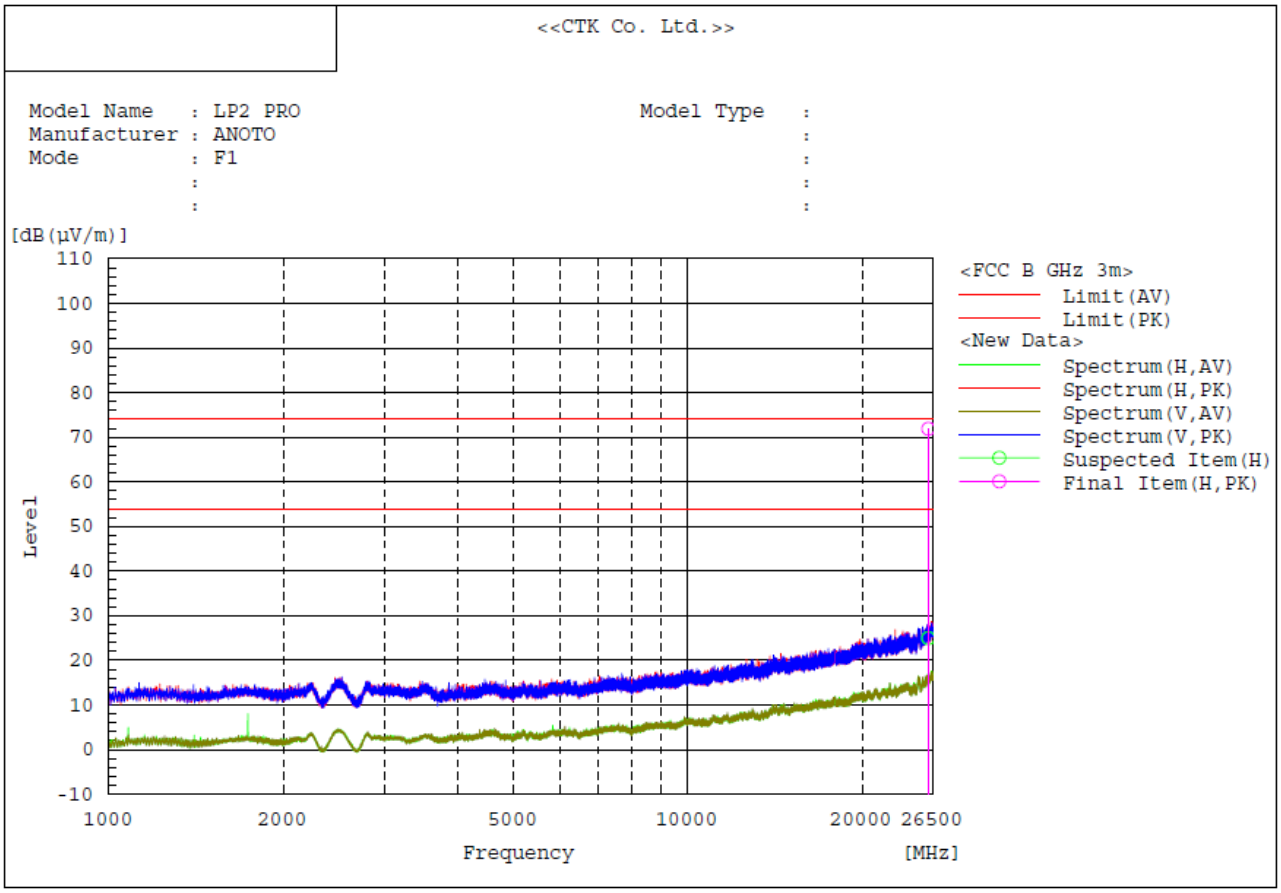
Remark :
1. The unwanted emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position(Z axis), lie-down positon(X,Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position(X axis) and the worst case was recorded.
2. Result = Reading + c.f(Correction factor)
3. Correction factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss + 6 dB attenuator - Amp Gain
4. This data is the Peak(PK) value.

3) 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz

Test mode : GFSK, Worst Case(Low channel)

The requirements are:
☒ Complies

Test Data



Final Result

No.	Frequency [MHz]	(P)	Reading PK [dB(µV)]	c.f [dB(1/m)]	Result PK [dB(µV/m)]	Limit PK [dB(µV/m)]	Margin PK [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]
1	26021.620	H	50.5	21.4	71.9	74.0	2.1	353.5	114.1

Remarks
1. The worst emission was found in li-down position(X axis) and the worst case was recorded.
2. Result = Reading + c.f(Correction factor)
3. Correction factor = Antenna factor + Cable loss - Amp Gain
4. This data is the Peak(PK) value.

4.8 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz-30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits.

Instrument Settings

IF Band Width: 9 kHz

Test Procedures

The EUT was placed on a non-metallic table 0.8m above the metallic, grounded floor and 0.4m from the reference ground plane wall. The distance to other metallic surfaces was at least 0.8m.
Amplitude measurements were performed with a quasi-peak detector and an average detector.

Limit

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average**
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

* The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.
** A linear average detector is required.

Test Results

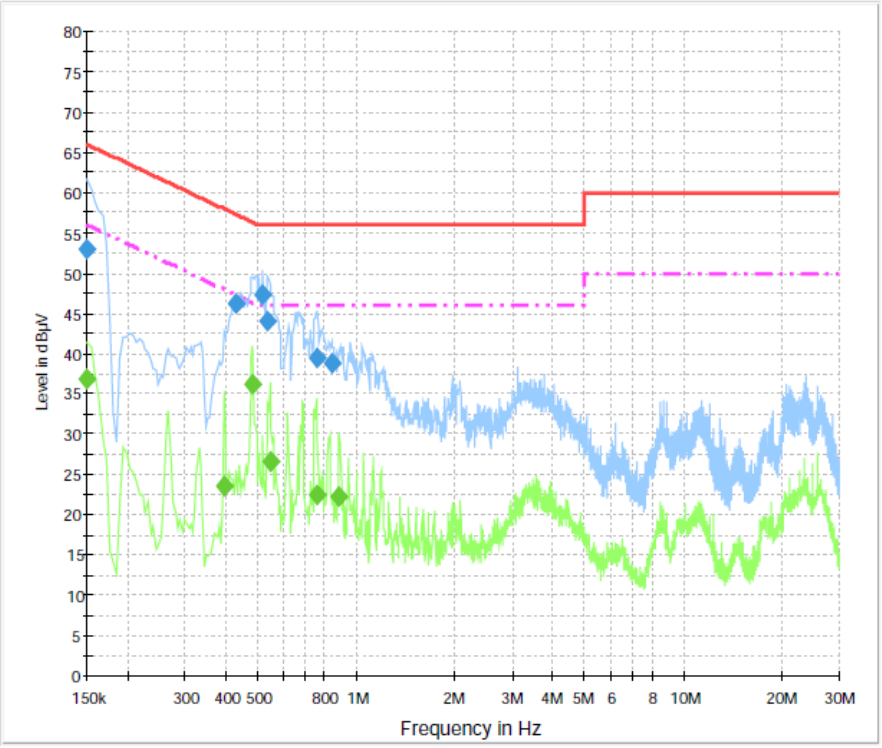
The requirements are:
☒ Complies

Frequency [MHz]	Measured Data [dBuV]	Margin [dB]	Remark
0.501	47.7	8.3	Quasi-peak

Remarks
The test was tested at the state of charge mode.

Test Data

Test mode : charging
[L1]



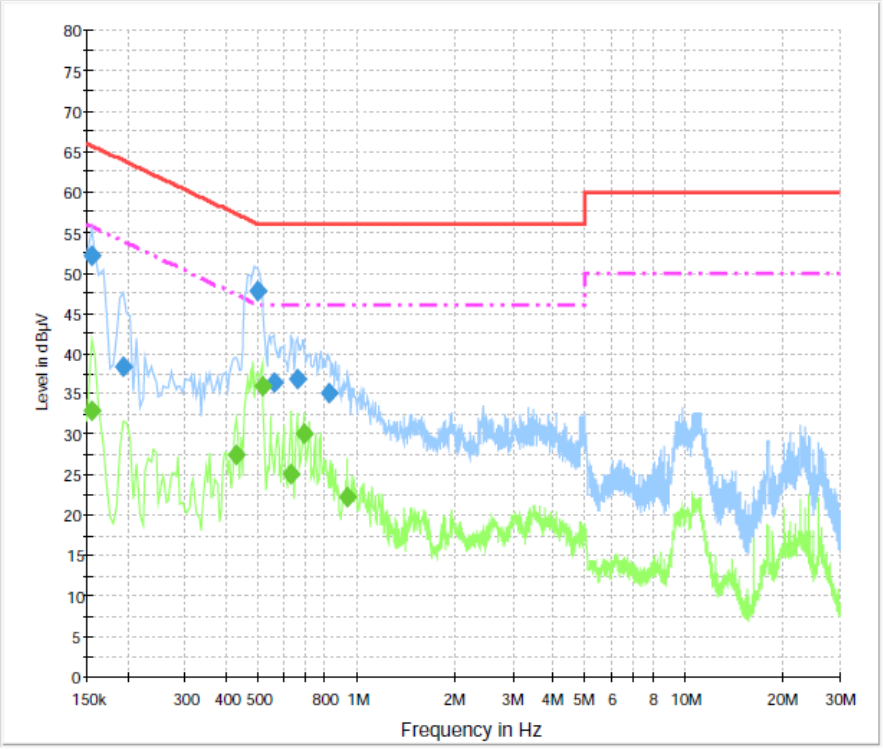
Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	52.9	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	13.1	66.0
0.429000	46.2	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.1	11.0	57.3
0.519000	47.2	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.2	8.8	56.0
0.537000	44.0	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.2	12.0	56.0
0.762000	39.4	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.1	16.6	56.0
0.843000	38.7	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.1	17.3	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.150000	36.8	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	19.2	56.0
0.393000	23.6	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.1	24.4	48.0
0.483000	36.2	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.1	10.1	46.3
0.546000	26.5	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.2	19.5	46.0
0.757500	22.4	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.1	23.6	46.0
0.888000	22.1	1000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.1	23.9	46.0

[NEUTRAL]



Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.154500	52.2	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.4	13.6	65.8
0.195000	38.4	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.5	25.4	63.8
0.501000	47.7	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.6	8.3	56.0
0.559500	36.5	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.6	19.5	56.0
0.663000	36.9	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.5	19.1	56.0
0.825000	35.0	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.5	21.0	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.154500	32.9	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.4	22.8	55.8
0.429000	27.5	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.5	19.8	47.3
0.514500	36.1	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.6	9.9	46.0
0.631500	25.2	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.5	20.8	46.0
0.690000	30.1	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.5	15.9	46.0
0.937500	22.1	1000.0	9.000	On	N	10.4	23.9	46.0

4.9 Frequency Hopping System Requirements

Standard Applicable

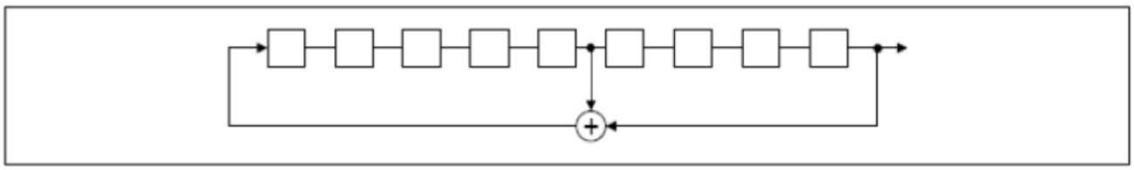
According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

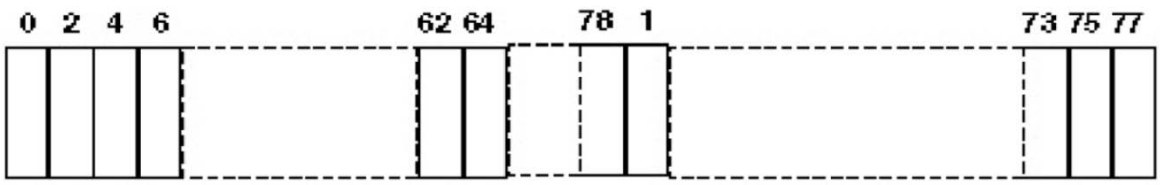
(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The pseudo random sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9 Length of pseudo-random sequence: 2^9-1 = 511 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule. This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

*Example for a Bluetooth device using channel numbers would be :
Ch 44, 35, 78, 03, 15, 21, 76, 40, 56, 13, 02, 19, 67, 39, 78, 20, 21, 64, 75 etc.

APPENDIX A – Test Equipment Used For Tests

No.	Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Date of Calibration	Due Date
1	Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100925	2019-01-21	2020-01-21
2	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI7	100814	2018-10-25	2019-10-25
3	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1513	1513-126	2019-01-17	2021-01-17
4	Bilog Antenna	Schaffner	CBL6111C	2551	2019-04-17	2021-04-17
5	AMPLIFIER	SONOMA	310	291721	2019-01-28	2020-01-28
6	6dB Attenuator	R&S	DNF	272.4110.50-2	2018-10-25	2019-10-25
7	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	100336	2019-01-29	2020-01-29
8	Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3117	00154525	2019-02-22	2021-02-22
9	Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02011	2018-12-03	2019-12-03

No.	Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Check Date
1	RF Cable (conducted)	Junkosha Inc.	MWX221	1510S087	2019-02-02
2	RF Cable (Radiated)	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	MY27558/4	2019-02-02
3	RF Cable (Radiated)	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	N/A (below 1GHz)	2019-02-02
4	RF Cable (Radiated)	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 104	MY27573/4	2018-11-30
5	RF Cable (Radiated)	HUBER+SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	N/A (above 1GHz)	2018-11-30

APPENDIX B – EUT Photographs