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2005-02-05

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IC: 661AB-RH72

SAR Compliance Test Report

Date of report:

Client:

Number of pages:

Product contact

person:

Test report no.: Bej_SAR_0505_02

Template version:

Testing laboratory:

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Responsible test engineer:

Measurements made by:

Gao Min

Gao Min

Tested device: RH-72

FCC ID: QTLRH-72

Supplement reports:

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

47CFR §2.1093

Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency

Electromagnetic Fields

RSS-102

Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

IFFF 1528 - 2003

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:

Measurement Techniques

Documentation: The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years

at TCC Beijing.

Test results: The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the

test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not

be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and signatures:

2005-02-06

For the contents:

Gao Min Test Engineer

SAR Report Bej_SAR_0505_02 Applicant: Nokia Corporation Type: RH-72

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SAR Report	Type: RH-72





1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2005-02-02 to 2005-02-03
SN, HW and SW numbers of	SN1:004400551788423; HW: 5.0
tested device	SW: E02-2.00.52
	DUT SN: 50008
Batteries used in testing	BL5001C
Headsets used in testing	HS-22
Other accessories used in	-
testing	
State of sample	Proto type unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted Power	Position	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM1900	512/1850	29.3dBm	Left cheek	1.6 W/kg	1.34W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / <i>f</i> (MHz)	Conducted Power	Separation distance	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS1900	810/1910	28.6dBm	1.5cm	1.6 W/kg	0.83W/kg	PASSED

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift during measurements	0.4dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Exte	ended Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 29.8 %

SAR Report Bej_SAR_0505_02

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RH-72



2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	portable
Exposure environment	general population

Modes and Bands of Operation	GSM 1900	GPRS (GSM)
Modulation Mode	GMSK	GMSK
Duty Cycle	1/8	1/8 or 2/8
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	1850.2 - 1909.8	1850.2 - 1909.8

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM900&GSM1800, which are not part of this filing.

2.1 Picture of the Device



Front side view, flip-closed



Back side view, flip-closed



Flip-open





2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal patch antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Period of measurement:	2005-02-02 to 2005-02-03
Ambient temperature (°C):	19 .5 to 22.6
Ambient humidity (RH %):	19 to 35

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies, and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY 4 software version 4.2, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements on the device was the 'worst-case extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:





Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE3	481	12 months	03/2005
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1652	12 months	10/2005
Dipole validation Kit, D1900V2	547	24 months	03/2006

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	Agilent 8648C	3847m00258	12months	12/2005
Amplifier	AR 5S1G4M3	302339	12months	12/2005
Power Meter	Agilent E4419B	MY41291520	12months	12/2005
Power Sensor	Agilent 8482A	US37295411	12months	12/2005
Call Tester	CMU200	BJPCFT0084	12months	07/2005
Vector Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753S	MY40002096	12months	07/2005
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070C	01033717	-	-
Power Meter	R&S NRVD	100924	12months	01/2006
Power sensor	R&S NRV-Z31	100041	12months	01/2006

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe 547

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl

diglycol)

Calibration Calibration certificate in Appendix C

Frequency 10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Optical Surface ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse

Detection reflecting surfaces

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB





Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 3 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both validation testing and device testing, was the twinheaded "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

Validation tests were performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Simulating Liquids

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to 0ET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using liquids whose dielectric parameters were within \pm 5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the liquid was 15.0 \pm 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during validation and device measurements.

4.3.1 Liquid Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body liquids:





1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)		
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02		
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76		
Salt	0.21	0.22		

4.3.2 Verification of the System

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A SAR measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the liquids, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The validation results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System verification, head tissue simulant

		SAR [W/kg],	Dielectric Parameters		Temp
f [MHz]	Description	1 g	εr	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	10.2	38.8	1.47	N/A
	$\pm10\%$ window	9.18 to 11.22			
1900	2005-02-02	10.8	39.9	1.48	20.3

System verification, body tissue simulant

		SAR [W/kg],	Dielectric Parameters		Temp
f [MHz]	Description	1 g	€r	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	10.6	52.5	1.58	N/A
	$\pm10\%$ window	9.54 to 11.66			
1900	2005-02-03	11.2	53.5	1.61	20.5

Plots of the Verification scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements





Head tissue simulant measurements

		Dielectric Parameters		Temp
f [MHz]	Description	€r	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	N/A
	\pm 5% window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 - 1.47	
1880	2005-02-02	39.9	1.46	20.3

Body tissue simulant measurements

		Dielectric F	Temp	
f [MHz]	Description	εr	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	N/A
	± 5% window	50.6 - 56.0	1.44 - 1.60	
1880	2005-02-03	53.5	1.59	20.5

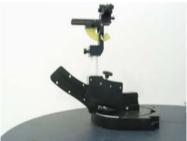




5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".





Photo of the device in "cheek" position



Photo of the device in "tilt" position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gave higher results.



Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement. The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First coarse scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next a cube scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the coarse scan and again at the end of the cube scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.





The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the cube scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the cube scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.





6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation							
Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	Ci	c _i .u _i (%)	Vi
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.8	N	1	1	±5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	(1-c _p) ^{1/2}	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	(C _p)1/2	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±8.3	R	√3	1	±4.8	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5.2	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2.1	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±10.0	R	√3	1	±5.8	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty		1	RSS			±14.9	206
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				200
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						±29.8	





7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

GSM1900 Head SAR results

		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)				
Posi	tion	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810		
		1850 MHz	1880 MHz	1910 MHz		
Power level		29.3dBm	28.9dBm	28.7dBm		
Left	Cheek	1.34	1.13	1.03		
	Tilt		0.23			
Right	Cheek	1.10	1.10	0.96		
	Tilt		0.23			

GPRS 1900(2-slot) Body SAR Results

	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)				
Body-worn location setup	Ch 512 1850MHz	Ch 661 1880 MHz	Ch 810 1910 MHz		
Power level	29.3dBm	28.9dBm	28.6dBm		
Without headset	0.59	0.76	0.83		
Headset HS-22	0.52	0.54	0.72		

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.





APPENDIX A: VALIDATION SCANS

Date:2005-02-02

Test Laboratory: Nokia China Liquid Temperature: 20.3C

DUT Type: D1900V2; Serial Number: 547

Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz. Advance Extrapolation

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1;

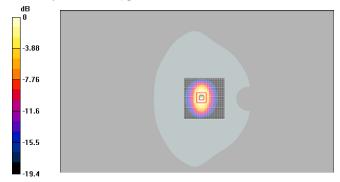
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 mW/g



0 dB = 12.2 mW/g





Date:2005-02-03

Test Laboratory: Nokia China Liquid Temperature: 20.5C

DUT Type: D1900V2; Serial Number: 547

Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz, Advanced Extrapolation

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.61 mho/m; ε_r = 53.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1;

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

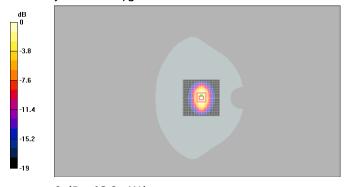
Reference Value = 86.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.81 mW/g

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 mW/g



0 dB = 12.8 mW/g





APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date:2005-02-02

Test Laboratory: Nokia China Liquid Temperature: 20.1C

DUT Type: RH-72

Program Name: DCS1900, Left side, Worst Case Extrapolation

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1;

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Touch position - low/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 mW/g

Touch position - low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

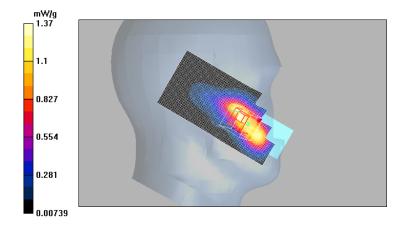
Reference Value = 6.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.732 mW/g

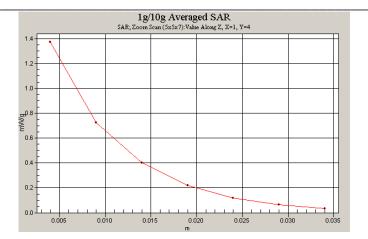
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 mW/g













Date:2005-02-02

Test Laboratory: Nokia China Liquid Temperature: 20.0C

DUT Type: RH-72

Program Name: DCS1900, Left side, Worst Case Extraolation

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.46 mho/m; ε_r = 39.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.276 mW/g

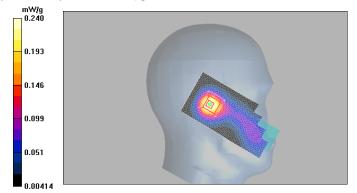
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.227 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 mW/g







Date: 2005-02-02

Test Laboratory: Nokia China Liquid Temperature: 20.3C

DUT Type: RH-72

Program Name: DCS1900, Right side, Worst Case Extrapolation

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Touch position-low/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 mW/g

worst case-low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.667 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

Touch position-low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.28 W/kg

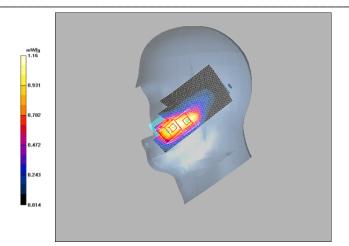
SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.600 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g











Date:2005-02-02

Test Laboratory: Nokia China

Liquid Temperature: **DUT Type: RH-72**

Program Name: DCS1900, Right side, Worst Case Extrapolation

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.46 mho/m; ε_r = 39.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1;

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.272 mW/g

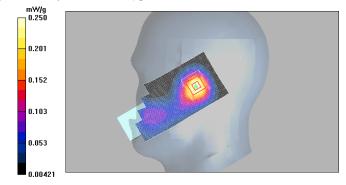
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.428 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.234 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g







Date: 2005-02-03

Test Laboratory: Nokia China Liquid Temperature: 20.8C

DUT Type: RH-72

Program Name: GPRS1900, Body, Worst Case Extrapolation, Without Headset Communication System: GPRS1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.62 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Without headset - high/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.940 mW/g

Without headset - high/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.4 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.832 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.453 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.864 mW/g

Without headset - high/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm,

dz=5mm

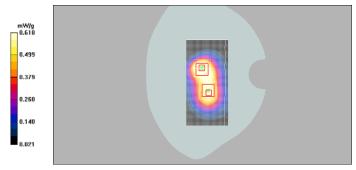
Reference Value = 21.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.4 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.604 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

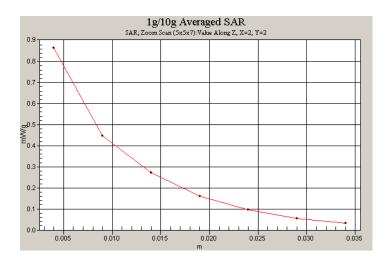
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.618 mW/g



Type: RH-72











Date:2005-02-03

Test Laboratory: Nokia China Liquid Temperature: 20.5C

DUT Type: RH-72

Program Name: GPRS1900, Body, Worst Case Extrapolation, With HS-22 Communication System: GPRS1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.62 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1652; ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)Electronics: DAE3 Sn481; Calibrated: 3/15/2004

- Phantom: SAM1

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

With HS-22- high/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.801 mW/g

With HS-22- high/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.718 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.383 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.735 mW/g

With HS-22- high/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

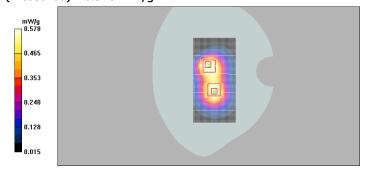
Reference Value = 18.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.556 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 mW/g



SAR Report Bej_SAR_0505_02

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RH-72

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APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

Please see file: ET3DV6-SN1652.pdf

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

Please see file: D1900-head&body.pdf