# 4

## **Drives**

### **Caring for Drives**

Drives are fragile notebook components that must be handled with care. The following cautions apply to all drives. Additional cautions are included with the procedures to which they apply.

- **CAUTION:** To prevent loss or damage to the notebook or a drive:
  - Handle a drive carefully. Do not drop it.

Excessive force can damage drive connectors. When you insert a drive, use only enough force to seat the drive.

- Do not spray a drive with cleaning fluid or other liquid or expose it to temperature extremes.
- Do not remove the primary hard drive (the hard drive in the hard drive bay) except for repair or replacement.
- Electrostatic discharge can damage electronic components.
  To prevent electrostatic damage to the notebook or a drive:
  - Discharge yourself from static electricity before handling a drive by touching a grounded metal object; and
  - Avoid touching the connectors on a drive.
  - For more information about preventing electrostatic damage, refer to the *Regulatory and Safety Notices* guide on the Documentation Library CD.
- Avoid exposing a drive or a diskette to devices with magnetic fields. Security devices with magnetic fields include airport walk-through devices and security wands. The airport security devices that check carry-on luggage, usually while it is placed on a conveyor belt, use x-rays instead of magnetism and will not damage a drive or a diskette.

If you mail a drive, ship it in packaging that protects it from shock, vibration, temperature, and high humidity. Label the package "FRAGILE."

Airport security devices that check carry-on luggage placed on a conveyor belt use X-rays instead of magnetics and do not damage drives.

### Adding a Drive to the System

Removable drives enable you to store and access data.

- A standard drive can be added to the system by inserting the drive into the notebook MultiBay or optional Advanced Port Replicator.
- A diskette drive can also be added.
- USB drives can be added by connecting the drives to USB connectors on the notebook or optional Port Replicator.

For information about connecting a USB drive, refer to the "External Devices" chapter in this book.

The notebook has 2 drive bays:

- The hard drive bay supports only a hard drive. The hard drive in the hard drive bay is the *primary* hard drive.
- The MultiBay supports any MultiBay device, including the following:
  - □ Hard drive (inserted into a MultiBay hard drive adapter)
  - □ CD or CD-RW drive
  - DVD or DVD/CD-RW combination drive
  - DVD+RW drive
  - Diskette drive
  - □ MultiBay battery

### **Hard Drive**

This section discusses the primary hard drive of the notebook.

### Identifying the Hard Drive Activity Light

The hard drive activity light turns on when the primary hard drive or integrated optical drive is being accessed.



#### **Replacing the Primary Hard Drive**

The hard drive in the hard drive bay is the primary hard drive. Remove it only after the notebook is properly shut down.



**CAUTION:** To prevent system lockup and loss of information:

- Shut down the notebook before removing the hard drive from the hard drive bay. Do not remove the hard drive while the notebook is on, in Standby, or in Hibernation.
- If you are not sure whether the notebook is off or in Hibernation, turn the notebook on by pressing the power button. Then shut down the notebook through the operating system.

To remove the primary hard drive:

- 1. Save your work.
- 2. Shut down the notebook and close the display.
- 3. Turn the notebook upside down.
- 4. Remove the hard drive cover retaining screw.



5. Slide the hard drive latch ① forward to open the hard drive compartment, and remove the hard drive cover ②.



6. Lift the hard drive and remove it from the compartment.



To replace the primary hard drive:

1. Slide the hard drive into the hard drive compartment.



2. Replace the hard drive cover and push down until the cover is latched into place.





3. Replace the hard drive cover retaining screw.

### **Optical Drive**

This section describes how to use optical discs in the integrated optical drive.

### **Inserting an Optical Disc**

- 1. Turn on the notebook.
- 2. Press the release button **1** on the drive bezel to release the media tray.
- 3. Pull the tray ② out until it is fully extended. Position a CD or DVD over the tray with the label side up.
- 4. Gently press the disc ③ onto the tray spindle until the disc snaps into place. Handle the disc by the edges, not the flat surfaces. If the media tray is not fully extended, tilt the disc to position it over the tray spindle, then press it into position.
- 5. Close the media tray.



After you insert a DVD, a short pause is normal as Autorun opens the DVD and WinDVD player.

#### **Removing an Optical Disc (with Power)**

To remove a disc when power is available:

- 1. Turn on the notebook.
- 2. Press the release button **1** on the drive bezel to release the media tray, then pull the tray **2** out until it is fully extended.
- 3. Remove the disc ③ from the tray by gently pushing down on the spindle while lifting the outer edges of the disc. Handle the disc by the edges, not the flat surfaces. If the media tray is not fully extended, tilt the disc as you remove it.
- 4. Close the media tray and place the disc in a protective case.



#### **Removing an Optical Disc (No Power)**

To remove a disc when power is unavailable:

- 1. Insert the end of a paper clip **1** into the manual eject recess in the front bezel of the drive.
- 2. Press gently on the paper clip until the media tray is released, then pull out the tray ② until it is fully extended.
- 3. Remove the disc ③ from the tray by gently pushing down on the spindle while lifting the outer edges of the disc. Handle the disc by the edges, not the flat surfaces. If the media tray is not fully extended, tilt the disc as you remove it. To protect the disc, place it in a protective case.
- 4. Close the media tray.



#### **Displaying Optical Disc Contents**

When an optical disc is inserted into a drive, the contents of the disc display on the screen when Autorun is enabled.

To display the contents of a disc when Autorun is not enabled:

1. Click Start > Run, then type:

X:

where X = the designation of the drive containing the disc.

2. Press enter.

#### **Locating Optical Disc Software**

Software that plays CDs and DVDs is preloaded, but not preinstalled, on the notebook. You will need to install the software before you can use it. For more information, refer on the *Documentation Library* CD to the *Software Guide*, "Optical Drive Software" chapter.

To create and copy CDs or DVDs, you will need additional software, such as Roxio Easy CD and DVD Creator 6, which is included with select notebook models.

#### **Initiating Standby or Hibernation**

If Standby or Hibernation is accidentally initiated while an optical disc is in use, the following results may occur:

- Your playback may be interrupted.
- You may see a pop-up warning: "Putting the computer into Hibernation or Standby may stop the playback. Do you want to continue?" Select No.

Resume from Hibernation or Standby by pressing the power button. Audio or video may resume or you may need to restart the medium.



**CAUTION:** To prevent possible video degradation and loss of audio or video playback functionality, do not initiate Standby or Hibernation while playing any media.

### **MultiBay Drive**

This section explains how to use drives in the MultiBay on the notebook.

### Identifying the MultiBay Activity Light

The MultiBay light turns on when any type of drive in the MultiBay is active.



#### Using a MultiBay Hard Drive Adapter

A hard drive must be inserted into an optional MultiBay hard drive adapter before it can be used in the MultiBay.

The hard drive assembly (the hard drive inserted into the MultiBay adapter) is then inserted into and removed from the MultiBay the same way as any other MultiBay device.

#### Inserting a Hard Drive into the Adapter

To insert a hard drive into a MultiBay hard drive adapter:

1. Slide the 2 adapter selection switches into position 1.



2. Lower the drive into the adapter, then slide the connectors on the drive toward the connectors in the adapter until the connectors engage and the drive is seated.



#### Removing a Hard Drive from the Adapter

To remove a hard drive from a MultiBay hard drive adapter:

1. Slide the adapter release latches to the left.



2. Gently disengage the drive by sliding it away from the connectors on the adapter, then remove the drive.



#### Inserting a Drive into the MultiBay

Before inserting a hard drive into the MultiBay, insert the drive into a MultiBay hard drive adapter as described earlier in this chapter.

Turn the notebook upside down.

With the connector on the drive or drive assembly facing the MultiBay, slide the drive or drive assembly into the MultiBay until it is seated.



#### Removing a Drive from the MultiBay

**CAUTION:** To prevent system lockup and loss of information, stop the drive before removing it. To stop the drive:

- Windows 2000—Select the Unplug or Eject Hardware icon on the taskbar, then select the drive you want to remove. When it is safe to remove the drive, a message is displayed.
- Windows XP—Select the Safely Remove Hardware icon on the taskbar, then select the drive you want to remove. When it is safe to remove the drive, a message is displayed. (To display taskbar icons, select Show Hidden Icons in the system tray.)

 $\triangle$ 

**CAUTION:** To protect the MultiBay when no device is inside, insert the weight saver in the bay. The weight saver can be inserted or removed while the notebook is on, off, in Standby, or in Hibernation.

- 1. If the drive has a media tray, remove the media, then close the tray.
- 2. Stop the drive as instructed in the preceding caution and close the display.
- 3. Turn the notebook upside down.

- 4. Slide the MultiBay release latch **1** toward the side of the notebook.
- 5. Pull the drive or drive assembly **2** out of the MultiBay.



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## **Audio and Video**

### **Using Audio Features**

The notebook includes the audio components described in the following table.



(Continued)

	Audio Component	Function	
4	Audio line-out jack	Connects powered stereo speakers, headphones, a headset, or an audio/visual device such as a television or VCR. Markow Internal speakers are muted when a headphone is connected to the line-out jack.	
6	Microphone jack	Connects an optional monaural microphone.	

#### Using the Audio Line-Out Jack

**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of personal injury, adjust the volume before putting on headphones or a headset.

**CAUTION:** To prevent possible damage to an external device, do not plug a single-sound channel (monaural) connector into the stereo speaker/headphone (line-out) jack.

The audio line-out jack is also used to connect the audio function of an audio/video device such as a television or VCR.

When connecting a device to the audio line-out jack:

■ Use only a 3.5-mm stereo plug.

■ For best sound quality, use 24-ohm to 32-ohm headphones.

■ The internal speakers are disabled.

#### Using the Microphone Jack

When connecting a microphone to the microphone jack, use a single-sound channel (monaural) microphone with a 3.5-mm plug. A monaural electret condenser microphone is recommended.

- If you connect a stereo microphone, left-channel sound will record on both channels.
- If you connect a dynamic microphone, the recommended sensitivity may not be achieved.
- When an external microphone is connected to the notebook, the notebook microphone is disabled.

#### **Adjusting Volume**

To adjust volume, use any of the following controls:

- Notebook volume buttons
  - □ To increase volume, press the volume up button.
  - □ To decrease volume, press the volume down button.
  - □ To mute or restore volume, press the mute button. The mute button light turns on when the volume is muted.
- Windows Volume Control
  - □ In Windows 2000: the Windows Volume Control icon is displayed on the taskbar.
  - □ In Windows XP:
    - a. Select Start > Control Panel > Sounds, Speech and Audio Devices > Sounds and Audio Devices.
    - b. Select the Volume tab.
    - c. Select the check box for Place Volume Icon in the Taskbar.
    - d. Select the OK button.



Volume can also be adjusted within some applications.

### **Using Video Features**

The S-Video out jack connects the notebook to an optional S-Video device, such as a television, VCR, camcorder, overhead projector, or video capture card.

An S-Video connection usually provides a higher quality image than a composite-video connection.

If you are combining audio and video functions, such as playing a movie from a DVD to a television, you will need a standard audio cable, available from most electronics retailers.

The notebook can support one S-Video device connected to the S-Video-out jack while simultaneously supporting an image on the notebook display and on any other supported external display.

#### Using the S-Video Out Jack

To transmit video signals through the S-Video out jack, you need an S-Video cable available from most electronics retailers.

To connect a video device to the S-Video out jack:

- 1. Plug either end of the S-Video cable **1** into the S-Video out jack on the notebook.
- 2. Connect the other end of the cable 2 to the video device as instructed in the device documentation.



If the S-Video out jack on the notebook is not accessible because the notebook is docked, you can connect the device to the S-Video out jack on the optional Port Replicator.

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## **Communication Devices**

### **Connecting a Modem Cable**

A modem cable, which has a 6-pin RJ-11 connector at each end, must be connected to an analog telephone line, in some countries, with the use of a country-specific modem adapter. Jacks for digital PBX systems may resemble analog telephone jacks, but are not compatible with the modem.



**WARNING:** Connecting the notebook to a digital line can permanently damage the modem. Immediately disconnect your modem cable if accidentally connected to a digital line.

If the modem cable contains noise suppression circuitry, which prevents interference from TV and radio reception, orient the circuitry end of the cable toward the notebook.



### Using the RJ-11 Cable

To connect an RJ-11 modem cable:

1. Plug the modem cable **1** into the RJ-11 jack on the notebook.

**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of electrical shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not plug a telephone cable into the RJ-45 network jack.

2. Plug the modem cable 2 into the RJ-11 telephone jack.



For more information about using the modem or about using AT commands and dial modifiers, refer on the *Documentation Library* CD to the *Modem and Networking* guide or the *Modem Command Guidelines* (Advanced Users Only), provided in English.

#### Using a Country-Specific Adapter Cable

Telephone jacks vary by country. To use the modem and the RJ-11 cable outside the country in which you purchased the notebook, you must obtain a country-specific modem adapter. Refer on the *Documentation Library* CD to the *Modem and Networking* guide for more details about using your notebook internationally.

To connect the modem to an analog telephone line that does not have an RJ-11 telephone jack:

1. Plug the modem cable **1** into the RJ-11 jack on the notebook.

**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of electrical shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not plug a telephone cable into the RJ-45 network jack.

- 2. Plug the modem cable ② into the country-specific modem adapter.
- 3. Plug the country-specific modem adapter **3** into the telephone jack.



### **Connecting a Network Cable**

A network cable has an 8-pin RJ-45 connector at each end. If the network cable contains noise suppression circuitry, which prevents interference from TV and radio reception, orient the circuitry end of the cable toward the notebook.



To connect the network cable:

- 1. Plug the network cable **1** into the RJ-45 jack on the notebook.
- 2. Plug the other end of the cable 2 into a network jack.



- 3. Start or restart the notebook.
- 4. Connect to the network.

### Linking to an Infrared Device

The notebook is IrDA-compliant—4 megabits per second (Mbps) standard—and can communicate with another infrared-equipped device that is also IrDA-compliant.

The infrared port supports both low-speed connections of up to 115 kilobits per second (Kbps) and high-speed connections of up to 4 Mbps. Infrared performance may vary depending on the performance of infrared peripherals, distance between infrared devices, and applications used.

Infrared signals are sent through an invisible beam of infrared light and require an unobstructed line of sight path.



Linking to an infrared device

#### Setting Up an Infrared Transmission

For information about using infrared software, refer to your operating system Help file.

To set up infrared devices for optimal transmission:

- Prepare the infrared ports on both devices for transmission.
- Position the devices so that their infrared ports face one another at a distance no greater than 1 meter (3.3 feet).
- Position the ports so that they face one another directly. Because the maximum capture angle is 30 degrees, the ports must be aligned no more than 15 degrees off-center.
- Shield the ports from direct sunlight, flashing incandescent light, and energy-saving fluorescent light.
- Be sure that no signals from remote control or other wireless devices, such as headphones or audio devices, aim at a port.
- During the transmission, do not move either device and do not allow objects or movement to disrupt the beam.

### Using Standby with Infrared

Standby is not compatible with infrared transmission. If the notebook is in Standby, an infrared transmission cannot be initiated. If Standby is initiated during an infrared transmission, the transmission stops. To resume from Standby, press the power button. The transmission resumes when the notebook resumes from Standby. However, any program that was using the infrared transmission when Standby was initiated may not continue at the point it was stopped. For example, if a program was printing when Standby was initiated, the program resumes transmission after the notebook resumes, but the print job may not resume.

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## **External Devices**

The jacks and connectors described in this guide support standard external devices.

- For information about which jack or connector to use, refer to the documentation included with the device.
- For information about installing or loading any software required by the device, such as drivers, refer to the documentation included with the device.

To connect a standard external device to the notebook:

- 1. Turn off the notebook.
- 2. If you are connecting a powered device, turn off the device.
- 3. Connect the device to a connector on the notebook.
- 4. If you are connecting a powered device, plug the device power cord into a grounded electrical outlet.
- 5. Turn on the device.
- 6. Turn on the notebook.

To disconnect a standard external device from the notebook, turn off the device, then disconnect it from the notebook.

### **Connecting a Monitor or Projector**

To connect an external monitor or projector to the notebook, insert the monitor cable into the external monitor connector on the back of the notebook.

If a properly connected external monitor or projector does not display an image, try pressing the **fn+f4** hotkey to switch the image to the monitor.

### **Using a USB Device**

Universal serial bus (USB) is a hardware interface that can be used to connect external devices, such as a USB keyboard, mouse, drive, printer, scanner, or hub, to the notebook. The notebook has a standard USB connector **①** and a self-powered USB connector **②** that connects an optional external MultiBay. The USB connectors support USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 devices.



USB hubs can be connected to a USB connector on the notebook or an optional Port Replicator, or to other USB devices. Hubs support varying numbers of USB devices and are used to increase the number of USB devices in the system. Powered hubs must be connected to external power. Unpowered hubs must be connected either to a USB connector on the notebook or to a port on a powered hub.

A USB device functions in the same way as a comparable non-USB device, with one exception. By default, USB devices do not function unless an operating system that supports USB is installed on the notebook.

Some USB devices may require additional support software, which is usually included with the device. For more information and software installation instructions, refer to the documentation included with the device.

#### **Enabling USB Legacy Support**

You must enable USB legacy support to use a USB keyboard, mouse, or hub connected to a USB connector on the notebook during startup or in a non-Windows application or utility.

To enable USB legacy support:

- 1. Turn on or restart the notebook.
- 2. Press **f10** while the F10 = ROM Based Setup message is displayed in the lower left corner of the screen.
  - □ To change the language, press f2.
  - $\Box$  For navigation instructions, press f1.
- 3. Select Advanced menu > Device Options.
- 4. Select Enable USB legacy support.
- 5. To save your preference and exit Computer Setup, select File > Save Changes and Exit, then follow the instructions on the screen.

### Connecting an Optional External MultiBay

An external MultiBay connects to the notebook by way of the self-powered USB connector and enables you to use MultiBay drives. For more information about the external MultiBay, refer to the documentation that is included with the device.



### **Connecting an Optional Cable Lock**

The purpose of security solutions is to act as a deterrent. These solutions do not prevent the product from being mishandled or stolen.

To install a security cable:

- 1. Loop the security cable around a secured object.
- 2. Insert the cable lock key  $\bullet$  into the security cable lock.
- 3. Insert the cable lock **2** into the security cable slot **3**.
- 4. Lock it with the cable lock key.



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## **Hardware Upgrades**

To order hardware or learn more about upgrades and accessories, visit the HP Web site at http://www.hp.com or refer to the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet, included with the notebook, to contact an HP authorized dealer, reseller, or service provider. For information about obtaining and installing software updates and upgrades, refer on the *Documentation Library* CD to the *Software Guide*, "Software Updates and Restorations" chapter.

### **Using PC Cards**

A PC Card is a credit card–sized accessory designed to conform to the standard specifications of the Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA).

- The notebook supports 32-bit CardBus and 16-bit PC Cards.
- If your notebook is equipped with two PC Card slots, the notebook supports two Type I cards, two Type II cards, or one Type III card.
- If your notebook is equipped with an embedded Smart Card Reader, in the upper slot, the lower PC Card slot supports one Type I or one Type II PC Card.
- Zoomed video PC Cards are not supported.

**CAUTION:** If you install software or enablers provided by a PC Card manufacturer, you may not be able to use other PC Cards. If you are instructed by the documentation included with your PC Card to install device drivers:

Install only the device drivers for your operating system.



#### **Inserting a PC Card**

**CAUTION:** To prevent damage to the connectors:

- Use minimal pressure when inserting a PC Card into a PC Card slot.
- Do not move or transport the notebook while a PC Card is inserted.

To insert a PC Card:

- 1. Hold the PC Card label-side up with the connector facing the notebook.
- 2. Gently push the card into the slot until the card is seated. The operating system will issue a sound to indicate that a device has been detected.



#### **Removing a PC Card**

 $\bigwedge$  CAUTION: To prevent loss of work or an unresponsive system, stop the PC Card before removing it.

- 1. Stop the PC Card.
  - □ In Windows 2000, select the Unplug or Eject icon in the taskbar, then stop the card you plan to remove. When the card can be safely removed, a message is displayed.
  - □ In Windows XP, select the Safely Remove Hardware icon in the taskbar, then select the PC Card. (To display the Safely Remove Hardware icon, select Show Hidden Icons in the taskbar.)
- 2. Press the PC Card eject button ① adjacent to the PC Card you are removing. This extends the button into position for releasing the PC Card.
- 3. Release the PC Card by pressing the extended PC Card eject button **①**.





An inserted PC Card uses power even when not in use. To conserve power, stop or remove a PC Card when you are not using it.

## **Using SD Cards**

Secure Digital (SD) cards are removable postage stamp-sized CompactFlash storage devices that provide a convenient method of storing data and sharing it with other devices such as PDAs, cameras, and other SD-equipped PCs.



#### **Inserting an SD Card**

**CAUTION:** To prevent damage to the connectors:

Use minimal pressure when inserting an SD Card into an SD Card slot.

Do not move or transport the notebook while an SD Card is inserted.

To insert an SD Card:

- 1. Insert the SD Card into the SD Card slot.
- 2. Push the card firmly into the slot until it clicks into place.



#### **Removing an SD Card**

**CAUTION:** To prevent loss of work or system lockup, stop the SD Card before removing it.

To remove an SD Card:

- 1. Close all files and applications using the SD Card.
- 2. Stop the SD Card.
  - □ In Windows 2000, select the Unplug or Eject icon in the task bar, then stop the card you plan to remove. When the card can be safely removed, a message is displayed.
  - □ In Windows XP, select the Safely Remove Hardware icon in the taskbar, then select the SD Card. (To display the Safely Remove Hardware icon, select Show Hidden Icons in the taskbar.)
- 3. Gently press in on the SD Card **1** to unlock it.
- 4. Pull the SD Card **2** from the slot.



### Adding and Upgrading Memory Modules

**WARNING:** The memory compartments are the only user-accessible internal compartments on the notebook. All other areas that require a tool to access should be opened only by an authorized service provider.



**WARNING:** Failure to unplug the power cord and remove all battery packs before installing a memory expansion module can damage the equipment and expose you to the risk of electrical shock.

**CAUTION:** Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. Before beginning any procedure, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by touching a grounded metal object. For more information, refer on the *Documentation Library* CD to the *Regulatory and Safety Notices* guide.

The notebook has 2 memory slots located under the keyboard. One memory slot is populated at the factory. The other slot can be used for memory expansion. The notebook supports DDR 266 and 334 memory SIMS cards.

The memory capacity of the notebook can be upgraded by adding a memory module to the expansion slot or by upgrading the memory module.

To add or upgrade a memory module:

- 1. Shut down the notebook. (If you are not sure whether the notebook is off or in Hibernation, turn the notebook on by pressing the power button. Then shut down the notebook through the operating system.)
- 2. Disconnect all external devices connected to the notebook.
- 3. Disconnect the power cord.

4. Remove any battery packs in the notebook.

**WARNING:** To reduce the risk of electrical shock, fire, or damage to the equipment, do not turn on the notebook or reconnect any external cables during this procedure.

5. Turn the notebook upside down and remove the keyboard access screw.



6. Turn the notebook top side up and open the display.

7. Unlatch the 4 keyboard release latches **1** to release the keyboard, then tilt the keyboard **2** and remove it from the notebook.



- 8. Remove an existing module, if needed. If not needed, proceed to step 9.
  - a. Pull the retention clips away from the memory module **1**.
  - b. Lift the edge of the memory module **2** and slide it gently out of the memory expansion slot at a 45-degree angle.





To protect a module after it has been removed, place it in a static-safe container.

- 9. Insert the new memory module:
  - a. Align the keyed (notched) edge of the module **1** with the keyed area in the expansion slot.
  - b. Insert the memory module **●** into the empty memory expansion slot at a 45-degree angle. Then slide it gently into place until it is seated while tilted.
- 10. Push the memory module down until the retention clips snap into place.



11. Replace the keyboard and snap the 4 keyboard release latches back into place.



12. Replace the keyboard access screw on the bottom of the notebook.



- 13. Replace any battery packs.
- 14. Reconnect any external cables and turn on the notebook.

### **Effects of Increasing Memory**

When random access memory (RAM) increases, the operating system increases the hard drive space reserved for the Hibernation file.

If you experience problems with Hibernation after increasing RAM, verify that your hard drive has enough free space to accommodate the larger Hibernation file.

- To display the amount of RAM in the system:
  - □ In Windows 2000, select Start > Settings > Control Panel > System > General tab.
  - □ In Windows XP, select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > System > General tab.
  - □ In Windows 2000 or Windows XP, press fn+esc.
- To display the amount of free space on your hard drive, double-click the My Computer icon on the desktop, then select your hard drive. Information about the space on the drive is displayed in a status bar at the bottom of the window.
- To display the amount of space required by the Hibernation file:
  - □ In Windows 2000, select Start > Settings > Control Panel > HP Power > Hibernation tab.
  - □ In Windows XP, select Start > Control Panel > Performance and Maintenance > Power Options icon > Hibernate tab.

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## **Specifications**

The information in this chapter may be helpful if you plan to use or transport the notebook internationally or in extreme environments.

Only compatible AC adapters and battery packs should be used with the notebook. For additional information, visit the HP Web site at http://www.hp.com, or use the *Worldwide Telephone Numbers* booklet, included with your notebook, to contact an HP authorized dealer.

#### **Notebook Dimensions**

Dimension	Metric	U.S.
Height	4.15 cm	1.6 in
Width	32.6 cm	12.8 in
Depth	27.5 cm	10.8 in

### **Operating Environment**

Factor	Metric	U.S.			
Temperature					
Operating	10° to 35° C	50° to 95° F			
Nonoperating	-10° to 60° C	14° to 140° F			
Relative humidity (noncondensing)					
Operating	10 to 90%	10 to 90%			
Nonoperating	5 to 95%	5 to 95%			
Maximum altitude (unpressurized)					
Operating	3,048 m	10,000 ft			
Nonoperating	9,144 m	30,000 ft			

### **Rated Input Power**

Input Power	Rating	
Operating voltage	100-120/220-240 VAC RMS	
Operating current	1.6/0.8 A RMS	
Operating frequency range	50–60 Hz AC	
When powered by a DC source	18.5V MAX	
This product is designed for IT power systems in Norway with phase-to-phase voltage not exceeding 240 Vrms.		

### **Modem Specifications**

This notebook has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device. For additional governmental agency information, refer on the *Documentation Library* CD to the *Regulatory and Safety Notices* guide.

Factor	Specification			
Temperature				
Operating	0° to 75° C (32° to 167° F)			
Storage	–40° to 75° C (–40° to 167° F)			
Relative humidity (noncondensing)				
Operating	10 to 90%			
Nonoperating	5 to 95% @ 39° C (5 to 95% @ 102° F)			
Interfaces	Communications connector	Standard RJ-11 connector		
Power Requirements	+3.3 volts ± 5%, +5 volts ± 5%			

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